FIRSTENERGY CORP Form U-1/A December 19, 2002

File No. 70-10079

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 2 to APPLICATION on FORM U-1/A

under the

PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1935 ("Act")

FIRSTENERGY CORP. 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

OHIO EDISON COMPANY 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

> The Toledo Edison Company 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

Pennsylvania Power Company 1 E. Washington Street P.O. Box 891 New Castle, PA 16103

Metropolitan Edison Company 2800 Pottsville Pike Reading, PA 19640-0001

Pennsylvania Electric Company 1001 Broad Street Johnstown, PA 15907

Jersey Central Power & Light Company Madison Avenue at Punch Bowl Road Morristown, NJ 07060-9871

American Transmission Systems, Incorporated 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

(Names of companies filing this statement and addresses of principal executive offices)

> FIRSTENERGY CORP. 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

(Name of top registered holding company, parent of each applicant or declarant)

Leila L. Vespoli Senior Vice President and General Counsel FirstEnergy Corp. 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308 Douglas E. Davidson, Esq. Thelen Reid & Priest LLP 40 West 57th Street New York, New York 10019

(Names and addresses of agents for service)

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The Application filed in this proceeding on August 13, 2002 and amended by Amendment No. 1, filed in this proceeding on November 14, 2002 is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED TRANSACTION.

A. FirstEnergy Corp., an Ohio corporation ("FirstEnergy"), a registered holding company under the Act, holds, directly or indirectly1, of all of the outstanding common stock of seven electric utility operating subsidiaries ---Ohio Edison Company, a holding company exempt by order under section 3(a)(2) from all provisions of the Act except section 9(a)(2)2 ("Ohio Edison"), The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, The Toledo Edison Company, American Transmission Systems, Incorporated , Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company, Pennsylvania Electric Company, and Pennsylvania Power Company (collectively, the "Applicants"). The Applicants' combined service areas encompass approximately 37,200 square miles in Ohio, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. The areas they serve have a combined population of approximately 11.0 million. By this Application, the Applicants hereby request authorization pursuant to Section 9(c)(3) of the Act to invest, directly or through subsidiaries, in one or more low-income housing projects that qualify or will qualify for tax credits under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code ("Code") and historic building or other qualified rehabilitation projects that qualify or will qualify for tax credits under Section 47 of the Code (collectively, "Tax Credit Projects").

B. By Order dated October 29, 2001 (HCAR No. 27459) (the "Merger Order"), the Commission authorized, among other things, the merger between FirstEnergy and GPU, Inc. ("GPU"), a Pennsylvania corporation. The merger became effective on November 7, 2001, with FirstEnergy being the surviving entity. In the Merger Order, the Commission also authorized, among other things, FirstEnergy and its subsidiaries to retain investments then held by FirstEnergy in low income housing properties that qualify for Low Income Housing Tax Credits ("LIHTC") under Section 42 of the Code. As of December 31, 2001, FirstEnergy and its subsidiaries collectively held passive LIHTC investments totaling approximately

\$102 million in various separate limited partnerships or limited liability companies (LLCs) that own and manage low-income housing properties. Each LIHTC investment has been made by Ohio Edison or FirstEnergy. Neither FirstEnergy nor any of its subsidiaries has made any further such investments since the merger. Neither FirstEnergy nor any of its subsidiaries participates actively in the development, management, or operation of these properties. In each case, responsibility for the day-to-day management of these ventures resides in the general partner or managing member of the venture (in the case of LLCs)3 or in an independent management company.

- Ohio Edison, The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, The Toledo Edison Company, American Transmission Systems, Incorporated, Jersey Central Power & Light Company, Metropolitan Edison Company and Pennsylvania Electric Company are direct subsidiaries of FirstEnergy and Pennsylvania Power Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ohio Edison.
- 2 HCAR No. 21019 (April 26, 1979).
- 3 State LLC statutes typically allow the members of an LLC to provide for the management of the LLC by a managing member. See, e.g., Delaware Limited Liability Company Act, Section 18-402. As indicated below, Applicants represent that they will invest in LLCs only as a non-managing member, and that their rights (including consent rights) under the relevant membership agreement will be no greater than the rights typically accorded limited partners under a limited partnership statute.

