

INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST

Form 10-Q

September 11, 2017

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2017

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 001-35624

INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

North Dakota

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

45-0311232

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

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1400 31st Avenue SW, Suite 60, Post Office Box 1988, Minot, ND 58702-1988  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(701) 837-4738

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to the filing requirements for at least the past 90 days.

YesNo

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YesNo

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large  
accelerated filer   Accelerated filer   Non-accelerated filer   Smaller Reporting Company   Emerging growth company  
filer

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YesNo

The number of common shares of beneficial interest outstanding as of September 5, 2017, was 120,586,875.

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## PART I

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FIRST QUARTER - FISCAL 2018

## INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

	(in thousands)	
	July 31, 2017	April 30, 2017
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Real estate investments		
Property owned	\$ 1,744,252	\$ 1,677,481
Less accumulated depreciation	(368,769)	(340,417)
	1,375,483	1,337,064
Unimproved land	15,195	18,455
Total real estate investments	1,390,678	1,355,519
Assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations	37,552	37,708
Cash and cash equivalents	23,801	28,819
Receivable arising from straight-lining of rents, net of allowance of \$285 and \$340, respectively	7,992	7,822
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$182 and \$210, respectively	2,184	2,600
Real estate deposits	—	23,659
Prepaid and other assets	2,125	3,131
Notes receivable	3,000	—
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$5,724 and \$5,444, respectively	1,249	658
Tax, insurance, and other escrow	4,285	5,050
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,216 and \$1,199, respectively	836	901
Goodwill	1,572	1,572
Deferred charges and leasing costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$4,619 and \$4,275, respectively	7,076	7,075
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 1,482,350</b>	<b>\$ 1,474,514</b>
<b>LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS, AND EQUITY</b>		
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Liabilities held for sale and liabilities of discontinued operations	\$ 29,683	\$ 30,062
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	36,859	40,350
Revolving line of credit	125,900	57,050
Mortgages payable, net of unamortized loan costs of \$3,276 and \$3,480, respectively	660,753	661,960
Construction debt and other	20,205	41,817
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>873,400</b>	<b>831,239</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 15)</b>		
<b>REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS – CONSOLIDATED REAL ESTATE ENTITIES EQUITY</b>	<b>7,010</b>	<b>7,181</b>

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Investors Real Estate Trust shareholders' equity		
Series B Preferred Shares of Beneficial Interest (Cumulative redeemable preferred shares, no par value, 4,600 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017, aggregate liquidation preference of \$115,000)	111,357	111,357
Common Shares of Beneficial Interest (Unlimited authorization, no par value, 120,587 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2017 and 121,199 shares issued and outstanding at April 30, 2017)	912,625	916,121
Accumulated distributions in excess of net income	(488,535)	(466,541)
Total Investors Real Estate Trust shareholders' equity	535,447	560,937
Noncontrolling interests – Operating Partnership (14,657 units at July 31, 2017 and 15,617 units at April 30, 2017)	64,789	73,233
Noncontrolling interests – consolidated real estate entities	1,704	1,924
Total equity	601,940	636,094
TOTAL LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS, AND EQUITY	\$ 1,482,350	\$ 1,474,514

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	(in thousands, except per share data)	
	Three Months Ended	
	July 31,	
	2017	2016
REVENUE		
Real estate rentals	\$ 47,647	\$ 44,985
Tenant reimbursement	5,088	4,626
TOTAL REVENUE	52,735	49,611
EXPENSES		
Property operating expenses, excluding real estate taxes	17,636	16,057
Real estate taxes	6,614	5,577
Depreciation and amortization	28,927	14,267
Impairment of real estate investments	256	54,153
General and administrative expenses	4,002	3,501
TOTAL EXPENSES	57,435	93,555
Operating loss	(4,700)	(43,944)
Interest expense	(9,295)	(10,364)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(199)	—
Interest income	21	28
Other income	210	160
Loss before gain on sale of real estate and other investments and income from discontinued operations	(13,963)	(54,120)
Gain on sale of real estate and other investments	124	8,958
Loss from continuing operations	(13,839)	(45,162)
Income from discontinued operations	560	4,568
NET LOSS	(13,279)	(40,594)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests – Operating Partnership	1,644	3,296
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests – consolidated real estate entities	371	15,655
Net loss attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust	(11,264)	(21,643)
Dividends to preferred shareholders	(2,286)	(2,879)
NET LOSS AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (13,550)	\$ (24,522)
Loss per common share from continuing operations – Investors Real Estate Trust – basic and diluted	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.23)
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations – Investors Real Estate Trust – basic and diluted	—	0.03
NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE – BASIC & DILUTED	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.20)
DIVIDENDS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.13

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



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## INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited)

for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	(in thousands)		NUMBER OF		ACCUMULATED DISTRIBUTIONS IN EXCESS OF NET INCOME		
	NUMBER OF PREFERRED SHARES	PREFERRED SHARES	COMMON SHARES	COMMON SHARES	NONREDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS	NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL EQUITY
Balance							
April 30, 2016	5,750	\$ 138,674	121,091	\$ 922,084	\$ (442,000)	\$ 99,504	\$ 718,262
Net loss							
attributable to							
Investors Real							
Estate Trust							
and							
nonredeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests					(21,643)	(18,897)	(40,540)
Distributions –							
common shares							
and units					(15,742)	(2,117)	(17,859)
Distributions –							
Series A							
preferred shares					(593)		(593)
Distributions –							
Series B							
preferred shares					(2,286)		(2,286)
Shares issued							
and share-based							
compensation			437	614			614
Contributions							
from							
nonredeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests –							
consolidated							
real estate							
entities						572	572
Distributions to							
nonredeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests –							
consolidated							
real estate							
entities						(126)	(126)

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Other						(24)	(24)
Balance							
July 31, 2016	5,750	\$ 138,674	121,528	\$ 922,698	\$ (482,264)	\$ 78,912	\$ 658,020
Balance							
April 30, 2017	4,600	\$ 111,357	121,199	\$ 916,121	\$ (466,541)	\$ 75,157	\$ 636,094
Net loss							
attributable to							
Investors Real							
Estate Trust							
and							
nonredeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests					(11,264)	(1,844)	(13,108)
Distributions –							
common shares					(8,444)	(1,065)	(9,509)
and units							
Distributions –							
Series B							
preferred shares					(2,286)		(2,286)
Shares issued							
and share-based							
compensation			75	469			469
Redemption of							
units for cash						(5,735)	(5,735)
Shares							
repurchased			(682)	(3,936)			(3,936)
Distributions to							
nonredeemable							
noncontrolling							
interests –							
consolidated							
real estate							
entities						(20)	(20)
Other			(5)	(29)			(29)
Balance							
July 31, 2017	4,600	\$ 111,357	120,587	\$ 912,625	\$ (488,535)	\$ 66,493	\$ 601,940

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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## INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	(in thousands)	
	Three Months Ended	
	July 31,	2016
	2017	2016
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net loss	\$ (13,279)	\$ (40,594)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization, including amortization of capitalized loan costs	29,232	14,627
Depreciation and amortization from discontinued operations, including amortization of capitalized loan costs	6	40
Gain on sale of real estate, land, other investments and discontinued operations	(124)	(8,958)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	66	—
Share-based compensation expense	376	262
Impairment of real estate investments	256	54,153
Bad debt expense	171	263
Changes in other assets and liabilities:		
Receivable arising from straight-lining of rents	(33)	(736)
Accounts receivable	32	(1,503)
Prepaid and other assets	1,022	694
Tax, insurance and other escrow	369	256
Deferred charges and leasing costs	(292)	(303)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(1,974)	(2,446)
Net cash provided by operating activities	15,828	15,755
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from real estate deposits	23,659	—
Increase in notes receivable	(3,000)	—
Decrease in other investments	—	50
Decrease in lender holdbacks for improvements	652	735
Increase in lender holdbacks for improvements	(257)	(346)
Proceeds from sale of real estate and other investments	3,300	13,874
Insurance proceeds received	542	30
Payments for acquisitions of real estate assets	(61,734)	—
Payments for development and re-development of real estate assets	(2,219)	(5,458)
Payments for improvements of real estate assets	(5,487)	(11,292)
Net cash used by investing activities	(44,544)	(2,407)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from mortgages payable	—	905
Principal payments on mortgages payable	(25,273)	(13,127)
Proceeds from revolving lines of credit	72,350	—
Principal payments on revolving lines of credit	(3,500)	—
Proceeds from construction debt	1,606	6,906
Proceeds from noncontrolling partner – consolidated real estate entities	—	572

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Repurchase of common shares	(3,936)	—
Repurchase of partnership units	(5,735)	—
Distributions paid to common shareholders	(8,444)	(15,742)
Distributions paid to preferred shareholders	(2,285)	(2,879)
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests – Unitholders of the Operating Partnership	(1,065)	(2,117)
Distributions paid to noncontrolling interests – consolidated real estate entities	(20)	(126)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	23,698	(25,608)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,018)	(12,260)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	28,819	66,698
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 23,801	\$ 54,438

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited, continued)

for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

	(in thousands)	
	Three Months Ended	
	July 31,	2016
	2017	2016
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
(Decrease) increase to accounts payable included within real estate investments	\$ (1,377)	\$ 3,768
Construction debt reclassified to mortgages payable	23,300	10,549
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION</b>		
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized of \$0 and \$153, respectively	\$ 8,125	\$ 10,195

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 1 • ORGANIZATION

Investors Real Estate Trust, collectively with our consolidated subsidiaries (“IRET”, “we” or “us”) is a self-advised real estate investment trust (“REIT”) focused on the acquisition, development, redevelopment and management of multifamily communities located primarily in select growth markets. Our properties are located in the states of Minnesota, North Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, South Dakota, Montana, and Iowa. As of July 31, 2017, we held for investment 88 multifamily properties with 13,076 apartment units and 2.6 million net rentable square feet in 29 healthcare and 13 other properties. We held for sale 13 multifamily properties, 2 healthcare properties, 1 retail property and 1 parcel of land as of July 31, 2017.

NOTE 2 • BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

We conduct a majority of our business activities through our consolidated operating partnership, IRET Properties, a North Dakota Limited Partnership (the “Operating Partnership”), as well as through a number of other consolidated subsidiary entities. The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of all our subsidiaries in which we maintain a controlling interest, including the Operating Partnership. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation. Our fiscal year ends April 30th.

Our interest in the Operating Partnership was 89.2% of the limited partnership units of the Operating Partnership (“Units”) as of July 31, 2017 and 88.6% as of April 30, 2017. Under the terms of the Operating Partnership’s Agreement of Limited Partnership, limited partners have the right to require the Operating Partnership to redeem their Units for cash any time following the first anniversary of the date they acquired such Units (“Exchange Right”). When a limited partner exercises the Exchange Right, we have the right, in our sole discretion, to acquire such Units by either making a cash payment or exchanging the Units for our common shares of beneficial interest (“Common Shares”), on a one-for-one basis. The Exchange Right is subject to certain conditions and limitations, including the limited partner may not exercise the Exchange Right more than two times during a calendar year, and the limited partner may not exercise for less than 1,000 Units, or, if such limited partner holds less than 1,000 Units, for less than all of the Units held by such limited partner. The Operating Partnership and some limited partners have contractually agreed to a holding period of greater than one year, a greater number of redemptions during a calendar year or other limitations to their Exchange Right.

