FOREST	CITY	ENTERF	PRISES	INC

Form 10-Q December 06, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 31, 2012

... TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 1-4372

EODEGE CHEN ENTERDINES INC

FOREST CITY ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio 34-0863886
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Terminal Tower 50 Public Square

Suite 1100 Cleveland, Ohio 44113

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

216-621-6060

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if

any, every Interactive Date File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " (Do not check if a smaller reporting Smaller reporting company

company)

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No \circ

Indicate the number of shares outstanding, including unvested restricted stock, of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Class A Common Stock, \$.33 1/3 par value Class B Common Stock, \$.33 1/3 par value

Outstanding at December 3, 2012

160,361,710 shares 20,250,273 shares

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(Unaudited)	October 31,		
	2012		
	(Unaudited)	January 31, 2012	
	(in thousands)		
Assets	,		
Real Estate			
Completed rental properties	\$8,649,982	\$7,183,448	
Projects under construction and development	1,342,714	2,328,979	
Land held for development and sale	72,566	77,298	
Total Real Estate	10,065,262	9,589,725	,
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,630,210)(1,526,503)
Real Estate, net – (variable interest entities \$1,384.8 million and \$2,103.8 million, respectively)	8,435,052	8,063,222	
Cash and equivalents – (variable interest entities \$14.9 million and \$17.8 million,			
respectively)	238,581	217,486	
Restricted cash and escrowed funds – (variable interest entities \$125.4 million and			
\$348.1 million, respectively)	407,616	542,566	
Notes and accounts receivable, net	408,328	406,244	
Investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	568,581	609,079	
Other assets – (variable interest entities \$90.1 million and \$130.8 million, respectively)	610,532	608,541	
Land held for divestiture	4,061	57,145	
Total Assets	\$10,672,751	\$10,504,283	
Liabilities and Equity			
Liabilities			
Mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse – (variable interest entities \$600.4 million and \$1,122.0 million, respectively)	\$5,717,995	\$5,640,439	
Bank revolving credit facility	166,000		
Senior and subordinated debt – (variable interest entities \$29.0 million as of each	1 022 010	1 029 520	
period)	1,032,818	1,038,529	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities – (variable interest entities \$79.3 million and \$171.0 million, respectively)	1,079,567	1,112,462	
Cash distributions and losses in excess of investments in unconsolidated entities	283,895	279,708	
Deferred income taxes	458,949	433,040	
Mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse of land held for divestiture	9,025	19,084	
Total Liabilities	8,748,249	8,523,262	
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest	240,790	229,149	
Commitments and Contingencies	_	_	
Equity			
Shareholders' Equity			
Preferred stock – 7.0% Series A cumulative perpetual convertible, without par value, \$50 liquidation preference; 6,400,000 shares authorized; 1,725,527 and 4,399,998	86,276	220,000	

shares issued and outstanding, respectively			
Preferred stock – without par value; 13,600,000 shares authorized; no shares issued			
Common stock – \$.33 1/3 par value			
Class A, 371,000,000 shares authorized, 158,340,927 and 148,336,178 shares issued	52,780	49,445	
and 158,178,903 and 148,227,849 shares outstanding, respectively			
Class B, convertible, 56,000,000 shares authorized, 20,251,569 and 20,934,335 shares	6,751	6,978	
issued and outstanding, respectively; 26,257,961 issuable	0,731	0,770	
Total common stock	59,531	56,423	
Additional paid-in capital	856,200	740,988	
Retained earnings	524,515	571,989	
Less treasury stock, at cost; 162,024 and 108,329 Class A shares, respectively	(2,613)(1,874)
Shareholders' equity before accumulated other comprehensive loss	1,523,909	1,587,526	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(111,329)(120,460)
Total Shareholders' Equity	1,412,580	1,467,066	
Noncontrolling interest	271,132	284,806	
Total Equity	1,683,712	1,751,872	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$10,672,751	\$10,504,283	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Three Mor October 31 2012		Nine Mont October 31 2012		
		ids, except per		2011	
Revenues from real estate operations Expenses	\$291,366	\$252,591	\$843,067	\$794,189	
Operating expenses	184,809	161,339	523,261	472,728	
Depreciation and amortization	58,081	53,580	163,647	160,888	
Impairment of real estate	30,200	450	30,660	2,085	
•	273,090	215,369	717,568	635,701	
Interest expense	(69,300)(65,334) (188,640)(192,545)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	(2,665)(3,371) (9,054)(8,791)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	8,007	15,101	7,288	9,334	
Interest and other income	10,418	11,291	34,768	42,110	
Net gain (loss) on land held for divestiture activity	807		(5,651)—	
Net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties	_	5,849		15,410	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(34,457)758	(35,790) 24,006	
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Current	(22,107))(13,347) (46,972) 1,678	
Deferred	3,573	1,287	30,274	(830)
	(18,534)(12,060) (16,698) 848	
Net gain on change in control of interests	_		6,766	_	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities	4,189	1,273	24,627	23,652	
Impairment of unconsolidated entities		(41,289) (390)(41,289)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	(283)—	(42,170)—	
	3,906	(40,016) (17,933)(17,637)
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(12,017)(27,198) (30,259) 5,521	
Discontinued operations, net of tax:					
Operating earnings (loss) from rental properties	(119) (581) 867	3,051	
Impairment of real estate	(100)(6,279) (2,604)(8,382)
Gain on disposition of rental properties	10,589		16,238	104,806	
	10,370	(6,860) 14,501	99,475	
Net earnings (loss)	(1,647) (34,058) (15,758) 104,996	
Noncontrolling interests					
(Earnings) loss from continuing operations attributable to	441	(2,679) (4,827)(1,871)
noncontrolling interests		•			
(Earnings) loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	128	(64) (1,458)(84,225)
	569	(2,743) (6,285)(86,096)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	(1,078)(36,801) (22,043) 18,900	
Preferred dividends and inducements of preferred stock conversion	(17,731)(3,850) (25,431)(11,550)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	¢ (10 000) \$ (40 CE1)	\	
common shareholders Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$(18,809)\$(40,651) \$(47,474)\$7,350	
Dasie and direct carnings (1055) per common share	\$(0.17)\$(0.20) \$(0.36)\$(0.05)

Loss from continuing operations attributable to Forest City

Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders

Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to
Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders

Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.
common shareholders

\$(0.11) \$(0.24) \$(0.28) \$(0.28)\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

	Three Mont 31,	hs Ended Octob	er		
	2012	2011			
	(in thousand	ds)			
Net loss	\$(1,647)\$(34,058)		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Unrealized net gains (losses) on investment securities (net of tax of \$(5) and \$5, respectively)	8	(8)		
Foreign currency translation adjustments (net of tax of \$0 and \$59, respectively)		(93)		
Unrealized net gains (losses) on interest rate derivative contracts (net of tax of \$(3,670) and \$5,361, respectively)) _{5,800}	(8,457)		
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	5,808	(8,558)		
Comprehensive income (loss)	4,161	(42,616)		
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	561	(2,749)		
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$4,722	\$(45,365)		
	Nine Months Ended October				
	31,				
	2012	2011			
	(in thousand	ds)			
Net earnings (loss)	\$(15,758)\$104,996			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Unrealized net gains (losses) on investment securities (net of tax of \$(12) and \$7, respectively)	18	(10)		
Foreign currency translation adjustments (net of tax of \$(604) and \$(31), respectively)	954	50			
Unrealized net gains (losses) on interest rate derivative contracts (net of tax of $(5,169)$) and $(5,169)$) and $(5,169)$) and $(5,169)$).	⁾ 8,119	(19,288)		
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	9,091	(19,248)		
Comprehensive income (loss)	(6,667) 85,748			
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(6,245)(87,142)		
Total comprehensive loss attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(12,912)\$(1,394)		

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Equity (Unaudited)

	Preferr	ed Stock	Commo	n Stock			Additiona	ıl			Accumulation Other	ated
	Series A	A	Class A		Class E	3	Paid-In	Retained	Tre Sto	asury ck	Compreh	en Nva cont
		Amount	Shares	Amoun	t Shares	Amoun	tCapital	Earnings			(Loss) Income	Interest
Balances at January 31, 2011 Net earnings, net of \$4,567 attributable to redeemable noncontrolling	4,400	usands) \$220,000	144,252	2\$48,084	121,219	\$7,073	\$689,004	\$673,875		\$(259)\$(94,429)\$330,91 90,485
interest Other comprehensive loss, net of tax Purchase of treasury stock									90	(1,670	(26,031)1,050
Conversion of Class B to Class A shares Issuance of Class A shares in			284	95	(284)(95)					
exchange for Convertible Senior Notes due 2016			3,444	1,148			47,594					
Restricted stock vested			343	114			(114)				
Exercise of stock options Preferred stock dividends			13	4			136	(15,400)55		
Stock-based compensation Excess income							12,585					
tax deficiency from stock-based compensation							(812)				
Redeemable noncontrolling interest							(6,887)				

		9	3								
adjustment											
Acquisition of											
partners'											
noncontrolling							(518)			(20,435
interest in							(310)			(20,433
consolidated											
subsidiaries											
Contributions											
from											6.007
noncontrolling											6,087
interests											
Distributions to											
noncontrolling											(89,644
interests											,
Change to equity											
method of											
accounting for											(33,598
subsidiaries											
Other changes in											
noncontrolling											(51
interests											(31
Balances at											
January 31, 2012	4,400	\$220,000	0 148,33	36\$49,44	15 20,93	5 \$6,97	8 \$740,98	8 \$571,98	9 108 \$(1,87	4)\$(120,46	50)\$284,80
Net loss, net of											
\$6,316											
attributable to											
redeemable								(22,043)		12,601
noncontrolling											
interest											
Other											
comprehensive										9,131	(40
income, net of										,	`
tax											
Purchase of									120 (1,815)	
treasury stock									(-,	,	
Conversion of											
Class B to Class			683	227	(683)(227)				
A shares											
Issuance of Class											
A shares in											
exchange for	(2,67)	4)(133,724	8,844	2,948			128,575	(13,881)		
Series A											
preferred stock											
Restricted stock			170	160			(160	`			
vested			478	100			(160)			
Exercise of stock							(70	`	(66)1076		
options							(70)	(66)1,076		
Preferred stock								(11.550	,		
dividends								(11,550)		
Stock-based							11 017				
compensation							11,317				
r											

