CHARMING SHOPPES INC Form 10-Q

June 06, 2003

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended May 3, 2003

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[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File No. 000-07258

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PENNSYLVANIA 23-1721355

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

450 WINKS LANE, BENSALEM, PA 19020

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(215) 245-9100

(Registrant's telephone number, including Area Code)

NOT APPLICABLE

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [X] No []

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's Common Stock, as of May 23, 2003, was 112,981,870 shares.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per-share amounts)	May 3, 2003		F	February 1 2003	
	(Ur	naudited)			
ASSETS Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	97 , 629	\$	102,026	
Available-for-sale securities		54,613		50,286	
Merchandise inventories		342,448		286,472	
Deferred taxes		17 , 986		11,726	
Prepayments and other		81 , 379		77 , 504	
Total current assets		594,055		528 , 014	
Property, equipment, and leasehold improvements - at cost		681,106		668,168	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		360 , 033		348 , 295	
Net property, equipment, and leasehold improvements		321,073		319 , 873	
Trademarks and other intangible assets		170 , 973		171,138	
Goodwill		68,594		68,594	
Available-for-sale securities		24,864		23,472	
Other assets		28,253		28,065	
Total assets	\$ 2	1,207,812	\$	 1,139,156 	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EOUITY					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	206,401	Ś	147,952	
Accrued expenses	т.	147,324	7	163,598	
Income taxes payable		14,047		7,144	
Current portion - long-term debt		13,644		12,595	
Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan		1,581		0	
Total current liabilities		382 , 997		331 , 289	
Deferred taxes and other non-current liabilities		49,492		43,188	
Long-term debt		203,450		203,045	

Stockholders' equity Common Stock \$.10 par value: Additional paid-in capital Treasury stock at cost - 12,265,993 shares Deferred employee compensation (3,521)(3,370)Accumulated other comprehensive loss (502) (550 Retained earnings 446,824 437,135 Total stockholders' equity 571,873 561,634 -----_____

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

	Thirteen W	Weeks Ended
(In thousands, except per-share amounts)	May 3, 2003	May 4, 2002(1)
Net sales	\$ 564 , 286	\$ 630,616
Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses Selling, general, and administrative expenses Expenses related to cost reduction plan	395,488 145,265 4,431	159 , 156
Total operating expenses		596,391
Income from operations	19,102	34,225
Other income, principally interest		
Income before income taxes, minority interest, and cumulative effect of accounting changes	15,721 6,116	
Income before minority interest and cumulative effect of accounting changes	9,605	17,211

Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of	9,689	17,272
income tax benefit of \$2,758	0	(49,098)
Net income (loss)	\$ 9,689 ======	\$ (31,826) ======
Basic net income (loss) per share:		
Before cumulative effect of accounting changes	\$.09	\$.15
Cumulative effect of accounting changes	.00	(.44)
Net income (loss)	\$.09	\$(.28)(2)
	====	====
Diluted net income (loss) per share:		
Before cumulative effect of accounting changes	\$.08	\$.14
Cumulative effect of accounting changes	.00	(.39)
Net income (loss)	\$.08	\$(.24)(2)
	====	=====

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)

	Thirteen We	
(In thousands)	May 3, 2003	May 4,
Net income (loss)	\$ 9,689	\$(31,826
Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes of \$24 and \$(20), respectively	(38)	15
derivative, net of income taxes of \$(46) and \$(46), respectively	86	86
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes	48	101
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 9 , 737	\$(31 , 725

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

May 3, May 4, 2003 2002(1) May 4, 2003 2002(10) May		Thirteen We	
Net income (loss) \$ 9,689 \$ (31,826) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 19,270 18,335 Depreciation and amortization 19,270 18,335 Write-down of Catherine's goodwill 0 43,975 Cumulative effect of capitalization of cash received from vendors 0 7,881 Deferred income taxes (1,025) (2,211) Other, net 694 33 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (15,143) 28,093 Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross p	(In thousands)	May 3, 2003	May 4, 2002(1)
Net income (loss) \$ 9,689 \$ (31,826) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: 19,270 18,335 Depreciation and amortization 19,270 18,335 Write-down of Catherine's goodwill 0 43,975 Cumulative effect of capitalization of cash received from vendors 0 7,881 Deferred income taxes (1,025) (2,211) Other, net 694 33 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (15,143) 28,093 Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross p	Operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	Net income (loss)	\$ 9,689	\$ (31,826)
Write-down of Catherine's goodwill 0 43,975 Cumulative effect of capitalization of cash received from vendors 0 7,881 Deferred income taxes (1,025) (2,211) Other, net 694 33 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable 58,449 41,664 Prepayments and other (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (15,143) 28,093 Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities 20,394 52,453 Investment in capital assets (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)		19,270	18,335
Deferred income taxes		0	43 , 975
Other, net 694 33 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable 58,449 41,664 Prepayments and other (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (15,143) 28,093 Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities 20,394 52,453 Investment in capital assets (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)	Cumulative effect of capitalization of cash received from vendors	0	7,881
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable 58,449 41,664 Prepayments and other (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (15,143) 28,093 Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)	Deferred income taxes	(1,025)	(2,211)
Merchandise inventories (55,976) (38,069) Accounts payable 58,449 41,664 Prepayments and other (4,048) (14,148) Accrued expenses and other (15,143) 28,093 Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)	Other, net	694	33
Accounts payable			
Prepayments and other	Merchandise inventories	(55 , 976)	(38,069)
Accrued expenses and other	Accounts payable	58,449	41,664
Income taxes payable 6,903 0 Accrued restructuring costs 0 (1,274) Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities Investment in capital assets (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)	Prepayments and other	(4,048)	(14,148)
Accrued restructuring costs	Accrued expenses and other	(15,143)	28,093
Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan 1,581 0 Net cash provided by operating activities 20,394 52,453 Investing activities Investment in capital assets (13,325) (10,606) Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities 8,888 3 Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)	Income taxes payable	6,903	0
Net cash provided by operating activities	Accrued restructuring costs	0	(1,274)
Net cash provided by operating activities	Accrued expenses related to cost reduction plan	1,581	•
Investment in capital assets	Net cash provided by operating activities	.,	52,453
Investment in capital assets	Investing activities		
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities		(13.325)	(10 - 606)
Gross purchases of available-for-sale securities (14,669) (8,996)	*		
		•	_
	•	. , ,	` '

