NORTHWAY FINANCIAL INC Form 10-Q August 08, 2003

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549 FORM 10-Q

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[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or $15\,\mathrm{(d)}$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2003

OR

[] Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____ to ____

Commission File Number 000-23129

NORTHWAY FINANCIAL, INC

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New	Hampshire	04-3368579

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

9 Main Street

Berlin, New Hampshire 03570
----(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(603) 752-1171

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

No Change

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last year)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days. YES [X] NO []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES $[\]$ NO [X]

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date. At July 18, 2003, there were 1,504,574 shares of common stock outstanding, par value \$1.00 per share.

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NORTHWAY FINANCIAL, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(Unaudited)

Three Months
Ended June 30,

Six Ende

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)	2003 2002		20
Interest and dividend income:			
Loans	\$7,215	\$6,885	\$14
Interest on debt securities:			
Taxable	803	712	1
Tax-exempt	101	79 63	
Dividends	0.0	0.5	
Federal funds sold		13	
Interest bearing deposits			
Total interest and dividend income		7,752	16,
Interest expense:			
Deposits		1,569	2,
Borrowed funds	796	653	1,
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in junior	252	0.6	
subordinated debentures		96	
Total interest expense		2,318	4,
Net interest and dividend income		5,434	11,
Provision for loan losses	220	225	
Net interest and dividend income after			
provision for loan losses		5 , 209	11,
Noninterest income:			
Service charges and fees on deposit accounts	432	367	
Securities gains, net	39	28	
Loan servicing income	59	74	
Other	449		
Total noninterest income	979	752	2,
Noninterest expense:			
Salaries and employee benefits	2,770	2,432	5,
Office occupancy and equipment	938	765	1,
Amortization of core deposit intangible	239	78	
Write-down of equity securities	41	_	
Other		1,285	2,
Total noninterest expense	5,464	4,560	10,
Income before income tax expense		1,401	2,
Income tax expense	464	479	
Net income	\$ 824	\$ 922	\$ 1,
Comprehensive net income	\$2,466		\$ 3,
Per share data:	======		===:
Earnings per common share	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.61	\$
Earnings per common share (assuming dilution)	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.61	\$
Cash dividends declared		\$ 0.17	\$
		1,515,797	1,507

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NORTHWAY FINANCIAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2003
	(Unaudited)
Assets:	
Cash and due from banks and interest bearing deposits	\$ 21,944
Federal funds sold	11,905
Securities available-for-sale	79,846
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	4,705
Federal Reserve Bank stock	365
Loans held-for-sale	1,133
Loans, net before allowance for loan losses	460,004
Less: allowance for loan losses	4 , 994
Loans, net	455 , 010
Other real estate owned	211
Premises and equipment, net	12,059
Core deposit intangible	4,380
Goodwill	10,152
Due from broker	2,170
Other assets	6,994
Total assets	\$ 610,874
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity: Liabilities	
	\$ 395 , 969
Interest bearing deposits Noninterest bearing deposits	70,269
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	7,028
Long-term Federal Home Loan Bank advances	67,000
Other liabilities	3,672
Total liabilities	543 , 938
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in junior	
subordinated debentures	20,000
Stockholders' equity	
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued Common stock, \$1 par value; 9,000,000 shares authorized; 1,731,969 issued at June 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002 and 1,504,574 outstanding	-
at June 30, 2003 and 1,516,574 outstanding at December 31, 2002	1,732
Surplus	2,088
Retained earnings	48,645
Treasury stock, at cost (227,395 and 215,395 shares, respectively)	(6,062)
Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss), net of tax	533
Total stockholders' equity	46,936

