

SUN COMMUNITIES INC
Form 10-K
March 13, 2009
UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008

Commission file number 1-12616

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland

(State of Incorporation)

27777 Franklin Rd.

Suite 200

Southfield, Michigan

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

38-2730780

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

48034

(Zip Code)

(248) 208-2500

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 per Share

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act

New York Stock Exchange

Name of each exchange on which registered

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes[]

No [X]

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Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☒ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of June 30, 2008, the aggregate market value of the Registrant's stock held by non-affiliates was approximately \$299,178,000 (computed by reference to the closing sales price of the Registrant's common stock as of June 30, 2008). For this computation, the Registrant has excluded the market value of all shares of common stock reported as beneficially owned by executive officers and directors of the Registrant; such exclusion shall not be deemed to constitute an admission that any such person is an affiliate of the Registrant.

Number of shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding as of March 2, 2009: 18,509,130

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:

Portions of the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement to be filed for its 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or filed as an amendment to the Form 10-K are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Report.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

GENERAL

Sun Communities, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with the Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership (the “Operating Partnership”) and other consolidated subsidiaries (the “Subsidiaries”) are referred to herein as the “Company”, “us”, “we”, and “our”. We are a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust (“REIT”).

We own, operate, and develop manufactured housing communities concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States. We are a fully integrated real estate company which, together with our affiliates and predecessors, have been in the business of acquiring, operating, and expanding manufactured housing communities since 1975. As of December 31, 2008, we owned and operated a portfolio of 136 properties located in 18 states (the “Properties” or “Property”), including 124 manufactured housing communities, 4 recreational vehicle communities, and 8 properties containing both manufactured housing and recreational vehicle sites. As of December 31, 2008, the Properties contained an aggregate of 47,613 developed sites comprised of 42,299 developed manufactured home sites, 3,107 permanent recreational vehicle sites, 2,207 seasonal recreational vehicle sites, and an additional 6,081 manufactured home sites suitable for development. We lease individual parcels of land (“sites”) with utility access for placement of manufactured homes (“MHs”) and recreational vehicles (“RVs”) to our customers. The Properties are designed to offer affordable housing to individuals and families, while also providing certain amenities.

We are engaged through a taxable subsidiary, Sun Home Services, Inc., a Michigan corporation (“SHS”), in the marketing, selling, and leasing of new and pre-owned homes to current and future residents in our communities. The operations of SHS support and enhance the Company’s occupancy levels, property performance, and cash flows.

Our executive and principal property management office is located at 27777 Franklin Road, Suite 200, Southfield, Michigan 48034 and our telephone number is (248) 208-2500. We have regional property management offices located in Austin, Texas; Dayton, Ohio; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Elkhart, Indiana; and Orlando, Florida, and we employed an aggregate of 644 people as of December 31, 2008.

Our website address is www.suncommunities.com and we make available, free of charge, on or through our website all of our periodic reports, including our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, as soon as reasonably practicable after we file such reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Change in Management

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As announced on February 6, 2008, the Company appointed Karen J. Dearing, who has served as the Company's Corporate Controller since 2002, as the Company's Chief Financial Officer, and John B. McLaren, previously Senior Vice President of Home Sales and Leasing, as Chief Operating Officer. Ms. Dearing and Mr. McLaren succeed Jeffrey P. Jorissen, former Chief Financial Officer, and Brian W. Fannon, former Chief Operating Officer. Mr. Jorissen remains with the Company as Director of Corporate Development. Mr. Fannon's retirement from the Company was effective as of July 31, 2008.

Investment in Affiliate

In October 2003, the Company purchased 5,000,000 shares of common stock of Origen Financial, Inc. ("Origen"). The Company owns approximately 19% of Origen as of December 31, 2008, and its investment is accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Origen was a publicly traded real estate investment trust that originated and serviced manufactured home loans. In March 2008, Origen announced that conditions in the credit markets had adversely impacted Origen's business and financial condition. In response, Origen suspended loan originations and took steps to right-size its work force. Following this announcement, Origen executed its asset disposition and management plan and sold \$176 million of unsecuritized loans, and its servicing and origination platforms. In December 2008, Origen voluntarily delisted its common stock from the NASDAQ Global Market and deregistered its common stock under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Currently, Origen is actively managing its residual interests in securitized loans, whole loans, and bond holdings which provide continuing cash flows for the organization.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS, CONTINUED

The Company recorded a total loss from affiliate of \$16.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. This includes the Company's estimate of its portion of the anticipated loss from Origen of \$6.9 million, and an other than temporary impairment loss of \$9.6 million.

Debt

The Company completed a \$27.0 million financing with Bank of America (formally LaSalle Bank Midwest) in June 2008. The loan has a three year term, with a two year extension at the Company's option. The loan is secured by four properties. The terms of the loan require interest only payments for the first year, with the remainder of the term being amortized based on a 30 year table. The interest rate is 205 basis points over LIBOR, or Prime plus 25 basis points (3.5% at December 31, 2008). Prime means for any month, the prevailing "prime rate" as quoted in the Wall Street Journal on last day of such calendar month. The proceeds from the financing were used to repay an existing mortgage note of \$4.3 million with the remainder used to pay down the Company's lines of credit.

The Company completed various transactions involving its installment notes secured by manufactured homes during 2008. The Company received \$27.5 million of cash proceeds in exchange for relinquishing its right, title and interest in the installment notes. The Company is subject to certain recourse provisions requiring the Company to purchase the underlying homes collateralizing such notes in the event of a note default and subsequent repossession of the home. The Company accounted for this transaction as a transfer of financial assets. The transferred assets have been classified as collateralized receivables and the cash received from this transaction has been classified as a secured borrowing in the consolidated balance sheet. Additional information is included in Note 3 of the Company's Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

Investment in Property

Rental property is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", the Company reviews the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a possible impairment. An impairment loss is recognized when a long-lived asset's carrying value is not recoverable and exceeds estimated fair value. The estimated fair value of long lived assets was calculated based on discounted future cash flows associated with the asset and any potential disposition proceeds for a given asset. Forecasting cash flows requires assumptions about such variables as the estimated holding period, rental rates, occupancy and operating expenses during the holding period, as well as disposition proceeds. Management determined certain impairment reviews were required as of December 31, 2008, as decisions were made to limit development of certain assets. Due to local economic conditions, estimated costs to develop and low estimated return on investment the Company determined to limit development in three development communities. The properties are located in Michigan, Nevada and North Carolina. Each had considerable up front development costs. A fourth property, located in Indiana, was found to be impaired based on its negative cash flows and management's estimate of continued negative cash flows. The Company also made a decision to stop providing cable television service at various communities as the business line could not provide the return on investment to justify the capital investment required to keep up with the technological advances in the offered product. As a result of the impairment analysis, the Company recognized non-cash impairment charges of \$13.1million.

STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY

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In 1993, Sun Communities, Inc. contributed its net assets to the Operating Partnership in exchange for the sole general partner interest in the Operating Partnership and the majority of all the Operating Partnership's initial capital. We substantially conduct our operations through the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership is structured as an umbrella partnership REIT, or UPREIT, and owns, either directly or indirectly through Subsidiaries, all of our assets. This UPREIT structure enables us to comply with certain complex requirements under the Federal tax rules and regulations applicable to REITs, and to acquire manufactured housing communities in transactions that defer some or all of the sellers' tax consequences. The financial results of the Operating Partnership and the Subsidiaries are consolidated in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The financial results include certain activities that do not necessarily qualify as REIT activities under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Company has formed taxable REIT subsidiaries, as defined in the Code, to engage in such activities. We use taxable REIT subsidiaries to offer certain services to our residents and engage in activities that would not otherwise be permitted under the REIT rules if provided directly by us or by the Operating Partnership. The taxable REIT subsidiaries include our home sales business, SHS, which provides manufactured home sales, leasing and other services to current and prospective tenants of the Properties.

We do not own all the interests in the Operating Partnership. Interests in the Operating Partnership held by limited partners other than Sun Communities, Inc. are referred to as "OP Units". The holders of Common OP Units receive distributions in an amount equal to the dividends paid to holders of our common stock. As of December 31, 2008, the Operating Partnership had a total of approximately 20.7 million units outstanding. We held approximately 18.5 million shares, or 89.4% of the interests (not including preferred limited partnership interests) in the Operating Partnership.

THE MANUFACTURED HOUSING COMMUNITY

A manufactured housing community is a residential subdivision designed and improved with sites for the placement of manufactured homes and related improvements and amenities. Manufactured homes are detached, single-family homes which are produced off-site by manufacturers and installed on sites within the community. Manufactured homes are available in a wide array of designs, providing owners with a level of customization generally unavailable in other forms of multifamily housing.

Modern manufactured housing communities, such as the Properties, contain improvements similar to other garden-style residential developments, including centralized entrances, paved streets, curbs and gutters, and parkways. In addition, these communities also often provide a number of amenities, such as a clubhouse, a swimming pool, shuffleboard courts, tennis courts, and laundry facilities.

The owner of each home on our Properties leases the site on which the home is located. We own the underlying land, utility connections, streets, lighting, driveways, common area amenities and other capital improvements and are responsible for enforcement of community guidelines and maintenance. Some of the Properties provide water and sewer service through public or private utilities, while others provide these services to residents from on-site facilities. Each owner within our Properties is responsible for the maintenance of the home and leased site. As a result, capital expenditure needs tend to be less significant relative to multi-family rental apartment complexes.

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Our property management strategy emphasizes intensive, hands-on management by dedicated, on-site district and community managers. We believe that this on-site focus enables us to continually monitor and address tenant concerns, the performance of competitive properties and local market conditions. Of the 644 Company employees, approximately 535 are located on-site as property managers, support staff, or maintenance personnel.

Throughout most of 2008, our community managers were overseen by John B. McLaren, Chief Operating Officer, who has 13 years of manufactured housing and related financing experience, 3 Senior Vice Presidents of Operations and 12 Regional Vice Presidents. In addition, the Regional Vice Presidents are responsible for semi-annual market surveys of competitive communities, interaction with local manufactured home dealers and regular property inspections.

Each district or community manager performs regular inspections in order to continually monitor the Property's physical condition and provides managers with the opportunity to understand and effectively address tenant concerns. In addition to a district or community manager, each district or property has an on-site maintenance personnel and management support staff. We hold periodic training sessions for all property management personnel to ensure that management policies are implemented effectively and professionally.

HOME SALES AND LEASING

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SHS is engaged in the marketing, selling, and leasing of new and pre-owned homes to current and future residents in our communities. Since tenants often purchase a home already on-site within a community, such services enhance occupancy and property performance. Additionally, because many of the homes on the Properties are sold through SHS, better control of home quality in our communities can be maintained than if sales services were conducted solely through third-party brokers. SHS also leases homes to prospective tenants. At December 31, 2008, SHS had 5,517 occupied leased homes in its portfolio. Homes for this rental program are purchased at discounted rates from finance companies that hold repossessed homes within the Company's communities. New homes are purchased as necessary to supplement these repossessed home purchases. Leases associated with the rental program are, in general, one year leases. This program requires intensive management of costs associated with repair and refurbishment of these homes as the tenants vacate and the homes are re-leased, similar to apartment rentals. The Company has added repair and service supervisors in areas with high concentrations of rental homes to aggressively pursue cost containment programs. The program is a strategic response to capture the value inherent in the purchase of substantially discounted repossessed homes in the Company's communities. Applications to rent homes in our Properties number over 14,000 per year, providing a significant "resident boarding" system allowing us to market purchasing a home to the best applicants and to rent to the remainder of approved applicants. Through the rental program we are able to demonstrate our product and lifestyle to the renters, while monitoring their payment history and converting qualified renters to owners.

REGULATIONS AND INSURANCE

General

Manufactured housing community properties are subject to various laws, ordinances and regulations, including regulations relating to recreational facilities such as swimming pools, clubhouses and other common areas. We believe that each Property has the necessary operating permits and approvals.

Insurance

Our management believes that the Properties are covered by adequate fire, flood, property and business interruption insurance provided by reputable companies with commercially reasonable deductibles and limits. We maintain a blanket policy that covers all of our Properties. We have obtained title insurance insuring fee title to the Properties in an aggregate amount which we believe to be adequate. Claims made to our insurance carriers that are determined to be recoverable are classified in other receivables as incurred. Insurance proceeds received in excess of the net book value of damaged or impaired capital assets are recorded in income in the period received.

SITE LEASES OR USAGE RIGHTS

The typical lease we enter into with a tenant for the rental of a manufactured home site is month-to-month or year-to-year, renewable upon the consent of both parties, or, in some instances, as provided by statute. In some cases (mainly in Florida), leases are for one-year terms, with up to ten renewal options exercisable by the tenant, with rent adjusted for increases in the consumer price index. Generally, market rate adjustments are made on an annual basis. These leases are cancelable for non-payment of rent, violation of community rules and regulations or other specified defaults. During the past five years, on average 3.1 percent of the homes in our communities have been removed by their owners and 7.3 percent of the homes have been sold by their owners to a new owner who then assumes rental obligations as a community resident. The cost to move a home is approximately \$4,000 to \$10,000. The above experience can be summarized as follows: the average resident remains in our communities for approximately fourteen years, while the average home, which gives rise to the rental stream, remains in our communities for approximately thirty two years.

At Properties zoned for RV use, our customers have short-term ("seasonal") usage rights or long-term ("permanent") usage rights. The seasonal RV customers typically prepay for their stay or leave deposits to reserve a site for the following year. Many of these RV customers do not live full time on the Property.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-K contains various "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the Company intends that such forward-looking statements will be subject to the safe harbors created thereby. For this purpose, any statements contained in this filing that relate to prospective events or developments are deemed to be forward-looking statements. Words such as "believes," "forecasts," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "expects," "may," "will" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements.

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These forward-looking statements reflect the Company's current views with respect to future events and financial performance, but involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, both general and specific to the matters discussed in this filing. These risks and uncertainties may cause the actual results of the Company to be materially different from any future results expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include the national, regional and local economic climates, the ability to maintain rental rates and occupancy levels, competitive market forces, changes in market rates of interest, the ability of manufactured home buyers to obtain financing, the level of repossessions by manufactured home lenders and those risks and uncertainties referenced under the headings entitled "Risk Factors" contained in this Form 10-K and the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-K speak only as of the date hereof and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation to provide public updates, revisions or amendments to any forward-looking statements made herein to reflect changes in the Company's expectations of future events.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our prospects are subject to certain uncertainties and risks. Our future results could differ materially from current results, and our actual results could differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements as a result of certain risk factors. These risk factors include, but are not limited to, those set forth below, other one-time events, and important factors disclosed previously and from time to time in other Company filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This report contains certain forward-looking statements.

REAL ESTATE RISKS

General economic conditions and the concentration of our properties in Michigan, Florida, Indiana, and Texas may affect our ability to generate sufficient revenue.

The market and economic conditions in our current markets generally, and specifically in metropolitan areas of our current markets, may significantly affect manufactured home occupancy or rental rates. Occupancy and rental rates, in turn, may significantly affect our revenues, and if our communities do not generate revenues sufficient to meet our operating expenses, including debt service and capital expenditures, our cash flow and ability to pay or refinance our debt obligations could be adversely affected. We derived significant amounts of rental income for the period ended December 31, 2008 from properties located in Michigan, Florida, Indiana, and Texas. As of December 31, 2008, 47 of our 136 Properties, or approximately 30% of developed sites, are located in Michigan; 19 Properties, or approximately 21% of developed sites, are located in Florida; 18 Properties, or approximately 14% of developed sites, are located in Indiana; and 17 Properties, or approximately 11% of developed site are located in Texas. As a result of the geographic concentration of our Properties in Michigan, Florida, Indiana, and Texas, we are exposed to the risks of downturns in the local economy or other local real estate market conditions which could adversely affect occupancy rates, rental rates and property values of properties in these markets.

The following factors, among others, may adversely affect the revenues generated by our communities:

- the national and local economic climate which may be adversely impacted by, among other factors, plant closings and industry slowdowns;
- local real estate market conditions such as the oversupply of manufactured housing sites or a reduction in demand for manufactured housing sites in an area;
- the number of repossessed homes in a particular market;
- the lack of an established dealer network;
- the rental market which may limit the extent to which rents may be increased to meet increased expenses without decreasing occupancy rates;

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- the perceptions by prospective tenants of the safety, convenience and attractiveness of the Properties and the neighborhoods where they are located;
- zoning or other regulatory restrictions;
- competition from other available manufactured housing sites and alternative forms of housing (such as apartment buildings and site-built single-family homes);
- our ability to provide adequate management, maintenance and insurance;
- increased operating costs, including insurance premiums, real estate taxes and utilities; or
- the enactment of rent control laws or laws taxing the owners of manufactured homes.

REAL ESTATE RISKS, CONTINUED

Our income would also be adversely affected if tenants were unable to pay rent or if sites were unable to be rented on favorable terms. If we were unable to promptly relet or renew the leases for a significant number of the sites, or if the rental rates upon such renewal or reletting were significantly lower than expected rates, then our business and results of operations could be adversely affected. In addition, certain expenditures associated with each Property (such as real estate taxes and maintenance costs) generally are not reduced when circumstances cause a reduction in income from the Property. Furthermore, real estate investments are relatively illiquid and, therefore, will tend to limit our ability to vary our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions.

Competition affects occupancy levels and rents which could adversely affect our revenues.

All of our Properties are located in developed areas that include other manufactured housing community properties. The number of competitive manufactured housing community properties in a particular area could have a material adverse effect on our ability to lease sites and increase rents charged at our Properties or at any newly acquired properties. We may be competing with others with greater resources and whose officers and directors have more experience than our officers and directors. In addition, other forms of multi-family residential properties, such as private and federally funded or assisted multi-family housing projects and single-family housing, provide housing alternatives to potential tenants of manufactured housing communities.

Our ability to sell or lease manufactured homes may be affected by various factors, which may in turn adversely affect our profitability.

SHS is engaged in the marketing, selling, and leasing of new and pre-owned homes to current and future residents in our communities. The market for the sale and lease of manufactured homes may be adversely affected by the following factors:

- downturns in economic conditions which adversely impact the housing market;
- an oversupply of, or a reduced demand for, manufactured homes;
- the difficulty facing potential purchasers in obtaining affordable financing as a result of heightened lending criteria; and
- an increase or decrease in the rate of manufactured home repossessions which provide aggressively priced competition to new manufactured home sales.

Any of the above listed factors could adversely impact our rate of manufactured home sales and leases, which would result in a decrease in profitability.

Increases in taxes and regulatory compliance costs may reduce our revenue.

Costs resulting from changes in real estate laws, income taxes, service or other taxes, generally are not passed through to tenants under leases and may adversely affect our funds from operations and our ability to pay or refinance our debt. Similarly, changes in laws increasing the potential liability for environmental conditions existing on properties or increasing the restrictions on discharges or other conditions may result in significant unanticipated expenditures, which would adversely affect our business and results of operations.

REAL ESTATE RISKS, CONTINUED

We may not be able to integrate or finance our development activities.

From time to time, we engage in the construction and development of new communities, and may continue to engage in the development and construction business in the future. Our development and construction business may be exposed to the following risks which are in addition to those risks associated with the ownership and operation of established manufactured housing communities:

- we may not be able to obtain financing with favorable terms for community development which may make us unable to proceed with the development;
- we may be unable to obtain, or face delays in obtaining, necessary zoning, building and other governmental permits and authorizations, which could result in increased costs and delays, and even require us to abandon development of the community entirely if we are unable to obtain such permits or authorizations;
- we may abandon development opportunities that we have already begun to explore and as a result we may not recover expenses already incurred in connection with exploring such development opportunities;
- we may be unable to complete construction and lease-up of a community on schedule resulting in increased debt service expense and construction costs;
- we may incur construction and development costs for a community which exceed our original estimates due to increased materials, labor or other costs, which could make completion of the community uneconomical and we may not be able to increase rents to compensate for the increase in development costs which may impact our profitability;
- we may be unable to secure long-term financing on completion of development resulting in increased debt service and lower profitability; and
- occupancy rates and rents at a newly developed community may fluctuate depending on several factors, including market and economic conditions, which may result in the community not being profitable.

If any of the above occurred, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We may not be able to integrate or finance our acquisitions and our acquisitions may not perform as expected.

We acquire and intend to continue to acquire manufactured housing communities on a select basis. Our acquisition activities and their success are subject to the following risks:

- we may be unable to acquire a desired property because of competition from other well capitalized real estate investors, including both publicly traded real estate investment trusts and institutional investment funds;
- even if we enter into an acquisition agreement for a property, it is usually subject to customary conditions to closing, including completion of due diligence investigations to our satisfaction, which may not be satisfied;
- even if we are able to acquire a desired property, competition from other real estate investors may significantly increase the purchase price;
- we may be unable to finance acquisitions on favorable terms;
- acquired properties may fail to perform as expected;
- acquired properties may be located in new markets where we face risks associated with a lack of market knowledge or understanding of the local economy, lack of business relationships in the area and unfamiliarity with local governmental and permitting procedures; and
- we may be unable to quickly and efficiently integrate new acquisitions, particularly acquisitions of portfolios of properties, into our existing operations.

If any of the above occurred, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

REAL ESTATE RISKS, CONTINUED

In addition, we may acquire properties subject to liabilities and without any recourse, or with only limited recourse, with respect to unknown liabilities. As a result, if a liability were to be asserted against us based upon ownership of those properties, we might have to pay substantial sums to settle it, which could adversely affect our cash flow.

Rent control legislation may harm our ability to increase rents.

State and local rent control laws in certain jurisdictions may limit our ability to increase rents and to recover increases in operating expenses and the costs of capital improvements. Enactment of such laws has been considered from time to time in other jurisdictions. Certain Properties are located, and we may purchase additional properties, in markets that are either subject to rent control or in which rent-limiting legislation exists or may be enacted.

We may be subject to environmental liability.

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, an owner or operator of real estate is liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous substances at, on, under or in such property. Such laws often impose such liability without regard to whether the owner knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such hazardous substances. The presence of such substances, or the failure to properly remediate such substances, may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or rent such property, to borrow using such property as collateral or to develop such property. Persons who arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous substances also may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of such substances at a disposal or treatment facility owned or operated by another person. In addition, certain environmental laws impose liability for the management and disposal of asbestos-containing materials and for the release of such materials into the air. These laws may provide for third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators of real properties for personal injury associated with asbestos-containing materials. In connection with the ownership, operation, management, and development of real properties, we may be considered an owner or operator of such properties and, therefore, are potentially liable for removal or remediation costs, and also may be liable for governmental fines and injuries to persons and property. When we arrange for the treatment or disposal of hazardous substances at landfills or other facilities owned by other persons, we may be liable for the removal or remediation costs at such facilities.

All of the Properties have been subject to a Phase I or similar environmental audit (which involves general inspections without soil sampling or ground water analysis) completed by independent environmental consultants. These environmental audits have not revealed any significant environmental liability that would have a material adverse effect on our business. These audits cannot reflect conditions arising after the studies were completed, and no assurances can be given that existing environmental studies reveal all environmental liabilities, that any prior owner or operator of a property or neighboring owner or operator did not create any material environmental condition not known to us, or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist as to any one or more Properties.

Losses in excess of our insurance coverage or uninsured losses could adversely affect our cash flow.

We maintain comprehensive liability, fire, flood (where appropriate), extended coverage, and rental loss insurance on the Properties with policy specifications, limits, and deductibles which are customarily carried for similar properties. As a result of market conditions in the insurance industry, we carry a \$250,000 deductible on our liability insurance. Certain types of losses, however, may be either uninsurable or not economically insurable, such as losses due to earthquakes, riots, or acts of war. In the event an uninsured loss occurs, we could lose both our

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investment in and anticipated profits and cash flow from the affected property. Any loss would adversely affect our ability to repay our debt.

FINANCING AND INVESTMENT RISKS

Our significant amount of debt could limit our operational flexibility or otherwise adversely affect our financial condition.

We have a significant amount of debt. As of December 31, 2008, we had approximately \$1.2 billion of total debt outstanding, consisting of approximately \$1.1 billion in debt that is collateralized by mortgage liens on 105 of the Properties (the "Mortgage Debt") and secured by collateralized receivables, \$4.6 million is collateralized by liens on manufactured homes, and \$135.2 million in unsecured debt. If we fail to meet our obligations under the Mortgage Debt, the lender would be entitled to foreclose on all or some of the Properties securing such debt which could have a material adverse effect on us and our ability to make expected distributions, and could threaten our continued viability.

We are subject to the risks normally associated with debt financing, including the following risks:

- our cash flow may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest, or require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to pay our debt and the interest associated with our debt rather than to other areas of our business;
- our existing indebtedness may limit our operating flexibility due to financial and other restrictive covenants, including restrictions on incurring additional debt;
- it may be more difficult for us to obtain additional financing in the future for our operations, working capital requirements, capital expenditures, debt service or other general requirements;
- we may be more vulnerable in the event of adverse economic and industry conditions or a downturn in our business;
- we may be placed at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt; and
- we may not be able to refinance at all or on favorable terms, as our debt matures.

If any of the above risks occurred, our financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

We may be able to incur substantially more debt, which would increase the risks associated with our substantial leverage.

Despite our current indebtedness levels, we may still be able to incur substantially more debt in the future. If new debt is added to our current debt levels, an even greater portion of our cash flow will be needed to satisfy our debt service obligations. As a result, the related risks that we now face could intensify and increase the risk of a default on our indebtedness.

Our equity investment in Origen Financial, Inc. may subject us to certain risks.

In October 2003, the Company purchased 5,000,000 shares of common stock of Origen Financial, Inc. ("Origen"). The Company owns approximately 19% of Origen as of December 31, 2008, and its investment is accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Origen was a publicly traded real estate investment trust that originated and serviced manufactured home loans. In March 2008, Origen announced that conditions in the credit markets had adversely impacted Origen's business and financial condition. In response, Origen suspended loan originations and took steps to right-size its work force. Following this announcement, Origen executed an asset disposition and management plan and sold \$176 million of unsecuritized loans, and its servicing and origination platforms. In December 2008, Origen voluntarily delisted its common stock from the NASDAQ Global Market and deregistered its common stock under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Currently, Origen is actively managing its residual interests in securitized loans, whole loans, and bond holdings which provide continuing cash flows for the organization.

If Origen's business and financial condition do not perform as expected, our investment in Origen may result in additional other than temporary impairment charges and financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

FINANCING AND INVESTMENT RISKS, CONTINUED

The Company recorded losses from our investment in Origen of \$16.5 million, \$8.0 million, and \$16.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. These losses are comprised of: 1) other than temporary charges to the carrying value of the Origen investment; and 2) our equity allocation of the anticipated losses from Origen. The components of the loss associated with our investment in Origen are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|---------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Equity income (loss) from Origen affiliate | \$(6,851 |) \$(6,099 |) \$1,417 |
| Other than temporary impairment charges | (9,619 |) (1,870 |) (18,000) |
| Total loss from Origen affiliate | \$(16,470 |) \$(7,969 |) \$(16,583) |

Additional information is included under “Recent Developments-Investment in Affiliate” and in Note 1 of the Company’s Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

The financial condition and solvency of our borrowers may adversely affect our installment and other loans.

As of December 31, 2008, we had outstanding approximately \$47.4 million, net of reserves, in installment notes receivable from owners of manufactured homes. These installment notes receivable are collateralized by the manufactured homes. We may invest in additional mortgages and installment notes receivable in the future. By virtue of our investment in the mortgages and the notes receivable, we are subject to the following risks of such investment:

- the borrowers may not be able to make debt service payments or pay principal when due;
- the value of property securing the mortgages and installment notes receivable may be less than the amounts owed; and
- interest rates payable on the mortgages and installment notes receivable may be lower than our cost of funds.

If any of the above occurred, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

TAX RISKS

We may suffer adverse tax consequences and be unable to attract capital if we fail to qualify as a REIT.

We believe that since our taxable year ended December 31, 1994, we have been organized and operated, and intend to continue to operate, so as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code ("Code"). Although we believe that we have been and will continue to be organized and have operated and will continue to operate so as to qualify for taxation as a REIT, we cannot assure you that we have been or will continue to be organized or operated in a manner to so qualify or remain so qualified. Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements (some on an annual and quarterly basis) established under highly technical and complex Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations, and involves the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control. In addition, frequent changes occur in the area of REIT taxation, which require the Company continually to monitor its tax status.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we would be subject to federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Moreover, unless entitled to relief under certain statutory provisions, we also would be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. This treatment would reduce our net earnings available for investment or distribution to stockholders because of the additional tax liability to us for the years involved. In addition, distributions to stockholders would no longer be required to be made. Even if we qualify for and maintain our REIT status, we will be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our property and certain of our operations.

TAX RISKS, CONTINUED

We intend for the Operating Partnership to qualify as a partnership, but we cannot guarantee that it will qualify.

We believe that the Operating Partnership has been organized as a partnership and will qualify for treatment as such under the Code. However, if the Operating Partnership is deemed to be a “publicly traded partnership,” it will be treated as a corporation instead of a partnership for federal income tax purposes unless at least 90% of its income is qualifying income as defined in the Code. The income requirements applicable to REITs and the definition of “qualifying income” for purposes of this 90% test are similar in most respects. Qualifying income for the 90% test generally includes passive income, such as specified types of real property rents, dividends and interest. We believe that the Operating Partnership would meet this 90% test, but we cannot guarantee that it would. If the Operating Partnership were to be taxed as a corporation, it would incur substantial tax liabilities, we would fail to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, and our ability to raise additional capital could be significantly impaired.

Our ability to accumulate cash may be restricted due to certain REIT distribution requirements.

In order to qualify as a REIT, we must distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (calculated without any deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gain) and to avoid federal income taxation, our distributions must not be less than 100% of our REIT taxable income, including capital gains. As a result of the distribution requirements, we do not expect to accumulate significant amounts of cash. Accordingly, these distributions could significantly reduce the cash available to us in subsequent periods to fund our operations and future growth.

BUSINESS RISKS

Some of our directors and officers may have conflicts of interest with respect to certain related party transactions and other business interests.

