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ANTHRACITE CAPITAL INC
Form 10-Q
August 09, 2004

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2004

OR

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-13937

ANTHRACITE CAPITAL, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

13-3978906

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

40 East 52nd Street, New York, New York

(Address of principal executive offices)

10022

(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number including area code): (212) 409-3333

NOT APPLICABLE

(Former name, former address, and for new fiscal year;
if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

(1) Yes X No ___
(2) Yes X No ___

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

(1) Yes X No ___

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As of August 3, 2004, there were 53,200,155 shares of the registrant's common stock (\$.001 par value per share) outstanding.

ANTHRACITE CAPITAL, INC. FORM 10-Q INDEX

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained herein constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 with respect to future financial or business performance, strategies or expectations. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words or phrases such as "trend," "opportunity," "pipeline," "believe," "comfortable," "expect," "anticipate," "current," "intention," "estimate," "position," "assume," "potential," "outlook," "continue," "remain," "maintain," "sustain," "seek," "achieve" and similar expressions, or future or conditional verbs such as "will," "would," "should," "could," "may" or similar expressions. Anthracite Capital, Inc. (the "Company") cautions that forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, which change over time. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company assumes no duty to and does not undertake to update forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements and future results could differ materially from historical performance.

In addition to factors previously disclosed in the Company's Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") reports and those identified elsewhere in this press release, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements or historical performance:

- (1) the introduction, withdrawal, success and timing of business initiatives and strategies;
- (2) changes in political, economic or industry conditions, the interest rate environment or financial and capital markets, which could result in changes in the value of the Company's assets;
- (3) the relative and absolute investment performance and operations of the Company's manager;
- (4) the impact of increased competition;
- (5) the impact of capital improvement projects;
- (6) the impact of future acquisitions or divestitures;
- (7) the unfavorable resolution of legal proceedings;
- (8) the extent and timing of any share repurchases;
- (9) the impact, extent and timing of technological changes and the adequacy of intellectual property protection;
- (10) the impact of legislative and regulatory actions and reforms and regulatory, supervisory or enforcement actions of government agencies relating to the Company, BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. (the "Manager") or The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. ("PNC Bank");
- (11) terrorist activities, which may adversely affect the general economy, real estate, financial and capital markets, specific industries, and the Company and the Manager;
- (12) the ability of the Manager to attract and retain highly

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- talented professionals;
- (13) fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates; and
- (14) the impact of changes to tax legislation and, generally, the tax position of the Company.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. The Company does not undertake, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to publicly release the result of any revisions which may be made to any forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Interim Financial Statements

Anthracite Capital, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition (Unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

	June 30, 2004
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>	
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 61,839
Restricted cash equivalents	18,370
Securities available-for-sale, at fair value:	
Subordinated commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS")	\$ 758,353
Residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS")	474,803
Investment grade securities	821,081

Total securities available-for-sale	2,054,237
Commercial mortgage loan pools, at amortized cost	1,319,533
Securities held-for-trading, at fair value	-
Commercial mortgage loans, net	99,161
Equity investment in Carbon Capital, Inc.	48,501
Investments in real estate joint ventures	5,052
Receivable for investments sold	35,218
Other assets	72,861

Total Assets	\$3,714,772
	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities:	
Borrowings:	
Collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs")	\$ 1,057,217
Secured by pledge of subordinated CMBS	44,255
Secured by pledge of other securities available-for-sale and restricted cash equivalents	704,687
Secured by pledge of commercial mortgage loan pools	1,306,060
Secured by pledge of securities held-for-trading	-

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Secured by pledge of investments in real estate joint ventures	-
Secured by pledge of commercial mortgage loans	32,080

Total borrowings	\$ 3,144,299
Securities sold, not yet settled	-
Payable for investments purchased	97,017
Distributions payable	15,118
Other liabilities	39,156

Total Liabilities	\$3,295,590

Commitments and Contingencies	
Stockholders' Equity:	
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 400,000 shares authorized;	
52,885 shares issued and outstanding in 2004;	
49,464 shares issued and outstanding in 2003	53
10% Series B Preferred Stock, liquidation preference \$43,942 in 2003	-
9.375% Series C Preferred Stock, liquidation preference \$57,500 in 2004 and 2003	55,435
Additional paid-in capital	574,681
Distributions in excess of earnings	(124,351)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(86,636)

Total Stockholders' Equity	419,182

Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 3,714,772
	=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Anthracite Capital, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003
	-----	-----
Income:		
Interest from securities available-for-sale	\$ 32,406	\$ 30,036
Interest from commercial mortgage loans	1,979	2,105
Interest from commercial mortgage loan pools	12,351	-
Interest from securities held-for-trading	3,146	9,120
Earnings from real estate joint ventures	542	238
Earnings from equity investment	1,619	702
Interest from cash and cash equivalents	103	209
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Total income	\$ 52,146	\$42,410
Expenses:		
Interest	32,279	20,785
Interest - securities held-for-trading	871	952
Management fee	2,163	2,649
General and administrative expense	633	591
Total expenses	35,946	24,977
Other gain (loss):		
Gain on sale of securities available-for-sale	(4,036)	3,294
Loss on securities held-for-trading	(4,046)	(4,716)
Foreign currency loss	(12)	-
Loss on impairment of securities	-	(27,014)
Total other loss	(8,094)	(28,436)
Net income (loss)	8,106	(11,003)
Dividends on preferred stock	1,775	1,611
Cost to retire preferred stock in excess of carrying value	10,508	-
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (4,177)	\$ (12,614)
Net income (loss) per common share, basic:	(0.08)	(0.26)
Net income (loss) per common share, diluted:	(0.08)	(0.26)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:		
Basic	50,706	47,862
Diluted	50,706	47,862

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Anthracite Capital, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)
 For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004
 (in thousands)

Common Stock, Par Value	Series B Preferred Stock	Series C Preferred Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Distributions In Excess Of Earnings	Ac Com
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Balance at January 1, 2004	\$49	\$33,431	\$55,435	\$536,333	\$(101,635)	\$
Net income					20,395	
Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges						
Reclassification adjustments from cash flow hedges included in net income						
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on securities available-for-sale, net of reclassification adjustment						
Other Comprehensive income						
Comprehensive Income						
Dividends declared-common stock					(28,382)	
Dividends on preferred stock					(4,221)	
Conversion of Series B preferred stock to common stock			(9)		9	
Redemption of Series B preferred stock			(33,422)		(10,508)	
Issuance of common stock	4			38,339		
Balance at June 30, 2004	\$53	\$-	\$55,435	\$574,681	\$(124,351)	\$

Disclosure of reclassification adjustment:

Unrealized holding loss

Reclassification for realized gains previously recorded as unrealized

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
(in thousands)

For the Six
Months Ended
June 30, 2004

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income (loss)	\$20,395
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	
Net (purchase) sale of trading securities	(2,088)
Net loss on sale of securities	11,252
Discount accretion	(1,380)
Loss on impairment of Securities	-
Non-Cash Portion of foreign currency loss	62
Equity in earnings in excess of distributions from Carbon Capital, Inc.	(789)
Decrease in other assets	(18,600)
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(4,420)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	4,432

Cash flows from investing activities:

Purchase of securities available-for-sale	(190,299)
Purchase of commercial loan pools	(22,669)
Funding of commercial mortgage loans	(59,470)
Repayments received from commercial mortgage loans	22,184
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash equivalents	(5,525)
Principal payments received on securities available-for-sale	47,318
Distributions from joint ventures in excess of earnings	2,771
Investment in Carbon Capital, Inc.	(19,219)
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	280,936
Net payments under hedging securities	(3,727)
Net cash used in investing activities	52,300

Cash flows from financing activities:

Net increase (decrease) in borrowings	22,122
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of offering costs	38,343
Redemption of Series B Preferred Stock	(43,931)
Proceeds from issuance of Series C Preferred Stock, net of offering Costs	-
Dividends paid on common stock	(28,011)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	(4,221)
Net cash used in financing activities	(15,698)

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	41,034
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	20,805

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$61,839
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Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Interest paid	\$41,950
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Investments purchased not settled	\$97,017
	=====
Investments sold not settled	\$35,218
	=====

Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities: The Company purchased the Controlling Class securities of a REMIC trust during the six months ended June 30, 2004:

Carrying value of assets acquired	\$ 1,222,103
Liabilities assumed	1,199,034

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Anthracite Capital, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
 (In thousands, except per shares and share data)

Note 1 ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Anthracite Capital, Inc. (the "Company"), a Maryland corporation, is a real estate finance company that generates income based on the spread between the interest income on its mortgage loans and securities investments and the interest expense from borrowings used to finance its investments. The Company seeks to earn high returns on a risk-adjusted basis to support a consistent quarterly dividend. The Company has elected to be taxed as a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and, therefore, its income is largely exempt from corporate taxation. The Company commenced operations on March 24, 1998.

The Company's core investment activities focus on (i) investing in below investment grade CMBS where the Company has the right to control the foreclosure/workout process on the underlying loans, and (ii) originating high yield commercial real estate loans. The Company also manages excess liquidity with a portfolio of investment grade real estate related securities. This portfolio is being reduced over time.

The accompanying June 30, 2004 unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10, Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial statements. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for complete financial statements. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for 2003 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the statements of financial condition and revenues and expenses for the periods covered. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. Significant estimates in the financial statements include the

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valuation of certain of the Company's mortgage-backed securities and certain other investments.

Note 2 NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

Net income per share is computed in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, "Earnings Per Share." Basic income per share is calculated by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus the additional dilutive effect, if any, of common stock equivalents. The dilutive effect of outstanding stock options is calculated using the treasury stock method, and the dilutive effect of preferred stock is calculated using the "if converted" method.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2004	2003
Numerator:		
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (4,177)	\$ (12,614)
Numerator for basic earnings per share	(4,177)	(12,614)
Numerator for diluted earnings per share	\$ (4,177)	\$ (12,614)
Denominator:		
Denominator for basic earnings per share--weighted average common shares outstanding	50,706,210	47,861,980
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-
Denominator for diluted earnings per share--weighted average common shares outstanding and common share equivalents outstanding	50,706,210	47,861,980
Basic net income (loss) per weighted average common share:	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)
Diluted net income (loss) per weighted average common share and common share equivalents:	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.26)

Total anti-dilutive stock options and warrants excluded from the calculation of net income (loss) per share were 1,423,351 and 1,385,651 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively. Total anti-dilutive stock options and warrants excluded from the calculation of net loss per share were 1,477,843 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003.

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Note 3 SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE

The Company's securities available-for-sale are carried at estimated fair value. The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities available-for-sale as of June 30, 2004 are summarized as follows:

Security Description	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gain	G Unr
CMBS:			
CMBS interest only securities ("IOs")	\$ 125,492	\$ 3,060	\$
Investment grade CMBS	402,156	9,034	
Non-investment grade rated subordinated securities	784,701	24,089	
Non-rated subordinated securities	34,568	5,807	
Credit tenant lease	25,741	198	
Investment grade REIT debt	238,316	10,679	
Project loans	24,818	178	
Total CMBS	1,635,792	53,045	(
Single-family RMBS:			
Agency adjustable rate securities	284,149	47	
Agency fixed-rate securities	25,868	-	
Residential CMOs	1,690	64	
Hybrid adjustable rate mortgages ("ARMs")	163,411	-	
Total RMBS	475,118	111	
Total securities available-for-sale	\$ 2,110,910	\$ 53,156	\$ (

On June 30, 2004, \$305,785 of RMBS securities classified as trading securities was reclassified as available-for-sale securities. The reclassification with respect to these securities was based on the Company's ability and intent to hold these securities.

