

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORP
Form 6-K
May 17, 2004

FORM 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Report of Foreign Issuer
Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16
under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the period ended March 31, 2004

Commission File Number: 001-12033

Nymox Pharmaceutical Corporation

9900 Cavendish Blvd., St. Laurent, QC, Canada, H4M 2V2

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No

If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):

82-_____

CORPORATE PROFILE

Nymox Pharmaceutical Corporation is a biopharmaceutical company with three unique proprietary products on the market, and a significant R&D pipeline of drug products in development. Nymox is a leader in the research and development of products for the diagnosis and treatment of Alzheimer's disease, an affliction of more than 15 million people around the world. Nymox developed and is currently offering its AlzheimerAlert test, a nationally certified clinical reference laboratory urinary test that is the world's only accurate, non-invasive aid in the diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease. Nymox also developed and markets NicAlert and TobacAlert; tests that use urine or saliva to detect use of and exposure to tobacco products. NicAlert has received clearance from the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). TobacAlert is the first test of its kind to accurately measure second hand smoke exposure in individuals.

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Nymox also is developing drug treatments aimed at the causes of Alzheimer's disease. One program targets spherons, which Nymox researchers believe are a source of the senile plaques found in the brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease. Another distinct program targets the brain protein (neural thread protein) detected by its AlzheimerAlert test and implicated in widespread brain cell death seen in Alzheimer's disease. Nymox has been issued an important U.S. patent for the use of statin drugs for the treatment and prevention of Alzheimer's disease. Nymox is developing new antibacterial agents for the treatment of urinary tract and other bacterial infections in humans and for the treatment of E. coli O157:H7 contamination in meat and other food and drink products. Nymox is developing NX-1207, a novel treatment for benign prostatic hyperplasia. NX-1207 is currently in Phase 2 human testing in the US. Nymox also has several other drug candidates and diagnostic technologies in development.

MESSAGE TO SHAREHOLDERS

Nymox is pleased to present its financial statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2004.

On January 26, Nymox reported that the Company had concluded the first two Phase 1 and Phase 1-2 U.S. clinical trials of NX-1207, the Company's investigational new drug for benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). The studies confirmed the good safety profile of NX-1207.

On February 18, Nymox announced that it had filed a Premarket Approval application (PMA) with the FDA for the Company's Alzheimer urine test (AlzheimAlert).

On March 11, Nymox announced publication of new results supporting neural thread protein (NTP), the Company's Alzheimer's disease (AD) protein biomarker. The abstract of the new study, authored by Dr. Suzanne M. de la Monte and Dr Jack R. Wands of Brown Medical School, is available online at the *Journal of Alzheimer's Disease* website at http://www.j-alz.com/vol6_number3.htm. The prestigious *Journal of Alzheimer's Disease* is an international multidisciplinary journal on the etiology, pathogenesis, epidemiology, genetics, behavior, treatment and psychology of Alzheimer's disease.

On March 17, Nymox announced that NXC-4720, its product for E.coli O157:H7 meat contamination, has made further milestones in product development. NXC-4720 has shown impressive efficacy in further independent testing protocols. NXC-4720 will be used in more advanced field trials.

Nymox holds U.S. and global patent rights for the use of statins for the prevention and treatment of AD. Patients taking cholesterol lowering statin drugs had a 39% lower risk of acquiring Alzheimer's disease (AD) according to a study published in *Neuroepidemiology* (Zamrini E, McGwin G, Roseman JM; Association between statin use and Alzheimer's disease, 2004 Jan-Apr;23:94-8). The study by a team of researchers at the School of Medicine, University of Alabama at Birmingham examined the medical records of over 3,300 patients at a Veterans Affairs Medical Center over a four year period. The study found a statistically significant reduction in AD risk in statin users.

Lowering cholesterol may reduce the risk of acquiring Alzheimer's disease (AD) according to scientific and clinical studies in this area published in the January 8th issue of *Neuron* (*Neuron* 2004; 41:7-10). The review states that studies indicate that there is up to a 70% lower prevalence and incidence of AD in subjects taking statins.

We wish to thank our over 4,000 shareholders for their valued strong support. Nymox is confident that it will meet or surpass its significant milestones, and we welcome the important challenges ahead.