Net cash used in investing activities		(20,838)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	81,172	222,613
Repayments of short-term borrowings	(81,172)	(255 , 167)
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(3,382)	(2,355)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		4,053
Net cash used in financing activities		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		36,640
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 37 , 399
	=======	=======
Non-cash financing and investing activities		
Common stock issued on conversion of convertible notes		
Equipment acquired through capital leases	\$ 4,836	
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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

We have prepared the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of May 3, 2003, and the condensed consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, without audit. In the opinion of our management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments, except for the cumulative effect of accounting changes) necessary to present fairly the financial position at May 3, 2003, and the results of operations and cash flows for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, have been made.

We have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in our February 1, 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of operating results for the full fiscal year.

As used in these notes, the terms "Fiscal 2004" and "Fiscal 2003" refer to

our fiscal year ending January 31, 2004 and our fiscal year ended February 1, 2003, respectively. The terms "Fiscal 2004 First Quarter" and "Fiscal 2003 First Quarter" refer to the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, respectively. The term "Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter" refers to the thirteen weeks ending August 2, 2003. The terms "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Charming Shoppes, Inc. and, where applicable, its consolidated subsidiaries.

In the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2003, we adopted the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue 02-16, "Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor," as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 and restated our results of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2003. EITF Issue 02-16 addresses the accounting for cash consideration given to a customer, including both a reseller of the vendor's products and an entity that purchases the vendor's products, from a reseller. The Issue provides accounting guidance on how a customer should characterize cash consideration received from a vendor, and when to recognize and how to measure that consideration in its income statement. The cumulative effect of the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 was a charge of \$5,123,000, net of income taxes of \$2,758,000. For interim reporting, markdown allowances are deferred, and are recognized in the period in which markdown expenses are recognized.

In accordance with the transition provisions of FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," we performed a review of our goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter of Fiscal 2003. We determined that the carrying value of goodwill related to our acquisition of Catherines Stores Corporation exceeded its estimated fair value under SFAS No. 142. We recognized a charge of \$43,975,000 as the cumulative effect of an accounting change as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 to reduce the carrying value of the Catherine's goodwill to its estimated fair value. This charge has no tax effect, as it is not deductible for tax purposes.

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The results of operations for the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter as previously reported, prior to the restatement for the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 and the cumulative effect of accounting changes for the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 and SFAS No. 142, were as follows:

					Thirte	∋n
					Weeks End	ded
(In	thousands,	except	per-share	amounts)	May 4, 20	002
Net	sales				\$630,63	16

Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses	438,808
Net income	16,311
Net income per share:	
Basic	\$.15
Diluted	.14

We account for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic value method, in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and its related interpretations. We amortize deferred compensation expense attributable to stock awards and stock options having an exercise price less than the market price on the date of grant over the vesting period of the award or option. We do not recognize compensation expense for options having an exercise price equal to the market price on the date of grant or for shares purchased under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. We have adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure."

The following table reconciles net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share as reported, using the intrinsic value method under APB No. 25, to pro forma net income (loss) and pro forma net income (loss) per share using the fair value method under SFAS No. 123:

	Thirteen Weeks End			
(In thousands, except per-share amounts)	May		Ма	y 4, 2002
				Restated)
Net income (loss), as reported	\$	9,689	\$	(31,826)
value method, net of income taxes		270		208
net of income taxes		(989)		(1,365)
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$	8,970 =====	\$	(32,983)
Basic net income (loss) per share:				
As reported		.09		(.28)
Pro forma		.08		(.30)
As reported		.08		(.24)
Pro forma		.08		(.25)

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

2. Trademarks and Other Intangible Assets

(In thousands)	May 3, 2003	February 1, 2003
Trademarks, tradenames, and internet domain names . Customer lists and covenant not to compete	\$168,800 3,300	\$168,800 3,300
Total at cost	172 , 100	172,100
covenant not to compete	1,127	962
Net trademarks and other intangible assets	\$170 , 973	\$171 , 138

3. Long-term Debt

(In thousands)	May 3, 2003 	February 1, 2003
4.75% Senior Convertible Notes due 2012 Capital lease obligations 6.53% mortgage note 7.77% mortgage note 7.5% mortgage note 8.15% note	\$150,000 33,971 13,300 10,372 6,006 3,445	\$150,000 31,703 13,650 10,478 6,059 3,750
Total long-term debt Less current portion	217,094 13,644	215,640 12,595
Long-term debt	\$203 , 450	\$203,045 ======

4. Stockholders' Equity

(In thousands)	Thirteen Weeks Ended May 3, 2003
Total stockholders' equity, beginning of period	\$ 561,634
Net income	9,689
Exercises of stock options	86
Amortization of deferred compensation expense	416
Amortization of deferred loss on termination of derivative, net of tax	86
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	(38)
Total stockholders' equity, end of period	\$ 571,873
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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

5. Customer Loyalty Card Program

In Fiscal 2002, we began a customer loyalty card program for our Fashion Bug store customers. The program grants discounts on customer purchases over a twelve-month period upon payment of a \$25 annual fee. Revenues from card fees under the program are recognized as sales over the life of the membership dependent on discounts being earned by the customer. If a customer does not earn discounts in an amount that exceeds the card fee, such difference is recognized as revenue upon the expiration of the annual period. Upon early cancellation of a loyalty card, refunds of membership fees are reduced by the amount of any discounts granted to the member under the program. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and Fiscal 2003 First Quarter, we recognized revenues of \$4,173,000 and \$4,311,000, respectively, in connection with this program. As of December 1, 2002, we discontinued the issuance of new cards under this program. We plan to terminate this program by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we introduced a new customer loyalty card program that is being operated under our proprietary credit card program. For an annual fee of \$25, the program grants, among other benefits, a \$20 discount each time a customer accumulates over \$200 of purchases (up to \$2,000 of purchases) to be applied at the next purchase. We have accrued \$2,100,000 for the estimated costs of discounts earned during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, based on year-to-date purchases. Customers are entitled to a full refund of the \$25 annual fee if membership is canceled within 90 days. After 90 days the refund will be reduced by a pro rata amount over nine months. Accordingly, revenues from card fees under the program will be recognized as sales on a pro rata basis after 90 days. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, no revenues were recognized in connection with the new loyalty card program.

6. Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan

On March 18, 2003, we announced a cost reduction plan, designed to take advantage of the centralization of all corporate administrative services throughout the company and to realize efficiencies available to us, in order to improve profitability. The components of the cost reduction plan are as follows:

- Reduction in corporate operating expenses by streamlining processes and gaining optimal pricing through the consolidation of vendors and the continued centralization of finance, human resources, and other administrative functions in order to leverage the efficiency of our shared services organization.
- o Workforce reduction at our corporate and divisional home offices.
- O Consolidation of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center into our distribution center in White Marsh, Maryland.

- o Consolidation of our Hollywood, Florida credit operations into our Milford, Ohio facility.
- o Closing of the 9 Monsoon/Accessorize stores that we operate under a joint venture with Monsoon plc.

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

6. Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan (continued)

We are accounting for the plan in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." The total estimated costs related to the plan are \$10,425,000, of which \$4,431,000 of costs were incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. We expect to incur the majority of the remaining costs in connection with the plan by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

The total estimated costs related to the plan consist of the following:

(In thousands)

Workforce reduction costs	\$ 3,160
Lease termination and related costs	3,264
Acceleration of depreciation of property, equipment,	
and leasehold improvements	3,224
Other facility closure costs	777
Total estimated costs	\$10,425
	======

Workforce reduction costs represent involuntary termination benefits and retention bonuses. Employees affected by the plan were notified during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we terminated 118 employees and accrued the severance benefit in accordance with SFAS No. 146. We expect to terminate approximately 250 additional employees during the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter in connection with the closing of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center and our Hollywood, Florida credit operations. In accordance with SFAS No. 146, we are recognizing retention bonuses ratably over the future service period. Lease termination and related costs mainly represent the estimated fair value of the remaining lease obligations at the Hollywood, Florida facility, reduced by estimated sublease income. In accordance with SFAS No. 146, we will recognize the value of the remaining lease obligation related to the Hollywood, Florida facility in June 2003 when we close the facility. Accelerated depreciation costs mainly represent the acceleration of depreciation of the net book value of the assets at our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center, which we expect to close in June 2003, to their estimated salvage value.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we made the decision to sell the Memphis, Tennessee distribution center.

Costs accrued in connection with the plan, and payments/settlements against the accrual for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, were as follows:

(In thousands)	Costs for Quarter Ended May 3, 2003	Payments/ Settlements	Accrued at May 3, 2003
Workforce reduction costs	\$ 2,409	\$ (828)	\$ 1,581
	301	(301)	0
	1,363	(1,363)	0
Other facility closure costs	358	(358)	0
Total	\$ 4,431	\$(2,850)	\$ 1,581
	======	=====	======

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) (Unaudited)

6. Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan (continued)

Expenses related to the plan incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter are included in "Expenses related to cost reduction plan" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

7. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

	Thirteen Wee
(In thousands, except per-share amounts)	May 3, 2003 M
	(
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	112,361
Dilutive effect of assumed conversion of convertible notes	15 , 182 185
Diluted weighted average common shares and equivalents outstanding	127 , 728
Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes	\$ 9 , 689

1,099	Decrease in interest expense from assumed conversion of notes, net of income taxes
10,788	Income before cumulative effect of accounting changes used to determine diluted net income per share
\$10,788 ======	Net income (loss) used to determine diluted net income (loss) per share
11,626 \$6.07	Options with weighted average exercise price greater than market price, excluded from computation of diluted net income (loss) per share: Number of shares

8. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002, and addresses financial accounting and reporting for obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets and the associated asset retirement costs. Our adoption of SFAS No. 143 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2004 did not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

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CHARMING SHOPPES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
(Unaudited)

8. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure," an amendment of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation." SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123 to provide alternative transition methods for a voluntary change from the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock-based compensation under APB Opinion No. 25 to the fair value method of accounting under SFAS No. 123. SFAS No. 148 also amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method used in accounting for stock-based compensation and the effects of the method used on reported results.

We have adopted the interim financial statement disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 148 in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. At the present time, we do not intend to change from the intrinsic value method of accounting for stock-based compensation to the fair value method.

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments,

including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No. 149 is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003 and for hedging relationships designated after that date.

We do not currently hold derivative instruments subject to the provisions of SFAS No. 133, as amended. We do not expect that adoption of SFAS No. 149 will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity." SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. It requires that financial instruments within the scope of the statement be classified as a liability (or an asset in some circumstances). Under previous guidance, such instruments could be classified as equity. SFAS No. 150 is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, except for mandatorily redeemable financial instruments of nonpublic entities.