As of June 30, 2004, an aggregate of \$2,050,110 in estimated fair value of the Company's securities available-for-sale was pledged to secure its collateralized borrowings.

As of June 30, 2004, the anticipated weighted average yield to maturity based upon the amortized cost of the subordinated CMBS ("reported yield") was 9.5% per annum. The anticipated reported yield of the Company's investment grade securities available-for-sale was 5.2%. The Company's reported yields on its subordinated CMBS and investment grade securities available-for-sale are based

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upon a number of assumptions that are subject to certain business and economic uncertainties and contingencies. Examples of these include, among other things, the rate and timing of principal payments (including prepayments, repurchases, defaults, and liquidations), the pass-through or coupon rate, and interest rate fluctuations. Additional factors that may affect the Company's anticipated yields to maturity on its subordinated CMBS include interest payment shortfalls due to delinquencies on the underlying mortgage loans, and the timing and magnitude of credit losses on the mortgage loans underlying the subordinated CMBS that are a result of the general condition of the real estate market (including competition for tenants and their related credit quality) and changes in market rental rates. As these uncertainties and contingencies are difficult to predict and are subject to future events which may alter these assumptions, no assurance can be given that the anticipated yields to maturity, discussed above and elsewhere, will be achieved.

The following table shows the Company's fair value and gross unrealized losses, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at June 30, 2004.

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
CMBS:				
CMBS IOs	\$47,110	\$ (1,036)	\$1,996	(476)
Investment grade CMBS	172,313	(5,191)	85,967	(7,692)
Non-investment grade rated subordinated securities	141,313	(2,149)	273,400	(84,776)
Non-rated subordinated securities	8,271	(241)	3,318	(3,646)
Credit tenant lease	16,328	(662)	-	-
Investment grade REIT debt	60,912	(3,000)	5,069	(335)
Project loans	5,909	(199)	-	-
Total CMBS	452,156	(12,478)	369,750	(96,925)
Single-family RMBS:				
Agency adjustable rate securities	126,089	(332)	-	-
Hybrid ARMs	5,185	(94)	-	-
Total RMBS	131,274	(426)	-	-
Total temporarily impaired securities				
	\$583,430	\$ (12,904)	\$369,750	\$ (96,925)

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force, or EITF, reached a consensus on Issue No. 03-1, "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments." This Issue provides clarification with respect to the meaning of other-than-temporary impairment and its application

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to investments classified as either available-for-sale or held-to-maturity under SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," (including individual securities and investments in mutual funds), and investments accounted for under the cost method or the equity method. The guidance for evaluating whether an investment is other-than-temporarily impaired must be applied in other-than-temporary impairment evaluations made in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2004. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this Issue on its consolidated financial statements.

The temporary impairment of the available-for-sale securities results from the fair value of the securities falling below the amortized cost basis. Management possesses both the intent and the ability to hold the securities until the forecasted recovery of fair value. As such, management does not believe any of the securities held are other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2004.

As of June 30, 2004, the Company owns thirteen different trusts where through its investment in subordinated CMBS of such trusts is in the first loss position ("Controlling Class"). The following table sets forth certain information relating to the aggregate principal balance and payment status of delinquent mortgage loans underlying the Controlling Class CMBS held by the Company as of June 30, 2004. The underlying collateral related to the Company's investment in commercial mortgage loan pools is also included in the table. See Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements, Commercial Mortgage Loan Pools, for a further description of the Company's investment in commercial mortgage loan pools.

	June 30, 2004		
	Principal	Number of Loans	% of Collateral
Past due 30 days to 60 days	\$66,294	10	0.42%
Past due 60 days to 90 days	17,192	5	0.11
Past due 90 days or more	106,714	15	0.67
Real estate owned ("REO")	4,028	1	0.02
Total delinquent	\$194,228	31	1.22%
Total principal balance	\$15,897,820	2,406	

To the extent that the Company's expectation of realized losses on individual loans supporting the CMBS, if any, or such resolutions differ significantly from the Company's original loss estimates, it may be necessary to reduce the projected reported yield on the applicable CMBS investment to better reflect such investment's expected earnings net of expected losses, and write the investment down to its fair value. While realized losses on individual loans may be higher or lower than original estimates, the Company currently believes its aggregate loss estimates and reported yields are appropriate on all

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investments.

Note 4 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE LOAN POOLS

During the second quarter of 2004, the Company acquired securities with a par value of \$41,495 with \$13,890 not rated and the balance rated BBB- through B-. In addition to these securities, the real estate mortgage investment conduit ("REMIC") trust formed for this transaction also issued \$1,193,118 par value of investment grade rated securities that were not acquired by the Company. The adjusted issue price of these securities at June 30, 2004 is \$1,197,982. The principal and interest payments of all these securities are secured by the principal and interest payments on \$1,234,613 par value of commercial mortgage loans. The adjusted issue price of these commercial mortgage loans at June 30, 2004 is \$1,232,475. As the Controlling Class holder, the Company has the ability to control dispositions or workouts of any defaulted loans in this pool. The Company negotiated for and obtained a greater degree of discretion over the disposition of the commercial mortgage loans than is typically granted to the special servicer. As a result of this expanded discretion, FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" (revised December 2003) ("FIN 46R") requires the Company to consolidate the net assets and results of operations of the issuing REMIC trust.

In addition to the securities described above, the REMIC trust also issued two classes of interest-only securities that entitles the interest only security holders to a portion of the interest payments made on the loans in the trust, but does not entitle the holders to any principal payments. The amortized issue price of the interest only securities that increased the amount of long-term borrowings outstanding was \$100,654 as of June 30, 2004. This amount and the unamortized premium on the mortgage loan pools (\$88,182 as of June 30, 2004) are included in the Company's June 30, 2004 consolidated statement of financial condition.

The net effect on the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition at June 30, 2004 from the consolidation of the net assets of the REMIC trust represents the adjusted purchase price of the Controlling Class interests acquired. The debt associated with the REMIC trust is non-recourse to the Company, and is secured only by the commercial mortgage loan pools. The consolidation of the REMIC trust results in an increase in the Company's total debt to capital ratio from 4.4:1 to 7.5:1, but has no effect on the Company's recourse debt to capital ratio. The Company received authorization from its lenders to permit debt to capital ratios in excess of existing covenants. For income recognition purposes, the Company considers the unrated commercial mortgage loans in the pool as a single asset reflecting the credit assumptions made in establishing loss adjusted yields for Controlling Class securities.

Note 5 SECURITIES HELD-FOR-TRADING

Securities held-for-trading reflect short-term trading strategies, which the Company employs from time to time, designed to generate economic and taxable gains based on short-term differences in pricing. As part of its trading strategies, the Company may acquire long or short positions in U.S. Treasury or agency securities, forward commitments to purchase such securities, financial futures contracts and other fixed income or fixed income derivative securities.

On June 30, 2004, \$305,785 of RMBS securities classified as trading securities was reclassified as available-for-sale securities. The reclassification with respect to these securities was based on the Company's ability and intent to hold these securities.

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For the six months ended June 30, 2004, losses on securities held-for-trading in the consolidated statement of operations of \$4,046 are largely attributable to the Company's continued repositioning and reduction of the RMBS portfolio and associated hedges. The Company's longstanding policy has been to maintain limits on the exposure of the Company's equity to changes in long-term rates as well as the exposure of earnings to changes in short-term funding rates.

The Company's trading strategies are subject to the risk of unanticipated changes in the relative prices of long and short positions in trading securities, but are designed to be relatively unaffected by changes in the overall level of interest rates.

Note 6 COMMON STOCK

On March 11, 2004, the Company declared dividends to its common stockholders of \$0.28 per share, payable on April 30, 2004 to stockholders of record on March 31, 2004.

On May 25, 2004, the Company declared dividends to its common stockholders of \$0.28 per share, payable on August 2, 2004 to stockholders of record on June 30, 2004.

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company issued 1,077,102 shares of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock") under its Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (the "Dividend Reinvestment Plan"). Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$12,606. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, the Company issued 353,065 and 686,393 shares of Common Stock under its Dividend Reinvestment Plan. Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$4,179 and \$7,697, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company issued 213,100 shares of Common Stock under a sale agency agreement with Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation. Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$2,299.

During the first quarter of 2004, the Company suspended its Dividend Reinvestment Plan for all investments after March 26, 2004, and for all future investment dates. During the second quarter of 2004, the dividend reinvestment portion of the Dividend Reinvestment Plan was reinstated for all dividend payments made after August 2, 2004, and for all future dividend payment dates with a discount of 2%. The optional cash purchase portion of the Dividend Reinvestment Plan remains suspended; however, it may be resumed at any time.

On June 30, 2004 the Company completed a follow-on offering of 2,100,000 shares of its Common Stock in an underwritten public offering. The net proceeds to the Company (after deducting underwriting fees and expenses) were approximately \$23,184. The Company had granted the underwriters an option, exercisable for 30 days, to purchase up to 315,000 additional shares of Common Stock to cover over-allotments. This option was exercised on July 6, 2004 and resulted in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$3,478.

Note 7 PREFERRED STOCK

At the end of the first quarter of 2004, the Board of Directors approved the Company's decision to redeem its Series B Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value per share ("Series B Preferred Stock"). The second quarter of 2004 earnings includes a charge of \$0.21 per share for the redemption of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock that was reported as a charge to income in the initial first quarter 2004 earnings release but was subsequently moved to the second quarter to coincide with the timing of the actual redemption payment as

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reported on May 11, 2004. The Series B Preferred Stock was redeemed on May 6, 2004.

Note 8 TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

The Company is managed pursuant to a management agreement, dated March 27, 1998, between the Company and the Manager (the "Management Agreement"), a majority owned indirect subsidiary of PNC Bank and the employer of certain directors and officers of the Company, under which the Manager is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Company and performs such services and activities relating to the assets and operations of the Company as may be appropriate. On March 25, 2002, the Management Agreement was extended for one year through March 27, 2003, with the approval of the unaffiliated directors, on terms similar to the prior agreement with the following changes: (i) the incentive fee calculation would be based on GAAP earnings instead of funds from operations, (ii) the removal of the four-year period to value the Management Agreement in the event of termination and (iii) subsequent renewal periods of the Management Agreement would be for one year instead of two years. The Board of Directors of the Company was advised by Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin Financial Advisors, Inc., a national investment banking and financial advisory firm, in the renewal process.

On March 6, 2003, the unaffiliated directors approved an extension of the Management Agreement from its expiration of March 27, 2003 for one year through March 31, 2004. The terms of the renewed agreement were similar to the prior agreement except for the incentive fee calculation which would provide for a rolling four-quarter high watermark rather than a quarterly calculation. In determining the rolling four-quarter high watermark, the Company would calculate the incentive fee based upon the current and prior three quarters' net income. The Manager would be paid an incentive fee in the current quarter if the Yearly Incentive Fee, as defined, was greater than what was paid to the Manager in the prior three quarters cumulatively. The Company phased in the rolling four-quarter high watermark commencing with the second quarter of 2003. Calculation of the incentive fee was based on GAAP and adjusted to exclude special one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP accounting pronouncements after discussion between the Manager and the unaffiliated directors. The incentive fee threshold did not change. The high watermark provided for the Manager to be paid 25% of the amount of earnings (calculated in accordance with GAAP) per share that exceeds the product of the adjusted issue price of the Company's Common Stock per share (\$11.37 as of June 30, 2004) and the greater of 9.5% or 350 basis points over the ten-year Treasury note.

