PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORP

Form 10-Q/A March 31, 2003

FORM 10-Q/A

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

| (MARK ONE) |
|---|
| [X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 |
| FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED March 31, 2002 |
| OR |
| [] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 |
| FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO |
| Commission File Number 1-13452 |
| PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) |
| DELAWARE 59-3212788 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) |
| 601 Clearwater Park Road West Palm Beach, Florida 33401 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) |
| Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (561) 659-4122 |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during |

to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES [X] NO []

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of March 17, 2003:

Class of Stock Number of Shares

Common stock-Class A, \$0.001 par value per share..... 59,261,670

Common stock-Class B, \$0.001 par value per share...... 8,311,639

RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Paxson Communications Corporation (the "Company") is filing this Form 10-Q/A as an amendment to the Company's quarterly report on Form 10-0 for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 15, 2002 in order to restate its quarterly results to reflect deferred tax adjustments resulting from the Company's adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS No. 142"). Upon further analysis completed by the Company in connection with the preparation of its 2002 annual report on Form 10-K, the Company determined that an adjustment was required to properly reflect its tax provisions reflected in the Company's financial statements as presented in Form 10-Q as filed for the quarterly periods of 2002. These non-cash tax adjustments result from the Company's implementation of SFAS No. 142. Historically, the Company has netted its deferred tax liability related to FCC licenses and goodwill against its deferred tax asset. Following adoption of SFAS No. 142, the temporary differences created by different treatment for book and tax of the Company's indefinite lived intangibles can no longer be assumed to offset deductible temporary differences which create deferred tax assets. Therefore, the Company was required to record an additional tax expense to increase its deferred tax asset valuation allowance in its financial statements totaling approximately \$125.9 million, \$3.5 million and \$3.5 million for the three month periods ending March 31, 2002, June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2002, respectively. The Company has not updated the information contained herein for events and transactions occurring subsequent to the date of the original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Qfor the quarter ended March 31, 2002. The Company therefore recommends that this report be read in conjunction with the Company's reports filed subsequent to the original filing date.

The Company hereby amends the following items, financial statements, exhibits or other portions of its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, as set forth herein:

Part I - Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The financial information is amended to read in its entirety as set forth on pages 3 through 10 herein and incorporated herein by reference.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. The information set forth under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" is amended to add the paragraph under the heading "Income Taxes" on page 14 herein and incorporated herein by reference.

Part II - Other Information

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K. The list of exhibits set forth in, and incorporated by reference from, the Exhibit Index to the original Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, is amended to include the following additional exhibits, filed herewith:

- 99.1 Certification by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Paxson Communications Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of Paxson Communications Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Certifications.

The information set forth under the caption "Certifications" is amended to include the Certifications of the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer required pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

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PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands except share data)

| | March 20 |
|--|-------------|
| | (Unaud |
| Assets | |
| Current assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 5 |
| Short-term investments | 2 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,908 and \$3,635, | |
| respectively | 2 |
| Program rights | 6 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | |
| Total current assets | 16 |
| Property and equipment, net | 15 |
| Intangible assets, net | 90 |
| Program rights, net of current portion | 7 |
| Investments in broadcast properties | 1 |
| Other assets, net | 3 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,35 |
| Liabilities, Mandatorily Redeemable Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Deficit Current liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 2 |
| Accrued interest | ۷ ۷ |
| Obligations for program rights | 6 |
| Obligations for cable distribution rights | 1 |
| Deferred revenue from satellite distribution rights | 1 |
| Current portion of bank financing | |
| Total current liabilities | 11 |
| Total Gallene Habilities | |
| Obligations for program rights, net of current portion | 3 |
| Deferred revenue from satellite distribution rights, net of current portion | 1 |
| Deferred income taxes | 12 |
| Senior subordinated notes and bank financing, net of current portion | 8.5 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 3 |
| Total liabilities | 1.17 |

1,17

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|--|------------------|
| Mandatorily redeemable preferred stock | 91 |
| Commitments and contingencies | |
| Stockholders' deficit: Class A common stock, \$0.001 par value; one vote per share; 215,000,000 shares authorized, 56,547,377 and 56,380,177 shares issued and outstanding Class B common stock, \$0.001 par value; ten votes per share; 35,000,000 shares authorized and 8,311,639 shares issued and outstanding Common stock warrants and call option Stock subscription notes receivable Additional paid-in capital Deferred stock option compensation Accumulated deficit | 51 (1,30 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (73 |
| Total liabilities, mandatorily redeemable preferred stock, and stockholders' deficit | \$ 1,35 ===== |
| THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. | |
| 3 | |
| PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION | |
| CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands except share and per share data) | |
| | Fc |
| | |

Net revenues

REVENUES:

EXPENSES:

\$ ----

| Stock-based compensation | |
|--|--------------|
| Restructuring charge related to Joint Sales Agreements | |
| Depreciation and amortization | |
| Total operating expenses | |
| local operating expenses | |
| Operating loss | |
| Operating 1055 | |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE): | |
| Interest expense | |
| Interest income | |
| Other expenses, net | |
| Gain on modification of program rights obligations | |
| | |
| Loss before income taxes and extraordinary item | |
| Income tax provision | |
| Loss before extraordinary item | (|
| Extraordinary charge related to early extinguishment of debt | |
| Net loss | (|
| Dividends and accretion on redeemable preferred stock | |
| Net loss attributable to common stockholders | \$ (|
| | ===== |
| Basic and diluted loss per common share: | |
| Loss before extraordinary item | \$ |
| • | |
| Extraordinary item | |
| Net loss | \$ |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | ===== 64, |
| weighted average shares outstanding | 04, |

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 (Unaudited) (in thousands)