/s/ Paul Averbach, MD

Paul Averbach MD
President

May 14, 2004

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
(in US dollars)

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Overview

The business activities of the Company since inception have been devoted principally to research and development. Accordingly, the Company has had limited revenues from sales and has not been profitable to date. We refer to the Corporate Profile for a discussion of the Company's research and development projects and its product pipeline. We refer to the Risk Factors section of our 20F filed on EDGAR for a discussion of the management and investment issues that affect the Company and our industry.

Critical Accounting Policies

In December 2001, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) released Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies. According to the SEC release, accounting policies are among the most critical if they are, in management's view, most important to the portrayal of the company's financial condition and most demanding on their calls for judgement.

Our accounting policies are described in the notes to our annual audited consolidated financial statements. We consider the following policies to be the most critical in understanding the judgements that are involved in preparing our financial statements and the matters that could impact our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Revenue Recognition

The Company has generally derived its revenue from product sales, research contracts, license fees and interest. Revenue from product sales is recognized when the product or service has been delivered or obligations as defined in the agreement are performed. Revenue from research contracts is recognized at the time research activities are performed under the agreement. Revenue from license fees, royalties and milestone payments is recognized upon the fulfillment of all obligations under the terms of the related agreement. These agreements may include upfront payments to be received by the Corporation. Upfront payments are recognized as revenue on a systematic basis over the period that the related services or obligations as defined in the agreement are performed. Interest is recognized on an accrual basis. Deferred revenue presented in the balance sheet represents amounts billed to and received from customers in advance of revenue recognition.

The Company currently markets AlzheimerAlert as a service provided by our CLIA certified reference laboratory in New Jersey. Physicians send urine samples taken from their patients to our laboratory where the AlzheimerAlert test is performed. The results are then reported back to the physicians. We recognize the revenues when the test has been performed. The Company sometimes enters into bulk sales of its diagnostic services to customers under which it has a future obligation to perform related testing services at its laboratory. Although the Company receives non-refundable upfront payments under these agreements, revenue is recognized in the period that the Company fulfils its obligation or over the term of the arrangement. For research contracts and licensing revenues, the Company usually enters into an agreement specifying the terms and obligations of the parties. Revenues from these sources are only recognized when there are no longer any obligations to be performed by the Company under the terms of the agreement.

Valuation of Capital Assets

The Company reviews the unamortized balance of property and equipment, intellectual property rights and patents on an annual basis and recognizes any impairment in carrying value when it is identified. Factors we consider important, which could trigger an impairment review

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include:

Significant changes in the manner of our use of the acquired assets or the strategy for our overall business; and

Significant negative industry or economic trends.

Valuation of Future Income Tax Assets

Management judgement is required in determining the valuation allowance recorded against net future tax assets. We have recorded a valuation allowance of \$9.4 million as of December 31, 2003, due to uncertainties related to our ability to utilize some of our future tax assets, primarily consisting of net operating losses carried forward and other unclaimed deductions, before they expire. In assessing the realizability of future tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the future tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of future tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income and tax planning strategies. The generation of future taxable income is dependent on the successful commercialization of its products and technologies.

New Accounting Policies

Refer to note 1(h) to the interim consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31	2004	2003	2002
Total Revenues	\$ 58,255	\$ 33,544	\$ 62,305
Net Loss	\$ (963,782)	\$ (928,490)	\$ (883,017)
Loss per share (basic & diluted)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Total Assets	\$ 3,875,755	\$ 4,310,604	\$ 4,747,765

Quarterly Results	Q1 2004	Q4 2003	Q3 2003	Q2 2003
Total Revenues	\$ 58,255	\$ 31,991	\$ 58,356	\$ 75,326
Net Loss	\$ (963,782)	\$ (1,465,157)	\$ (847,163)	\$ (1,122,889)
Loss per share (basic & diluted)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.05)

Quarterly Results	Q1 2004	Q4 2003	Q3 2003	Q2 2003
Total Revenues	\$ 33,544	\$ 50,058	\$ 70,841	\$ 172,958
Net Loss	\$ (928,490)	\$ (895,743)	\$ (799,681)	\$ (843,578)
Loss per share (basic & diluted)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)

Results of Operations – Q1 2004 compared to Q1 2003

Net losses were \$963,782, or \$0.04 per share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, compared to \$928,490, or \$0.04 per share, for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. The weighted, diluted, average number of common shares outstanding for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 were 24,923,234 compared to 23,389,009 for the same period in 2003.