The Management Agreement was further extended for one year from March 31, 2004 through March 31, 2005. The base management fee was revised to equal 2% of the quarterly average total stockholders' equity for the applicable quarter. The incentive fee was revised to be 25% of the amount of earnings (calculated in accordance with GAAP) per share that exceeds the product of the adjusted issue price of the Company's Common Stock per share and the greater of 8.5% or 400 basis points over the ten-year Treasury note.

During the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company paid the Manager an annual base management fee equal to a percentage of the average invested assets of the Company as defined in the Management Agreement. The base management fee was equal to 1% per annum of the average invested assets rated less than BB- or not rated, 0.75% of average invested assets rated BB- to BB+, and 0.20% of average invested assets rated above BB+. During the third quarter of 2003, the Manager agreed to reduce the management fees by 20% from its calculated amount for the third and fourth quarter of 2003 and the first quarter of 2004. This revision resulted in \$1,046 in savings to the Company during 2003 and \$532 for the three months

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ended March 31, 2004, respectively.

The Company incurred \$2,163 and \$4,293 in base management fees in accordance with the terms of the Management Agreement for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and \$2,649 and \$5,226 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively. In accordance with the provisions of the Management Agreement, the Company recorded reimbursements to the Manager of \$20 and \$54 for certain expenses incurred on behalf of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and \$12 and \$18 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, which are included in general and administrative expense on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Pursuant to the March 25, 2002 one-year Management Agreement extension, the incentive fee was based on 25% of earnings (calculated in accordance with GAAP) of the Company. For purposes of calculating the incentive fee during 2002, the cumulative transition adjustment of \$6,327 resulting from the Company's adoption of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" was excluded from earnings in its entirety and included in the calculation of future incentive fees using an amortization period of three years. The Company did not incur incentive fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003.

The Company has an administration agreement with the Manager. Under the terms of the administration agreement, the Manager provides financial reporting, audit coordination and accounting oversight services to the Company. The agreement can be cancelled upon 60-day written notice by either party. The Company pays the Manager a monthly administrative fee at an annual rate of 0.06% of the first \$125 million of average net assets, 0.04% of the next \$125 million of average net assets and 0.03% of average net assets in excess of \$250 million subject to a minimum annual fee of \$120. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company paid administrative fees of \$45 and \$89, respectively, and \$43 and \$86 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, which are included in general and administrative expense on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Company has entered into a \$50,000 commitment to acquire shares in Carbon Capital, Inc. ("Carbon"), a private commercial real estate income opportunity fund managed by the Manager. The Carbon investment period ended on July 12, 2004; the Company's investment in Carbon as of June 30, 2004 was \$48,501 and no investments were made in July 2004. The Company does not incur any additional management or incentive fees to the Manager as a result of its investment in Carbon. On June 30, 2004, the Company owned 19.8% of the outstanding shares in Carbon.

During 2000, the Company completed the acquisition of CORE Cap, Inc. At the time of the CORE Cap, Inc. acquisition, the Manager agreed to pay GMAC (CORE Cap, Inc.'s external advisor) \$12,500 over a ten-year period ("Installment Payment") to purchase the right to manage the CORE Cap, Inc. assets under the existing management contract ("GMAC Contract"). The GMAC Contract had to be terminated in order to allow the Company to complete the merger, as the Company's management agreement with the Manager did not provide for multiple managers. As a result the Manager offered to buy-out the GMAC Contract as the Manager estimated it would receive incremental fees above and beyond the Installment Payment, and thus was willing to pay for, and separately negotiate, the termination of the GMAC Contract. Accordingly, the value of the Installment Payment was not considered in the Company's allocation of its purchase price to the net assets acquired in the acquisition of CORE Cap, Inc. The Company agreed that should the Management Agreement with its Manager be terminated, not renewed or not extended for any reason other than for cause, the Company would pay to the Manager an amount equal to the Installment Payment less the sum of all payments made by the Manager to GMAC. As of June

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30, 2004, the Installment Payment would be \$6,500 payable over six years. The Company does not accrue for this contingent liability.

Note 9 STOCK OPTIONS

On May 25, 2004, the Company granted stock options to each of its unaffiliated directors with an exercise price equal to the closing price of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on such date (or \$11.81). The options vested immediately upon grant. The fair value of the options granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions.

	May 25, 2004
Estimated volatility	22.6%
Expected life	7 years
Risk-free interest rate	1.2%
Expected dividend yield	9.5%

The fair value of the options granted on May 25, 2004 was negligible. There were no options granted in 2003.

Note 10 BORROWINGS

Certain information with respect to the Company's collateralized borrowings at June 30, 2004 is summarized as follows:

	Lines of Credit and Term Loans	Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Collateralized Debt Obligations	Commercial Mortgage Loan Pools
Outstanding borrowings	\$57,745*	\$730,701	\$1,057,217	\$1,298,636
Weighted average borrowing rate	2.56%	1.40%	6.05%	3.72%
Weighted average remaining maturity	377 days	29 days	2,990 days	2,756 days
Estimated fair value of assets pledged	\$67,875	\$815,766	\$1,153,990	\$1,319,533

* \$23,081 of the line of credit borrowings are secured by CDO debt of the Company with a par of that the Company chose not to sell at the time of issuance.

At June 30, 2004, the Company's collateralized borrowings had the following remaining maturities:

	Lines of Credit and Term Loans	Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Collateralized Debt Obligations	Commercial Mortgage Loan Pools	Coll Bo
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Within 30 days	\$ -	\$717,931	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
31 to 59 days	-	-	-	-	-
Over 60 days	57,745	12,770	1,057,217	1,298,636	2
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
	\$57,745	\$730,701	\$1,057,217	1,298,636	\$3
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

Under the lines of credit and the reverse repurchase agreements, the respective lender retains the right to mark the underlying collateral to estimated market value. A reduction in the value of its pledged assets will require the Company to provide additional collateral or fund margin calls. From time to time, the Company expects that it will be required to provide such additional collateral or fund margin calls.

Note 11 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company accounts for its derivative investments under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," as amended, which establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts and for hedging activities. All derivatives, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, are required to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. If the derivative is designated as a fair value hedge, the changes in the fair value of the derivative and of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in earnings. If the derivative is designated as a cash flow hedge, the effective portions of change in the fair value of the derivative are recorded in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and are recognized in the income statement when the hedged item affects earnings. Ineffective portions of changes in the fair value of cash flow hedges are recognized in earnings.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage exposure to variable cash flows on portions of its borrowings under reverse repurchase agreements and as trading derivatives intended to offset changes in fair value related to securities held as trading assets. On the date in which the derivative contract is entered, the Company designates the derivative as either a cash flow hedge or a trading derivative.

On June 30, 2004, interest rate swaps with a notional of \$264,000 that were classified as trading securities were reclassified as available-for-sale securities. The reclassification was based on the Company's intent with respect to these securities with the principle objective of generating returns from other than short-term pricing differences.

As of June 30, 2004, the Company had interest rate swaps with notional amounts aggregating \$1,231,982 that were designated as cash flow hedges of borrowings under reverse repurchase agreements. Cash flow hedges with a fair value of \$30,112 are included in other assets on the consolidated statement of financial condition and cash flow hedges with a fair value of \$(13,594) are included in other liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial condition. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the net change in the fair value of the interest rate swaps was an increase of \$25,324, of which \$506 was deemed ineffective and is included as a decrease to interest expense and \$24,818 was recorded as an increase of OCI. As of June 30, 2004, the \$1,231,982 notional of swaps that was designated as cash flow hedges had a weighted average remaining term of 7.9 years.

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As of June 30, 2004, the Company had interest rate swaps with notional amounts aggregating \$239,445 designated as trading derivatives. Trading derivatives with a fair value of \$125 are included in other assets on the consolidated statement of financial condition and trading derivatives with a fair value of \$(49) are included in other liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial condition. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the change in fair value for these trading derivatives was a decrease of \$1,011 and is included as an addition to loss on securities held-for-trading in the consolidated statements of operations. As of June 30, 2004, the \$239,445 notional of swaps that was designated as trading derivatives had a weighted average remaining term of 8.17 years.

Occasionally, counterparties will require the Company or the Company will require counterparties to provide collateral for the interest rate swap agreements in the form of margin deposits. Net deposits are recorded as a component of either other assets or other liabilities. Should the counterparty fail to return deposits paid, the Company would be at risk for the fair market value of that asset. At June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, the balance of such net margin deposits owed to counterparties as collateral under these agreements totaled \$420 and \$10,445, respectively, and are recorded in restricted cash on the accompanying consolidated statements of financial condition.

The contracts identified in the remaining portion of this note have been entered into to limit the Company's mark to market exposure to long-term interest rates.

Additionally, the Company had a forward London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") cap with a notional amount of \$85,000 and a fair value at June 30, 2004 of \$878 which is included in other assets, and the change in fair value related to this derivative is included as a component of loss on securities held-for-trading in the consolidated statements of operations.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

All dollar figures expressed herein are expressed in thousands, except share or per share amounts or as otherwise noted.

I. General

Anthracite Capital, Inc. (the "Company"), a Maryland corporation, is a real estate finance company that generates income based on the spread between the interest income on its mortgage loans and securities investments and the interest expense from borrowings to finance its investments. The Company's primary activity is investing in high yielding commercial real estate debt. The Company combines traditional real estate underwriting and capital markets expertise to exploit the opportunities arising from the continuing integration of these two disciplines. The Company focuses on acquiring pools of performing loans in the form of commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"), issuing secured debt backed by CMBS and providing strategic capital for the commercial real estate industry in the form of mezzanine loan financing. The Company commenced operations on March 24, 1998.

The Company's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "AHR." The Company's primary long-term objective is to distribute consistent dividends supported by earnings. The Company establishes its dividend by analyzing the long-term sustainability of earnings given existing market conditions and the current composition of its portfolio. This includes

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an analysis of the Company's credit loss assumptions, general level of interest rates and projected hedging costs.

The Company is managed by BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. (the "Manager"), a subsidiary of BlackRock, Inc., a publicly traded (NYSE: BLK) asset management company with approximately \$310,000,000 of assets under management as of June 30, 2004. The Manager provides an operating platform that incorporates significant asset origination, risk management, and operational capabilities.

During the second quarter of 2004, the Company largely completed its repositioning into commercial real estate assets; CMBS and commercial real estate loans represent 87% of portfolio assets at quarter-end while residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") represent 13%. During the quarter, the Company acquired commercial real estate assets with a market value of \$135,332, comprised of \$36,785 of below investment grade CMBS, \$68,441 of investment grade CMBS, and \$30,106 of high yield commercial real estate loans. The Company reduced its net RMBS position by \$106,184 during the quarter, which resulted in a realized loss of \$3,870. In July 2004, the Company acquired an additional \$58,836 of commercial real estate securities, and sold \$24,420 of fixed-rate RMBS. The sale of these fixed-rate RMBS will result in a net realized gain of \$119 in the third quarter of 2004 and marks the completion of the repositioning of the Company's investment portfolio.

At the end of the first quarter of 2004, the Board of Directors approved the Company's decision to redeem its Series B Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value per share ("Series B Preferred Stock"). The second quarter of 2004 earnings includes a charge of \$0.21 per share for the redemption of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock that was reported as a charge to income in the initial first quarter 2004 earnings release but was subsequently moved to the second quarter to coincide with the timing of the actual redemption payment as reported on May 11, 2004. The Series B Preferred Stock was redeemed on May 6, 2004.