Excess income tax deficiency from stock-based compensation Redeemable noncontrolling interest				(973))		
adjustment							
Acquisition of							
partners'							
noncontrolling				(16,868)		(4,282
interest in				(10,000	,		(1,202
consolidated							
subsidiaries							
Contributions							
from							240
noncontrolling interests							
Distributions to							
noncontrolling							(22,699
interests							(22,0))
Change to equity							
method of							(50.4
accounting for							(724
subsidiary							
Other changes in							
noncontrolling							1,230
interests							
Balances at 1,726	\$86,276	158,341 \$52,780 20,25	2 \$6,751	\$856,200	5524,515	162 \$(2,613)\$(111,329	9)\$271,13
October 31, 2012 1,726	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		. , .	. , , -		, , , ,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaires Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Nine Mont	hs Ended Octo	ber
	31,		
	2012	2011	
	(in thousan	ds)	
Net earnings (loss)	\$(15,758) \$ 104,996	
Depreciation and amortization	163,647	160,888	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	9,054	8,791	
Impairment of real estate	30,660	2,085	
Impairment of unconsolidated entities	390	41,289	
Write-offs of abandoned development projects	14,029	7,931	
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(7,288)(9,334)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity	5,651		
Net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties		(15,410)
Net gain on change in control of interests	(6,766)—	,
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	30,274	(830)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities	(24,627)(23,652)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	42,170		,
Stock-based compensation expense	7,286	6,070	
Amortization and mark-to-market adjustments of derivative instruments	(6,699)3,320	
Non-cash interest expense related to Senior Notes	338	1,655	
Cash distributions from operations of unconsolidated entities	47,095	37,747	
Discontinued operations:	47,093	31,141	
Depreciation and amortization	1,725	7,988	
<u>-</u>	166	984	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs	192	904	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		12 602	
Impairment of real estate Deferred income toy expense (henefit)	4,254	13,692	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(11,125)9,444	`
Gain on disposition of rental properties	(28,178)(121,695)
Cost of sales of land included in projects under construction and development and completed rental properties	5,428	3,868	
Decrease (increase) in land held for development and sale	3,863	(18,370)
Decrease in land held for divestiture	51,615	(10,570 —	,
Decrease in notes and accounts receivable	6,974	7,036	
Decrease (increase) in other assets	5,915	(5,625)
	(1,685)(10,585)
Increase in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for operating purposes	* *	(8,813)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	4,491	* .)
Net cash provided by operating activities	333,091	203,470	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(606 151) (547 521	`
Capital expenditures	(686,151)(547,531)
Payment of lease procurement costs	(9,986)(16,907)
Increase in other assets	(26,053)(10,215)
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for investing purposes	119,246	181,609	
Proceeds from disposition of full or partial interests in rental properties	39,199	319,461	
Increase in investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities	(31,811)(90,210)
Net cash used in investing activities	(595,556)(163,793)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Proceeds from nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	669,927	265,836	

Principal payments on nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	(466,360)(317,206)
Borrowings on bank revolving credit facility	356,000	464,575	
Payments on bank revolving credit facility	(190,000)(601,727)
Payment of Puttable Equity-Linked Senior Notes due 2011		(39,407)
Proceeds from issuance of Convertible Senior Notes, net of \$10,625 of issuance costs		339,375	
Payment of transaction costs related to exchange of Convertible Senior Notes due 2016		(2.200	`
for Class A common stock		(3,200)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(18,014)(12,414)
Change in restricted cash and escrowed funds and book overdrafts	(7,292)(1,681)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,815)(1,670)
Exercise of stock options	1,006	177	
Payment of inducements related to conversion of preferred stock for Class A common	(13,881	,	
stock	(13,001)—	
Payment of transaction costs related to conversion of preferred stock for Class A	(2,200)—	
common stock	(2,200)—	
Dividends paid to preferred shareholders	(11,550)(11,550)
Contributions from redeemable noncontrolling interest	11,348		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	240	3,087	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(22,699) (87,588)
Acquisitions of noncontrolling interests	(21,150)—	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	283,560	(3,393)
Net increase in cash and equivalents	21,095	36,284	
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	217,486	193,372	
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$238,581	\$229,656	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.			

Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaires Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Supplemental Non-Cash Disclosures:

The following table represents a summary of non-cash transactions primarily as a result of changes in consolidation methods due to the occurrence of triggering events including, but not limited to, the dispositions of partial interests of rental properties. Other non-cash transactions included in the table include acquisitions of partners' noncontrolling interests, dispositions of properties whereby the nonrecourse mortgage debt is assumed by the buyer, change in construction payables, reclassification prior to sale of outlot land parcels from projects under construction and development or completed rental properties to land held for sale and the capitalization of stock-based compensation granted to employees directly involved with the development and construction of real estate.

granted to employees directly involved with the development and constituent of rec		s Ended October	
	31,		
	2012	2011	
	(in thousand	s)	
Operating Activities	·	•	
Increase in land held for development and sale	\$(5,534)\$(11,155)
Increase in land held for divestiture	(5,737)—	
Decrease in notes and accounts receivable	9,539	26,969	
Decrease in other assets	2,120	150,699	
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds	16,474	149,593	
Decrease in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(10,204) (4,235)
Total effect on operating activities	\$6,658	\$311,871	
Investing Activities			
Decrease in projects under construction and development	\$10,140	\$442,332	
Decrease in completed rental properties	90,110	1,212,542	
Decrease (increase) in investments in and advances to affiliates	12,018	(275,880)
Total effect on investing activities	\$112,268	\$1,378,994	
Financing Activities			
Decrease in nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	\$(124,609)\$(1,642,048)
Decrease in senior and subordinated debt	(6,049) (40,000)
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds	8,208	_	
Decrease in preferred stock	(133,724)—	
Increase in Class A common stock	2,948	959	
Increase in additional paid-in capital	127,042	37,956	
Increase in redeemable noncontrolling interest	6,609	4,808	
Increase (decrease) in noncontrolling interest	649	(52,540)
Total effect on financing activities	\$(118,926)\$(1,690,865)

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

A. Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012. The results of interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or any subsequent period. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented have been included.

Revision of Prior Period Financial Statements

Historically, the Company wrote off specific development projects when management determined it was probable the specific project would not be developed. In addition, the Company recorded an allowance for estimated project development write-offs for projects under development that had not yet been abandoned (the "Allowance"). In connection with the preparation of its financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2012, the Company reconsidered the historical accounting policy related to the Allowance and determined that recording the Allowance was not in accordance with ASC 970-360-40 (Real Estate – Abandonments) and concluded that the reserve should be removed ("Allowance Revision"). The Company assessed the materiality of this error on prior periods' financial statements in accordance with ASC 250 (SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 99, "Materiality"), and concluded that the error was not material to any prior annual or interim periods, but the cumulative adjustment necessary to remove the Allowance would be material if the correction was recorded during the year ended January 31, 2012. Accordingly, in accordance with ASC 250 (SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 108, "Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements"), the financial statements for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, which are presented herein, have been revised. The following are selected financial statement line items illustrating the effect of the error correction thereon:

	As Reported	Adjustment	As Revised	
	(in thousands	, except per sha	are data)	
Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended		. 1 1	,	
October 31, 2011				
Operating expenses	\$163,339	\$(2,000) \$ 161,339	
Deferred income tax expense	511	776	1,287	
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	(28,422) 1,224	(27,198)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	n(41,875) 1,224	(40,651)
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	(0.21)0.01	(0.20)
Basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per common share attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	(0.25) 0.01	(0.24)
Consolidated Statement of Operations for the nine months ended October 31, 2011				
Operating expenses	\$474,728	\$(2,000) \$472,728	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	(1,606)776	(830)
Earnings from continuing operations	4,297	1,224	5,521	
Net earnings attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	6,126	1,224	7,350	

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common (0.05)— (0.05) shareholders

Basic and diluted net earnings per common share attributable to Forest O.03

City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders
(1) Adjusted to reflect the impact of discontinued operations (see Note N).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes. Some of the critical estimates made by the Company include, but are not limited to, determination of the primary beneficiary of variable interest entities ("VIEs"), estimates of useful lives for long-lived assets, reserves for collection on accounts and notes receivable and other investments, impairment of real estate and other-than-temporary impairments on its equity method investments. As a result of the nature of estimates made by the Company, actual results could differ.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Reclassification

Certain prior year amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Variable Interest Entities

The Company's VIEs consist of joint ventures that are engaged, directly or indirectly, in the ownership, development and management of office buildings, regional malls, specialty retail centers, apartment communities, military housing, a hotel, land development and The Nets, a member of the National Basketball Association ("NBA"). As of October 31, 2012, the Company determined that it was the primary beneficiary of 31 VIEs representing 22 properties (18 VIEs representing 9 properties in the Residential Group, 12 VIEs representing 12 properties in the Commercial Group and 1 VIE/property in the Land Development Group). The creditors of the consolidated VIEs do not have recourse to the Company's general credit. As of October 31, 2012, the Company held variable interests in 59 VIEs for which it is not the primary beneficiary. The maximum exposure to loss as a result of involvement with these unconsolidated VIEs is limited to the Company's investments in those VIEs totaling approximately \$66,000,000 at October 31, 2012. In addition, as of October 31, 2012, the Company consolidates a VIE which holds collateralized borrowings of \$29,000,000, which the Company has guaranteed.