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Attached hereto as Exhibit H is a list of LIHTC project investments currently held by FirstEnergy and its subsidiaries, and the aggregate investment in such projects as of December 31, 2001.

C. Proposal to Invest in Additional Projects . Applicants, directly or

through one or more subsidiaries, propose to invest an aggregate of up to \$100 million from time to time through December 31, 2005 in existing or new LIHTC projects located anywhere within the United States and historic building or other qualified rehabilitated building projects ("Section 47 Projects") located within the service territories of the Applicants (collectively, "Tax Credit Projects") that qualify or are expected to qualify for the Federal and/or State tax credits. Applicants are requesting authority to invest in the Tax Credit Projects both directly and indirectly because FirstEnergy's non-utility subsidiaries may not have income sufficient to take full advantage of the tax credits generated by an investment in such Tax Credit Projects. FirstEnergy will cause all tax credits earned by any "subsidiary" to be directed to that subsidiary in the year in which such tax credits are earned and will cause the tax allocation agreement to be entered into by and among FirstEnergy and its public utility company subsidiaries for the 2002 tax year to provide as such.

As in the past, Applicants will not take any active role in the development, management or operation of any Tax Credit Project and will not acquire any interest in any venture holding a Tax Credit Project if, as a result thereof, such venture would become an "affiliate," as defined under Section 2(a) (11) of the Act, of FirstEnergy. Accordingly, Applicants will invest in such ventures as a limited partner in one or more limited partnerships and/or as a non-managing member in one or more LLCs, with rights that are substantially the same as rights typically accorded limited partners under limited partnership statutes.4 Further, in each case, responsibility for the day-to-day management

Under limited partnership statutes that have been adopted in most states, 4 limited partners may not participate in the control of the business of the partnership without risking becoming liable to third parties for the obligations of the partnership. See, e.g., Delaware Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, as amended 2001 ("DRULPA"), Section 17-303(a). However, such statutes typically provide that specified actions by a limited partner will not constitute participation in the control of the business of the partnership, such as consulting with the general partner, requesting meetings of the partnership, or exercising the right to consent to limited number of actions by the partnership that could affect the limited partners' rights. See, e.g., DRULPA, Section 17-303(b). Consistent with consent rights that may be exercised by limited partners under any applicable limited partnership statute, Applicants anticipate that, as a limited partner, they would typically have the right to approve all or some of the following actions: the dissolution and winding up of the partnership; any sale, exchange or mortgage of partnership assets; the admission of new partners; the incurrence or renewal of any indebtedness of the partnership; any change in the nature of the business of the partnership; any amendment to the partnership agreement; a merger or consolidation; indemnification of any partner; and any transaction involving an actual or potential conflict of interest. Such approval rights are necessary and appropriate in order to enable limited partners to protect their interests in the partnership. Applicants represent that their rights (including consent rights) as non-managing members in any manager-managed LLC will be no greater that those of a limited partner in a limited partnership.

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of these ventures (including leasing activities, rent collection and property maintenance) will reside in the general partner or managing member of the venture (in the case of LLCs) or in an independent management company. Applicants commit that they will dispose of their ownership interest in each Tax Credit Project upon becoming fully vested in the tax credits, including any state credits.

Typically, Tax Credit Projects are initiated by developers who then sell the project to a sydicator who packages multiple LIHTC properties into a portfolio and then offers the Tax Credit Project as a limited partnership or a manager-managed LLC to investors. A separate limited partnership or manager-managed LLC is established for each new qualifying Tax Credit Project. In general, the syndicator conducts the due diligence on the properties from an investment perspective, structures the lower-tier limited partnerships, provides and/or arranges for financing, structures guarantees with developers and continues to oversee each Tax Credit Project as the general partner.