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

\$ 610,874 _____

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NORTHWAY FINANCIAL, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 1,63
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Provision for loan losses	44
Depreciation and amortization	1,19
Deferred income tax expense	
Write-down of equity securities	11
Gains on sales of securities available-for-sale, net	(23
Loss on disposal and write-down of premises and equipment	0.4
Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts on securities, net	26
Increase in unearned income, net	.2
Amortization of discount on loans acquired	5
Loss (gain) on sales of other real estate owned and other personal property, net	
Net decrease (increase) in loans held-for-sale	(46
Net change in other assets and other liabilities	1,21
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,26
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	4,12
Proceeds from maturities of securities available-for-sale	36,29
Purchase of securities available-for-sale	(28,60
Loan originations and principal collections, net	(18,87
Recoveries of previously charged-off loans	9
Proceeds from sales of and payments received on other real estate owned	1
Proceeds from sales of and payments received on other personal property	43
Additions to premises and equipment	(28
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,79
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Net decrease in deposits	(9,95
Advances from FHLB	28,00
Repayment of FHLB advances	(7,00
Net decrease in securities sold under agreements to repurchase Exercise of stock options	(1,22
Purchases of treasury stock	(35
Issuance of guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in junior subordinated debentures	
Cash dividends paid	(51
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	8,95
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,42
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	27,42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NORTHWAY FINANCIAL, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2003
(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Northway Financial, Inc. and its four wholly-owned subsidiaries, The Berlin City Bank, The Pemigewasset National Bank of Plymouth, the Northway Capital Trust I (an issuer of trust preferred securities) and the Northway Capital Trust II (also an issuer of trust preferred securities) (collectively, "the Company") included herein have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted in accordance with such rules and regulations. The Company, however, believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The amounts shown reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements for the periods reported.

The results of operations for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full year or any other interim periods. The interim financial statements are meant to be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements presented in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002.

In preparing financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the dates of the balance sheet and revenues and expenses for the reported periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to change relate to the determination of the allowance for loan losses.

The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by ${\tt GAAP}$.

2. Stock-Based Compensation

As of June 30, 2003, the Company has a stock-based employee compensation plan which is described more fully in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002. The Company accounts for this plan under the recognition and measurement principles of the Auditing Practice Board

\$33,84

\$ 4,50 ====== \$ 94 ====== \$ 4

\$ 43

("APB") Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations. No stock-based employee compensation cost is reflected in net income, as all options granted under this plan had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of the grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to stock-based employee compensation.

	Three Mo Ended Jun		Month
		2003	2002
Net income Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based methods	As reported	\$ 824	\$
awards, net of related tax effects		10	
	Pro forma	\$ 814	\$ ===
Earnings per common share	As reported Pro forma	\$0.55 \$0.54	\$ \$
Earnings per common share (assuming dilution)	As reported Pro forma	\$0.55 \$0.54	\$

3. Impact of New Accounting Standards.

SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, requires that goodwill no longer be amortized to earnings, but instead be reviewed for impairment. The amortization of goodwill ceased upon adoption of the statement, which for the Company was January 1, 2002. The effect of the adoption of SFAS No. 142 on the Company's consolidated financial statements is described below.

In October 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued SFAS No. 147, Acquisitions of Certain Financial Institutions, an Amendment of SFAS Nos. 72 and 144 and FASB Interpretation No. 9. SFAS No. 72, Accounting for Certain Acquisitions of Banking or Thrift Institutions and FASB Interpretation No. 9, Applying APB Opinions No. 16 and 17 When a Savings and Loan Association or a Similar Institution Is Acquired in a Business Combination Accounted for by the Purchase Method, provided interpretive guidance on the application of the purchase method to acquisitions of financial institutions. Except for transactions between two or more mutual enterprises, SFAS No. 147 removes acquisitions of financial institutions from the scope of both Statement 72 and Interpretation 9 and requires that those transactions be accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 141, Business Combinations and No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Thus, the requirement in paragraph 5 of Statement 72 to recognize (and subsequently amortize) any excess of the fair value of liabilities assumed over the fair value of tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired as an unidentifiable intangible asset no longer applies to acquisitions within the scope of SFAS No. 147. In addition, SFAS No. 147 amends SFAS No. 144 Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets to include in its scope long-term customer-relationship intangible assets of financial institutions such as depositor- and borrower-relationship intangible assets and credit cardholder intangible assets. Consequently, those intangible assets are subject to the same undiscounted cash flow recoverability test and

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impairment loss recognition and measurement provisions that SFAS No. 144 requires for other long-lived assets that are held and used.