The condensed consolidated financial statements also reflect the ownership by the Operating Partnership of certain joint venture entities in which the Operating Partnership has a general partner or controlling interest. These entities are consolidated into our other operations, with noncontrolling interests reflecting the noncontrolling partners’ share of ownership and income and expenses.

INCOME TAXES

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856-860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a REIT, we are subject to a number of organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute 90% of ordinary taxable income to shareholders, and, generally, are not subject to federal income tax on net

income, except for taxes on undistributed REIT taxable income and taxes on the income generated by our taxable REIT subsidiary (“TRS”). Our TRS is subject to corporate federal and state income tax on its taxable income at regular statutory rates. We have considered estimated future taxable income and have determined that there were no material income tax provisions or material net deferred income tax items for our TRS for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

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UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). Accordingly, certain disclosures accompanying annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP are omitted. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair presentation of our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods have been included.

The current period’s results of operations are not necessarily indicative of results which ultimately may be achieved for the year. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes thereto should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, as filed with the SEC on June 28, 2017.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers and in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers-Deferral of the Effective Date, which defers the effective date of the new revenue recognition standard until fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Subsequently, the FASB has issued multiple ASUs clarifying ASU 2014-09 and ASU 2015-14. The standard will eliminate the transaction- and industry-specific revenue recognition guidance under current GAAP and replace it with a principle based approach for determining revenue recognition. The standard outlines a five-step model whereby revenue is recognized as performance obligations within a contract are satisfied. The majority of our revenue is derived from rental income, which is scoped out from this standard and will be accounted for under ASC 840, Leases. Our other revenue streams, which are being evaluated under this ASU, include but are not limited to other income from residents determined not to be within the scope of ASC 840 and gains and losses from real estate dispositions. We will adopt the new standard effective May 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective approach. We are continuing to assess the impact of the new standard on our consolidated financial statements and internal accounting processes; as the majority of our revenue is derived from rental income, we do not expect the adoption of ASU 2014-09 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. ASU 2016-01 amends certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments, including the requirement to measure certain equity investments at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. The ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. We do not expect adoption of this update to have a material impact on our operating results or financial position.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. ASU 2016-02 amends existing accounting standards for lease accounting, including by requiring lessees to recognize most leases on the balance sheet and making certain changes to lessor accounting. The ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact the new standard may have on our consolidated



financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. ASU 2016-09 amends several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, accrual of compensation cost, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, and classification on the statement of cash flows. We adopted this guidance as of May 1, 2017. Upon adoption of the standard, we elected to account for forfeitures when they occur instead of estimating the forfeitures. The new standard did not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or earnings per share.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. ASU 2016-15 addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing diversity in practice. The cash flow issues include debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs and proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims. The

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ASU is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. We are currently evaluating the impact the new standard may have on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, Clarifying the Definition of a Business. ASU 2017-01 clarifies the definition of a business and provides further guidance for evaluating whether a transaction will be accounted for as an acquisition of an asset or a business. ASU 2017-01 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is permitted. The new standard is required to be applied prospectively to transactions occurring after the date of adoption. Under the ASU, we believe most of our future acquisitions of operating properties will qualify as asset acquisitions and most future transaction costs associated with these acquisitions will be capitalized. We adopted the ASU as of May 1, 2017, and adoption of the standard did not have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations. During the three months ended July 31, 2017, acquisition costs totaling approximately \$125,000 related to our acquisition of Oxbo were capitalized and allocated to the assets acquired based on the relative fair market value of those underlying assets.

In February 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-05, Other Income – Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets. ASU 2017-05 clarifies the definition of an in-substance nonfinancial asset and changes the accounting for partial sales of nonfinancial assets to be more consistent with the accounting for a sale of a business pursuant to ASU 2017-01. This ASU allows for either a retrospective or modified retrospective approach. The new standard is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact the new standard may have on our consolidated financial statements.

## IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

We periodically evaluate our long-lived assets, including investments in real estate, for impairment indicators. The impairment evaluation is performed on assets by property such that assets for a property form an asset group. The judgments regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on factors such as operational performance, market conditions, expected holding period of each asset group, and legal and environmental concerns. If indicators exist, we compare the expected future undiscounted cash flows for the long-lived asset group against the carrying amount of that asset group. If the sum of the estimated undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the asset group, an impairment loss is recorded for the difference between the estimated fair value and the carrying amount of the asset group. If our anticipated holding period for properties, the estimated fair value of properties or other factors change based on market conditions or otherwise, our evaluation of impairment charges may be different and such differences could be material to our consolidated financial statements. The evaluation of anticipated cash flows is subjective and is based, in part, on assumptions regarding future occupancy, rental rates and capital requirements that could differ materially from actual results. Plans to hold properties over longer periods decrease the likelihood of recording impairment losses.

During the three months ended July 31, 2017, we recognized impairment of approximately \$256,000 on a parcel of land in Bismarck, ND. This property was written down to estimated fair value during the first quarter of fiscal year 2018 based on receipt of a market offer to purchase and our intent to dispose of the property.

During the three months ended July 31, 2016, we recognized impairments of \$40.9 million, \$5.8 million, \$4.7 million, and \$2.8 million, respectively, on three multifamily properties and one parcel of unimproved land in Williston, ND, due to deterioration of this energy-impacted market. We wrote down these properties to estimated fair value based on an independent appraisal in the case of one property and management cash flow estimates and market data in the case of the remaining assets.

## HELD FOR SALE

We classify properties as held for sale when they meet the U.S. GAAP criteria, which include: (a) management commits to and initiates a plan to sell the asset (disposal group), (b) the sale is probable and expected to be completed within one year under terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets (disposal groups), and (c) actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or that the plan will be withdrawn. Real estate held for sale is stated at the lower of its carrying amount or estimated fair value less disposal

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costs. Depreciation is not recorded on assets classified as held for sale. Liabilities classified as held for sale consist of liabilities to be included in the transaction and liabilities directly associated with assets that will be transferred in the transaction. Thirteen multifamily properties, two healthcare properties, one retail property, and one parcel of land were classified as held for sale at July 31, 2017. Thirteen multifamily properties, two healthcare properties, and two retail properties were classified as held for sale at April 30, 2017.

**LENDER HOLDBACKS**

We have a number of mortgage loans under which the lender retains a portion of the loan proceeds or requires a deposit for the payment of construction costs or tenant improvements. The decrease of approximately \$652,000 in lender holdbacks for improvements reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended July 31, 2017, is due primarily to the release of loan proceeds to us upon completion of construction and tenant improvement projects, while the increase of approximately \$257,000 represents additional amounts retained by lenders for new projects.

**IDENTIFIED INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND GOODWILL**

Upon acquisition of real estate, we record the intangible assets and liabilities acquired (for example, if the leases in place for the real estate property acquired carry rents above the market rent, the difference is classified as an intangible asset) at their estimated fair value separate and apart from goodwill. We amortize identified intangible assets and liabilities that are determined to have finite lives based on the period over which the assets and liabilities are expected to affect, directly or indirectly, the future cash flows of the real estate property acquired (generally the life of the lease). We added approximately \$870,000 of new intangible assets and approximately \$89,000 of new intangible liabilities in the three months ended July 31, 2017. In the three months ended July 31, 2016, we added no new intangible assets or intangible liabilities. The weighted average lives of the intangible assets acquired in the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016 are .9 and 0 years, respectively. Intangible assets subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an intangible asset is not recoverable and its carrying amount exceeds its estimated fair value.

Our identified intangible assets and intangible liabilities at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 were as follows:

	(in thousands)	
	July 31, 2017	April 30, 2017
Identified intangible assets (included in intangible assets):		
Gross carrying amount	\$ 6,973	\$ 6,102
Accumulated amortization	(5,724)	(5,444)
Net carrying amount	\$ 1,249	\$ 658
Identified intangible liabilities (included in other liabilities):		
Gross carrying amount	\$ 246	\$ 156
Accumulated amortization	(84)	(76)
Net carrying amount	\$ 162	\$ 80

The excess of the cost of an acquired property over the net of the amounts assigned to assets acquired (including identified intangible assets) and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Our goodwill has an indeterminate life and is not amortized, but is tested for impairment on an annual basis, or more frequently if events or changes in

circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The book value of goodwill as of July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 was \$1.6 million. The annual review at April 30, 2017, indicated no impairment to goodwill and there was no indication of impairment at July 31, 2017.

#### USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at

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the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### CHANGE IN DEPRECIABLE LIVES OF REAL ESTATE ASSETS

We review the estimated useful lives of our real estate assets on an ongoing basis. Prior to our strategic shift to become a multifamily focused REIT, which began in fiscal year 2016, we operated in five segments (office, retail, industrial, healthcare and multifamily). Accordingly, our estimated useful lives represented a blend of these segments. During fiscal years 2016 and 2017, we disposed of the bulk of our office, retail, and industrial portfolios as well as a portion of our healthcare portfolio. In the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we determined it was appropriate to review and adjust our estimated useful lives to be specific to our remaining portfolio of assets.

As a result, effective May 1, 2017, we changed the estimated useful lives of our real estate assets to better reflect the estimated periods during which these assets will be of economic benefit. Generally, the estimated lives of buildings and improvements that previously were 20-40 years have been decreased to 10-30 years, while those that were previously nine years were changed to five to ten years. The effect of this change in estimate in the three months ended July 31, 2017, was to increase depreciation expense by \$14.4 million, decrease net income by \$14.4 million, and decrease earnings per share by \$0.11. Of the total increase in expense, \$9.0 million, or \$0.07 per share, represented depreciation on assets that were fully depreciated under the new estimated useful lives as of July 31, 2017.

### RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain previously reported amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current financial statement presentation. On the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, we reclassified other expenses into general and administrative expenses. On the Consolidated Balance Sheets, we reclassified assets and liabilities related to a property classified as held for sale.

### FINANCING LIABILITY

During fiscal year 2014, we sold two non-core assisted living properties in exchange for \$7.9 million in cash and a \$29.0 million contract for deed. The buyer leased the properties back to us and also granted us an option to repurchase the properties at a specified price at or prior to July 31, 2018. We accounted for the transaction as a financing liability due to our continuing involvement with the properties and recorded the \$7.9 million in sales proceeds within other liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The balance of the liability as of July 31, 2017 was \$7.9 million. Subsequent to July 31, 2017, we repurchased the properties and eliminated the financing liability. See Note 14 for additional information.

### NOTES RECEIVABLE

In July 2017, we originated a \$16.2 million loan in a multifamily development located in New Hope, MN, a suburb of Minneapolis. The investment will be funded in installments through the third quarter of fiscal year 2018. As of July 31, 2017, we had funded \$3.0 million. The note bears an interest rate of 6%, matures in July 2023, and provides us with an option to purchase the development prior to the loan maturity date.

### VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITY

We have determined that our Operating Partnership and each of our less than wholly-owned real estate partnerships are variable interest entities ("VIEs"), as the limited partners lack substantive kick-out rights and substantive participating rights. We are the primary beneficiary of the VIEs and the partnerships are required to be consolidated

on our balance sheet because we have a controlling financial interest in the VIEs, and have both the power to direct the activities of the VIEs that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance as well as the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIEs that could potentially be significant to the VIEs. Because our Operating Partnership is a VIE, all of our assets and liabilities are held through a VIE.

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## NOTE 3 • EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period. We have no outstanding options, warrants, convertible stock or other contractual obligations requiring issuance of additional shares that would result in dilution of earnings. Upon the exercise of Exchange Rights, and in our sole discretion, we may issue shares in exchange for Units on a one-for-one basis after a minimum holding period of one year. The following table presents a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016:

	(in thousands, except per share data)	
	Three Months Ended	
	July 31, 2017	2016
<b>NUMERATOR</b>		
Loss from continuing operations – Investors Real Estate Trust	\$ (11,762)	\$ (25,670)
Income from discontinued operations – Investors Real Estate Trust	498	4,027
Net loss attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust	(11,264)	(21,643)
Dividends to preferred shareholders	(2,286)	(2,879)
Redemption of preferred shares	—	—
Numerator for basic earnings per share – net income available to common shareholders	(13,550)	(24,522)
Noncontrolling interests – Operating Partnership	(1,644)	(3,296)
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	\$ (15,194)	\$ (27,818)
<b>DENOMINATOR</b>		
Denominator for basic earnings per share weighted average shares	120,421	121,117
Effect of redeemable operating partnership units	15,128	16,285
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	135,549	137,402
Loss per common share from continuing operations – Investors Real Estate Trust – basic and diluted	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.23)
Earnings per common share from discontinued operations – Investors Real Estate Trust – basic and diluted	—	0.03
<b>NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE – BASIC &amp; DILUTED</b>	<b>\$ (0.11)</b>	<b>\$ (0.20)</b>

## NOTE 4 • EQUITY

Equity Awards. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we issued approximately 75,000 Common Shares, with a total grant-date value of approximately \$445,000, under our 2015 Incentive Award Plan, for executive officer and trustee share based compensation for future performance. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2017, we issued approximately 378,000 Common Shares, with a total grant-date value of \$1.4 million, under our 2015 Incentive Award Plan, for executive officer and trustee share based compensation for future performance

DRIP. We have implemented a Distribution Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan (“DRIP”), which provides our common shareholders and the unitholders of the Operating Partnership an opportunity to invest their cash distributions in Common Shares and to purchase additional Common Shares through voluntary cash contributions. A DRIP participant cannot purchase additional Common Shares in excess of \$10,000 per month, unless waived by us. We did



not issue any waivers during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

As permitted under the DRIP, effective on October 1, 2015, we changed the source from which Common Shares are purchased under the DRIP to open market transactions, which are not eligible for purchase price discounts. Accordingly, no shares were issued under the DRIP during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

Exchange Rights. Pursuant to the exercise of Exchange Rights, during the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we redeemed approximately 960,000 Units for an aggregate cost of \$5.7 million, at an average price per Unit of \$5.97. There were no Common Shares issued in exchange for Units during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

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Share Repurchase Program. On December 7, 2016, our Board of Trustees authorized a share repurchase program to repurchase up to \$50 million of our Common Shares and/or Series B preferred shares over a one year period.

Under this program, we may repurchase the shares in open-market purchases including pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 plans, as determined by management and in accordance with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The extent to which we repurchase our shares, and the timing of such repurchases, will depend upon a variety of factors, including market conditions, regulatory requirements and other corporate considerations, as determined by the executive management team. The program may be suspended or discontinued at any time. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we repurchased and retired approximately 682,000 common shares for an aggregate cost of \$3.9 million, including commissions, at an average price per share of \$5.77. As of July 31, 2017, \$41.6 million remains available under the \$50 million authorized share repurchase program.

## NOTE 5 • SEGMENT REPORTING

We report our results in two reportable segments, which are aggregations of similar properties: multifamily and healthcare. We measure the performance of our segments based on net operating income (“NOI”), which we define as total real estate revenues less real estate expenses (which consist of utilities, maintenance, real estate taxes, insurance, property management expenses and other property expenses). We believe that NOI is an important supplemental measure of operating performance for a REIT’s operating real estate because it provides a measure of core operations that is unaffected by depreciation, amortization, financing, and general and administrative expense. NOI does not represent cash generated by operating activities in accordance with US GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to net income, net income available for common shareholders, or cash flow from operating activities as a measure of financial performance.

The revenues and NOI for these reportable segments are summarized as follows for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016, along with reconciliations to the condensed consolidated financial statements. Segment assets are also reconciled to total assets as reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

	(in thousands)			Amounts Not Allocated To	
Three Months Ended July 31, 2017	Multifamily	Healthcare	All Other	Segments(1)	Total
Real estate revenue	\$ 38,430	\$ 11,378	\$ 2,927	\$ —	\$ 52,735
Real estate expenses	17,465	4,285	793	1,707	24,250
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 20,965	\$ 7,093	\$ 2,134	\$ (1,707)	\$ 28,485
Depreciation and amortization					(28,927)
Impairment of real estate investments					(256)
General and administrative expenses					(4,002)
Interest expense					(9,295)
Loss on debt extinguishment					(199)
Interest and other income					231
Loss before gain on sale of real estate and other investments and income from discontinued operations					(13,963)
Gain on sale of real estate and other investments					124

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Loss from continuing operations	(13,839)
Income from discontinued operations	560
Net loss	\$ (13,279)

(1) Consists of offsite costs associated with property management and casualty-related amounts, which are excluded in our assessment of segment performance.

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	(in thousands)			Amounts Not Allocated To	Total
Three Months Ended July 31, 2016	Multifamily	Healthcare	All Other	Segments(1)	
Real estate revenue	\$ 35,042	\$ 11,541	\$ 3,028	\$ —	\$ 49,611
Real estate expenses	14,879	4,192	725	1,838	21,634
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 20,163	\$ 7,349	\$ 2,303	\$ (1,838)	27,977
Depreciation and amortization					(14,267)
Impairment of real estate investments					(54,153)
General and administrative expenses					(3,501)
Interest expense					(10,364)
Interest and other income					188
Loss before gain on sale of real estate and other investments and income from discontinued operations					(54,120)
Gain on sale of real estate and other investments					8,958
Loss from continuing operations					(45,162)
Income from discontinued operations					4,568
Net loss					\$ (40,594)

(1) Consists of offsite costs associated with property management and casualty-related amounts, which are excluded in our assessment of segment performance.

## Segment Assets and Accumulated Depreciation

Segment assets are summarized as follows as of July 31, 2017, and April 30, 2017, along with reconciliations to the condensed consolidated financial statements:

	(in thousands)			Total
As of July 31, 2017	Multifamily	Healthcare	All Other	
Segment assets				
Property owned	\$ 1,313,469	\$ 324,197	\$ 106,586	\$ 1,744,252
Less accumulated depreciation	(254,380)	(89,561)	(24,828)	(368,769)
Total property owned	\$ 1,059,089	\$ 234,636	\$ 81,758	\$ 1,375,483
Assets held for sale and assets from discontinued operations				37,552
Cash and cash equivalents				23,801
Receivables and other assets				30,319
Unimproved land				15,195
Total Assets				\$ 1,482,350

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As of April 30, 2017	(in thousands)			Total
	Multifamily	Healthcare	All Other	
Segment assets				
Property owned	\$ 1,260,541	\$ 323,148	\$ 93,792	\$ 1,677,481
Less accumulated depreciation	(232,592)	(86,139)	(21,686)	(340,417)
Total property owned	\$ 1,027,949	\$ 237,009	\$ 72,106	\$ 1,337,064
Assets held for sale and assets from discontinued operations				37,708
Cash and cash equivalents				28,819
Receivables and other assets				52,468
Unimproved land				18,455
Total Assets				\$ 1,474,514

NOTE 6 • COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation. We are not a party to any legal proceedings which are expected to have a material effect on our liquidity, financial position, cash flows or results of operations. We are subject to a variety of legal actions for personal injury or

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property damage arising in the ordinary course of our business, most of which are covered by liability insurance. Various claims of resident discrimination are also periodically brought, most of which also are covered by insurance. While the resolution of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes that the final outcome of such legal proceedings and claims will not have a material effect on our liquidity, financial position, cash flows or results of operations.

**Insurance.** We carry insurance coverage on our properties in amounts and types that we believe are customarily obtained by owners of similar properties and are sufficient to achieve our risk management objectives.

**Purchase Options.** We have granted options to purchase certain of our properties to tenants under lease agreements. In general, the options grant the tenant the right to purchase the property at the greater of such property's appraised value or an annual compounded increase of a specified percentage of our initial cost for the property. As of July 31, 2017, the total investment cost, plus improvements, for the two properties subject to purchase options, PrairieCare and St. Michael Clinic, was \$24.5 million and \$2.9 million, respectively and the total gross rental revenue from these properties was approximately \$621,000 and \$65,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2017, respectively. Subsequent to July 31, 2017, the tenant in PrairieCare signed an amendment relinquishing their option to purchase the property in exchange for consideration, primarily in the form of tenant improvements.

**Environmental Matters.** Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be liable for the costs of removal of, or remediation of, certain hazardous or toxic substances in, on, around or under the property. While we currently have no knowledge of any material violation of environmental laws, ordinances or regulations at any of our properties, there can be no assurance that areas of contamination will not be identified at any of our properties, or that changes in environmental laws, regulations or cleanup requirements would not result in material costs to us.

**Restrictions on Taxable Dispositions.** Approximately 31 of our properties, consisting of approximately 596,000 square feet of our combined commercial properties and 3,476 apartment units, are subject to restrictions on our ability to resell in taxable transactions. These restrictions are contained in agreements we entered into with some of the sellers or contributors of the properties, and are effective for varying periods. The real estate investment amount of these properties (net of accumulated depreciation) was \$342.9 million at July 31, 2017. In the event we are unable to structure sales of such properties as tax deferred transactions under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code, we may be required to provide tax indemnification payments to the parties to these agreements. We do not believe that these restrictions materially affect the conduct of our business or decisions whether to dispose of these properties during the restriction periods because we generally hold properties for investment purposes rather than for sale.

**Exchange Value of Units.** Whenever limited partners of the Operating Partnership exercise their Exchange Rights, we have the right, but not the obligation, to acquire such Units in exchange for either cash or our Common Shares on a one-for-one basis. If Units are exchanged for cash, the amount of cash per Unit is equal to the average of the daily market price of a Common Share for the ten consecutive trading days immediately preceding the date of valuation of the Unit. As of July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017, the aggregate exchange value of the then-outstanding Units of the Operating Partnership owned by limited partners was approximately \$91.5 million and \$95.1 million, respectively. All Units receive the same cash distributions as those paid on our Common Shares.