Applicants currently expect to make substantially all of their investments in each case through limited partnerships. The day to day management functions of these limited partnerships will be conducted by the syndicator, as the general partner. This structure will allow Applicants to finance each Tax Credit Project on a stand-alone basis under the control of an unaffiliated third party, insulate each investment property from any liabilities that may arise in connection with the development or management of any other Tax Credit Project, and facilitate compliance with the requirements of Sections 42 of the Code (as applicable to low income housing properties) and Section 47 of the Code (as applicable to certified historic structures and other qualified rehabilitated buildings).

Applicants will continue to undertake appropriate due diligence activities in connection with such investments and manage such investments in order to protect the tax credits that each Tax Credit Project is entitled to and to assure that the physical properties are properly maintained. These activities will include reviewing and analyzing financial statements generated by the general partners, managing member or third-party property manager against the approved budget for the investments and conducting due diligence assessments to determine that the properties remain in compliance with the provisions of all applicable Federal and State regulations. Investment management in this context may also include on-site inspections to determine that the physical structures and grounds are maintained as quality affordable housing.

Opportunities to invest in a specific Tax Credit Project, directly or through investments in syndicated funds, are evaluated by FirstEnergy's

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Investment Management Department in conjunction with the Tax Department on a case-by-case basis. The financial analysis considers the future cash flows related to the capital contribution made and the expected tax credits that will be earned by the partnership or LLC over the term of the investment. Since each investment is analyzed on a case-by-case basis, this economic analysis is modified to account for differing assumptions.

The risk management analysis is conducted on two levels, by FirstEnergy and the by the syndicator. FirstEnergy manages its risk exposure by reviewing the performance of the properties and the syndicators prior to committing to an investment. FirstEnergy invests solely with large syndicators who have substantial experience in acquiring qualified properties and monitoring their operations and compliance with tax rules. Such syndicators typically acquire properties during their development or construction phase after performing significant due diligence on those properties including, but not limited to, review of market research to ensure that enough tenant demand exists in the immediate area to support the project; review of the construction and financing plans; and review of the property management team. FirstEnergy decision to invest is based on a review of the market research data, the property's projected cash flows and tax credits. To manage risk as the project progresses, syndicators will commit to an investment and base the actual equity funding around specific development milestones such as the receipt of a mortgage commitment; completion of construction; receipt of a Certificate of Occupancy; funding of the mortgage; and achievement of qualified occupancy. In addition the syndicator will require the property's general partner to fund operating and maintenance reserves and make certain guarantees such as timely construction completion and delivery of projected levels of tax credits. If the general partner cannot deliver the guarantees, then adjustments are made to the amount of the equity investment to maintain the property's yield. On an on-going basis the syndicator monitors the operation and tax compliance of the properties and takes whatever measures necessary to ensure the property's continuing viability. FirstEnergy reviews the quarterly financial statements and property status reports to ensure that the syndicator and general partners are performing their duties adequately.

As described above, this Application does not seek approval to invest in any specific partnership or LLC, but rather seeks general approval for the investment of up to an aggregate of \$100 million in (a) LIHTC projects located anywhere in the United States or its territories and (b) Section 47 Projects located within the service territories of the Applicants during the period through December 31, 2005. The requested amount of investment authority is consistent with FirstEnergy's 5-year forecast as shown on Exhibit I, which the

Applicants will update on an annual basis through the filing of certificates pursuant to Rule 24.

D. Description of LIHTC Program. The LIHTC program has provided the

Applicants a major incentive to invest in low-income housing projects by generating a stream of tax credits that reduce Applicants' federal and state income tax liability. Generally, the owner of a qualified LIHTC property must agree to rent the units to persons with sufficiently low incomes as defined in Section 42 of the Code for at least fifteen years. In this way, the LIHTC program has resulted in the creation of a substantial amount of affordable housing. Applicants believe that there is a continuing need for affordable housing throughout the United States, and thus seeks authorization to make

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additional investments in LIHTC properties. Each state has an annual allocation of federal tax credits under Section 42 of the Code in the amount of \$1.25 per capita. Tax credits are allocated annually in a competitive process, so there is no way to predict which housing projects will be awarded credits in any given year.