We have not issued financial instruments subject to the provisions of SFAS No. 150. We do not expect that adoption of SFAS No. 150 will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes appearing elsewhere in this report. It should also be read in conjunction with the management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, financial statements, and accompanying notes appearing in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003. As used in this management's discussion and analysis, the terms "Fiscal 2004" and "Fiscal 2003" refer to our fiscal year ending January 31, 2004 and our fiscal year ended February 1, 2003, respectively. The terms "Fiscal 2004 First Quarter" and "Fiscal 2003 First Quarter" refer to the thirteen weeks ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002, respectively. The terms Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter" and "Fiscal 2003 Second Quarter" refer to the thirteen weeks ending August 2, 2003 and the thirteen weeks ended August 3, 2002, respectively. The term "Fiscal 2005" refers to our fiscal year ending January 29, 2005. The terms "the Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Charming Shoppes, Inc. and, where applicable, its consolidated subsidiaries.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

With the exception of historical information, the matters contained in the following analysis and elsewhere in this report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such

statements may include, but are not limited to, projections of revenues, income or loss, capital expenditures and cost reductions, plans for future operations, and financing needs or plans, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. The words "expect," "should," "project," "estimate," "predict," "anticipate," "plan," "believes," and similar expressions are also intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which we cannot predict or quantify. Future events and actual results, performance, and achievements could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by, or underlying the forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect actual results or changes in or additions to the factors affecting such forward-looking statements.

Factors that could cause our actual results of operations or financial condition to differ from those described in this report include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

- Our business is dependent upon our being able to accurately predict rapidly changing fashion trends, customer preferences, and other fashion-related factors, which we may not be able to successfully accomplish in the future.
- o The general slowdown in the United States economy and the uncertain economic outlook has led to reduced consumer demand for our apparel and accessories and may continue to do so in the future.
- o The women's specialty retail apparel industry is highly competitive and we may be unable to compete successfully against existing or future competitors.
- o We cannot assure the successful implementation of our business plan for increased profitability and growth in our plus-sized women's apparel business.
- o Our business plan is largely dependent upon the continued growth in the plus-sized women's apparel market, which may not continue.
- We depend on key personnel, particularly our Chief Executive Officer, Dorrit J. Bern, and we may not be able to retain or replace these employees or recruit additional qualified personnel.

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- o We depend on our distribution centers and could incur significantly higher costs and longer lead times associated with distributing our products to our stores if any of these distribution centers were to shut down for any reason.
- We may experience disruptions in the flow of our merchandise during the relocation of our Memphis, Tennessee and Columbus, Ohio distribution centers to our White Marsh, Maryland distribution center.
- o We depend for our working capital needs on the availability of credit, including credit we receive from our suppliers and their agents, and on our credit card securitization program. If we were unable to obtain sufficient financing at affordable cost, our ability to merchandise our stores would be adversely affected.
- We rely significantly on foreign sources of production and face a

variety of risks (including political instability, imposition of duties or quotas, increased security requirements applicable to imports, delays in shipping, increased costs of transportation, and issues relating to compliance with domestic or international labor standards) generally associated with doing business in foreign markets and importing merchandise from abroad.

- Our stores experience seasonal fluctuations in net sales and operating income. Any decrease in sales or margins during our peak sales periods, or in the availability of working capital needed in the months preceding such periods, could have a material adverse effect on our business. In addition, extreme or unseasonable weather conditions may have an impact on our sales.
- o War, acts of terrorism, or the threat of either may negatively impact availability of merchandise and customer traffic to our stores, or otherwise adversely affect our business.
- o We may be unable to obtain adequate insurance for our operations at a reasonable cost.
- o We may be unable to protect our trademarks and other intellectual property rights, which we believe are important to our success and our competitive position.
- o $\,$ We may be unable to hire and retain suitable sales associates at our stores.
- o We may be unable to successfully implement our cost reduction plan described elsewhere in this report.
- Our manufacturers may be unable to manufacture and deliver merchandise to us in a timely manner or to meet our quality standards.
- Our sales are dependent upon a high volume of traffic in the strip centers and malls in which our stores are located, and our future growth is dependent upon the availability of suitable locations for new stores.
- o We may be unable to successfully integrate Lane Bryant into our current operating structure, or implement our plan to improve merchandise assortments and sales performance in our Lane Bryant stores. We also currently rely on logistics services from Limited Brands, Inc. ("Limited Brands") with respect to our Lane Bryant stores.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our critical accounting policies are discussed in the management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations and notes accompanying the consolidated financial statements that appear in our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003. Except as otherwise disclosed in the financial statements and accompanying notes included in this report, there were

estimates we used to prepare the financial information appearing in this report.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we introduced a new customer loyalty card program that is being operated under our proprietary credit card program. See "Net Sales" below for further details of this program.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents certain financial data expressed as a percentage of net sales and on a comparative basis:

Thirteen Weeks Ended		Percentag Increase (Decrease From Prio	
May 3, 2003	May 4, 2002	Period	
	(Restated)		
100.0%	100.0%	(10.5)%	
70.1	69.3	(9.5)	
25.7	25.2	(8.7)	
0.8			
3.4	5.4	(44.2)	
0.1	0.1	(4.5)	
0.7	1.1	(44.1)	
1.1	1.7	(42.6)	
		37.7	
	(7.8)	(100.0)	
1.7	(5.0)		
	May 3, 2003 100.0% 70.1 25.7 0.8 3.4 0.1 0.7 1.1	May 3, 2003 May 4, 2002	

The following table presents our net sales by store brand:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		
(In millions)	May 3, 2003	May 4, 2002	
Fashion Bug	\$252.9	\$289.9	
Lane Bryant	224.9	238.8	
Catherine's	85.7	101.0(1)	
Monsoon/Accessorize	0.8	0.9	
Total net sales	\$564.3	\$630.6	
	=====	=====	

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The following table presents certain additional information related to changes in our net sales:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended	
	May 3, 2003	
Decrease in comparable store sales (1):		
Fashion Bug	(3)%	(3)%
Catherine's	(2)	(2)
Lane Bryant	(11)	
Sales from new stores as a percentage of total consolidated prior-period sales:		
Fashion Bug	1	4
Catherine's	1	3
Lane Bryant	3	61
Prior-period sales from closed stores as a percentage of total consolidated prior-period sales:		
Fashion Bug	(5)	(3)
Catherine's/Added Dimensions	(3)	(3)
Lane Bryant	(1)	
Increase (decrease) in total consolidated sales	(11)	60