**Joint Venture Buy/Sell Options.** Several of our joint venture agreements contain buy/sell options in which each party under certain circumstances has the option to acquire the interest of the other party but do not generally require that we buy our partners' interests. However, from time to time, we have entered into joint venture agreements which contain options compelling us to acquire the interest of the other parties. We currently have one such joint venture, IRET-Minot Apartments, in which our joint venture partner can, for the four-year period from February 6, 2016 through February 5, 2020, compel us to acquire the partner's interest for a price to be determined in accordance with

the provisions of the joint venture agreement. The joint venture partner's interest is reflected as a redeemable noncontrolling interest on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 11 for additional information.

Tenant Improvements. In entering into leases with commercial tenants, we may commit to fund improvements or build-outs of the rented space to suit tenant requirements. These tenant improvements are typically funded at the beginning of the lease term, and we are accordingly exposed to some risk of loss if a tenant defaults prior to the expiration of the lease

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term and the rental income that was expected to cover the cost of the tenant improvements is not received. As of July 31, 2017, we are committed to fund \$4.7 million in tenant improvements within approximately the next 12 months.

Notes Receivable. In July 2017, we originated a \$16.2 million loan in a multifamily development located in New Hope, MN, a suburb of Minneapolis. The investment will be funded in installments through the third quarter of fiscal year 2018. As of July 31, 2017, \$13.2 million remained to be funded. See Note 2 for additional information.

**NOTE 7 • DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

We report in discontinued operations the results of operations and the related gains or losses on the sales of properties that have either been disposed of or classified as held for sale and meet the classification of a discontinued operation as described in ASC 205 - Presentation of Financial Statements and ASC 360 - Property, Plant, and Equipment: Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. Under this standard, a disposal (or classification as held for sale) of a component of an entity or a group of components of an entity is required to be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results.

We classified no new dispositions or properties held for sale as discontinued operations during the three months ended July 31, 2017. During fiscal year 2016, we determined that our strategic decision to exit senior housing met the criteria for discontinued operations, and we consequently classified 34 senior housing properties as held for sale and discontinued operations at April 30, 2016. Thirty-two of those senior housing properties were sold during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, and the remaining two senior housing properties continued to be classified as held for sale and discontinued operations at July 31, 2017.

The following information shows the effect on net income and the gains or losses from the sales of properties classified as discontinued operations for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016:

	(in thousands)	
	Three Months Ended	
	July 31,	
	2017	2016
<b>REVENUE</b>		
Real estate rentals	\$ 790	\$ 5,010
Tenant reimbursement	—	114
TRS senior housing revenue	—	873
<b>TOTAL REVENUE</b>	<b>790</b>	<b>5,997</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Real estate taxes	—	112
Depreciation and amortization	—	16
TRS senior housing expenses	—	784
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>912</b>
Operating income	790	5,085
Interest expense	(821)	(1,374)
Interest income	544	544
Other income	47	313
<b>INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>	<b>\$ 560</b>	<b>\$ 4,568</b>





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The following information reconciles the carrying amounts of major classes of assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations to assets and liabilities held for sale that are presented separately on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets:

	(in thousands)	
	July 31, 2017	April 30, 2017
Carrying amounts of major classes of assets included as part of discontinued operations		
Property owned and intangible assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$ 21,332	\$ 21,332
Receivable arising from straight-lining of rents	2,202	2,283
Goodwill	14	14
Total major classes of assets of the discontinued operations	23,548	23,629
Other assets included in the disposal group classified as held for sale	14,004	14,079
Total assets of the disposal group classified as held for sale on the balance sheet	\$ 37,552	\$ 37,708
Carrying amounts of major classes of liabilities included as part of discontinued operations		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 59	\$ 52
Mortgages payable	15,863	16,226
Other	7,900	7,900
Total major classes of liabilities of the discontinued operations	23,822	24,178
Other liabilities included in the disposal group classified as held for sale	5,861	5,884
Total liabilities of the disposal group classified as held for sale on the balance sheet	\$ 29,683	\$ 30,062

## NOTE 8 • ACQUISITIONS, DEVELOPMENTS PLACED IN SERVICE AND DISPOSITIONS

## PROPERTY ACQUISITIONS

We added \$61.5 million of new real estate property to our portfolio through property acquisitions during the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$0 in the three months ended July 31, 2016. Our acquisitions during the three months ended July 31, 2017 are detailed below.

Three Months Ended July 31, 2017

Acquisitions	Date Acquired	(in thousands)				
		Total Acquisition Cost	Form of Consideration Cash	Investment Allocation		Intangible Assets
				Land	Building	

Multifamily

191 unit - Oxbo - St. Paul,

MN(1)	May 26, 2017	\$ 61,500	\$ 61,500	\$ 5,809	\$ 54,910	\$ 781
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Total Property Acquisitions		\$ 61,500	\$ 61,500	\$ 5,809	\$ 54,910	\$ 781
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(1) Property includes 11,477 sq ft of retail space.

DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS PLACED IN SERVICE

The Operating Partnership placed \$0 and \$72.2 million of development projects in service during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, as detailed below.

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Three Months Ended July 31, 2016

Development Projects Placed in Service	Date Placed in Service	(in thousands)		Development Cost
		Land	Building	
Multifamily				
241 unit - 71 France - Edina, MN(1)	2016-05-01	\$ 4,721	\$ 67,509	\$ 72,230
Total Development Projects Placed in Service		\$ 4,721	\$ 67,509	\$ 72,230

(1) Costs paid in fiscal years 2015 and 2016 totaled \$70.9 million. Additional costs incurred in fiscal year 2017 totaled \$1.3 million, for a total project cost at July 31, 2016 of \$72.2 million. The project is owned by a joint venture entity in which we currently have an approximately 52.6% interest. The joint venture is consolidated in our financial statements.

## PROPERTY DISPOSITIONS

During the three months ended July 31, 2017, we sold one retail property for a sales price of \$3.4 million. During the three months ended July 31, 2016, we sold one retail property and one parcel of unimproved land for a total sales price of \$13.7 million. The following table details our dispositions during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016:

Three Months Ended July 31, 2017

Dispositions	Date Disposed	(in thousands)		
		Sales Price	Book Value and Sales Cost	Gain/(Loss)
Other				
4,998 sq ft Minot Southgate Wells Fargo Bank - Minot, ND	2017-05-15	\$ 3,440	\$ 3,332	\$ 108
Total Property Dispositions		\$ 3,440	\$ 3,332	\$ 108

Three Months Ended July 31, 2016

Dispositions	Date Disposed	(in thousands)		
		Sales Price	Book Value and Sales Cost	Gain/(Loss)
Other				
195,075 sq ft Stone Container - Fargo, ND	2016-07-25	\$ 13,400	\$ 4,418	\$ 8,982

Unimproved Land				
Georgetown Square Unimproved Land - Grand Chute, WI	2016-05-06	250	274	(24)
Total Property Dispositions		\$ 13,650	\$ 4,692	\$ 8,958

## NOTE 9 • DEBT

Most of the properties we own serve as collateral for separate mortgage loans on single properties or groups of properties. The majority of these mortgages payable are non-recourse to us, other than for standard carve-out obligations such as fraud, waste, failure to insure, environmental conditions and failure to pay real estate taxes. Interest rates on mortgages payable range from 3.47% to 6.66%, and the mortgages have varying maturity dates from the current fiscal year through July 1, 2036. As of July 31, 2017, our management believes there are no material defaults or material compliance issues in regard to any mortgages payable.

Of the mortgages payable, including mortgages on properties held for sale, the balances of fixed rate mortgages totaled \$605.0 million at July 31, 2017 and \$629.5 million at April 30, 2017. The balances of variable rate mortgages totaled \$80.4 million and \$57.7 million as of July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017, respectively. We do not utilize derivative financial instruments to mitigate our exposure to changes in market interest rates. Most of the fixed rate mortgages have substantial pre-payment penalties. As of July 31, 2017, the weighted average rate of interest on our mortgage debt was

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4.66%, compared to 4.71% on April 30, 2017. The aggregate amount of required future principal payments on mortgages payable as of July 31, 2017, is as follows:

Year Ended April 30,	(in thousands)	
	Mortgage Loans on Properties Held for Investment	Mortgage Loans on Properties Held for Sale
2018 (remainder)	\$ 16,315	\$ 16,161
2019	98,968	1,869
2020	93,678	183
2021	136,391	193
2022	88,845	994
Thereafter	229,832	1,943
Total payments	\$ 664,029	\$ 21,343

In addition to the individual mortgage loans comprising our \$685.4 million of mortgage indebtedness, we also had a revolving, multi-bank line of credit with the Bank of Montreal as administrative agent, which had, as of July 31, 2017, lending commitments of \$250.0 million (“BMO Line of Credit”). This line of credit is not included in our mortgage indebtedness total. As of July 31, 2017, the line had a credit limit of \$220.0 million, of which \$125.9 million was drawn on the line. As of July 31, 2017, we believe we and our Operating Partnership were in compliance with the covenants contained in the BMO Line of Credit.

## NOTE 10 • FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures defines and establishes a framework for measuring fair value. The objective of fair value is to determine the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (the exit price). ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three levels, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs

Fair value estimates may be different than the amounts that may ultimately be realized upon sale or disposition of the assets and liabilities.

## Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis

We had no assets or liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring basis at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017.

## Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis

Non-financial assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 consisted of real estate held for sale and real estate investments that were written-down to estimated fair value during fiscal year 2018 and



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2017. See Note 2 for additional information on impairment losses recognized during fiscal years 2018 and 2017. The aggregate fair value of these assets by their levels in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

	(in thousands)			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
July 31, 2017				
Real estate held for sale(1)	\$ 3,175	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,175
April 30, 2017				
Real estate investments	\$ 506	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 506
Real estate held for sale(1)	\$ 10,891	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 10,891

(1) Represents only the portion of real estate held for sale that was written-down to estimated fair value. As of July 31, 2017, we estimated fair value of real estate held for sale based upon receipt of a market offer and our intent to dispose of the property.

As of April 30, 2017, we estimated the fair value of our real estate investments using market comparisons and a broker opinion of value.

As of April 30, 2017, we estimated the fair value of our real estate held for sale using an income approach (including management estimates and cash flow calculations), projected net operating income, and an estimated capitalization rate. The significant unobservable quantitative input used in determining the fair value was a capitalization rate of 7.0% based on the location, type and nature of the real estate held for sale, and current and anticipated market conditions.

#### Financial Assets and Liabilities Not Measured at Fair Value

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial assets and liabilities. The fair values of our financial instruments approximate their carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements except for debt.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents.** The carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short maturity.

**Other Investments.** The carrying amount, or cost plus accrued interest, of the certificates of deposit approximates fair value.

**Other Debt.** For variable rate loans that re-price frequently, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair value of fixed rate loans is estimated based on the discounted cash flows of the loans using relevant treasury interest rates plus credit spreads (Level 2).