Ownership of Origen. In the 2003 recapitalization of Origen Financial, Inc., (“Origen”), the Company purchased 5,000,000 shares of Origen common stock for \$50.0 million and Shiffman Origen LLC (which is owned by the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse’s Marital Trust, Gary A. Shiffman (the Company’s Chief Executive Officer), and members of Mr. Shiffman’s family) purchased 1,025,000 shares of Origen common stock for approximately \$10.3 million. Gary A. Shiffman is a member of the board of directors of Origen and Arthur A. Weiss, a director of the Company, is a trustee of the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse’s Marital Trust.

Accordingly, in all transactions involving Origen, Mr. Shiffman and/or Mr. Weiss may have a conflict of interest with respect to their respective obligations as an officer and/or director of the Company. The following are the current transactions and agreements involving Origen which may present a conflict of interest for Mr. Shiffman and/or Mr. Weiss:

- The Company previously had a loan servicing agreement with Origen Servicing, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Origen, which serviced our portfolio of manufactured home loans. Origen agreed to fund loans that met the Company’s underwriting guidelines and

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then transfer those loans to the Company pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. The Company paid Origen a fee of \$550 per loan pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement which totaled approximately \$0.2 million during 2008 and 2007. The Company purchased loans, at par, from Origen which totaled approximately \$12.4 million and \$13.3 million during 2008 and 2007, respectively. The Company also purchased \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million of repossessed manufactured homes located within its communities that were owned by Origen during 2008 and 2007, respectively.

- With the sale of Origen's servicing platform assets to Green Tree Servicing LLC, we engaged a different entity to continue the servicing of the manufactured home loans. In order to transfer the manufactured home loan servicing contract to a different service provider, we paid Origen a fee of \$0.3 million.

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

In addition to the transactions with Origen and the LLC described above, Mr. Shiffman and his affiliates and/or Mr. Weiss have entered into the following transactions with the Company:

- *Legal Counsel* During 2008, Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss, Professional Corporation (“JRHW”) acted as the Company’s general counsel and represented the Company in various matters. Arthur A. Weiss, a director of the Company, is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and a shareholder of such firm. The Company incurred legal fees and expenses of approximately \$1.0 million in 2008 and 2007 and approximately \$1.3 million in 2006, in connection with services rendered by JRHW.
- *Lease of Executive Offices.* Gary A. Shiffman, together with certain family members, indirectly owns a 21 percent equity interest in American Center LLC, the entity from which we lease office space for our principal executive offices. Arthur A. Weiss owns a 0.75 percent indirect interest in American Center LLC. This lease was for an initial term of five years, beginning May 1, 2003, with the right to extend the lease for an additional five year term. On July 30, 2007, the Company exercised its option to extend its lease for its executive offices. The extension was for a period of five years commencing on May 1, 2008. On August 8, 2008, the Company modified its lease agreement to extend the term of the lease until August 31, 2015, with an option to renew for an additional five years. The base rent for the extended term through August 31, 2015, will continue to be the same as the rent payable as of the current term. The current annual base rent under the current lease is \$21.25 per square foot (gross). Mr. Shiffman and Mr. Weiss may have a conflict of interest with respect to their obligations as an officer and/or director of the Company and their ownership interest in American Center LLC.
- *Tax Consequences Upon Sale of Properties.* Gary A. Shiffman holds limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership which were received in connection with the contribution of 24 properties (four of which have been sold) from partnerships previously affiliated with him (the “Sun Partnerships”). Prior to any redemption of these limited partnership interests for our common stock, Mr. Shiffman will have tax consequences different from those of us and our public stockholders on the sale of any of the Sun Partnerships. Therefore, Mr. Shiffman and the Company may have different objectives regarding the appropriate pricing and timing of any sale of those properties.

We rely on key management.

We are dependent on the efforts of our executive officers, particularly Gary A. Shiffman, John B. McLaren, Karen J. Dearing and Jonathan M. Colman (together, the “Senior Officers”). The loss of services of one or more of our executive officers could have a temporary adverse effect on our operations. We do not currently maintain or contemplate obtaining any “key-man” life insurance on the Senior Officers.

Certain provisions in our governing documents may make it difficult for a third-party to acquire us.

9.8% Ownership Limit. In order to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT, not more than 50% of the outstanding shares of our capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals. Thus, ownership of more than 9.8% of our outstanding shares of common stock by any single stockholder has been restricted, with certain exceptions, for the purpose of maintaining our qualification as a REIT under the Code. Such restrictions in our charter do not apply to Gary Shiffman, the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse’s Marital Trust and the Estate of Robert B. Bayer.

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The 9.8% ownership limit, as well as our ability to issue additional shares of common stock or shares of other stock (which may have rights and preferences over the common stock), may discourage a change of control of the Company and may also: (1) deter tender offers for the common stock, which offers may be advantageous to stockholders; and (2) limit the opportunity for stockholders to receive a premium for their common stock that might otherwise exist if an investor were attempting to assemble a block of common stock in excess of 9.8% of the outstanding shares of the Company or otherwise effect a change of control of the Company.

Staggered Board. Our Board of Directors has been divided into three classes of directors. The term of one class will expire each year. Directors for each class will be chosen for a three-year term upon the expiration of such class's term, and the directors in the other two classes will continue in office. The staggered terms for directors may affect the stockholders' ability to change control of the Company even if a change in control were in the stockholders' interest.

Preferred Stock. Our charter authorizes the Board of Directors to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock and to establish the preferences and rights (including the right to vote and the right to convert into shares of common stock) of any shares issued. The power to issue preferred stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company even if a change in control were in the stockholders' interest.

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

Rights Plan. We adopted a stockholders' rights plan in 2008 that provides our stockholders (other than a stockholder attempting to acquire a 15% or greater interest in the Company) with the right to purchase stock in the Company at a discount in the event any person attempts to acquire a 15% or greater interest in the Company. Because this plan could make it more expensive for a person to acquire a controlling interest in the Company, it could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company even if a change in control were in the stockholders' interest.

Changes in our investment and financing policies may be made without stockholder approval.

Our investment and financing policies, and our policies with respect to certain other activities, including our growth, debt, capitalization, distributions, REIT status, and operating policies, are determined by our Board of Directors. Although the Board of Directors has no present intention to do so, these policies may be amended or revised from time to time at the discretion of the Board of Directors without notice to or a vote of our stockholders. Accordingly, stockholders may not have control over changes in our policies and changes in our policies may not fully serve the interests of all stockholders.

Substantial sales of our common stock could cause our stock price to fall.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock, or the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect prevailing market prices for shares. As of December 31, 2008, up to approximately 2.7 million shares of our common stock may be issued in the future to the limited partners of the Operating Partnership in exchange for their common limited partnership interests ("Common OP Units") and preferred limited partnership interests ("Preferred OP Units"). These Preferred OP Units are convertible into common shares at a price of \$68 per share. The limited partners may sell such shares pursuant to registration rights or an available exemption from registration. Also, in 2009, Water Oak, Ltd., a former owner of one of the Properties, will be issued Common OP Units with a value of approximately \$1,250,000. In addition, as of December 31, 2008, options to purchase 205,906 shares of our common stock were outstanding under our 1993 Employee Stock Option Plan, our 1993 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, our 2004 Non-Employee Director Option Plan, and our Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plans"). No prediction can be made regarding the effect that future sales of shares of our common stock will have on the market price of shares.

An increase in interest rates may have an adverse effect on the price of our common stock.

One of the factors that may influence the price of our common stock in the public market will be the annual distributions to stockholders relative to the prevailing market price of the common stock. An increase in market interest rates may tend to make the common stock less attractive relative to other investments, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

The current volatility in economic conditions and the financial markets may adversely affect our industry, business and financial performance.

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The capital and credit markets have been experiencing, and continue to experience, extreme volatility and disruption. In recent months, the volatility and disruption have reached unprecedented levels. In many cases, the markets have exerted downward pressure on stock prices and credit capacity for certain issuers. In response to these developments, the U.S. government has taken, and may take further, steps designed to stabilize markets generally and strengthen financial institutions in particular. The impact, if any, that these financial market events or these governmental actions might have on us and our business is uncertain and cannot be estimated at this time. The other risk factors presented in this Form 10-K discuss some of the principal risks inherent in our business, including liquidity risks, operational risks, and credit risks, among others. The current upheaval in financial markets has accentuated each of these risks and magnified their potential effect on us. At the same time, there appears to be a general weakening of the U.S. economy and the economies of many other countries. If these economic developments continue to worsen, there could be an adverse impact on our access to capital, stock price and our operating results.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

As of December 31, 2008, the Properties consisted of 124 manufactured housing communities, 4 recreational vehicle communities, and 8 properties containing both manufactured housing and recreational vehicle sites located in 18 states concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States. As of December 31, 2008, the Properties contained 47,613 developed sites comprised of 42,299 developed manufactured home sites, 3,107 permanent recreational vehicle sites, 2,207 seasonal recreational vehicle sites, and an additional 6,081 manufactured home sites suitable for development. Most of the Properties include amenities oriented toward family and retirement living. Of the 136 Properties, 69 have more than 300 developed manufactured home sites; with the largest having 995 developed manufactured home sites.

As of December 31, 2008, the Properties had an occupancy rate of 81.9 percent excluding recreational vehicle sites. Since January 1, 2008, the Properties have averaged an aggregate annual turnover of homes (where the home is moved out of the community) of approximately 2.7 percent and an average annual turnover of residents (where the resident-owned home is sold and remains within the community, typically without interruption of rental income) of approximately 5.8 percent. The average renewal rate for residents in the Company's rental program was 53.6 percent for the year ended December 31, 2008.

We believe that our Properties' high amenity levels contribute to low turnover and generally high occupancy rates. All of the Properties provide residents with attractive amenities with most offering a clubhouse, a swimming pool, and laundry facilities. Many Properties offer additional amenities such as sauna/whirlpool spas, tennis, shuffleboard and basketball courts and/or exercise rooms.

We have concentrated our communities within certain geographic areas in order to achieve economies of scale in management and operation. The Properties are principally concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States. We believe that geographic diversification helps to insulate the portfolio from regional economic influences.

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The following tables set forth certain information relating to the properties owned as of December 31, 2008. The occupancy percentage relates only to manufactured home sites ("MH Sites"). Due to the seasonal nature of recreational vehicle sites ("RV Sites"), the occupancy percentage excludes impact of RV Sites.

| Property | City | State | Developed MH Sites as of 12/31/08 | RV Sites as of 12/31/08 | Occupancy as of 12/31/08 ⁽¹⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/07 ⁽¹⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/06 ⁽¹⁾ |
|---|---------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| MIDWEST | | | | | | | |
| <i>Michigan</i> | | | | | | | |
| Academy/West Pointe ⁽¹⁾ | Canton | MI | 441 | — | 88% | 91% | 94% |
| Allendale Meadows Mobile Village | Allendale | MI | 352 | — | 73% | 78% | 81% |
| Alpine Meadows Mobile Village | Grand Rapids | MI | 403 | — | 84% | 85% | 87% |
| Bedford Hills Mobile Village | Battle Creek | MI | 339 | — | 74% | 78% | 79% |
| Brentwood Mobile Village | Kentwood | MI | 195 | — | 92% | 92% | 95% |
| Byron Center Mobile Village | Byron Center | MI | 143 | — | 93% | 88% | 91% |
| Candlewick Court | Owosso | MI | 211 | — | 84% | 85% | 87% |
| College Park Estates | Canton | MI | 230 | — | 73% | 74% | 74% |
| Continental Estates | Davison | MI | 385 | — | 37% | 43% | 49% |
| Continental North | Davison | MI | 474 | — | 54% | 54% | 58% |
| Country Acres Mobile Village | Cadillac | MI | 182 | — | 86% | 90% | 88% |
| Country Meadows Mobile Village | Flat Rock | MI | 577 | — | 91% | 89% | 91% |
| Countryside Village | Perry | MI | 359 | — | 71% | 80% | 81% |
| Creekwood Meadows | Burton | MI | 336 | — | 61% | 64% | 63% |
| Cutler Estates Mobile Village | Grand Rapids | MI | 259 | — | 84% | 84% | 83% |
| Davison East | Davison | MI | 190 | — | 45% | 52% | 63% |
| Falcon Pointe ⁽⁶⁾ | East Lansing | MI | 142 | — | 18% ⁽⁶⁾ | 18% ⁽⁶⁾ | 19% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Fisherman's Cove | Flint | MI | 162 | — | 80% | 83% | 80% |
| Grand Mobile Estates | Grand Rapids | MI | 230 | — | 75% | 77% | 79% |
| Hamlin ⁽³⁾ | Webberville | MI | 209 | — | 74% ⁽³⁾ | 75% ⁽³⁾ | 75% ⁽³⁾ |
| Holly Village/Hawaiian Gardens ⁽¹⁾ | Holly | MI | 425 | — | 97% | 97% | 97% |
| Hunters Glen ⁽⁶⁾ | Wayland | MI | 280 | — | 48% ⁽⁶⁾ | 46% ⁽⁶⁾ | 43% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Kensington Meadows | Lansing | MI | 290 | — | 81% | 80% | 81% |
| Kings Court Mobile Village | Traverse City | MI | 639 | — | 98% | 97% | 97% |
| Knollwood Estates | Allendale | MI | 161 | — | 87% | 88% | 91% |
| Lafayette Place | Metro Detroit | MI | 254 | — | 64% | 68% | 77% |
| Lakeview | Ypsilanti | MI | 392 | — | 89% | 91% | 91% |
| Lincoln Estates | Holland | MI | 191 | — | 94% | 94% | 96% |
| | White Lake | MI | 425 | — | 81% | 87% | 88% |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|
| Meadow Lake Estates | | | | | | | |
| Meadowbrook Estates | Monroe | MI | 453 | — | 94% | 94% | 93% |
| Presidential Estates Mobile Village | Hudsonville | MI | 364 | — | 80% | 83% | 85% |
| Richmond Place | Metro Detroit | MI | 117 | — | 77% | 84% | 95% |

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| Property | City | State | Developed MH Sites as of 12/31/08 | RV Sites as of 12/31/08 | Occupancy as of 12/31/08 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/07 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/06 ⁽²⁾ |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| MIDWEST | | | | | | | |
| <i>Michigan, continued</i> | | | | | | | |
| River Haven Village | Grand Haven | MI | 721 | — | 59% | 63% | 66% |
| Scio Farms Estates | Ann Arbor | MI | 913 | — | 96% | 93% | 95% |
| Sheffield Estates | Auburn Hills | MI | 228 | — | 99% | 99% | 97% |
| Sherman Oaks | Jackson | MI | 366 | — | 73% | 77% | 78% |
| St. Clair Place | Metro Detroit | MI | 100 | — | 76% | 80% | 88% |
| Sunset Ridge ⁽⁶⁾ | Portland Township | MI | 190 | — | 93% ⁽⁶⁾ | 87% ⁽⁶⁾ | 82% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Timberline Estates | Grand Rapids | MI | 296 | — | 79% | 80% | 80% |
| Town & Country Mobile Village | Traverse City | MI | 192 | — | 100% | 99% | 100% |
| Village Trails ⁽³⁾ | Howard City | MI | 100 | — | 79% ⁽³⁾ | 76% ⁽³⁾ | 73% ⁽³⁾ |
| White Lake Mobile Home Village | White Lake | MI | 315 | — | 97% | 95% | 96% |
| White Oak Estates | Mt. Morris | MI | 480 | — | 71% | 74% | 78% |
| Windham Hills | Jackson | MI | 402 | — | 66% ⁽³⁾ | 69% ⁽³⁾ | 69% ⁽³⁾ |
| Woodhaven Place | Metro Detroit | MI | 220 | — | 95% | 95% | 94% |
| <i>Michigan Total</i> | | | 14,333 | — | 79% | 80% | 82% |
| <i>Indiana</i> | | | | | | | |
| Brookside Mobile Home Village | Goshen | IN | 570 | — | 59% | 66% | 67% |
| Carrington Pointe ⁽³⁾ | Ft. Wayne | IN | 320 | — | 76% ⁽³⁾ | 72% ⁽³⁾ | 71% ⁽³⁾ |
| Clear Water Mobile Village | South Bend | IN | 227 | — | 72% | 72% | 75% |
| Cobus Green Mobile Home Park | Elkhart | IN | 386 | — | 62% | 66% | 69% |
| Deerfield Run ⁽³⁾ | Anderson | IN | 175 | — | 65% ⁽³⁾ | 67% ⁽³⁾ | 61% ⁽³⁾ |
| Four Seasons Holiday | Elkhart | IN | 218 | — | 83% | 92% | 88% |
| Mobile Home Village | Elkhart | IN | 326 | — | 79% | 85% | 88% |
| Liberty Farms | Valparaiso | IN | 220 | — | 98% | 100% | 97% |
| Maplewood | Lawrence | IN | 207 | — | 78% | 81% | 88% |
| Meadows | Nappanee | IN | 330 | — | 50% | 52% | 59% |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------|----|-------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Pebble Creek ^{(6) (7)} | Greenwood | IN | 258 | — | 88% ⁽⁶⁾ | 85% ⁽⁶⁾ | 81% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Pine Hills | Middlebury | IN | 129 | — | 78% | 87% | 84% |
| Roxbury Park | Goshen | IN | 398 | — | 86% | 87% | 88% |
| Timberbrook | Bristol | IN | 567 | — | 53% | 58% | 59% |
| Valley Brook | Indianapolis | IN | 799 | — | 54% | 59% | 63% |
| West Glen Village | Indianapolis | IN | 552 | — | 74% | 78% | 86% |
| Woodlake Estates | Ft. Wayne | IN | 338 | — | 45% | 48% | 51% |
| Woods Edge | | | | | | | |
| Mobile Village ⁽³⁾ | West Lafayette | IN | 598 | — | 54% ⁽³⁾ | 53% ⁽³⁾ | 58% ⁽³⁾ |
| Indiana Total | | | 6,618 | — | 66% | 69% | 71% |

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| Property | City | State | Developed MH Sites as of 12/31/08 | RV Sites as of 12/31/08 | Occupancy as of 12/31/08 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/07 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/06 ⁽²⁾ |
|--|---------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| MIDWEST | | | | | | | |
| Ohio | | | | | | | |
| Apple Creek Manufactured Home Community and Self Storage | Amelia | OH | 176 | — | 86% | 84% | 87% |
| Byrne Hill Village | Toledo | OH | 236 | — | 86% | 90% | 92% |
| Catalina | Middletown | OH | 462 | — | 63% | 65% | 67% |
| East Fork ^{(6) (7)} | Batavia | OH | 215 | — | 89% ⁽⁶⁾ | 89% ⁽⁶⁾ | 86% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Oakwood Village | Miamisburg | OH | 511 | — | 84% | 83% | 84% |
| Orchard Lake | Milford | OH | 147 | — | 97% | 99% | 97% |
| Westbrook Senior Village | Toledo | OH | 112 | — | 100% | 99% | 99% |
| Westbrook Village | Toledo | OH | 344 | — | 97% | 96% | 96% |
| Willowbrook Place | Toledo | OH | 266 | — | 94% | 95% | 95% |
| Woodside Terrace | Holland | OH | 439 | — | 82% | 84% | 87% |
| Worthington Arms | Lewis Center | OH | 224 | — | 95% | 96% | 94% |
| Ohio Total | | | 3,132 | — | 85% | 86% | 86% |
| SOUTH | | | | | | | |
| Texas | | | | | | | |
| Boulder Ridge ⁽⁶⁾ | Pflugerville | TX | 527 | — | 69% ⁽⁶⁾ | 65% ⁽⁶⁾ | 62% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Branch Creek Estates | Austin | TX | 392 | — | 100% | 99% | 97% |
| Casa del Valle ^{(2) (5)} | Alamo | TX | 117 | 284 | 98% | 99% | 100% |
| Chisholm Point Estates | Pflugerville | TX | 416 | — | 95% | 89% | 84% |
| Comal Farms ^{(6) (7)} | New Braunfels | TX | 349 | — | 73% ⁽⁶⁾ | 67% ⁽⁶⁾ | 62% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Kenwood RV and Mobile Home Plaza ^{(2) (5)} | LaFeria | TX | 39 | 241 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Oak Crest ⁽⁶⁾ | Austin | TX | 335 | — | 70% ⁽⁶⁾ | 61% ⁽⁶⁾ | 53% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Pecan Branch ⁽⁶⁾ | Georgetown | TX | 69 | — | 84% ⁽⁶⁾ | 73% ⁽⁶⁾ | 55% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Pine Trace ⁽⁶⁾ | Houston | TX | 420 | — | 71% ⁽⁶⁾ | 68% ⁽⁶⁾ | 67% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| River Ranch ^{(6) (7)} | Austin | TX | 121 | — | 96% ⁽⁶⁾ | 88% ⁽⁶⁾ | 74% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| River Ridge ⁽⁶⁾ | Austin | TX | 337 | — | 94% ⁽⁶⁾ | 83% ⁽⁶⁾ | 74% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Saddle Brook ⁽⁶⁾ | Austin | TX | 265 | — | 63% ⁽⁶⁾ | 61% ⁽⁶⁾ | 57% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Snow to Sun ^{(2) (5)} | Weslaco | TX | 181 | 305 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Stonebridge ^{(6) (7)} | San Antonio | TX | 338 | — | 88% ⁽⁶⁾ | 84% ⁽⁶⁾ | 76% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Summit Ridge ^{(6) (7)} | Converse | TX | 250 | — | 95% ⁽⁶⁾ | 87% ⁽⁶⁾ | 81% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Sunset Ridge ^{(6) (7)} | Kyle | TX | 170 | — | 98% ⁽⁶⁾ | 92% ⁽⁶⁾ | 84% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Woodlake Trails ^{(6) (7)} | San Antonio | TX | 134 | — | 96% ⁽⁶⁾ | 94% ⁽⁶⁾ | 94% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Texas Total | | | 4,460 | 830 | 84% | 79% | 74% |

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| Property | City | State | Developed MH Sites as of 12/31/08 | RV Sites as of 12/31/08 | Occupancy as of 12/31/08 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/07 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/06 ⁽²⁾ |
|---|-----------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| SOUTHEAST | | | | | | | |
| Florida | | | | | | | |
| Arbor Terrace RV Park ⁽⁴⁾ | Bradenton | FL | — | 395 | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ |
| Ariana Village Mobile Home Park | Lakeland | FL | 208 | — | 92% | 91% | 90% |
| Buttonwood Bay ^{(2) (5)} | Sebring | FL | 407 | 533 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Gold Coaster ⁽²⁾ ⁽⁵⁾ | Homestead | FL | 415 | 130 | 99% | 99% | 99% |
| Groves RV Resort ⁽⁴⁾ | Ft. Myers | FL | — | 285 | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ |
| Holly Forest Estates | Holly Hill | FL | 402 | — | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Indian Creek Park ^{(2) (5)} | Ft. Myers Beach | FL | 353 | 1,106 | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Island Lakes | Merritt Island | FL | 301 | — | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Kings Lake | Debary | FL | 245 | — | 99% | 100% | 100% |
| Lake Juliana Landings | Auburndale | FL | 274 | — | 98% | 96% | 95% |
| Lake San Marino RV Park ⁽⁴⁾ | Naples | FL | — | 411 | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ |
| Meadowbrook Village | Tampa | FL | 257 | — | 100% | 99% | 100% |
| Orange Tree Village | Orange City | FL | 246 | — | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Royal Country | Miami | FL | 864 | — | 100% | 100% | 99% |
| Saddle Oak Club | Ocala | FL | 376 | — | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Siesta Bay RV Park ⁽⁴⁾ | Ft. Myers Beach | FL | — | 798 | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ | n/a ⁽⁴⁾ |
| Silver Star Mobile Village | Orlando | FL | 406 | — | 99% | 99% | 99% |
| Tampa East ^{(2) (5)} | Tampa | FL | 31 | 669 | 100% | 100% | 97% |
| Water Oak Country Club Estates | Lady Lake | FL | 995 | — | 99% | 100% | 100% |
| Florida Total | | | 5,780 | 4,327 | 99% | 99% | 99% |

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| Property | City | State | Developed MH Sites as of 12/31/08 | RV Sites as of 12/31/08 | Occupancy as of 12/31/08 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/07 ⁽²⁾ | Occupancy as of 12/31/06 ⁽²⁾ |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| OTHER | | | | | | | |
| Autumn Ridge | Ankeny | IA | 413 | — | 99% | 99% | 98% |
| Bell Crossing ⁽³⁾ | Clarksville | TN | 239 | — | 60% ⁽³⁾ | 52% ⁽³⁾ | 54% ⁽³⁾ |
| Candlelight Village | Chicago Heights | IL | 309 | — | 92% | 91% | 93% |
| Cave Creek ⁽⁶⁾ | Evans | CO | 289 | — | 69% ⁽⁶⁾ | 68% ⁽⁶⁾ | 68% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Countryside Atlanta | Lawrenceville | GA | 271 | — | 99% | 97% | 96% |
| Countryside Gwinnett | Buford | GA | 331 | — | 96% | 93% | 89% |
| Countryside Lake Lanier | Buford | GA | 548 | — | 83% | 83% | 82% |
| Creekside ^{(6) (7)} | Reidsville | NC | 46 | — | 67% ⁽⁶⁾ | 63% ⁽⁶⁾ | 72% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Desert View Village ⁽⁶⁾ | West Wendover | NV | 93 | — | 48% ⁽⁶⁾ | 50% ⁽⁶⁾ | 48% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Eagle Crest ⁽⁶⁾ | Firestone | CO | 318 | — | 86% ⁽⁶⁾ | 80% ⁽⁶⁾ | 75% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Edwardsville | Edwardsville | KS | 634 | — | 68% | 68% | 71% |
| Forest Meadows | Philomath | OR | 75 | — | 99% | 99% | 93% |
| Glen Laurel ^{(6) (7)} | Concord | NC | 260 | — | 47% ⁽⁶⁾ | 44% ⁽⁶⁾ | 36% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| High Pointe | Frederica | DE | 411 | — | 93% | 97% | 97% |
| Meadowbrook ^{(6) (7)} | Charlotte | NC | 177 | — | 92% ⁽⁶⁾ | 98% ⁽⁶⁾ | 94% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| North Point Estates ⁽⁶⁾ | Pueblo | CO | 108 | — | 51% ⁽⁶⁾ | 43% ⁽⁶⁾ | 44% ⁽⁶⁾ |
| Pheasant Ridge | Lancaster | PA | 553 | — | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Pin Oak Parc | O'Fallon | MO | 502 | — | 88% | 88% | 88% |
| Pine Ridge | Petersburg | VA | 245 | — | 97% | 92% | 94% |
| Sea Air ^{(2) (5)} | Rehoboth Beach | DE | 370 | 157 | 98% | 98% | 100% |
| Southfork | Belton | MO | 477 | — | 71% | 70% | 72% |
| Sun Villa Estates | Reno | NV | 324 | — | 99% | 100% | 100% |
| Timber Ridge | Ft. Collins | CO | 585 | — | 88% | 86% | 88% |
| Woodland Park Estates | Eugene | OR | 398 | — | 99% | 98% | 95% |
| Other Total | | | 7,976 | 157 | 85% | 84% | 84% |
| TOTAL / AVERAGE | | | 42,299 | 5,314 | 82% | 82% | 83% |

⁽¹⁾ Properties have two licenses but operate as one community.

⁽²⁾ Occupancy percentage relates to manufactured housing sites only. Percentage calculated by dividing revenue producing MH sites by developed MH sites. A revenue producing MH site is defined as a manufactured home site that is occupied by a paying resident. A developed MH site is defined as an adequate sized parcel of land that has road and utility access which is zoned and licensed (if required) for use as a manufactured home site.

⁽³⁾ Occupancy in these properties reflects the fact that these communities are in a lease-up phase following an expansion.

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- (4) Property contains recreational vehicle sites only.
- (5) Property contains both manufactured home and recreational vehicle sites.
- (6) Occupancy in these properties reflects the fact that these communities are newly developed from the ground up.
- (7) This Property is owned by an affiliate of Sunchamp LLC, an entity in which the Company owns approximately a 78.5 percent equity interest as of December 31, 2008.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On April 9, 2003, T.J. Holdings, LLC ("TJ Holdings"), a member of Sun/Forest, LLC ("Sun/Forest") (which, in turn, owns an equity interest in SunChamp LLC), ("SunChamp"), filed a complaint against the Company, SunChamp, certain other affiliates of the Company and two directors of Sun Communities, Inc. in the Superior Court of Guilford County, North Carolina. The complaint alleges that the defendants wrongfully deprived the plaintiff of economic opportunities that they took for themselves in contravention of duties allegedly owed to the plaintiff and purports to claim damages of \$13.0 million plus an unspecified amount for punitive damages. The Company believes the complaint and the claims threatened therein have no merit and will defend it vigorously. These proceedings were stayed by the Superior Court of Guilford County, North Carolina in 2004 pending final determination by the Circuit Court of Oakland County, Michigan as to whether the dispute should be submitted to arbitration and the conclusion of all appeals therefrom. On March 13, 2007, the Michigan Court of Appeals issued an order compelling arbitration of all claims brought in the North Carolina case. TJ Holdings has filed an application for review in the Michigan Supreme Court which has been denied and, accordingly, the North Carolina case is permanently stayed. TJ Holdings has now filed an arbitration demand in Southfield, Michigan based on the same claims. The Company intends to vigorously defend against the allegations.

As announced on February 27, 2006, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") completed its inquiry regarding the Company's accounting for its SunChamp investment during 2000, 2001 and 2002, and the Company and the SEC entered into an agreed-upon Administrative Order (the "Order"). The Order required that the Company cease and desist from violations of certain non intent-based provisions of the federal securities laws, without admitting or denying any such violations.

On February 27, 2006, the SEC filed a civil action against the Company's Chief Executive Officer, its then (and now former as of February 2008) Chief Financial Officer and a former controller in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan alleging various claims generally consistent with the SEC's findings set forth in the Order.

On July 21, 2008, the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan approved a settlement whereby the SEC dismissed its civil lawsuit against the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and the Company's former Controller. The SEC concurrently reached a settlement with the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, who remains with the Company as a senior advisor to management. This action by the SEC and the court will end the Company's associated indemnification obligations for legal fees and costs to defend this lawsuit.

The Company is involved in various other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such proceedings, taken together, are not expected to have a material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the year ended December 31, 2008.