Under the LIHTC program, equal annual tax credits are available over a ten-year period payable over eleven years, with the first and last years prorated. Under Section 42(h)(6)(A) of the Code, no credit is allowed for any taxable year unless an agreement between the housing project owner and the applicable state housing credit agency is in effect as of the end of such taxable year. Furthermore, pursuant to Sections 42(h)(6)(B)(i), 42(h)(6)(D) and 42(h)(6)(E)(ii) of the Code, such an agreement must prohibit any increase in gross rent for a period ending on the later of (a) the date specified by such agency in the agreement or (b) 15 years after the date when the building is placed in service. Thus, even though the flow of tax credits for an LIHTC property stops after ten years, the property remains subject to rent and income restrictions for at least fifteen years.

Based on the requirements of Section 42 of the Code, the limitations imposed by state housing credit agencies on LIHTC properties and market conditions, Applicants would expect to hold their respective investment interests in each Tax Credit Project for a period of 15 to 17 years to protect their investment in the property.

E. Description of Historic Structures and Rehabilitated Buildings Tax

Credit Program (Section 47 Projects). Likewise, Applicants would earn tax

credits under Section 47 of the Code through investments in "certified historic structures" (defined as structures that are either listed in the National Register or located in a registered historic district and certified by the Secretary of the Interior as being of historic significance), as well as other types of "qualified rehabilitated buildings" (which could include apartment and office buildings, factories, warehouses, etc.) that were first placed in service before 1936. This program was designed to rehabilitate and extend the usefulness of historic structures in order to preserve a sense of history and retain our architectural heritage and character (in the case of "certified historic structures") and to materially extend the useful life and/or significantly upgrade the usefulness of other types of buildings (in the case of "qualified rehabilitated buildings"). The tax credit is based on the qualified rehabilitation expenditures, as defined under the Code and regulations. It is equal to 20% in the case of "certified historic structures" and 10% in the case of other rehabilitated buildings. These credits are subject to possible

recapture if the rehabilitated property is transferred before five years after it is placed in service. In addition to the federal tax credits, FirstEnergy may also qualify for tax credits that are available under state law with respect to investments in historic building rehabilitation projects.

F. Benefits of Investing in the LIHTC and Historic Structures and Rehabilitated Buildings Tax Credit Programs. Applicants have chosen to invest in

the LIHTC and Historic Structures and Rehabilitated Buildings Tax Credit Programs because of the nature of the programs. The programs were initiated to address the growing need for affordable housing in the United States and to encourage the private sector to apply their skills and resources to develop and operate these properties in a more efficient manner than they had been run previously. Applicants believe that by investing in LIHTC Projects and Rule 47

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Projects that they can earn an adequate level of return with low risk while helping meet a significant social need.

G. Reports Pursuant to Rule 24.

FirstEnergy will file certificates of notification pursuant to Rule 24 within 45 days after the end of each six-month period, commencing with the period ending June 30, 2003, with the first filing covering the period from issuance of this order until June 30, 2003 and shall include the following with respect to each Applicant:

a. the consolidated balance sheet and twelve-month statement of income as of the end of the six month period;

b. the amount of revenues and any form of compensation received during each six-month period ending June 30 or December 31 as applicable, from any and all Tax Credit Projects directly or indirectly owned;

c. the name of each new Tax Credit Project company in which an investment was made during the six-month period and upon staff request a copy of the applicable operating agreement;

d. the amounts of investment made during each six-month period in the Tax Credit Projects and cumulative comparisons of the \$100 million requested to be authorized by this Application; and

e. the cumulative number of any and all Tax Credit Projects, and any other investment position in any form of nonutility assets at the end of each six-month period.

ITEM 2. FEES, COMMISSIONS AND EXPENSES.

The estimated fees, commissions and expenses incurred or to be incurred in making the investments authorized in connection with this Application are \$15,000. The estimated fees, commissions and expenses will vary depending upon, among other things, the size and complexity of any particular transaction. In general, these costs would be incurred primarily in connection with performing due diligence and investigation and negotiating the transactional documents to which Applicants would become a party.

ITEM 3. APPLICABLE STATUTORY PROVISIONS.