Revenues

Revenues from sales amounted to \$58,255 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, compared with \$33,544 for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. Higher sales of NicAlert and TobacAlert (increase 84%) accounted for the increase in the first quarter of 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. The Company expects that revenues will increase if and when product candidates pass clinical trials and are launched on the market.

Research and Development

Research and development expenditures remained constant at \$526,003 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, compared with \$528,563 for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. In 2004, research tax credits amounted to \$4,988 compared to \$3,558 in 2003. The rise is due to an increase in the expenses admissible for government tax credits. The Company expects that research and development expenditures will decrease as product candidates finish development and clinical trials.

Marketing Expenses

Marketing expenditures were \$61,779 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, in comparison to expenditures of \$47,757 for the quarter ended March 31, 2003. Increased marketing of our products accounts for the rise in expenditures. The Company expects that marketing expenditures will increase if and when new products are launched on the market.

Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses amounted to \$287,573 for the quarter ended March 31, 2004, compared with \$263,253 in the quarter ended March 31, 2003, due to higher professional fees. The Company expects that general and administrative expenditures will increase as new product development leads to expanded operations.

Foreign Exchange

The Company incurs expenses in the local currency of the countries in which it operates, which include the United States and Canada. Approximately 75% of 2004 expenses (70% in 2003) were in U.S. dollars. Foreign exchange fluctuations had no meaningful impact on the Company's results in 2004 or 2003.

Inflation

The Company does not believe that inflation has had a significant impact on its results of operations.

Long-Term Commitments

Nymox has no financial obligations of significance other than long-term lease commitments for its premises in the United States and Canada of \$17,099 per month and ongoing research funding payments to a U.S. medical facility totaling \$229,750 in 2004.

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Contractual Obligations	Total	Current	1-3 years	4-5 years
Rent	\$ 291,034	\$ 205,193	\$ 85,841	\$ 0
Operating Leases	\$ 31,666	\$ 10,029	\$ 21,637	\$ 0
Other Long Term Obligations	\$ 229,750	\$ 229,750	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 552,450	\$ 444,972	\$ 107,478	\$ 0

Results of Operations Q1 2003 compared to Q1 2002

Net losses for the three month period ended March 31, 2003 were \$928,490, or \$0.04 per share, compared to \$883,017, or \$0.04 per share, for the same period in 2002. The weighted, diluted, average number of common shares outstanding for the three months ending March 31, 2003 were 23,389,009 compared to 22,617,062 for the same period in 2002.

Revenues

Revenues from sales amounted to \$33,544 for the three months ended March 31, 2003, compared with \$62,305 for the same period in 2002 due to lower revenues recognized for AlzheimerAlert in 2003 (see Deferred Revenue \$55,930).

Research and Development

Research and development expenditures remained constant at \$528,563 for the three months ended March 31, 2003, compared with \$534,890 for the same period in 2002. During the first three months of 2003, research tax credits amounted to \$3,558 compared to \$5,881 for the same period in 2002.

Marketing Expenses

Marketing expenditures decreased to \$47,757 for the three months ended March 31, 2003, in comparison to expenditures of \$84,482 for the same period in 2002. The decrease is attributable to reduced costs relating to marketing agreements.

Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased to \$263,253 for the three months ended March 31, 2003, compared with \$196,248 for the same period in 2002, due to higher professional fees.

Financial Position

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2004, cash totaled \$378,102 and receivables including tax credits totaled \$69,568. In August 2003, the Corporation signed a new common stock private purchase agreement, whereby an investor is committed to purchase up to \$12 million of the Corporation's common shares over a twenty-four month period commencing August 25, 2003. As at March 31, 2004, six drawings were made under this purchase agreement, for total proceeds of \$2,730,000. Specifically, on September 30, 2003, 204,918 common shares were issued at a price of \$2.44 per share. On October 21, 2003, 182,203 common shares were issued at a price of \$2.36 per share. On December 8, 2003, 106,383 common shares

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were issued at a price of \$2.82 per share. On December 22, 2003, 109,091 common shares were issued at a price of \$2.75 per share. On January 14, 2004, 102,041 common shares were issued at a price of \$3.92 per share. On February 27, 2004, 69,284 common shares were issued at a price of \$4.33 per share. On March 10, 2004, 100,402 common shares were issued at a price of \$4.98 per share. The Company can draw down a further \$9,270,000 over the remaining 16 months under the agreement. The Company intends to access financing under this agreement when appropriate to fund its research and development. The Company believes that funds from operations as well as from existing financing agreements will be sufficient to meet the Company's cash requirements for the next twelve months.