Paragraph 5 of SFAS No. 147, which relates to the application of the purchase method of accounting, was effective for acquisitions for which the date of acquisition is on or after October 1, 2002. The provisions in paragraph 6 related to accounting for the impairment or disposal of certain long-term customer-relationship intangible assets were effective on October 1, 2002. Transition provisions for previously recognized unidentifiable intangible assets in paragraphs 8-14 were effective on October 1, 2002, with earlier application permitted.

In accordance with paragraph 9 of SFAS No. 147, the Company has reclassified, as of September 30, 2002 its recognized unidentifiable intangible asset related to branch acquisitions. This asset was reclassified as goodwill ("reclassified goodwill"). The amount reclassified was \$5,386,000, the carrying amount as of January 1, 2002. The reclassified goodwill is being accounted for and reported prospectively as goodwill under SFAS No. 142, with no amortization expense. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for the three- and six-months ended June 30, 2002 do not reflect amortization in the amount of \$86,000 and \$146,000, respectively, that would have been recorded if SFAS No. 147 had not been issued.

In accordance with SFAS No. 147 the Company tested its reclassified goodwill for impairment as of January 1, 2002 and December 31, 2002. The Company determined that its goodwill as of those dates was not impaired.

Also in accordance with paragraph 9 of SFAS No. 147, as of September 30, 2002, the Company reclassified its core deposit intangible ("CDI") asset and accounted for it as an asset apart from the unidentifiable intangible asset and not as goodwill. CDI is amortized over the expected life of the acquired deposits and is tested annually for impairment. As of December 31, 2002, the Company tested its CDI asset for impairment and determined that as of that date it was not impaired.

The effect of the Company's adoption of SFAS No. 147 was to increase net income for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2002 by \$53,000 and \$89,000, respectively.

In May 2003, FASB issued SFAS No. 150 Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity. This statement establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. SFAS No. 150 will require the Company to reclassify on its balance sheet the line item "Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in junior subordinated debentures" in the amount of \$20,000,000. At present, this line item is presented between the liabilities section and the equity section of the Company's balance sheet. SFAS No. 150, which is effective for the Company for the quarter ending September 30, 2003, will require that the line item be reclassified as a liability. FASB expects to require additional disclosures in connection with SFAS No. 150 but the disclosure requirements are not yet finalized.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

The following discussion and analysis and the related condensed consolidated financial statements relate to Northway Financial, Inc. and its four wholly-owned subsidiaries, The Berlin City Bank, The Pemigewasset National Bank of Plymouth, Northway Capital Trust I and Northway Capital Trust II (collectively, the "Company").

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Form 10-Q are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of the words "expect," "believe," "estimate," "will" and other expressions which predict or indicate future trends and which do not relate to historical matters. Forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, projections of revenue, income or loss, plans for future operations, including in new markets, and acquisitions, and plans related to products or services of the Company. Such forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as the result of, among other factors, changes in interest rates, changes in the securities or financial markets, a deterioration in general economic conditions on a national basis or in the local markets in which the Company operates, including changes in local business conditions resulting in rising unemployment and other circumstances which adversely affect borrowers' ability to service and repay our loans, changes in loan defaults and charge-off rates, reduction in deposit levels necessitating increased borrowing to fund loans and investments, the passing of adverse government regulation, changes in assumptions used in making such forward-looking statements, as well as those factors set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2002, and in the Company's other filings with the Securities & Exchange Commission. These forward-looking statements were based on information, plans and estimates at the date of this report, and the Company does not promise to update any forward-looking statements to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, new information, future events or other changes.