During the three months ended October 31, 2012, the Company determined the entity that owns the Barclays Center arena in Brooklyn, New York is deemed to have sufficient equity and cash flows to support its operations without the need of any additional financial support from its partners. As a result, the Company determined that it no longer qualified as a VIE. The impact of the removal of this VIE within the VIE parenthetical disclosures on the Consolidated Balance Sheets were decreases of \$739,491,000 to real estate, net, \$17,932,000 to cash and equivalents, \$24,746,000 to restricted cash and escrowed funds, \$26,371,000 to other assets, \$339,527,000 to nonrecourse mortgage debt and \$131,245,000 to accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities from the balances disclosed as of July 31, 2012.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table summarizes the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("accumulated OCI"):

	October 31, 2012	January 31, 2012	
	(in thousands)		
Unrealized losses on securities	\$415	\$445	
Unrealized losses on foreign currency translation		1,558	
Unrealized losses on interest rate contracts (1)	181,640	194,928	
	182,055	196,931	
Noncontrolling interest and income tax benefit	(70,726)(76,471)
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	\$111,329	\$120,460	

Included in the amounts as of October 31 and January 31, 2012 are \$135,147 and \$143,303, respectively, of unrealized losses on an interest rate swap associated with New York Times, an office building in Manhattan, New

(1) York, on its nonrecourse mortgage debt with a notional amount of \$640,000. This swap effectively fixes the mortgage at an all-in lender interest rate of 6.40% (5.50% swap rate plus 0.90% lender spread) and expires in September 2017.

Noncontrolling Interest

Interests held by partners in consolidated entities are reflected in noncontrolling interest, which represents the noncontrolling interests' share of the underlying net assets of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. Noncontrolling interest that is not redeemable is reported in the equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Noncontrolling interests where the Company may be required to repurchase the noncontrolling interest at fair value under a put option or other contractual redemption requirement are reported in the mezzanine section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets between liabilities and equity, as redeemable noncontrolling interest. The Company

adjusts the redeemable noncontrolling interest to redemption value (which approximates fair value) at each balance sheet date with changes recognized as an adjustment to additional paid-in capital (see Note F – Fair Value Measurements).

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

For the nine months ended October 31, 2012, Brooklyn Basketball Holdings, LLC ("BBH"), an equity method investment that owns The Nets, was deemed a significant subsidiary. Summarized financial information for BBH is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended October 31,				
	2012	2011			
	(in thousands)				
Operations:					
Revenues	\$61,736	\$50,350			
Operating expenses	(93,606) (79,581)		
Interest expense, net	(10,471)(10,214)		
Depreciation and amortization	(5,193) (4,757)		
Net loss (pre-tax)	\$(47,534) \$ (44,202)		
Company's portion of net loss (pre-tax)	\$(22,707)\$(14,969)		
N					

New Accounting Guidance

The following accounting pronouncements were adopted during the nine months ended October 31, 2012: In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing goodwill for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If after performing a qualitative assessment, an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair market value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step goodwill impairment test is not necessary. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is then required to perform the first step of the two-step goodwill impairment test. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance for the presentation of comprehensive income. This guidance provides an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued amendments to the accounting guidance on fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. This guidance results in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. As a result, this guidance changes the wording used to describe many of the existing requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, but for many requirements the intent is not to change the existing application. Some of the guidance clarifies the FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements or may change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The required disclosures upon adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 are included in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the guidance on accounting for transfers and servicing to improve the accounting for repurchase agreements and other agreements that entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets before their maturity. The guidance specifies when an entity may or may not recognize a sale upon the transfer of financial assets subject to repurchase agreements, based upon whether the entity has maintained

effective control over the transferred financial assets. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following new accounting pronouncements will be adopted on the respective required effective dates: In July 2012, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is required to determine the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on derecognition of in substance real estate. This guidance specifies that when a parent company (reporting entity) ceases to have a controlling financial interest (as described in the accounting guidance on Consolidation) in a subsidiary that is in substance real estate as a result of a default on the subsidiary's nonrecourse debt, the reporting entity should apply the guidance on property, plant and equipment to determine whether it should derecognize the in substance real estate. Generally, a reporting entity would not satisfy the requirements to derecognize the in substance real estate before the legal transfer of the real estate to the lender and the extinguishment of the related nonrecourse indebtedness. This guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning on or after June 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance in this amendment is consistent with the Company's previous accounting policies and, as a result will not impact its consolidated financial statements or their comparability to previously issued financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance that requires entities to disclose both gross and net information on financial instruments and transactions eligible for offset on the balance sheets and financial instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of the guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

B. Mortgage Debt and Notes Payable, Nonrecourse

The following table summarizes the mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse maturities, including balances associated with land held for divestiture, as of October 31, 2012:

Fiscal Years Ending January 31,	1 otal
riscal Teals Eliding January 31,	Maturities
	(in thousands)
2013	\$180,643
2014	753,396
2015	984,801
2016	383,720
2017	426,274
Thereafter	2,998,186
Total	\$5,727,020

C. Bank Revolving Credit Facility

The Company has a Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement and a Third Amended and Restated Guaranty of Payment of Debt (collectively, the "Credit Facility") which provides total available borrowings of \$450,000,000. The Credit Facility matures on March 30, 2014 and provides for one, 12-month extension option, subject to certain

conditions. Borrowings bear interest at LIBOR, subject to a floor of 100 basis points, plus 3.75%. Up to \$100,000,000 of the available borrowings may be used, in the aggregate, for letters of credit and/or surety bonds. The Credit Facility has a number of restrictive covenants, including a prohibition on certain consolidations and mergers, limitations on the amount of debt, guarantees and property liens that the Company may incur and restrictions on the pledging of ownership interests in subsidiaries. Additionally, the Credit Facility contains certain development limitations and financial covenants, including the maintenance of minimum liquidity, certain debt service and cash flow coverage ratios, and specified levels of shareholders' equity (all as specified in the Credit Facility). At October 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all of these financial covenants.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company also has a First Amended Pledge Agreement ("Pledge Agreement") with the banks party to the Credit Facility. The Pledge Agreement secures the Company's obligations under the Credit Facility by granting a security interest to the bank group in its right, title and interest as a member, partner, shareholder or other equity holder of certain direct subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, its right to receive profits, proceeds, accounts, income, dividends, distributions or return of capital from such subsidiaries, to the extent the granting of such security interest would not result in a default under project level financing or the organizational documents of such subsidiary. The following table summarizes the available credit on the Credit Facility:

	October 31, 2012	
	(in thousands)	
Maximum borrowings	\$450,000	\$450,000
Less outstanding balances:		
Borrowings	166,000	_
Letters of credit	70,207	69,389
Surety bonds		_
Available credit	\$213,793	\$380,611

D. Senior and Subordinated Debt

The following table summarizes the Company's senior and subordinated debt:

	October 31, 2012 (in thousands)	January 31, 2012
Senior Notes:		
3.625% Puttable Equity-Linked Senior Notes due 2014, net of discount	\$199,376	\$199,132
7.625% Senior Notes due 2015	53,253	178,253
5.000% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016	50,000	50,000
6.500% Senior Notes due 2017	132,144	132,144
4.250% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018	350,000	350,000
7.375% Senior Notes due 2034, net of discount	219,045	100,000
Total Senior Notes	1,003,818	1,009,529
Subordinated Debt:		
Subordinate Tax Revenue Bonds due 2013	29,000	29,000
Total Senior and Subordinated Debt	\$1,032,818	\$1,038,529

On July 3, 2012, the Company issued \$125,000,000 of additional 7.375% Senior Notes due February 1, 2034 ("2034 Senior Notes") in a public offering, net of a 4.84% discount. The terms of the 2034 Senior Notes, other than their issue date and public offering price, are identical to the \$100,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 2034 Senior Notes previously issued on February 10, 2004. Proceeds of this offering, net of discounts and underwriters commissions, were \$116,792,000. Net proceeds, along with an additional \$8,208,000 of cash on hand, were immediately deposited into a restricted cash escrow account established to redeem \$125,000,000 principal amount of the Company's 7.625% Senior Notes due 2015 ("2015 Senior Notes").

On August 20, 2012, the Company used the cash escrow to redeem \$125,000,000 in principal amount of its outstanding 2015 Senior Notes. The 2015 Senior Notes were purchased at par plus any accrued and unpaid interest up to, but not including, August 20, 2012.