This message contains certain forward-looking statements as defined in the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate and the actual results and future events could differ materially from management's current expectations. Such factors are detailed from time to time in Nymox's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory authorities.

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Consolidated Financial Statements of
(Unaudited)

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002

Financial Statements

Consolidated Balance Sheets	1
Consolidated Statements of Operations	2
Consolidated Statements of Deficit	3
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

March 31, 2004, with comparative figures as at December 31, 2003 (in US dollars)

**March 31,
2004**

**December 31,
2003**

Assets

Financial Position

Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 378,102	\$ 605,603
Accounts receivable	31,561	27,503
Research tax credits receivable	38,007	33,019
Inventories	53,055	66,547
Prepaid expenses and deposits	17,500	15,000
	518,225	747,672
Long-term security deposit	--	17,500
Long-term receivables	70,000	70,000
Property and equipment	135,188	133,161
Patents and intellectual property	3,152,342	3,034,529
	\$ 3,875,755	\$ 4,002,862

Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 915,836	1,218,234
Notes payable	500,000	500,000
Deferred revenue	5,930	5,930
	1,421,766	1,724,164
Non-controlling interest	800,000	800,000
Shareholders' equity:		
Share capital (note 2)	34,080,354	32,503,600
Warrants and options	58,064	336,438
Additional paid-in capital	543,072	85,200
Deficit	(33,027,501)	(31,446,540)
	1,653,989	1,478,698
Contingencies (note 6)		
Subsequent event (note 7)		
	\$ 3,875,755	\$ 4,002,862

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

Financial Position

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Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

	2004	2003	2002
Revenue:			
Sales	\$ 58,255	\$ 33,544	\$ 62,305
Interest	--	483	2,632
	58,255	34,027	64,937
Expenses:			
Research and development	526,003	528,563	534,890
Less investment tax credits	(4,988)	(3,558)	(5,881)
	521,015	525,005	529,009
General and administrative	287,573	263,253	196,248
Marketing	61,779	47,757	84,482
Cost of sales	39,138	23,074	19,601
Depreciation and amortization	102,587	97,686	94,414
Interest and bank charges	9,945	5,742	24,200
	1,022,037	962,517	947,954
Net loss	\$ (963,782)	\$ (928,490)	\$ (883,017)
Loss per share (basic and diluted) (note 3)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:			
Basic	24,552,373	23,205,916	22,380,572
Plus impact of stock options and warrants	370,861	183,093	236,490
Diluted	24,923,234	23,389,009	22,617,062

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Deficit
(Unaudited)

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Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

	2004	2003	2002
Deficit, beginning of period:			
As previously reported	\$ (31,326,826)	\$ (26,742,308)	\$ (23,153,447)
Adjustment to reflect change in accounting policy for employee stock options (note 1 (b) (i))	(548,164)	--	--
Adjustment to reflect change in accounting policy for amortization of patents (note 1 (b) (ii))	(119,714)	(129,125)	(138,536)
Deficit, restated	(31,994,704)	(26,871,433)	(23,291,983)
Net loss	(963,782)	(928,490)	(883,017)
Share issue costs	(69,015)	(77,513)	(15,000)
Deficit, end of period	\$ (33,027,501)	\$ (27,877,436)	\$ (24,190,000)

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 (in US dollars)

	2004	2003	2002
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$ (963,782)	\$ (928,490)	\$ (883,017)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization	102,588	97,686	94,414

Write-down of deferred share issue costs	--	--	35,398
Stock-based compensation	4,055	--	--
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	(282,952)	(316,968)	201,804
	(1,140,091)	(1,147,772)	(551,401)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of share capital	1,204,033	1,606,000	1,119,000
Share issue costs	(69,015)	(77,513)	(15,000)
Repayment of notes payable	--	(322,437)	--
	1,135,018	1,206,050	1,104,000
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Additions to property and equipment, patents and intellectual property	(222,428)	(19,101)	(98,036)
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(227,501)	39,177	454,563
Cash, beginning of period	605,603	660,629	488,987
Cash, end of period	\$ 378,102	\$ 699,806	\$ 943,550
Supplemental disclosure to statements of cash flows:			
(a) Interest paid	\$ 9,945	\$ 5,742	\$ 2,278
(b) Non-cash transaction:			
Acquisition of Serex, Inc. by issuance of common shares	--	--	3,098