Financial Condition

The Company's total assets at June 30, 2003 were \$610,874,000 compared to \$598,318,000 at December 31, 2002, an increase of \$12,556,000. Net loans, including loans held-for-sale, increased \$18,242,000 to \$456,143,000. The increase in net loans was due to increases in all loan categories. Cash and cash equivalents increased \$6,423,000 to \$33,849,000, compared to \$27,426,000 at December 31, 2002, due primarily to an increase in both cash and Federal Reserve Bank uncollected funds. This was partially offset by a decrease in securities available-for-sale of \$11,551,000 to \$79,846,000 due primarily to lower US Treasury and Government Agency securities and mortgage-backed security balances partially offset by corporate and municipal security purchases.

Deposits decreased \$9,956,000 from December 31, 2002 due a decrease in DDA, money market, savings and time deposits which was partially offset by an increase in NOW account balances. Long-term Federal Home Loan Bank advances increased \$21,000,000 to \$67,000,000 from December 31, 2002 due to twelve new advances, totaling \$28,000,000, during the year ranging in term from two years to seven years with an average interest rate of 2.74% which was partially offset by the maturity of \$7,000,000 in advances. Total stockholders' equity increased \$2,670,000 to \$46,936,000 at June 30, 2003 from \$44,266,000 at December 31, 2002 due primarily to net income of \$1,635,000 and an increase in accumulated other comprehensive gain of \$1,899,000 which was partially offset by dividends paid of \$513,000 and an increase in treasury stock of \$351,000. At June 30, 2003, unrealized equity security losses of \$436,000 are included in accumulated other comprehensive gain, net of tax. Management does not consider the underlying equity securities to be other than temporarily impaired.

The Company maintains an allowance for loan losses to absorb charge-offs of loans in the existing portfolio. The allowance is increased when a loan loss provision is recorded as an expense. When a loan, or portion thereof, is considered uncollectible, it is charged against this allowance.

Recoveries of amounts previously charged-off are added to the allowance when collected. At June 30, 2003 the allowance for loan losses was \$4,994,000, or 1.09% of total loans, compared to \$4,920,000, or 1.11% of total loans at December 31, 2002. The allowance for loan losses is based on an evaluation by each bank's management and Board of Directors of current and anticipated economic conditions, changes in the diversification, size and risk within the loan portfolio, and other factors. The composition of the allowance for loan losses for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003 and 2002 is as follows:

	Three Mo: Ended Jun		Six Mo Ended Ju	
(Dollars in thousands)	2003	2002	2003	2002
Balance at beginning of period	\$4,983	\$4 , 712	\$4 , 920	\$4,642
Charge-offs Recoveries	(258) 49	(112) 45	(464) 93	(/
Net charge-offs Provision for loan losses	(209) 220	· · /	(371) 445	(222) 450
Balance at end of period	\$4,994 =======	•	\$4,994 =======	

Nonperforming loans totaled \$3,886,000 as of June 30, 2003, compared to \$3,619,000 at December 31, 2002. The ratio of nonperforming loans to loans net of unearned income was 0.84% as of June 30, 2003 compared to 0.82% at December 31, 2002. Nonperforming assets, which include nonperforming loans, other real estate owned and other chattels owned, totaled \$4,190,000 as of June 30, 2003, compared to \$3,892,000 at December 31, 2002. The ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets was 0.68% as of June 30, 2003 compared to 0.65% at December 31, 2002.

Results of Operations

The Company reported net income of \$824,000, or \$0.55 per common share, for the three months ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$922,000, or \$0.61 per common share, for the three months ended June 30, 2002. The decline in net income for the quarter is due primarily to a 19.8% increase in operating expenses primarily related to the 2002 fourth quarter branch acquisitions by the Company's subsidiary Pemigewasset National Bank, staff additions to support current loan demand, and the phase-in costs associated with the implementation of bank-wide re-engineering and new technology initiatives. This was partially offset by a 10.3% increase in net interest income and a 30.2% increase in noninterest income. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2003 was \$1,635,000, or \$1.09 per common share, compared to \$2,041,000, or \$1.35 per common share, for the six months ended June 30, 2002. As with the quarter, year-to-date income has been impacted by an increase in noninterest expense partially offset by improved net interest income and noninterest income.