The Company continues to maintain a positive, though controlled, exposure to both long- and short-term interest rates through its active hedging strategies. See "Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" for a discussion of interest rates and their effect on earnings and book value.

The following table illustrates the mix of the Company's asset types as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003:

	Carrying Value as of			
	June 30, 2004		December 31, 2003	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Commercial real estate securities	\$1,579,434	44.8%	\$1,393,010	65.0%
Commercial mortgage loan pools	1,319,533	37.4	-	
Commercial real estate loans(1)	152,714	4.3	97,984	4.3
Residential mortgage-backed securities(2)	474,803	13.5	627,166	29.7
Total	\$3,526,484	100.0%	\$2,118,160	100.0%

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- (1) Includes real estate joint ventures and equity investments.
- (2) Net of RMBS securities sold, not yet settled.

As of June 30, 2004, the Company owns thirteen different trusts where through its investment in subordinated CMBS of such trusts is in the first loss position ("Controlling Class"). The Company divides its below investment grade CMBS investment activity into two portfolios; Controlling Class CMBS and other below investment grade CMBS. The distinction between the two is in the controlling class rights the Company obtains with its investment in Controlling Class CMBS. Controlling class rights allow the Company to control the workout and/or disposition of defaults that occur in the underlying loans. These securities absorb the first losses realized in the underlying loan pools. The Company's other below investment grade CMBS have no rights associated with its ownership to control the workout and/or disposition of underlying loan defaults; however, these investments are not the first to absorb losses in the underlying pools. The coupon payment on the non-rated security can also be reduced for special servicer fees charged to the trust. The next highest rated security in the structure will then generally be downgraded to non-rated and becomes the first to absorb losses and expenses from that point on.

Commercial Mortgage Loans Pools and Commercial Real Estate Securities Portfolio Activity

The Company settled its eleventh Controlling Class CMBS transaction during the second quarter of 2004. The securities acquired had a total par value of \$41,495 with \$13,890 not rated and the balance rated BBB- through B-. In addition to these securities, the real estate mortgage investment conduit ("REMIC") trust formed for this transaction also issued \$1,193,118 par value of investment grade rated securities that were not acquired by the Company. The adjusted issue price of these securities at June 30, 2004 is \$1,197,982. The principal and interest payments of all these securities are secured by the principal and interest payments on \$1,234,613 par value of commercial mortgage loans. The adjusted issue price of these commercial mortgage loans at June 30, 2004 is \$1,232,475. As the Controlling Class holder, the Company has the ability to control dispositions or workouts of any defaulted loans in this pool. The Company negotiated for and obtained a greater degree of discretion over the disposition of the commercial mortgage loans than is typically granted to the special servicer. As a result of this expanded discretion, FASB Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" (revised December 2003) ("FIN 46R") requires the Company to consolidate the net assets and results of operations of the issuing REMIC trust.

In addition to the securities described above, the REMIC trust also issued two classes of interest-only securities that entitles the interest only security holders to a portion of the interest payments made on the loans in the trust, but does not entitle the holders to any principal payments. The amortized issue price of the interest only securities that increased the amount of long-term borrowings outstanding was \$100,654 as of June 30, 2004. This amount and the unamortized premium on the mortgage loan pools (\$88,182 as of June 30, 2004) are included in the Company's June 30, 2004 consolidated statement of financial condition.

The net effect on the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition at June 30, 2004 from the consolidation of the net assets of the REMIC trust represents the adjusted purchase price of the Controlling Class interests acquired (see table below). The debt associated with the REMIC trust is non-recourse to the Company, and is secured only by the commercial mortgage loan pools. The consolidation of the REMIC trust results in an increase in the

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Company's total debt to capital ratio from 4.4:1 to 7.5:1, but has no effect on the Company's recourse debt to capital ratio. For income recognition purposes, the Company will record revenue on the underlying loans and establish a loss reserve consistent with the credit assumptions made in establishing loss adjusted yields for Controlling Class securities.

A summary of the impact to the statement of financial condition related to the consolidation of the commercial mortgage loan pools under FIN 46R is as follows:

Commercial mortgage loan pools at par	\$1,232,475
Commercial mortgage loan pools unamortized premium	87,058
Other assets - principal receivable/due diligence	980
Long-term borrowings:	
Secured by pledge of commercial mortgage loan pools	(1,197,982)
Interest only securities issued by the trust	(100,654)

Net assets related to commercial mortgage loan pools	\$21,877
	=====

Approximately 45% of the par amount of the commercial mortgage loan pool is comprised of loans that are shadow rated A2 or better by Moody's Investors Service and AA by Standard & Poor's. The Company has taken into account the credit quality of the underlying loans in formulating its loss assumptions. Credit losses assumed on the entire pool are 1.40% of the principal balance, or 2.53% of the unrated principal balance. The Company accounts for the unrated commercial mortgage loans in the pool as a single asset based on this common credit risk characteristic.

The Company continues to increase its investments in commercial real estate securities. Commercial real estate securities include CMBS and investment grade real estate investment trust ("REIT") debt. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company increased its commercial real estate securities portfolio by 13% from \$1,393,010 to \$1,579,434. This increase was primarily attributable to the purchase of CMBS and investment grade REIT debt.

The Company's collateralized debt obligation ("CDO") offerings allow the Company to match fund its commercial real estate portfolio by issuing long-term debt to finance long-term assets. The CDO debt is non-recourse to the Company; therefore, the Company's losses are limited to its equity investment in the CDO. The CDO debt is also fully hedged to protect the Company from an increase in short-term interest rates. The Company considers all of its CMBS rated BB+ down to B to be financeable in a CDO transaction; as of June 30, 2004, over 88% of the market value of these assets are match funded in the Company's CDOs in this manner.

	Collateral as of June 30, 2004		Debt as of June 30, 2004		
	Adjusted Purchase Price	Loss Adjusted Yield	Adjusted Issue Price	Weighted Average Cost of Funds*	
CDO I	\$444,341	8.89%	\$404,996	7.21%	1.6
CDO II	327,110	7.81	280,182**	5.73	2.0
CDO III	392,651	6.74	372,039***	5.03	1.7

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Total ** \$1,164,102 7.86% \$1,057,217 6.05% 1.8

* Weighted Average Cost of Funds is the current cost of funds plus hedging expenses.

** The Company chose not to sell \$22,850 of par of CDO II debt rated BBB- and BB.

*** The Company chose not to sell \$13,069 of par of CDO III debt rated BB.

The following table details the par, fair market value, adjusted purchase price, and loss adjusted yield of the Company's commercial real estate securities outside of the CDOs as of June 30, 2004:

	Par	Fair Market Value	Dollar Price	Adjusted Purchase Price	Dollar Price
Investment grade CMBS	\$134,940	\$129,405	95.90	\$137,517	101.91
Investment grade REIT debt	11,000	10,449	94.99	11,217	101.97
CMBS rated BB+ to B	107,522	71,428	66.43	83,124	77.31
CMBS rated B- or lower	345,028	93,715	27.16	121,298	35.16
CMBS IOs	3,607,730	127,041	3.52	125,493	3.48
Project loans	23,754	24,796	104.39	24,818	104.48
Total	\$4,229,974	\$456,834	10.80	\$503,467	11.90

The following table details the par, fair market value, adjusted purchase price and loss adjusted yield of the Company's commercial real estate securities outside of the CDOs as of December 31, 2003:

	Par	Fair Market Value	Dollar Price	Adjusted Purchase Price	Dollar Price
Investment grade CMBS	\$277,276	\$268,593	96.87	\$272,853	98.40
Investment grade REIT debt	29,000	29,567	101.95	30,210	104.17
CMBS rated BB+ to B	186,217	133,868	71.89	150,775	80.97
CMBS rated B- or lower	304,358	80,680	26.51	107,653	35.37
CMBS IOs	2,623,456	84,493	3.22	83,704	3.19
Other CMBS	20,266	20,142	99.39	20,264	99.99
Total	\$3,440,573	\$617,343	17.94	\$665,459	19.34

Below Investment Grade CMBS and Underlying Loan Performance

During the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company acquired \$25,386 of par of other below investment grade CMBS and \$116,793 of par of new Controlling

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Class securities. The total par of the Company's other below investment grade CMBS at June 30, 2004 was \$329,997; the average credit protection, or subordination level, of this portfolio is 5.87%. The total par of the Company's subordinated Controlling Class CMBS securities at June 30, 2004 was \$880,780 and the total par of the loans underlying these securities was \$15,897,820.

The Company's investment in its Controlling Class CMBS securities by credit rating category at June 30, 2004 is as follows:

	Par	Fair Market Value	Dollar Price	Adjusted Purchase Price	Dollar Price	Subordination Level
BB+	\$97,937	\$85,184	86.98	\$83,514	85.27	6.26%
BB	88,687	76,927	86.74	73,341	82.70	4.97
BB-	98,237	67,982	69.20	75,751	77.11	4.31
B+	61,599	38,606	62.67	41,102	66.73	3.07
B	190,738	104,877	54.98	138,800	72.77	2.78
B-	91,914	35,686	38.82	54,440	59.23	1.91
CCC+	11,924	5,550	46.54	7,204	60.42	1.59
CCC	70,272	13,381	19.04	22,397	31.87	1.02
CC	8,940	2,561	28.64	2,648	29.61	0.64
NR	158,932	32,192	20.26	30,638	19.28	n/a
Total	\$879,180	\$462,946	52.66	\$529,835	60.26	

The Company's investment in its Controlling Class CMBS securities by credit rating category at December 31, 2003 is as follows:

	Par	Fair Market Value	Dollar Price	Adjusted Purchase Price	Dollar Price	Subordination Level
BB+	\$84,503	\$73,766	87.29	\$72,680	86.01	7.54%
BB	89,945	75,349	83.77	76,842	85.43	6.04
BB-	101,393	71,285	70.31	81,036	79.92	5.12
B+	44,314	28,904	65.22	31,179	70.36	3.43
B	182,119	105,061	57.69	133,718	73.42	3.06
B-	83,296	34,160	41.01	51,935	62.35	1.54
CCC+	11,924	5,595	46.92	7,129	59.78	1.53
CCC	70,273	13,375	19.03	22,844	32.51	1.23
C	8,940	2,531	28.31	2,734	30.58	0.62
NR	129,925	25,003	19.24	23,011	17.71	n/a
Total	\$806,632	\$435,029	53.93	\$503,108	62.37	

During the three months ended June 30, 2004, one of the Company's Controlling

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Class securities was upgraded from BB+ to BBB and is no longer included in the chart above.

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the par amount of the Company's Controlling Class CMBS securities was reduced by the servicers in the amount of \$22,664. Further delinquencies and losses may cause par reductions to continue and cause the Company to conclude that a change in loss-adjusted yield is required along with a write down of the adjusted purchase price through the consolidated statement of operations according to Emerging Issue Task Force standard 99-20, "Recognition of Interest Income and Impairment on Purchased and Retained Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." Additionally, for the six months ended June 30, 2004, \$39,971 of the underlying loan pools was repaid. Pay down proceeds are distributed to the highest rated CMBS class first and reduce the percent of total underlying collateral represented by each rating category.