Common

Stock Stock

Deferred

| | | | Warrants and | Subscrip- tion | Addi- tional | Stock Option |
|--|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | Common | Stock | Call | Notes | Paid-In | Compen- |
| | Class A | Class B | Option | Receivable | Capital | sation |
| Balance, December 31, 2001 | \$ 56 | \$ 8 | \$ 68,384 | \$ (1,088) | \$512 , 194 | \$ (6,537) |
| Stock-based compensation | | Ψ O | y 00,504 | Ψ (1 , 000) | Ψ312 , 134 | 1,333 |
| - | | | | | | 1,333 |
| Stock options exercised Interest on stock subscription notes | | | | | 1,082 | |
| receivable | | | | (500) | | |
| Other comprehensive income Dividends on redeemable | | | | | | |
| <pre>preferred stock Accretion on redeemable</pre> | | | | | | |
| preferred stock | | | | | | |
| Net loss | | | | | | |
| Balance, March 31, 2002 | \$ 57 | \$ 8 | \$ 68,384 | \$ (1,588) | \$513 , 276 | \$ (5,204) |
| | ==== | ==== | ======= | ======= | ======= | ======= |

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

| | For the Three March | |
|---|------------------------|--------|
| | 2002 | 2 |
| | (Unauc | dited) |
| Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss | \$(169,931) | \$ (|
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 12,638 | |
| Stock-based compensation | 1,333 | |
| Loss on extinguishment of debt | 17 , 552 | |
| Non-cash restructuring charge | (402) | |

| Program rights amortization Payments for cable distribution rights Barter revenue | 18,969 (2,278) (156) | |
|---|----------------------------|----|
| Payments for program rights and deposits Deferred income tax provision | (29,050) 125,873 | |
| Loss on sale or disposal of assets | 713 (233) | |
| Accretion on senior subordinated discount notes | 7,974 | |
| Increase in restricted cash and short-term investments | | |
| Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and other current assets | 4,344 593 | |
| Decrease in other assets | 671 | |
| (Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | (3,357) | |
| Decrease in accrued interest | (5,891) | _ |
| Net cash used in operating activities | (20,638) | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Acquisitions of broadcasting properties | | |
| Increase in short-term investments | (12,134) | |
| Purchases of property and equipment | (12,048) | |
| Other | (456) | _ |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (24,638) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Borrowings of long-term debt | 320 , 338 | |
| Repayments of long-term debt | (12) | |
| Redemption of 12 1/2% exchange debentures | (284,410) | |
| Payments of loan origination costs | (9,164) | |
| Debt extinguishment premium and costs | (14,302) | |
| Proceeds from exercise of common stock options, net | 1,082 | _ |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 13,532 | _ |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (31,744) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 83,858 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$ 52,114 | \$ |
| | | _ |

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Presentation

Paxson Communications Corporation's (the "Company") financial information contained in the financial statements and notes thereto as of March 31, 2002 and

for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, is unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of such financial information have been included. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Except for the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142 described below, there have been no changes in accounting policies since the year ended December 31, 2001. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year's financial statements to conform to the 2002 presentation. These financial statements, footnotes and discussions should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related footnotes and discussions contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, and the definitive proxy statement for the annual meeting of stockholders held May 3, 2002, both of which were filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

2. Adoption of SFAS 142

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" ("SFAS 142") effective January 1, 2002. SFAS 142 addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets. Under SFAS 142, goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite lives are not amortized but rather are tested at least annually for impairment. Intangible assets that have finite useful lives continue to be amortized over their useful lives. No goodwill or FCC license intangible asset impairment loss was recognized upon adoption. However, because of the effect of SFAS 142 on the computation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, the Company was required to increase its deferred tax asset valuation allowance during the three months ended March 31, 2002. Under SFAS 142, the Company no longer amortizes goodwill and FCC license intangibles (which the Company believes have indefinite lives). Under previous accounting standards, these assets were being amortized over 25 years. Had the Company not amortized its goodwill and indefinite lived intangibles pursuant to SFAS 142 during 2001, the Company's net loss attributable to common stockholders for the three months ended March 31, 2001 would have been approximately \$63.4 million, or \$0.99 per share, net of deferred taxes.

Intangible assets consist of the following (in thousands):

| | March | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Carry |
| Amortized intangible assets: | | | |
| Cable and satellite distribution rights | \$ 127 , 498 | \$ (63,947) | \$ |
| Other | 5 , 512 | (4,194) | |
| Non-amortized intangible assets: | | | |
| FCC licenses | 788,291 | | |
| Goodwill | 54,823 | | |
| | | | |

\$ 976,124 \$ (68,141) ========

Amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 was \$4.8 million and \$14.6 million, respectively. Estimated future amortization expense is as follows for the periods indicated (in thousands):

| 2002 (April to December) | \$ 13,538 |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 2003 | 18,051 |
| 2004 | 17 , 955 |
| 2005 | 12,283 |
| 2006 | 864 |

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3. JSA RESTRUCTURING

During the fourth quarter of 2000, the Company approved a plan to restructure its television station operations by entering into Joint Sales Agreements ("JSAs") primarily with National Broadcasting Company, Inc. ("NBC") affiliate stations in each of the Company's remaining non-JSA markets. Under the JSA structure, the Company generally terminates its station sales staff. The JSA partner then provides local and national spot advertising sales management and representation to the Company station and integrates and co-locates the Company station operations. These restructuring activities resulted in a charge of approximately \$5.8 million in the fourth quarter of 2000 consisting of \$2.7 million of termination benefits and \$3.1 million of costs associated with exiting leased properties which will no longer be utilized upon implementation of the JSAs. Through March 31, 2002, the Company has paid termination benefits to 83 employees totaling approximately \$1.6 million and paid lease termination costs of approximately \$1.2 million, which were charged against the restructuring reserve. The Company has made substantial progress in executing its restructuring plan, however due to events outside the Company's control including the events of September 11, 2001, the Company was unable to fully complete the plan in 2001. The Company now expects to substantially complete the JSA restructuring by the end of the third quarter of 2002, except for contractual lease obligations for closed locations, which continue through 2008.

During the quarter, the Company was unable to enter into JSAs for two of the three remaining stations included in its restructuring plan. Although the Company intends to continue pursuing JSAs for these stations, the Company is currently unable to determine the ultimate timing of these JSAs. Accordingly, in the first quarter of 2002, the Company reversed approximately \$0.4 million of restructuring reserves primarily related to these two stations and certain other reserves which were no longer required.