Comparison of Thirteen Weeks Ended May 3, 2003 and May 4, 2002

Net Sales

Net sales were \$564.3 million for the quarter ended May 3, 2003 ("Fiscal 2004 First Quarter"), a decrease of 10.5% from net sales of \$630.6 million for the quarter ended May 4, 2002 ("Fiscal 2003 First Quarter"). The number of retail stores in operation at the end of the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter was 2,245 stores, compared to 2,415 stores at the end of the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. We experienced a year-over-year decrease in overall comparable store sales of 6%. The decrease in sales was due primarily to negative results at our Lane Bryant chain and the decrease in the number of operating stores. As a result of continuing soft demand for apparel caused by a weak economic environment, we continued to experience lower customer traffic levels at each of our chains. Lane Bryant stores experienced comparable store sales decreases in sweaters, wear-to-work and denim separates, and casual woven tops, which were partially offset by increases in casual woven separates, wear-to-work tops, and intimate apparel. The Lane Bryant chain continued to experience poor customer acceptance of certain of its spring apparel merchandise assortments during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, resulting in higher levels of promotional pricing. This trend could continue to negatively impact our results for the Fiscal 2004 Second

Quarter. Our plans at Lane Bryant include improved merchandise assortments for the 2003 fall season, which should result in improved sales performance for the chain. Fashion Bug stores experienced comparable store sales decreases in junior and missy sportswear and dresses, which were partially offset by increases in intimate apparel and plus sportswear. For Catherine's Stores, comparable store sales decreases in career and casual sportswear were partially offset by increases in dresses and intimate apparel.

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In Fiscal 2002, we began a customer loyalty card program for our Fashion Bug store customers. The program grants discounts on customer purchases over a twelve-month period upon payment of a \$25 annual fee. Revenues from card fees under the program are recognized as sales over the life of the membership dependent on discounts being earned by the customer. If a customer does not earn discounts in an amount that exceeds the card fee, such difference is recognized as revenue upon the expiration of the annual period. Upon early cancellation of a loyalty card, refunds of membership fees are reduced by the amount of any discounts granted to the member under the program. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and Fiscal 2003 First Quarter, we recognized revenues of \$4.2 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, in connection with this program. As of December 1, 2002, we discontinued the issuance of new cards under this program. We plan to terminate this program by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we introduced a new customer loyalty card program that is being operated under our proprietary credit card program. For an annual fee of \$25, the program grants, among other benefits, a \$20 discount each time a customer accumulates over \$200 of purchases (up to \$2,000 of purchases) to be applied at the next purchase. We have accrued \$2.1 million for the estimated costs of discounts earned during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, based on year-to-date purchases. Customers are entitled to a full refund of the \$25 annual fee if membership is canceled within 90 days. After 90 days the refund will be reduced by a pro rata amount over nine months. Accordingly, revenues from card fees under the program will be recognized as sales on a pro rata basis after 90 days. Costs we incur in connection with administering the program are recognized in cost of goods sold as incurred. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, no revenues were recognized in connection with the new loyalty card program.

Cost of Goods Sold, Buying, and Occupancy

Cost of goods sold, buying, and occupancy expenses were \$395.5 million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, a decrease of 9.5% from \$437.2 million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter, principally reflecting the decrease in net sales. As a percentage of net sales, these costs increased 0.8% in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter.

Cost of goods sold as a percentage of net sales decreased 0.8% in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The decrease was a result of higher merchandise margins in our Fashion Bug and Catherine's chains, partially offset by lower margins in our Lane Bryant chain. Cost of goods sold includes merchandise costs, net of discounts and allowances, freight, and inventory shrinkage. Net merchandise costs and freight are capitalized as inventory costs.

Buying and occupancy expenses as a percentage of net sales increased 1.6% in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The increase in buying and occupancy expenses as a percentage of sales was primarily attributable to the lack of leverage on relatively fixed occupancy costs as a result of negative overall comparable store sales, particularly in our Lane Bryant chain. Buying expenses include payroll, payroll-related costs, and operating expenses for our buying departments and warehouses. Occupancy expenses include rent, real estate taxes, insurance, common area maintenance, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation for our stores and warehouse facilities and equipment. Buying and occupancy costs are treated as period costs and are not capitalized as part of inventory.

Selling, General, and Administrative

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$145.3 million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, a decrease of 8.7% from \$159.2 million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. As a percentage of net sales, these costs increased by 0.5% in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. Selling expenses as a percentage of sales for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter increased 0.7% from the prior-year period,

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primarily as a result of the lack of leverage from the decrease in comparable store sales. General and administrative expenses decreased 0.2% as a percentage of sales, primarily as a result of the realization of cost reduction initiatives, partially offset by the lack of leverage from negative comparable store sales.

Expenses Related to Cost Reduction Plan

On March 18, 2003, we announced a cost reduction plan designed to take advantage of the centralization of all corporate administrative services throughout the company and to realize efficiencies available to us, in order to improve profitability. We expect this cost reduction plan to improve annualized pre-tax earnings by approximately \$45 million, with an improvement of approximately \$18 million in pre-tax earnings during Fiscal 2004. We expect that the full annual pre-tax benefit of \$45 million will first be realized during Fiscal 2005. We expect the execution of the plan to have no material after-tax cash impact. The components of the cost reduction plan are as follows:

- o Reduction in corporate operating expenses by streamlining processes and gaining optimal pricing through the consolidation of vendors and the continued centralization of finance, human resources, and other administrative functions in order to leverage the efficiency of our shared services organization.
- o Workforce reduction at our corporate and divisional home offices.
- Consolidation of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center into our distribution center in White Marsh, Maryland.
- o Consolidation of our Hollywood, Florida credit operations into our Milford, Ohio facility.
- o Closing of the 9 Monsoon/Accessorize stores that we operate under a joint venture with Monsoon plc.