All of the Company's senior notes are unsecured senior obligations and rank equally with all existing and future unsecured indebtedness; however, they are effectively subordinated to all existing and future secured indebtedness and other liabilities of the Company's subsidiaries to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such other debt, including the Credit Facility. The indentures governing the senior notes contain covenants providing, among other things, limitations on incurring additional debt and payment of dividends. At October 31, 2012, the Company was in

compliance with these financial covenants.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

E. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

The Company maintains an overall interest rate risk management strategy that incorporates the use of derivative instruments to minimize significant unplanned impact on earnings and cash flows that may be caused by interest rate volatility. The Company's strategy includes the use of interest rate swaps and option contracts that have indices related to the pricing of specific balance sheet liabilities. The Company enters into interest rate swaps to convert certain floating-rate debt to fixed-rate long-term debt, and vice-versa, depending on market conditions, or forward starting swaps to hedge the changes in benchmark interest rates on forecasted financings. The Company enters into interest rate swap agreements for hedging purposes for periods that are generally one to ten years. Option products utilized include interest rate caps, floors and Treasury options. The use of these option products is consistent with the Company's risk management objective to reduce or eliminate exposure to variability in future cash flows primarily attributable to changes in benchmark rates relating to forecasted financings, and the variability in cash flows attributable to increases relating to interest payments on its floating-rate debt. The caps and floors have typical durations ranging from one to three years while the Treasury options are for periods of five to ten years. The Company does not have any Treasury options outstanding at October 31, 2012.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage exposure to interest rate movements. The Company primarily uses interest rate caps and swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. Interest rate caps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty if interest rates rise above the strike rate on the contract in exchange for an upfront premium. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable-rate amounts from a counterparty in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without exchange of the underlying notional amount.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated OCI and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. The amount of ineffectiveness charged to earnings was insignificant for all periods presented. There are no amounts in the ineffectiveness related to derivative losses reclassified from OCI as a result of missed forecasted transactions. As of October 31, 2012, the Company expects that within the next twelve months it will reclassify amounts recorded in accumulated OCI into earnings as an increase in interest expense of approximately \$27,594,000, net of tax. However, the actual amount reclassified could vary due to future changes in fair value of these derivatives. Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

From time to time, the Company and/or certain of its joint ventures (the "Joint Ventures") enter into total rate of return swaps ("TRS") on various tax-exempt fixed-rate borrowings generally held by the Company and/or within the Joint Ventures. The TRS convert these borrowings from a fixed rate to a variable rate and provide an efficient financing product to lower the cost of capital. In exchange for a fixed rate, the TRS require the Company and/or the Joint Ventures to pay a variable rate, generally equivalent to the SIFMA rate plus a spread. At October 31, 2012, the SIFMA rate was 0.21%. Additionally, the Company and/or the Joint Ventures have guaranteed the fair value of the underlying borrowings. Any fluctuation in the value of the TRS is offset by the fluctuation in the value of the underlying borrowings, resulting in minimal financial impact to the Company and/or the Joint Ventures. At October 31, 2012, the aggregate notional amount of TRS that are designated as fair value hedging instruments is \$266,660,000. The underlying TRS borrowings are subject to a fair value adjustment (see Note F – Fair Value Measurements).

Nondesignated Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company entered into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain interest rate risk, even though the contracts do not qualify for or the Company has elected not to apply hedge accounting. In situations in

which hedge accounting is discontinued, or not elected, and the derivative remains outstanding, the Company records the derivative at its fair value and recognizes changes in the fair value in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. From time to time, the Company enters into forward swaps to protect itself against fluctuations in the swap rate at terms ranging between five to ten years associated with forecasted fixed rate borrowings. At the time the Company secures and locks an interest rate on an anticipated financing, it intends to simultaneously terminate the forward swap associated with that financing. At October 31, 2012, the Company had no forward swaps outstanding.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

In instances where the Company enters into separate derivative instruments effectively hedging the same debt for consecutive annual periods, the amount of notional is excluded from the following disclosure in an effort to provide information that enables the financial statement user to understand the Company's volume of derivative activity. The following table presents the fair values and location in the Consolidated Balance Sheets of all derivative instruments.

following table presents the fair values and i		erivative Instrumen		ative mstruments	
	October 31, 201	2			
			Liability Derivatives		
	Asset Derivative		(included in Acc		
	(included in Oth	er Assets)	Accrued Expenses and Other		
	a		Liabilities)		
	Current	Fair Value	Current	Fair Value	
	Notional		Notional		
Davinatinas Davianatad as Hadaina	(in thousands)				
Derivatives Designated as Hedging					
Instruments Interest rate cope	\$ —	¢	\$ —	\$ —	
Interest rate caps Interest rate swap agreements	φ—	φ—	1,020,185	ه— 139,241	
TRS			238,560	10,684	
Total derivatives designated as hedging	•		·	•	
instruments	\$28,100	\$986	\$1,258,745	\$149,925	
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging					
Instruments					
Interest rate caps	\$433,018	\$4	\$ —	\$ —	
Interest rate swap agreements	19,521	442			
TRS	140,800	19,808	30,025	15,318	
Total derivatives not designated as hedging	\$593,339	\$20,254	\$30,025	\$15,318	
instruments	\$393,339	\$20,234	\$30,023	\$13,316	
	January 31, 201	2			
	(in thousands)				
Derivatives Designated as Hedging					
Instruments	¢	¢	¢	¢	
Interest rate caps	\$ —	\$—	\$— 807.102	\$— 148.600	
Interest rate swap agreements TRS		 774	897,193 243,560	148,699 9,954	
Total derivatives designated as hedging	27,197	//4	243,300	9,934	
instruments	\$27,197	\$774	\$1,140,753	\$158,653	
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging					
Instruments					
Interest rate caps	\$435,201	\$13	\$ —	\$ —	
Interest rate swap agreements	19,521	1,083	· —	· —	
TRS	141,703	9,534	30,360	15,367	
Total derivatives not designated as hedging	\$596,425	¢10.620	¢20.260	\$15,367	
instruments	φ <i>J</i> 90,423	\$10,630	\$30,360	φ13,307	

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents the impact of gains and losses related to derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges included in the accumulated OCI section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets and in equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities and interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations:

		Gain (Loss) Reclassific Accumulated OCI				
	Gain (Loss)	Location on				
Derivatives Designated as	Recognized	Consolidated	Effective	Ineffective		
Cash Flow Hedging Instruments	in OCI	Statements	Amount	Amount		
	(Effective Portio	on) of Operations				
	(in thousands)	•				
Three Months Ended October 31, 2012						
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and	\$8,423	Interest expense	\$(994)\$—		
Treasury options	\$6,423	•	ψ(<i>)) +</i>	<i>)</i> \$		
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and		Equity in earnings				
Treasury options	_	(loss) of	(91)2		
• •		unconsolidated entities				
Total	\$8,423		\$(1,085)\$2		
Nine Months Ended October 31, 2012						
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and	\$10,129	Interest expense	\$(2,941)\$—		
Treasury options	\$ 10,1 2 >	•	Ψ(= ,> .1) 4		
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and		Equity in earnings	(0.70	\ 10		
Treasury options		(loss) of	(272) 10		
• •	Φ10.1 2 0	unconsolidated entities		\ \ \ 1.0		
Total	\$10,129		\$(3,213)\$10		
Three Months Ended October 31, 2011						
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and	\$(14,867) Interest expense	\$(934)\$1		
Treasury options		Equity in comings				
		Equity in earnings (loss) of	(100)(17	`	
Interest rate caps and Treasury options	_	unconsolidated entities	`)(17)	
Total	\$(14,867)	\$(1,034)\$(16	`	
Nine Months Ended October 31, 2011	\$(14,007)	\$(1,034)\$(10)	
Interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and						
Treasury options	\$(37,756) Interest expense	\$(2,569)\$1		
reasury options		Equity in earnings				
		(loss) of	(282)(572)	
Interest rate caps and Treasury options		unconsolidated entities	•	, (3,2	,	
Total	\$(37,756)	\$(2,851)\$(571)	
The fellowing table presents the impact of	• •	y tha Campalidatad Statam			,	

The following table presents the impact of gains and losses in the Consolidated Statements of Operations related to derivative instruments:

Net Gain (Los	s) Recognized		
Three Months	Ended October	Nine Months E	Ended October
31,		31,	
2012	2011	2012	2011
(in thousands)			

Derivatives Designated as Fair Value Hedging

Instruments

instruments					
TRS (1)	\$(148)\$2,190	\$(518)\$9,654	
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments					
Interest rate caps and interest rate swaps	\$(243)\$(235) \$(689)\$(632)
TRS	2,672	(1,579) 10,323	(125)
Total	\$2,429	\$(1,814) \$9,634	\$(757)

The net gain (loss) recognized in interest expense from the change in fair value of the underlying TRS borrowings was \$148 and \$518 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, and \$(2,190) and \$(9,654) for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, respectively, offsetting the gain (loss) recognized on the TRS (see Note F – Fair Value Measurements).

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

The principal credit risk to the Company through its interest rate risk management strategy is the potential inability of the financial institution from which the derivative financial instruments were purchased to cover its obligations. If a counterparty fails to fulfill its obligation under a derivative contract, the Company's risk of loss approximates the fair value of the derivative. To mitigate this exposure, the Company generally purchases its derivative financial instruments from the financial institution that issues the related debt, from financial institutions with which the Company has other lending relationships, or from financial institutions with a minimum credit rating of AA at the time the Company enters into the transaction.

The Company has agreements with its derivative counterparties that contain a provision under which the derivative counterparty could terminate the derivative obligations if the Company defaults on its obligations under the Credit Facility and designated conditions are fulfilled. In instances where the Company's subsidiaries have derivative obligations that are secured by a mortgage, the derivative obligations could be terminated if the indebtedness between the two parties is terminated, either by loan payoff or default of the indebtedness. In addition, the Company has certain derivative contracts which provide that if the Company's credit rating falls below certain levels, it may trigger additional collateral to be posted with the counterparty up to the full amount of the liability position of the derivative contracts. Also, certain subsidiaries have agreements that contain provisions whereby the subsidiaries must maintain certain minimum financial ratios.

As of October 31, 2012, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments in a liability position, prior to the adjustment for nonperformance risk of \$13,587,000, is \$178,830,000. The Company had posted collateral consisting primarily of cash and notes receivable of \$88,577,000 related to all derivative instruments. If all credit risk contingent features underlying these agreements had been triggered on October 31, 2012, the Company would have been required to post collateral of the full amount of the liability position.

F. Fair Value Measurements

The Company's financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements are interest rate caps, interest rate swap agreements, TRS and borrowings subject to TRS (see Note E – Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities). The Company's impairment of real estate and unconsolidated entities is also subject to fair value measurements (see Note I – Land Held for Divestiture, Note L – Impairment of Real Estate, Impairment of Unconsolidated Entities and Write-Off of Abandoned Development Projects and Note N – Discontinued Operations and Gain on Disposition of Rental Properties).