For all of the Company's Controlling Class securities, the Company assumes that a total of 2.10% of the original loan balance will not be recoverable. This estimate was developed based on an analysis of individual loan characteristics and prevailing market conditions at the time of origination. This loss estimate equates to cumulative expected defaults of approximately 5.2% over the life of the portfolio and an average assumed loss severity of 40.0% of the defaulted loan balance. All estimated workout expenses including special servicer fees are included in these assumptions. Actual results could differ materially from these estimated results. See Item 3 - "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" for a discussion of how differences between estimated and actual losses could affect Company earnings.

The Company monitors credit performance on a monthly basis and debt service coverage ratios on a quarterly basis. Using these and other statistics, the Company maintains watch lists for loans that are delinquent thirty days or more and for loans that are not delinquent but have issues that the Company's management believes require close monitoring. As part of its ongoing credit monitoring the Company periodically performs a re-underwriting of a substantial number of the underlying loans supporting its Controlling Class CMBS. The Company is currently focusing on 1998 vintage transactions and expects to be completed with this vintage by the fourth quarter of 2004. As each transaction review is completed the Company may determine that its yields in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") and book values need to be adjusted.

The Company considers delinquency information from the Lehman Brothers Conduit Guide to be the most relevant benchmark to measure credit performance and market conditions applicable to its Controlling Class CMBS holdings. The year of issuance, or vintage year, is important, as older loan pools will tend to have more delinquencies than newly underwritten loans. The Company owns Controlling Class CMBS issued in 1998, 1999, 2001, 2003 and 2004. Comparable delinquency statistics referenced by vintage year as a percentage of current par as of June 30, 2004 are shown in the table below:

Vintage Year	Underlying Collateral	Delinquencies Outstanding	Lehman Brothers Conduit Guide
1998	\$7,264,726	2.33%	2.40%
1999	706,817	0.88%	2.54
2001	917,072	1.58%	1.19
2003	2,187,991	0.20%	0.06
2004	4,821,214	0.00%	0.14
Total	\$15,897,820	1.22%*	1.33%*

* Weighted average based on current principal balance.

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Morgan Stanley also tracks CMBS loan delinquencies for the specific CMBS transactions with more than \$200,000 of collateral and that have been seasoned for at least one year. This seasoning criterion will generally adjust for the lower delinquencies that occur in newly originated collateral. As of June 30, 2004, the Morgan Stanley index indicated that delinquencies on 260 securitizations were 2.18%, and as of December 31, 2003, this same index indicated that delinquencies on 243 securitizations were 2.47%. See Item 3 - "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks" for a detailed discussion of how delinquencies and loan losses affect the Company.

Delinquencies on the Company's CMBS collateral as a percent of principal increased in line with expectations. The Company's aggregate delinquency experience is consistent with comparable data provided in the Lehman Brothers Conduit Guide.

Of the 31 delinquent loans shown on the chart in Note 3 of the consolidated financial statements, 1 loan was real estate owned and being marketed for sale, no loans were being foreclosed, and the remaining 30 loans were in some form of workout negotiations. For the 1998 and 1999 Controlling Class securities where the Company has experienced losses, aggregate losses of \$8,593 were realized during six months ended June 30, 2004, bringing cumulative net losses realized to \$50,026 or 25% of total estimated losses for these securities. There were no realized losses on the Company's Controlling Class securities with vintages from 2000 through 2004. These losses include special servicer and other workout expenses. Experience to date is in line with the Company's loss expectations. Realized losses and special servicer expenses are expected to increase on the underlying loans as the portfolio ages.

The Company manages its credit risk through disciplined underwriting, diversification, active monitoring of loan performance and exercise of its right to control the workout process for delinquent loans as early as possible. The Company maintains diversification of credit exposures through its underwriting process and can shift its focus in future investments by adjusting the mix of loans in subsequent acquisitions. The comparative profiles of the loans underlying the Company's CMBS by property type as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 are as follows:

Property Type	6/30/04 Exposure		12/31/03 Exposure	
	Loan Balance	% of Total	Loan Balance	% of Total
Multifamily	\$4,826,610	30.4%	\$3,770,944	33.2%
Retail	4,692,521	29.5	3,446,371	30.4
Office	4,497,465	28.3	2,266,160	20.0
Lodging	841,455	5.3	786,920	6.9
Industrial	679,535	4.3	713,942	6.3
Healthcare	334,838	2.1	337,333	3.0
Parking	25,396	0.1	25,611	0.2
Total	\$15,897,820	100%	\$11,347,281	100%

As of June 30, 2004, the fair market value of the Company's holdings of Controlling Class CMBS securities is \$66,511 lower than the adjusted cost for these securities. The adjusted purchase price and market value of the Company's Controlling Class CMBS portfolio as of June 30, 2004 represents approximately 61% and 53%, respectively, of its par amount. As the portfolio matures, the Company expects to recoup the unrealized loss, provided that the

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credit losses experienced are not greater than the credit losses assumed in the purchase analysis. As of June 30, 2004, the Company believes there has been no material deterioration in the credit quality of its portfolio below current expectations.

As the portfolio matures and expected losses occur, subordination levels of the lower rated classes of a CMBS investment will be reduced. This may cause the lower rated classes to be downgraded which would negatively affect their market value and therefore the Company's net asset value. Reduced market value will negatively affect the Company's ability to finance any such securities that are not financed through a CDO or similar matched funding vehicle. In some cases, securities held by the Company may be upgraded to reflect seasoning of the underlying collateral and thus would increase the market value of the securities. For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company experienced four credit upgrades on two CMBS transactions in the Company's portfolio. No securities were downgraded.

The Company's income for its CMBS securities is computed based upon a yield in accordance with GAAP, which assumes credit losses will occur. The yield to compute the Company's taxable income does not assume there will be credit losses, as a loss can only be deducted for tax purposes when it has occurred. As a result, for the period beginning with the year ended December 31, 1998 through the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company's GAAP income accrued on its CMBS assets was approximately \$30,740 lower than the taxable income accrued on its CMBS assets.

Commercial Real Estate Loan Activity

The Company's commercial real estate loan portfolio generally emphasizes larger transactions located in metropolitan markets, as compared to the typical loan in the CMBS portfolio. The Company has never suffered a loss in this portfolio. Because the loan portfolio is relatively small and heterogeneous, the Company has determined it is not necessary to establish a loan loss reserve.

The following table summarizes the Company's commercial real estate loan portfolio by property type as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003:

Property Type	Loan Outstanding				Weighted Average Coupon	
	June 30, 2004		December 31, 2003		June 30, 2004	December 31, 2003
	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Office	\$96,294	84.4%	\$57,381	76.4%	9.1%	
Residential	2,722	2.4	2,794	3.7	3.9	
Retail	193	0.2	-	-	13.5	
Hotel	14,790	13.0	14,951	19.9	6.6	
Total	\$113,999	100.0%	\$75,126	100.0%	8.7%	

Recent Events

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In July 2004, the Company acquired an additional \$58,836 of commercial real estate securities, and sold \$24,420 of fixed-rate RMBS. The sale of these fixed-rate RMBS will result in a net realized gain of \$119 in the third quarter of 2004 and marks the completion of the repositioning of the Company's investment portfolio.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2004, the Emerging Issues Task Force, or EITF, reached a consensus on Issue No. 03-1, "The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments." This Issue provides clarification with respect to the meaning of other-than-temporary impairment and its application to investments classified as either available-for-sale or held-to-maturity under SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities," (including individual securities and investments in mutual funds), and investments accounted for under the cost method or the equity method. The guidance for evaluating whether an investment is other-than-temporarily impaired must be applied in other-than-temporary impairment evaluations made in reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2004. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this Issue on its consolidated financial statements.

II. Results of Operations

Net income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 was \$(4,177) or \$(0.08) per share (basic and diluted) and \$5,666 or \$0.11 per share (basic and diluted), respectively. Net loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$(12,614) or \$(0.26) per share (basic and diluted) and (\$4,113) or \$(0.09) per share (basic and diluted), respectively. Net loss decreased to \$(0.08) per share for the six months ended June 30, 2004 as compared to \$(0.09) per share for the six months ended June 30, 2003. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2004 includes a charge of \$0.21 per share for the redemption of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2003 includes a charge of \$0.56 per share for the impairment charge on the Company's Controlling Class CMBS securities.

Interest Income: The following tables sets forth information regarding the total amount of income from certain of the Company's interest-earning assets.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
	Interest Income	Interest Income
Commercial real estate securities	\$30,166	\$23,030
Commercial mortgage loan pools	12,351	-
Commercial real estate loans	1,979	2,105
RMBS	5,386	16,126
Cash and cash equivalents	103	209
Total	\$49,985	\$41,470

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
	Interest Income	Interest Income
Commercial real estate securities	\$59,352	\$45,604

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Commercial mortgage loan pools	12,351	-
Commercial real estate loans	3,458	3,290
RMBS	12,103	34,035
Cash and cash equivalents	191	385
Total	\$87,455	\$83,314

The following chart reconciles interest income and total income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
Interest income	\$49,985	\$41,470
Earnings from real estate joint ventures	542	238
Earnings from equity investment	1,619	702
Total Income	\$52,146	\$42,410

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
Interest income	\$87,455	\$83,314
Earnings from real estate joint ventures	764	473
Earnings from equity investment	2,991	1,446
Total Income	\$91,210	\$85,233

Interest Expense: The following table sets forth information regarding the total amount of interest expense from certain of the Company's collateralized borrowings. Information is based on daily average balances during the period.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
Interest Expense	Interest Expense	
Reverse repurchase agreements	\$2,366	\$5,608
Lines of credit and term loan	477	234
CDO liabilities	15,678	6,825
Commercial mortgage loan pools	11,948	-
Total	\$30,469	\$12,667

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
Interest Expense	Interest Expense	
Reverse repurchase agreements	\$5,512	\$11,065
Lines of credit and term loan	1,432	370
CDO liabilities	26,846	13,625
Commercial mortgage loan pools	11,948	-
Total	\$45,738	\$25,060

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The foregoing interest expense amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, do not include \$(467) and \$506 of interest expense related to hedge ineffectiveness, as well as \$3,148 and \$7,779 of interest expense related to swaps. The foregoing interest expense amounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, do not include \$(21) and \$241 of interest expense related to hedge ineffectiveness and \$9,091 and \$16,141 of interest expense related to swaps. The reduction in interest expense related to swaps is primarily attributable to the issuance of the Company's third CDO as well as a reduction in swap notional. See Note 11 of the consolidated financial statements, Derivative Instruments, for a further description of the Company's hedge ineffectiveness.

Net Interest Margin and Net Interest Spread from the Portfolio: The Company considers its portfolio to consist of its securities available-for-sale, mortgage loan pools, commercial mortgage loans and cash and cash equivalents because these assets relate to its core strategy of acquiring and originating high yield loans and securities backed by commercial real estate, while at the same time maintaining a portfolio of investment grade securities to enhance the Company's liquidity.

Net interest margin from the portfolio is annualized net interest income from the portfolio divided by the average market value of interest-earning assets in the portfolio. Net interest income from the portfolio is total interest income from the portfolio less interest expense relating to collateralized borrowings. Net interest spread from the portfolio equals the yield on average assets for the period less the average cost of funds for the period. The yield on average assets is interest income from the portfolio divided by average amortized cost of interest earning assets in the portfolio. The average cost of funds is interest expense from the portfolio divided by average outstanding collateralized borrowings.