A. By this Application, Applicants are seeking authorization pursuant to Section 9(c)(3) of the Act to invest, directly or through one or more subsidiaries, in additional Tax Credit Projects through the acquisition of interests in limited partnerships and manager-managed LLCs from time to time through December 31, 2005. These investments will be substantially identical to those in which Applicants already hold an interest. Applicants are not seeking authorization to change their current roles as passive investor in such projects. Applicants' activities would be limited to managing its investments in Tax Credit Projects, review and analysis of the financial statements generated

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by third-party property management firms, and the conduct of due diligence in order to ensure that Tax Credit Projects remain eligible for the tax credits.

As stated above, under the Merger Order, the Commission authorized FirstEnergy and its subsidiaries to retain the existing investments in LIHTC properties. Other newly registered holding companies have also been authorized to retain preexisting passive investments in LIHTC properties, as well as historic structures and other rehabilitated buildings that qualify for tax credit projects. See e.g., WPL Holdings, Inc., Holding Co. Act Release No. 26856

(Apr. 14, 1998); Exelon Corporation, Holding Co. Act Release No. 27256 (Oct. 19,

2000); and CP&L Energy, Inc., Holding Co. Act Release No. 27284 (Nov. 27, 2000).

In Exelon Corp., the Commission stated that such interests are retainable if

they are "passive," are made for the purpose of obtaining the tax credits, and are "self-liquidating," i.e., the assets wind down as the tax credits expire.

The Commission has also authorized, on a programmatic basis similar to that proposed in this Application, new investments of this type by registered holding companies, subject, generally, to the limitation that no affiliation is created between a holding company and any venture owning or operating a Tax Credit Project. See, e.g., Georgia Power Company, Holding Co. Act Release No. 26220

(Jan. 24, 1995); and Alliant Energy Corporation, et al., Holding Co. Act Release

No. 27060 (Aug. 13, 1999) and Holding Co. Act Release No. 27418 (June 11, 2001) (eliminating service territory restriction contained in prior order).

B. Rule 54 Analysis. The proposed transactions are also subject to the

requirements of Rule 54. Rule 54 provides that in determining whether to approve an application by a registered holding company which does not relate to any exempt wholesale generator ("EWG") or "foreign utility company" ("FUCO"), the Commission shall not consider the effect of the capitalization or earnings of any subsidiary which is an EWG or a FUCO upon the registered holding company if paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of Rule 53 are satisfied.

FirstEnergy currently meets all of the conditions of Rule 53(a), except for clause (1). In the Merger Order, the Commission, among other things, authorized FirstEnergy to invest in EWGs and FUCOs so that FirstEnergy's "aggregate investment," as defined in Rule 53(a)(1), in EWGs and FUCOs does not exceed \$5 billion, which amount is above the level which would be permitted by clause (1) of Rule 53(a) if such amount were to be currently calculated. The Merger Order also specifies that this \$5 billion amount may include amounts invested in EWGs

and FUCOs by FirstEnergy and GPU at the time of the Merger Order ("Current Investments") and amounts relating to possible transfers to EWGs of certain generating facilities owned by certain of FirstEnergy's operating utilities ("GenCo Investments"). FirstEnergy has made the commitment that through June 30, 2003, its aggregate investment in EWGs and FUCOs other than the Current Investments and GenCo Investments ("Other Investments") will not exceed \$1.5 billion. The Commission has reserved jurisdiction over investments that exceed such amount.

As of September 30, 2002, and on the same basis as set forth in the Merger Order, FirstEnergy's aggregate investment in EWGs and FUCOs was approximately \$1,271,855,000, or 68.66% of FirstEnergy's retained earnings as of September 30, 2003, an amount significantly below the \$5 billion amount authorized in the Merger Order.

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In any event, even taking into account the capitalization of and earnings from EWGs and FUCOs in which FirstEnergy currently has an interest, there would be no basis for the Commission to withhold approval of the transactions proposed herein. With respect to capitalization, since the date of the Merger Order, there has been no material adverse impact on FirstEnergy's consolidated capitalization resulting from FirstEnergy's investments in EWGs and FUCOs. Additionally, the proposed transactions will not have any material impact on FirstEnergy's capitalization. Further, since the date of the Merger Order, and, after taking into account the effects of the Merger, there has been no material change in FirstEnergy's level of earnings from EWGs and FUCOs.