The following summarizes the activity in the Company's restructuring reserves for the three months ended March 31, 2002 (in thousands):

Balance
December 31, 2001 Cash Deductions

Amounts C

\$

Accrued Liabilities:

| Severance | \$ 2,099 | \$ (363) | \$ |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------|
| Lease costsSeverance | \$ 1,717 382 | \$ (254) (109) | \$ |

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

In January 2002, the Company completed an offering of senior subordinated discount notes due in 2009. Gross proceeds of the offering totaled approximately \$308.3 million and were used to refinance the Company's 12 1/2% exchange debentures due 2006, which were issued in exchange for the outstanding shares of the Company 12 1/2% exchangeable preferred stock on January 14, 2002, and to pay costs related to the offering. The notes were sold at a discounted price of 62.132% of the principal amount at maturity, which represents a yield to maturity of 12 1/4%. Interest on the notes will be payable semi-annually beginning on July 15, 2006. The senior subordinated discount notes are guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries. The Company recognized an extraordinary loss due to early extinguishment of debt totaling approximately \$17.6 million in the first quarter of 2002 resulting primarily from the redemption premium and the write-off of unamortized debt costs associated with the repayment of the 12 1/2% exchange debentures.

The Company's senior credit facility contains various covenants restricting the Company's ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, dispose of assets, pay dividends, repurchase or redeem capital stock and indebtedness, create liens, make capital expenditures, make certain investments or acquisitions and enter into transactions with affiliates and otherwise restricting its activities. The senior credit facility also contains the following financial covenants: (1) twelve-month trailing minimum net revenue and minimum EBITDA (as defined) for each of the fiscal quarters ended June 30, 2001 through December 31, 2003 and (2) maximum ratio of total senior debt to EBITDA, maximum ratio of total debt to EBITDA, minimum permitted interest coverage ratio and minimum permitted fixed charge coverage ratio, each beginning for each of the fiscal quarters ending on or after June 30, 2004. At March 31, 2002, the Company was in compliance with these covenants, as applicable. The Company believes that it will continue to be in compliance with its debt covenants for the next twelve months. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will continue to be in compliance. If the Company were to violate any of these covenants, the Company

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would be required to seek a waiver from its lenders under the senior credit facility and possibly seek an amendment to the senior credit facility. Although the Company believes, based on discussions with its lenders, that the Company would be able to obtain waivers or amendments to its senior credit facility relating to these covenants, there can be no assurance that the Company's lenders under its senior credit facility would grant the Company any waiver or amendment, which might become necessary. If the Company failed to meet any of its financial covenants and the Company's lenders did not grant a waiver or amend the facility, the lenders would have the right to declare an event of default and seek remedies including acceleration of all outstanding amounts due under the senior credit facility, this would cause a cross default to occur under the Company's senior subordinated note and senior subordinated discount note

indentures, thus giving each trustee the right to accelerate repayment. There can be no assurance that the Company would be successful in obtaining alternative sources of funding to repay these obligations should these events occur.

5. MANDATORILY REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK

The following represents a summary of the changes in the Company's mandatorily redeemable preferred stock during the three month period ended March 31, 2002 (in thousands):

| | | Exchangeable Preferred Stock 12 1/2% | | Junior Exchangeable Preferred Stock 13 1/4% | | Convertible Preferred Stock 9 3/4% | |
|--|----|--------------------------------------|----|---|----|------------------------------------|--|
| Balance at December 31, 2001 | \$ | 279,890 23 1,244 (281,157) | \$ | 310,068 297 10,294 | \$ | 103,140 124 2,575 | |
| Balance at March 31, 2002 (unaudited) | \$ | | \$ | 320,659 | \$ | 105,839 | |
| Aggregate liquidation preference at March 31, 2002 Shares authorized | \$ | | \$ | 326,205 72,000 31,076 15,441 | \$ | 108,231 17,500 10,823 | |

6. COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The components of the comprehensive loss are as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | 2002 | 2001 | |
| | | | |
| Net loss Other comprehensive income: | \$(169,931) | \$ (33,672) | |
| Unrealized gain on interest rate swap | 775 | | |
| | | | |
| Comprehensive loss | \$(169,156) ====== | \$(33,672) ====== | |

7. INCOME TAXES

The Company has recorded a provision for income taxes based on its estimated annual income tax liability. For the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance for its deferred tax assets (resulting from tax losses generated during the periods) net of those deferred tax liabilities which are expected to reverse in determinate future periods, as it believes it is more likely than not that it will be unable to utilize its remaining net deferred tax assets. As previously described, upon adoption of SFAS 142 on January 1, 2002, the Company no longer amortizes its goodwill and FCC license intangibles. Under previous accounting standards, these assets were being amortized over 25 years. Although the provisions of SFAS 142 stipulate that indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill are not amortized, the Company is required under FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"), to recognize deferred tax liabilities and assets for temporary differences related to goodwill and FCC license intangible assets and the tax-deductible portion of these assets. Prior to adopting SFAS 142, the Company considered its deferred tax liabilities related to these assets as a source of future taxable income in assessing the realization of its deferred tax assets. Because indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill are no longer amortized for financial reporting purposes under SFAS 142, the related deferred tax liabilities will not reverse until some indeterminate future period should the assets become impaired or are disposed of. Therefore, the reversal of deferred tax liabilities related to FCC license intangible assets and goodwill are no longer considered a source of future taxable income in assessing the realization of deferred tax assets. As a result of this accounting change, the Company was required to record an increase in its deferred tax asset valuation allowance totaling approximately \$125.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002. In addition, the Company will continue to record increases in its valuation allowance in future periods based on increases in the deferred tax liabilities and assets for temporary differences related to goodwill and FCC license intangible assets.