**Line of Credit.** The carrying amount approximates fair value because the variable rate debt re-prices frequently.

**Mortgages Payable.** For variable rate loans that re-price frequently, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair value of fixed rate loans is estimated based on the discounted cash flows of the loans using market research and management estimates of comparable interest rates (Level 3).





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The estimated fair values of our financial instruments as of July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017, are as follows:

	(in thousands)		April 30, 2017	
	July 31, 2017 Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,801	\$ 23,801	\$ 28,819	\$ 28,819
Other investments				
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>				
Other debt, including other debt related to assets held for sale	27,943	27,943	49,637	49,637
Lines of credit	125,900	125,900	57,050	57,050
Mortgages payable	664,029	678,407	665,440	680,941
Mortgages payable related to assets held for sale	21,343	21,388	21,803	21,861

**NOTE 11 • REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS**

Redeemable noncontrolling interests on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets represent the noncontrolling interest in joint ventures in which our unaffiliated partner, at its election, could require us to buy its interest at a purchase price to be determined by an appraisal conducted in accordance with the terms of the agreement, or at a negotiated price. Redeemable noncontrolling interests are presented at the greater of their carrying amount or redemption value at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the value from period to period are charged to Common Shares on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. We currently have one joint venture, IRET-Minot Apartments, LLC, in which our joint venture partner can, for the four-year period from February 6, 2016 through February 5, 2020, compel us to acquire the partner's interest for a price to be determined in accordance with the provisions of the joint venture agreement. IRET-Minot Apartments, LLC owns the Commons and Landing at Southgate property in Minot, ND. Below is a table reflecting the activity of the redeemable noncontrolling interests.

	(in thousands)
Balance at April 30, 2017	\$ 7,181
Net income	(171)
Balance at July 31, 2017	\$ 7,010

**NOTE 12 • SHARE BASED COMPENSATION**

Share based awards are provided to officers, non-officer employees and trustees under our 2015 Incentive Plan approved by shareholders on September 15, 2015, which allows for awards in the form of cash, unrestricted and restricted common shares, and restricted stock units ("RSUs") up to an aggregate of 4,250,000 shares, over the ten year period in which the plan will be in effect.

Under the 2015 Incentive Plan, our officers and non-officer employees may earn share awards under a revised long-term incentive plan which is a forward-looking program that measures long-term performance over the stated performance period. Such awards are payable to the extent deemed earned in shares. The terms of the long-term incentive awards granted under the revised program may vary from year to year.

#### Fiscal Year 2018 Executive LTIP Awards

Awards granted on May 1, 2017 consist of 16,447 time-based restricted shares that vest as to one-third of the shares on each May 1, 2018, May 1, 2019, and May 1, 2020. We recognize compensation expense associated with the time-based restricted share awards ratably over the requisite service periods.

Awards granted on June 21, 2017 consist of time-based RSU awards, performance RSU awards based on leverage ratio, and performance RSU awards based on total shareholder return ("TSR"), each for 57,693 shares, respectively. All of these awards are classified as equity awards. The time-based RSUs vest as to one-third of the shares on each June 21, 2018, May 1, 2019 and May 1, 2020. The maximum number of leverage ratio RSUs eligible to be earned is 115,386 RSUs.

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The TSR performance RSU awards are earned based on our TSR as compared to the MSCI US REIT Index over a forward looking three-year period. The maximum number of RSUs eligible to be earned is 115,386 RSUs. Earned awards (if any) will fully vest as of the last day of the measurement period. These awards have market conditions in addition to service conditions that must be met for the awards to vest. We recognize compensation expense ratably based on the grant date fair value, as determined using the Monte Carlo valuation model, and regardless of whether the market conditions are achieved and the awards ultimately vest. Therefore, previously recorded compensation expense is not adjusted in the event that the market conditions are not achieved. We based the expected volatility on the historical volatility of our daily closing share price. We based the risk-free interest rate on the interest rates on U.S. treasury bonds with a maturity equal to the remaining performance period of the award. We based the expected term on the performance period of the award. The assumptions used to value the performance RSU awards were an expected volatility of 27.3%, a risk-free interest rate of 1.48% and an expected life of 2.86 years. The share price at the grant date, June 21, 2017, was \$6.15.

Total Compensation Expense

Share-based compensation expense recognized in the consolidated financial statements for all outstanding share based awards was approximately \$376,000 and \$262,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

NOTE 13 • RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with BMO Capital Markets

We have a historical and ongoing relationship with BMO Capital Markets (“BMO”). On July 17, 2017, we engaged BMO to provide financial advisory services in connection with the Company’s consideration of the disposition of non-core properties. A family member of Mark O. Decker, Jr., our Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Investment Officer, is an employee of BMO and could have an indirect material interest in any such engagement and related transaction(s). The Board had pre-approved this engagement of BMO.

Transaction with the Company

On July 6, 2017, we purchased 33,755 Company common shares from John D. Stewart, a member of the Board of Trustees, under our current share repurchase program. The shares were purchased for an aggregate amount of \$195,779, or \$5.80 per share, which was below the shares’ closing price of \$6.11 per share on July 6, 2017. The Board had pre-approved the purchase of Stewart’s shares.

NOTE 14 • SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Common and Preferred Share Distributions. On September 6, 2017, our Board of Trustees declared the following distributions:

Class of shares/units	Quarterly Amount per Share or Unit	Record Date	Payment Date
Common shares and limited partnership units	\$ 0.07	September 15, 2017	October 2, 2017
Preferred shares:			
Series B	\$ 0.496875	September 15, 2017	October 2, 2017

**Completed Acquisition.** On August 21, 2017, we repurchased two senior housing properties for \$36.9 million, of which \$7.9 million was paid in cash and \$29.0 million was in the form of the cancellation of a contract for deed. The cash paid eliminated a financing liability within other liabilities on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The properties had originally been sold during fiscal year 2014 in a sale-leaseback transaction that we accounted for as a financing liability due to our continuing involvement with the properties.

We currently have a signed sales agreement for the disposition of these two senior housing properties for a total sales price of \$36.9 million.

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Completed Dispositions. On August 8, 2017, we sold a parcel of unimproved land in Bismarck, ND, for a sale price of \$3.2 million. On August 22, 2017, we sold an industrial property in Eagan, MN, for a sale price of \$9.0 million and 13 multifamily properties in Minot, ND, for a sale price of \$12.3 million. On August 24, 2017, we sold a healthcare property in Eagan, MN, for a sale price of \$2.1 million.

Pending Acquisition. On August 25, 2017, we signed a purchase agreement for the acquisition of a 500-unit multifamily property in Plymouth, MN for a purchase price of \$92.3 million, to be paid in cash. At September 6, 2017, our \$7.0 million earnest money deposit on the acquisition became nonrefundable. This pending acquisition is subject to various closing conditions, and no assurances can be given that the transaction will be completed on the terms currently proposed, or at all.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION

AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report, as well as our audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, which are included in our Form 10-K filed with the SEC on June 28, 2017. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") is intended to help provide an understanding of our business, financial condition, and results of operations. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report. This report, including the following MD&A, contains forward-looking statements regarding future events or trends that should be read in conjunction with the factors described under the "Forward-Looking Statements" included in this report. Actual results or developments could differ materially from those projected in such statements as a result of factors described under "Forward-Looking Statements" as well as the risk factors in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of our Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2017.

Overview

We are a self-advised multifamily REIT focused on the acquisition, development, redevelopment and management of apartment communities located primarily in select growth markets. As of July 31, 2017, we owned interest in 130 properties that were held for investment, consisting of: (1) 88 multifamily properties, containing 13,076 apartment units, and (2) 42 commercial properties, including 29 healthcare properties, containing a total of approximately 2.6 million net rentable square feet, and having a total real estate investment amount net of accumulated depreciation of \$1.4 billion. We held for sale 13 multifamily properties, two healthcare properties, one retail property and one parcel of land as of July 31, 2017. We conduct a majority of our business activities through our Operating Partnership, as well as through a number of other consolidated subsidiary entities.

Our primary source of income and cash is rents associated with multifamily and commercial leases. Our mission is to provide a great home – for our residents, our employees, and our investors. Our business objective is to increase cash flow through property management and a disciplined investment strategy. We have paid quarterly distributions continuously since our first distribution in 1971.

First Quarter Activities

Summarized below are transactions that occurred during the first quarter of our fiscal year 2018:

- Acquisition of a 191-unit multifamily property in St. Paul, MN, for a purchase price of \$61.5 million.
- Disposition of a retail property in Minot, ND, for a sale price of \$3.4 million.
- Origination of a \$16.2 million loan in a multifamily development located in New Hope, MN, to be funded in installments through the third quarter of fiscal year 2018.

Same-store and Non-same-store Properties

Throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we have provided certain information on a same-store and non-same-store properties basis. Information provided on a same-store properties basis includes the results of properties that we have owned and operated for the entirety of both periods being compared except for properties for which significant redevelopment or expansion occurred during either of the periods being compared and properties sold or classified as held for sale, and which, in the case of development or re-development properties, have achieved a target level of occupancy of 90% for multifamily properties and 85% for healthcare and other properties.

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For the comparison of the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016, 32 properties were non-same-store, of which 13 were held for investment, 13 were held for sale and 6 were sold properties. Of the 13 non-same-store properties held for investment, nine were in-service development properties and one was a redevelopment.

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## Market Conditions and Outlook

The demand for investment and institutional quality real estate in our markets is strong. Investors have abundant equity and access to debt to facilitate acquisitions and developments. Local developers continue pursuing and securing development sites, and we continue seeing multifamily development activity in certain of our existing markets increasing competition for residents. Though new development increases competition for existing renters, we experienced generally stable trends in occupancy, rental rates, and expenses across most of our apartment investments during the quarter ended July 31, 2017, except in certain commodity and supply impacted markets. Our ability to maintain occupancy levels and raise rents remains dependent on household income growth and continued high employment.