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

Nymox Pharmaceutical Corporation (the Corporation), incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act, including its subsidiaries, Nymox Corporation, a Delaware Corporation, and Serex Inc. of New Jersey, is a biopharmaceutical corporation which specializes in the research and development of products for the diagnosis and treatment of Alzheimer's disease. The Corporation is currently marketing AlzheimerAlert, a urinary test that aids physicians in the diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease. The Corporation also markets NicAlert and TobacAlert, tests that use urine or saliva to detect use of tobacco products. The Corporation is also developing

therapeutics for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease, new treatments for benign prostate hyperplasia, and new anti-bacterial agents for the treatment of urinary tract and other bacterial infections in humans, including a treatment for E-coli 0157:H7 bacterial contamination in meat and other food and drink products.

Since 1989, the Corporation's activities and resources have been primarily focused on developing certain pharmaceutical technologies. The Corporation is subject to a number of risks, including the successful development and marketing of its technologies. In order to achieve its business plan and the realization of its assets and liabilities in the normal course of operations, the Corporation anticipates the need to raise additional capital and/or achieve sales and other revenue generating activities. Management believes that funds from operations as well as existing financing facilities will be sufficient to meet the Corporation's requirements for the next year.

The Corporation is listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market.

1. Basis of presentation:

(a) Interim financial statements:

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared under Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. The unaudited consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2004 and the unaudited consolidated statements of operations, deficit and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results of the interim periods presented. The results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. The interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as described in note 2 of the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2003, except as described below. The interim consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements of the Corporation as at and for the year ended December 31, 2003.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

1. Basis of presentation (continued):

(b) Changes in accounting policies:

(i) Stock-based compensation:

Prior to January 1, 2004, the Corporation applied the fair value based method of accounting prescribed by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA) only to stock-based payments to non-employees, employee awards that were direct awards of stock, call for settlement in cash or other assets, and to employee stock appreciation rights; the Corporation applied the settlement method of accounting to employee stock options. Under the settlement method, any consideration paid by employees on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital and no compensation cost is recognized.

The CICA has amended Handbook Section 3870, *Stock-based Compensation and Other Stock-based Payments*, to require entities to account for employee stock options using the fair value based method, beginning January 1, 2004. Under the fair value based method, compensation cost is measured at fair value at the date of grant and is expensed over the award's vesting period. In accordance with one of the transitional options permitted under amended Section 3870, the Corporation has retroactively applied the fair value based method to all employee stock options granted on or after January 1, 2002 without restatement of prior periods. The cumulative effect of the change in accounting policy of \$548,164 has been

recorded as an increase in the opening deficit and additional paid-in capital at January 1, 2004.

(ii) Amortization of patents:

The Corporation has amended its method of amortizing patent costs to be consistent with the treatment followed by the Corporation under United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Certain patents were initially amortized by the Corporation commencing in the year of commercialization of the developed products for Canadian GAAP purposes. The Corporation now amortizes all patents over the legal life of the patents from the date the patent is secured. This change has been applied retroactively and has decreased amounts previously reported for patents and intellectual property on the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2003 by \$119,714 and increased the accumulated deficit at December 31, 2003 by \$119,714. The change did not have a material impact on the statements of operations for the periods presented.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

1. Basis of presentation (continued):

(b) Changes in accounting policies (continued):

(iii) Impairment and disposal of long-lived assets:

In December 2002, the CICA issued Handbook Section 3063, *Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* and revised Section 3475, *Disposal of Long-Lived Assets and Discontinued Operations*. Together, these two sections supersede the write-down and disposal provisions of Section 3061, *Property, Plant and Equipment* as well as Section 3475, *Discontinued Operations*.

Section 3063 amends existing guidance on long-lived asset impairment measurement and establishes standards for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of the impairment of long-lived assets held for use by the Corporation. It requires that an impairment loss be recognized for long-lived assets, consisting of property and equipment and intangible assets with definite useful lives, when the carrying amount of an asset to be held and used exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected from its use and disposal; the impairment recognized is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the net asset exceeds its fair value. Section 3475 provides a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale. Section 3475 provides specified criteria for classifying an asset as held-for-sale and requires assets classified as held-for-sale to be measured at the lower of their carrying amounts or fair value, less costs to sell. Section 3475 also broadens the scope of businesses that qualify for reporting as discontinued operations to include any disposals of a component of an entity, which comprises operations and cash flows that can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Corporation and changes the timing of recognizing losses on such operations.