8. PER SHARE DATA

Basic and diluted loss per common share was computed by dividing net loss less dividends and accretion on redeemable preferred stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The

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effect of stock options and warrants is antidilutive. Accordingly, the Company's presentation of diluted earnings per share is the same as that of basic earnings per share.

As of March 31, 2002 and 2001, the following securities, which could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future, were not included in the computation of earnings per share, because to do so would have been antidilutive (in thousands):

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| Stock | ok | otions | outstar | nding | · • • • • • | . | | | | | |
|-------|----|--------|---------|----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|---|------|------|------|
| Class | Α | common | stock | warrants | outsta | anding | | | | | |
| Class | А | common | stock | reserved | under | convertible | securitie | s | | | |

9. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow information and non-cash investing and financing activities are as follows (in thousands):

| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: |
|---|
| Cash paid for interest |
| Cash paid for income taxes |
| |
| Non-cash operating and financing activities: Dividends accrued on redeemable preferred stock |
| Dividends accided on redeemable preferred stock |
| Discount accretion on redeemable securities |

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Item 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

We are a network television broadcasting company which owns and operates the largest broadcast television station group in the U.S., as measured by the number of television households in the markets our stations serve. We currently own and operate 65 broadcast television stations (including three stations we operate under time brokerage agreements), which reach all of the top 20 U.S. markets and 41 of the top 50 U.S. markets. We operate PAX TV, a network that provides family entertainment programming seven days per week and reaches approximately 86% of prime time television households in the U.S. through our broadcast television station group, and pursuant to distribution arrangements

12 32 38

83

F

\$ == \$

==

with cable and satellite distribution systems and our broadcast station affiliates.

We were founded in 1991 by Lowell W. Paxson, who remains our Chairman and controlling stockholder. We began by purchasing radio and television stations, and grew to become Florida's largest radio station group, while also owning two network-affiliated television stations and other television stations that carried principally infomercials and other paid programming. In 1997, we sold our radio station group and our network-affiliated television stations to concentrate on building our owned and operated television station group. We used the proceeds from the sale of our radio station group and network-affiliated television stations to acquire television stations and build the PAX TV network. Since commencing our television operations in 1994, we have established the largest owned and operated broadcast television station group in the U.S., as measured by the number of television households in the markets our stations serve. We launched PAX TV on August 31, 1998, and are now in our fourth network programming season.

In September 1999, National Broadcasting Company, Inc. ("NBC") invested \$415 million in our company. We have also entered into a number of agreements with NBC that are intended to strengthen our business. Under these agreements, NBC sells our network spot advertising and performs our network research and sales marketing functions. We have also entered into JSAs with NBC with respect to most of our stations serving markets also served by an NBC owned and operated station, and with many independently owned NBC affiliated stations serving markets also served by our stations. During the three months ended March 31, 2002, we paid or accrued amounts due to NBC totaling approximately \$4.0 million for commission compensation and cost reimbursements incurred under our agreements with NBC.

In December 2001, we commenced a binding arbitration proceeding against NBC in which we asserted that NBC has breached its agreements with us and has breached its fiduciary duty to us and to our shareholders. Should the outcome of our arbitration proceeding against NBC require the unwinding or termination of some or all of these operating relationships, or should NBC or the NBC affiliates elect not to renew the agreements under which these operating relationships have been implemented, we could be required to incur significant costs to resume performing the advertising sales and other operating functions currently performed by NBC and our JSA partners or to transfer performance of these functions to another broadcast television station operator, which could have a material adverse effect upon us.

We derive our revenues from the sale of network spot advertising time, network long form paid programming and station advertising:

- O NETWORK SPOT ADVERTISING REVENUE. We sell commercial air time to advertisers who want to reach the entire nationwide PAX TV viewing audience with a single advertisement. Most of our network advertising is sold under advance, or "upfront," commitments to purchase advertising time, which are obtained before the beginning of our PAX TV programming season. Network advertising rates are significantly affected by audience ratings and our ability to reach audience demographics that are desirable to advertisers. Higher ratings generally will enable us to charge higher rates to advertisers. Our network advertising revenue represented approximately 28% of our revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2002.
- o NETWORK LONG FORM PAID PROGRAMMING. We sell air time for long form paid programming, consisting primarily of infomercials, during broadcasting hours when we are not airing PAX TV. Our network long form paid programming represented approximately 38% of our revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

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o STATION ADVERTISING REVENUE. We sell commercial airtime to advertisers who want to reach the viewing audience in specific geographic markets in which we own and operate our television stations. These advertisers may be local businesses or regional or national advertisers who want to target their advertising in these markets. Station advertising rates are affected by ratings and local market conditions. Our station advertising sales represented approximately 34% of our revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2002. Included in station advertising revenue is long form paid programming sold locally or nationally which represented approximately 16% of our revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2002.

Our revenue mix has changed since we launched PAX TV in 1998. The percentage mix of our long form paid programming has declined from more than 90% in 1997 to 54% (combined network and television station long form) in the three months ended March 31, 2002 due to the increase in spot advertising sales following the launch of PAX TV. Long-form paid programming, however, continues to represent a significant portion of our revenues.

Commencing in the fourth quarter of 1999, we began entering into Joint Sales Agreements ("JSA") with owners of broadcast stations in markets served by our stations. After implementation of a JSA, we no longer employ our own on-site station sales staff. The JSA partner provides station spot advertising sales management and representation for our stations and we integrate and co-locate our station operations with those of our JSA partners. To date, we have entered into JSAs for 55 of our 65 television stations.