Our healthcare segment consists of medical office properties. The same-store healthcare segment remains stable with occupancy at 92.5%. A significant portion of our medical office portfolio is on-campus and located in the Minneapolis Metropolitan Statistical Area (“MSA”) which has an 8.8% on-campus vacancy rate as of the fourth calendar quarter of 2016 according to Colliers International.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Consolidated Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

The discussion that follows is based on our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

	July 31,		2017 vs. 2016		
	2017	2016	\$ Change	% Change	
Real estate rentals	\$ 47,647	\$ 44,985	\$ 2,662	5.9	%
Tenant reimbursement	5,088	4,626	462	10.0	%
<b>TOTAL REVENUE</b>	<b>52,735</b>	<b>49,611</b>	<b>3,124</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>%</b>
Property operating expenses, excluding real estate taxes	17,636	16,057	1,579	9.8	%
Real estate taxes	6,614	5,577	1,037	18.6	%
Depreciation and amortization	28,927	14,267	14,660	102.8	%
Impairment of real estate investments	256	54,153	(53,897)	(99.5)	%
General and administrative expenses	4,002	3,501	501	14.3	%
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>	<b>57,435</b>	<b>93,555</b>	<b>(36,120)</b>	<b>(38.6)</b>	<b>%</b>
Operating loss	(4,700)	(43,944)	39,244	(89.3)	%
Interest expense	(9,295)	(10,364)	1,069	(10.3)	%
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(199)	—	(199)	n/a	
Interest income	21	28	(7)	(25.0)	%
Other income	210	160	50	31.3	%
Loss before gain on sale of real estate and other investments and income from discontinued operations	(13,963)	(54,120)	40,157	(74.2)	%
Gain on sale of real estate and other investments	124	8,958	(8,834)	(98.6)	%
Loss from continuing operations	(13,839)	(45,162)	31,323	(69.4)	%
Income from discontinued operations	560	4,568	(4,008)	(87.7)	%
<b>NET LOSS</b>	<b>(13,279)</b>	<b>(40,594)</b>	<b>27,315</b>	<b>(67.3)</b>	<b>%</b>

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Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests – Operating Partnership	1,644	3,296	(1,652)	(50.1)	%
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests – consolidated real estate entities	371	15,655	(15,284)	(97.6)	%
Net loss attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust	(11,264)	(21,643)	10,379	(48.0)	%
Dividends to preferred shareholders	(2,286)	(2,879)	593	(20.6)	%
NET LOSS AVAILABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$ (13,550)	\$ (24,522)	\$ 10,972	(44.7)	%

Revenues. Revenues for the three months ended July 31, 2017 were \$52.7 million compared to \$49.6 million in the three months ended July 31, 2016, an increase of \$3.1 million or 6.3%. The increase in revenue for the three months ended

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July 31, 2017 resulted primarily from same-store properties and properties acquired and development projects placed in service in fiscal year 2017, as shown in the table below.

	(in thousands) Increase in Total
	Revenue Three Months Ended July 31, 2017
Increase in revenue primarily from properties acquired in fiscal year 2018	\$ 356
Increase in revenue primarily from properties acquired and development projects placed in service in fiscal year 2017	2,450
Increase in revenue from same-store properties(1)	1,410
Decrease in revenue from properties sold or classified as held for sale in fiscal years 2018 and 2017	(1,092)
Net increase in total revenue	\$ 3,124

(1) See analysis of NOI by segment below for additional information.

Property operating expenses, excluding real estate taxes. Property operating expenses, excluding real estate taxes, increased by 9.8% to \$17.6 million in three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$16.1 million in the same period of the prior fiscal year. An increase of approximately \$453,000 was attributable to non-same-store properties while expenses at same-store properties increased by \$1.3 million. The increase at same-store properties was primarily attributable to a change in our capitalization policies, increased turnover costs related to a reduction in revenue generating capital spend, and an increase in labor costs.

Real Estate Taxes. Real estate taxes increased by 18.6% to \$6.6 million in the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$5.6 million in the same period of the prior fiscal year. An increase of approximately \$299,000 was attributable to non-same store properties while same-store properties increased by \$738,000, primarily due to stabilizing developments and an increase in the North Dakota levy rates.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization increased by 102.8% to \$28.9 million in the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$14.3 million in the same period of the prior fiscal year. This increase was primarily due to a change in the estimated useful lives of our assets. See Note 2 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for additional information.

Impairment of Real Estate Investments. We recognized approximately \$256,000 and \$54.2 million of impairment in continuing operations during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. See Note 2 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for additional information.

General and Administrative Expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by 15.2% to \$4.0 million in the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$3.4 million in the same period of the prior fiscal year, primarily due

to additional transition costs of approximately \$436,000 related to our leadership transformation that occurred in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2017.

**Interest Expense.** Interest expense decreased by 10.3% to \$9.3 million in the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$10.4 million in the same period of the prior fiscal year, primarily due to a reduction in the average balance of our outstanding indebtedness.

**Gain on Sale of Real Estate and Other Investments.** We recorded in continuing operations a net gain of approximately \$124,000 in the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to \$9.0 million in the same period of the prior fiscal year. Properties sold in the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016 are detailed below in the section captioned "Property Acquisitions and Dispositions."

**Income from Discontinued Operations.** We recorded income from discontinued operations of approximately \$560,000 and \$4.6 million, respectively, in the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016. See Note 7 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for further information on discontinued operations.

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Occupancy

Occupancy as of July 31, 2017 compared to July 31, 2016 increased in our multifamily segment and decreased slightly in our healthcare segment on a same-store basis. Occupancy represents the actual number of units or square footage leased divided by the total number of units or square footage at the end of the period.

Occupancy Levels on a Same-Store Property and All Property Basis:

Segments	Same-Store Properties		All Properties	
	As of July 31,		As of July 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Multifamily	94.5 %	92.5 %	93.7 %	90.4 %
Healthcare	92.5 %	92.6 %	92.7 %	88.7 %

Net Operating Income

Net Operating Income (“NOI”) is a non-US GAAP measure which we define as total real estate revenues less real estate expenses (which consist of utilities, maintenance, real estate taxes, insurance, property management expenses and other property expenses). We believe that NOI is an important supplemental measure of operating performance for a REIT’s operating real estate because it provides a measure of core operations that is unaffected by depreciation, amortization, financing and general and administrative expense. NOI does not represent cash generated by operating activities in accordance with US GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to net income, net income available for common shareholders or cash flow from operating activities as a measure of financial performance.

The following tables show real estate revenues, real estate operating expenses and NOI by reportable operating segment for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016. For a reconciliation of NOI of reportable segments to net income as reported, see Note 5 of the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this report.

The tables also show NOI by reportable operating segment on a same-store property and non-same-store property basis. This comparison allows us to evaluate the performance of existing properties and their contribution to net income. Management believes that measuring performance on a same-store property basis is useful to investors because it enables evaluation of how our properties are performing year over year. Management uses this measure to assess whether or not it has been successful in increasing NOI, renewing the leases of existing tenants, controlling operating costs and appropriately handling capital improvements. The discussion below focuses on the main factors affecting real estate revenue and real estate expenses from same-store properties. Since changes from one fiscal year to another in real estate revenue and expenses from non-same-store properties are due to the addition of those properties to our real estate portfolio, such information is less useful for evaluating the ongoing operational performance of our real estate portfolio.

All Segments

All Segments	Three Months Ended July 31,			
	2017	2016	\$ Change	% Change

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Real estate revenue					
Same-store	\$ 45,026	\$ 43,616	\$ 1,410	3.2	%
Non-same-store(1)	7,709	5,995	1,714	28.6	%
Total	\$ 52,735	\$ 49,611	\$ 3,124	6.3	%
Real estate expenses					
Same-store	\$ 20,913	\$ 19,126	\$ 1,787	9.3	%
Non-same-store(1)	3,337	2,508	829	33.1	%
Total	\$ 24,250	\$ 21,634	\$ 2,616	12.1	%
Net operating income					
Same-store	\$ 24,113	\$ 24,490	\$ (377)	(1.5)	%
Non-same-store(1)	4,372	3,487	885	25.4	%
Total	\$ 28,485	\$ 27,977	\$ 508	1.8	%

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An analysis of NOI by segment follows.

## Multifamily

Real estate revenue from same-store properties in our multifamily segment increased by 3.9% or \$1.2 million in the three months ended July 31, 2017 compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. The increase was primarily attributable to a 2.7% increase in average rental rates and a 1.2% increase in occupancy.

Real estate expenses at same-store properties in our multifamily segment increased by 13.9% or \$1.8 million in the three months ended July 31, 2017 compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year. The increase was primarily attributable to a change in our capitalization policies, an increase in real estate taxes due to stabilizing developments and higher North Dakota levy rates, an increase in turnover costs due to the reduction of revenue generating capital spend, and an increase in labor costs.

	Three Months Ended July 31,				
	2017	2016	\$ Change	% Change	
Multifamily					
Real estate revenue					
Same-store	\$ 31,938	\$ 30,752	\$ 1,186	3.9	%
Non-same-store	6,492	4,290	2,202	51.3	%
Total	\$ 38,430	\$ 35,042	\$ 3,388	9.7	%
Real estate expenses(1)					
Same-store	\$ 14,728	\$ 12,930	\$ 1,798	13.9	%
Non-same-store	2,737	1,949	788	40.4	%
Total	\$ 17,465	\$ 14,879	\$ 2,586	17.4	%
Net operating income					
Same-store	\$ 17,210	\$ 17,822	\$ (612)	(3.4)	%
Non-same-store	3,755	2,341	1,414	60.4	%
Total	\$ 20,965	\$ 20,163	\$ 802	4.0	%
Occupancy	2017	2016			
Same-store	94.5 %	92.5 %			
Non-same-store	89.3 %	76.4 %			
Total	93.7 %	90.4 %			
Number of Units	2017	2016			
Same-store	11,384	11,386			
Non-same-store	2,019	1,650			
Total	13,403	13,036			

(1) Excludes offsite costs associated with property management and casualty-related amounts. Property management costs increased by approximately \$109,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2017 as compared to the same period of the prior year. Casualty-related costs increased by approximately \$80,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2017 as compared to the same period of the prior year.





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## Healthcare

Real estate revenue from same-store properties in our healthcare segment increased by 1.9% or \$203,000 in the three months ended July 31, 2017, compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year, while real estate expenses increased by 5.0% or \$194,000.

	Three Months Ended July 31,				
	2017	2016	\$ Change	% Change	
Healthcare					
Real estate revenue					
Same-store	\$ 10,808	\$ 10,605	\$ 203	1.9	%
Non-same-store	570	936	(366)	(39.1)	%
Total	\$ 11,378	\$ 11,541	\$ (163)	(1.4)	%
Real estate expenses(1)					
Same-store	\$ 4,080	\$ 3,886	\$ 194	5.0	%
Non-same-store	205	306	(101)	(33.0)	%
Total	\$ 4,285	\$ 4,192	\$ 93	2.2	%
Net operating income					
Same-store	\$ 6,728	\$ 6,719	\$ 9	0.1	%
Non-same-store	365	630	(265)	(42.1)	%
Total	\$ 7,093	\$ 7,349	\$ (256)	(3.5)	%
Occupancy	2017	2016			
Same-store	92.5	% 92.6	%		
Non-same-store	95.9	% 67.6	%		
Total	92.7	% 88.7	%		
Rentable Square Footage	2017	2016			
Same-store	1,270,008	1,270,008			
Non-same-store	57,636	235,131			
Total	1,327,644	1,505,139			

(1) Excludes offsite costs associated with property management, which decreased by approximately \$93,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2017 as compared to the same period of the prior year.

## Analysis of Commercial Credit Risk and Leases

## Credit Risk

The following table lists our top ten commercial tenants on July 31, 2017, for all commercial properties owned by us, including healthcare, other commercial properties and those held for sale, measured by percentage of total commercial minimum rents as of July 2017. Our results of operations are dependent on, among other factors, the economic health of our tenants. We attempt to mitigate tenant credit risk by working to secure creditworthy tenants that meet our underwriting criteria and monitoring our portfolio to identify potential problem tenants. We believe that our credit risk is also mitigated by the fact that no individual tenant accounts for more than 2.4% of our total real estate rentals and 11.7% of our total commercial minimum rents.