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The Company's financial assets consist of interest rate caps, interest rate swap agreements and TRS with positive fair values that are included in other assets. The Company's financial liabilities consist of interest rate swap agreements and TRS with negative fair values that are included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities and borrowings subject to TRS included in mortgage debt and notes payable, nonrecourse. The Company records the redeemable noncontrolling interest related to Brooklyn Arena, LLC at redemption value, which approximates fair value.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets and liabilities and redeemable noncontrolling interest that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized to determine such fair value.

	Fair Value Me	asurements				
	October 31, 2012					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
	(in thousands)					
Interest rate caps	\$ —	\$4	\$—	\$4		
Interest rate swap agreements (positive fair value)		442		442		
Interest rate swap agreements (negative fair value)	_	(4,094)(135,147)(139,241)	
TRS (positive fair value)	_		20,794	20,794		
TRS (negative fair value)	_		(26,002)(26,002)	
Fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS	_		9,698	9,698		
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	_		(240,790)(240,790)	
Total	\$	\$(3,648)\$(371,447)\$(375,095)	
	January 31, 20	12				
	(in thousands)					
Interest rate caps	\$	\$13	\$—	\$13		
Interest rate swap agreements (positive fair value)		1,083		1,083		
Interest rate swap agreements (negative fair value)	_	(5,396)(143,303)(148,699)	
TRS (positive fair value)	_		10,308	10,308		
TRS (negative fair value)		_	(25,321)(25,321)	
Fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS	_		9,180	9,180		
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	(229,149)(229,149)	
Total	\$ —	\$(4,300)\$(378,285)\$(382,585)	

The table below presents a reconciliation of all financial assets and liabilities and redeemable noncontrolling interest measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

measured at rain value on a recurring of	Fair Value Measurements						
	Redeemabl Noncontrol Interest			Net TRS	Fair value adjustment to the borrowin subject to TRS	Total TRS gRelated	Total
	(in thousands)						
Nine Months Ended October 31, 2012							
Balance, February 1, 2012	\$(229,149)	\$(143,303)	\$(15,013))\$ 9,180	\$(5,833)	\$(378,285)
Contribution from redeemable noncontrolling interest	(11,348)	_	_	_	_	(11,348)
Loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	6,316			_	_	_	6,316
Total realized and unrealized gains							
(losses):							
Included in earnings	_			9,805	518	10,323	10,323
Included in other comprehensive income	_		8,156	_	_	_	8,156
Included in additional paid-in capital	(6,609)	_		_	_	(6,609)

Balance, October 31, 2012 Nine Months Ended October 31, 2011	\$(240,790)	\$(135,147)	\$(5,208)\$ 9,698	\$4,490		\$(371,447	')
Balance, February 1, 2011	\$(226,829)	\$(102,387)	\$(30,034)\$ 21,938	\$(8,096)	\$(337,312	2)
Loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	2,852	_		_			2,852	
Total realized and unrealized gains								
(losses):								
Included in earnings			9,529	(9,654) (125)	(125)
Included in other comprehensive income	_	(31,745)		_	_		(31,745)
Included in additional paid-in capital	(4,808) —	_		_		(4,808)
Settlement			903	(903) —			
Balance, October 31, 2011	\$(228,785)	\$(134,132)	\$(19,602)\$ 11,381	\$(8,221)	\$(371,138	3)
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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments measured on a recurring basis as of October 31, 2012.

	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements						
	Fair Value October 31, 2012	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range of Input Values			
	(in thousands)						
Credit valuation adjustment of interest rate swap TRS	\$13,730	Potential future exposur	eCredit spreads	2.15 (1) - 4.25%			
	\$(5,208) Third party bond pricing	g Bond quote	84.41 - 107.37(1)			
Fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS	\$9,698	Third party bond pricing	g Bond quote	84.41 - 100.73 ⁽¹⁾			
Redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(240,790) Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	9.7%			
This fair value measurement was developed by third party service providers, subject to the Company's							

⁽¹⁾ This fair value measurement was developed by third party service providers, subject to the Company's corroboration for reasonableness.

Third party service providers involved in fair value measurements are evaluated for competency and qualifications on an ongoing basis. Fair value measurements, including unobservable inputs, are evaluated for reasonableness based on current transactions and experience in the real estate and capital markets.

The Company does not deem the impact of changes in unobservable inputs used to determine the fair market value of the credit valuation adjustment, TRS and fair value adjustment to the borrowings subject to TRS to be significant; however, changes in the discount rate used to determine the fair market value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest could have a significant impact on its fair market value.

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable and accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities approximates fair value based upon the short-term nature of the instruments. The Company estimates the fair value of its debt instruments by discounting future cash payments at interest rates that the Company believes approximate the current market. Estimated fair value is based upon market prices of public debt, available industry financing data, current treasury rates and recent financing transactions. The fair value of the Company's debt instruments is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

The following table summarizes the fair value of nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable, bank revolving facility, senior and subordinated debt and nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable of land held for divestiture:

•	October 31, 2012	October 31, 2012		
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	(in thousands)			
Fixed Rate Debt	\$4,798,948	\$5,186,412	\$4,458,214	\$4,719,636
Variable Rate Debt	2,126,890	2,190,196	2,239,838	2,341,862
Total	\$6,925,838	\$7,376,608	\$6,698,052	\$7,061,498

G. Stock-Based Compensation

During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, the Company granted 281,828 stock options, 784,935 shares of restricted stock and 301,954 performance shares under the Company's 1994 Stock Plan. The stock options had a grant-date fair value of \$9.24, which was computed using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: expected term of 5.5 years, expected volatility of 74.1%, risk-free interest rate of 1.1%, and expected dividend yield of 0%. The exercise price of the options is \$14.74, which was the closing price of the underlying Class A common stock on the date of grant. The restricted stock had a grant-date fair value of \$14.74 per share, which was the closing price of the Class A common stock on the date of grant. The performance shares had a grant-date fair

value of \$20.74 per share, which was computed using a Monte Carlo simulation.

At October 31, 2012, there was \$4,796,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to stock options that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.50 years, \$20,291,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.69 years, and \$5,288,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to performance shares that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.17 years.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The amount of stock-based compensation costs and related deferred income tax benefit recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

	Three Months Ended October		Nine Months Ended Octobe	
31,		31,		
2012	2011	2012	2011	
(in thousand	ls)			
\$590	\$806	\$2,510	\$1,801	
2,481	2,385	7,833	7,715	
417	_	974		
3,488	3,191	11,317	9,516	
(1,410)(1,522	(4,031)(3,446)
2,078	1,669	7,286	6,070	
206	693	620	1,064	
\$2,284	\$2,362	\$7,906	\$7,134	
\$819	\$829	\$2,856	\$2,567	
	2012 (in thousand \$590 2,481 417 3,488 (1,410 2,078 206 \$2,284	2012 2011 (in thousands) \$590 \$806 2,481 2,385 417 — 3,488 3,191 (1,410)(1,522) 2,078 1,669 206 693 \$2,284 \$2,362	2012 2011 2012 (in thousands) \$590 \$806 \$2,510 2,481 2,385 7,833 417 — 974 3,488 3,191 11,317 (1,410)(1,522) (4,031 2,078 1,669 7,286 206 693 620 \$2,284 \$2,362 \$7,906	2012 2011 2012 2011 (in thousands) \$590 \$806 \$2,510 \$1,801 2,481 2,385 7,833 7,715 417 — 974 — 3,488 3,191 11,317 9,516 (1,410)(1,522) (4,031)(3,446 2,078 1,669 7,286 6,070 206 693 620 1,064 \$2,284 \$2,362 \$7,906 \$7,134

The amount of grant-date fair value expensed immediately for awards granted to retirement-eligible grantees during the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$726,000 and \$1,022,000, respectively. During the nine months ended October 31, 2011, previously recorded stock option costs in the amount of \$1,622,000, most of which was previously capitalized into real estate projects, were reversed to reflect actual forfeitures in excess of estimated forfeitures.

In connection with the vesting of restricted stock during the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company repurchased into treasury 120,459 shares and 90,104 shares respectively, of Class A common stock to satisfy the employees' related minimum statutory tax withholding requirements. These shares were placed in treasury with an aggregate cost basis of \$1,815,000 and \$1,670,000, respectively.

H. Commercial Group Land Sales

On January 31, 2011, the Company closed on the sale of two parcels of land, with air rights, to Rock Ohio Caesars Cleveland, LLC for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland. The land is adjacent to the Company's Tower City Center mixed-use complex. The sales price for one parcel, an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights ("Parcel #1"), was \$45,000,000. The sales price for the second parcel, an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights ("Parcel #2"), was \$40,000,000.

At January 31, 2011, the Company received a cash deposit of \$8,550,000 on Parcel #1. During the three months ended April 30, 2011, the Company received an additional \$33,950,000 of the Parcel #1 purchase price. With the receipt of this payment, the buyer's initial and continuing investment on the sale of Parcel #1 was adequate for gain recognition under the full accrual method in accordance with accounting guidance for sales of real estate. As such, the entire sales price is included in revenues from real estate operations and the related cost of land is included in operating expenses, resulting in a gain on sale of \$42,622,000 during the nine months ended October 31, 2011. The final \$2,500,000 of the Parcel #1 purchase price was received during the three months ended October 31, 2011.

As of January 31, 2012, the Company received total cash deposits of \$7,000,000 of the Parcel #2 purchase price. The minimum initial investment related to Parcel #2 still had not been met and accordingly, the cash deposits were recorded as a deposit liability under the deposit method in accordance with accounting guidance for sales of real estate and included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities at January 31, 2012.

During the three months ended April 30, 2012, the Company received cash proceeds of \$33,000,000 representing the remaining Parcel #2 purchase price. With receipt of this payment, the buyer's initial and continuing investment on the

sale of Parcel #2 was adequate for gain recognition under the full accrual method in accordance with accounting guidance for sales of real estate. As such, the entire sales price is included in revenues from real estate operations and the related cost of land is included in operating expenses, resulting in a gain on sale of \$36,484,000 during the nine months ended October 31, 2012.