The following chart describes the interest income, interest expense, net interest margin and net interest spread for the Company's portfolio. The following interest income and interest expense amounts exclude income and expense related to real estate joint ventures, equity investment, hedge ineffectiveness, and the effect of the consolidation of the commercial mortgage loan pools. The decrease in net interest margin is primarily a result of lower leverage and the net interest spread decrease due to investment in additional higher credit quality CMBS.

	For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2004	2003
Interest income	\$38,037	\$41,470
Interest expense	\$21,669	\$21,751
Net interest margin	3.05%	3.05%
Net interest spread	2.43%	2.66%

Other Expenses: Expenses other than interest expense consist primarily of management fees and general and administrative expenses. Management fees paid to the Manager of \$2,163 and \$4,293 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, were solely base management fees and were lower as the Manager agreed to reduce the management fees by 20% for the quarter ended March 31, 2004. Management fees paid to the Manager of \$2,649 and \$5,226 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, and were solely base management fees. General and administrative expense of \$633 and \$1,235 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and \$591 and \$1,173 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, were comprised of accounting agent fees, custodial agent fees, directors' fees, fees for professional services, and insurance premiums.

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Other Gains (Losses): During the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, the Company sold a portion of its securities available-for-sale for total proceeds of \$280,936 and \$977,843, respectively, resulting in a realized gain (loss) of \$(1,222) and \$3,435 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The losses on securities held for trading were \$4,046 and \$4,716 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$10,030 and \$15,119 for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The foreign currency loss of \$(12) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 relate to the Company's net investment in a commercial mortgage loan denominated in euros and associated hedging.

Dividends Declared: On March 11, 2004, the Company declared distributions to its stockholders of \$0.28 per share, which was paid on April 30, 2004 to stockholders of record on March 31, 2004.

On May 25, 2004, the Company declared dividends to its common stockholders of \$0.28 per share, payable on August 2, 2004 to stockholders of record on June 30, 2004.

Changes in Financial Condition

Securities Available-for-sale: The Company's securities available-for-sale, which are carried at estimated fair value, included the following at June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003:

Security Description	June 30, 2004 Estimated Fair Value	Percentage	December 31, 2003 Estimated Fair Value
Commercial mortgage-backed securities:			
CMBS IOs	\$ 127,040	6.2%	\$84,493
Investment grade CMBS	398,307	19.4	333,453
Non-investment grade rated subordinated securities	721,865	35.1	678,424
Non-rated subordinated securities	36,488	1.8	25,019
Credit tenant lease	25,277	1.2	25,696
Investment grade REIT debt	245,660	12.0	219,422
Project loans	24,797	1.2	26,503
Total CMBS	1,579,434	76.9	1,393,010
Single-family residential mortgage-backed securities:			
Agency adjustable rate securities	283,864	13.8	180,381
Agency fixed-rate securities	25,868	1.3	222,500
Residential CMOs	1,754	0.1	3,464
Hybrid arms	163,317	7.9	6,645
Total RMBS	474,803	23.1	412,990
Total securities available-for-sale	\$2,054,237	100.0%	\$1,806,000

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The Company's CMBS and investment grade REIT debt increased slightly from December 31, 2003 as the Company is continuing to purchase these types of assets.

Borrowings: As of June 30, 2004, the Company's debt consisted of CDOs, commercial mortgage loan pools, line-of-credit borrowings, and reverse repurchase agreements, collateralized by a pledge of most of the Company's securities available-for-sale, commercial mortgage loan pools, securities held-for-trading, and its commercial mortgage loans. As of December 31, 2003, the Company's debt consisted of CDOs, line-of-credit borrowings, and reverse repurchase agreements, collateralized by a pledge of most of the Company's securities available-for-sale, securities held-for-trading, and its commercial mortgage loans. The Company's financial flexibility is affected by its ability to renew or replace on a continuous basis its maturing short-term borrowings. As of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003, the Company has obtained financing in amounts and at interest rates consistent with the Company's short-term financing objectives.

Under the lines of credit, and the reverse repurchase agreements, the lender retains the right to mark the underlying collateral to market value. A reduction in the value of its pledged assets would require the Company to provide additional collateral or fund margin calls. From time to time, the Company expects that it will be required to provide such additional collateral or fund margin calls.

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's collateralized borrowings:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004		
	June 30, 2004 Balance	Maximum Balance	Range o Maturiti
Collateralized debt obligations	\$1,057,217	\$1,057,522	7.4 to 9.6 y
Commercial mortgage loan pools	1,298,636	1,306,724	3.6 to 10.3 y
Reverse repurchase agreements	730,701	1,148,306	1 to 379
Line of credit and term loan borrowings	57,745	391,511	371 to 379

Hedging Instruments: From time to time, the Company may reduce its exposure to market interest rates by entering into various financial instruments that adjust portfolio duration. These financial instruments are intended to mitigate the effect of changes in interest rates on the value of certain assets in the Company's portfolio. At June 30, 2004, the Company had no outstanding U.S. Treasury Note future contracts. At December 31, 2003, the Company had outstanding short positions of 30 five-year and 73 ten-year U.S. Treasury Note future contracts.

Interest rate swap agreements as of June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003

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consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2004			Weighted Average Remaining Term
	Notional Value	Estimated Fair Value	Unamortized Cost	
Interest rate swaps	\$521,700	\$9,865	\$ -	6.23 years
Interest rate swaps - CDO	949,727	6,728	-	8.89 years
Total	\$1,471,427	\$16,593	\$ -	7.95 years

	December 31, 2003			Weighted Average Remaining Term
	Notional Value	Estimated Fair Value	Unamortized Cost	
Interest rate swaps	\$919,300	\$(2,929)	\$23	5.46 years
Interest rate swaps - CDO	626,323	(23,423)	-	9.17 years
Total	\$1,545,623	\$(26,352)	\$23	6.96 years

As of June 30, 2004, the Company had designated \$521,700 notional of the interest rate swap agreements as cash flow hedges. As of December 31, 2003, the Company had designated \$1,066,078 notional of the interest rate swap agreements as cash flow hedges.

Capital Resources and Liquidity

Liquidity is a measurement of the Company's ability to meet potential cash requirements, including ongoing commitments to repay borrowings, fund investments, loan acquisition and lending activities and for other general business purposes. The primary sources of funds for liquidity consist of collateralized borrowings, principal and interest payments on and maturities of securities available-for-sale, securities held-for-trading and commercial mortgage loans, and proceeds from the maturity or sales thereof.

To the extent that the Company may become unable to maintain its borrowings at their current level due to changes in the financing markets for the Company's assets, the Company may be required to sell assets in order to achieve lower borrowing levels. In this event, the Company's level of net income would decline. The Company's principal strategies for mitigating this risk are to maintain portfolio leverage at levels it believes are sustainable and to diversify the sources and types of available borrowing and capital. The Company has utilized committed bank facilities and preferred stock offerings, and will consider resecuritization or other achievable term funding of existing assets.

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At the end of the first quarter of 2004, the Board of Directors approved the Company's decision to redeem its Series B Preferred Stock. The second quarter of 2004 earnings includes a charge of \$0.21 per share for the redemption of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock that was reported as a charge to income in the initial first quarter 2004 earnings release but was subsequently moved to the second quarter to coincide with the timing of the actual redemption payment as reported on May 11, 2004. The Series B Preferred Stock was redeemed on May 6, 2004.

For the six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company issued 1,077,102 shares of Common Stock under its Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (the "Dividend Reinvestment Plan"). Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$12,606. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, the Company issued 353,065 and 686,393 shares of Common Stock under its Dividend Reinvestment Plan. Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$4,179 and \$7,697, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company issued 213,100 shares of Common Stock under a sale agency agreement with Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation. Net proceeds to the Company were approximately \$2,299.

During the first quarter of 2004, the Company suspended its Dividend Reinvestment Plan for all investments after March 26, 2004, and for all future investment dates. During the second quarter of 2004, the dividend reinvestment portion of the Dividend Reinvestment Plan was reinstated for all dividend payments made after August 2, 2004, and for all future dividend payment dates with a discount of 2%. The optional cash purchase portion of the Dividend Reinvestment Plan remains suspended; however, it may be resumed at any time.

As of June 30, 2004, \$134,685 of the Company's \$185,000 committed credit facility with Deutsche Bank, AG was available for future borrowings and \$67,570 of the Company's \$75,000 committed credit facility with Greenwich Capital, Inc. was available. The Company also recently renewed its committed borrowing facility from Greenwich Capital, Inc. in the amount of \$75,000. This facility was scheduled to mature in July 2004 and was extended to July 2005.

At June 30, 2004, the Company's collateralized borrowings had the following remaining maturities:

	Lines of Credit	Reverse Repurchase Agreements	Collateralized Debt Obligations	Commer Mortgag Poo
Within 30 days	\$ -	\$717,931	\$ -	\$
31 to 59 days	-	-	-	
60 days to less than 1 year	-	-	-	
1 year to 2 years	-	-	-	
Over 5 years	57,745	12,770	1,057,217*	1,298,63
	\$57,745	\$730,701	\$1,057,217	\$1,298,63

* Comprised of \$404,996 of CDO debt with a weighted average remaining maturity of 7.79 years as of June 30, 2004, \$280,182 of CDO debt with a weighted average remaining maturity of 7.84 years as of June 30, 2004, and \$105,428 of CDO debt with a weighted average remaining maturity of 8.9 years as of June 30, 2004.

** The commercial mortgage loan pools have a weighted average remaining maturity of 7.55 years as of June 30, 2004.

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The Company has no off-balance sheet financing arrangements.

On March 30, 2004 the Company issued its third collateralized debt obligation ("CDO III") through Anthracite CDO 2004-1. The total par value of bonds sold was \$372,456. The total cost of funds on a fully hedged basis was 5.0%. CDO III also includes a \$50,000 ramp facility that will be used to finance future commercial real estate assets, thus eliminating financing risk for up to \$50,000 of below investment grade CMBS investments to be acquired during the year.

On June 30, 2004 the Company completed a follow-on offering of 2,100,000 shares of its common stock in an underwritten public offering. The aggregate net proceeds to the Company (after deducting underwriting fees and expenses) were approximately \$23,184. The Company had granted the underwriters an option, exercisable for 30 days, to purchase up to 315,000 additional shares of Common Stock to cover over-allotments. This option was exercised on July 6, 2004 and resulted in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$3,478.

The Company's operating activities provided cash flows of \$4,432 and \$739,347 during the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, primarily through purchase of trading securities offset by net income in 2004 and through the sale of trading securities in 2003 related to the Company's reduction of its RMBS portfolio.

The Company's investing activities provided (used) cash flows of \$52,300 and \$(325,946) during the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, primarily to purchase securities available-for-sale and to fund commercial mortgage loans, offset by significant sales of securities.

The Company's financing activities used \$15,698 and \$423,840 during the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, primarily from an increase in borrowings, issuance of common stock on dividends paid in 2004 and decrease in borrowings and dividends paid in 2003.

The Company is subject to various covenants in its lines of credit, including maintaining a minimum GAAP net worth of \$305,000, a debt-to-equity ratio not to exceed 5.5 to 1, a minimum cash requirement based upon certain debt to equity ratios, a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.5, and a minimum liquidity reserve of \$10,000. Due to the acquisition of the commercial mortgage loan pools (see Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements), the Company's debt to capital ratio increased from 4.4:1 at December 31, 2003 to 7.5:1 at June 30, 2004. The Company received authorization from its lenders to permit debt to capital ratios in excess of existing covenants. For the quarter ended June 30, 2004, the Company did not maintain the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.5; the Company's lenders agreed to waive this requirement. As of June 30, 2004, the Company was in compliance with all other covenants.