As of July 31, 2017, 12 of our 42 commercial properties held for investment, along with two held for sale properties, were leased under triple net leases under which the tenant pays a monthly lump sum base rent as well as all costs associated with the property, including property taxes, insurance, replacement, repair or restoration, in addition to maintenance. The failure by any of our triple net tenants to effectively conduct their operations or to maintain and improve our properties in accordance with the terms of their respective triple net leases could adversely affect their business reputations and ability to attract and retain residents and customers to our properties, which could have an indirect adverse effect on us.

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We regularly monitor the relative credit risk of our significant tenants, including our triple net tenants. The metrics we use to evaluate a significant tenant's liquidity and creditworthiness depend on facts and circumstances specific to that tenant and to the industry in which it operates, and include the tenant's credit history and economic conditions related to the tenant, its operations and the markets in which it operates. These factors may change over time. Prior to signing a lease with a tenant, we generally assesses the prospective tenant's credit quality through review of its financial statements and tax returns, and the result of that review is a factor in establishing the rent to be charged (e.g., higher risk tenants will be charged higher rent). Over the course of a lease, our property management and asset management personnel have regular contact with tenants and tenant employees, and, where the terms of the lease permit, receive tenant financial information for periodic review or review publicly-available financial statements in the case of public company tenants or non-profit entities, such as hospital systems, whose financial statements are required to be filed with state agencies. Through these means we monitor tenant credit quality.

Lessee	% of Total Commercial Minimum Rents as of July 2017	
Fairview Health Services	11.7	%
St. Luke's Hospital of Duluth, Inc.	8.5	%
Affiliates of Edgewood Vista	8.3	%
PrairieCare Medical LLC	7.4	%
Quality Manufacturing Corp	3.3	%
Children's Hospitals & Clinics	2.7	%
Allina Health	2.6	%
Noran Neurological Clinic	2.3	%
Amerada Hess	2.2	%
Obstetrics and Gynecology Associates, P.A.	2.0	%
All Others	49.0	%
Total Monthly Commercial Rent as of July 2017	100.0	%

Healthcare Leasing Activity

The total leasing activity for our same-store healthcare properties, expressed in square feet of leases signed during the period, and the resulting occupancy levels, are as follows:

Three Months Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

Segment	Square Feet of New Leases(1)		Square Feet of Leases Renewed(1)		Total Square Feet of Leases Executed(1)		Occupancy	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Healthcare	—	12,140	39,905	20,084	39,905	32,224	92.5 %	92.6 %

(1) The leasing activity presented is based on leases signed or executed for our same-store rental properties during the period and is not intended to coincide with the commencement of rental revenue in accordance with US GAAP.

Prior periods reflect amounts previously reported and exclude retroactive adjustments for properties reclassified to discontinued operations or non-same-store in the current period.

Healthcare New Leases

The following table sets forth the average effective rents and the estimated costs of tenant improvements and leasing commissions, on a per square foot basis, that we are obligated to fulfill under the new leases signed for our same-store healthcare properties:

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Three Months Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

Segment	Square Feet of New Leases(1)		Average Term in Years		Average Effective Rent(2)		Estimated Tenant Improvement Cost per Square Foot(1)		Leasing Commissions per Square Foot(1)	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Healthcare	—	12,140	n/a	15.0	n/a	\$ 20.30	n/a	\$ 55.15	n/a	\$ 8.75

(1) The leasing activity presented is based on leases signed or executed for our same-store rental properties during the period and is not intended to coincide with the commencement of rental revenue in accordance with US GAAP. Prior periods reflect amounts previously reported and exclude retroactive adjustments for properties reclassified to discontinued operations or non-same-store in the current period. Tenant improvements and leasing commissions presented are based on square feet leased during the period.

(2) Effective rents represent average annual base rental payments, on a straight-line basis for the term of each lease, excluding operating expense reimbursements. The underlying leases contain various expense structures including gross, modified gross, net and triple net.

Healthcare Lease Renewals

The following table summarizes our lease renewal activity within our same-store healthcare segment (square feet data in thousands):

Three Months Ended July 31, 2017 and 2016

Segment	Square Feet of Leases Renewed(1)		Percent of Expiring Leases Renewed(2)		Average Term in Years		Weighted Average Growth (Decline) in Effective Rents(3)		Estimated Tenant Improvement Cost per Square Foot(1)		Leasing Commissions per Square Foot(1)	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Healthcare	39,905	20,084	72.2 %	100.0 %	6.8	3.3	3.3 %	4.7 %	\$ 15.50	\$ 4.11	\$ 5.49	\$ 2.51

(1) The leasing activity presented is based on leases signed or executed for our same-store rental properties during the period and is not intended to coincide with the commencement of rental revenue in accordance with US GAAP. Prior periods reflect amounts previously reported and exclude retroactive adjustments for properties reclassified to discontinued operations or non-same-store in the current period. Tenant improvements and leasing commissions are based on square feet leased during the period.

(2) Renewal percentage of expiring leases is based on square footage of renewed leases and not the number of leases renewed. The category of renewed leases does not include leases that have become month-to-month leases, as the month-to-month leases are considered lease amendments.

(3) Represents the percentage change in effective rent between the original leases and the renewal leases. Effective rents represent average annual base rental payments, on a straight-line basis for the term of each lease, excluding operating expense reimbursements. The underlying leases contain various expense structures including gross, modified gross, net and triple net.



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## Healthcare Lease Expirations

Our ability to maintain and improve occupancy rates and base rents primarily depends upon our continuing ability to re-lease expiring space. The following table reflects the in-service portfolio lease expiration schedule of our consolidated healthcare properties, including square footage and annualized base rent for expiring leases, as of July 31, 2017.

Fiscal Year of Lease Expiration		Square Footage of Expiring Leases(3)	Percentage of Total Healthcare Segment Leased Square Footage	Percentage of Total Annualized Base Rent of Expiring Leases at Expiration(2)
2018(1)	20	82,528	6.7 %	\$ 1,494,595 5.6 %
2019	18	72,644	5.9 %	1,599,443 6.0 %
2020	16	93,521	7.6 %	1,936,684 7.2 %
2021	20	95,575	7.8 %	2,070,790 7.7 %
2022	17	76,774	6.2 %	1,414,135 5.3 %
2023	15	73,750	6.0 %	1,454,647 5.4 %
2024	29	179,460	14.6 %	4,194,579 15.6 %
2025	6	77,579	6.3 %	1,707,029 6.4 %
2026	9	103,178	8.4 %	1,802,959 6.7 %
2027	12	157,842	12.9 %	3,511,179 13.1 %
Thereafter	14	216,299	17.6 %	5,670,644 21.0 %
<b>Totals</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>1,229,150</b>	<b>100.0 %</b>	<b>\$ 26,856,684 100.0 %</b>

(1) Includes month-to-month leases. As of July 31, 2017, month-to-month leases accounted for 19,293 square feet.

(2) Assuming that none of the tenants exercise renewal or termination options, and including leases renewed prior to expiration. Also excludes 1,361 square feet of space occupied by us.

(3) Annualized Base Rent is monthly scheduled rent as of July 2017, multiplied by 12.

Because of the dispersed locations of a substantial portion of the portfolio's properties in secondary and tertiary markets, information on current market rents is difficult to obtain, is highly subjective and is often not directly comparable between properties. As a result, we believe that the increase or decrease in effective rent on our recent leases is the most objective and meaningful information available regarding rent trends and the relationship between rents on leases expiring in the near term and current market rents across our markets. We believe that rents on our new and renewed leases generally approximate market rents.

## PROPERTY ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

During the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we acquired one multifamily property for a purchase price of \$61.5 million. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we sold one retail property for a sales price of \$3.4 million. See Note 8 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for a table detailing our acquisitions and dispositions during the three month periods ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

## FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

We consider Funds from Operations ("FFO") a useful measure of performance for an equity REIT. We use the definition of FFO adopted by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc. ("NAREIT"). NAREIT

defines FFO to mean “net income (computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of property, plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures will be calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis.” In addition, in October 2011, NAREIT clarified its computation of FFO to exclude impairment charges for all periods presented. Because of limitations of the FFO definition adopted by NAREIT, we have made certain interpretations in applying the definition. We believe all such interpretations not specifically provided for in the NAREIT definition are consistent with the definition.

Management considers that FFO, by excluding depreciation costs, impairment write-downs, the gains or losses from the sale of operating real estate properties and extraordinary items as defined by US GAAP, is useful to investors in providing an additional perspective on our operating results. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with US GAAP assumes, through depreciation, that the value of real estate assets decreases predictably over



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time. However, real estate asset values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions. NAREIT's definition of FFO, by excluding depreciation costs, reflects the fact that real estate, as an asset class, generally appreciates over time and that depreciation charges required by US GAAP may not reflect underlying economic realities. Additionally, the exclusion in NAREIT's definition of FFO of impairment write-downs and gains and losses from the sales of previously depreciated operating real estate assets, assists our management and investors in identifying the operating results of the long-term assets that form the core of our investments, and assists in comparing those operating results between periods. FFO is used by our management and investors to identify trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs.

While FFO is widely used by us as a primary performance metric, not all real estate companies use the same definition of FFO or calculate FFO in the same way. Accordingly, FFO presented here is not necessarily comparable to FFO presented by other real estate companies. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as determined in accordance with US GAAP as a measure of our performance, but rather should be considered as an additional, supplemental measure, and should be viewed in conjunction with net income as presented in the consolidated financial statements included in this report. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with US GAAP, and is not necessarily indicative of sufficient cash flow to fund all of our needs or our ability to service indebtedness or make distributions.

FFO applicable to Common Shares and Units for the three months ended July 31, 2017, decreased to \$13.1 million compared to \$15.9 million for the comparable period ended July 31, 2016, a decrease of 17.6%.

## RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO

## INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST TO FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended July 31,	(in thousands, except per share and unit amounts)					
	2017			2016		
	Amount	Weighted Avg Shares and Units(1)	Per Share and Unit(2)	Amount	Weighted Avg Shares and Units(1)	Per Share and Unit(2)
Net loss attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust	\$ (11,264)		\$	\$ (21,643)		\$
Less dividends to preferred shareholders	(2,286)			(2,879)		
Net loss available to common shareholders	(13,550)	120,421	(0.11)	(24,522)	121,117	(0.20)
Adjustments:						
Noncontrolling interests – Operating Partnership	(1,644)	15,128		(3,296)	16,285	
Depreciation and amortization	28,119			13,437		

Impairment of real estate attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust	256			39,189		
Gains on depreciable property sales attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust	(124)			(8,958)		
Funds from operations applicable to common shares and Units(3)	\$ 13,057	135,549	\$ 0.10	\$ 15,850	137,402	\$ 0.12

(1) Upon the exercise of Exchange Rights, Units of the Operating Partnership are exchangeable for cash or, at our discretion, for Common Shares on a one-for-one basis.

(2) Net income attributable to Investors Real Estate Trust is calculated on a per Common Share basis. FFO is calculated on a per Common Share and Unit basis.