We are accounting for the plan in accordance with the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement of Financial Accounting

Standards ("SFAS") No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." The total estimated costs related to the plan are \$10.4 million, of which \$4.4 million of costs were incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. We expect to incur the majority of the remaining costs in connection with the plan by the end of the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter.

The total estimated costs related to the plan consist of the following:

(In millions)

Workforce reduction costs	\$ 3.1
Lease termination and related costs	3.3
Acceleration of depreciation of property, equipment,	
and leasehold improvements	3.2
Other facility closure costs	0.8
Total estimated costs	\$10.4
	=====

Workforce reduction costs represent involuntary termination benefits and retention bonuses. Employees affected by the plan were notified during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we terminated 118 employees and accrued the severance benefit in accordance with SFAS No. 146. We expect to terminate approximately 250 additional employees during the Fiscal 2004 Second Quarter in connection with the closing of our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center and our Hollywood, Florida credit operations. In accordance with SFAS No. 146, we are recognizing retention bonuses ratably over the future service period. Lease termination and related costs mainly represent the estimated fair value of the remaining lease obligations at the Hollywood, Florida facility, reduced by estimated sublease income. In

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accordance with SFAS No. 146, we will recognize the value of the remaining lease obligation related to the Hollywood, Florida facility in June 2003 when we close the facility. Accelerated depreciation costs mainly represent the acceleration of depreciation of the net book value of the assets at our Memphis, Tennessee distribution center, which we expect to close in June 2003, to their estimated salvage value. During the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, we made the decision to sell the Memphis, Tennessee distribution center.

Costs accrued in connection with the plan, and payments/settlements against the accrual for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, were as follows:

(In millions)	Costs for Quarter Ende May 3, 2003	ed Payments/	Accrued at May 3, 2003
Workforce reduction costs	\$2.4	\$(0.8)	\$1.6
Lease termination and related costs	0.3	(0.3)	0.0
Accelerated depreciation costs (non-cash charge)	1.4	(1.4)	0.0
Other facility closure costs	0.3	(0.3)	0.0

	====		====
Total	\$4.4	\$(2.8)	\$1.6

Expenses incurred during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter are included in "Expenses related to cost reduction plan" in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Other Income/Interest Expense

Other income (principally interest income) was \$0.4 million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, unchanged from \$0.4 million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. Interest expense was \$3.8 million in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, a decrease of 44.1% from \$6.8 million in the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The decrease was the result of both lower interest rates on borrowings and reduced levels of borrowings in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter as compared to the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. During the Fiscal 2003 Second Quarter, we replaced \$96.0 million of 7.5% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2006 and a \$67.5 million 11.5% term loan with \$150.0 million of 4.75% Senior Convertible Notes.

Income Tax Provision

The income tax provision for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter was \$6.1 million, resulting in a 38.9% effective tax rate, as compared to an income tax provision for the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter of \$10.7 million, resulting in a 38.2% effective tax rate.

Cumulative Effect of Accounting Changes

In Fiscal 2003, we changed our method of accounting for cash consideration received from a vendor in accordance with the provisions of FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue 02-16, "Accounting by a Customer (Including a Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor." EITF Issue 02-16 addresses the accounting for cash consideration given to a customer, including both a reseller of the vendor's products and an entity that purchases the vendor's products, from a reseller. The Issue provides accounting guidance on how a customer should characterize cash consideration received from a vendor and when to recognize and how to measure that consideration in its income statement.

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We adopted the provisions of EITF Issue 02-16 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 and restated our results of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2003. The cumulative effect of the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 was a charge of \$5.1 million, net of income taxes of \$2.8 million.

In accordance with the transition provisions of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," we performed a review of our goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment during the Fiscal 2003 Second Quarter. We determined that the carrying value of goodwill related to our Catherine's stores acquisition exceeded the estimated fair value of the goodwill under SFAS No. 142. We recognized a charge of \$44.0 million as the cumulative effect of an accounting change as of the beginning of Fiscal 2003 to reduce the carrying value of the Catherine's goodwill to its estimated fair value. This charge has no tax effect, as it is not deductible for tax purposes.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary sources of working capital are cash flow from operations, our proprietary credit card receivables securitization agreements, our investment portfolio, and our credit facility.

The following table highlights certain information related to our liquidity and capital resources:

(Dollars in millions)	May 3, 2003	February 1, 2003
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97.6	\$102.0
Long-term available-for-sale securities	24.9	23.5
Working capital	211.1	196.7
Current ratio	1.6	1.6
Long-term debt to equity ratio	35.6%	36.2%

Our net cash provided by operating activities was \$20.4 million for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter, as compared to \$52.5 million for the Fiscal 2003 First Quarter. The decrease was primarily a result of a \$7.6 million decrease in net income before non-cash charges and the cumulative effect of accounting changes, and a \$23.4 million decrease in net prepaid and accrued expenses.

Our capital expenditures were \$13.3 million during the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter. In addition, we acquired \$4.8 million of equipment under capital leases. During the remainder of Fiscal 2004, we anticipate incurring additional capital expenditures of approximately \$35.0 - \$40.0 million, primarily for the construction and fixturing of new stores, remodeling and fixturing of existing stores, and improvements to our corporate offices and distribution centers. We expect to finance these capital expenditures principally through internally generated funds. In addition to the \$35.0 - \$40.0 million of capital expenditures discussed above, we expect to incur approximately \$4.0 million of additional capital lease financing over the next three to six months for equipment for, and improvements to, the White Marsh facility.