FirstEnergy satisfies all of the other conditions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of Rule 53. With respect to Rule 53(a)(2), FirstEnergy maintains books and records in conformity with, and otherwise adheres to, the requirements thereof. With respect to Rule 53(a)(3), no more than 2% of the employees of FirstEnergy's domestic public utility companies render services, at any one time, directly or indirectly, to EWGs or FUCOs in which FirstEnergy directly or indirectly holds an interest. With respect to Rule 53(a)(4), FirstEnergy will continue to provide a copy of each application and certificate relating to EWGs and FUCOs and relevant portions of its Form USS to each regulator referred to therein, and will otherwise comply with the requirements thereof concerning the furnishing of information. With respect to Rule 53(b), none of the circumstances enumerated in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) thereunder have occurred. Finally, Rule 53(c) by its terms is inapplicable since the proposed transaction does not involve the issue or sale of a security to finance the acquisition of an EWG or FUCO.

ITEM 4. REGULATORY APPROVAL.

No state commission and no federal commission, other than this Commission, will have jurisdiction over the transactions proposed herein.

ITEM 5. PROCEDURE.

Applicants request that the Commission issue an order with respect to this Application at the earliest practicable date, but in no event no later than December 20, 2002. It is further requested that: (i) there not be a recommended decision by an Administrative Law Judge or other responsible officer of the Commission, (ii) the Office of Public Utility Regulation be permitted to assist in the preparation of the Commission's decision and (iii) there be no waiting period between the issuance of the Commission's order and the date on which it is to become effective.

ITEM 6	5 . 1	EXHIBIT	HIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.		
	(a)	Exhibits.			
		A	_	None.	
		В	-	None.	
		С	_	None.	
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		D	_	None.	
		Е	-	None.	
		F-1	-	Opinion of Thelen Reid & Priest LLP. (Filed herewith).	
		F-2	-	Opinion of Gary D. Benz, Esq. (Filed herewith).	
		Н	-	List of FirstEnergy's current LIHTC Investments. (Previously filed).	
		I	-	Tax Credit Pro Forma. (Previously filed).	
	(b)			Statements.	
		A-1	_	FirstEnergy Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income, and Statement of Retained Earnings, for the twelve months ended December 31, 2001. Incorporated by reference to FirstEnergy Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 333-21011)	
		A-2	_	Ohio Edison Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Ohio Edison Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 1-2578)	
		A-3	_	The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 1-2323)	
		A-4	_	The Toledo Edison Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to The Toledo Edison Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 1-3583)	

- A-5 Pennsylvania Power Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Pennsylvania Power Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 1-3491)
- A-6 Metropolitan Edison Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Metropolitan Edison Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 1-446)
- A-7 Pennsylvania Electric Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Pennsylvania Electric Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. 1-3522)
- A-8 Jersey Central Power & Light Company Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2001, and Consolidated Statements of Income and Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended December 31, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Jersey Central Power & Light Company Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2001) (File No. (File No. 1-3141)

ITEM 7. INFORMATION AS TO ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS.

(a) As such, the issuance of an order by your Commission with respect to this Application is not a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment.

(b) No Federal agency has prepared or is preparing an environmental impact statement with respect to this Application.

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SIGNATURES

PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1935, THE UNDERSIGNED COMPANIES HAVE DULY CAUSED THIS STATEMENT TO BE SIGNED ON THEIR BEHALF BY THE UNDERSIGNED THEREUNTO DULY AUTHORIZED.

FIRSTENERGY CORP.

By:

/s/ Harvey L. Wagner

Harvey L. Wagner Vice President and Controller

OHIO EDISON COMPANY The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company The Toledo Edison Company Pennsylvania Power Company American Transmission Systems, Incorporated Metropolitan Edison Company Pennsylvania Electric Company Jersey Central Power & Light Company

By:

/s/ Harvey L. Wagner

Harvey L. Wagner Vice President and Controller

Date: December 19, 2002

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