Our primary operating expenses include selling, general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization expenses, programming expenses, employee compensation and costs associated with cable and satellite distribution, ratings services and promotional advertising. Programming amortization is a significant expense and is affected significantly by several factors, including the mix of syndicated versus lower cost original programming as well as the frequency with which programs are aired. As we acquire a more complete library of lower cost original programming to replace our syndicated programming, our programming amortization expense should decline.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth net revenues, the components of operating expenses and other operating data for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 (in thousands):

Thr

2002

80,

(11,

69,

| Expenses: | |
|---|-----------|
| Programming and broadcast operations | 12, |
| Program rights amortization | 18, |
| Selling, general and administrative | 29, |
| Time brokerage and affiliation fees | |
| Stock-based compensation | 1, |
| Restructuring charge related to JSAs | (|
| Depreciation and amortization | 12, |
| Total operating expenses | 76, |
| Operating loss | \$ (6, |
| Other Data: | |
| Adjusted EBITDA (a) | \$ 7, |
| Program rights payments and deposits | 29, |
| Payments for cable distribution rights | 2, |
| Capital expenditures | 12, |
| Cash flows used in operating activities | (20, |
| Cash flows used in investing activities | (24, |
| Cash flows provided by financing activities | 13, |

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(a) "Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as operating loss plus depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation, programming net realizable value adjustments, restructuring and other one-time charges, and time brokerage and affiliation fees. Adjusted EBITDA does not purport to represent cash provided by operating activities as reflected in our consolidated statements of cash flows, is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles, and should not be considered in isolation. We believe the presentation of adjusted EBITDA is relevant and useful because adjusted EBITDA is a measurement industry analysts utilize when evaluating our operating performance. We also believe adjusted EBITDA enhances an investor's understanding of our results of operations because it measures our operating performance exclusive of interest and other non-operating and non-recurring items as well as non-cash charges for depreciation, amortization and stock-based compensation. In evaluating adjusted EBITDA, investors should consider various factors including its relationship to our reported operating losses and cash flows from operating activities. Investors should be aware that adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies and could be misleading unless all companies and analysts calculate such measures in the same manner. Adjusted EBITDA is not indicative of our cash flows from operations and therefore does not represent funds available for our discretionary use.

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002 AND 2001

Gross revenues increased 0.7% to \$80.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 from \$80.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001. This increase is primarily attributable to higher advertising revenues from our television stations offset in part by a decrease in revenue from the PAX TV network. The increase in television station revenues is primarily due to improved television spot advertising revenues in our local markets. The decrease in PAX TV network advertising revenues resulted from a weaker upfront market for the 2001/2002 broadcast season and we expect this trend to continue through the

third quarter of 2002.

Our revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2002 were negatively affected by the temporary loss of the broadcast signal of our New York television station when our antenna, transmitter and other broadcast equipment was destroyed upon the collapse of the World Trade Center on September 11, 2001. We are currently broadcasting from towers outside of Manhattan at substantially lower height and power. We are evaluating several alternatives to improve our signal through transmission from other locations, however we expect it could take several years to replace the signal we enjoyed at the World Trade Center location with a comparable signal. We believe the loss of a significant portion of our over-the-air viewership in the New York market has had a negative effect on our revenues as a result of lower ratings for the PAX TV network and our station serving the New York market. We have property and business interruption insurance coverage to mitigate the losses sustained. Insurance recoveries will be recognized in the period they become probable of collection and can be reasonably estimated. Due to the preliminary stages of our insurance claim, no insurance recoveries were recognized in the first quarter of 2002.

Programming and broadcast operations expenses were \$13.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002, compared with \$10.2 million for the comparable period last year. This increase is primarily due to tower rent expense for previously owned towers that were sold in 2001 and higher music licensing fees. Program rights amortization expense was \$19.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared with \$24.4 million for the comparable period last year. The decrease is due to syndicated programming changes as well as a greater mix of lower cost original programming versus the comparable period last year. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$29.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared with \$31.4 million for the comparable period last year. The decrease is primarily due to lower selling costs and other cost cutting measures. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$12.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002 compared with \$24.0 million for the comparable period last year. This decrease is due primarily to the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" which requires that goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives, including FCC licenses, be tested for impairment annually rather than amortized over time. As a result of the new accounting standard, our amortization expense is now significantly lower as we no longer amortize goodwill and FCC license intangible assets.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2002, increased to \$19.7 million from \$12.3 million in the same period in 2001. The increase is primarily due to a greater level of debt due to our refinancings in July 2001 and January 2002. At March 31, 2002, total long-term debt and senior subordinated notes were \$857.5 million compared with \$405.8 million as of March 31, 2001. Although the July 2001 and January 2002 refinancings reduced our overall cost of capital, the refinancings increased our debt and decreased our redeemable preferred stock and as a result we expect our interest expense for the remainder of 2002 to be higher than in the comparable periods in 2001. Interest

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income for the three months ended March 31, 2002 decreased to \$0.5 million from \$1.5 million in the same period in 2001. The decrease is primarily due to lower average cash and short-term investment balances in 2002.

RESTRUCTURING ACTIVITIES

During the fourth quarter of 2000, we approved a plan to restructure our

television station operations by entering into JSAs primarily with NBC affiliate stations in each of our remaining non-JSA markets. These restructuring activities resulted in a charge of approximately \$5.8 million in the fourth quarter of 2000 consisting of \$2.7 million of termination benefits and \$3.1 million of costs associated with the closing of our studios and sales offices that will no longer be utilized upon implementation of the JSAs. Through March 31, 2002, we have paid termination benefits to 83 employees totaling approximately \$1.6 million and paid lease termination costs of approximately \$1.2 million, which were charged against the restructuring reserve. We have made substantial progress in executing our restructuring plan, however due to events outside our control including the events of September 11, 2001, we were unable to fully complete the plan in 2001. We now expect to substantially complete the JSA restructuring by the end of the third quarter of 2002, except for contractual lease obligations for closed locations, which continue through 2008.

During the first quarter of 2002, we were unable to enter into JSA agreements for two of the three remaining stations included in our restructuring plan. Although we intend to continue pursuing JSAs for these stations, we are currently unable to determine the ultimate timing of these JSAs. Accordingly, in the first quarter of 2002, we reversed approximately \$0.4 million of restructuring reserves primarily related to these two stations and certain other reserves which were no longer required.