I. Land Held for Divestiture

On January 31, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition portions of the Company's investment in the Land Development Group as part of a greater focus on core rental properties in core markets. The Company's land holdings subject to strategic divestiture are included in both fully consolidated entities and joint ventures accounted for on the equity method of accounting. As of January 31, 2012, the Company planned to retain its land investments in only two land development projects; its consolidated Stapleton project in Denver, Colorado and its Central Station project in downtown Chicago, Illinois, which is accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

During the three months ended April 30, 2012, the Company established an execution strategy relating to the land divestiture effort. For land projects that are not wholly-owned, the initial strategy was to negotiate with current partners to sell the Company's partnership interests to them, or acquire theirs, which would enable the Company to go to market with 100% ownership of the land development opportunity. The Company began preliminary discussions with numerous potential buyers ranging from large national investment funds to regional land developers as part of the divestiture strategy.

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company entered into more specific and detailed negotiations with interested parties and closed on the divestiture of several land projects. Ongoing negotiations continued on the remaining land projects with current partners and potential national, regional and local land buyers. The Company had varying levels of interest from potential buyers on many of its land projects, and as a result, at July 31, 2012, the Company had committed deals on certain land projects, which are expected to close during the year ending January 31, 2013, and had several offers and letters of intent currently being evaluated by the Company.

During the three months ended October 31, 2012, the Company closed on the divestiture of several additional land projects and continued ongoing negotiations on the remaining land projects with partners and numerous potential land buyers. The Company has commitments from buyers on certain remaining land projects, which are expected to close during the year ended January 31, 2013. As of October 31, 2012, the Company has \$4,061,000 of carrying value in land held for divestitures.

During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, the Company recorded the land held for divestiture activity for fully consolidated land projects and those accounted for on the equity method of accounting on their own separate financial statement line items in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. These activities primarily represent sales of bulk land projects held for divestiture, the associated cost of sales, gain on extinguishment of debt on land held for divestiture and impairment of land held for divestiture.

The following table summarizes the net gain (loss) on land held for divestiture activity of consolidated entities:

Three Months Ended October		Nine Months Ended October	
31,		31,	
2012	2011	2012	2011
(in thousand	s)		
\$25,384	\$ —	\$59,894	\$—
(26,804)—	(51,976)—
2,227	_	2,227	_
807	_	10,145	
	_	(15,796)—
\$807	\$ —	\$(5,651)\$—
	31, 2012 (in thousand \$25,384 (26,804 2,227	2012 2011 (in thousands) \$25,384 \$— (26,804)— 2,227 — 807 — —	31, 31, 2012 (in thousands) \$25,384 \$— \$59,894 (26,804)— (51,976 2,227 — 2,227 807 — 10,145 — (15,796

The net gain on closed transactions of land held for divestiture for the three months ended October 31, 2012 primarily relates to the bulk sale of the Company's ownership interest in six land projects. The bulk sales transactions, which had a sale price of \$22,245,000 resulted in a loss of approximately \$2,100,000. The loss on these transactions was offset by a \$2,227,000 gain on debt extinguishment related to one land project in a deed-in-lieu transaction. The net gain on closed transactions of land held for divestiture for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 of \$10,145,000 primarily relates to the sale of the activity discussed above, and the bulk sale during the three months ended July 31, 2012 of the Company's 51% ownership interest in a land project in Prosper, Texas. This transaction, which had a sale price of \$29,800,000, resulted in a gain of approximately \$7,600,000 (\$3,900,000, net of noncontrolling interest).

Through the competitive bid process and the negotiation process of moving from informal expressions of interest to bona fide purchase offers, the Company obtained additional information regarding the value of its specific projects as

viewed by current market participants. Based on the various levels of interest from potential buyers and information obtained from preliminary sales contracts, letters of intent and other negotiations on the remaining land projects discussed above, the Company reviewed its assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the land held for divestiture. As a result, during the second quarter the Company recorded an additional impairment charge of \$15,796,000 which is included in the table above for the nine months ended October 31, 2012.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value of non-recurring impairment of land held for divestiture for the nine months ended October 31, 2012:

	Quantitative In	nformation about Level	3 Fair Value M	easurements
	Fair Value October 31, 2012	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range of Input Values
	(in thousands)			
Impairment of land held for divestiture	\$15,663	Indicative bids	Indicative bids	s N/A ⁽¹⁾
Impairment of land held for divestiture	\$926	Discounted cash	N/A	N/A

These fair value measurements were developed by third party sources, subject to the Company's corroboration for reasonableness.

The Company used a discounted cash flow technique to estimate fair value, however due to the estimated holding period being less than twelve months, the impact of discounting was deemed immaterial. The following table summarizes the net loss on investments in unconsolidated entities which are part of the land divestiture strategy:

	Three Months Ended October		Nine Months Ended Octobe	
	31,		31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(in thousands	s)		
Net loss on sales of land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities	\$(283)\$—	\$(1,764)\$—
Impairment of investments in unconsolidated entities	_	_	(40,406)—
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	\$(283)\$—	\$(42,170)\$—

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company received an unsolicited offer to purchase its ownership

interest in the remaining land parcels at Central Station for approximately \$30,000,000. The Company evaluated the offer and made a decision to divest its equity method investment in Central Station as part of its formal land divestiture activities. The proposed sale would support the continued strategic efforts to focus on core rental products in core markets and delever its balance sheet and as a result, the Company signed a letter of intent. Based on the terms of the letter of intent during the second quarter, the Company recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$17,000,000, which is included in impairment of investments in unconsolidated entities during the nine months ended October 31, 2012. The Company expects the sale to close during the year ended January 31, 2013. During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company continued to market its equity method ownership interest in a land project in Mesa del Sol, New Mexico to several potential buyers. Mesa del Sol is a large 3,000 acre development opportunity in the beginning stage of residential land development and is not expected to generate positive cash flow in the near-term due to the expected level of development expenditures needed to prepare the first phase of lots for sale. During the extensive marketing activities, there were few buyers that expressed interest in taking on the long-term development risk, and those that were, expected larger returns than previously estimated. As a result, based on these negotiations and other market information obtained from these potential buyers and other industry data, the Company updated its assumptions used in estimating the fair value of the investment, including discount rates, absorption rates and commercial and residential land pricing. Based on the updated valuation model, during the second quarter the Company recorded an additional impairment charge of approximately \$15,000,000, which is included in impairment of investments in unconsolidated entities during the nine months ended October 31, 2012.

J. Net Gain on Disposition of Partial Interests in Rental Properties

The net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties is comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(in thousan	ds)		
Stonecrest Mall Joint Venture	\$ —	\$5,849	\$	\$5,849
New York Retail Joint Venture	_	_		9,561
	\$ —	\$5,849	\$ —	\$15,410

Stonecrest Mall Joint Venture

On October 19, 2011, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement with an outside partner whereby the outside partner invested in the Mall at Stonecrest, a regional mall in Atlanta, Georgia ("Stonecrest"). The outside partner received a 49% equity interest in Stonecrest.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For its 49% equity interest, the outside partner assumed debt of \$49,464,000, representing 49% of the nonrecourse mortgage debt on the property. In addition, the Company is entitled to receive up to \$3,750,000 of contingent consideration, based on Stonecrest's financial results as defined in the partnership agreement, none of which has been recognized through October 31, 2012. The transaction resulted in a gain on disposition of partial interests in rental property of \$5,849,000 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011. The property is adequately capitalized and does not contain the characteristics of a VIE. Based on this and the substantive participating rights held by the outside partner with regards to the property, the Company concluded it appropriate to deconsolidate the entity and account for it under the equity method of accounting.

New York Retail Joint Venture

On March 29, 2011, the Company entered into joint venture agreements with an outside partner, an affiliated entity of Madison International Realty LLC. The outside partner invested in and received a 49% equity interest in 15 mature retail properties located in the New York City metropolitan area, 14 of which were formerly wholly-owned by the Company and one retail property that was owned 75% by the Company.

For its 49% equity interests, the outside partner invested cash and assumed debt of \$244,952,000, representing 49% of the nonrecourse mortgage debt on the 15 properties. As of January 31, 2012, the Company received proceeds of \$178,286,000, primarily in the form of a loan. Based on the net amount of cash received, the outside partner's minimum initial investment requirement of 20% was not met. As such, the transaction did not qualify for full gain recognition under accounting guidance related to real estate sales. Therefore, the installment method of gain recognition was applied, resulting in a net gain on disposition of partial interest in rental properties of \$9,561,000 during the nine months ended October 31, 2011. As of October 31, 2012, the remaining gain of \$114,465,000 continues to be deferred and is included in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities. Transaction costs totaling \$11,776,000, of which \$5,779,000 relating to participation payments made to the ground lessors of two of the properties in accordance with the respective ground lease agreements did not qualify for deferral and were included in the calculation of the net gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties recorded during the nine months ended October 31, 2011. The 15 properties are adequately capitalized and do not contain the characteristics of a VIE. Based on this and the substantive participating rights held by the outside partner with regards to the properties, the Company concluded it appropriate to deconsolidate the entities and account for them under the equity method of accounting.

K. Income Taxes

Income tax benefit for the three months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$(18,534,000) and \$(12,060,000), respectively. Income tax (benefit) expense for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$(16,698,000) and \$848,000, respectively. The difference in the recorded income tax expense/benefit versus the income tax expense/benefit computed at the statutory federal income tax rate is primarily attributable to state income taxes, changes in state net operating losses, additional general business credits, changes to the valuation allowances associated with certain deferred tax assets, and various permanent differences between pre-tax GAAP income and taxable income.