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The following table sets forth information with respect to our store activity for the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and planned store activity for all of Fiscal 2004 (including the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter):

	Fashion Bug 	Lane Bryant 	Catherine's	Monsoon/ Accessorize	Total
Fiscal 2004 First Quarter: Stores at February 1, 2003	1,083	689	467	9	2,248

Stores opened	1	9 4(1)	2		12
Stores closed	(11)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(19)
Net change in stores	(10)	10	(2)	(1)	(3)
Stores at May 3, 2003	1,073	699	465	8	2,245
Stores relocated during period Stores remodeled during period	7	2	5 2		14 5
Diama 2004.					
Fiscal 2004: Planned store openings	2	33-36	10-15		45-53
Planned store closings Planned store relocations	25-30 20-25	15 20-25	15 15-20	8	63-68 55-70

We have formed a trust called the Charming Shoppes Master Trust to which Spirit of America National Bank, our credit card bank, has transferred, through a special-purpose entity, its interest in credit card receivables created under our Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program. We, together with the trust, have entered into various agreements under which the trust can sell, on a revolving basis, interests in these receivables for a specified term. When the revolving period terminates, an amortization period begins during which principal payments are made to the parties with whom the trust has entered into the securitization agreement. We securitized \$74.6 million of credit card receivables in the Fiscal 2004 First Quarter and had \$277.1 million of securitized credit card receivables outstanding as of May 3, 2003. We held certificates and retained interests in our securitizations of \$54.4 million as of May 3, 2003, which were generally subordinated in right of payment to certificates issued by the trust to third-party investors. Our obligation to repurchase receivables sold to the trust is limited to those receivables that,

at the time of their transfer, fail to meet the trust's eligibility standards under normal representations and warranties. To date, our repurchases of

receivables pursuant to this obligation have been insignificant.

Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. and Charming Shoppes Seller, Inc., our consolidated wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries, are separate special-purpose entities created for the securitization program. At May 3, 2003, Charming Shoppes Receivables Corp. held \$44.1 million of Charming Shoppes Master Trust certificates and retained interests and Charming Shoppes Seller, Inc. held retained interests of \$0.7 million (which are included in the \$54.4 million of retained interests we held at May 3, 2003). These assets are first and foremost available to satisfy the claims of the respective creditors of these separate corporate entities, including certain claims of investors in the Charming Shoppes Master Trust.

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We could be affected by certain events that would cause the trust to hold proceeds of receivables within the trust as additional enhancement, which proceeds would otherwise be available to be paid to us with respect to our

subordinated interests. For example, if either we or the trust fail to meet certain financial performance standards, a credit enhancement condition would occur and the trust would be required to retain amounts otherwise payable to us. In addition, the failure to satisfy certain financial performance standards could further cause the trust to stop using collections on trust assets to purchase new receivables, and would require such collections to be used to repay investors on a prescribed basis, as provided in the trust agreements. If this were to occur, it could result in our having insufficient liquidity; however, we believe we should have sufficient notice to seek alternative forms of financing through other third-party providers. As of May 3, 2003, the trust was in compliance with all applicable financial performance standards. Amounts placed into enhancement accounts, if not required to be paid to the other certificate holders, will be available to us at the termination of the securitization series. We have no obligation to directly fund the enhancement account of the trust, other than for breaches of customary representations, warranties, and covenants and for customary indemnities. These representations, warranties, covenants, and indemnities do not protect the trust or investors in the trust against credit-related losses on the receivables. The providers of the credit enhancements and trust investors have no other recourse to us.

These securitization agreements are intended to improve our overall liquidity by providing short-term sources of funding. The agreements provide that we will continue to service the credit card receivables and control credit policies. This control allows us, absent certain adverse events, to fund continued credit card receivable growth and to provide the appropriate customer service and collection activities. Accordingly, our relationship with our credit card customers is not affected by these agreements. Additional information regarding this program is included in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 14. Asset Securitization" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

We also have non-recourse agreements under which third parties provide accounts receivable proprietary credit card sales funding programs for both our Catherine's and Lane Bryant stores. These funding programs expire in January 2005 for Catherine's and in January 2006 for Lane Bryant. Under these agreements, the third parties reimburse us daily with respect to the proprietary credit card sales generated by the respective store's credit card accounts. Additional information regarding these agreements is included in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 14. Asset Securitization" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

We have not paid any dividends since 1995, and we do not expect to declare or pay any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. The payment of future dividends is within the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our future earnings, if any, our capital requirements, financial condition and other relevant factors. Additionally, our existing credit facility and one of our agreements with Limited Brands restrict the payment of dividends on our common stock.

We believe that our capital resources and liquidity position are sufficient to support our current operations. Our requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, and repayment of debt and other obligations are expected to be funded from operations, supplemented as needed by short-term or long-term borrowings available under our credit facility, our proprietary credit card receivables securitization agreements, leases, and other available financing sources.

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FINANCING

As of May 3, 2003, we had a \$300.0 million revolving credit facility, which provides for cash borrowings and enables us to issue up to \$150.0 million of letters of credit for overseas purchases of merchandise and for other guarantees. As of May 3, 2003, there were no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility. The availability of borrowings under our revolving credit facility is subject to limitations based on eligible inventory and the value of certain real property. The credit facility is secured by our general assets, except for certain assets related to our credit card securitization program, certain real properties and equipment subject to other mortgages, our interest in our joint venture with Monsoon plc, and the assets of our non-U.S. subsidiaries. The credit facility expires on August 16, 2004, and can be renewed for an additional year at our option.

The interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit facility ranges from Prime to Prime plus .75% per annum for Prime Rate Loans, and LIBOR plus 2.0% to LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum for Eurodollar Rate Loans, and is determined quarterly, based on our Leverage Ratio or excess availability, as defined in the credit facility. As of May 3, 2003, the interest rate on borrowings under the revolving credit line was 4.25%.