INCOME TAXES

As previously described, upon adoption of SFAS 142 on January 1, 2002, we no longer amortize goodwill and FCC license intangibles. Under previous accounting standards, these assets were being amortized over 25 years. Although the provisions of SFAS 142 stipulate that indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill are not amortized, we are required under FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"), to recognize deferred tax liabilities and assets for temporary differences related to goodwill and FCC license intangible assets and the tax-deductible portion of these assets. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 142, we considered our deferred tax liabilities related to these assets as a source of future taxable income in assessing the realization of our deferred tax assets. Because indefinite-lived intangible assets and goodwill are no longer amortized for financial reporting purposes under SFAS 142, the related deferred tax liabilities will not reverse until some indeterminate future period should the assets become impaired or are disposed of. Therefore, the reversal of deferred tax liabilities related to FCC license intangible assets and goodwill are no longer considered a source of future taxable income in assessing the realization of deferred tax assets. As a result of this accounting change, we were required to record an increase in our deferred tax asset valuation allowance totaling approximately \$125.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002. In addition, we will continue to record increases in our valuation allowance in future periods based on increases in the deferred tax liabilities and assets for temporary differences related to goodwill and FCC license intangible assets.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary capital requirements are to fund capital expenditures for our television properties, programming rights payments and debt service payments. Our primary sources of liquidity are our net working capital, availability under the Term A portion of our senior credit facility and proceeds from the planned sale of certain non-core assets. Proceeds from the sale of these assets are expected to generate approximately \$40 million to \$50 million and may include the securitization of our accounts receivable, the sale of our second television

station serving the Boston market or the sale of certain other non-core assets. We expect to receive the proceeds related to these asset sales by the end of 2002 or early in 2003. We believe that cash provided by future operations, net working capital, available funding under the Term A portion of our senior credit facility and the proceeds from the planned asset sales will provide the liquidity necessary to meet our obligations and financial commitments for at least the next twelve months. If we are unable to sell the identified assets on acceptable terms or our financial results are not as anticipated, we may be required to seek to sell additional assets or raise additional funds through the offering of equity securities in order to generate sufficient cash to meet our liquidity needs. We can provide no assurance that we would be successful in selling assets or raising additional funds if this were to occur.

As of March 31, 2002, we had \$76.4 million in cash and short-term investments and working capital of approximately \$55.4 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2002, our cash and short-term investments decreased by approximately \$19.6 million due primarily to the use of \$16.5 million to pay interest as well as cash used to fund operations including programming and cable payments.

Cash used in operating activities was approximately \$20.6 million and \$13.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. These amounts primarily reflect the operating costs incurred in connection with the operation of PAX TV and the related programming rights and cable distribution rights payments and interest payments on our debt.

Cash used in investing activities was approximately \$24.6 million and \$18.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. These amounts include capital expenditures, short term investment transactions and, in 2001, acquisitions of broadcast properties. As of March 31, 2002, we had agreements to purchase significant assets of broadcast properties totaling approximately \$36.0 million, net of deposits and advances. We do not anticipate spending any significant amounts to satisfy these commitments until 2003 or thereafter.

Capital expenditures were approximately \$12.0 million and \$6.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Except for television stations presently operating analog television service in the 700 MHz band

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and stations given a digital channel allocation within that band, the FCC has mandated that each licensee of a full power broadcast television station, that was allotted a second digital television channel in addition to the current analog channel, complete the construction of digital facilities capable of serving its community of license with a signal of requisite strength by May 2002, and complete the build-out of the balance of its full authorized facilities by a later date to be established by the FCC. For those stations now operating in the 700 MHz band or allotted a digital channel within that band, the institution of digital television service may be delayed until December 31, 2005, or later than December 31, 2005 if it can be demonstrated that less than 70% of the television households in the station's market are capable of receiving digital television signals. Despite the current uncertainty that exists in the broadcasting industry with respect to standards for digital broadcast services, planned formats and usage, we intend to comply with the FCC's timing requirements for the broadcast of digital television. We have commenced migration to digital broadcasting in certain of our markets and will continue to do so throughout the required time period. Because of the uncertainty as to standards, formats and usage, however, we cannot currently

predict with reasonable certainty the amount or timing of the expenditures we will likely have to make to complete the digital conversion of our stations, but we currently anticipate spending at least \$70 million, of which we have spent approximately \$24 million to date. We will likely fund our digital conversion from availability under the \$50 million Term A portion of our senior credit facility, as well as cash on hand, the sale of assets and from other financing arrangements.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$13.5 million and \$1.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. These amounts include the proceeds from the January 2002 refinancing described below, as well as the related principal repayments, redemption premium, and refinancing costs. Also included are proceeds from borrowings to fund capital expenditures and proceeds from stock option exercises, net of principal repayments.

In January 2002, we completed an offering of senior subordinated discount notes due in 2009. Gross proceeds of the offering totaled approximately \$308.3 million and were used to refinance our 12 1/2% exchange debentures due 2006, which were issued in exchange for the outstanding shares of our 12 1/2% exchangeable preferred stock on January 14, 2002, and to pay costs related to the offering. The notes were sold at a discounted price of 62.132% of the principal amount at maturity, which represents a yield to maturity of 12 1/4%. Interest on the notes will be payable semi-annually beginning on July 15, 2006. The senior subordinated discount notes are guaranteed by our subsidiaries. We recognized an extraordinary loss due to early extinguishment of debt totaling approximately \$17.6 million in the first quarter of 2002 resulting primarily from the redemption premium and the write-off of unamortized debt costs associated with the repayment of the 12 1/2% exchange debentures.