PART II**ITEM 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities****Market Information**

Our common stock has been listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") since December 8, 1993, under the symbol "SUI". On March 2, 2009, the closing sales price of the common stock was \$8.03 and the common stock was held by 284 holders of record. The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices per share for the common stock for the periods indicated as reported by the NYSE and the distributions per share paid by the Company with respect to each period.

| Year Ended December 31, 2008 | High | Low | Distributions |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------|
| 1 st Quarter | \$ 22.29 | \$ 17.64 | \$ 0.63 |
| 2 nd Quarter | 21.47 | 17.93 | 0.63 |
| 3 rd Quarter | 21.25 | 16.47 | 0.63 |
| 4 th Quarter | 20.78 | 8.42 | 0.63 |

| Year Ended December 31, 2007 | High | Low | Distributions |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------------|
| 1 st Quarter | \$ 32.91 | \$ 29.52 | \$ 0.63 |
| 2 nd Quarter | 31.76 | 29.00 | 0.63 |
| 3 rd Quarter | 31.55 | 25.65 | 0.63 |
| 4 th Quarter | 32.01 | 20.64 | 0.63 |

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table reflects information about the securities authorized for issuance under the Company's equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2008.

| Plan Category | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column a) |
|--|--|--|--|
| (a) | (b) | (c) | |
| Equity compensation plans approved by shareholders | 168,201 | \$ 30.39 | 171,018 |
| | 37,705 | 32.75 | — |

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Equity compensation plans not
approved by shareholders ⁽¹⁾

| | | | |
|-------|---------|----------|---------|
| Total | 205,906 | \$ 30.82 | 171,018 |
|-------|---------|----------|---------|

- (1) On May 29, 1997, the Company established a Long Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP") pursuant to which all full-time salaried and full-time commission only employees of the Company, excluding the Company's officers, were entitled to receive options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at \$32.75 per share (i.e., the average of the highest and lowest selling prices for the common stock on May 29, 1997), on January 31, 2002. In accordance with the terms of the LTIP, (a) the Company granted the eligible participants options to purchase 167,918 shares of common stock; and (b) each eligible participant received an option to purchase a number of shares of common stock equal to the product of 167,918 and the quotient derived by dividing such participant's total compensation during the period beginning on January 1, 1997 and ending on December 31, 2001 (the "Award Period") by the aggregate compensation of all of the eligible participants during the Award Period.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

In November 2004, the Company was authorized to repurchase up to 1,000,000 shares of its common stock by its Board of Directors. The Company has 400,000 common shares remaining in the repurchase program. No common shares have been repurchased during 2008.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

In March 2008, the Operating Partnership issued 60,967 Common OP Units to Water Oak, Ltd.

In 2008, the Company issued 114,380 shares of its common stock upon conversion of 114,380 OP units.

All of the above partnership units and shares of common stock were issued in private placements in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, including Regulation D promulgated there under. No underwriters were used in connection with any of such issuances.

Performance Graph

Set forth below is a line graph comparing the yearly percentage change in the cumulative total shareholder return on the Common Stock against the cumulative total return of a broad market index composed of all issuers listed on the New York Stock Exchange and an industry index comprised of eighteen publicly traded residential real estate investment trusts, for the five year period ending on December 31, 2008. This line graph assumes a \$100 investment on December 31, 2003, a reinvestment of dividends and actual increase of the market value of the Company's Common Stock relative to an initial investment of \$100. The comparisons in this table are required by the SEC and are not intended to forecast or be indicative of possible future performance of the Company's Common Stock.

| | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Sun Communities, Inc. | 100.00 | 110.92 | 92.83 | 103.28 | 72.95 | 56.33 |
| Hemscott Industry Group – REIT Residential | 100.00 | 132.69 | 146.13 | 201.88 | 149.47 | 113.59 |
| NYSE Market Index | 100.00 | 112.92 | 122.25 | 143.23 | 150.88 | 94.76 |

The information included under the heading "Performance Graph" is not to be treated as "soliciting material" or as "filed" with the SEC, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing by the company under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that is made on, before or after the date of filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

| | Year Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 ^(a) |
| | (In thousands, except for share related and other data) | | | | |
| OPERATING DATA: | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$255,047 | \$235,956 | \$227,778 | \$211,964 | \$204,543 |
| Loss from continuing operations | (34,448) |) (16,643 |) (25,257 |) (6,276 |) (40,605 |
| Net loss | (34,448) |) (16,643 |) (24,968 |) (5,452 |) (40,468 |
| Loss from continuing operations per share: | | | | | |
| Basic | \$(1.90 |) \$(0.93 |) \$(1.44 |) \$(0.35 |) \$(2.22 |
| Diluted | (1.90 |) (0.93 |) (1.44 |) (0.35 |) (2.22 |
| Distributions per common share | \$2.52 | \$2.52 | \$2.52 | \$2.50 | \$2.44 |
| BALANCE SHEET DATA: | | | | | |
| Investment property, before accumulated depreciation | \$1,539,623 | \$1,538,426 | \$1,512,762 | \$1,458,122 | \$1,380,553 |
| Total assets | 1,206,999 | 1,245,823 | 1,289,739 | 1,320,536 | 1,403,167 |
| Total debt and lines of credit | 1,229,571 | 1,187,675 | 1,166,850 | 1,123,468 | 1,078,442 |
| Stockholders' equity (deficit) | (59,882) |) 21,047 | 79,197 | 143,257 | 211,746 |
| OTHER FINANCIAL DATA: | | | | | |
| Net operating income (NOI) ^(b) from: | | | | | |
| Real property operations | \$129,821 | \$126,168 | \$123,550 | \$118,721 | \$111,848 |
| Home sales and home rentals | 12,051 | 9,734 | 8,466 | 6,304 | 4,720 |
| Funds from operations (FFO) ^(c) | 26,501 | 45,439 | 34,560 | 51,313 | (3,295) |
| FFO ^(c) per weighted average Common Share/OP Unit: | | | | | |
| Basic | \$1.30 | \$2.25 | \$1.74 | \$2.54 | \$(0.16) |
| Diluted | 1.29 | 2.24 | 1.72 | 2.54 | (0.16) |
| OTHER DATA (at end of period): | | | | | |
| Total properties | 136 | 136 | 136 | 135 | 136 |
| Total sites | 47,613 | 47,607 | 47,606 | 47,385 | 46,856 |

- (a) Operating data for the year ended December 31, 2004 has been restated to reflect the reclassifications required under SFAS No. 144 for the properties sold in 2005.
- (b) Refer to Item 7, Supplemental Measures, contained in the Form 10-K for information regarding the presentation of the net operating income (NOI) financial measure.
- (c) Refer to Item 7, Supplemental Measures, contained in the Form 10-K for information regarding the presentation of the funds from operations (FFO) financial measure.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following discussion and analysis of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto elsewhere herein.

The Company is a fully integrated, self-administered and self-managed REIT which owns, operates, and develops manufactured housing communities concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States. As of December 31, 2008, the Company owned and operated a portfolio of 136 developed properties located in 18 states, including 124 manufactured housing communities, 4 recreational vehicle communities, and 8 properties containing both manufactured housing and recreational vehicle sites.

Since the year 2000, the operations of manufactured homebuilders, dealers, and the companies that finance the purchase of the homes have experienced severe losses and substantial volatility. New home shipments have declined from approximately 373,000 in 1998 to approximately 82,000 in 2008. The decline was largely due to the turmoil in the financing side of the industry as lenders experienced substantial losses arising from defaults on poorly underwritten loans in the mid to late 1990s and beyond. As a result of the losses, the lenders experienced liquidity constraints and significantly tightened underwriting standards, thus reducing the demand for new homes.

The Company experienced a decline of occupancy from 95% in 2000 to 81.9% at December 31, 2008. This pattern of loss has significantly slowed in recent years as occupancy was 82.5% at the end of 2006. In addition to the conditions described above, this occupancy decline is also attributable to the attraction of our traditional customer base to single-family homes due to the substantial easing of underwriting qualifications for applicants which abruptly ended in 2007 - 2008.

A national survey of 71 major markets and over 368,000 sites noted an average occupancy of 82.7%, only slightly above that of the Company. From that it would appear that the Company's geographic distribution results in an occupancy little different from that determined by a national survey.

The Company's primary product is to supply affordable housing to the marketplace. Homes are available for rent or purchase. Monthly cost per square foot ranges from \$0.50 to \$0.80. This represents, at the low end, a 1,000 square foot home sited on a 4,000 to 5,000 foot site and includes the home and the site rent. The Company's communities currently have over 30,000 resident/owners of their homes and over 5,500 resident/renters. There are nearly 1,000 homes in inventory available to rent. The Company also has over 7,000 vacant sites available for occupancy. The difficult economy will cause some loss of occupancy due to unemployment, but it will also return our traditional customer as well as others who must seek economical housing options of which the Company have a substantial supply.

The Company also sells homes. These homes can be purchased by customers from our inventory of new and preowned product or through custom orders submitted to manufacturers. The Company offers excellent value on these sales as there are approximately 3,000 homes available for sale which were (and still are being) purchased from lenders at deeply discounted prices. Home sales grew from 712 in 2007 to 965 in 2008 and are expected to grow again in 2009. The Company's sales expect to benefit from the 10% tax credit available to qualifying homebuyers as well as from marketing initiatives which are regularly being developed.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations discusses the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. In preparing these financial statements, management has made its best estimate and judgment of certain amounts included in the financial statements. Nevertheless, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Management believes the following significant accounting policies, among others, affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements:

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Investment in Affiliates

Rental property is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", the Company reviews the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a possible impairment. An impairment loss is recognized when a long-lived asset's carrying value is not recoverable and exceeds estimated fair value. The estimated fair value of long lived assets was calculated based on discounted future cash flows associated with the asset and any potential disposition proceeds for a given asset. Forecasting cash flows requires assumptions about such variables as the estimated holding period, rental rates, occupancy and operating expenses during the holding period, as well as disposition proceeds. Management determined certain impairment reviews were required as of December 31, 2008, as decisions were made to limit development of certain assets. Due to local economic conditions, estimated costs to develop and low estimated return on investment the Company determined to limit development in three development communities. The properties are located in Michigan, Nevada and North Carolina. Each had considerable up front development costs. A fourth property, located in Indiana, was found to be impaired based on its negative cash flows and management's estimate of continued negative cash flows. The Company also made a decision to stop providing cable television service at various communities as the business line could not provide the return on investment to justify the capital investment required to keep up with the technological advances in the offered product. As a result of the impairment analysis, the Company recognized non-cash impairment charges of \$13.1million.

The Company owns an approximate 19.0 percent investment in an affiliate that is reported under the equity method of accounting. Management performs an analysis to determine if the investment has experienced an other than temporary decline in value. Numerous factors are evaluated in accordance with published GAAP and SEC staff guidance. Changes in the facts and circumstances evaluated, future adverse changes in market conditions or operating results of the affiliate may affect management's analysis.

Notes and Accounts Receivable

The Company evaluates the recoverability of its receivables whenever events occur or there are changes in circumstances such that management believes it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan and lease agreements. Receivables related to community rents are reserved when the Company believes that collection is less than probable, which is generally after a resident balance reaches 60 to 90 days past due. The Company reserves for estimated repairs to homes which collateralize its installment notes receivable based upon an estimate of annual foreclosures and historical costs of repair in excess of the anticipated sales price.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Useful lives are 30 years for land improvements and buildings, 10 years for rental homes, 7 to 15 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment, and 7 years for intangible assets.

Revenue Recognition

Rental income attributable to site and home leases is recorded on a straight-line basis when earned from tenants. Leases entered into by tenants generally range from month-to-month to two years and are renewable by mutual agreement of the Company and the resident or, in some cases, as provided by state statute. Revenue from the sale of manufactured homes is recognized upon transfer of title at the closing of the sales transaction. Interest income on notes receivable is recorded on a level yield basis over the life of the notes.

Capitalized Costs

The Company capitalizes certain costs incurred in connection with the development, redevelopment, capital enhancement and leasing of its properties. Management is required to use professional judgment in determining whether such costs meet the criteria for immediate expense or capitalization. The amounts are dependent on the volume and timing of such activities and the costs associated with such activities. Maintenance, repairs and minor improvements to properties are expensed when incurred. Renovations and improvements to properties are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and construction costs related to the development of new community or expansion sites are capitalized until the property is substantially complete. Costs incurred to renovate repossessed homes for the Company's rental program are capitalized and costs incurred to refurbish the homes at turnover and repair the homes while occupied are expensed. Certain expenditures to dealers and residents related to obtaining lessees in our communities are capitalized and amortized over a seven year period based on the anticipated term of occupancy of a resident. Costs associated with implementing the Company's computer systems are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful lives of the related software and hardware.

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

At December 31, 2008, the Company had two interest rate swaps and an interest rate cap agreement to offset interest rate risk. The Company entered into two additional swap agreements in late December 2008 and February 2009 which become effective on January 2, 2009 and February 13, 2009, respectively. The Company does not enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. The Company adjusts its balance sheet on a quarterly basis to reflect current fair market value of its derivatives. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded each period in earnings or comprehensive income, as appropriate. The ineffective portion of the hedge is immediately recognized in earnings to the extent that the change in value of a derivative does not perfectly offset the change in value of the instrument being hedged. The unrealized gains and losses held in accumulated other comprehensive income will be reclassified to earnings over time and occurs when the hedged items are also recognized in earnings. The Company uses standard market conventions to determine the fair values of derivative instruments, including the quoted market prices or quotes from brokers or dealers for the same or similar instruments. All methods of assessing fair value result in a general approximation of value and such value may never actually be realized.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT as defined under Section 856(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order for the Company to qualify as a REIT, at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the Company's gross income in any year must be derived from qualifying sources. As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes at the corporate level if it distributes at least ninety percent (90%) of its REIT ordinary taxable income to its stockholders, which it fully intends to do. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, the Company will be subject to Federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on its taxable income at regular corporate rates. The Company remains subject to certain state and local taxes on its income and property as well as Federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.

The Company is subject to certain state taxes that are considered income taxes and has certain subsidiaries that are taxed as regular corporations. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and net operating loss carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using currently enacted tax rates. A valuation allowance is established if based on available evidence it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting standards adopted in the year ended December 31, 2008 did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial condition. Accounting standards to be adopted after the year ended December 31, 2008 that may or will have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial condition are discussed below:

In December 2007 the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an Amendment of ARB 51" ("SFAS 160"), which amends Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements", to establish new standards that will govern the accounting for and reporting of noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries and the loss of control of subsidiaries. Also, SFAS 160 requires that: (1) noncontrolling interest, previously referred to as minority interest, be reported as part of equity in the consolidated financial statements; (2) losses be allocated to the noncontrolling interest even when such allocation might result in a deficit balance, reducing the losses attributed to the controlling interest; (3) changes in ownership interests be treated as equity transactions if control is maintained; (4) upon a loss of control, any gain or loss on the interest sold be recognized in earnings; and (5) the noncontrolling interest's share be recorded at the fair value of net assets acquired, plus its share of goodwill. SFAS 160 is effective on a prospective basis for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements, which will be applied retrospectively. The Company expects the adoption of SFAS 160 to have a material impact on the presentation of minority interest.

In May 2008 the FASB ratified FSP No. APB 14-1, "Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash Upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)" ("FSP APB 14-1"), which requires issuers of convertible debt securities within its scope to separate these securities into a debt component and an equity component, resulting in the debt component being recorded at fair value without consideration given to the conversion feature. Issuance costs are also allocated between the debt and equity components. FSP APB 14-1 will require that convertible debt within its scope reflect a company's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest expense is recognized. FSP APB 14-1 is effective fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2008, and shall be applied retrospectively to all prior periods. The Company is evaluating the impact FSP No. APB 14-1 will have on our results of operations and financial condition.

SUPPLEMENTAL MEASURES

In addition to the results reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), we have provided information regarding Net Operating Income ("NOI") in the following tables. NOI is derived from revenues (determined in accordance with GAAP) minus property operating expenses and real estate taxes (determined in accordance with GAAP). We use NOI as the primary basis to evaluate the performance of our operations. A reconciliation of NOI to Net loss is included in "Results of Operations" below.

The Company believes that NOI is helpful to investors and analysts as a measure of operating performance because it is an indicator of the return on property investment, and provides a method of comparing property performance over time. The Company uses NOI as a key management tool when evaluating performance and growth of particular properties and/or groups of properties. The principal limitation of NOI is that it excludes depreciation, amortization, interest expense, and non-property specific expenses such as general and administrative expenses, all of which are significant costs, and therefore, NOI is a measure of the operating performance of the properties of the Company rather than of the Company overall. The Company believes that these costs included in net income (loss) often have no effect on the market value of a property and therefore limit its use as a performance measure. In addition, such expenses are often incurred at a parent company level and therefore are not necessarily linked to the performance of a real estate asset.

NOI should not be considered a substitute for the reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. NOI should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of our financial performance, or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity; nor is it indicative of funds available for the Company's cash needs, including its ability to make cash distributions. NOI, as determined and presented by the Company, may not be comparable to related or similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

The Company also provides information regarding Funds From Operations ("FFO"). A definition of FFO and a reconciliation of Net loss to FFO are included in the presentation of FFO in "Results of Operations" following the "Comparison of the Years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006".

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company reports operating results under two segments: Real Property Operations, and Home Sales and Rentals. The Real Property Operations segment owns, operates, and develops manufactured housing communities concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States and is in the business of acquiring, operating and expanding manufactured housing communities. The Home Sales and Rentals segment offers manufactured home sales and leasing services to tenants and prospective tenants of our communities. The Company evaluates segment operating performance based on NOI.

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The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements, except for the use of NOI. The Company may allocate certain common costs, primarily corporate functions, between the segments differently than the Company would for stand alone financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. These allocated costs include expenses for shared services such as information technology, finance, communications, legal and human resources. The Company does not allocate interest expense and certain other corporate costs not directly associated with the segments' NOI.

COMPARISON OF THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008 and 2007**REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS - TOTAL PORTFOLIO**

The following tables reflect certain financial and statistical information for all properties owned and operated during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | Change | % Change | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|----------|---|
| | 2008 | 2007 | | | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Income from real property | \$ 196,206 | \$ 191,427 | \$ 4,779 | 2.5 | % |
| Property operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Payroll and benefits | 15,054 | 14,037 | 1,017 | 7.2 | % |
| Legal, taxes and insurance | 2,996 | 3,687 | (691) |) -18.7 | % |
| Utilities | 21,151 | 20,409 | 742 | 3.6 | % |
| Supplies and repair | 6,843 | 6,699 | 144 | 2.1 | % |
| Other | 4,359 | 4,061 | 298 | 7.3 | % |
| Real estate taxes | 15,982 | 16,366 | (384) |) -2.3 | % |
| Property operating expenses | 66,385 | 65,259 | 1,126 | 1.7 | % |
| Real property net operating income | \$ 129,821 | \$ 126,168 | \$ 3,653 | 2.9 | % |

| | Years Ended December 31, | | Change | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|--------|---|
| | 2008 | 2007 | | |
| Statistical Information | | | | |
| Number of properties | 136 | 136 | — | |
| Developed sites | 47,613 | 47,607 | 6 | |
| Occupied sites ⁽¹⁾ | 37,711 | 37,758 | (47) |) |
| Occupancy % ⁽²⁾ | 81.9% | 82.2% | -0.3 | % |
| Weighted average monthly rent per site ⁽²⁾ | \$ 393 | \$ 382 | \$ 11 | |
| Sites available for development | 6,081 | 6,588 | (507) |) |

- (1) Occupied sites include manufactured housing and permanent recreational vehicle sites, and exclude seasonal recreational vehicle sites.
- (2) Occupancy % and weighted average rent relates only to manufactured housing sites, and excludes permanent and seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

In the past few years there have been signs of recovery in our industry, such as lower repossessions. In the earlier part of the decade this industry has faced challenging times due to poor lending practices of the manufactured home lenders from the 90's, coupled with reduced new home shipments, and the non-existence of a dealer network. The Company has continued to show positive growth year over year in real property net operating income. NOI increased by \$3.6 million from \$126.2 million to \$129.8 million, or 2.9 percent. Management believes while not recession proof, our resistance to recessionary forces is derived from our industry providing affordable housing in the face of economic crisis.

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The growth in income from real property of \$4.8 million is due to a weighted average rental rate increase of 2.9 percent that resulted in increased manufactured home rental income (net of vacancies and rent discounts) of \$2.7 million, increased income from our recreational vehicle portfolio of \$0.9 million and increased miscellaneous other property revenues of \$1.2 million. The \$1.2 million increase in miscellaneous other property revenues can be primarily attributed to revenues from rubbish collection, water and sewer re-billing, late fees and returned check fees.

The growth in real property operating expenses of \$1.1 million was due to several factors. Payroll and benefit costs increased by \$1.0 million due to the Company's annual merit wage increase and associated payroll taxes, and increased health insurance costs. Utility costs related to water and rubbish removal charges increased \$0.7 million (both of which are re-billed to the resident and correspondingly increased income from real property as mentioned above). Supply and repair costs related to community maintenance increased by \$0.2 million. Legal fees related to delinquency and other property matters decreased by \$0.4 million. Property and casualty insurance decreased by \$0.3 million due to a decrease in reserves for current claims and favorable settlement of prior claims. This benefit was completely offset by increased other expenses related to administrative costs such as postage, advertising, etc. of \$0.3 million. Real estate taxes decreased by \$0.4 million due to an adjustment to accrued real estate taxes due to refunds of tax appeals, principally in the states of Michigan and Texas.

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS - SAME SITE

The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for particular properties owned and operated for the same period in both years for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. A key management tool the Company uses when evaluating performance and growth of particular properties is a comparison of Same Site communities. The Same Site data may change from time-to-time depending on acquisitions, dispositions, management discretion, significant transactions, or unique situations.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|----------|----------|---|
| | 2008 | 2007 | Change | % Change | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Income from real property ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 186,972 | \$ 182,826 | \$ 4,146 | 2.3 | % |
| Property operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Payroll and benefits | 15,048 | 14,030 | 1,018 | 7.3 | % |
| Legal, taxes, & insurance | 2,985 | 3,673 | (688) | -18.7 | % |
| Utilities ⁽¹⁾ | 11,367 | 11,155 | 212 | 1.9 | % |
| Supplies and repair | 6,823 | 6,671 | 152 | 2.3 | % |
| Other | 2,033 | 1,813 | 220 | 12.1 | % |
| Real estate taxes | 15,899 | 16,273 | (374) | -2.3 | % |
| Property operating expenses | 54,155 | 53,615 | 540 | 1.0 | % |
| Real property net operating income | \$ 132,817 | \$ 129,211 | \$ 3,606 | 2.8 | % |

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|--------|---|--|
| | 2008 | 2007 | Change | | |
| Statistical Information | | | | | |
| Number of properties | 135 | 135 | — | | |
| Developed sites | 47,471 | 47,465 | 6 | | |
| Occupied sites ⁽²⁾ | 37,686 | 37,733 | (47) |) | |
| Occupancy % ⁽³⁾ | 82.1% | 82.4% | -0.3 | % | |
| Weighted average monthly rent per site ⁽³⁾ | 393 | 382 | 11 | | |
| Sites available for development | 5,583 | 6,090 | (507) |) | |

(1) Amounts are reported net of recovery for water and sewer utility expenses.

(2) Occupied sites include manufactured housing and permanent recreational vehicle sites, and exclude seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

(3) Occupancy % and weighted average rent relates only to manufactured housing sites, and excludes permanent and seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

As indicated above this is an analytical measure used by management to determine the growth of our communities on a year over year basis that may have items classified differently than our GAAP statements.

The primary differences between our total portfolio and same site portfolio are the reclassification of water and sewer expense from utilities to income from real property to reflect the recovery net of expenses and the inclusion of 135, rather than 136, Properties in the same site portfolio.

HOME SALES AND RENTALS

As discussed in the "Overview" in "Management's Discussion and Analysis", the Company acquires repossessed manufactured homes (generally, that are within its communities) from lenders at substantial discounts. The Company leases or sells these value priced homes to current and prospective residents. The Company also purchases new homes to lease and sell to current and prospective residents. The programs the Company has established for its customers to lease or buy new and used homes have helped to prevent additional occupancy loss and have contributed to the Company's continued NOI growth even during turbulent industry and economic conditions.

The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for the Company's Rental Program for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---|
| | 2008 | 2007 | Change | % Change | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands, except for *) | | | | |
| Rental home revenue | \$ 20,533 | \$ 18,840 | \$ 1,693 | 9.0 | % |
| Site rent from Rental Program ⁽¹⁾ | 24,537 | 21,704 | 2,833 | 13.1 | % |
| Rental program revenue | 45,070 | 40,544 | 4,526 | 11.2 | % |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Payroll and commissions | 2,008 | 2,459 | (451) | -18.3 | % |
| Repairs and refurbishment | 7,419 | 6,526 | 893 | 13.7 | % |
| Taxes and insurance | 2,802 | 2,366 | 436 | 18.4 | % |
| Marketing and other | 3,444 | 2,479 | 965 | 38.9 | % |
| Rental program operating and maintenance | 15,673 | 13,830 | 1,843 | 13.3 | % |
| Net operating income | \$ 29,397 | \$ 26,714 | \$ 2,683 | 10.0 | % |
| Statistical Information | | | | | |
| Number of occupied rentals, end of period* | 5,517 | 5,328 | 189 | 3.5 | % |
| Investment in occupied rental homes | \$ 170,521 | \$ 161,057 | \$ 9,464 | 5.9 | % |
| Number of sold rental homes* | 596 | 363 | 233 | 64.2 | % |
| Weighted average monthly rental rate* | \$ 736 | \$ 718 | \$ 18 | 2.5 | % |

- (1) The renter's monthly payment includes the site rent and an amount attributable to the leasing of the home. The site rent is reflected in the Real Property Operations segment. For purposes of management analysis, the site rent is included in the Rental Program revenue to evaluate the growth and performance of the Rental Program.

Net operating income from the rental program increased \$2.7 million from \$26.7 million to \$29.4 million, or 10.0 percent as a result of a \$4.5 million increase in revenue partially offset by a \$1.8 million increase in expenses. Revenues increased due to the increase in the number of leased homes in the Company's Rental Program and due to the increase in average rental rates (as indicated in the table above). Certain expenses increase as the number of homes in the rental program increase. These expenses include personal property tax, use tax, repair costs, and refurbishment costs. Although total refurbishment costs increased by \$0.7 million, the average refurbishment cost per move out (costs incurred to prepare a previously leased home for a new occupant) declined 0.7 percent from \$1,605 in 2007 to \$1,593 in 2008. Commissions decreased by \$0.5 million due to a realignment of the commission plan that prorates the commission if the full lease term was not completed. Marketing and other costs increased primarily due to an increase in advertising and promotion costs of \$0.5 million and an increase in bad debt expense of \$0.4 million.

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The rental program has proven to be an effective response to the adverse factors that the Company faced during the industry downturn and now draws more than 14,000 applications per year to live in the Properties. The program has replaced the independent dealer network, a majority of which were forced to go out of business during the early part of the decade, which formerly directed potential residents to our properties.

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The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for the Company's Home Sales program for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------|----------|----------|---|
| | 2008 | 2007 | Change | % Change | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands, except for statistical information) | | | | |
| New home sales | \$ 8,652 | \$ 6,056 | \$ 2,596 | 42.9 | % |
| Pre-owned home sales | 22,825 | 16,849 | 5,976 | 35.5 | % |
| Revenue from homes sales | 31,477 | 22,905 | 8,572 | 37.4 | % |
| New home cost of sales | 7,690 | 4,928 | 2,762 | 56.0 | % |
| Pre-owned home cost of sales | 16,596 | 13,253 | 3,343 | 25.2 | % |
| Cost of home sales | 24,286 | 18,181 | 6,105 | 33.6 | % |
| Net operating income / Gross Profit | \$ 7,191 | \$ 4,724 | \$ 2,467 | 52.2 | % |
| Gross profit – new homes | \$ 962 | \$ 1,128 | \$ (166) |) -14.7 | % |
| Gross margin % – new homes | 11.1 | % 18.6 | % | -7.5 | % |
| Gross profit – pre-owned homes | \$ 6,229 | \$ 3,596 | \$ 2,633 | 73.2 | % |
| Gross margin % – pre-owned homes | 27.3 | % 21.3 | % | 6.0 | % |
| Statistical Information | | | | | |
| Home sales volume: | | | | | |
| New home sales | 122 | 76 | 46 | 60.5 | % |
| Pre-owned home sales | 843 | 636 | 207 | 32.5 | % |
| Total homes sold | 965 | 712 | 253 | 35.5 | % |

Gross profit from home sales increased by \$2.5 million, or 52.2%, as the Company sold 253 more homes than in 2007. Gross profit from pre-owned home sales increased by \$2.6 million while gross profit from new home sales declined by \$0.2 million.

Pre-owned home sales include the sale of homes that have been utilized in the Company's rental program. The cost basis of a rental home is depreciated and therefore, the gross profit margin on the sale of these homes increases the longer the home has been in the rental program. An increase in the volume of rental home sales is the primary reason for the overall increase in pre-owned home sales and therefore the principal contributor to the increase in gross profit on pre-owned home sales.

While the number of new home sales increased by 60.5 percent, gross profit decreased by 14.7 percent. The selling price of new homes in the Florida market was reduced to facilitate sales during this period of declining demand as potential buyers, worried about dwindling retirement and investment funds, were hesitant to purchase. The increase in new home sale volume was due, primarily, to an increase in sales of Signature Homes. A new product line for the Company, Signature Homes, have a contemporary design that compares favorably to the "feel" of a stick built residential home. The increase in gross profit from Signature Home sales was more than offset by the decline in gross profit from the sale of new homes in Florida.

OTHER INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS

Other revenues include other income (loss), interest income, and ancillary revenues, net. Other revenues increased by \$4.0 million, from \$2.8 million to \$6.8 million, or 142.9 percent. This increase was due to a gain on sale of undeveloped land of \$3.3 million, increased interest income of \$1.0 million, offset partially by a fee paid to Origen of \$0.3 million in connection with the transfer of the manufactured home loan servicing contract to a new service provider. The increase in interest income was primarily due to the additional installment notes receivable recognized in association with the transfer of financial assets that are recorded as collateralized receivables in the consolidated balance sheet. The interest income on these collateralized receivables is offset by the same amount of interest expense recognized on the secured debt recorded in association with this transaction. See Note 3 – Secured Borrowing and Collateralized Receivables for additional information.