#### DISTRIBUTIONS

The following distributions per Common Share and Unit were paid during the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Month	2018	2017
July	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.13

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

##### OVERVIEW

Our principal liquidity demands are maintaining distributions to the holders of Common Shares, preferred shares and Units; capital improvements and repairs and maintenance to our properties; acquisition of additional properties; property development; tenant improvements; and debt service and repayments.



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We have historically met our short-term liquidity requirements through net cash flows provided by our operating activities, and, from time to time, through draws on our line of credit. As of July 31, 2017, our Operating Partnership had one unsecured multi-bank line of credit with a total commitment capacity of \$250.0 million, with a borrowing capacity based on the value of properties contained in the unencumbered asset pool (UAP). Management considers our ability to generate cash from property operating activities and draws on our line of credit to be adequate to meet all operating requirements and to make distributions to our shareholders in accordance with the REIT provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Budgeted expenditures for ongoing maintenance and capital improvements and renovations to our real estate portfolio are also generally expected to be funded from existing cash on hand, cash flow generated from property operations, and draws on our line of credit and/or new borrowings. However, some of our real estate markets continue to experience challenges including reduced occupancies and rental rates as well as some restrictions on the availability of financing. In the event of deterioration in property operating results, we may need to consider additional cash preservation alternatives, including reducing development activities, capital improvements and renovations.

To the extent we do not satisfy our long-term liquidity requirements, which consist primarily of maturities under long-term debt, construction and development activities and potential acquisition opportunities, through net cash flows provided by operating activities and our credit facilities, we intend to satisfy such requirements through a combination of funding sources which we believe will be available to us, including the issuance of Units, additional common or preferred equity, proceeds from the sale of properties, and additional long-term secured or short-term unsecured indebtedness.

## SOURCES AND USES OF CASH

As of July 31, 2017, approximately 25.7%, or \$5.5 million, of our mortgage debt maturing in the second and third quarters of fiscal year 2018 is debt placed on multifamily assets, and approximately 74.3%, or \$15.9 million, is debt placed on commercial properties. Of this \$21.4 million, we expect to pay off \$5.6 million and the remaining \$15.8 is on property that is expected to be sold in the second quarter of fiscal year 2018. As of July 31, 2017, approximately 27.1%, or \$8.6 million, of our mortgage debt maturing in the next twelve months is debt placed on multifamily assets, and approximately 72.9%, or \$23.1 million, is debt placed on commercial properties.

As of July 31, 2017, the BMO Line of Credit had a credit limit of \$220.0 million based on the unencumbered asset pool, of which \$125.9 million was drawn on the line.

As of July 31, 2017, we are committed to fund \$4.7 million in tenant improvements within approximately the next 12 months.

The issuance of Units for property acquisitions continues to be a source of capital available to us. There were no Units issued in the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

**Mortgage Loan Indebtedness.** Mortgage loan indebtedness, including mortgages on properties held for sale, decreased by approximately \$1.8 million as of July 31, 2017, compared to April 30, 2017, due to loan payoffs and property dispositions. As of July 31, 2017, approximately 88.3% of our \$685.4 million of mortgage debt is at fixed rates of interest, with staggered maturities. As of July 31, 2017, the weighted average rate of interest on our mortgage debt, including mortgages related to assets held for sale was 4.66%, compared to 4.71% on April 30, 2017.

**Line of Credit.** The balance outstanding on our line of credit at July 31, 2017, and April 30, 2017, was \$125.9 million and \$57.1 million, respectively.

Property Owned. Property owned was \$1.7 billion at July 31, 2017, and April 30, 2017, respectively. During the three months ended July 31, 2017, we acquired one new property and disposed of one property, as described above in the “Property Acquisitions and Dispositions” subsection of this Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents on hand on July 31, 2017, were \$23.8 million, compared to \$28.8 million on April 30, 2017.

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Operating Partnership Units. Outstanding Units in the Operating Partnership were 14.7 million Units at July 31, 2017 and 15.6 million Units at April 30, 2017.

Common Shares of Beneficial Interest. Common Shares outstanding on July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 totaled 120.6 million and 121.2 million, respectively. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, we issued approximately 75,000 Common Shares, with a total grant-date value of approximately \$445,000, under our 2015 Incentive Award Plan, for executive officer and trustee share based compensation. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2017, we issued approximately 378,000 Common Shares, with a total grant-date value of \$1.4 million, under our 2015 Incentive Award Plan, for executive officer and trustee share based compensation.

## Forward Looking Statements

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a “safe harbor” for forward-looking statements in certain circumstances. Certain information included in this Quarterly Report contains or may contain information that is forward-looking, within the meaning of the federal securities laws, including, without limitation, statements regarding: our ability to maintain current or meet projected occupancy, rental rate and property operating results; the effect of acquisitions, dispositions, redevelopments and developments; our ability to meet budgeted costs and timelines, and achieve budgeted rental rates related to our redevelopment and development investments; expectations regarding sales of our properties and the use of proceeds thereof; and our ability to comply with debt covenants, including financial coverage ratios.

Actual results may differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements and, in addition, will be affected by a variety of risks and factors, some of which are beyond our control, including, without limitation:

- Real estate and operating risks, including fluctuations in real estate values and the general economic climate in the markets in which we operate and competition for residents and commercial tenants in such markets; national and local economic conditions, including the pace of job growth and the level of unemployment; the amount, location and quality of competitive new housing supply; the timing of acquisitions, dispositions, redevelopments and developments; and changes in operating costs, including energy costs;
- Financing risks, including the availability and cost of capital markets financing and the risk that our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest and the risk that our earnings may not be sufficient to maintain compliance with debt covenants;
- Our geographic concentration in Minnesota and North Dakota;
- Insurance risks, including the cost of insurance and natural disasters and severe weather; and
- Legal and regulatory risks, including costs associated with prosecuting or defending claims and any adverse outcomes; the terms of governmental regulations that affect us and interpretations of those regulations; and possible environmental liabilities, including costs, fines or penalties that may be incurred due to necessary remediation of contamination of apartment communities presently or previously owned by us.

In addition, our current and continuing qualification as a real estate investment trust involves the application of highly technical and complex provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and depends on our ability to meet the various requirements imposed by the Internal Revenue Code, through actual operating results, distribution levels and diversity

of stock ownership. Readers should review the risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in our filings with Securities and Exchange Commission, including the “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and “Risk Factors” contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal year ended April 30, 2017.

#### Critical Accounting Policies

In preparing the condensed consolidated financial statements, management has made estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. A summary of our critical accounting policies is included in our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, filed with the SEC on June 28, 2017, under the section titled “Management’s

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Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.” Effective May 1, 2017, we reviewed and changed the estimated useful lives of our real estate assets to better reflect the estimated periods during which these assets will be of economic benefit. Generally, the estimated lives of buildings and improvements that previously were 20-40 years have been decreased to 10-30 years, while those that were previously nine years were changed to five to ten years. There have been no other significant changes to our critical accounting policies during the three months ended July 31, 2017.



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## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our exposure to market risk is limited primarily to fluctuations in the general level of interest rates on our current and future fixed and variable rate debt obligations.

Approximately 88.3% and 91.6% of our mortgage debt, including mortgage debt related to properties held for sale, as of July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017, respectively, is at fixed interest rates. Therefore, we have little exposure to interest rate fluctuation risk on our existing mortgage debt. Accordingly, interest rate fluctuations during the first quarter of fiscal year 2018 did not have a material effect on us. Even though our goal is to maintain a fairly low exposure to interest rate risk, we may become vulnerable to significant fluctuations in interest rates on any future repricing or refinancing of our fixed or variable rate debt and on future debt.

We primarily use long-term (more than nine years) and medium-term (five to seven years) debt as a source of capital. We do not currently use derivative securities, interest rate swaps or any other type of hedging activity to manage our interest rate risk. As of July 31, 2017, we had the following amounts of future principal and interest payments due on mortgages, including mortgages held for sale, secured by our real estate:

(In thousands)

Future Principal Payments  
Remaining

	2018	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
Mortgages Fixed Rate	\$ 8,067	\$ 74,816	\$ 63,209	\$ 136,363	\$ 88,237	\$ 229,832	\$ 600,524	\$ 614,902
Avg Fixed Interest Rate(1)	3.51 %	4.43 %	4.23 %	3.73 %	3.43 %			
Variable Rate	\$ 8,248	\$ 24,152	\$ 30,469	\$ 28	\$ 608	\$ —	\$ 63,505	\$ 63,505
Avg Variable Interest Rate(1)	3.02 %	4.28 %	5.10 %	3.92 %	3.97 %			
Held for Sale	\$ 16,161	\$ 1,869	\$ 183	\$ 193	\$ 994	\$ 1,943	\$ 21,343	\$ 21,388
Avg Fixed Interest Rate(1)	3.52 %	5.11 %	4.58 %	4.55 %	3.71 %			
							\$ 685,372	\$ 699,795

(in thousands)

Future Interest Payments  
Remaining

	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2022	Thereafter	Total
Mortgages							

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Fixed Rate	\$ 21,085	\$ 26,265	\$ 21,902	\$ 16,941	\$ 10,902	\$ 25,143	\$ 122,238
Variable Rate	1,919	1,800	742	25	6	0	4,492
Held for Sale	259	265	152	142	109	514	1,441
							\$ 128,171

(1) Interest rate given is for the entire year.

The weighted average interest rate on our fixed rate and variable rate debt, including mortgages related to assets held for sale, as of July 31, 2017, was 4.66%. As of July 31, 2017, we had \$80.3 million of variable-rate mortgage debt outstanding and \$125.9 million of variable-rate borrowings under our line of credit. We estimate that an increase in 30-day LIBOR of 100 basis points with constant risk spreads would result in our net income being reduced by approximately \$2.1 million on an annual basis. We estimate that a decrease in 30-day LIBOR of 100 basis points would increase the amount of net income by a similar amount.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures:

Management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“Exchange Act”)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of July 31, 2017, such disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission’s rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None

Item 1A. Risk Factors

None

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Sales of Securities

During the first quarter of fiscal year 2018, the Company did not issue any unregistered Common Shares to limited partners of the Operating Partnership.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

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EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

31.1*	<u>Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer</u>
31.2*	<u>Section 302 Certification of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer</u>
32.1*	<u>Section 906 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer</u>
32.2*	<u>Section 906 Certifications of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer</u>
101 INS**	INSTANCE DOCUMENT
101 SCH**	SCHEMA DOCUMENT
101 CAL**	CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT
101 LAB**	LABELS LINKBASE DOCUMENT
101 PRE**	PRESENTATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT
101 DEF**	DEFINITION LINKBASE DOCUMENT

\* Filed herewith

\*\*Submitted electronically herewith. Attached as Exhibit 101 are the following materials from our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2017 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (“XBRL”): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INVESTORS REAL ESTATE TRUST

(Registrant)

/s/ Mark O. Decker, Jr.  
Mark O. Decker, Jr.  
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ John A. Kirchmann  
John A. Kirchmann  
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: September 11, 2017