The Company applies an estimated annual effective tax rate to its year-to-date earnings from operations to derive its tax provision for the quarter. Certain circumstances may arise which make it difficult for the Company to determine a reasonable estimate of its annual effective tax rate for the year. The Company's projected marginal operating results, which include the gain related to the Commercial Group's land sales as described in Note H – Commercial Group Land Sales, result in an effective tax rate that changes significantly with small variations in projected income or loss from operations or permanent differences and thus does not provide for a reliable estimate of the estimated annual effective tax rate. Therefore, in computing the Company's income tax provision for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company has excluded the gain on the Commercial Group's land sales from its estimated annual effective tax rate calculation and has recognized the actual income tax expense related to the gain during the nine

months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011.

At January 31, 2012, the Company had a federal net operating loss carryforward for tax purposes of \$170,233,000 that will expire in the years ending January 31, 2026 through January 31, 2032, a charitable contribution deduction carryforward of \$30,401,000 that will expire in the years ending January 31, 2013 through January 31, 2017, General Business Credit carryovers of \$20,212,000 that will expire in the years ending January 31, 2013 through January 31, 2032, and an alternative minimum tax ("AMT") credit carryforward of \$27,452,000 that is available until used to reduce federal tax to the AMT amount.

The Company's policy is to consider a variety of tax-deferral strategies, including tax deferred exchanges, when evaluating its future tax position. The Company has a full valuation allowance against the deferred tax asset associated with its charitable contributions. The Company has a valuation allowance against its general business credits, other than those general business credits which are eligible to be utilized to reduce future AMT liabilities. The Company has a valuation allowance against certain of its state net operating losses and state bonus depreciation deferred assets. These valuation allowances exist because management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize these benefits.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company applies the "with-and-without" methodology for recognizing excess tax benefits from the deduction of stock-based compensation. The net operating loss available for the tax return, as is noted in the paragraph above, is greater than the net operating loss available for the tax provision due to excess deductions from stock-based compensation reported on the return, as well as the impact of adjustments to the net operating loss under the accounting guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. As of January 31, 2012, the Company has not recorded a net deferred tax asset of approximately \$17,265,000 from excess stock-based compensation deductions taken on the tax return for which a benefit has not yet been recognized in the Company's tax provision.

L. Impairment of Real Estate, Impairment of Unconsolidated Entities and Write-Off of Abandoned Development Projects

Impairment of Real Estate

The Company reviews its real estate portfolio, including land held for development and sale, for impairment whenever events or changes indicate that its carrying value may not be recoverable. In cases where the Company does not expect to recover its carrying costs, an impairment charge is recorded. The impairments recorded during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 represent write-downs to estimated fair value due to a change in events, such as a bona fide third-party purchase offer or changes in certain assumptions, including estimated holding periods and current market conditions and the impact of these assumptions to the properties' estimated future cash flows, which represents Level 3 inputs.

The following table summarizes the Company's impairment of real estate included in continuing operations.

_		Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
		2012	2011	2012	2011
		(in thousand	ds)		
Halle Building (Office Building)	Cleveland, Oh	io\$30,200	\$ —	\$30,200	\$ —
Other		_	450	460	2,085
		\$30,200	\$450	\$30,660	\$2,085

During the three months ended October 31, 2012, preliminary negotiations with a potential tenant to lease a majority of the Halle Building were discontinued by the Company, as the Company was unwilling to invest the significant amount of capital necessary to execute the proposed lease. As a result, the Company began evaluating several long-term strategies for the building, as it has below average occupancy, has continued to lose tenants in 2012 and requires significant capital investment. The strategies considered included a near-term disposition of the asset in its current state, investing significant capital to re-tenant the space and hold on a long term basis, or invest additional capital to position the asset for sale, which may increase the sales price. The Company determined it is not likely to invest any significant additional capital and would pursue the repositioning of the asset for redevelopment through a joint venture or exploration of an outright sale. The change in strategy during the three months ended October 31, 2012 reduced the long-term hold probability and our estimated probability weighted undiscounted cash flows no longer exceed the carrying value of the asset requiring the Company to adjust the carrying value to its estimated fair value of \$10,500,000. As such, the Company has recorded an impairment charge of \$30,200,000 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012.

In addition, the Company had impairments related to consolidated real estate assets that were disposed of during the periods presented. The following table summarizes the Company's impairment of real estate included in discontinued operations.

Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Mor	nths Ended October
October 31	1,	31,	
2012	2011	2012	2011
(in thousar	nds)		

Investment in triple net lease retail	Portage,	\$	\$ —	\$2,263	\$3,435
property	Michigan	Φ—	\$ —	\$2,203	\$3,433
White Oak Village (Specialty Retail	Richmond,			1.566	
Center)	Virginia			1,200	
250 Huron (Office Building)	Cleveland, Oh	nio—	10,257		10,257
Other		164		425	_
		\$164	\$10,257	\$4,254	\$13,692

In 2008, 250 Huron was vacated by its single tenant, which occupied the entire building. A lease termination payment received by the Company was placed into escrow for the purpose of servicing the nonrecourse mortgage debt until new tenants for the building could be obtained. During 2010, the Company entered into an option to sell the building. Unable to obtain the necessary lender approval for the purchaser to assume the nonrecourse mortgage debt, the option to sell expired in August 2011. Subsequently, the Company received a notice of default from the loan servicer. As a result, the Company no longer intended to hold the property long term and dramatically shortened its estimated holding period. This reduced estimate of future undiscounted cash flows was not sufficient to recover the carrying value of the asset, resulting in an impairment charge of \$10,257,000 during the three months ended October 31, 2011.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table presents quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value of the non-recurring impairment of real estate (including discontinued operations) for the nine months ended October 31, 2012:

	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measureme				
	Fair Value October 31, 2012	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range of Input Values	
	(in thousands)				
Impairment of real estate	\$83,193	Indicative Bids	Indicative Bids	s N/A ⁽¹⁾	
Impairment of real estate	\$10,500	Discounted Cash Flow	Discount Rate	10.0%	
				_	

These fair value measurements were derived from five bona fide purchase offers from third party prospective buyers, subject to the Company's corroboration for reasonableness.

Impairment of Unconsolidated Entities

The Company reviews its portfolio of unconsolidated entities for other-than-temporary impairments whenever events or changes indicate that its carrying value in the investments may be in excess of fair value. An equity method investment's value is impaired if management's estimate of its fair value is less than the carrying value and the difference is deemed to be other-than-temporary. In order to arrive at the estimates of fair value, the Company uses varying assumptions that may include comparable sale prices, market discount rates, market capitalization rates and estimated future discounted cash flows specific to the geographic region and property type, which are considered to be Level 3 inputs. For newly opened properties, assumptions also include the timing of initial lease up at the property. In the event the initial lease up assumptions differ from actual results, estimated future discounted cash flows may vary resulting in impairment charges in future periods.

The following table summarizes the Company's impairments of unconsolidated entities.

\mathcal{E}	1 / 1				
		Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended Octo 31,	
		2012	2011	2012	2011
		(in thousands	s)		
Village at Gulfstream Park (Specialty Retail Center)	Hallandale Beach, Florida	\$ —	\$34,579	\$ —	\$34,579
Commercial land and development rights	Cleveland, Ohio	_	4,610		4,610
Other		_	2,100	390	2,100
		\$ —	\$41,289	\$390	\$41,289

The impairment recorded during the three months ended October 31, 2011 at Village at Gulfstream Park, a specialty retail center in Hallandale Beach, Florida, represents an other-than-temporary impairment in the Company's equity method investment. During the three months ended October 31, 2011, general economic conditions negatively impacted the operating results at the specialty retail center. The specialty retail center experienced a slower than anticipated lease up period and did not reached the expected level of cash flows used in previous estimates of fair value. Based on these conditions, management revised its estimate of future discounted cash flows downward. As a result, the Company's equity method investment was recorded at its estimated fair value as of October 31, 2011, resulting in an impairment charge of \$34,579,000 during the three months ended October 31, 2011. During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, the Company disposed of its equity method investment in Village at Gulfstream Park.

Write-Off of Abandoned Development Projects

On a quarterly basis, the Company reviews each project under development to determine whether it is probable the project will be developed. If management determines that the project will not be developed, project costs are written

off as an abandoned development project cost. The Company abandons certain projects under development for a number of reasons, including, but not limited to, changes in local market conditions, increases in construction or financing costs or third party challenges related to entitlements or public financing. The Company wrote off abandoned development projects of \$370,000 and \$14,029,000 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, and \$2,686,000 and \$7,931,000 during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, respectively.

M. Gain on Extinguishment of Debt

For the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, the Company recorded \$8,007,000 and \$7,288,000, respectively, as net gain on extinguishment of debt. The amounts for 2012 primarily relate to a gain on extinguishment of nonrecourse mortgage debt of \$9,425,000 at Terminal Tower, an office building in Cleveland, Ohio.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Also, during the three months ended October 31, 2012, the Company closed on a transaction involving a defaulted nonrecourse mortgage which had a carrying value of \$73,500,000 at July 31, 2012. The nonrecourse mortgage consisted of a promissory note ("A note") that was subject to a subordinated participation ("B note"). During the three months ended October 31, 2012, the B note holder bought out the A note holder's interest and became the sole holder of the entire nonrecourse mortgage. Concurrent with this transaction, the B note holder applied restricted cash, which represented accumulated cash flow swept and retained by the loan servicer, of approximately \$12,300,000 to the outstanding principal balance and the Company signed a forbearance agreement that included a further reduction of the outstanding principal balance to \$40,000,000. The new lender has agreed to not continue to prosecute the foreclosure proceedings for two years as long as the Company complies with the terms of the forbearance agreement. The forbearance agreement increases the interest rate to 9% per annum and requires a participation payment in the amount equal to 50% of any net proceeds, as defined in the forbearance agreement, in excess of \$40,000,000 in the event the Company sells the property during the two-year forbearance period. Under the accounting guidance for troubled debt restructuring, no gain was recorded on the transaction and all amounts paid to the lender for interest, principal or applicable participation fees during the two-year forbearance period will be applied to reduce the carrying value of the liability. Upon the ultimate settlement of the nonrecourse mortgage, a gain will be recognized in an amount equal to the then carrying value of the liability in excess of \$40,000,000.