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General and administrative costs increased by \$2.4 million, from \$20.7 million to \$23.1 million, or 11.6 percent due to increased salary, benefit, and other compensation costs of \$2.7 million (including severance costs of \$0.9 million associated with the retirement of the Company's former President), increased advertising costs of \$0.3 million, partially offset by decreases in the Michigan single business tax of \$0.5 million and other costs of \$0.1 million. The Michigan single business tax was replaced by the Michigan business tax and is now recorded as an income tax rather than a general and administrative expense.

Depreciation and amortization costs increased by \$2.5 million, from \$62.5 million to \$65.0 million, or 4.0 percent primarily due to the additional homes added to the Company's investment property for use in the Company's Rental Program.

Interest expense on debt, including interest on mandatorily redeemable debt, decreased by \$1.3 million, from \$65.5 million to \$64.2 million, or 2.0 percent due to a reduction in expense of approximately \$2.4 million related to lower interest rates charged on variable rate debt, offset by an increase in fixed rate debt interest expense of \$1.1 million. The increase in fixed rate debt expense is primarily due to the Company's additional secured debt recognized in association with the transfer of financial assets that was recorded as a secured borrowing in the consolidated balance sheet (and is offset by the same amount of interest income recorded on collateralized receivables in relation to this transaction). See Note 3 – Secured Borrowing and Collateralized Receivables in the Company's Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included herein.

Equity losses from affiliates increased by \$8.5 million, from \$8.0 million to \$16.5 million, or 106.3 percent due to increased other than temporary charges to the carrying value of the Origen investment of \$7.7 million, and increased equity allocation of the estimated losses from affiliates of \$0.8 million.

Provision for state income taxes decreased by \$0.5 million, from \$0.8 million to \$0.3 million, or 62.5 percent due to a change in the effective tax rate used to calculate the deferred tax liability related to the Michigan Business Tax.

Minority interest changed by \$2.9 million, from income of \$2.1 million to expense of \$0.8 million since the Company's operating losses are no longer allocated to the minority interest partners, and distributions of \$1.4 million were recorded as expense. See Note 14 in the Notes to Consolidated Statements for additional information.

COMPARISON OF THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 and 2006**REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS - TOTAL PORTFOLIO**

The following tables reflect certain financial and statistical information for all properties owned and operated during the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | Change | % Change | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------|----------|---|
| | 2007 | 2006 | | | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Income from real property | \$ 191,427 | \$ 187,535 | \$ 3,892 | 2.1 | % |
| Property operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Payroll and benefits | 14,037 | 14,014 | 23 | 0.2 | % |
| Legal, taxes and insurance | 3,687 | 3,268 | 419 | 12.8 | % |
| Utilities | 20,409 | 20,138 | 271 | 1.3 | % |
| Supplies and repair | 6,699 | 6,946 | (247) | -3.6 | % |
| Other | 4,061 | 3,759 | 302 | 8.0 | % |
| Real estate taxes | 16,366 | 15,860 | 506 | 3.2 | % |
| Property operating expenses | 65,259 | 63,985 | 1,274 | 2.0 | % |
| Real property net operating income | \$ 126,168 | \$ 123,550 | \$ 2,618 | 2.1 | % |

| | Years Ended December 31, | | Change | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|--------|---|
| | 2007 | 2006 | | |
| Statistical Information | | | | |
| Number of properties | 136 | 136 | — | |
| Developed sites | 47,607 | 47,606 | 1 | |
| Occupied sites ⁽¹⁾ | 37,758 | 37,906 | (148) |) |
| Occupancy % ⁽²⁾ | 82.2% | 82.5% | -0.3 | % |
| Weighted average monthly rent per site ⁽²⁾ | \$ 382 | \$ 368 | \$ 14 | |
| Sites available for development | 6,588 | 6,813 | (225) |) |

(1) Occupied sites include manufactured housing and permanent recreational vehicle sites, and exclude seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

(2) Occupancy % and weighted average rent relates only to manufactured housing sites, and excludes permanent and seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

The growth in income from real property of \$3.9 million was due to a weighted average rental rate increase of 3.8 percent that resulted in increased manufactured home rental income (net of vacancies and rent discounts) of \$2.7 million, increased income from our recreational vehicle portfolio of \$1.0 million and increased miscellaneous other property revenues of \$0.2 million. The \$0.2 million increase in miscellaneous other property revenues can be primarily attributed to revenues from rubbish collection, and water and sewer re-billing.

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The growth in real property operating expenses of \$1.3 million was due to several factors. Legal fees related to delinquency and other property matters increased by \$0.2 million. Property and casualty insurance increased \$0.2 million due to increased reserve estimates for current claims. Utility costs related to water and rubbish removal charges increased \$0.3 million (both of which are re-billed to the resident and correspondingly increased income from real property as mentioned above). Supply and repair costs related to community maintenance decreased by \$0.2 million. This benefit was completely offset by increased other expenses related to administrative costs such as postage, advertising, etc. of \$0.3 million. Real estate taxes increased by \$0.5 million due to increased property assessments.

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS - SAME SITE

The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for particular properties owned and operated for the same period in both years for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. A key management tool the Company uses when evaluating performance and growth of particular properties is a comparison of Same Site communities. At the beginning of every year, the Company establishes certain criteria to define the Same Site property portfolio. The Same Site data may change from time-to-time depending on acquisitions, dispositions, management discretion, significant transactions, or unique situations.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | Change | % Change | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|----------|----------|---|
| | 2007 | 2006 | | | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands) | | | | |
| Income from real property ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 182,826 | \$ 179,342 | \$ 3,484 | 1.9 | % |
| Property operating expenses: | | | | | |
| Payroll and benefits | 14,030 | 14,000 | 30 | 0.2 | % |
| Legal, taxes, & insurance | 3,673 | 3,255 | 418 | 12.8 | % |
| Utilities ⁽¹⁾ | 11,155 | 11,242 | (87) | -0.8 | % |
| Supplies and repair | 6,671 | 6,930 | (259) | -3.7 | % |
| Other | 1,813 | 1,614 | 199 | 12.3 | % |
| Real estate taxes | 16,273 | 15,781 | 492 | 3.1 | % |
| Property operating expenses | 53,615 | 52,822 | 793 | 1.5 | % |
| Real property net operating income | \$ 129,211 | \$ 126,520 | \$ 2,691 | 2.1 | % |

| | Years Ended December 31, | | Change | |
|---|--------------------------|--------|--------|---|
| | 2007 | 2006 | | |
| Statistical Information | | | | |
| Number of properties | 135 | 135 | — | |
| Developed sites | 47,465 | 47,464 | 1 | |
| Occupied sites ⁽²⁾ | 37,733 | 37,879 | (146) |) |
| Occupancy % ⁽³⁾ | 82.4% | 82.7% | -0.3 | % |
| Weighted average monthly rent per site ⁽³⁾ | 382 | 368 | 14 | |
| Sites available for development | 6,090 | 6,315 | (225) |) |

(1) Amounts are reported net of recovery for water and sewer utility expenses.

(2) Occupied sites include manufactured housing and permanent recreational vehicle sites, and exclude seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

(3) Occupancy % and weighted average rent relates only to manufactured housing sites, and excludes permanent and seasonal recreational vehicle sites.

As indicated above this is an analytical measure used by management to determine the growth of our communities on a year over year basis that may have items classified differently than our GAAP statements.

The primary differences between our total portfolio and same site portfolio are the reclassification of water and sewer expense from utilities to income from real property to reflect the recovery net of expenses and the inclusion of 135, rather than 136, Properties in the same site portfolio.

HOME SALES AND RENTALS

As discussed in the "Overview" in "Managements' Discussion and Analysis", the Company acquires repossessed manufactured homes (that are within its communities) from lenders at substantial discounts. The Company leases or sells the value priced homes to current and prospective residents. The Company also purchases new homes to lease and sell to current and prospective residents. The programs the Company has established for its customers to lease or buy new and used homes has resulted in relatively stable occupancy levels and continued NOI growth even as industry conditions have been volatile.

The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for the Company's Rental Program for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|---|
| | 2007 | 2006 | Change | % Change | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands, except for *) | | | | |
| Rental home revenue | \$ 18,840 | \$ 14,849 | \$ 3,991 | 26.9 | % |
| Site rent from Rental Program ⁽¹⁾ | 21,704 | 18,819 | 2,885 | 15.3 | % |
| Rental program revenue | 40,544 | 33,668 | 6,876 | 20.4 | % |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Payroll and commissions | 2,459 | 1,804 | 655 | 36.3 | % |
| Repairs and refurbishment | 6,526 | 4,938 | 1,588 | 32.2 | % |
| Taxes and insurance | 2,366 | 2,506 | (140) | -5.6 | % |
| Marketing and other | 2,479 | 1,679 | 800 | 47.6 | % |
| Rental program operating and maintenance | 13,830 | 10,927 | 2,903 | 26.6 | % |
| Net operating income | \$ 26,714 | \$ 22,741 | \$ 3,973 | 17.5 | % |
| Statistical Information | | | | | |
| Number of occupied rentals, end of period* | 5,328 | 4,576 | 752 | 16.4 | % |
| Investment in occupied rental homes | \$ 161,057 | \$ 135,861 | \$ 25,196 | 18.5 | % |
| Number of sold rental homes* | 363 | 170 | 193 | 113.5 | % |
| Weighted average monthly rental rate* | \$ 718 | \$ 686 | \$ 32 | 4.7 | % |

- (1) The renter's monthly payment includes the site rent and an amount attributable to the leasing of the home. The site rent is reflected in the Real Property Operations segment. For purposes of management analysis, the site rent is included in the Rental Program revenue to evaluate the growth and performance of the Rental Program.

Net operating income from the rental program increased \$4.0 million from \$22.7 million to \$26.7 million, or 17.5 percent as a result of a \$6.9 million increase in revenue partially offset by a \$2.9 million increase in expenses. Revenues increased due to the increase in the number of leased homes in the Company's Rental Program and due to the increase in average rental rates (as indicated in the table above). Commissions increased due an increase in the number of new and renewed leases on which commissions were paid. Total repair and refurbishment costs increased due to an increase in the number of homes in the program. However, the average refurbishment cost per move out (costs incurred to prepare a previously leased home for a new occupant) declined by 2.4 percent from \$1,644 in 2006 to \$1,605 in 2008. Generally taxes increase as the number of homes in the rental program increase, however, taxes declined in 2007 due to successful appeals of personal property tax assessments. Marketing and other costs increased primarily due to an increase in bad debt expense of \$0.6 million and an increase in utility and other expenses of \$0.2 million.

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The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for the Company's Home Sales program for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

| | Years Ended December 31, | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|------------|----------|---|
| | 2007 | 2006 | Change | % Change | |
| Financial Information | (in thousands, except for statistical information) | | | | |
| New home sales | \$ 6,056 | \$ 10,626 | \$ (4,570) |) -43.0 | % |
| Pre-owned home sales | 16,849 | 9,618 | 7,231 | 75.2 | % |
| Revenue from homes sales | 22,905 | 20,244 | 2,661 | 13.1 | % |
| New home cost of sales | 4,928 | 7,994 | (3,066) |) -38.4 | % |
| Pre-owned home cost of sales | 13,253 | 7,706 | 5,547 | 72.0 | % |
| Cost of home sales | 18,181 | 15,700 | 2,481 | 15.8 | % |
| Net operating income / Gross Profit | \$ 4,724 | \$ 4,544 | \$ 180 | 4.0 | % |
| Gross profit – new homes | \$ 1,128 | \$ 2,632 | \$ (1,504) |) -57.1 | % |
| Gross margin % – new homes | 18.6 | % 24.8 | % | -6.2 | % |
| Gross profit – pre-owned homes | \$ 3,596 | \$ 1,912 | \$ 1,684 | 88.1 | % |
| Gross margin % – pre-owned homes | 21.3 | % 19.9 | % | 1.4 | % |
| Statistical Information | | | | | |
| Home sales volume: | | | | | |
| New home sales | 76 | 121 | (45) |) -37.2 | % |
| Pre-owned home sales | 636 | 371 | 265 | 71.4 | % |
| Total homes sold | 712 | 492 | 220 | 44.7 | % |

Gross profit from home sales increased by \$0.2 million, or 4.0 percent. Gross profit from pre-owned home sales increased by \$1.7 million while gross profit from new home sales declined by \$1.5 million.

Pre-owned home sales include the sale of homes that have been utilized in the Company's rental program. The cost basis of a rental home is depreciated and therefore, the gross profit margin on the sale of these homes increases the longer the home has been in the rental program. An increase in the volume of rental home sales is the primary reason for the overall increase in pre-owned home sales and therefore the principal contributor to the increase in gross profit on pre-owned home sales.

The decline in new home sales profit was due to a 37.2 percent decline in sales volume and a 9.3 percent decline in average selling price primarily in our Florida market.

OTHER INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS

Other revenues include other income (loss), interest income, and ancillary revenues, net. Other revenues decreased by \$2.4 million, from \$5.2 million to \$2.8 million, or 46.2 percent, due to decreased brokerage commissions of \$0.4 million, decreased interest income of \$0.8 million due

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to repayment in March 2007 on a \$13.5 million mortgage note receivable, increased losses realized on dispositions of assets and land of \$0.6 million, reduced income realized on a one-time gain in 2006 from a lawsuit settlement of \$0.4 million, and other reductions to other income of \$0.2 million.

General and administrative costs decreased by \$2.2 million, from \$22.9 million to \$20.7 million, or 9.6 percent due to reduced deferred compensation costs of \$2.1 million, and reduced consulting fees of \$0.3 million offset by increased salary and benefit costs of \$0.2 million. The reduction in deferred compensation relates to the reversal of performance-based restricted and phantom stock award charges when the Company determined that it was improbable that the performance criteria would be achieved.

Depreciation and amortization costs increased by \$2.2 million, from \$60.3 million to \$62.5 million, or 3.6 percent due to primarily due to the additional homes added to the Company's investment property for use in the Company's Rental Program.

Debt extinguishment costs include defeasance fees and other costs of \$0.5 million associated with extinguishing \$45.0 million of secured notes. Deferred financing costs of \$0.2 million related to this debt were expensed in 2006.

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Interest expense increased by \$0.4 million, from \$65.1 million to \$65.5 million, or 0.6 percent due to increased interest rates charged on variable rate debt.

Equity losses from affiliates decreased by \$8.6 million, from \$16.6 million to \$8.0 million, or 51.8 percent due to decreased other than temporary impairment charges of \$16.1 million, offset by an increase of \$7.5 million in the Company's share of Origen's reported loss.

Provision for state income taxes was \$0.8 million in 2007 due to changes in Michigan and Texas state income tax laws. There was no provision for state income taxes in 2006.

Minority interest changed by \$1.1 million, from income of \$3.2 million to \$2.1 million due to a decrease in the Company's reported loss, resulting in a decrease in the amount allocated to the minority interest partners.

The following is a summary of the Company's consolidated financial results which were discussed in more detail in the preceding paragraphs:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| | (in thousands) | | |
| Revenues | \$ 248,216 | \$ 233,172 | \$ 222,628 |
| Operating expenses/Cost of sales | 106,344 | 97,270 | 90,612 |
| Net operating income/ Gross profit | 141,872 | 135,902 | 132,016 |
| Adjustments to arrive at net loss: | | | |
| Other revenues | 6,831 | 2,784 | 5,150 |
| General and administrative | (23,152) | (20,703) | (22,950) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (64,998) | (62,478) | (60,300) |
| Asset impairment charges | (13,171) | — | — |
| Fees and other costs associated with extinguishment of debt | — | — | (720) |
| Interest expense | (64,157) | (65,540) | (65,118) |
| Provision for state income tax | (336) | (768) | — |
| Equity loss from affiliates | (16,498) | (7,969) | (16,583) |
| Minority interest | (839) | 2,129 | 3,248 |
| Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | (34,448) | (16,643) | (25,257) |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | — | — | 289 |
| Net loss | \$ (34,448) | \$ (16,643) | \$ (24,968) |

The Company provides information regarding FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance. FFO is defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") as net income (computed in accordance GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, plus real estate-related depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Due to the variety among owners of identical assets in similar condition (based on historical cost accounting and useful life estimates), the Company believes excluding gains and losses related to sales of previously depreciated operating real estate assets, and excluding real estate asset depreciation and amortization, provides a better indicator of the Company's operating performance. FFO is a useful supplemental measure of the Company's operating performance because it reflects the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs, providing perspective not readily apparent from net income. Management, the investment community and banking institutions

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routinely use FFO, together with other measures, to measure operating performance in our industry. Further, management uses FFO for planning and forecasting future periods.

Because FFO excludes significant economic components of net income including depreciation and amortization, FFO should be used as an adjunct to net income and not as an alternative to net income. The principal limitation of FFO is that it does not represent cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP and is a supplemental measure of performance that does not replace net income as a measure of performance or net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of liquidity. In addition, FFO is not intended as a measure of a REIT's ability to meet debt principal repayments and other cash requirements, nor as a measure of working capital. FFO only provides investors with an additional performance measure. Other REITS may use different methods for calculating FFO and, accordingly, the Company's FFO may not be comparable to other REITS.

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The following table reconciles net loss to FFO and calculates FFO data for both basic and diluted purposes for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 (in thousands):

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

RECONCILIATION OF NET LOSS TO FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

(Amounts in thousands, except for per share/OP unit amounts)

| | 2008 | | 2007 | | 2006 |
|---|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------------|
| Net loss | \$(34,448 |)(1) | \$(16,643 |)(1) | \$(24,968) (1) |
| Adjustments: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 66,892 | | 64,615 | | 62,837 |
| Valuation adjustment (2) | — | | (248) | | (280) |
| Provision (benefit) for state income tax (3) | (402) | | 585 | | — |
| (Gain) loss on disposition of assets, net | (3,044) | | (741) | | 219 |
| Gain on sale of undeveloped land | (3,336) | | — | | — |
| Minority interest distribution (loss allocation) | 839 | | (2,129) | | (3,248) |
| Funds from operations (FFO) | \$26,501 | | \$45,439 | | \$34,560 |
| Weighted average common shares/OP Units outstanding: | | | | | |
| Basic | 20,463 | | 20,240 | | 19,958 |
| Diluted | 20,508 | | 20,346 | | 20,129 |
| FFO per weighted average Common Share/OP Unit - Basic | \$1.30 | | \$2.25 | | \$1.74 |
| FFO per weighted average Common Share/OP Unit - Diluted | \$1.29 | | \$2.24 | | \$1.72 |

- (1) Net loss for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 included reductions to the carrying value of the Company's investment in affiliate (Origen) of \$9.6 million, \$1.9 million and \$18.0 million, respectively. Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2008 also included equity loss from affiliate (Origen) of \$6.5 million, non-cash asset impairment charges of \$13.1 million and severance charges related to the retirement of one of the Company's officers of \$0.9 million. The table below is adjusted to exclude the above mentioned amounts:

| | 2008 | | 2007 | | 2006 |
|--|------------|------|------------|------|-------------|
| Net loss as reported | \$(34,448 |)(1) | \$(16,643 |)(1) | \$(24,968) |
| Equity loss/impairments from affiliate adjustment | 16,470 | | 9,829 | | 18,000 |
| Asset impairment charge | 13,171 | | — | | — |
| Severance expense | 888 | | — | | — |
| Adjustment to loss allocated to common minority interest | (1,514) | | (1,113) | | (2,065) |
| Adjusted net loss | \$(5,433) | | \$(7,927) | | \$(9,033) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 66,892 | | 64,615 | | 62,837 |
| Valuation adjustment (2) | — | | (248) | | (280) |
| Gain on sale of undeveloped land | (3,336) | | — | | — |
| (Gain) loss on disposition of assets, net | (3,044) | | (741) | | 219 |
| Provision (benefit) for state income tax (3) | (402) | | 585 | | — |
| Minority interest distribution (loss allocation) | 2,353 | | (1,016) | | (1,183) |
| Adjusted Funds from operations (FFO) | \$57,030 | | \$55,268 | | \$52,560 |

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| | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Adjusted FFO per weighted avg. Common Share/OP Unit - Diluted | \$2.78 | \$2.72 | \$2.61 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|

- (2) The Company had an interest rate swap, which matured in July 2007, which was not eligible for hedge accounting. Accordingly, the valuation adjustment (the theoretical non-cash profit or loss if the swap contract were to be terminated at the balance sheet date) was recorded in interest expense. If held to maturity the net cumulative valuation adjustment would approximate zero. The Company had no intention of terminating the swap prior to maturity and therefore excluded the valuation adjustment from FFO so as not to distort this comparative measure.

- (3) The tax provision for the year ended December 31, 2007 represents potential taxes payable on the sale of company assets related to the enactment of the Michigan Business Tax. These taxes do not impact Funds from Operations and would be payable from prospective proceeds of such sales. The tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2008 represents the reversal of this tax provision.

INFLATION

Most of the leases allow for periodic rent increases which provide the Company with the opportunity to achieve increases in rental income as each lease expires. Such types of leases generally minimize the risk of inflation to the Company.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's principal liquidity demands have historically been, and are expected to continue to be, distributions to the Company's stockholders and the unitholders of the Operating Partnership, capital improvements of properties, the purchase of new and pre-owned homes, property acquisitions, development and expansion of properties, and debt repayment.

The Company expects to meet its short-term liquidity requirements through its working capital provided by operating activities and through borrowings on its line of credit. The Company considers these resources to be adequate to meet all operating requirements, including recurring capital improvements, routinely amortizing debt and other normally recurring expenditures of a capital nature, payment of dividends to its stockholders to maintain qualification as a REIT in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code and payment of distributions to the Operating Partnership's unitholders. Due to the limited amount of taxable income that the Company has reported for the past few years, dividend payments to shareholders have been largely discretionary rather than required to maintain qualification as a REIT.

From time to time, the Company evaluates acquisition opportunities that meet the Company's criteria for acquisition. Should such investment opportunities arise in 2009, the Company will finance the acquisitions through secured financing, the assumption of existing debt on the properties or the issuance of certain equity securities. The difficulty in obtaining financing in the current credit markets may make the acquisition of properties unlikely.

The Company has invested approximately \$25.6 million related to the acquisition of homes intended for its rental program during the year ended December 31, 2008. Expenditures for 2009 will be dependent upon the condition of the markets for repossessions and new home sales, as well as rental homes. The Company had a \$40.0 million floor plan line of credit which matured on March 1, 2009. It was replaced by a \$10.0 million floor plan facility. The Company's ability to purchase homes for sale or rent may be limited by cash received from third party financing of its home sales, available floor plan financing and working capital available on its unsecured line of credit.

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$0.8 million from \$5.4 million at December 31, 2007, to \$6.2 million at December 31, 2008. Net cash provided by operating activities decreased by \$8.9 million to \$43.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, from \$52.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2007.

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The Company's net cash flows provided by operating activities may be adversely impacted by, among other things: (a) the market and economic conditions in the Company's current markets generally, and specifically in metropolitan areas of the Company's current markets; (b) lower occupancy and rental rates of the Company's properties (the "Properties"); (c) increased operating costs, such as wage and benefit costs, insurance premiums, real estate taxes and utilities, that cannot be passed on to the Company's tenants; (d) decreased sales of manufactured homes and (e) current volatility in economic conditions and the financial markets. See "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008

The Company has an unsecured revolving line of credit facility with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$115.0 million, subject to certain borrowing base calculations. The outstanding balance on the line of credit at December 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$85.8 million and \$85.4 million, respectively. In addition, \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million of availability was used to back standby letters of credit as of December 31, 2008 and 2007. Borrowings under the line of credit bear an interest rate of LIBOR plus 165 basis points, or Prime plus 40 basis points. The Company has the option to borrow at either rate. The weighted average interest rate on the outstanding borrowings was 2.66 percent as of December 31, 2008. The borrowings under the line of credit mature October 1, 2011, assuming an election of a one-year extension that is available at the Company's discretion. As of December 31, 2008, \$25.9 million was available to be drawn under the facility based on the calculation of the borrowing base. During 2008, the highest balance on the line of credit was \$97.1 million leaving \$14.5 million of available credit during this peak period. Although the unsecured revolving line of credit is a committed facility, the financial failure of one or more of the participating financial institutions may reduce the amount of available credit for use by the Company. During 2008, two of the participating banks in the Company's line of credit faced financial difficulties and were purchased by other banks. No disruption in the Company's availability of credit occurred.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES, continued:

The line of credit facility contains various leverage, debt service coverage, net worth maintenance and other customary covenants all of which the Company was in compliance with as of December 31, 2008. The most limiting covenants contained in the line of credit are the distribution coverage and debt service coverage ratios. The distribution coverage covenant requires that distributions be no more than 92 percent of the Company's funds from operations. The debt service coverage covenant requires a minimum ratio of 1.45:1. As of December 31, 2008, the distribution coverage was 82.61 percent and the debt service coverage was 1.72:1.

The sub-prime credit crisis and ensuing decline in credit availability have caused turmoil in US and foreign markets. Many industries with no direct involvement with sub-prime lending, securitizations, home building or mortgages have suffered share price declines as economic uncertainty has derailed investor confidence. While many of the fundamentals of the Company, and manufactured housing industry, have been improving over recent years, the Company's share price has suffered. For the Company, the most relevant consequence of this financial turmoil is the uncertainty of the availability of new secured credit, floor plan financing, credit for refinancing properties and the limited credit availability on its current unsecured line of credit. The Company believes this risk is somewhat mitigated because the Company has adequate working capital provided by operating activities as noted above and the Company has only limited debt maturities until July 2011. Specifically, the Company's debt maturities (excluding normal amortization payments and assuming the election of certain extension provisions which are at the discretion of the Company) for 2009 through 2011 are as follows:

| | |
|------|---|
| 2009 | \$12.2 million and any balance outstanding on the floor plan facility |
| 2010 | \$0.8 million |
| 2011 | \$103.7 million and any balance outstanding on the unsecured line of credit |

The Company anticipates meeting its long-term liquidity requirements, such as scheduled debt maturities, large property acquisitions, and Operating Partnership unit redemptions through the collateralization of its properties. The Company currently has 31 unencumbered Properties with an estimated market value of \$206.7 million, 28 of which support the borrowing base for the Company's \$115.0 million unsecured line of credit. As of December 31, 2008, the borrowing base was in excess of \$115.0 million by \$9.4 million, which would allow the Company to remove properties from the borrowing base at its discretion for collateralization. From time to time, the Company may also issue shares of its capital stock or preferred stock, issue equity units in the Operating Partnership or sell selected assets. The ability of the Company to finance its long-term liquidity requirements in such a manner will be affected by numerous economic factors affecting the manufactured housing community industry at the time, including the availability and cost of mortgage debt, the financial condition of the Company, the operating history of the Properties, the state of the debt and equity markets, and the general national, regional and local economic conditions. If it were to become necessary for the Company to approach the credit markets, the current volatility in the credit markets could make borrowing more difficult to secure and more expensive. See "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. If the Company is unable to obtain additional debt or equity financing on acceptable terms, the Company's business, results of operations and financial condition would be adversely impacted.

The Company's primary long-term liquidity needs are principal payments on outstanding indebtedness. At December 31, 2008, the Company's outstanding contractual obligations, including interest expense, were as follows:

| Contractual Cash Obligations | Total Due | Payments Due By Period | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| | | (In thousands) | | | |
| | | 1 year | 2-3 years | 4-5 years | After 5 years |
| Collateralized term loan - FNMA | \$ 377,651 | \$ 4,150 | \$ 8,920 | \$ 9,795 | \$ 354,786 |

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| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| Collateralized term loan - B of A | 478,907 | 7,608 | 119,156 | 13,891 | 338,252 |
| Mortgage notes, other | 206,936 | 11,955 | 2,607 | 43,553 | 148,821 |
| Lines of credit | 90,419 | 4,619 | 85,800 | — | — |
| Redeemable preferred OP units | 49,447 | 970 | 825 | 7,645 | 40,007 |
| Secured debt | 26,211 | 1,116 | 2,565 | 2,986 | 19,544 |
| Total principal payments | 1,229,571 | 30,418 | 219,873 | 77,870 | 901,410 |
| Interest expense ⁽¹⁾ | 350,824 | 62,491 | 118,449 | 101,691 | 68,193 |
| Operating leases | 4,662 | 666 | 1,332 | 1,332 | 1,332 |
| Total contractual obligations | \$ 1,585,057 | \$ 93,575 | \$ 339,654 | \$ 180,893 | \$ 970,935 |

⁽¹⁾ The Company's contractual cash obligation related to interest expense is calculated based on the current debt levels, rates and maturities as of December 31, 2008, and actual payments required in future periods may be different than the amounts included above.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES, continued:

As of December 31, 2008, the Company's debt to total market capitalization approximated 80.9 percent (assuming conversion of all Common Operating Partnership Units to shares of common stock). The debt has a weighted average maturity of approximately 5.7 years and a weighted average interest rate of 5.06 percent.

Capital expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 included recurring capital expenditures of \$7.7 million and \$7.3 million, respectively. The Company is committed to the continued upkeep of its Properties and therefore does not expect a significant decline in this recurring capital expenditure during 2009.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$31.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to \$23.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. The difference is due to a \$12.1 million decrease in cash received from the payoff of notes receivable, increased investment in property of \$1.2 million and an investment in a new affiliate of \$0.5 million, offset by an increase in proceeds from the sale of vacant land and other assets of \$5.7 million.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$11.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2008, compared to \$26.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2007. The difference is due to a \$14.7 million increase in proceeds received from issuances of debt, a \$5.4 million increase in net borrowings on lines of credit, a \$4.5 million decrease in payments to retire preferred operating partnership units, and a decrease in payments for deferred financing costs of \$0.5 million; offset by an increase in repayments on notes payable and other debt of \$3.6 million, and increased distributions of \$5.8 million, and an increase in funds used for the redemption of common stock and Operating Partnership Units of \$0.2 million.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The Company's principal market risk exposure is interest rate risk. The Company mitigates this risk by maintaining prudent amounts of leverage, minimizing capital costs and interest expense while continuously evaluating all available debt and equity resources and following established risk management policies and procedures, which include the periodic use of derivatives. The Company's primary strategy in entering into derivative contracts is to minimize the variability that changes in interest rates could have on its future cash flows. The Company generally employs derivative instruments that effectively convert a portion of its variable rate debt to fixed rate debt. The Company does not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

The Company had entered into three separate interest rate swap agreements and an interest rate cap agreement. One of the swap agreements fixes \$25.0 million of variable rate borrowings at 4.84 percent through July 2009, another of the swap agreements fixes \$25.0 million of variable rate borrowings at 5.28 percent through July 2012 and the third swap agreement, which matured in July 2007, had a notional amount of \$25.0 million and an effective fixed rate of 3.88 percent. The interest rate cap agreement has a cap rate of 9.9 percent, a notional amount of \$152.4 million and a termination date of April 28, 2009. Each of the Company's current derivative contracts is based upon 90-day LIBOR. In addition, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement in December 2008 that becomes effective January 2, 2009. The new swap agreement fixes \$20.0 million of variable rate borrowings at 2.73 percent through January 2014 and is based upon 90-day LIBOR. The Company also entered into an interest rate swap agreement in February 2009 that is effective February 13, 2009. The new swap agreement fixes \$25.0 million of variable rate borrowing at 3.62 percent through February 2011 and is based upon 30-day LIBOR.