The terms of the indentures governing our senior subordinated notes contain covenants limiting our ability to incur additional indebtedness except for specified indebtedness related to the funding of capital expenditures and refinancing indebtedness. In addition, our senior credit facility also contains covenants restricting our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, dispose of assets, pay dividends, repurchase or redeem capital stock and indebtedness, create liens, make capital expenditures, make certain investments or acquisitions and enter into transactions with affiliates and otherwise restricting our activities. Our senior credit facility also contains the following financial covenants: (1) twelve-month trailing minimum net revenue and minimum EBITDA (as defined in the senior credit facility) for each of the fiscal quarters ended June 30, 2001 through December 31, 2003, and (2) maximum ratio of total senior debt to EBITDA, maximum ratio of total debt to EBITDA, minimum permitted interest coverage ratio and minimum permitted fixed charge coverage ratio, each beginning for each of the fiscal quarters ending on or after June 30, 2004. Our twelve-month trailing minimum net revenue and EBITDA covenants for the next four quarters are as follows (in thousands):

| Fiscal Quarter Ending | Minimum Net Revenues |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | |
| | |
| June 30, 2002 | \$250 , 000 |
| September 30, 2002 | \$260 , 000 |
| December 31, 2002 | \$270 , 000 |
| March 31, 2003 | \$280,000 |

Our ability to meet these financial covenants is influenced by several factors, the most significant of which include the effect on our revenues of

overall conditions in the television advertising marketplace, our network and station ratings and the success of our JSA strategy. Although we currently expect to meet these covenants over the next twelve months, adverse developments with respect to these or other factors could result in our failing to meet one or more of these covenants. If we were to violate any of these covenants, we would be required to seek a waiver from our lenders under our

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senior credit facility and possibly seek an amendment to our senior credit facility. Although we believe, based on discussions with our lenders, that we would be able to obtain waivers or amendments to our senior credit facility relating to these covenants, we can provide no assurance that our lenders under our senior credit facility would grant us any waiver or amendment which might become necessary. If we failed to meet any of our financial covenants and our lenders did not grant a waiver or amend our facility, they would have the right to declare an event of default and seek remedies including acceleration of all outstanding amounts due under the senior credit facility. Should an event of default be declared under the senior credit facility, this would cause a cross default to occur under the senior subordinated note and senior subordinated discount note indentures, thus giving each trustee the right to accelerate repayment. We can provide no assurance that we would be successful in obtaining alternative sources of funding to repay these obligations should these events occur.

As of March 31, 2002, our programming contracts require collective payments of approximately \$140.1 million as follows (in thousands):

| | - | gation for gram Rights | | ogra Comm |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|-----|--------------|
| 2002 (AprilDecember) | \$ | 54,170 26,712 12,523 4,263 | \$ | 1 1 1 |
| | \$ ==== | 97 , 668 | === | 4 |

We are also committed to purchase at similar terms additional future series episodes of our licensed programs should they be made available.

As of March 31, 2002, obligations for cable distribution rights require collective payments by us of approximately \$11.1 million as follows (in thousands):

| 2002 (AprilDecember) | \$ 10,375 |
|----------------------|--------------|
| 2003 | 362 |
| 2004 | 190 |
| 2005 | 180 |
| | |

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND ASSOCIATED RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

This Report contains forward-looking statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events. All statements in this Report other than those that are statements of historical facts are generally forward-looking statements. These statements are based on our current assumptions and analysis, which we believe to be reasonable, but are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations. All forward-looking statements in this Report are made only as of the date of this Report, and we do not undertake any obligation to update these forward-looking statements, even though circumstances may change in the future. Factors to consider in evaluating any forward-looking statements and the other information contained herein and which could cause actual results to differ from those anticipated in our forward-looking statements or could otherwise adversely affect our business or financial condition include those set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2001, as filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission, along with the following updates to our Form 10-K disclosures.

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THE OUTCOME OF OUR ARBITRATION PROCEEDING AGAINST NBC COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT OUR BUSINESS.

In December 2001, we commenced a binding arbitration proceeding against NBC in which we asserted that NBC has breached its agreements with us and has breached its fiduciary duty to us and to our shareholders. We asserted that NBC's proposed acquisition of the Telemundo Group (which was completed in April 2002) violates the terms of the agreements governing the investment and partnership between us and NBC.

We believe that NBC's acquisition of the Telemundo Group's television stations creates serious additional regulatory obstacles to NBC's ability to acquire control of us. It is highly unlikely that NBC would be able to obtain regulatory approval of its acquisition of control of us without significant changes in FCC rules and our agreement to divest some of our most significant television station assets, which in turn could have a material adverse effect upon the value of our company. These factors may substantially reduce the likelihood of NBC acquiring more of our shares and control of our company. The hearing in the arbitration proceeding is currently scheduled to resume in June 2002, and we expect the arbitrator to render a decision during August 2002. We cannot provide assurance that the outcome of the proceeding will be favorable to us nor can we predict the effect that the outcome of this proceeding will have upon our business.

We have significant operating relationships with NBC which have been developed since NBC's investment in us in September 1999. NBC serves as our exclusive sales representative to sell most of our PAX TV network advertising and is the exclusive national sales representative for most of our stations. We

have entered into JSAs with NBC owned or NBC affiliated stations with respect to 48 of our television stations. Each JSA typically provides for our JSA partner to serve as our exclusive sales representative to sell our local station advertising and for many of our station's operations to be integrated and co-located with those of the JSA partner. Should the outcome of our arbitration proceeding against NBC require the unwinding or termination of some or all of these operating relationships, or should NBC or the NBC affiliates elect not to renew the agreements under which these operating relationships have been implemented, we could be required to incur significant costs to resume performing the advertising sales and other operating functions currently performed by NBC and our JSA partners, including the expense of re-establishing office and studio facilities separate from those of the JSA partners, or to transfer performance of these functions to another broadcast television station operator. Our network and station revenues could also be adversely affected due to the disruption of our advertising sales efforts that could result from the unwinding of the JSAs. The unwinding or termination of some or all of our JSAs could have a materially adverse effect upon us.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO REDEEM OUR SECURITIES HELD BY NBC WERE NBC TO DEMAND THAT WE DO SO AND THIS COULD HAVE ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES FOR US.