On January 1, 2004, the Corporation adopted Section 3063 on the impairment of long-lived assets held for use and the revised standards contained in Section 3475 on disposal of long-lived assets and discontinued operations. There was no impact on the Corporation's financial statements as a result of adopting these recommendations.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

2. Share capital:

(a) Share capital transactions during the period were as follows:

	Number		Dollars
Balance, December 31, 2003 (audited)	24,401,159	\$	32,503,600
Issued for cash pursuant to common stock private purchase agreement (i)	268,727		1,200,000
Issued pursuant to the exercise of warrants:			
For cash	1,090		4,033
Ascribed value from other capital and cashless exercise (ii)	21,271		372,721
Balance, March 31, 2004 (unaudited)	24,692,247	\$	34,080,354

(i) Common Stock Private Purchase Agreement:

In August 2003, the Corporation entered into a Common Stock Private Purchase Agreement with an investment company (the Purchaser) that establishes the terms and conditions for the purchase of common shares by the Purchaser. In general, the Corporation can, at its discretion, require the Purchaser to purchase up to \$12 million of common shares over a twenty-four-month period based on notices given by the Corporation.

The number of shares to be issued in connection with each notice shall be equal to the amount specified in the notice divided by 97% of the average price of the Corporation's common shares for the five days preceding the giving of the notice. The maximum amount of each notice is \$500,000 and the minimum amount is \$150,000. The Corporation may terminate the agreement before the 24-month term if it has issued at least \$8 million of common shares under the agreement.

In the period ended March 31, 2004, the Corporation issued 268,727 common shares to the Purchaser for aggregate proceeds of \$1,200,000 under the agreement. At March 31, 2004, the Corporation can require the Purchaser to purchase up to \$9,270,000 of common shares over the remaining 16 months of the agreement.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

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Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

2. Share capital (continued):

(a) Share capital transactions during the period were as follows (continued):

(ii) Exercise of warrants:

In the period ended March 31, 2004, the Corporation issued 1,090 common shares upon the exercise of 1,090 Series J warrants. In addition, the Corporation issued 16,953 common shares pursuant to a cashless exercise of 109,879 Series G warrants and 4,318 common shares pursuant to a cashless exercise of 20,803 Series J warrants. The value credited to share capital of \$372,721 represents the ascribed value of \$278,374 of the warrants exercised previously recorded by the Corporation on the consolidated balance sheet, as well as the fair value of \$94,347 of the 21,271 common shares issued to the warrant holders upon exercise.

The fair value of the common shares issued to settle the exercise of the warrants was recorded as an increase to additional paid-in capital.

(b) Warrants and options:

Changes in outstanding warrants and options during the period were as follows:

	Warrants	Options
Outstanding warrants and options, December 31, 2003	611,860	2,130,500
Exercised	(131,772)	--
Expired	(93,334)	--
Outstanding warrants and options, March 31, 2004	386,754	2,130,500

During the period, 109,879 Series G and 20,803 Series J warrants were exercised. In addition, 66,667 Series H and 26,667 Series I warrants expired.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

3. Stock-based compensation:

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No options were granted by the Corporation in the period ended March 31, 2004. The Corporation recorded total stock-based compensation of \$4,055 for options granted to employees in 2003, which is included in marketing expenses on the consolidated statement of operations. Stock-based compensation in fiscal 2004 relates to the amortization of compensation cost for options granted in 2003 over the vesting periods.

If the fair value-based accounting method had been used to measure and account for stock-based compensation costs relating to exempt options issued to employees in the periods ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, the net earnings and related earnings per share figures would be as follows:

	2003	2002
Reported net loss	\$ (928,490)	\$ (883,017)
Pro forma adjustment to compensation expense	--	--
Pro forma net loss	\$ (928,490)	\$ (883,017)
Pro forma loss per share (basic and diluted)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)

No options were granted by the Corporation in the periods ended March 31, 2003 and 2002.