The revolving credit facility includes limitations on sales and leasebacks, the incurrence of additional liens and debt, capital lease financing, and other limitations. The revolving credit facility also requires, among other things, that we not pay dividends on our common stock and, under certain circumstances, that we maintain an Adjusted Tangible Net Worth of \$228.0 million (subject to adjustment). As of May 3, 2003, we were not in violation of any of the covenants included in the revolving credit facility. As of May 3, 2003, the excess availability under the revolving credit facility was \$193.4 million.

Additional information regarding our long-term borrowings is included in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data - Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Note 7. Debt" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

As of May 3, 2003, under authority granted by our Board of Directors during prior fiscal years, we are authorized to repurchase approximately 5 million additional shares of our common stock. Our ability to exercise this authority currently is restricted by the terms of our revolving credit facility and an agreement with Limited Brands that we entered into in conjunction with our acquisition of Lane Bryant. Subject to obtaining consents, and as conditions may allow, we may acquire additional shares of our common stock. Such shares, if purchased, would be held as treasury shares.

MARKET RISK

We manage our Fashion Bug proprietary credit card program through various operating entities that we own. The primary activity of these entities is to service our proprietary credit card portfolio, the balances of which we sell under a credit card securitization program. Under the securitization program, we can be exposed to fluctuations in interest rates to the extent that the interest rates charged to our customers vary from the rates paid on certificates issued by the trust. Until November 2000, the credit card program billed finance

charges based on a fixed rate. As of November 2000, finance charges on all accounts are billed using a floating rate index (the Prime lending rate), subject to a floor and limited by legal maximums. As of May 3, 2003, a portion of the certificates have fixed rates. To the extent that interest rates decline, we may be exposed to interest-rate risk on our fixed-rate certificates. The floating rate index on our floating-rate certificates is either one-month LIBOR or the commercial paper rate, depending on the issuance. Consequently, we have reduced our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. However, we have exposure in the movement

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of basis risk between the floating rate index on the certificates and the Prime rate. As of May 3, 2003, the floating-rate finance charge rate was below the contractual floor rate, thus exposing us to a portion of interest-rate risk. To the extent that short-term interest rates were to increase by one percentage point by the end of Fiscal 2004, an increase of approximately \$700 thousand in selling, general, and administrative expenses would result.

As of May 3, 2003, there were no borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility. To the extent that there are borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility, such borrowings would be exposed to variable interest rates. An increase in market interest rates would increase our interest expense and decrease our cash flows. A decrease in market interest rates would decrease our interest expense and increase our cash flows.

We are not subject to material foreign exchange risk, as our foreign transactions are primarily U.S. Dollar-denominated and our foreign operations do not constitute a material part of our business.

IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

See "Item 1. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited); Note 8. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements" above.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

See "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; MARKET RISK," above.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports we file under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate and in such a manner as to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We have established a Disclosure Committee, which is made up of several key management employees and reports directly to the CEO and CFO, to centralize and enhance these controls and procedures and assist our management, including our CEO and CFO, in fulfilling their responsibilities for establishing and maintaining such controls and procedures and providing accurate, timely, and complete disclosure.

Within the 90-day period prior to the filing of this report on Form 10-Q

(the "Evaluation Date"), our Disclosure Committee, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our CEO and CFO, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our management, including our CEO and CFO, has concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective. Furthermore, there have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors (including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal controls) that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their most recent evaluation.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On April 17, 2003, Donald Brown, Thomas Lamore, and Sau Yeung filed suit against 109 entities, including Lane Bryant, Inc., in the Los Angeles County Superior Court, California. The named plaintiffs purport to represent a class of applicants for employment against 109 defendants, alleging, among other things, violations of California state laws regarding the questioning of job applicants about certain illegal drug-related criminal convictions. We are conducting a preliminary investigation of the allegations, but we have not made any final judgments about the likelihood of class certification or liability of Lane Bryant. Other than this matter, there have been no material developments in legal proceedings involving the Company or its subsidiaries since those reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 1, 2003.

Other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business, there are no other pending legal proceedings to which we or any of our subsidiaries are a party, and there are no other proceedings that are expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

The following is a list of Exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Where so indicated, Exhibits that were previously filed are incorporated by reference. For Exhibits incorporated by reference, the location of the Exhibit in the previous filing is indicated in parenthesis.

- 3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Form 10-K of the Registrant for the fiscal year ended January 29, 1994. (File No. 000-07258, Exhibit 3.1)
- 3.2 Bylaws, as Amended and Restated, incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q of the Registrant for the quarter ended July 31, 1999. (Exhibit 3.2)
- 10.1 Charming Shoppes, Inc. Supplemental Retirement Plan, effective February 1, 2003.
- 99.1 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350), executed by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- 99.2 Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18

U.S.C. 1350), executed by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

On March 18, 2003, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K to report, under "Item 9. Regulation FD Disclosure," our early adoption of the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") Issue 02-16, "Accounting by a Customer (Including A Reseller) for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor," effective as of the beginning of our fiscal year ended February 1, 2003 ("Fiscal 2003"). The information provided under Item 9 included a discussion of the impact of adoption of EITF Issue 02-16 on our reported results for Fiscal 2003 and our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the first three quarters of Fiscal 2003 as originally reported and as restated for the adoption of EITF Issue 02-16.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CHARMING SHOPPES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: June 6, 2003 /S/DORRIT J. BERN

Dorrit J. Bern

Chairman of the Board

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: June 6, 2003 /S/ERIC M. SPECTER

Eric M. Specter

Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer

Certification By Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Dorrit J. Bern, Principal Executive Officer of Charming Shoppes, Inc., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Charming Shoppes, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: June 6, 2003 /S/DORRIT J. BERN

Dorrit J. Bern Chairman of the Board

President and Principal Executive Officer

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Certification By Principal Financial Officer
Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Eric M. Specter, Principal Financial Officer of Charming Shoppes, Inc., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Charming Shoppes, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls

subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: June 6, 2003 /S/ERIC M. SPECTER

Eric M. Specter

Executive Vice President Principal Financial Officer

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Exhibit Index

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