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The Company's remaining variable rate debt totals \$241.4 million and \$209.6 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, which bears interest at Prime, various LIBOR or Fannie Mae Discounted Mortgage Backed Securities ("DMBS") rates. If Prime, LIBOR, or DMBS increased or decreased by 1.0 percent during the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company believes its interest expense would have increased or decreased by approximately \$2.2 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, based on the \$221.7 million and \$173.8 million average balance outstanding under the Company's variable rate debt facilities for the year ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. A portion of the Company's variable debt is floating on Fannie Mae's discount mortgage-backed securities rate ("DMBS"). If Fannie Mae is unable to sell this security in the market, Fannie Mae will hold the paper but may charge a higher rate than the prior market rate resulting in higher interest expense.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Financial statements and supplementary data are filed herewith under Item 15.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures as defined in the rules promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Gary A. Shiffman, and Chief Financial Officer, Karen J. Dearing, the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2008. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2008, to ensure that information the Company is required to disclose in its filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Design and Evaluation of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Company has included a report of management's assessment of the design and effectiveness of its internal controls as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. The Company's independent registered public accounting firm also attested to, and reported on, the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Management's report and the independent registered public accounting firm's attestation report are included in the Company's 2008 financial statements under the captions entitled "Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting" and "Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm".

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period ended December 31, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by this item may be filed as an amendment to the Form 10-K or will be presented in the Company's proxy statement for its 2009 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this item may be filed as an amendment to the Form 10-K or will be presented in the Company's proxy statement for its 2009 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this item may be filed as an amendment to the Form 10-K or will be presented in the Company's proxy statement for its 2009 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this item may be filed as an amendment to the Form 10-K or will be presented in the Company's proxy statement for its 2009 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporate herein by reference.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this item may be filed as an amendment to the Form 10-K or will be presented in the Company's proxy statement for its 2009 annual meeting of stockholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The following documents are filed herewith as part of this Form 10-K:

1. Financial Statements.

A list of the financial statements required to be filed as a part of this Form 10-K is shown in the “Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules” filed herewith.

2. Financial Schedules

A list of the financial statement schedules required to be filed as a part of this Form 10-K is shown in the “Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules” filed herewith.

3. Exhibits.

A list of the exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K to be filed as a part of this Form 10-K is shown on the “Exhibit Index” filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: March 13, 2009

By /s/ Gary A. Shiffman
Gary A. Shiffman
Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Annual Report on Form 10-K has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

| | Name | Capacity | Date |
|-----|---|--|----------------|
| /s/ | Gary A. Shiffman Gary A. Shiffman | Chief Executive Officer, President and Chairman of the Board of Directors | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Karen J. Dearing Karen J. Dearing | Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer, Secretary and Principal Accounting Officer | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Paul D. Lapides Paul D. Lapides | Director | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Ted J. Simon Ted J. Simon | Director | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Clunet R. Lewis Clunet R. Lewis | Director | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Ronald L. Piasecki Ronald L. Piasecki | Director | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Arthur A. Weiss Arthur A. Weiss | Director | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Robert H. Naftaly Robert H. Naftaly | Director | March 13, 2009 |
| /s/ | Stephanie W. Bergeron Stephanie W. Bergeron | Director | March 13, 2009 |

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EXHIBIT INDEX

| Exhibit | | Method of |
|---------|---|-----------|
| Number | Description | Filing |
| 2.1 | Form of Sun Communities, Inc.'s Common Stock Certificate | (1) |
| 3.1 | Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Sun Communities, Inc | (1) |
| 3.2 | Bylaws of Sun Communities, Inc. | (2) |
| 3.3 | Articles Supplementary, dated October 16, 2006 | (19) |
| 3.4 | Amendment to Bylaws, dated October 16, 2006 | (19) |
| 3.5 | Amendment to Bylaws, dated October 29, 2007 | (24) |
| 4.1 | Articles Supplementary of Board of Directors of Sun Communities, Inc. Designating a Series of Preferred Stock and Fixing Distribution and other Rights in such Series | (29) |
| 4.2 | Articles Supplementary of Board of Directors of Sun Communities, Inc. Designating a Series of Preferred Stock | (10) |
| 4.3 | Rights Agreement, dated as of June 2, 2008, between Sun Communities, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. as Rights Agent | (29) |
| 10.1 | Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership | (6) |
| 10.2 | Second Amended and Restated 1993 Stock Option Plan | (9) |
| 10.3 | Amended and Restated 1993 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan | (4) |
| 10.4 | Form of Stock Option Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and certain directors, officers and other individuals# | (1) |
| 10.5 | Form of Non-Employee Director Stock Option Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and certain directors# | (4) |
| 10.6 | 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan# | (25) |
| 10.7 | Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement# | (18) |
| 10.8 | Stock Pledge Agreement between Gary A. Shiffman and the Operating Partnership for 94,570 shares of Common Stock | (5) |
| 10.9 | Stock Pledge Agreement between Gary A. Shiffman and the Operating Partnership for 305,430 shares of Common Stock | (5) |
| 10.10 | Stock Pledge Agreement between Gary A. Shiffman and the Operating Partnership with respect to 80,000 shares of Common Stock | (7) |
| 10.11 | Employment Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Gary A. Shiffman, dated as of January 1, 2005# | (16) |
| 10.12 | Employment Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Jeffrey P. Jorissen, dated as of January 1, 2005# | (16) |
| 10.13 | Employment Agreement by and between Brian W. Fannon and Sun Communities, Inc., dated as of January 1, 2005# | (16) |
| 10.14 | First Amendment to Employment Agreement by and between Brian W. Fannon and Sun Communities, Inc. dated December 30, 2007 # | (26) |
| 10.15 | Second Amendment to Employment Agreement by and between Brian W. Fannon and Sun Communities, Inc. dated March 17, 2008# | (28) |
| 10.16 | Retirement from Employment and Release, dated July 10, 2008 by and among Sun Communities, Inc. and Brian W. Fannon# | (32) |
| 10.17 | Employment Agreement by and between John B. McLaren and Sun Communities, Inc. dated February 5, 2008# | (27) |
| 10.18 | Employment Agreement by and between Karen J. Dearing and Sun Communities, Inc. dated February 5, 2008# | (27) |
| 10.19 | Long Term Incentive Plan | (7) |
| 10.20 | Sun Communities, Inc. 1998 Stock Purchase Plan# | (8) |
| 10.21 | One Hundred Third Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership | (10) |
| 10.22 | One Hundred Eleventh Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership | (11) |
| 10.23 | One Hundred Thirty-Sixth Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership | (11) |
| 10.24 | One Hundred Forty-Fifth Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership | (11) |
| 10.25 | One Hundred Seventy-Second Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership | (18) |
| 10.26 | Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Gary A. Shiffman, dated May 10, 2004# | (18) |
| 10.27 | First Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc., and Gary A. Shiffman# | (18) |

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| 10.28 | Second Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Gary A. Shiffman# | (26) |
| 10.29 | Third Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Gary A. Shiffman# | (28) |
| 10.30 | Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Jeffrey P. Jorissen, dated May 10, 2004# | (18) |
| 10.31 | First Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Jeffrey P. Jorissen# | (18) |

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| 10.32 | Second Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Jeffrey P. Jorissen # | (26) |
| 10.33 | Third Amendment to Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Jeffrey P. Jorissen# | (28) |
| 10.34 | Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and John B. McLaren, dated February 5, 2008# | (27) |
| 10.35 | Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Karen J. Dearing, dated February 5, 2008# | (27) |
| 10.36 | Form of Loan Agreement dated June 9, 2004 by and among Sun Candlewick LLC, Sun Silver Star LLC and Aspen-Holland Estates, LLC, as Borrowers, and Bank of America, N.A., as Lender | (14) |
| 10.37 | Schedule identifying substantially identical agreements to Exhibit 10.33 | (14) |
| 10.38 | Form of Loan Agreement dated June 9, 2004 by and between Sun Pool 8 LLC, as Borrower, and Bank of America, N.A., as Lender | (14) |
| 10.39 | Schedule identifying substantially identical agreements to Exhibit 10.35 | (14) |
| 10.40 | Form of Loan Agreement dated June 9, 2004 by and between Sun Continental Estates LLC as Borrower, and Bank of America, N.A., as Lender | (14) |
| 10.41 | Schedule identifying substantially identical agreements to Exhibit 10.37 | (14) |
| 10.42 | Form of Loan Agreement dated June 9, 2004 by and between Sun Indian Creek LLC, as Borrower, and Bank of America, N.A., as Lender | (14) |
| 10.43 | Schedule identifying substantially identical agreements to Exhibit 10.39 | (14) |
| 10.44 | Amended And Restated Master Credit Facility Agreement dated April 28, 2004 by and among Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance, LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC, Sun Saddle Oak LLC, as Borrowers, and Arcs Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., as Lender | (14) |
| 10.45 | Appendix I (definitions) to Amended And Restated Master Credit Facility Agreement dated April 28, 2004 by and among Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance, LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC, Sun Saddle Oak LLC, as Borrowers, and Arcs Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., as Lender | (14) |
| 10.46 | Fixed Facility Note dated April 5, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen – Ft. Collins Limited Partnership and Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, in favor of Arcs Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$77,362,500 | (14) |
| 10.47 | Fixed Facility Note dated April 28, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Aspen – Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC and Sun Saddle Oak LLC, in favor of Arcs Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$100,000,000 | (14) |
| 10.48 | Variable Facility Note dated April 28, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Aspen – Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC and Sun Saddle Oak LLC, in favor of Arcs Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$60,275,000 | (14) |
| 10.49 | Fourth Amended and Restated Variable Facility Note dated April 28, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Aspen – Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC and Sun Saddle Oak LLC, in favor of Arcs Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$152,362,500 | (14) |
| 10.50 | Credit Agreement, dated September 30, 2004, among the Company, the Operating Partnership, Standard Federal Bank National Association, LaSalle Bank National Association and other lenders | (15) |
| 10.51 | Second Amended and Restated Promissory Note (Secured), dated as of July 15, 2002, made by Gary A. Shiffman in favor of the Operating Partnership | (12) |
| 10.52 | First Amended and Restated Promissory Note (Unsecured), dated as of July 15, 2002, made by Gary A. Shiffman in favor of the Operating Partnership | (12) |
| 10.53 | First Amended and Restated Promissory Note (Secured), dated as of July 15, 2002, made by Gary A. Shiffman in favor of the Operating Partnership | (12) |
| 10.54 | Second Amended and Restated Promissory Note (Unsecured), dated as of July 15, 2002, made by Gary A. Shiffman in favor of the Operating Partnership | (12) |
| 10.55 | Second Amended and Restated Promissory Note (Secured), dated as of July 15, 2002, made by Gary A. Shiffman in favor of the Operating Partnership | (12) |
| 10.56 | Lease, dated November 1, 2002, by and between the Operating Partnership as Tenant and American Center LLC as Landlord | (13) |
| 10.57 | Concurrent Private Placement Agreement dated October 8, 2003 among Sun OFI, Inc., Origen Financial, Inc., and the Purchasers (as defined therein) | (17) |
| 10.58 | Registration Rights Agreement dated as of October 8, 2003 among Sun OFI, Inc., Origen Financial, Inc., Lehman Brothers Inc., on behalf of itself and as agent for the investors listed on Schedule A thereto and those persons listed on Schedule B thereto | (17) |
| 10.59 | Agreement for Wholesale Financing, dated March 1, 2006, by and between Sun Home Services, Inc. and Textron Financial Corporation | (20) |
| 10.60 | | (21) |

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10.61 Promissory Note dated July 10, 2006 made by Sun Villa MHC LLC in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$18,300,000

Promissory Note dated July 10, 2006 made by Sun Countryside Atlanta LLC in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$12,950,000 (21)

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| 10.62 | Deed of Trust, Assignment of Rents, Security Agreement and Fixture Filing, dated July 10, 2006, made by Sun Villa MHC LLC in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P. | (21) |
| 10.63 | Deed to Secure Debt and Security Agreement dated July 10, 2006 made by Sun Countryside Atlanta LLC in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P. | (21) |
| 10.64 | Promissory Note dated August 1, 2006 made by Sun Countryside Lake Lanier LLC in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$16,850,000 | (22) |
| 10.65 | Deed to Secured Debt and Security Agreement dated August 1, 2006 made by Sun Countryside Lake Lanier LLC in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P. | (22) |
| 10.66 | Future Advance, Renewal and Consolidation Promissory Note dated November 15, 2006 made by Miami Lakes Venture Associates in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB in the original principal amount of \$54,000,000 | (22) |
| 10.67 | Notice of Future Advance, Mortgage Modification, Extension and Spreader Agreement and Security Agreement dated November 15, 2006 made by Miami Lakes Venture Associates in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB | (22) |
| 10.68 | Promissory Note dated January 4, 2007 made by High Point Associates, L.P., in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB in the original principal amount of \$17,500,000 | (22) |
| 10.69 | Mortgage and Security Agreement dated January 4, 2007 made by High Point Associates, L.P., in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB | (22) |
| 10.70 | Promissory Note dated January 5, 2007 made by Sea Breeze Limited Partnership in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB in the original principal amount of \$20,000,000 | (22) |
| 10.71 | Mortgage and Security Agreement dated January 5, 2007 made by Sea Breeze Limited Partnership in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB | (22) |
| 10.72 | First Amendment to Amended and Restated Master Credit Facility Agreement dated May 31, 2007 by and among (i) Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen-Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance, LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC and Sun Saddle Oak LLC, and (ii) ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P. | (23) |
| 10.73 | Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement dated June 1, 2007 by and among Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, Sun Communities, Inc., LaSalle Bank Midwest National Association, the Huntington National Bank, KeyBank National Association, National City Bank of the Midwest and Sovereign Bank | (23) |
| 10.74 | Loan Agreement, dated as of June 20, 2008, by and among Apple Orchard, L.L.C.; Sun Lakeview LLC; and Sun Tampa East, LLC, and LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.75 | Open-End Mortgage, dated as of June 20, 2008, executed by Apple Orchard, L.L.C., to and for the benefit of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.76 | Commercial Mortgage, dated as of June 20, 2008, executed by Sun Lakeview LLC to and for the benefit of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.77 | Commercial Mortgage, dated as of June 20, 2008, executed by Sun Tampa East, LLC to and for the benefit of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.78 | Promissory Note, dated June 20, 2008, in the principal amount of Twenty Seven Million and 00/100 Dollars (\$27,000,000.00), by Apple Orchard, L.L.C.; Sun Lakeview LLC; and Sun Tampa East, LLC, in favor of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.79 | Continuing Unconditional Guaranty, dated as of June 20, 2008, executed by Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership to and for the benefit of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.80 | Form and Example of: Environmental Indemnity Agreement, dated as of June 20, 2008, executed by Apple Orchard, L.L.C. and Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership to and for the benefit of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.81 | Form and Example of: Assignment of Leases and Rents, dated as of June 20, 2008, executed by Apple Orchard, L.L.C. to and for the benefit of LASALLE BANK MIDWEST NATIONAL ASSOCIATION | (30) |
| 10.82 | Agreement for Purchase and Sale, dated as of July 1, 2008, by and between Sun Communities, Inc., Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, and 21 st Mortgage Corporation | (31) |
| 10.83 | Inventory Security Agreement and Power of Attorney dated as of March 6, 2009, executed by and between Sun Home Services, Inc. and 21 st MORTGAGE CORPORATION | (33) |
| 10.84 | Terms Schedule dated as of March 6, 2009, executed by and between Sun Home Services, Inc. and 21 st MORTGAGE CORPORATION | (33) |
| 10.85 | Guaranty, dated as of March 6, 2009, executed by Sun Communities, Inc. to and for the benefit of 21 st MORTGAGE CORPORATION | (33) |
| 21.1 | List of Subsidiaries of Sun Communities, Inc. | (34) |
| 23.1 | Consent of Grant Thornton LLP | (34) |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | (34) |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | (34) |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | (34) |

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- (1) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement No. 33-69340
- (2) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated April 24, 1996
- (4) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement No. 33-80972
- (5) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-K for the quarter ended September 30, 1995
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996
- (7) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Proxy Statement, dated April 20, 1999
- (10) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 14, 1999
- (11) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001
- (12) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2002
- (13) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002, as amended
- (14) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004
- (15) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2004
- (16) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 23, 2005
- (17) Incorporated by reference to Origen Financial, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-11, No. 333-112516
- (18) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004
- (19) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 19, 2006

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- (20) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006
 - (21) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2006
 - (22) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
 - (23) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007
 - (24) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 30, 2007
 - (25) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Proxy Statement dated April 20, 2004
 - (26) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 4, 2008
 - (27) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 7, 2008
 - (28) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 19, 2008
 - (29) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-A dated June 3, 2008
 - (30) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 26, 2008
 - (31) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 7, 2008
 - (32) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 15, 2008
 - (33) Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 12, 2009
 - (34) Filed herewith
- # Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

INDEX TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE

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| <u>Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u> Financial Statements: | <u>F-3 – F-4</u> |
| <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2008 and 2007</u> <u>Consolidated Statements of Operations</u> | <u>F-5</u> |
| <u>for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006</u> <u>Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Loss</u> | <u>F-6</u> |
| <u>for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006</u> <u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u> | <u>F-7</u> |
| <u>for the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006</u> <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u> <u>Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation</u> | <u>F-8</u> <u>F-9 – F-33</u> <u>F-34 – F-38</u> |

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- provide reasonable assurance that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of the Company; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations and can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. Even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008. In making this assessment, management used the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting set forth in "Internal Control – Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management determined that, as of December 31, 2008, the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has issued an attestation report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, and their report is included herein.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders

Sun Communities, Inc.

We have audited Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries' management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008 and our report dated March 13, 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

GRANT THORNTON LLP

Southfield, Michigan

March 13, 2009

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders

Sun Communities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008. Our audits of the basic financial statements included the financial statement schedule listed in the accompanying index. These financial statements and the financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and the financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

As discussed in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payments", effective January 1, 2006.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Sun Communities Inc. and subsidiaries' internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008, based on criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) and our report dated March 13, 2009 expressed an unqualified opinion.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

GRANT THORNTON LLP

Southfield, Michigan

March 13, 2009

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(In thousands, except per share amounts)**

| | As of December 31, | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| ASSETS | | |
| Investment property, net | \$ 1,089,304 | \$ 1,134,204 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6,162 | 5,415 |
| Inventory of manufactured homes | 13,058 | 12,082 |
| Investment in affiliates | 3,772 | 20,000 |
| Notes and other receivables | 57,497 | 36,846 |
| Other assets | 37,206 | 37,276 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 1,206,999 | \$ 1,245,823 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Debt | \$ 1,139,152 | \$ 1,101,972 |
| Lines of credit | 90,419 | 85,703 |
| Other liabilities | 37,310 | 32,102 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 1,266,881 | 1,219,777 |
| Commitments and contingencies | — | — |
| Minority interest | — | 4,999 |
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, none issued | \$ — | \$ — |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 90,000 shares authorized (December 31, 2008 and 2007, 20,313 and 20,228 shares issued, respectively) | 203 | 202 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 459,847 | 458,487 |
| Officer's notes | (8,334) | (8,740) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (2,851) | (856) |
| Distributions in excess of accumulated earnings | (445,147) | (364,446) |
| Treasury stock, at cost (December 31, 2008 and 2007, 1,802 shares) | (63,600) | (63,600) |
| TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) | (59,882) | 21,047 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) | \$ 1,206,999 | \$ 1,245,823 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| REVENUES | | | |
| Income from real property | \$ 196,206 | \$ 191,427 | \$ 187,535 |
| Revenue from home sales | 31,477 | 22,905 | 20,244 |
| Rental home revenue | 20,533 | 18,840 | 14,849 |
| Ancillary revenues, net | 455 | 508 | 370 |
| Interest | 3,902 | 2,884 | 3,747 |
| Other income (loss) | 2,474 | (608) | 1,033 |
| Total revenues | 255,047 | 235,956 | 227,778 |
| COSTS AND EXPENSES | | | |
| Property operating and maintenance | 50,403 | 48,893 | 48,125 |
| Real estate taxes | 15,982 | 16,366 | 15,860 |
| Cost of home sales | 24,286 | 18,181 | 15,700 |
| Rental home operating and maintenance | 15,673 | 13,830 | 10,927 |
| General and administrative - real property | 16,418 | 14,610 | 16,406 |
| General and administrative - home sales and rentals | 6,734 | 6,093 | 6,544 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 64,998 | 62,478 | 60,300 |
| Asset impairment charges | 13,171 | — | — |
| Fees and other costs associated with extinguished debt | — | — | 720 |
| Interest | 60,775 | 61,939 | 61,173 |
| Interest on mandatorily redeemable debt | 3,382 | 3,601 | 3,945 |
| Total expenses | 271,822 | 245,991 | 239,700 |
| Loss before income taxes, minority interest, and loss from affiliates | (16,775) | (10,035) | (11,922) |
| Provision for state income taxes | (336) | (768) | — |
| Minority interest in Operating Partnership | (839) | 2,129 | 3,248 |
| Loss from affiliates | (16,498) | (7,969) | (16,583) |
| Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | (34,448) | (16,643) | (25,257) |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | — | — | 289 |
| Net loss | \$(34,448) | \$(16,643) | \$(24,968) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding: | | | |
| Basic | 18,176 | 17,938 | 17,641 |
| Diluted | 18,176 | 17,938 | 17,641 |
| Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share: | | | |
| Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | \$(1.90) | \$(0.93) | \$(1.44) |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | — | — | 0.02 |
| Net loss | \$(1.90) | \$(0.93) | \$(1.42) |
| Cash dividends per common share: | | | |
| | \$2.52 | 2.52 | 2.52 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| COMMON STOCK | | | |
| Beginning Balance | \$ 202 | \$ 200 | \$ 198 |
| Issuance of common stock, net | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Exercise of stock options | — | — | 1 |
| Ending Balance | 203 | 202 | 200 |
| ADDITIONAL PAID IN CAPITAL | | | |
| Beginning Balance | 458,487 | 452,882 | 460,568 |
| Issuance of common stock, net | 1 | 5,988 | 1,606 |
| Exercise of stock options | — | 38 | 2,430 |
| Reclassification of unearned compensation on adoption of SFAS 123R | — | — | (13,187) |
| Stock-based compensation - amortization and forfeitures | 1,359 | 1,121 | 2,600 |
| Reclassification and conversion of minority interest | — | (1,542) | (1,135) |
| Ending Balance | 459,847 | 458,487 | 452,882 |
| OFFICER'S NOTES | | | |
| Beginning Balance | (8,740) | (9,083) | (9,427) |
| Repayment of officer's notes | 406 | 343 | 344 |
| Ending Balance | (8,334) | (8,740) | (9,083) |
| UNEARNED COMPENSATION | | | |
| Beginning Balance | — | — | (13,187) |
| Reclassification of unearned compensation on adoption of SFAS 123R | — | — | 13,187 |
| Ending Balance | — | — | — |
| ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) | | | |
| Beginning Balance | (856) | 820 | 532 |
| Unrealized income (loss) on interest rate swaps | (1,995) | (1,676) | 288 |
| Ending Balance | (2,851) | (856) | 820 |
| DISTRIBUTIONS IN EXCESS OF ACCUMULATED EARNINGS | | | |
| Beginning Balance | (364,446) | (302,022) | (231,827) |
| Issuance of common stock, net | (1) | (5,326) | (2,075) |
| Net loss | (34,448) | (16,643) | (24,968) |
| Cash distributions declared of \$2.52 per share | (46,252) | (40,455) | (43,152) |
| Ending Balance | (445,147) | (364,446) | (302,022) |
| TREASURY STOCK | | | |
| | (63,600) | (63,600) | (63,600) |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) | | | |
| | \$ (59,882) | \$ 21,047 | \$ 79,197 |
| COMPREHENSIVE LOSS | | | |
| Net loss | \$ (34,448) | \$ (16,643) | \$ (24,968) |
| Unrealized income (loss) on interest rate swaps | (1,995) | (1,676) | 288 |
| Total comprehensive loss | \$ (36,443) | \$ (18,319) | \$ (24,680) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Net loss | \$(34,448) | \$(16,643) | \$(24,968) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Net minority interest allocation | 839 | (2,129) | (3,248) |
| Loss (gain) from land disposition | (3,336) | 45 | (162) |
| Loss on disposition of other assets | 1,113 | 1,304 | 908 |
| Asset impairment charges | 13,170 | — | — |
| Stock compensation expense, net of cumulative effect of accounting principle change | 1,961 | 1,127 | 2,942 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 67,530 | 66,009 | 63,447 |
| Amortization of deferred financing costs | 1,543 | 1,437 | 1,659 |
| Fees and other costs associated with extinguished debt | — | — | 720 |
| Equity loss from affiliate, net of distributions | 16,728 | 9,319 | 17,033 |
| Loss (gain) on valuation of derivative instruments | 12 | (248) | (279) |
| Change in notes receivable from sales of financed homes | (2,856) | 640 | 1,724 |
| Change in inventory, other assets and other receivables, net | (17,628) | (8,879) | (11,511) |
| Change in accounts payable and other liabilities | (1,495) | 23 | (1,222) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 43,133 | 52,005 | 47,043 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Investment in properties | (39,283) | (38,143) | (43,856) |
| Investment in affiliate | (500) | — | — |
| Proceeds related to disposition of land | 6,436 | 850 | 194 |
| Proceeds related to disposition of other assets | 893 | 863 | 607 |
| Proceeds from sale of installment notes on manufactured homes to Origen | — | — | 4,226 |
| Payments of notes receivable and officer's notes, net | 1,166 | 13,274 | 102 |
| Net cash used for investing activities | (31,288) | (23,156) | (38,727) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Redemption of common stock and OP units, net | (476) | (298) | (1,429) |
| Proceeds from option exercise | — | 38 | 2,430 |
| Borrowings on lines of credit | 147,837 | 117,712 | 145,795 |
| Payments on lines of credit | (143,121) | (118,409) | (132,695) |
| Payments to retire preferred operating partnership units | — | (4,500) | (8,175) |
| Proceeds from issuance of notes payable and other debt | 54,500 | 39,825 | 102,100 |
| Payments on notes and other debt | (17,367) | (13,849) | (68,675) |
| Payments for deferred financing costs | (338) | (799) | (1,289) |
| Distributions to shareholders and OP unit holders | (52,133) | (46,337) | (49,075) |
| Net cash used for financing activities | (11,098) | (26,617) | (11,013) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 747 | 2,232 | (2,697) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 5,415 | 3,183 | 5,880 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$6,162 | \$5,415 | \$3,183 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: | | | |
| Cash paid for interest, including capitalized amounts of \$0, \$5, and \$60 in 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively | \$56,567 | \$60,001 | \$59,604 |

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| | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Cash paid for state income taxes | \$ 249 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Cash paid for interest on mandatorily redeemable debt | \$ 3,433 | \$ 3,573 | \$ 3,933 |
| Noncash investing and financing activities: | | | |
| Debt assumed for rental properties | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 4,500 |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swaps | \$(1,995) | \$(1,676) | \$ 288 |
| Rental homes transferred from inventory to investment property for use in Rental Program | \$ 6,819 | \$ 6,128 | \$ 16,361 |
| Financed home sales transferred from inventory and investment property to notes receivable | \$ 15,872 | \$ 9,931 | \$ 6,557 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Business

Sun Communities, Inc. (the “Company”) is a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) which owns and operates 136 manufactured housing communities at December 31, 2008, located in 18 states concentrated principally in the Midwest, South, and Southeast comprising 47,613 developed sites and 6,081 sites suitable for development.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries including Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership (the “Operating Partnership”), SunChamp LLC (“SunChamp”), and Sun Home Services, Inc. (“SHS”). SHS is a wholly owned subsidiary that actively markets, sells and leases new and pre-owned manufactured homes for placement in the Company’s properties.

The minority interests include 2.2 million Common Operating Partnership Units (“OP Units”) that are convertible into an equivalent number of shares of the Company’s common stock. Such conversion would have an effect on earnings (loss) per share. Earnings (losses) are allocated to shares of outstanding common stock, but are not allocated to OP units. The minority interests were adjusted in 2007 and 2006 to their relative ownership interest when OP Units or common stock were issued, converted, or retired by reclassification to/from paid-in capital.

Preferred OP Units (“POP Units”) of \$49.4 million, which are mandatorily redeemable, are included in debt at December 31, 2008 and 2007, pursuant to the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150, “Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liability and Equity”. These POP Units pay priority returns at rates ranging from 6.5 percent to 7.8 percent and mature between 2009 and 2014. Of these POP Units, \$35.8 million are convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock or OP Units at a conversion price \$68 per unit. The maximum amount that the Company is required to pay to redeem its POP Units is \$49.4 million and, if converted, approximately 526,000 shares of the Company’s capital stock or OP Units would be issued.