4. Canadian/US Reporting Differences:

(a) Consolidated statements of earnings:

The reconciliation of earnings reported in accordance with Canadian GAAP with U.S. GAAP is as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Net loss, Canadian GAAP	\$ (963,782)	\$ (928,490)	\$ (883,017)
Adjustments:			
Stock-based compensation - options granted to non-employees (i)	(10,285)	(10,285)	(10,285)
Net loss, U.S. GAAP	\$ (974,067)	\$ (938,775)	\$ (893,302)
Loss per share, U.S. GAAP	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

4. Canadian/US Reporting Differences (continued):

(a) Consolidated statements of earnings (continued):

The weighted average number of common shares outstanding for purposes of determining basic and diluted loss per share are the same amounts as those disclosed for Canadian GAAP purposes.

(b) Consolidated shareholders' equity:

The reconciliation of shareholders' equity reported in accordance with Canadian GAAP with U.S. GAAP is as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Shareholders' equity, Canadian GAAP, restated, note 1 (b) (ii)	\$ 1,653,989	\$ 2,560,155	\$ 2,732,647
Adjustments:			
Stock-based compensation - options granted to non-employees (i):			
Cumulative compensation expense	(1,353,148)	(1,312,008)	(1,270,868)
Additional paid-in capital	1,405,711	1,364,571	1,323,431
Change in reporting currency (ii)	(62,672)	(62,672)	(62,672)
	(10,109)	(10,109)	(10,109)
Shareholders' equity, U.S. GAAP	\$ 1,643,880	\$ 2,550,046	\$ 2,722,538

- (i) In accordance with FAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, compensation related to the stock options granted to non-employees prior to January 1, 2002 has been recorded in the accounts based on the fair value of the stock options at the grant date.
- (ii) The Corporation adopted the US dollar as its reporting currency effective January 1, 2000. For Canadian GAAP purposes, the financial information for prior periods has been translated into US dollars at the December 31, 1999 exchange rate. For United States GAAP reporting purposes, assets and liabilities for periods prior to January 1, 2000 have been translated into US dollars at the ending exchange rate for the respective period and the statement of operations at the average exchange rate for the respective period.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Edgar Filing: NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORP - Form 6-K

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

5. Segment disclosures:

Geographic segment information is as follows:

	Canada	United States
Revenues:		
2004	\$ 2,213	\$ 56,042
2003	2,636	31,391
2002	2,632	62,305
Net loss:		
2004	(803,532)	(160,253)
2003	(663,034)	(265,456)
2002	(662,960)	(220,057)
Property and equipment, patents and intellectual property:		
March 31, 2004	3,000,479	287,051
December 31, 2003	2,875,205	292,485

6. Contingencies:

Litigation:

A shareholder has served the Corporation with a Statement of Claim filed with the Ontario Superior Court of Justice claiming to be entitled to the issuance of 388,797 additional shares in accordance with repricing provisions contained in a 2000 private placement agreement and to damages of \$4,000,000 for lost opportunity to sell these shares. The Corporation believes that the shareholder's interpretation of repricing provisions in the March 2000 agreement is incorrect and intends to defend the action vigorously. Accordingly, no provision related to this matter has been recorded in these financial statements. In October 2003, the Corporation filed an action against the shareholder, certain private investors, their agents and others in the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York. The complaint alleges that the defendants, *inter alia*, violated federal securities laws, breached their contractual commitments and/or breached their fiduciary duties toward the Corporation.

12

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Three-month periods ended March 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002
(in US dollars)

6. Contingencies (continued):

Demand of arbitration:

In March 2002, a former employee filed a demand for arbitration with the American Arbitration Association concerning the termination of her employment with the Corporation. The employee is claiming damages of up to \$498,000 plus attorney's fees and costs, based upon alleged violations of New Jersey law and breach of an employment agreement. Subsequently, in October 2002, the former employee filed a complaint in the New Jersey Superior Court concerning the termination of her employment with the Corporation. The complaint claims unspecified damages. The Corporation believes these claims are without merit and intends to defend the matter vigorously. Accordingly, no provision related to this matter has been recorded in these financial statements.

7. Subsequent event:

On April 30, 2004, the Corporation issued 92,807 common shares, pursuant to the common stock private purchase agreement referred to in note 2 (a), for a cash consideration of \$400,000.

13

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NYMOX PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION
(Registrant)

By: */s/ Paul Averback*

Paul Averback
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 14, 2004