Net interest and dividend income for the second quarter increased \$559,000 to \$5,993,000 compared to \$5,434,000 for the second quarter of 2002. For the six months ended June 30, 2003 net interest and dividend income increased \$1,048,000, or 9.8%, to \$11,801,000 compared to \$10,753,000 for the same period of the prior year due primarily to an increase in average earning assets of \$80,728,000 partially offset by a decrease in the net interest margin of 0.30%.

The provision for loan losses decreased \$5,000 to \$220,000 for the second quarter of 2003 compared to \$225,000 for the second quarter of 2002. In

addition, the provision decreased \$5,000 to \$445,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 compared to \$450,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2002. The provision for loan losses is based upon a review of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses, which is conducted on a quarterly basis. This review is based upon many factors including the risk characteristics of the portfolio, trends in loan delinquencies, and an assessment of existing economic conditions. In addition, various regulatory agencies, as part of their examination process, review the Banks' allowances for loan losses and such review may result in changes to the allowance based on judgments different from those of management.

Noninterest income increased \$227,000 to \$979,000 in the second quarter of 2003 compared to \$752,000 in the second quarter of 2002. Service charges and fees on deposit accounts increased \$65,000 due to increases in overdraft fee income and service charge income resulting from the branch acquisitions in the fourth quarter 2002, as well as increases in income from existing branches. Other noninterest income increased \$166,000 due primarily to increases in gains on sales of loans, debit card fee income, and a valuation adjustment on split dollar life insurance. For the six months ended June 30, 2003 noninterest income increased \$317,000, or 18.6%, to \$2,021,000 compared to \$1,704,000 for the same period of the prior year. The increase was primarily the result of increases in service charges on deposit accounts and overdraft fees, debit card fee income, gain on sale of loans, and a valuation adjustment on split dollar life insurance. This was partially offset by decreases in gains on sale of securities, loan servicing income and extension fees associated with our skip-a-payment program for indirect auto loans.

Noninterest expense increased \$904,000 to \$5,464,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, compared to the \$4,560,000 recorded during the same period last year. Noninterest expense increased \$1,922,000, or 21.6%, to \$10,811,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003, compared to \$8,889,000 for the same period last year.

As a result of the branch acquisitions in the fourth quarter of 2002, the Company recognized increases in salaries, lease expense, energy expense, postage and the amortization of core deposit intangibles. In addition, due to staff additions to support current loan demand and phase-in costs associated with the implementation of bank-wide re-engineering and new technology initiatives, the Company recognized increases in salaries, professional fees, and courier, telephone and depreciation expense. These increases have impacted both the quarter and year-to-date noninterest expense.

Additionally, the second quarter and year-to-date noninterest expense was impacted by an increase in legal expense due primarily to the review of new disclosure requirements and our consumer loan documentation. In addition, during the second quarter, the Company recognized an expense to record a provision for losses related to unfunded loan commitments such as unused lines of credits and unused portions of home-equity loans. Management will review this provision quarterly and adjustments to expense will be made as appropriate.

During the second quarter of 2003, the Company recorded a \$41,000 write-down of equity securities. Year-to-date, the Company has recorded write-downs of equity securities totaling \$119,000. These write-downs were due to the continued sustained overall weakness in the equity market as well as significant declines in certain sectors and specific companies within those sectors whereby the Company determined, through evaluations described below, that the market values of certain of its marketable equity securities were other than temporarily impaired. If a decline in the fair value below the adjusted cost basis of an investment is judged to be other than temporary, the cost basis of the investment is written down to fair value and the amount of the write-down is included in noninterest expense.