Investment Property

Rental property is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. In accordance with SFAS No. 144, “Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets”, the Company reviews the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a possible impairment. An impairment loss is recognized when a long-lived asset’s carrying value is not recoverable and exceeds estimated fair value. The estimated fair value of long lived assets was calculated based on discounted future cash flows associated with the asset and any potential disposition proceeds for a given asset. Forecasting cash flows requires assumptions about such

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variables as the estimated holding period, rental rates, occupancy and operating expenses during the holding period, as well as disposition proceeds. Management determined certain impairment reviews were required as of December 31, 2008, as decisions were made to limit development of certain assets. Due to local economic conditions, estimated costs to develop and low estimated return on investment the Company determined to limit development in three development communities. The properties are located in Michigan, Nevada and North Carolina. Each had considerable up front development costs. A fourth property, located in Indiana, was found to be impaired based on its negative cash flows and management's estimate of continued negative cash flows. The Company also made a decision to stop providing cable television service at various communities as the business line could not provide the return on investment to justify the capital investment required to keep up with the technological advances in the offered product. As a result of the impairment analysis, the Company recognized non-cash impairment charges of \$13.1million.

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The following table describes the significant components of long-lived asset impairments recorded for the year ended December 31, 2008: (amounts in thousands)

| | Properties | Cable Company | Total |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Land | \$ 825 | \$ — | \$825 |
| Land held for development | 1,000 | — | 1,000 |
| Land Improvements | 7,262 | 2,160 | 9,422 |
| Equipment | — | 1,924 | 1,924 |
| Total asset impairment charge | \$ 9,087 | \$ 4,084 | \$13,171 |

The Company periodically receives offers from interested parties to purchase certain of its properties. These offers may be the result of an active program initiated by the Company to sell the property, or from an unsolicited offer to purchase the property. The typical sale process involves a significant negotiation and due diligence period between the Company and the potential purchaser. As the intent of this process is to determine if there are items that would cause the purchaser to be unwilling to purchase or the Company unwilling to sell, it is not unusual for such potential offers of sale/purchase to be withdrawn as such issues arise. The Company classifies assets as “held for sale” when it is probable, in its opinion, that a sale transaction will be completed within one year. This typically occurs when all significant contingencies surrounding the closing have been resolved, which often corresponds with the closing date.

The Company allocates the purchase price of properties to net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired based on their fair values in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 141, “Business Combinations”. In making estimates of fair values for purposes of allocating purchase price, the Company utilizes a number of sources, including analysis of recently acquired and existing comparable properties in our portfolio, other market data and independent appraisals if obtained in connection with the acquisition or financing of the respective property. The Company also considers information obtained about each property as a result of its pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing and leasing activities in estimating the fair value of the tangible and intangible assets (including in-place leases) acquired.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Useful lives are 30 years for land improvements and buildings, 10 years for rental homes, 7 to 15 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment, and 7 years for intangible assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents. The maximum amount of credit risk arising from cash deposits in excess of federally insured amounts was approximately \$2.0 million as of December 31, 2008, of which \$1.7 million was redeemed from an overnight deposit fund for the full amount in early January 2009.

Notes and Accounts Receivable

Notes and accounts receivable are stated at their outstanding balance reduced by allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Company evaluates the recoverability of its receivables whenever events occur or there are changes in circumstances such that management believes it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan and lease agreements. The ability to collect the notes is measured based on current and historical information and events. When making this evaluation, numerous factors are considered including: length of delinquency, estimated costs to lease or sell, and the Company's repossession history. For installment notes and collateralized receivables, the Company reserves for the excess of the cost of repossession (principal balance at time of repossession plus estimated cost of repair) over the estimated selling price of the home being repossessed. A historical average of this excess cost is calculated based on prior repossessions and applied to the Company's estimated annual future repossessions to create the allowance for installment notes and collateralized receivables. For receivables relating to community rents, the Company reserves for receivables when it believes collection is less than probable, which is generally after a resident balance reaches 60 to 90 days past due.

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Share-Based Compensation

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R), "Share-Based Payment" effective January 1, 2006 using the "modified prospective" method permitted by SFAS 123(R) in which compensation cost is recognized beginning with the effective date (a) based on the requirements of SFAS 123(R) for all share-based payments granted after the effective date and (b) based on the requirements of Statement 123 for all awards granted to employees prior to the effective date of SFAS 123(R) that remain unvested on the effective date.

Investments in Affiliates – Origen Financial, Inc.

In October 2003, the Company purchased 5,000,000 shares of common stock of Origen Financial, Inc. ("Origen"). The Company owns approximately 19% of Origen as of December 31, 2008, and its investment is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. As of December 31, 2008, the Company's investment in Origen had a market value of approximately \$3.0 million based on a quoted market closing price of \$0.59 per share from the "Pink Sheet Electronic OTC Trading System".

Origen was a publicly traded real estate investment trust that originated and serviced manufactured home loans. In March 2008, Origen announced that conditions in the credit markets had adversely impacted Origen's business and financial condition. In response, Origen suspended loan originations and took steps to right-size its work force. Following this announcement, Origen executed its asset disposition and management plan and sold \$176 million of unsecuritized loans, and its servicing and origination platform. In December 2008, Origen voluntarily delisted its common stock from the NASDAQ Global Market and deregistered its common stock under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Currently, Origen is actively managing its residual interests in securitized loans, whole loans, and bond holdings which provide continuing cash flows for the organization.

The Company considered the provisions of Accounting Principles Bulletin No. 18, "The Equity Method of Accounting for Investments in Common Stock", and concluded that recognition of an other than temporary impairment was required as of December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 for its investment in Origen. The Company considered numerous factors, including:

- The length of time and extent to which the market value has been less than cost,
- The financial condition and near-term prospects of Origen,
- The intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in Origen for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value,
- The condition and trend of the economic cycle,
- Origen's financial performance and projections

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- Trends in the general market,
- Origen's capital strength and liquidity, and
- Origen's dividend payment record.

The Company also considered various indicators of fair value, including multiples of book value, multiples of EBITDA, book value, tangible book value, estimated cash flows and market price. As a result of its analysis, the Company recorded losses from affiliate of \$16.5 million, \$8.0 million, and \$16.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, respectively. These losses are comprised of: 1) other than temporary charges to the carrying value of the Origen investment; and 2) our equity allocation of the anticipated losses from Origen. The components of loss from affiliate related to Origen are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Equity income (loss) from affiliate | \$(6,851 |) \$(6,099 |) \$1,417 |
| Other than temporary impairment charges | (9,619 |) (1,870 |) (18,000) |
| Total loss from affiliate | \$(16,470 |) \$(7,969 |) \$(16,583) |

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Summarized estimated consolidated financial information of Origen at December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006 is presented below before elimination of inter-company transactions (amounts in thousands):

| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Loans receivable | \$911,947 | \$1,193,916 | \$950,226 |
| Other assets | 53,586 | 90,285 | 122,841 |
| Total assets | \$965,533 | \$1,284,201 | \$1,073,067 |
| Warehouse and securitization financing | \$775,120 | \$1,057,722 | \$816,533 |
| Repurchase agreements | — | 17,653 | 23,582 |
| Other liabilities | 112,218 | 60,441 | 28,488 |
| Total liabilities | 887,338 | 1,135,816 | 868,603 |
| Equity | 78,195 | 148,385 | 204,464 |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$965,533 | \$1,284,201 | \$1,073,067 |
| Revenues | \$89,923 | \$94,902 | \$75,267 |
| Expenses, net | 112,521 | 93,842 | 75,031 |
| Gain on sale of origination and insurance platform | 551 | — | — |
| Loss on sale of loans | (22,377) | — | — |
| Goodwill impairment | — | 32,277 | — |
| Investment impairment | 32 | 9,179 | 114 |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations before cumulative effect of accounting change | (44,456) | (40,396) | 122 |
| Discontinued operations | 9,092 | 8,629 | 6,803 |
| Cumulative effect of accounting change | — | — | 46 |
| Net income (loss) | \$(35,364) | \$(31,767) | \$6,971 |
| Equity income (loss) from Origen affiliate | \$(6,851) | \$(6,099) | \$1,417 |
| Other than temporary impairment charges | (9,619) | (1,870) | (18,000) |
| Total loss from Origen affiliate | \$(16,470) | \$(7,969) | \$(16,583) |

Investments in Affiliates – Origen Financial Services, LLC

In August 2008, the Company entered into an agreement with four unrelated companies (“Members”) to form a new limited liability company, Origen Financial Services, LLC (the “LLC”). The Company contributed cash of \$0.5 million toward the formation of the limited liability company. The LLC purchased the origination platform of Origen. The purpose of the venture is to originate manufactured housing installment contracts for its Members thereby eliminating the need for the Company to become licensed to originate loans in each of the 18 states in which it does business. The Company owns 25.0 percent of the LLC as of December 31, 2008, and the investment is accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Revenue Recognition

Rental income attributable to site and home leases is recorded on a straight-line basis when earned from tenants. Leases entered into by tenants generally range from month-to-month to two years and are renewable by mutual agreement of the Company and resident or, in some cases, as provided by state statute. Revenue from the sale of manufactured homes is recognized upon transfer of title at the closing of the sales

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transaction. The Company reports certain taxes collected from the resident and remitted to taxing authorities in revenue. These taxes included Florida's property and fire taxes. Interest income on notes receivable is recorded on a level yield basis over the life of the notes.

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Other Capitalized Costs

The Company capitalizes certain costs incurred in connection with the development, redevelopment, capital enhancement and leasing of its properties. Management is required to use professional judgment in determining whether such costs meet the criteria for immediate expense or capitalization. The amounts are dependent on the volume and timing of such activities and the costs associated with such activities. Maintenance, repairs and minor improvements to properties are expensed when incurred. Renovations and improvements to properties are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and construction costs related to the development of new community or expansion sites are capitalized until the property is substantially complete. Certain expenditures to dealers and residents related to obtaining lessees in our communities are capitalized, as intangible assets, and are amortized over a seven year period based on the anticipated term of occupancy of a resident. Costs associated with implementing the Company's new computer systems are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful lives of the related software and hardware.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, escrows, receivables, accounts payable, accrued expenses and other assets and liabilities are reasonable estimates of their fair values because of the shorter maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the Company's long-term indebtedness, which is based on the estimates of management and on rates currently quoted and rates currently prevailing for comparable loans and instruments of comparable maturities, is greater than the carrying value by approximately \$14.6 million and \$44.4 million at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Potential expenses that would be incurred in an actual sale or settlement are not taken into consideration.

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company currently has three derivative contracts consisting of two interest rate swap agreements and an interest rate cap agreement. The Company's primary strategy in entering into derivative contracts is to minimize the variability that changes in interest rates could have on its future cash flows. The Company generally employs derivative instruments that effectively convert a portion of its variable rate debt to fixed rate debt and to cap the maximum interest rate on its variable rate borrowings. The Company does not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

The swap agreements were effective April 2003, and have the effect of fixing interest rates relative to a collateralized term loan due to Fannie Mae. One swap fixes \$25 million of variable rate borrowings at 4.84 percent through July 2009. The second swap matures in July 2012, with an effective fixed rate of 5.28 percent and a notional amount of \$25 million. The interest rate cap agreement has a cap rate of 9.9 percent, a notional amount of \$152.4 million and a termination date of April 28, 2009. Each of the Company's derivative contracts is based upon 90-day LIBOR.

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The Company has designated the two swaps and the interest rate cap as cash flow hedges for accounting purposes. The changes in the value of these hedges are reflected in accumulated other comprehensive loss on the balance sheet. These three hedges were highly effective and had minimal effect on income. An additional swap matured in July 2007 and did not qualify as a hedge for accounting purposes and, accordingly, the entire change in valuation, was reflected as a component of interest expense. The valuation adjustment decreased interest expense by \$0.3 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

In accordance with SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", which requires all derivative instruments to be carried at fair value on the balance sheet, the Company has recorded a liability of \$2.9 million and \$0.9 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

These valuation adjustments will only be realized if the Company terminates the swaps prior to maturity. This is not the intent of the Company and, therefore, the net of valuation adjustments through the various maturity dates will approximate zero. From time to time, the Company is required to provide cash collateral for its swaps. At December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company had collateral deposits recorded in other assets of \$4.4 million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

The Company entered into two additional swap agreements in late December 2008 and February 2009 which become effective on January 2, 2009 and February 13, 2009, respectively. One swap agreement fixes \$20.0 million of variable rate borrowings at 2.73 percent through January 2014 and is based upon 90-day LIBOR. The second swap agreement fixes \$25.0 million of variable rate borrowing at 3.62 percent through February 2011 and is based upon 30-day LIBOR.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Deferred Tax Assets

The Company is subject to certain state taxes that are considered income taxes and has certain subsidiaries that are taxed as regular corporations. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and net operating loss carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using currently enacted tax rates. A valuation allowance is established if, based on the available evidence, it is considered more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Inventory

Inventory of manufactured homes is stated at lower of specific cost or market.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Reclassifications

Certain 2006 and 2007 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 financial statement presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on results of operations as originally presented.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes including the depreciable lives and recoverability of real estate assets and other capitalized costs, and the assumption of interest rates for present value calculations. These estimates involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic factors that are difficult to predict and are often beyond management's control. As a result, actual amounts may differ from these estimates.

2. Investment Property

The following table sets forth certain information regarding investment property (in thousands):

| | As of December 31, | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Land | \$ 116,292 | \$ 117,310 |
| Land improvements and buildings | 1,177,362 | 1,184,257 |
| Rental homes and improvements | 184,933 | 170,227 |
| Furniture, fixtures, and equipment | 34,050 | 36,433 |
| Land held for future development | 26,986 | 30,199 |
| Investment property | 1,539,623 | 1,538,426 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (450,319) | (404,222) |
| Investment property, net | \$ 1,089,304 | \$ 1,134,204 |

Land improvements and buildings consist primarily of infrastructure, roads, landscaping, clubhouses, maintenance buildings and amenities.

During 2008, the Company sold approximately 82 acres of undeveloped land that resulted in a \$3.3 million gain.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Secured Borrowing and Collateralized Receivables

During 2008, the Company completed various transactions involving its installment notes. The Company has received a total of \$27.5 million of cash proceeds in exchange for relinquishing its right, title and interest in the installment notes. The Company is subject to certain recourse provisions requiring the Company to purchase the underlying homes collateralizing such notes, in the event of a note default and subsequent repossession of the home.

FASB Statement No. 140, "Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishment of Liabilities" ("SFAS 140") sets forth the criteria that must be met for control over transferred assets to be considered to have been surrendered, which includes, amongst other things: (1) the transferred assets have been isolated from the transferor, including put presumptively beyond the reach of the transferor and its creditors, even in bankruptcy or other receivership, (2) the transferee must obtain the right (free of conditions that constrain it from taking advantage of that right) to pledge or exchange the transferred assets, and (3) the transferor cannot maintain effective control over the transferred assets through an agreement to repurchase them before their maturity. When a company transfers financial assets and fails any one of the SFAS 140 criteria, the company is prevented from derecognizing the transferred financial assets and the transaction is accounted for as a secured borrowing. The determination about whether the isolation criteria of SFAS 140 have been met to support a conclusion regarding surrender of control is largely a matter of law. As such, the evidence required for testing whether or not the first criteria of SFAS 140 has been satisfied requires a legal "true sale" opinion analyzing the treatment of the transfer under state laws as if the Company was a debtor under the bankruptcy code. A "true sale" legal opinion includes several legally relevant factors, including the nature of retained interests in the loans sold. Legal opinions as to a "true sale" are never absolute and unconditional, but contain qualifications based on the inherent equitable powers of a bankruptcy court, as well as the unsettled state of the common law.

It was the intent of both parties for these transactions to qualify for sale accounting under SFAS 140 and the terms of the agreements clearly stipulate that the Company has no further obligations or rights with respect to the control, management, administration, servicing, or collection of the installment notes. In addition, the transferee has obtained the right to pledge or exchange the installment notes. For federal tax purposes, the Company treats the transfers of loans which do not qualify as "true sales" under SFAS 140, as sales.

Notwithstanding these facts, the Company was unable to satisfy the first criteria for sale accounting treatment under SFAS 140 and therefore, the Company has recorded these transactions as a transfer of financial assets. The transferred assets have been classified as collateralized receivables and the cash proceeds received from these transactions have been classified as a secured borrowing in the consolidated balance sheet.

The collateralized receivables earn interest income and the secured borrowings accrue borrowing costs at the same interest rates. The amount of interest income and expense recognized was \$1.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2008. The collateralized receivables and secured borrowings are reduced as the related installment notes are collected from the customers. The balance of the collateralized receivables was \$26.1 million, net of a loan loss provision of \$0.1 million as of December 31, 2008. The outstanding balance on the secured borrowing was \$26.2 million as of December 31, 2008.

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In the event of note default, and subsequent repossession of a manufactured home, the terms of the agreement require the Company to repurchase the manufactured home. Default is defined as the failure to repay the installment note according to contractual terms. If default on the installment note results in repossession of the home, the home is repurchased. The repurchase price is calculated as a percentage of the outstanding principal balance of the installment note, plus any outstanding late fees, accrued interest, legal fees and escrow advances associated with the installment note. The percentage used to determine the repurchase price of the outstanding principal balance on the installment note is based on the number of payments made on the note. In general, based on the number of payments made since the loan origination date, the repurchase price is determined as follows:

| Number of Payments | Recourse % |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Less than or equal to 15 | 100 % |
| Greater than 15 but less than 64 | 90 % |
| 64 or more | 65 % |

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Notes and Other Receivables

The following table sets forth certain information regarding notes and other receivables (in thousands):

| | As of December 31, | |
|---|--------------------|-----------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Installment notes receivable on manufactured homes, net | \$ 21,232 | \$ 30,429 |
| Collateralized receivables, net (see Note 3) | 26,159 | — |
| Other receivables, net | 10,106 | 6,417 |
| Total notes and other receivables, net | \$ 57,497 | \$ 36,846 |

The installment notes of \$21.2 million and \$30.4 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, are collateralized by manufactured homes. The installment notes are presented net of allowance for losses of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The installment notes represent financing provided by the Company to purchasers of manufactured homes located in its communities. The installment notes receivable have interest payable monthly at a net weighted average interest rate and a maturity of 7.6 percent and 13.8 years and 7.3 percent and 13.2 years at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

During 2008, the Company completed various transactions involving its installment notes. The Company has received a total of \$27.5 million of cash proceeds in exchange for relinquishing its right, title and interest in the installment notes. These transactions were recorded as a transfer of financial assets. The transferred assets have been classified as collateralized receivables with a net balance of \$26.1 million as of December 31, 2008. The collateralized receivables have interest payable monthly at a weighted average interest rate and a maturity of 10.1 percent and 14.0 years, respectively, as of December 31, 2008. See Note 3 for additional information.

The reduction in the aggregate principal balance of Collateralized receivables of \$1.4 million during 2008 is due to the following items:

- Principal payments and payoffs from the Company's customers - \$0.8 million.
- Repurchase of the underlying collateral (manufactured homes) - \$0.5 million.
- Establishment of allowance for losses - \$0.1 million.

Other receivables were comprised of amounts due from residents of \$1.6 million (net of allowance of \$0.3 million), home sale proceeds of \$3.7 million, and employee loan of \$0.5 million, insurance proceeds of \$0.3 million, and rebates and other receivables of \$4.0 million as of December 31, 2008. Other receivables were comprised of amounts due from residents of \$1.7 million (net of allowance of \$0.3 million), home sale proceeds of \$1.1 million, insurance proceeds of \$0.3 million, and rebates and other receivables of \$3.3 million as of December 31, 2007.

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Officer's notes, presented as a reduction to stockholders' equity in the balance sheet, are 10 year, LIBOR + 1.75% notes, with a minimum and maximum interest rate of 6% and 9%, respectively. The following table sets forth certain information regarding officer's notes as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 (in thousands except for shares and units):

| | As of December 31, | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|---------|----------|-------------|---------|----------|
| | 2008 | | | 2007 | | |
| | Secured by | | | Secured by | | |
| | Outstanding | | | Outstanding | | |
| | Principal | Common | Common | Principal | Common | Common |
| Promissory Notes | Balance | Stock | OP Units | Balance | Stock | OP Units |
| Secured - \$1.3 million | \$963 | 59,263 | — | \$1,010 | 62,151 | — |
| Secured - \$6.6 million | 4,894 | 131,591 | 94,669 | 5,132 | 138,003 | 99,282 |
| Secured - \$1.0 million | 757 | 70,057 | — | 794 | 73,470 | — |
| Unsecured - \$1.0 million | 757 | — | — | 794 | — | — |
| Unsecured - \$1.3 million | 963 | — | — | 1,010 | — | — |
| Total promissory notes | \$8,334 | 260,911 | 94,669 | \$8,740 | 273,624 | 99,282 |

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The officer's personal liability on the secured promissory notes is limited to all accrued interest on such notes plus fifty percent (50%) of the deficiency, if any, after application of the proceeds from the sale of the secured shares and/or the secured units to the then outstanding principal balance of the promissory notes. Based on the Company's \$14.00 closing share price as of December 31, 2008, the value of secured shares and secured OP units total approximately \$5.0 million. The unsecured notes are fully recourse to the officer.

The reduction in the aggregate principal balance of these notes was \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million for the years 2008 and 2007, respectively. Total interest was \$0.5 million, \$0.6 million, and \$1.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The notes are due in three installments on December 31, 2008, 2009 and 2010. The officer's notes allow for a 10 day grace period and the payment due on December 31, 2008, in the amount of \$2.8 million, was paid in full on January 9, 2009.

5. Debt and Lines of Credit

The following table sets forth certain information regarding debt (in thousands):

| | As of December 31, | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 |
| Collateralized term loans - CMBS, 4.93-5.32%, due July 1, 2011-2016. | \$478,907 | \$486,063 |
| Collateralized term loans - FNMA, of which \$102.4M is variable, due April 28, 2014 and January 1, 2015, at the Company's option, interest at 4.72 - 5.20% and 4.51 - 5.20% as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. | 377,651 | 381,587 |
| Preferred OP units, redeemable at various dates from December 1, 2009 through January 2, 2014, average interest at 6.8% and 7.2% as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. | 49,447 | 49,447 |
| Secured borrowing, maturing at various dates from May 5, 2009 through December 11, 2028, average interest at 10.1% as of December 31, 2008 (see Note 3). | 26,211 | — |
| Mortgage notes, other, maturing at various dates from June 1, 2009 through May 1, 2017, average interest at 5.43% and 6.10% as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. | 206,936 | 184,875 |
| Total debt | \$1,139,152 | \$1,101,972 |

The collateralized term loans totaling \$856.6 million as of December 31, 2008, are secured by 87 properties comprising of 31,163 sites representing approximately \$558.0 million of net book value. The mortgage notes totaling \$206.9 million as of December 31, 2008, are collateralized by 18 communities comprising of 6,427 sites representing approximately \$178.3 million of net book value.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company has an unsecured revolving line of credit facility with a maximum borrowing capacity of \$115.0 million, subject to certain borrowing base calculations. The outstanding balance on the line of credit as of December 31, 2008 and 2007 was \$85.8 million and \$85.4 million, respectively. In addition, \$3.3 million and \$3.4 million of availability were used to back standby letters of credit as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Borrowings under the line of credit bear an interest rate of LIBOR plus 165 basis points, or Prime plus 40 basis points at the Company's option. The weighted average interest rate on the outstanding borrowings was 2.66 percent as of December 31, 2008. The borrowings under the line of credit mature October 1, 2011 assuming the election of a one year extension that is available at the Company's discretion. As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, \$25.9 million and \$26.2 million, respectively, were available to be drawn under the facility based on the calculation of the borrowing base at each date.

The Company also had the potential to utilize a floor plan facility that allowed for draws on new home purchases up to \$40.0 million. The facility matured on March 1, 2009. As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, the outstanding balance on the floor plan was \$4.6 million and \$7.6 million, respectively. The interest rate on the facility was at Prime (3.25 percent at December 31, 2008) for purchases prior to October 2008. For purchases made after October 2008, the interest rate on the facility was at the greater of Prime or 5.0 percent. Prime means for any month, the prevailing "prime rate" as quoted in the Wall Street Journal on last day of such calendar month.

During 2008, the Company completed various transactions involving its installment notes. These transactions were recorded as a transfer of financial assets, and the cash proceeds related to these transactions were recorded as a secured borrowing. See Note 3 for additional information.

The Company completed a financing of \$27.0 million with a bank in June 2008. The loan has a three year term, with a two year extension at the Company's option. The terms of the loan require interest only payments for the first year, with the remainder of the term being amortized based on a 30 year table. The interest rate is 205 basis points over LIBOR, or Prime plus 25 basis points (3.5 percent was the effective rate as of December 31, 2008). The proceeds from the financing were used to repay an existing mortgage note of \$4.3 million with the remainder used to pay down the Company's lines of credit.

The Company had \$13.7 million of Series B-3 Preferred OP Units that were redeemable at various dates from December 1, 2009 through January 1, 2011. In October 2008, the Company completed a three year extension on the redemption dates for \$11.9 million of these units; the remaining \$1.8 million of these units mature in accordance with the original agreement.

Subsequent to year end, the Company redeemed \$0.5 million of the \$1.8 million of the Preferred OP units on January 13, 2009.

In April 2007, the Company extended \$15.8 million of debt with an original maturity date of April 1, 2007. The transaction extended the maturity date of the debt to April 1, 2012, and reduced the spread over LIBOR by 25 basis points, to LIBOR + 150 basis points. As part of the transaction, the Company paid down the principal balance of the debt by \$1.0 million. The transaction was accounted for as a modification of debt.

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In February 2007, the Company redeemed \$4.5 million of Preferred OP units.

In January 2007, the Company completed financings of \$17.5 million and \$20.0 million at interest rates of 5.842 percent and 5.825 percent, respectively. The loans are secured by two properties comprising of 781 sites representing approximately \$18.2 million of net book value and have interest only payments for a term of 10 years. The proceeds from both financings were used to pay down the Company's revolving line of credit.

As of December 31, 2008, the total of maturities and amortization of debt and lines of credit during the next five years, are as follows (in thousands):

| Maturities and Amortization By Year | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | Total Due | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | After 5 years |
| Debt | \$ 1,112,941 | \$ 24,684 | \$ 14,408 | \$ 117,100 | \$ 31,169 | \$ 43,715 | \$ 881,865 |
| Secured borrowing | 26,211 | 1,115 | 1,226 | 1,339 | 1,462 | 1,524 | 19,545 |
| Lines of credit | 90,419 | 4,619 | — | 85,800 | — | — | — |
| Total | \$ 1,229,571 | \$ 30,418 | \$ 15,634 | \$ 204,239 | \$ 32,631 | \$ 45,239 | \$ 901,410 |

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The most restrictive of the Company's debt agreements place limitations on secured and unsecured borrowings and contain minimum debt service coverage, leverage, distribution and net worth requirements. As of December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company was in compliance with all covenants.

6. Share-Based Compensation

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 123 (revised December 2004), Share-Based Payment ("SFAS 123(R)"). SFAS 123(R) replaces FASB Statement No. 123 ("Statement 123"), Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25 ("APB 25"), Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. SFAS 123(R) requires compensation costs related to share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements. With limited exceptions, the amount of compensation cost will be measured based on the grant-date fair value of the equity or the liability instruments issued. In addition, liability awards will be remeasured each reporting period.

The Company adopted SFAS 123(R) effective January 1, 2006, using the "modified prospective" method permitted by SFAS 123(R) in which compensation cost is recognized beginning with the effective date (a) based on the requirements of SFAS 123(R) for all share-based payments granted after the effective date and (b) based on the requirements of Statement 123 for all awards granted to employees prior to the effective date of SFAS 123(R) that remain unvested on the effective date. An estimate of future forfeitures is incorporated into the determination of compensation cost for restricted stock grants and stock options. The effect of this estimate of future forfeitures was the reversal of previously recorded compensation expense of \$0.3 million on restricted stock grants that were not vested as of January 1, 2006. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of adopting SFAS 123(R) in 2006 was a decrease in net loss of \$0.3 million and an increase in basic and diluted earnings per share of \$0.02 in 2006.

Total share-based compensation costs recorded for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, were \$2.0 million, \$1.1 million, and \$3.2 million (excluding the impact of the \$0.3 million reversal recorded from the adoption SFAS 123(R) in 2006), respectively.

The Company awards restricted stock and options to its employees under its Second Amended and Restated Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan provides for the issuance of options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and other stock based awards. The Company believes that the awards better align the interests of its employees with those of its shareholders and has provided these incentives to attract and retain executive officers and key employees. The Company has 205,906 securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, and 81,018 remaining securities authorized for future issuance under the Company's equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2008.

Restricted Stock

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The Company's primary share-based compensation is restricted stock. The following table summarizes the Company's restricted stock activity for the year ended December 31, 2008:

| | Number of Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| Unvested restricted shares at January 1, 2008 | 281,711 | \$ 35.08 |
| Granted | 25,000 | \$ 19.92 |
| Vested | (113,313) | \$ 34.67 |
| Forfeited | (1,463) | \$ 34.25 |
| Unvested restricted shares at December 31, 2008 | 191,935 | \$ 33.35 |

The remaining compensation expense to be recognized associated with the 191,935 restricted shares outstanding at December 31, 2008 is approximately \$4.5 million. That expense is expected to be recognized \$2.3 million in 2009, \$1.4 million in 2010, \$0.5 million in 2011 and \$0.3 million thereafter. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, the Company recognized \$1.9 million, \$1.8 million, and \$2.1 million of compensation expense, respectively, related to its outstanding restricted stock. Recipients receive dividend payments on the unvested shares of restricted stock. The total fair value of shares vested during the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006, was \$3.9 million, \$2.1 million, and \$2.3 million, respectively.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Performance-Based Restricted Stock

At December 31, 2006, the Company had 93,750 shares performance-based restricted stock which was to be awarded based on the compounded annual growth rate of the Company's per share funds from operations ("FFO") as determined by comparing the per share FFO for the year ended December 31, 2009, with the per share FFO for the year ended December 31, 2005. The Company needed to achieve compounded annual growth of at least 5 percent for the recipients to receive any amount of the award and at least 9 percent to receive the entire share award. In the twelve months ended December 31, 2006, the Company recognized \$0.6 million of compensation expense related to these shares based on an estimated award of 43,753 shares in March 2010. In the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recognized an additional \$0.2 million of compensation expense related to these shares.

During the fourth quarter of 2007, the Company determined that the performance targets were not probable of being achieved. As a result, the Company reversed all the compensation expense associated with the performance-based restricted stock award in the amount of \$0.8 million. On December 30, 2007, the Company modified the performance based restricted stock award altering certain provisions including required performance targets and, potentially, the named recipients of the awards. In early 2008, these performance-based restricted stock awards were cancelled.