The Company's ability to execute its business strategy depends to a significant degree on its ability to obtain additional capital. Factors which could affect the Company's access to the capital markets, or the costs of such capital, include changes in interest rates, general economic conditions and perception in the capital markets of the Company's business, covenants under the Company's current and future credit facilities, results of operations, leverage, financial conditions and business prospects. Consequently, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to effectively fund future growth. Except as discussed herein, management is not aware of any other trends, events, commitments or uncertainties that may have a significant effect on liquidity.

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Contingent Liability

During 2000, the Company completed the acquisition of CORE Cap, Inc. At the time of the CORE Cap, Inc. acquisition, the Manager agreed to pay GMAC (CORE Cap, Inc.'s external advisor) \$12,500 over a ten-year period ("Installment Payment") to purchase the right to manage the CORE Cap, Inc. assets under the existing management contract ("GMAC Contract"). The GMAC Contract had to be terminated in order to allow the Company to complete the merger, as the Company's management agreement with the Manager did not provide for multiple managers. As a result the Manager offered to buy-out the GMAC Contract as the Manager estimated it would receive incremental fees above and beyond the Installment Payment, and thus was willing to pay for, and separately negotiate, the termination of the GMAC Contract. Accordingly, the value of the Installment Payment was not considered in the Company's allocation of its purchase price to the net assets acquired in the acquisition of CORE Cap, Inc. The Company agreed that should the Management Agreement with its Manager be terminated, not renewed or not extended for any reason other than for cause, the Company would pay to the Manager an amount equal to the Installment Payment less the sum of all payments made by the Manager to GMAC. As of June 30, 2004, the Installment Payment would be \$6,500 payable over six years. The Company does not accrue for this contingent liability.

Transactions with Affiliates

The Company is managed pursuant to a management agreement, dated March 27, 1998, between the Company and the Manager (the "Management Agreement"), a majority owned indirect subsidiary of The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. and the employer of certain directors and officers of the Company, under which the Manager is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Company and performs such services and activities relating to the assets and operations of the Company as may be appropriate. On March 25, 2002, the Management Agreement was extended for one year through March 27, 2003, with the approval of the unaffiliated directors, on terms similar to the prior agreement with the following changes: (i) the incentive fee calculation would be based on GAAP earnings instead of funds from operations, (ii) the removal of the four-year period to value the Management Agreement in the event of termination and (iii) subsequent renewal periods of the Management Agreement would be for one year instead of two years. The Board of Directors of the Company was advised by Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin Financial Advisors, Inc., a national investment banking and financial advisory firm, in the renewal process.

On March 6, 2003, the unaffiliated directors approved an extension of the Management Agreement from its expiration of March 27, 2003 for one year through March 31, 2004. The terms of the renewed agreement were similar to the prior agreement except for the incentive fee calculation which would provide for a rolling four-quarter high watermark rather than a quarterly calculation. In determining the rolling four-quarter high watermark, the Company would calculate the incentive fee based upon the current and prior three quarters' net income. The Manager would be paid an incentive fee in the current quarter if the Yearly Incentive Fee, as defined, is greater than what was paid to the Manager in the prior three quarters cumulatively. The Company phased in the rolling four-quarter high watermark commencing with the second quarter of 2003. Calculation of the incentive fee was based on GAAP and adjusted to exclude special one-time events pursuant to changes in GAAP accounting pronouncements after discussion between the Manager and the unaffiliated directors. The incentive fee threshold did not change. The high watermark provides for the Manager to be paid 25% of the amount of earnings (calculated in accordance with GAAP) per share that exceeds the product of the adjusted issue price of the Company's common stock per share (\$11.37 as of June 30, 2004) and the greater of 9.5% or 350 basis points over the ten-year Treasury note.

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The Management Agreement was further extended for one year from March 31, 2004 through March 31, 2005. The base management fee was revised to equal 2% of the quarterly average total stockholders' equity for the applicable quarter. The incentive fee was revised to be 25% of the amount of earnings (calculated in accordance with GAAP) per share that exceeds the product of the adjusted issue price of the Company's common stock per share and the greater of 8.5% or 400 basis points over the ten-year Treasury note.

During the year ended December 31, 2003 and for the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company paid the Manager an annual base management fee equal to a percentage of the average invested assets of the Company as defined in the Management Agreement. The base management fee was equal to 1% per annum of the average invested assets rated less than BB- or not rated, 0.75% of average invested assets rated BB- to BB+, and 0.20% of average invested assets rated above BB+. During the third quarter of 2003, the Manager agreed to reduce the management fees by 20% from its calculated amount for the third and fourth quarter of 2003 and the first quarter of 2004. This revision resulted in \$1,046 in savings to the Company during 2003 and \$532 for the three months ended March 31, 2004, respectively.

The Company incurred \$2,163 and \$4,293 in base management fees in accordance with the terms of the Management Agreement for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and \$2,649 and \$5,226 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively. In accordance with the provisions of the Management Agreement, the Company recorded reimbursements to the Manager of \$20 and \$54 for certain expenses incurred on behalf of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, respectively, and \$12 and \$18 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, which are included in general and administrative expense on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Pursuant to the March 25, 2002 one-year Management Agreement extension, the incentive fee was based on 25% of earnings (calculated in accordance with GAAP) of the Company. For purposes of calculating the incentive fee during 2002, the cumulative transition adjustment of \$6,327 resulting from the Company's adoption of SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" was excluded from earnings in its entirety and included in the calculation of future incentive fees using an amortization period of three years. The Company did not incur incentive fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003.

The Company has an administration agreement with the Manager. Under the terms of the administration agreement, the Manager provides financial reporting, audit coordination and accounting oversight services to the Company. The agreement can be cancelled upon 60-day written notice by either party. The Company pays the Manager a monthly administrative fee at an annual rate of 0.06% of the first \$125 million of average net assets, 0.04% of the next \$125 million of average net assets and 0.03% of average net assets in excess of \$250 million subject to a minimum annual fee of \$120. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004, the Company paid administration fees of \$45 and \$89, respectively, and \$43 and \$86 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2003, respectively, which are included in general and administrative expense on the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

The Company has entered into a \$50,000 commitment to acquire shares in Carbon Capital, Inc. ("Carbon"), a private commercial real estate income opportunity fund managed by the Manager. The Carbon investment period ended on July 12, 2004; the Company's investment in Carbon as of June 30, 2004 was \$48,501 and no investments were made in July 2004. The Company does not incur any additional management or incentive fees to the Manager as a result of its investment in Carbon. On June 30, 2004, the Company owned 19.8% of the outstanding shares in Carbon.

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During 2000, the Company completed the acquisition of CORE Cap, Inc. At the time of the CORE Cap, Inc. acquisition, the Manager agreed to pay GMAC (CORE Cap, Inc.'s external advisor) \$12,500 over a ten-year period ("Installment Payment") to purchase the right to manage the CORE Cap, Inc. assets under the existing management contract ("GMAC Contract"). The GMAC Contract had to be terminated in order to allow the Company to complete the merger, as the Company's management agreement with the Manager did not provide for multiple managers. As a result the Manager offered to buy-out the GMAC Contract as the Manager estimated it would receive incremental fees above and beyond the Installment Payment, and thus was willing to pay for, and separately negotiate, the termination of the GMAC Contract. Accordingly, the value of the Installment Payment was not considered in the Company's allocation of its purchase price to the net assets acquired in the acquisition of CORE Cap, Inc. The Company agreed that should the Management Agreement with its Manager be terminated, not renewed or not extended for any reason other than for cause, the Company would pay to the Manager an amount equal to the Installment Payment less the sum of all payments made by the Manager to GMAC. As of June 30, 2004, the Installment Payment would be \$6,500 payable over six years. The Company does not accrue for this contingent liability.

REIT Status: The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT and therefore must comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code with respect thereto. Accordingly, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent of its distributions to stockholders and as long as certain asset, income and stock ownership tests are met. The Company may, however, be subject to tax at corporate rates or at excise tax rates on net income or capital gains not distributed.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk: Market risk includes the exposure to loss resulting from changes in interest rates, credit curve spreads, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and equity prices. The primary market risks to which the Company is exposed are interest rate risk and credit curve risk. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive to many factors, including governmental, monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations and other factors beyond the control of the Company. Credit curve risk is highly sensitive to the dynamics of the markets for commercial mortgage securities and other loans and securities held by the Company. Excessive supply of these assets combined with reduced demand will cause the market to require a higher yield. This demand for higher yield will cause the market to use a higher spread over the U.S. Treasury securities yield curve, or other benchmark interest rates, to value these assets. Changes in the general level of the U.S. Treasury yield curve can have significant effects on the market value of the Company's portfolio.

The majority of the Company's assets are fixed-rate securities valued based on a market credit spread to U.S. Treasuries. As U.S. Treasury securities are priced to a higher yield and/or the spread to U.S. Treasuries used to price the Company's assets is increased, the market value of the Company's portfolio may decline. Conversely, as U.S. Treasury securities are priced to a lower yield and/or the spread to U.S. Treasuries used to price the Company's assets is decreased, the market value of the Company's portfolio may increase. Changes in the market value of the Company's portfolio may affect the Company's net income or cash flow directly through their impact on unrealized gains or losses on securities held-for-trading or indirectly through their impact on the Company's ability to borrow. Changes in the level of the U.S.

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Treasury yield curve can also affect, among other things, the prepayment assumptions used to value certain of the Company's securities and the Company's ability to realize gains from the sale of such assets. In addition, changes in the general level of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") money market rates can affect the Company's net interest income. As of June 30, 2004, all of the Company's liabilities outside of the CDOs are floating rate based on a market spread to LIBOR. As the level of LIBOR increases or decreases, the Company's interest expense will move in the same direction.

The Company may utilize a variety of financial instruments, including interest rate swaps, caps, floors and other interest rate exchange contracts, in order to limit the effects of fluctuations in interest rates on its operations. The use of these types of derivatives to hedge interest-earning assets and/or interest-bearing liabilities carries certain risks, including the risk that losses on a hedge position will reduce the funds available for payments to holders of securities and that such losses may exceed the amount invested in such instruments. A hedge may not perform its intended purpose of offsetting losses or increased costs. Moreover, with respect to certain of the instruments used as hedges, the Company is exposed to the risk that the counterparties with which the Company trades may cease making markets and quoting prices in such instruments, which may render the Company unable to enter into an offsetting transaction with respect to an open position. If the Company anticipates that the income from any such hedging transaction will not be qualifying income for REIT income purposes, the Company may conduct part or all of its hedging activities through a to-be-formed corporate subsidiary that is fully subject to federal corporate income taxation. The profitability of the Company may be adversely affected during any period as a result of changing interest rates.

The Company monitors and manages interest rate risk based on a method that takes into consideration the interest rate sensitivity of the Company's assets and liabilities, including its preferred stock. The Company's objective is to acquire assets and match fund the purchase so that interest rate risk associated with financing these assets is reduced or eliminated. The primary risks associated with acquiring and financing these assets are mark to market risk and short-term rate risk. Examples of these financing types include 30-day repurchase agreements and committed borrowing facilities. Certain secured financing arrangements provide for an advance rate based upon a percentage of the market value of the asset being financed. Market movements that cause asset values to decline would require a margin call or a cash payment to maintain the relationship between asset value and amount borrowed. A cash flow based CDO is an example of a secured financing vehicle that does not require a mark to market to establish or maintain a level of financing. When financed assets are subject to a mark to market margin call, the Company carefully monitors the interest rate sensitivity of those assets. The duration of the assets financed which are subject to a mark to market margin call was 1.38 years based on reported GAAP book value as of June 30, 2004.