Income Tax Expense

The Company recognized income tax expense of \$931,000 and \$1,077,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The effective tax rates were 36.3% and 34.5% for those respective periods.

Liquidity

Liquidity risk management refers to the Company's ability to raise funds in order to meet existing and anticipated financial obligations. These obligations to make payment include withdrawal of deposits on demand or at their contractual maturity, the repayment of borrowings as they mature, funding new and existing loan commitments as well as new business opportunities. Liquidity may be provided through amortization, maturity or sale of assets such as loans and securities available-for-sale, liability sources such as increased deposits, utilization of the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") credit facility, purchased or other borrowed funds, and access to the capital markets. Liquidity targets are subject to change based on economic and market conditions and are controlled and monitored by the Company's Asset/Liability Committee.

At the subsidiary bank level, liquidity is managed by measuring the net amount of marketable assets, after deducting pledged assets, plus lines of credit, primarily with the FHLB, that are available to fund liquidity requirements. Management then measures the adequacy of that aggregate amount relative to the aggregate amount of liabilities deemed to be sensitive or volatile. These include core deposits in excess of \$100,000, term deposits with short maturities, and credit commitments outstanding.

Additionally, Northway Financial, Inc. requires cash for various operating needs, including dividends to shareholders, the stock repurchase program, capital injections to the subsidiary banks, and the payment of general corporate expenses. The primary sources of liquidity for Northway Financial, Inc. are dividends from its subsidiary banks.

Management believes that the Company's current level of liquidity and funds available from outside sources is sufficient to meet the Company's needs.

Capital

The Company's Tier 1 and Total Risk Based Capital ratios were 8.71% and 11.96%, respectively, at June 30, 2003. The Company's Tier 1 leverage ratio at June 30, 2003 was 6.88%. As of June 30, 2003, the capital ratios of the Company and the subsidiary banks exceeded the minimum capital ratio requirements of the "well-capitalized" category under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Since December 31, 2002, there have been no material changes in the Company's quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk. A fuller description of the quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk was provided by the Company on pages 11 through 22 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

As required by new Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, within the 90 days prior to the date of this report, the Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the

Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. In connection with the new rules, the Company currently is in the process of further reviewing and documenting its disclosure controls and procedures, including its internal controls and procedures for financial reporting, and may from time to time make changes aimed at enhancing their effectiveness and to ensure that its systems evolve with its business.

(b) Changes in internal controls.
None.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

- Item 1. Legal Proceedings None
- Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds- None
- Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities None
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

The Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on May 27, 2003. At the Annual Meeting, the stockholders elected Frederick C. Anderson, Charles H. Clifford, Jr., John D. Morris and Brien L. Ward to three-year terms as directors. Each of these directors' terms will expire at the 2006 annual meeting. The final vote for each of these elected directors is as follows:

	For	Withheld
Frederick C. Anderson	1,218,842	51,403
Charles H. Clifford, Jr.	1,221,054	49,191
John D. Morris	1,221,110	49,135
Brien L. Ward	1,218,558	51,687

The directors continuing in office are Fletcher W. Adams, Arnold P. Hanson, Jr., John H. Noyes, William J. Woodward, Stephen G. Boucher, Barry J. Kelley and Randall G. Labnon.

Item 5. Other Information - None

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
11	Computation of per share earnings(1)
99.1	Certification of CEO Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act(1)
99.2	Certification of CFO Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act(1)
99.3	Certification of CEO Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act(1)

- 99.4 Certification of CFO Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act(1)
- (1) Filed herewith.
- (b) Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 14, 2003.

Item reported: Earnings announcement for first quarter ending March 31, 2003.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NORTHWAY FINANCIAL, INC.

August 6, 200	3 BY:	/S/ William J. Woodward
		William J. Woodward President & CEO (Principal Executive Officer)
August 6, 200	3 BY:	/S/ Richard P. Orsillo
		Richard P. Orsillo Senior Vice President & CFO (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

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(1) Filed herewith.