Options

At December 31, 2008, the Company had 133,406 options outstanding and exercisable under the Plan. The Company issues new shares at the time of share option exercise (or share unit conversion). Option awards have not been granted in the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006. The options that had been granted in prior years fully vested in 2006 and the Company has not recognized any compensation expense for these options in the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. The Company recognized compensation expense of approximately \$0.3 million in the year ended December 31, 2006. The following table summarizes the Company's option activity during the year ended December 31, 2008:

| | Number of options | Weighted Average Exercise Price (per common share) | Weighted Average Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in 000's) |
|--|----------------------|---|--|---|
| Options outstanding at January 1, 2008 | 210,137 | \$ 31.64 | 2.2 | \$ — |
| Granted | — | — | — | — |
| Exercised | — | — | — | — |
| Forfeited or expired | (76,731) | \$ 33.59 | n/a | — |
| Options outstanding at December 31, 2008 | 133,406 | \$ 30.51 | 2.4 | \$ — |

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| | | | | |
|---|---------|----------|-----|------|
| Options vested and exercisable at December 31, 2008 | 133,406 | \$ 30.51 | 2.4 | \$ — |
|---|---------|----------|-----|------|

Phantom Liability Awards

At December 31, 2008, the Company had 12,113 unvested phantom liability awards with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$0.2 million based on the Company's closing share price of \$14.00 as of December 31, 2008. The phantom awards pay cash bonuses per share equal to the amount of dividend paid per share of common stock. The awards vest (cash bonus is paid) in varying amounts until 2014. The remaining unrecognized expense related to these phantom liability awards is \$0.1 million.

The value of the awards is remeasured at each reporting date. As the Company's stock price rises, the phantom liability awards increase in value, along with the associated compensation expense. Accordingly, as the Company's stock price declines, the phantom liability awards decrease in value, along with the associated compensation expense. The Company's stock price has been subject to market volatility, and the stock price has declined since the awards were initially granted. This has resulted in a reduced compensation expense for the Company for the phantom liability awards.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, the Company recognized an immaterial amount of compensation expense related to these phantom awards. For the year ended December 31 2006, the Company recorded compensation expense of approximately \$0.1 million related to these phantom awards. The following table summarizes the phantom liability award activity for the year ended December 31, 2008:

| | Number of Shares | Aggregate Fair Value (in 000's) |
|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Unvested phantom liability awards at January 1, 2008 | 20,417 | \$ 430 |
| Granted | — | — |
| Vested | (6,354) | (115) |
| Forfeited | (1,950) | n/a |
| Unvested phantom liability awards at December 31, 2008 | 12,113 | \$ 170 |

Performance-Based Phantom Liability Awards

At December 31, 2006, the Company had 18,750 unvested performance-based phantom liability awards which were to be awarded based on the compounded annual growth rate of the Company's per share funds from operations ("FFO") as determined by comparing the per share FFO for the year ended December 31, 2009, with the per share FFO for the year ended December 31, 2005. The Company needed to achieve compounded annual growth of at least 5 percent for the recipient to receive any amount of the award and at least 9 percent to receive the entire share award. The performance-based phantom liability awards pay cash bonuses per vested share equal to the average of the highest and lowest selling price on March 1, 2010. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2006, the Company expensed \$0.1 million of compensation related to these performance-based phantom liability awards based on an estimated award of 8,750 shares in March 2010.

During the fourth quarter of 2007, the Company determined that the performance targets were not probable of being achieved. As a result, the Company reversed all the compensation expense associated with the performance-based phantom liability awards in the amount of \$0.1 million. On December 30, 2007, the Company modified the performance-based phantom liability awards altering certain provisions including required performance targets and, potentially, the named recipients of the awards. In early 2008, the performance-based phantom liability awards were cancelled.

Director Option Awards

The Company has a 1993 and a 2004 Non-Employee Director Option Plan ("Director Plans") which each authorize the issuance of 100,000 options to non-employee directors. In July 2008, the Company issued 10,500 director options under its 2004 Non-Employee Director Option Plan. There are 90,000 options remaining to be awarded under these two plans. At December 31, 2008, the Company had 72,500 options outstanding under the Director Plans, of which 20,000 were unvested. The 20,000 unvested options will vest as follows: 9,500 options in 2009, 7,000 options in 2010, and 3,500 options in 2011.

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The weighted average fair value of the options issued is estimated on the date of the grant using the Binomial (lattice) option pricing model, with the following weighted average assumptions used for the grants in the periods indicated:

| | July 2008 Award | May 2007 Award | May 2006 Award | March 2006 Award |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Estimated fair value per share of options granted | \$ 1.17 | \$ 2.66 | \$ 2.31 | \$ 3.59 |
| Number of options granted | 10,500 | 10,500 | 7,500 | 7,500 |
| Assumptions: | | | | |
| Annualized dividend yield | 14.70 % | 8.43 % | 8.20 % | 7.19 % |
| Common stock price volatility | 22.14 % | 17.24 % | 17.05 % | 17.04 % |
| Risk-free rate of return | 3.63 % | 4.76 % | 5.05 % | 4.68 % |
| Expected option term (in years) | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.5 |

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table summarizes the Directors' option activity for the year ended December 31, 2008:

| | Number of options | Weighted Average Exercise Price (per common share) | Weighted Average Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in 000's) |
|--|----------------------|---|--|---|
| Options outstanding at January 1, 2008 | 76,000 | \$ 33.64 | 4.5 | \$ — |
| Granted | 10,500 | \$ 17.20 | 10.0 | — |
| Exercised | — | — | — | — |
| Expired | (14,000) | \$ 32.96 | n/a | — |
| Options outstanding at December 31, 2008 | 72,500 | \$ 31.39 | 5.1 | \$ — |
| Options vested and expected to vest | 72,500 | \$ 31.39 | 5.1 | \$ — |
| Options exercisable at December 31, 2008 | 52,500 | \$ 34.36 | 3.7 | \$ — |

The compensation expense associated with the Directors' option was not significant for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006.

7. Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

The Board of Directors approved and authorized the Company to enter into a new Shareholder Rights Plan (the "Plan"), effective in June 2008, to replace the shareholder rights plan adopted ten years ago that expired in June 2008. The Plan will expire June 2018.

The Plan enhances the ability of the Board of Directors to ensure that shareholders of the Company realize the long-term value of their investment and receive fair and equal treatment in connection with any take-over bid for the outstanding common shares of the Company. While the issuance of rights under the Plan will not wholly prevent a takeover, it should encourage a potential acquirer of the Company to negotiate with the Board of Directors prior to attempting a takeover.

The rights are not immediately exercisable, and generally only become exercisable if a person or group acquires 15% or more of Sun Communities, Inc.'s outstanding common stock or announces a tender offer which would, if consummated, result in ownership of 15% or more of such stock. If either event occurs, each right would entitle its holder (other than such person or member of such group) to purchase, at the applicable exercise price, a number of shares of Sun Communities, Inc. common stock having a market value that would be twice such exercise price.

The rights are redeemable for \$.001 per right at the option of the Board of Directors, subject to certain exceptions.

In November 2004, the Company was authorized to repurchase up to 1,000,000 shares of its common stock by its Board of Directors. The Company has 400,000 common shares remaining in the repurchase program. No common shares have been repurchased during 2008, 2007, or 2006.

In October 1996, as last amended in March 2002, the Securities and Exchange Commission declared effective the Company's shelf registration statement on Form S-3 for the proposed offering, from time to time, of up to \$300 million of our common stock, preferred stock and debt securities. The registration statement expired December 31, 2008. In addition to such debt securities, preferred stock and other common stock the Company may have sold under the registration statement, the Company registered 1,600,000 shares of its common stock pursuant to a sales agreement that was entered into with Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation. Sales under the agreement commenced on October 21, 2001 and 967,642 shares and 33,549 shares were sold prior to 2007 and in 2007, respectively. The Company sold shares of common stock under the sales agreement with Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation during 2007 at the price of the Company's common stock prevailing at the time of each sale. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$1.0 million, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2007 as a result of these sales. The Company has not sold shares of common stock, or received any proceeds related to the sale of common stock during 2008.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Other Income (Loss)

The components of other income are summarized as follows (in thousands):

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|----------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of land | 3,336 | (45) | 162 |
| Brokerage commissions | \$ 588 | \$ 701 | \$ 1,083 |
| Loss on disposition of assets, net | (1,112) | (1,304) | (907) |
| Lawsuit settlement | — | — | 399 |
| Other | (338) | 40 | 296 |
| Total other income (loss) | \$ 2,474 | \$ (608) | \$ 1,033 |

9. Segment Reporting

The consolidated operations of the Company can be segmented into real property operations segments and home sales and rentals. Transactions between the Company's segments are recorded at cost. A presentation of segment financial information is summarized as follows (amounts in thousands):

| | Year Ended December 31, 2008 | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| | Real | | |
| | Property Operations | Home Sales and Home Rentals | Consolidated |
| Revenues | \$ 196,206 | \$ 52,010 | \$ 248,216 |
| Operating expenses/Cost of sales | 66,385 | 39,959 | 106,344 |
| Net operating income/Gross profit | 129,821 | 12,051 | 141,872 |
| Adjustments to arrive at net loss: | | | |
| Other revenues | 5,739 | 1,092 | 6,831 |
| General and administrative | (16,418) | (6,734) | (23,152) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (46,263) | (18,735) | (64,998) |
| Asset impairment charge | (13,171) | — | (13,171) |
| Interest expense | (64,088) | (69) | (64,157) |
| Equity loss from affiliates | (16,470) | (28) | (16,498) |

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| | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---|-----------|-------|------------|
| Provision for state income taxes | (336) |) | — | (336) |) |
| Minority interest | (839) |) | — | (839) |) |
| Net loss | \$(22,025 |) | \$(12,423 |) | \$(34,448) |

Year Ended December 31, 2007

Real

| | Property Operations | | Home Sales and Home Rentals | | Consolidated |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---|---------------------|
| Revenues | \$ 191,427 | | \$ 41,745 | | \$ 233,172 |
| Operating expenses/Cost of sales | 65,259 | | 32,011 | | 97,270 |
| Net operating income/Gross profit | 126,168 | | 9,734 | | 135,902 |
| Adjustments to arrive at net loss: | | | | | |
| Other revenues | 2,301 | | 483 | | 2,784 |
| General and administrative | (14,610) |) | (6,093) |) | (20,703) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (45,714) |) | (16,764) |) | (62,478) |
| Interest expense | (65,360) |) | (180) |) | (65,540) |
| Equity loss from affiliate | (7,969) |) | — |) | (7,969) |
| Provision for state income taxes | (768) |) | — |) | (768) |
| Minority interest | 2,129 | | — | | 2,129 |
| Net loss | \$(3,823 |) | \$(12,820 |) | \$(16,643) |

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | Year Ended December 31, 2006 | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Real | | |
| | Property Operations | Home Sales and Home Rentals | Consolidated |
| Revenues | \$ 187,535 | \$ 35,093 | \$ 222,628 |
| Operating expenses/Cost of sales | 63,985 | 26,627 | 90,612 |
| Net operating income/Gross profit | 123,550 | 8,466 | 132,016 |
| Adjustments to arrive at net loss: | | | |
| Other revenues | 4,497 | 653 | 5,150 |
| General and administrative | (16,406) |) (6,544 |) (22,950) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (45,571) |) (14,729 |) (60,300) |
| Fees and other costs associated with extinguishment of debt | (720) |) — |) (720) |
| Interest expense | (64,762) |) (356 |) (65,118) |
| Equity loss from affiliate | (16,583) |) — |) (16,583) |
| Minority interest | 3,248 | — | 3,248 |
| Loss before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | (12,747) |) (12,510 |) (25,257) |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle | 289 | — | 289 |
| Net loss | \$ (12,458) |) \$ (12,510 |) \$ (24,968) |

| Selected balance sheet data | As of December 31, | | | 2007 | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2008 | | | Real | | |
| | Property Operations | Home Sales and Home Rentals | Consolidated | Property Operations | Home Sales and Home Rentals | Consolidated |
| Identifiable assets: | | | | | | |
| Investment property, net | \$ 954,196 | \$ 135,108 | \$ 1,089,304 | \$ 998,412 | \$ 135,792 | \$ 1,134,204 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6,138 | 24 | 6,162 | 5,042 | 373 | 5,415 |
| Inventory of manufactured homes | — | 13,058 | 13,058 | — | 12,082 | 12,082 |
| Investment in affiliates | 3,300 | 472 | 3,772 | 20,000 | — | 20,000 |
| Notes and other receivables | 52,713 | 4,784 | 57,497 | 34,976 | 1,870 | 36,846 |
| Other assets | 34,798 | 2,408 | 37,206 | 35,116 | 2,160 | 37,276 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,051,145 | \$ 155,854 | \$ 1,206,999 | \$ 1,093,546 | \$ 152,277 | \$ 1,245,823 |

10. Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") as defined under Section 856(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. In order for the Company to qualify as a REIT, at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the Company's gross income in any year must be derived from qualifying sources. In addition, a REIT must distribute at least ninety percent (90%) of its REIT ordinary taxable income to its stockholders.

Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements (some on an annual and quarterly basis) established under highly technical and complex Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations, and involves the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within the Company's control. In addition, frequent changes occur in the area of REIT taxation which requires the Company to continually monitor its tax status. The Company analyzed the various REIT tests and confirmed that it continued to qualify as a REIT for the year ended December 31, 2008.

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As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes at the corporate level on the ordinary taxable income it distributes to its stockholders as dividends. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, its taxable income will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates (including any applicable alternative minimum tax). Even if the Company qualifies as a REIT, it may be subject to certain state and local income taxes and to U.S. federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed income.

For income tax purposes, distributions paid to common stockholders consist of ordinary income, capital gains, and return of capital. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, distributions paid per share were taxable as follows (unaudited):

| | 2008 | | 2007 | | 2006 | |
|--------------------------|--------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|
| | Amount | Percentage | Amount | Percentage | Amount | Percentage |
| Ordinary income | \$0.32 | 12.8 | % \$0.05 | 1.8 | % \$0.14 | 5.6 |
| Capital gain | 0.10 | 3.8 | % — | 0.0 | % — | 0.0 |
| Return of capital | 2.10 | 83.4 | % 2.47 | 98.2 | % 2.38 | 94.4 |
| Total distributions paid | \$2.52 | 100.0 | % \$2.52 | 100.0 | % \$2.52 | 100.0 |

SHS is subject to U.S. federal income taxes. Deferred taxes reflect the estimated future tax effect of temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The tax effect of temporary differences that give rise to a significant portion of the deferred tax assets at December 31 are as follows (in thousands):

| | 2008 | 2007 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Deferred tax assets: | | |
| Net operating loss carryforwards | \$ 9,964 | \$ 8,899 |
| Real estate assets | 11,128 | 8,463 |
| Amortization of intangibles | (120) | (109) |
| Gross deferred tax assets | 20,972 | 17,253 |
| Less: valuation allowance | (19,972) | (16,253) |
| Net deferred tax assets | \$ 1,000 | \$ 1,000 |

SHS has net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$29.3 million at December 31, 2008. The loss carryforwards will begin to expire in 2021 through 2027 if not offset by future taxable income. Management believes its deferred tax asset will be realized but realization is continuously subject to an assessment as to recoverability in the future. No federal tax expense was recognized in the years ended 2008, 2007, and 2006.

On January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48). The Company previously had accounted for tax contingencies in accordance with FASB Statement No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies". As required by FIN 48, which clarifies FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"),

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the Company recognizes the financial statement benefit of a tax position only after determining that the relevant tax authority would more likely than not sustain the position following an audit. For tax positions meeting the more-likely-than-not threshold, the amount recognized in the financial statements is the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the relevant tax authority. At the adoption date, the Company applied FIN 48 to all tax positions for which the statute of limitations remained open. As a result of the adoption of FIN 48, the Company did not recognize any increase in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits, which would have been accounted for as a decrease to the January 1, 2007 balance of retained earnings. At January 1, 2007, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits. There have been no material changes to the unrecognized tax benefits during the year ended December 31, 2008, nor are any expected within the next twelve months.

In July 2007, the State of Michigan signed into law the Michigan Business Tax Act, replacing the Michigan single business tax with a combined business income tax and modified gross receipts tax. These new taxes took effect January 1, 2008 and, for purposes of SFAS 109, are properly reflected as an income tax for financial statement reporting purposes as of the enactment date. This represents a change in the reporting of Michigan taxes as the Michigan single business tax was reflected as an administrative expense and not an income tax. The Company recorded a deferred tax liability of \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million, at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively, in relation to this tax.

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The Texas Margin Tax was enacted into law in May, 2006 and became effective in 2007 for calendar year taxpayers. For purposes of SFAS 109, this tax is also properly reflected as an income tax for financial reporting purposes. No deferred tax liability is recorded in relation to this tax.

Total state income tax expense reported in the financial statements for 2008 is approximately \$0.3 million. On an ongoing basis, the Company will be reflecting the Michigan Business Tax and Texas Margin Tax as income taxes in its financial statements.

As noted, the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to income taxes in the U.S. and various state jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. Federal, State and Local, examinations by tax authorities before 2003.

The Company's policy is to report penalties and tax-related interest expense as a component of income tax expense. As of the date of adoption of FIN 48, no interest or penalty associated with any unrecognized tax benefit was accrued, nor was any interest or penalty recognized during the year ended December 31, 2008.

11. Loss Per Share

The Company has outstanding stock options, unvested restricted shares and convertible Preferred OP units which if converted or exercised may impact dilution. The following is a reconciliation of the number of shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (amounts in thousands).

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Loss used for basic and diluted loss per share computation: | | | |
| Net loss | \$ (34,448) | \$ (16,643) | \$ (24,968) |
| Weighted average shares used for basic loss per share | 18,176 | 17,938 | 17,641 |
| Dilutive securities: stock options and other | — | — | — |
| Diluted weighted average shares | 18,176 | 17,938 | 17,641 |

Due to the fact that the Company has reported a net loss for all periods presented, the potential dilutive effects of the securities were excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation because their inclusion in a net loss period would reduce the net loss per share. The following table presents the number of potentially dilutive securities that were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share (amounts in thousands).

| | As of December 31, | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Stock options | 206 | 286 | 303 |
| Unvested restricted stock | 192 | 282 | 346 |
| Convertible preferred OP units | 526 | 526 | 526 |
| Total securities | 924 | 1,094 | 1,175 |

The figures above represent the total number of potentially dilutive securities, and do not reflect the incremental impact to the number of diluted weighted average shares outstanding that would be computed if the Company had reported net income.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. Quarterly Financial Information (Unaudited)

The following is a condensed summary of the Company's unaudited quarterly results for years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

| | Quarters | | | |
|--|--|------------|------------|------------|
| | 1st | 2nd | 3rd | 4th |
| | (In thousands, except per share amounts) | | | |
| 2008 | | | | |
| Total revenues | \$ 64,954 | \$ 65,474 | \$ 61,433 | \$ 63,186 |
| Total expenses | 63,848 | 65,928 | 64,573 | 77,473 |
| Income (loss) from operations | 1,106 | (454) | (3,140) | (14,287) |
| Loss from affiliates | (4,830) | (7,720) | (1,486) | (2,462) |
| Net loss | (3,095) | (7,368) | (5,493) | (18,492) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 18,077 | 18,162 | 18,213 | 18,252 |
| Loss per common share-basic and diluted | \$ (0.17) | \$ (0.41) | \$ (0.30) | \$ (1.01) |
| 2007 | | | | |
| Total revenues | \$ 61,357 | \$ 57,946 | \$ 57,366 | \$ 59,287 |
| Total expenses | 61,587 | 60,903 | 62,352 | 61,149 |
| Loss from operations | (230) | (2,957) | (4,986) | (1,862) |
| Income (loss) from affiliate | 307 | 541 | 583 | (9,400) |
| Net income (loss) | 46 | (2,163) | (4,368) | (10,158) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 17,841 | 17,923 | 17,962 | 18,027 |
| Income (loss) per common share-basic and diluted | \$ 0.00 | \$ (0.12) | \$ (0.24) | \$ (0.57) |

13. Fair Value

The Company utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The derivative instruments held by the Company are interest rate swaps and cap agreements for which quoted market prices are not readily available. For those derivatives, the Company uses model-derived valuations in which all observable inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets provided by brokers or dealers to determine the fair values of derivative instruments on a recurring basis.

SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157") establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires the use of observable market data, when available, and prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value in the following categories:

Level 1—Quoted unadjusted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations in which all observable inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

Level 3—Model derived valuations in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, including assumptions developed by the Company

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All of the fair values of the Company's derivative instruments were based on level 2 inputs as described above. The table below presents the recorded amount of financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2008. The Company does not have any material financial assets that were required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2008.

| | Total Fair Value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|------------------------|------------------|---------|----------|---------|
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Derivative instruments | \$ 2,865 | \$ — | \$ 2,865 | \$ — |

14. Minority Interest in Operating Partnership

The minority interest in the Company consists of approximately 2.3 million Common Operating Partnership Units ("OP Units"). The net equity position of the OP Units declined below zero due to accumulated distributions in excess of accumulated earnings (losses). In accordance with the guidance in EITF No. 95-7, "Implementation Issues Related to the Treatment of Minority Interests in Certain Real Estate Investment Trusts", the Company has recognized the net equity position as a zero balance within the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2008 since there is no legal obligation for the unit holders to restore deficit capital accounts. Since the losses allocated to the minority interests have exceeded their net equity basis, the Company can no longer allocate losses to the minority interest partners. As long as the net equity position of the minority interest partners is less than zero, the distributions made to the minority interest partners are charged to the Company's consolidated statement of operations. Distributions made to the minority partners in excess of accumulated losses were \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2008.

15. Recent Accounting Pronouncements*Accounting Standards Adopted in the Year Ended December 31, 2008*

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to US GAAP guidance requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. SFAS 157 was originally effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, however in February, 2008, the FASB agreed to (a) defer the effective date in Statement 157 for one year for certain non financial assets and non financial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually), and (b) remove certain leasing transactions from the scope of Statement 157.

The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS 157 as of January 1, 2008 for financial instruments. Although the adoption of SFAS 157 did not materially impact the Company's financial position or results of operations, we are now required to provide additional disclosures as part of our consolidated financial statements. See Note 13 for additional information.

In February 2008, the FASB issued Staff Position No. FAS 157-2 which provides for a one-year deferral of the effective date of SFAS 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. We will apply the provisions of FAS 157 to non-financial assets and liabilities beginning on January 1, 2009. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 157 as it pertains to non-financial assets and liabilities to have a material impact on our results of operations or financial position.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115" ("SFAS 159"). This statement permits, but does not require, entities to measure certain financial instruments and other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected should be recognized in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. SFAS 159 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The Company did not elect the fair value option on January 1, 2008 and SFAS 159 did not impact our results from operations or financial position.

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In May 2008, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" ("SFAS 162"), the objective of which is to improve financial reporting by identifying a consistent framework, or hierarchy, for selecting accounting principles to be used in preparing financial statements that are presented in conformity with GAAP for nongovernment entities. Prior to the issuance of SFAS 162, GAAP hierarchy was defined in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") Statement on Auditing Standards 69, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" ("SAS 69"). SAS 69 has been criticized because it is not directed to the entity, but directed to the entity's independent public accountants. SFAS 162 addresses these issues by establishing that the GAAP hierarchy should be directed to entities because it is the entity (not its independent public accountants) that is responsible for selecting accounting principles for financial statements that are presented in conformity with GAAP. SFAS 162 was effective 60 days following the Securities and Exchange Commission's approval on September 16, 2008, of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board Auditing amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles". The adoption of SFAS 162 did not impact our results from operations or financial position.

In October 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 157-3, "Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active" ("FSP FAS 157-3"). FSP FAS 157-3 clarifies the application of SFAS 157 in an inactive market. The FASB also issued a joint press release with the Office of the Chief Accountant of the SEC on September 30, 2008 that addresses similar guidance to what is contained in FSP FAS 157-3. The guidance in these two releases clarifies that observable transactions in inactive markets may not be indicative of fair value, and in such instances, the use of a reporting entity's own assumptions about future cash flows and appropriately risk-adjusted discount rates may provide a better estimate of an asset's fair value. FSP FAS 157-3 was effective upon its issuance, including prior periods for which financial statements have not been issued. The adoption of FSP FAS 157-3 did not impact our results from operations or financial position.

Accounting Standards to be Adopted After the Year Ended December 31, 2008

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement No. 141R (revised 2007), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS 141R"). SFAS 141R will significantly change the accounting for business combinations. Under SFAS 141R, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value with limited exceptions. SFAS 141R will change the accounting treatment for certain specific acquisition related items and also includes a substantial number of new disclosure requirements. SFAS 141R is effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. The Company will apply SFAS 141R prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009.

In December 2007 the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements, an Amendment of ARB 51" ("SFAS 160"), which amends Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements", to establish new standards that will govern the accounting for and reporting of noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries and the loss of control of subsidiaries. Also, SFAS 160 requires that: (1) noncontrolling interest, previously referred to as minority interest, be reported as part of equity in the consolidated financial statements; (2) losses be allocated to the noncontrolling interest even when such allocation might result in a deficit balance, reducing the losses attributed to the controlling interest; (3) changes in ownership interests be treated as equity transactions if control is maintained; (4) upon a loss of control, any gain or loss on the interest sold be recognized in earnings; and (5) the noncontrolling interest's share be recorded at the fair value of net assets acquired, plus its share of goodwill. SFAS 160 is effective on a prospective basis for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008, except for the presentation and disclosure requirements, which will be applied retrospectively. The Company expects the adoption of SFAS 160 to have a material impact on the presentation of minority interest.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 161"), an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". SFAS 161 provides for enhanced disclosures about how and why an entity uses derivatives and how and where those derivatives and related hedged items are reported in the entity's financial statements. The statement is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008. Because SFAS 161 impacts the disclosure and not the accounting treatment for derivative instruments and related hedged items, the adoption of SFAS 161 will not have an impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

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In April 2008, the FASB issued FSP No. FAS 142-3, "Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets" ("FSP FAS 142-3"). FSP FAS 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". FSP FAS 142-3 is intended to improve the consistency between the useful life of an intangible asset determined under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS 141R, and other U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The FSP is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2008, and is to be applied prospectively to intangible assets acquired after the effective date. The Company will apply FSP FAS 142-3 prospectively to intangible assets for which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2009. Disclosure requirements are to be applied prospectively to all intangible assets recognized as of, and subsequent to, the effective date.

In May 2008 the FASB ratified FSP No. APB 14-1, "Accounting for Convertible Debt Instruments That May Be Settled in Cash Upon Conversion (Including Partial Cash Settlement)" ("FSP APB 14-1"), which requires issuers of convertible debt securities within its scope to separate these securities into a debt component and an equity component, resulting in the debt component being recorded at fair value without consideration given to the conversion feature. Issuance costs are also allocated between the debt and equity components. FSP APB 14-1 will require that convertible debt within its scope reflect a company's nonconvertible debt borrowing rate when interest expense is recognized. FSP APB 14-1 is effective fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2008, and shall be applied retrospectively to all prior periods. The Company is evaluating the impact FSP No. APB 14-1 will have on our results of operations and financial condition.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FSP No. Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") 03-6-1, "Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions are Participating Securities" ("FSP EITF 03-6-1"). FSP EITF 03-6-1 clarifies that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents (whether paid or unpaid) are participating securities and are to be included in the computation of earnings per share under the two-class method described in SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share". FSP EITF 03-6-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 and requires all presented prior-period earnings per share data to be adjusted retrospectively. The adoption of FSP EITF 03-6-1 is not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

In November 2008, the Emerging Issues Task Force issued EITF No. 08-6, "Equity Method Investment Accounting Considerations" ("EITF 08-6") that addresses how the initial carrying value of an equity method investment should be determined, how an impairment assessment of an underlying indefinite-lived intangible asset of an equity method investment should be performed, how an equity method investee's issuance of shares should be accounted for, and how to account for a change in an investment from the equity method to the cost method. EITF 08-6 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2008 and will be applied prospectively. Earlier application is prohibited. The Company does not expect the adoption of EITF 08-6 to have a material impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

In December 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS No. 140-4 and FIN No. 46R-8, "Disclosures about Transfers of Financial Assets and Interests in Variable Interest Entities: An Amendment to FASB Statement No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities" ("FSP FAS 140-4 and FIN 46R-8"). FSP FAS 140-4 and FIN 46R-8 require public entities to provide additional disclosures about transfers of financial assets. It also amends FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities", to require public enterprises to provide additional disclosures about their involvement with VIEs. Additionally, this FSP requires certain disclosures to be provided by a public enterprise that is a sponsor that has a variable interest in a VIE and an enterprise that holds a significant variable interest in a QSPE but was not the transferor of financial assets to the QSPE. The disclosures are intended to provide greater transparency to financial statement users about a transferor's continuing involvement with transferred financial assets and enterprise's involvement with VIEs. FSP FAS 140-4 and FIN 46R-8 are effective for the first reporting period ending after December 15, 2008. Because FSP FAS 140-4 and FIN 46R-8 impact the disclosure (and not the accounting treatment) for transferred financial assets and consolidation of VIEs, the adoption of this FSP will

not have an impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16. Commitments and Contingencies

On April 9, 2003, T.J. Holdings, LLC ("TJ Holdings"), a member of Sun/Forest, LLC ("Sun/Forest") (which, in turn, owns an equity interest in SunChamp LLC), ("SunChamp"), filed a complaint against the Company, SunChamp, certain other affiliates of the Company and two directors of Sun Communities, Inc. in the Superior Court of Guilford County, North Carolina. The complaint alleges that the defendants wrongfully deprived the plaintiff of economic opportunities that they took for themselves in contravention of duties allegedly owed to the plaintiff and purports to claim damages of \$13.0 million plus an unspecified amount for punitive damages. The Company believes the complaint and the claims threatened therein have no merit and will defend it vigorously. These proceedings were stayed by the Superior Court of Guilford County, North Carolina in 2004 pending final determination by the Circuit Court of Oakland County, Michigan as to whether the dispute should be submitted to arbitration and the conclusion of all appeals therefrom. On March 13, 2007, the Michigan Court of Appeals issued an order compelling arbitration of all claims brought in the North Carolina case. TJ Holdings has filed an application for review in the Michigan Supreme Court which has been denied and, accordingly, the North Carolina case is permanently stayed. TJ Holdings has now filed an arbitration demand in Southfield, Michigan based on the same claims. The Company intends to vigorously defend against the allegations.