The Company's reported book value incorporates the market value of the Company's interest bearing assets but it does not incorporate the market value of the Company's interest bearing liabilities. The fixed-rate interest bearing liabilities and preferred stock will generally reduce the actual interest rate risk of the Company from a pure economic perspective even though changes in the value of these liabilities are not reflected in the Company's book value. The fixed-rate liabilities issued in CDO I, CDO II and CDO III reduce the Company's economic duration by approximately 5.80 years. The Series C Preferred Stock reduces the Company's economic duration by approximately 0.81 year. The Company's reported book value is not reduced by these liabilities and therefore is approximately 6.61 years longer than the economic duration. The Company's duration management strategy focuses on the economic risk and maintains economic duration within a band of 3.0 to 5.0 years. At June 30, 2004, economic duration was 4.14 years. Earnings per share is analyzed using

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the assumptions that interest rates, as defined by the LIBOR curve, increase or decrease and that the yield curves of the LIBOR rate shocks will be parallel to each other. Market value in this scenario is calculated using the assumption that the U.S. Treasury yield curve remains constant even though changes in both long- and short-term interest rates can occur simultaneously.

Regarding the table below, all changes in income and value are measured as percentage changes from the respective values calculated in the scenario labeled as "Base Case." The base interest rate scenario assumes interest rates as of June 30, 2004. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates.

Change in LIBOR, +/- Basis Points	Projected Percentage Change In Earnings Per Share Given LIBOR Movements Projected Change in Earnings per Share
-100	\$0.047
-50	\$0.023
Base Case	
+50	\$(0.023)
+100	\$(0.047)
+200	\$(0.093)

Credit Risk: The Company's portfolios of commercial real estate assets are subject to a high degree of credit risk. Credit risk is the exposure to loss from loan defaults. Default rates are subject to a wide variety of factors, including, but not limited to, property performance, property management, supply/demand factors, construction trends, consumer behavior, regional economics, interest rates, the strength of the U.S. economy, and other factors beyond the control of the Company.

All loans are subject to a certain probability of default. Before acquiring a Controlling Class security, the Company will perform an analysis of the quality of all of the loans proposed. As a result of this analysis, loans with unacceptable risk profiles are either removed from the proposed pool or the Company receives a price adjustment. The Company underwrites its Controlling Class CMBS investments assuming the underlying loans will suffer a certain dollar amount of defaults and these defaults will lead to some level of realized losses. Loss adjusted yields are computed based on these assumptions and applied to each class of security supported by the cash flow on the underlying loans. The most significant variables affecting loss adjusted yields include, but are not limited to, the number of defaults, the severity of loss that occurs subsequent to a default and the timing of the actual loss. The different rating levels of CMBS will react differently to changes in these assumptions. The lowest rated securities (B- or lower) are generally more sensitive to changes in timing of actual losses. The higher rated securities (B or higher) are more sensitive to the severity of losses.

The Company generally assumes that all of the principal of a non-rated security and a significant portion, if not all, of CCC and a portion of B-rated securities will not be recoverable over time. The loss adjusted yields of these classes reflect that assumption; therefore, the timing of when the total loss of principal occurs is the most important assumption in determining value. The interest coupon generated by a security will cease when there is a total loss of its principal regardless of whether that principal is paid. Therefore, timing is of paramount importance because the longer the principal balance remains outstanding, the more interest coupon the holder receives; which results in a larger economic return. Alternatively, if principal is lost faster than originally assumed, there is less opportunity to receive interest coupon; which results in a lower or possibly negative return. Additional

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losses which occur due to greater severity will not have a significant effect as all principal is already assumed to be non-recoverable.

If actual principal losses on the underlying loans exceed assumptions, the higher rated securities will be affected more significantly as a loss of principal may not have been assumed. The Company generally assumes that all principal will be recovered by classes rated B or higher. The Company manages credit risk through the underwriting process, establishing loss assumptions and careful monitoring of loan performance. After the securities have been acquired, the Company monitors the performance of the loans, as well as external factors that may affect their value.

Factors that indicate a higher loss severity or acceleration of the timing of an expected loss will cause a reduction in the expected yield and therefore reduce the earnings of the Company. Furthermore, the Company may be required to write down a portion of the adjusted purchase price of the affected assets through its consolidated statements of financial condition.

For purposes of illustration, a doubling of the losses in the Company's Controlling Class CMBS, without a significant acceleration of those losses, would reduce GAAP income going forward by approximately \$0.31 per share of Common Stock per year and cause a significant write down at the time the loss assumption is changed. The amount of the write down depends on several factors, including which securities are most affected at the time of the write down, but is estimated to be in the range of \$1.00 to \$1.30 per share based on a doubling of expected losses. A significant acceleration of the timing of these losses would cause the Company's net income to decrease. The increase in these estimates from December 31, 2003 is a result of the Company's purchase of the below investment grade portion of two additional Controlling Class CMBS trusts. The Company's exposure to a write down is mitigated by the fact that most of these assets are financed on a non-recourse basis in the Company's CDOs, where a significant portion of the risk of loss is transferred to the CDO bondholders. As of June 30, 2004, securities with a total market value of \$1,161,596 are collateralizing the CDO borrowings of \$1,057,217; therefore, the Company's residual interest in the three CDOs is \$104,379 (\$1.97 per share). In accordance with GAAP, the CDO borrowings are not marked to market even though their economic value will change in response to changes in interest rates and/or credit spreads.

Interest rate swap agreements contain an element of risk in the event that the counterparties to the agreements do not perform their obligations under the agreements. The Company minimizes its risk exposure by entering into agreements with parties rated at least A or better by Standard & Poor's Rating Services. Furthermore, the Company has interest rate swap agreements established with several different counterparties in order to reduce the risk of credit exposure to any one counterparty. Management does not expect any counterparty to default on their obligations.

Asset and Liability Management: Asset and liability management is concerned with the timing and magnitude of the repricing and/or maturing of assets and liabilities. It is the Company's objective to attempt to control risks associated with interest rate movements. In general, management's strategy is to match the term of the Company's liabilities as closely as possible with the expected holding period of the Company's assets. This is less important for those assets in the Company's portfolio considered liquid as there is a very stable market for the financing of these securities.

Other methods for evaluating interest rate risk, such as interest rate sensitivity "gap" (defined as the difference between interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities maturing or repricing within a given time period), are used but are considered of lesser significance in the daily management of the Company's portfolio. Management considers this relationship

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when reviewing the Company's hedging strategies. Because different types of assets and liabilities with the same or similar maturities react differently to changes in overall market rates or conditions, changes in interest rates may affect the Company's net interest income positively or negatively even if the Company were to be perfectly matched in each maturity category.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of such period, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in alerting them on a timely basis to material information relating to the Company (including its consolidated subsidiaries) required to be included in the Company's reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2004 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting.

Part II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

At June 30, 2004 there were no pending legal proceedings of which the Company was a defendant or of which any of its property was subject.

Item 2. Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Ma th Und
January 1, 2004 through January 31, 2004	-	-	-	
February 1, 2004 through February 29, 2004	-	-	-	
March 1, 2004 through March 31, 2004	-	-	-	
April 1, 2004 through				

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April 30, 2004	-	-	-
May 1, 2004 through			
May 31, 2004	1,757,257 (1)	25.00	1,757,257
June 1, 2004 through			
June 30, 2004	-	-	-
Total	1,757,257	25.00	1,757,257

(1) At the end of the first quarter of 2004, the Board of Directors approved the Company's decision to redeem its Series B Preferred Stock. The second quarter of 2004 earnings includes a charge of \$0.21 per share for the redemption of the Company's Series B Preferred Stock that was reported as a charge to income in the second quarter of 2004 earnings release but was subsequently moved to the first quarter of 2004 earnings release to coincide with the timing of the actual redemption payment as reported on May 11, 2004. The Series B Preferred Stock was redeemed on May 6, 2004.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Company held an Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 25, 2004, pursuant to a Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement dated April 16, 2004, (a copy of which has been filed previously with the Securities and Exchange Commission), at which the Company's stockholders approved the election of four directors for a term of three years and the ratification for the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the auditors of the financial statements for fiscal year 2004.

Proposal 1: To elect three directors for a three-year term expiring in 2007 and one director to serve for a term expiring in 2006.

Results:

	In Favor -----	Withheld -----
Donald G. Drapkin	39,559,084	8,308,635
Carl F. Geuther	47,348,700	519,019
Leon T. Kendall	47,511,379	356,338
Clay G. Lebhar	47,468,422	399,297

Proposal 2: To ratify and approve the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's Independent Auditors for the year ending December 31, 2004.

Results:

For ---	Against -----	Abstain -----
47,346,723	401,382	119,612

There were no broker non-votes with respect to the two proposals. The continuing directors of the Company are Laurence D. Fink, Hugh R. Frater, Ralph L. Schlosstein, and Jeffrey C. Keil.

Item 5. Other Information

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On April 6, 2004, the Board of Directors approved the Company's decision to redeem its Series B Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value per share ("Series B Preferred Stock"), which redemption closed on May 6, 2004. The Company initially considered the decision to redeem as a recharacterization of the Series B Preferred Stock from conditionally redeemable to mandatorily redeemable, and recorded the cost to retire the Series B Preferred Stock in excess of its carrying value of \$10,508,000, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2004, as included in the Company's Form 8-K dated May 7, 2004.

At the time of the Company's May 7, 2004 8-K, the Company considered after consultation with its independent auditors Deloitte & Touche LLP ("D&T") the conversion option included in the Series B Preferred Stock to be nonsubstantive, as the redemption price of the Series B Preferred Stock of \$25 per share was substantially higher than the approximately \$16.24 per share stockholders would receive if the Series B Preferred Stock were converted into Common Stock of the Company on the date of redemption. Subsequent to May 7, 2004, the Company in consultation with D&T determined that the conversion option should be evaluated only at the original issuance of the Series B Preferred Stock, at which time the conversion feature was substantive. Therefore, the cost to retire the Series B Preferred Stock was recorded in the second quarter of 2004 instead of the first quarter of 2004, as previously reported. As a result, for the three months ended March 31, 2004 the Company's net income available to common stockholders per share was \$9,843 (\$0.20 per share) versus a net loss to common stockholders of \$665 (\$0.01 per share) as previously reported.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

- 31.1 Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

Reports on Form 8-K

On May 7, 2004, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the Company's earnings for the quarter ended March 31, 2004.

On May 25, 2004, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the declaration of a cash dividend on the common stock of the Company for the quarter ending June 30, 2004.

On June 24, 2004, the Company filed a current report on Form 8-K to report under Item 5 the public offering by the Company of 2,100,000 shares of its common stock, with an option to the underwriters to purchase up to 315,000 additional shares of common stock, and to file certain documents relating to the sale of the common stock.

SIGNATURES

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ANTHRACITE CAPITAL, INC.

Dated: August 9, 2004

By: /s/ Christopher A. Milner

Name: Christopher A. Milner
Title: President and Chief
Executive Officer
(duly authorized representative)

Dated: August 9, 2004

By: /s/ Richard M. Shea

Name: Richard M. Shea
Title: Chief Operating Officer and
Chief Financial Officer