NBC has the right, at any time that the FCC renders a final decision that NBC's investment in us is "attributable" to NBC (as that term is defined under applicable rules of the FCC), or for a period of 60 days beginning on September 15, 2002 and on each September 15 after 2002, to demand that we redeem, or arrange for a third party to acquire, any shares of our Series B preferred stock then held by NBC. Our ability to affect any redemption is restricted by the terms of our outstanding debt and preferred stock. NBC also has the right to demand that we redeem any Series B preferred stock and Class A common stock issued upon conversion of the Series B preferred stock then held by NBC upon the occurrence of various events of default. Should we fail to effect a redemption within prescribed time periods, NBC generally will be permitted to transfer, without restriction, any of our securities acquired by it, its right to acquire Mr. Paxson's Class B common stock, the contractual rights described above, and its other rights under the related transaction agreements. Should we fail to effect a redemption triggered by an event of default on our part within 180 days after demand, NBC will have the right to exercise in full its existing warrants to purchase shares of our Class A common stock and its right to acquire Mr. Paxson's Class B common stock at reduced prices. If NBC does not exercise these rights, we will have another 30 day period to effect a redemption. If we then fail to effect a redemption, NBC may require us to conduct, at our option, a public sale or liquidation of our assets, after which time NBC will not be permitted to exercise its rights to acquire more of our securities.

Should NBC exercise any of its redemption rights, we may not have sufficient funds to pay the redemption price for the securities to be redeemed and may not be able to identify another party willing to purchase those securities at the required redemption prices. If we are unable to complete a redemption, we will be unable to prevent NBC from transferring a controlling interest in our company to a third party selected by NBC in its discretion or, in the case of a default by us, requiring us to effect a public sale or liquidation of our assets. The occurrence of any of these events could have a material adverse effect upon us.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL, OUR RIGHTS TO HAVE OUR TELEVISION BROADCAST SIGNALS CARRIED ON SATELLITE SERVICE PROVIDERS COULD BE ADVERSELY AFFECTED.

Under federal law, satellite television providers may deliver local broadcast signals to customers residing in a broadcast television station's local market. Satellite carriers must obtain consent from the broadcast television station before carrying its signal, and television stations must negotiate for retransmission consent in good faith. A satellite carrier delivering the signal of any local television station is required to carry all stations licensed in the carried station's local market. To implement this law, the FCC recently adopted rules similar to the "must carry" obligations that apply to cable television systems. Under the new rules, stations may elect either mandatory carriage or negotiate for retransmission consent. Two satellite television providers and a satellite broadcasting trade association have instituted litigation challenging the constitutionality of the statutory satellite "must carry" requirements. In June 2001 a federal district court upheld the constitutionality of the federal law, and in December 2001 a federal appellate court affirmed the district court's ruling. One of the satellite television providers and a satellite broadcasting trade association have petitioned the U.S. Supreme Court for review of this decision. Our PAX TV signal currently is carried on satellite systems under agreements we negotiated with the satellite television providers, which allow the satellite provider to sell and retain the advertising revenues from a portion of the non-network advertising time during PAX TV programming hours. We cannot predict the final outcome of the litigation challenging the constitutionality of satellite "must carry" requirements or the effect, if any, that the failure to implement satellite "must carry" would have on our business.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.

(a) List of Exhibits:

| Exhibit Number | Description of Exhibits |
|-------------------|--|
| 3.1.1 | Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (1) |
| 3.1.6 | Certificate of Designation of the Company's 9-3/4% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (2) |
| 3.1.7 | Certificate of Designation of the Company's 13-1/4% Cumulative Junior Exchangeable Preferred Stock (2) |
| 3.1.8 | Certificate of Designation of the Company's 8% Series B Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock (3) |
| 3.2 | Bylaws of the Company (4) |
| 4.6 | Indenture, dated as of July 12, 2001, among the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, with respect to the Company's 10-3/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008 (5) |
| 4.7 | Credit Agreement, dated as of July 12, 2001, among the Company, the |

Lenders party thereto, Citicorp USA, Inc., as Administrative Agent for the Lenders and as Collateral Agent for the Secured Parties, Union Bank of California, N.A., as Syndication Agent for the Lenders, and CIBC Inc. and General Electric Capital Corporation, as Co-Documentation Agents for the Lenders (5)

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- 4.8 Indenture, dated as of January 14, 2002, among the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, with respect to the Company's 12-1/4% Senior Subordinated Discount Notes due 2009 (6)
- 10.221 Indenture, dated as of January 14, 2002, among the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, with respect to the Company's 12-1/4% Senior Subordinated Discount Notes due 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8) (6)
- 10.226 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated March 12, 2002, by and between the Company and Thomas E. Severson, Jr. (6)
- 99.1 Certification by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Paxson Communications Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer of Paxson Communications Corporation pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- (1) Filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, dated December 31, 1995, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4, as amended, filed July 23, 1998, Registration No. 333-59641, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (3) Filed with the Company's Form 8-K, dated September 15, 1999, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, dated March 31, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (5) Filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, dated June 30, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (6) Filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, dated December 31, 2001, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K.

Form 8-K, dated January 2, 2002 (filed January 4, 2002), under Item 5.

"Other Events" reporting that on January 2, 2002, Paxson Communications Corporation commenced an offering of senior subordinated discount notes expected to generate proceeds of approximately \$310 million. Proceeds from the offering were used to refinance the Company's 12 1/2% exchange debentures and pay offering fees and expenses.

Form 8-K, dated April 9, 2002, under Item 5. "Other Events" reporting that the Federal Communications Commission granted approval of the applications of National Broadcasting Company, Inc. ("NBC"), for consent to the transfer to NBC of control of the television stations owned by subsidiaries of Telemundo Communications Group, Inc.

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PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PAXSON COMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION

Date: March 28, 2003 By: /s/ Ronald L. Rubin

Ronald L. Rubin
Vice President
Chief Accounting Officer and
Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

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CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Lowell W. Paxson, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Paxson Communications Corporation, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A of Paxson Communications Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact

necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.

/s/ LOWELL W. PAXSON

Lowell W. Paxson

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: March 28, 2003

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I, Thomas E. Severson, Jr., Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Paxson Communications Corporation, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q/A of Paxson Communications Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any 2. untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report.

/s/ THOMAS E. SEVERSON JR.

Thomas E. Severson, Jr.

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: March 28, 2003