As announced on February 27, 2006, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") completed its inquiry regarding the Company's accounting for its SunChamp investment during 2000, 2001 and 2002, and the Company and the SEC entered into an agreed-upon Administrative Order (the "Order"). The Order required that the Company cease and desist from violations of certain non intent-based provisions of the federal securities laws, without admitting or denying any such violations.

On February 27, 2006, the SEC filed a civil action against the Company's Chief Executive Officer, its then (and now former as of February 2008) Chief Financial Officer and a former controller in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan alleging various claims generally consistent with the SEC's findings set forth in the Order.

On July 21, 2008, the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan approved a settlement whereby the SEC dismissed its civil lawsuit against the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and the Company's former Controller. The SEC concurrently reached a settlement with the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, who remains with the Company as a senior advisor to management. This action by the SEC and the court will end the Company's associated indemnification obligations for legal fees and costs to defend this lawsuit.

The Company is involved in various other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such proceedings, taken together, are not expected to have a material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

17. Related Party Transactions

The Company and its affiliates have entered into the following transactions with Origen Financial, Inc. ("Origen"):

Investment in Origen. In 2003, the Company purchased 5,000,000 shares of Origen common stock for \$50 million and Shiffman Origen LLC (which is owned by the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust, Gary A. Shiffman (the Company's Chief Executive Officer), and members of Mr. Shiffman's family) purchased 1,025,000 shares of Origen common stock for \$10.3 million. Gary A. Shiffman is a member of the board of directors of Origen and Arthur A. Weiss, a director of the Company, is a trustee of the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust.

Board Membership. Gary A. Shiffman, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is a board member of Origen.

Loan Servicing Agreement. Origen Servicing, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Origen, serviced approximately \$30.6 million in manufactured home loans for the Company as of December 31, 2007. The Company paid Origen Servicing, Inc. an annual servicing fee of 100 to 150 basis points of the outstanding principal balance of the loans pursuant to a Loan Servicing Agreement which totaled approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million during 2007 and 2006, respectively. With the sale of Origen's servicing platform assets to Green Tree Servicing LLC during 2008, the Company engaged a different entity to continue the servicing of the manufactured home loans. In order to transfer the manufactured home loan servicing contract to a different service provider the Company paid Origen a fee of \$0.3 million in 2008.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. Origen had agreed to fund loans that met the Company's underwriting guidelines and then transfer those loans to the Company pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. The Company paid Origen a fee of \$550 per loan pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement which totaled approximately \$0.2 million during 2008, 2007 and 2006. During 2008 and 2007, the Company purchased, at par, \$12.4 million and \$13.3 million of these loans, respectively.

Purchase of Repossessed Manufactured Homes. The Company purchased certain repossessed manufactured houses owned by Origen located in its manufactured housing communities. The Company purchased approximately \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million of repossessed homes from Origen during 2008 and 2007, respectively. This program allowed the Company to retain houses for resale and rent in its communities.

Sale of Installment Loans on Manufactured Homes: As noted above, Origen serviced manufactured home loans for the Company under a Loan Servicing Agreement. Certain loans may, from time to time, have been sold to Origen. For loans that were made below published rates, the Company paid Origen the interest differential between market rates and the rate paid by the borrower for any such loans sold to Origen. During 2004, the Company sold a portfolio of below published rates loans totaling \$1.6 million to Origen. No sales of such loans were made in 2008, 2007, 2006, or 2005. The Company paid interest differential of approximately \$0.1 million 2007 and 2006. The interest differential paid to Origen during 2008 was not significant.

The Company and its affiliates have entered into the following transactions with Origen Financial Services, LLC (the "LLC"):

Investment in LLC. The Company entered into an agreement with four unrelated companies ("Members") to form a new limited liability company. The Company contributed cash of \$0.5 million towards the formation of the limited liability company. The LLC purchased the origination platform of Origen. The purpose of the venture is to originate manufactured housing installment contracts for its Members. The Company will account for its investment in the LLC using the equity method of accounting.

Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. The LLC had agreed to fund loans that met the Company's underwriting guidelines and then transfer those loans to the Company pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. The Company paid the LLC a fee of \$550 per loan pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement which totaled approximately \$0.1 million during 2008. During 2008, the Company purchased, at par, \$7.4 million of these loans.

In addition to the transactions with Origen described above, Mr. Shiffman and his affiliates and/or Mr. Weiss have entered into the following transactions with the Company:

Legal Counsel. During 2008, Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss, Professional Corporation ("JRH&W") acted as the Company's general counsel and represented the Company in various matters. Arthur A. Weiss, a director of the Company, is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and a shareholder of such firm. The Company incurred legal fees and expenses of approximately \$1.0 million in 2008 and 2007, and approximately

\$1.3 million in 2006, in connection with services rendered by JRH&W.

Lease of Executive Offices. Gary A. Shiffman, together with certain family members, indirectly owns approximately a 21 percent equity interest in American Center LLC, the entity from which we lease office space for our principal executive offices. Arthur A. Weiss owns a 0.75 percent indirect interest in American Center LLC. This lease was for an initial term of five years, beginning May 1, 2003, with the right to extend the lease for an additional five year term. On July 30, 2007, the Company exercised its option to extend its lease for its executive offices. The extension was for a period of five years commencing on May 1, 2008. On August 8, 2008, the Company modified its lease agreement to extend the term of the lease until August 31, 2015, with an option to renew for an additional five years. The base rent for the extended term through August 31, 2015, will continue to be the same as the rent payable as of the current term. The current annual base rent under the current lease is \$21.25 per square foot (gross). The Company's annual rent expense associated with the lease of the executive offices was approximately \$0.6 million for each the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006. The Company's future annual rent expense will remain approximately \$0.6 million through 2015. Mr. Shiffman may have a conflict of interest with respect to his obligations as an officer and/or director of the Company and his ownership interest in American Center LLC.

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tax Consequences Upon Sale of Properties. Gary A. Shiffman holds limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership which were received in connection with the contribution of 24 properties (four of which have been sold) from partnerships previously affiliated with him (the “Sun Partnerships”). Prior to any redemption of these limited partnership interests for our common stock, Mr. Shiffman will have tax consequences different from those of us and our public stockholders on the sale of any of the Sun Partnerships. Therefore, Mr. Shiffman and the Company may have different objectives regarding the appropriate pricing and timing of any sale of those properties.

18. Subsequent Events

In March 2009, the Company entered into a one year, auto renewing, \$10.0 million floor plan facility that allows for draws on new home purchases and bears interest at the greater of 7.0 percent or Prime plus 100 basis points. Prime means for any month, the prevailing “prime rate” as quoted in the Wall Street Journal on first business day of such calendar month. This facility replaced the Company’s \$40.0 million floor plan line of credit which matured on March 1, 2009.

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, SCHEDULE III

DECEMBER 31, 2008

(amounts in thousands)

| Property Name | Location | Encumbrance | Initial Cost to Company | | Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Improvements) | | Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2008 | | Total | Accumulated Depreciation |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| | | | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | | |
| Academy/Westpoint | Canton, MI | A | 1,485 | 14,278 | - | 3,576 | 1,485 | 17,854 | 19,339 | (4,913) |
| Allendale | Allendale, MI | A | 366 | 3,684 | - | 6,908 | 366 | 10,592 | 10,958 | (3,748) |
| Alpine | Grand Rapids, MI | C | 729 | 6,692 | - | 5,682 | 729 | 12,374 | 13,103 | (4,480) |
| Apple Creek | Amelia, OH | B | 543 | 5,480 | - | 940 | 543 | 6,420 | 6,963 | (1,847) |
| Arbor Terrace | Bradenton, FL | C | 456 | 4,410 | - | 751 | 456 | 5,161 | 5,617 | (2,048) |
| Ariana Village | Lakeland, FL | C | 240 | 2,195 | - | 1,041 | 240 | 3,236 | 3,476 | (1,338) |
| Autumn Ridge | Ankeny, IA | A | 890 | 8,054 | (33) | 2,147 | 857 | 10,201 | 11,059 | (3,784) |
| Bedford Hills | Battle Creek, MI | - | 1,265 | 11,562 | - | 2,299 | 1,265 | 13,861 | 15,126 | (5,492) |
| Bell Crossing | Clarksville, TN | - | 717 | 1,916 | - | 6,021 | 717 | 7,937 | 8,654 | (2,221) |
| Boulder Ridge | Pflugerville, TX | A | 1,000 | 500 | 3,324 | 21,770 | 4,324 | 22,270 | 26,595 | (6,474) |
| Branch Creek | Austin, TX | A | 796 | 3,716 | - | 5,523 | 796 | 9,239 | 10,035 | (3,524) |
| Brentwood | Kentwood, MI | C | 385 | 3,592 | - | 1,607 | 385 | 5,199 | 5,584 | (1,902) |
| Brookside Village | Goshen, IN | A | 260 | 1,080 | 386 | 10,163 | 646 | 11,243 | 11,889 | (4,446) |
| Buttonwood Bay | Sebring, FL | C | 1,952 | 18,294 | - | 3,403 | 1,952 | 21,697 | 23,649 | (5,492) |
| Byrne Hill Village | Toledo, OH | C | 383 | 3,903 | (2) | 1,300 | 381 | 5,203 | 5,585 | (1,527) |
| Byron Center | Byron Center, MI | C | 253 | 2,402 | - | 1,010 | 253 | 3,412 | 3,665 | (1,234) |
| Candlelight Village | Chicago Heights, IL | C | 600 | 5,623 | - | 3,846 | 600 | 9,469 | 10,069 | (3,423) |
| Candlewick Court | Owosso, MI | C | 125 | 1,900 | 132 | 2,288 | 257 | 4,188 | 4,445 | (1,726) |
| Carrington Pointe | Ft. Wayne, IN | A | 1,076 | 3,632 | (1) | 6,503 | 1,075 | 10,135 | 11,210 | (3,270) |
| Casa Del Valle | Alamo, TX | C | 246 | 2,316 | - | 745 | 246 | 3,061 | 3,307 | (1,144) |
| Catalina | Middletown, OH | C | 653 | 5,858 | - | 3,784 | 653 | 9,642 | 10,295 | (4,359) |
| Cave Creek | Evans, CO | 5,820 | 2,241 | 15,343 | - | 5,839 | 2,241 | 21,182 | 23,422 | (3,690) |
| Chisholm Point | Pflugerville, TX | A | 609 | 5,286 | - | 6,400 | 609 | 11,686 | 12,295 | (3,963) |
| Clearwater Village | South Bend, IN | A | 80 | 1,270 | 61 | 3,754 | 141 | 5,024 | 5,165 | (1,957) |
| Cobus Green | Elkhart, IN | - | 762 | 7,037 | - | 2,622 | 762 | 9,659 | 10,421 | (4,506) |
| College Park Estates | Canton, MI | - | 75 | 800 | 174 | 6,883 | 249 | 7,683 | 7,932 | (3,079) |
| Comal Farms | New Braunfels, TX | - | 1,455 | 1,732 | - | 7,448 | 1,455 | 9,180 | 10,635 | (2,044) |

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| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| Continental Estates | Davison, MI | C | 1,625 | 16,581 | 150 | 1,957 | 1,775 | 18,538 | 20,313 | (7,216) |
| Continental North (1) | Davison, MI | C | - | - | - | 8,958 | - | 8,958 | 8,958 | (3,277) |
| Corporate Headquarters | Farmington Hills, MI | - | - | - | - | 8,374 | - | 8,374 | 8,374 | (4,437) |
| Country Acres | Cadillac, MI | C | 380 | 3,495 | - | 1,772 | 380 | 5,267 | 5,647 | (1,998) |
| Country Meadows | Flat Rock, MI | A | 924 | 7,583 | 296 | 14,572 | 1,220 | 22,155 | 23,375 | (8,326) |
| Countryside Atlanta | Lawrenceville, GA | 12,950 | 1,274 | 10,957 | - | 1,861 | 1,274 | 12,818 | 14,093 | (2,046) |
| Countryside Gwinnett | Buford, GA | - | 1,124 | 9,539 | - | 2,712 | 1,124 | 12,251 | 13,375 | (1,974) |
| Countryside Lake Lanier | Buford, GA | 16,850 | 1,916 | 16,357 | - | 3,438 | 1,916 | 19,795 | 21,711 | (3,200) |
| Countryside Village | Perry, MI | - | 275 | 3,920 | 185 | 3,814 | 460 | 7,734 | 8,194 | (3,235) |
| Creekside | Reidsville, NC | - | 350 | 1,423 | (200) | 96 | 150 | 1,519 | 1,668 | (13) |
| Creekwood Meadows | Burton, MI | C | 808 | 2,043 | 404 | 10,761 | 1,212 | 12,804 | 14,016 | (4,386) |
| Cutler Estates | Grand Rapids, MI | | 749 | 6,941 | - | 1,771 | 749 | 8,712 | 9,461 | (3,330) |

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, SCHEDULE III

DECEMBER 31, 2008

(amounts in thousands)

| Property Name | Location | Encumbrance | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Total | Accumulated Depreciation |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Davison East (1) | Davison, MI | C | - | - | - | 1,195 | - | 1,195 | 1,195 | (399) |
| Deerfield Run | Anderson, IN | - | 990 | 1,607 | - | 4,708 | 990 | 6,315 | 7,305 | (1,826) |
| Desert View Village | West Wendover, NV | - | 1,119 | - | (1,042) | 209 | 77 | 209 | 285 | (75) |
| Eagle Crest | Firestone, CO | A | 2,015 | 150 | - | 30,312 | 2,015 | 30,462 | 32,477 | (6,466) |
| East Fork | Batavia, OH | - | 1,280 | 6,302 | - | 7,149 | 1,280 | 13,451 | 14,731 | (3,257) |
| Edwardsville | Edwardsville, KS | - | 425 | 8,805 | 541 | 4,561 | 966 | 13,366 | 14,332 | (5,933) |
| Falcon Pointe | East Lansing, MI | 2,288 | 450 | 4,049 | (300) | (2,644) | 150 | 1,405 | 1,555 | (19) |
| Fisherman's Cove | Flint, MI | C | 380 | 3,438 | - | 2,150 | 380 | 5,588 | 5,968 | (2,423) |
| Forest Meadows | Philomath, OR | C | 1,031 | 2,050 | - | 842 | 1,031 | 2,892 | 3,923 | (859) |
| Four Seasons | Elkhart, IN | C | 500 | 4,811 | - | 1,601 | 500 | 6,412 | 6,912 | (1,831) |
| Glen Laurel | Concord, NC | - | 1,641 | 453 | - | 8,921 | 1,641 | 9,374 | 11,015 | (1,921) |
| Goldcoaster | Homestead, FL | C | 446 | 4,234 | 172 | 2,302 | 618 | 6,536 | 7,154 | (2,355) |
| Grand | Grand Rapids, MI | C | 374 | 3,587 | - | 1,636 | 374 | 5,223 | 5,597 | (1,823) |
| Groves | Ft. Myers, FL | C | 249 | 2,396 | - | 911 | 249 | 3,307 | 3,556 | (1,247) |
| Hamlin | Webberville, MI | C | 125 | 1,675 | 536 | 7,176 | 661 | 8,851 | 9,512 | (2,421) |
| High Point | Frederica, DE | 17,500 | 898 | 7,031 | - | 4,638 | 898 | 11,669 | 12,567 | (2,852) |
| Holiday Village | Elkhart, IN | A | 100 | 3,207 | 143 | 2,265 | 243 | 5,472 | 5,715 | (2,444) |
| Holly / Hawaiian Gardens | Holly, MI | C | 1,514 | 13,596 | - | 846 | 1,514 | 14,442 | 15,956 | (2,185) |
| Holly Forest | Holly Hill, FL | A | 920 | 8,376 | - | 537 | 920 | 8,913 | 9,833 | (3,410) |
| Hunters Glen | Wayland, MI | 2,700 | 1,102 | 11,926 | - | 1,454 | 1,102 | 13,380 | 14,482 | (2,296) |
| Indian Creek | Ft. Myers Beach, FL | C | 3,832 | 34,660 | - | 3,400 | 3,832 | 38,060 | 41,892 | (15,466) |
| Island Lake | Merritt Island, FL | C | 700 | 6,431 | - | 486 | 700 | 6,917 | 7,617 | (3,041) |
| Kensington Meadows | Island, FL | C | 700 | 6,431 | - | 486 | 700 | 6,917 | 7,617 | (3,041) |
| Kenwood | Lansing, MI | A | 250 | 2,699 | - | 6,361 | 250 | 9,060 | 9,310 | (3,241) |
| King's Court | La Feria, TX | - | 145 | 1,842 | - | 201 | 145 | 2,043 | 2,188 | (646) |
| King's Lake | Traverse City, MI | A | 1,473 | 13,782 | - | 2,970 | 1,473 | 16,752 | 18,225 | (6,622) |
| Knollwood Estates | Debary, FL | C | 280 | 2,542 | - | 2,367 | 280 | 4,909 | 5,189 | (1,905) |
| Lafayette Place | Allendale, MI | 2,455 | 400 | 4,061 | - | 1,365 | 400 | 5,426 | 5,826 | (1,400) |
| Lake Juliana | Warren, MI | C | 669 | 5,979 | - | 2,680 | 669 | 8,659 | 9,328 | (2,929) |
| | | C | 335 | 3,048 | - | 1,662 | 335 | 4,710 | 5,045 | (1,869) |

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| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|-------|--------|-----|-------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| | Auburndale, FL | | | | | | | | | |
| Lake San Marino | Naples, FL | C | 650 | 5,760 | - | 1,001 | 650 | 6,761 | 7,411 | (2,664) |
| Lakeview | Ypsilanti, MI | B | 1,156 | 10,903 | - | 1,818 | 1,156 | 12,721 | 13,877 | (1,991) |
| | Valparaiso, | | | | | | | | | |
| Liberty Farms | IN | C | 66 | 1,201 | 116 | 2,638 | 182 | 3,839 | 4,021 | (1,586) |
| Lincoln Estates | Holland, MI | C | 455 | 4,201 | - | 1,731 | 455 | 5,932 | 6,387 | (2,150) |
| Maplewood Mobile | Lawrence, IN | C | 275 | 2,122 | - | 1,833 | 275 | 3,955 | 4,231 | (1,656) |
| | White Lake, | | | | | | | | | |
| Meadow Lake Estates | MI | A | 1,188 | 11,498 | 127 | 5,326 | 1,315 | 16,824 | 18,139 | (7,441) |
| | Charlotte, | | | | | | | | | |
| Meadowbrook | NC | - | 1,310 | 6,570 | - | 4,662 | 1,310 | 11,232 | 12,542 | (3,031) |
| Meadowbrook Estates | Monroe, MI | C | 431 | 3,320 | 379 | 8,480 | 810 | 11,800 | 12,610 | (5,080) |
| Meadowbrook Village | Tampa, FL | C | 519 | 4,728 | - | 635 | 519 | 5,363 | 5,882 | (2,579) |
| | Nappanee, | | | | | | | | | |
| Meadows | IN | C | 287 | 2,300 | (1) | 4,089 | 286 | 6,389 | 6,675 | (2,644) |
| North Point Estates | Pueblo, CO | - | 1,582 | 3,027 | 1 | 3,756 | 1,583 | 6,783 | 8,365 | (1,693) |

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, SCHEDULE III

DECEMBER 31, 2008

(amounts in thousands)

| Property Name | Location | Encumbrance | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Total | Accumulated Depreciation |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|--------------------|------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Oak Crest | Austin, TX | - | 4,311 | 12,611 | - | 5,606 | 4,311 | 18,217 | 22,528 | (4,048) |
| Oakwood Village | Miamisburg, OH | A | 1,964 | 6,401 | - | 9,899 | 1,964 | 16,300 | 18,264 | (4,711) |
| Orange Tree | Orange City, FL | C | 283 | 2,530 | 15 | 971 | 298 | 3,501 | 3,799 | (1,522) |
| Orchard Lake | Milford, OH | B | 395 | 4,025 | - | 318 | 395 | 4,343 | 4,738 | (1,415) |
| Pebble Creek | Greenwood, IN | - | 1,030 | 5,074 | - | 4,893 | 1,030 | 9,967 | 10,997 | (2,675) |
| Pecan Branch | Georgetown, TX | - | 1,379 | - | 235 | 5,131 | 1,614 | 5,131 | 6,746 | (1,233) |
| Pheasant Ridge | Lancaster, PA | C | 2,044 | 19,279 | - | 338 | 2,044 | 19,617 | 21,661 | (4,339) |
| Pin Oak Parc | O'Fallon, MO | A | 1,038 | 3,250 | 467 | 7,445 | 1,505 | 10,695 | 12,199 | (3,768) |
| Pine Hills | Middlebury, IN | - | 72 | 544 | 60 | 3,341 | 132 | 3,885 | 4,017 | (1,531) |
| Pine Ridge | Petersburg, VA | C | 405 | 2,397 | - | 3,181 | 405 | 5,578 | 5,983 | (2,148) |
| Pine Trace | Houston, TX | 6,235 | 2,907 | 17,169 | - | 1,861 | 2,907 | 19,030 | 21,937 | (3,573) |
| Presidential | Hudsonville, MI | A | 680 | 6,314 | - | 3,544 | 680 | 9,858 | 10,538 | (3,658) |
| Richmond | Richmond, MI | C | 501 | 2,040 | - | 1,220 | 501 | 3,260 | 3,761 | (1,003) |
| River Haven | Grand Haven, MI | 8,836 | 1,800 | 16,967 | - | 3,236 | 1,800 | 20,203 | 22,003 | (5,284) |
| River Ranch | Austin, TX | - | 4,690 | 843 | (4) | 9,159 | 4,686 | 10,002 | 14,688 | (1,782) |
| River Ridge | Austin, TX | - | 3,201 | 15,090 | - | 4,595 | 3,201 | 19,685 | 22,886 | (4,628) |
| Roxbury | Goshen, IN | A | 1,057 | 9,870 | 1 | 1,869 | 1,058 | 11,739 | 12,797 | (3,067) |
| Royal Country | Miami, FL | 54,000 | 2,290 | 20,758 | - | 1,495 | 2,290 | 22,253 | 24,543 | (10,829) |
| Saddle Oak Club | Ocala, FL | A | 730 | 6,743 | - | 1,045 | 730 | 7,788 | 8,518 | (3,521) |
| Saddlebrook | San Marcos, TX | - | 1,703 | 11,843 | - | 4,742 | 1,703 | 16,585 | 18,288 | (3,784) |
| Scio Farms | Ann Arbor, MI | C | 2,300 | 22,659 | (11) | 7,076 | 2,289 | 29,735 | 32,024 | (12,044) |
| Sea Air | Rehoboth Beach, DE | 20,000 | 1,207 | 10,179 | - | 1,804 | 1,207 | 11,983 | 13,190 | (2,874) |
| Sheffield | Auburn Hills, MI | 6,825 | 778 | 7,165 | - | 469 | 778 | 7,634 | 8,412 | (749) |
| Sherman Oaks | Jackson, FL | - | 200 | 2,400 | 240 | 5,805 | 440 | 8,205 | 8,645 | (3,361) |
| Siesta Bay | Ft. Myers Beach, FL | C | 2,051 | 18,549 | - | 1,681 | 2,051 | 20,230 | 22,281 | (8,225) |

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| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| Silver Star | Orlando, FL | C | 1,022 | 9,306 | - | 900 | 1,022 | 10,206 | 11,228 | (4,104) |
| | Weslaco, | | | | | | | | | |
| Snow to Sun | TX | C | 190 | 2,143 | 13 | 1,192 | 203 | 3,335 | 3,538 | (1,188) |
| Southfork | Belton, MO | C | 1,000 | 9,011 | - | 3,425 | 1,000 | 12,436 | 13,436 | (4,077) |
| St. Clair Place | St. Clair, MI | C | 501 | 2,029 | - | 906 | 501 | 2,935 | 3,436 | (1,112) |
| | San | | | | | | | | | |
| Stonebridge | Antonio, TX | - | 2,515 | 2,096 | (615) | 8,090 | 1,900 | 10,186 | 12,086 | (2,413) |
| | Richfield | | | | | | | | | |
| Stonebridge | Twp., MI | - | 2,044 | - | 2,130 | (28) | 4,174 | (28) | 4,147 | - |
| | Converse, | | | | | | | | | |
| Summit Ridge | TX | - | 2,615 | 2,092 | (883) | 7,706 | 1,732 | 9,798 | 11,530 | (2,308) |
| Sun Villa | Reno, NV | 18,300 | 2,385 | 11,773 | (1,100) | 699 | 1,285 | 12,472 | 13,757 | (4,308) |
| Sunset Ridge | Kyle, TX | - | 2,190 | 2,775 | - | 7,342 | 2,190 | 10,117 | 12,307 | (2,446) |
| Sunset Ridge | Portland, MI | - | 2,044 | - | - | 14,766 | 2,044 | 14,766 | 16,810 | (3,310) |
| Tampa East | Tampa, FL | B | 734 | 6,310 | - | 1,503 | 734 | 7,813 | 8,547 | (1,049) |
| | Ft. Collins, | | | | | | | | | |
| Timber Ridge | CO | A | 990 | 9,231 | - | 4,567 | 990 | 13,798 | 14,788 | (4,890) |
| Timberbrook | Bristol, IN | - | 490 | 3,400 | 101 | 8,782 | 591 | 12,182 | 12,773 | (5,323) |
| | Grand | | | | | | | | | |
| Timberline Estates | Rapids, MI | A | 535 | 4,867 | 1 | 2,307 | 536 | 7,174 | 7,709 | (3,039) |
| | Traverse | | | | | | | | | |
| Town and Country | City, MI | C | 406 | 3,736 | - | 861 | 406 | 4,597 | 5,003 | (1,766) |

F-36

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.
REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, SCHEDULE III
DECEMBER 31, 2008
(amounts in thousands)

| Property Name | Location | Encumbrance | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Land | Depreciable Assets | Total | Accumulated |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|---------|--------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Valley Brook | Indianapolis, IN | A | 150 | 3,500 | 1,277 | 12,218 | 1,427 | 15,718 | 17,145 | (6,709) |
| Village Trails | Howard City, MI | C | 988 | 1,472 | (52) | 1,697 | 936 | 3,169 | 4,105 | (1,053) |
| Water Oak | Lady Lake, FL | A | 2,834 | 16,706 | 101 | 10,319 | 2,935 | 27,025 | 29,960 | (11,655) |
| West Glen Village | Indianapolis, IN | C | 1,100 | 10,028 | - | 3,114 | 1,100 | 13,142 | 14,242 | (5,735) |
| Westbrook | Toledo, OH | A | 1,110 | 10,462 | - | 1,949 | 1,110 | 12,411 | 13,521 | (3,786) |
| Westbrook Senior | Toledo, OH | A | 355 | 3,295 | - | 298 | 355 | 3,593 | 3,948 | (897) |
| White Lake | White Lake, MI | A | 672 | 6,179 | 1 | 6,763 | 673 | 12,942 | 13,615 | (4,081) |
| White Oak | Mt. Morris, MI | A | 782 | 7,245 | 112 | 5,613 | 894 | 12,858 | 13,752 | (4,481) |
| Willowbrook | Toledo, OH | A | 781 | 7,054 | 1 | 2,087 | 782 | 9,141 | 9,923 | (3,013) |
| Windham Hills | Jackson, MI | A | 2,673 | 2,364 | - | 12,028 | 2,673 | 14,392 | 17,065 | (4,426) |
| Woodhaven Place | Woodhaven, MI | A | 501 | 4,541 | - | 2,492 | 501 | 7,033 | 7,534 | (2,236) |
| Woodlake Estates | Yoder, IN | C | 632 | 3,674 | (283) | (187) | 349 | 3,487 | 3,836 | (430) |
| Woodlake Trails | San Antonio, TX | - | 1,186 | 287 | (282) | 4,657 | 904 | 4,944 | 5,848 | (1,249) |
| Woodland Park Estates | Eugene, OR | 5,177 | 1,592 | 14,398 | 1 | 2,442 | 1,593 | 16,840 | 18,433 | (5,780) |
| Woods Edge | West Lafayette, IN | C | 100 | 2,600 | 2 | 10,068 | 102 | 12,668 | 12,770 | (4,345) |
| Woodside Terrace | Holland, OH | A | 1,064 | 9,625 | (1) | 2,960 | 1,063 | 12,585 | 13,648 | (4,572) |
| Worthington Arms | Lewis Center, OH | A | 376 | 2,624 | - | 2,232 | 376 | 4,856 | 5,232 | (2,021) |
| | | | 136,202 | 839,284 | 7,075 | 557,061 | 143,277 | 1,396,345 | 1,539,623 | (450,319) |

A These communities collateralize \$377.7 million of secured debt.

B These communities collateralize \$27.0 million of secured debt.

C These communities collateralize \$478.9 million of secured debt.

⁽¹⁾ The initial cost for this property is included in the initial cost reported for Continental Estates.

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SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, CONTINUED

The change in investment property for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 is as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Balance at beginning of year | \$ 1,538,426 | \$ 1,512,762 | \$ 1,458,122 |
| Community and land acquisitions, including immediate improvements | — | 789 | 8,012 |
| Community expansion and development | 1,292 | 857 | 3,052 |
| Improvements, other | 45,331 | 44,199 | 53,360 |
| Asset impairment | (21,257) | | |
| Dispositions and other | (24,169) | (20,180) | (9,784) |
| Balance at end of year | \$ 1,539,623 | \$ 1,538,426 | \$ 1,512,762 |

The change in accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006 is as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31, | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Balance at beginning of year | \$ 404,222 | \$ 351,113 | \$ 296,302 |
| Depreciation for the period | 61,026 | 58,723 | 56,784 |
| Asset impairment | (8,086) | — | — |
| Dispositions and other | (6,843) | (5,614) | (1,973) |
| Balance at end of year | \$ 450,319 | \$ 404,222 | \$ 351,113 |