For the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, the Company recorded \$15,101,000 and \$9,334,000, respectively, as net gain on extinguishment of debt. The amounts for 2011 include gains of \$15,101,000 on extinguishment of nonrecourse mortgage debt at a mixed-use development project located in Las Vegas, Nevada and \$5,329,000 related to the early extinguishment of Urban Development Action Grant loans on Avenue at Tower City Center, a specialty retail center located in Cleveland, Ohio. These gains were offset by a non-tax deductible loss of \$10,800,000 related to the exchange of a portion of the 2016 Senior Notes for Class A common stock and a loss of \$296,000 related to a nonrecourse mortgage debt financing transaction on Johns Hopkins — 855 North Wolfe Street, an office building located in East Baltimore, Maryland.

N. Discontinued Operations and Gain on Disposition of Rental Properties The following table lists rental properties included in discontinued operations:

The following table lists is	entai properties included ii	i discontinued o	peranons.				
Property	Location	Square Feet/ Number of Units/ Rooms	Period Disposed		Nine Months Ended 10/31/12	Three Months Ended 10/31/11	Nine Months Ended 10/31/11
Commercial Group:							
White Oak Village	Richmond, Virginia	843,000 square feet			Yes	Yes	Yes
Quebec Square	Denver, Colorado	739,000 square feet	Q1-2012	_	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ritz-Carlton hotel	Cleveland, Ohio	206 rooms	Q4-2011	_	_	Yes	Yes
250 Huron	Cleveland, Ohio	119,000 square feet		_	_	Yes	Yes
Waterfront Station – East 4th & West 4th Buildings	Washington, D.C.	631,000 square feet	Q2-2011	_	_	_	Yes
Charleston Marriott hotel	Charleston, West Virginia	a 352 rooms	Q1-2011	_	_	_	Yes
Five triple net lease properties	Various	284,000 square feet	Various (1)) Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Residential Group:							
Southfield	Whitemarsh, Maryland	212 units	Q3-2012	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

(1) Includes three triple net lease properties disposed of during Q3-2012 and two triple net lease properties disposed of during Q2-2012.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the operating results related to discontinued operations:

	Three Month	s Ended October	Nine Months	Ended October
	31,		31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(in thousand	s)		
Revenues from real estate operations	\$1,710	\$8,607	\$9,206	\$41,708
Expenses				
Operating expenses	1,438	5,816	3,602	22,124
Depreciation and amortization	36	1,835	1,725	7,988
Impairment of real estate	164	10,257	4,254	13,692
	1,638	17,908	9,581	43,804
Interest expense	(159)(1,901)	(2,424)(7,195)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs		(43)	(166)(984)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(192)—	(192)—
Interest income	1	3	8	6
Gain on disposition of rental properties	19,299	_	28,178	121,695
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	19,021	(11,242)	25,029	111,426
Income tax expense (benefit)	8,651	(4,382)	10,528	11,951
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations	10,370	(6,860)	14,501	99,475
Noncontrolling interest				
Gain on disposition of rental properties	_	_	965	81,758
Operating earnings (loss) from rental properties	(128) 64	493	2,467
	(128) 64	1,458	84,225
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$10,498	\$(6,924)	\$13,043	\$15,250

The following table summarizes the pre-tax gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties:

Three Months Ended October		Nine Months Ended October	
31,		31,	
2012	2011	2012	2011
(in thousand	ls)		
\$13,445	\$	\$13,445	\$
6,568	_	6,568	_
	_	8,879	_
(714)—	(714)—
			111 720
_	_	_	111,738
	_		9,957
\$19,299	\$	\$28,178	\$121,695
	31, 2012 (in thousand \$13,445 6,568 — (714	31, 2012 2011 (in thousands) \$13,445 \$— 6,568 — (714)— — —	31, 31, 2012 (in thousands) \$13,445 \$— \$13,445 6,568 — 6,568 — — — 8,879 (714)— (714 — — — —

Gain on Disposition of Unconsolidated Entities

Upon disposition, investments accounted for on the equity method are not classified as discontinued operations; therefore, gains or losses on the disposition of these properties are reported in continuing operations. The following table summarizes gains and losses on the disposition of unconsolidated entities, which are included in equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities:

	Three Octob 2012 (in the		ns Ended 2011 s)	Nine Months 31, 2012	s Ended October 2011
Village at Gulfstream Park (Specialty Retail Center)	Hallandale Beach, Florida	\$	\$	\$14,479	\$ —
Chagrin Plaza I & II (Office Buildings) Apartment Communities:	Beachwood, Ohio	_	_	1,628	_
Metropolitan Lofts	Los Angeles, California	_	_	_	9,964
Twin Lake Towers	Denver, Colorado	<u> </u>			2,603 \$12,567
26		\$—	φ—	\$10,107	\$12,567

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

O. Earnings Per Share

The Company's restricted stock is considered a participating security pursuant to the two-class method for computing basic earnings per share ("EPS"). The Class A Common Units, which are reflected as noncontrolling interests in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, are considered convertible participating securities as they are entitled to participate in any dividends paid to the Company's common shareholders. The Class A Common Units are included in the computation of basic EPS using the two-class method and are included in the computation of diluted EPS using the if-converted method. The Class A common stock issuable in connection with a put or conversion of the 2014 Senior Notes, 2016 Senior Notes, 2018 Senior Notes and Series A preferred stock are included in the computation of diluted EPS using the if-converted method. The loss from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 was allocated solely to holders of common stock as the participating security holders do not share in the losses.

The reconciliation of the amounts used in the basic and diluted EPS computations is shown in the following table.

	Three Months Ended October 31,			Nine Months Ended Octo 31,		er
	2012	2011		2012	2011	
Numerators (in thousands)						
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations attributable to	\$(11,576)\$(29,877)	\$(35,086)\$3,650	
Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	ψ(11,570)ψ(2),077	,	Ψ(33,000) ψ3,030	
Preferred dividends and inducements of preferred stock conversion	(17,731)(3,850)	(25,431)(11,550)
Loss from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Basic and Diluted	\$(29,307)\$(33,727)	\$(60,517)\$(7,900)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(1,078)\$(36,801)	\$(22,043)\$18,900	
Preferred dividends and inducements of preferred stock conversion	(17,731)(3,850)	(25,431)(11,550)
Undistributed earnings allocated to participating securities	_	_		_	(486)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Basic and Diluted	\$(18,809)\$(40,651)	\$(47,474)\$6,864	
Denominators						
Weighted average shares outstanding—Basic and Diluted	170,777,898	169,150,429		169,817,482	167,838,122	
Earnings Per Share						
Loss from continuing operations attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Basic and Diluted	\$(0.17)\$(0.20)	\$(0.36)\$(0.05)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders—Basic and Diluted	\$(0.11)\$(0.24)	\$(0.28)\$0.04	

Incremental shares from dilutive options, restricted stock, performance shares and convertible securities aggregating 51,666,897 and 52,245,656 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, and 52,263,216 and 43,670,392 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because their effect is anti-dilutive due to the loss from continuing operations.

⁽¹⁾ Weighted-average options, restricted stock and performance shares of 3,751,604 and 4,237,027 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, and 4,940,041 and 3,998,084 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because their effect is anti-dilutive under the treasury stock method.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

P. Segment Information

The Company operates through three strategic business units and five reportable segments. The three strategic business units/reportable segments are the Commercial Group, Residential Group and Land Development Group ("Real Estate Groups"). The Commercial Group, the Company's largest strategic business unit, owns, develops, acquires and operates regional malls, specialty/urban retail centers, office and life science buildings, hotels and mixed-use projects. The Residential Group owns, develops, acquires and operates residential rental properties, including upscale and middle-market apartments and adaptive re-use developments. Additionally, the Residential Group develops for-sale condominium projects and also owns interests in entities that develop and manage military family housing. The Land Development Group acquires and sells both land and developed lots to residential, commercial and industrial customers. It also owns and develops land into master-planned communities and mixed-use projects. On January 31, 2012, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition or divest significant portions of the Company's Land Development Group. During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, the Company established and continued to execute on the land divestiture strategy (see Note I – Land Held for Divestiture). The remaining two reportable segments are Corporate Activities and The Nets, a member of the NBA in which the Company accounts for its investment on the equity method of accounting. The following tables summarize financial data for the Company's five reportable segments. All amounts are presented in thousands.

	October 31,	January 31,
	2012	2012
	Identifiable A	Assets
Commercial Group	\$8,117,787	\$7,970,069
Residential Group	2,165,183	2,022,135
Land Development Group	267,765	352,248
The Nets	2,082	(3,836)
Corporate Activities	119,934	163,667
	\$10,672,751	\$10,504,283

	Three Mon October 31				Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
	Revenues f	rom Real Est	ate Operation	S	Operating I	Expenses		
Commercial Group	\$201,689	\$176,290	\$557,416	\$545,758	\$106,416	\$93,296	\$304,414	\$282,102
Commercial								
Group Land	5,950	397	45,999	46,949	1,720	270	5,286	3,009
Sales								
Residential	71,973	67,784	203,258	177,410	49,972	45,972	137,558	121,973
Group	11,713	07,704	203,230	177,410	47,772	43,772	137,336	121,773
Land								
Development	11,754	8,120	36,394	24,072	12,548	9,668	35,496	29,086
Group								
The Nets								
Corporate Activities	_	_	_	_	14,153	12,133	40,507	36,558
Activities	\$291,366	\$252,591	\$843,067	\$794,189	\$184,809	\$161,339	\$523,261	\$472,728

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Interest Expense

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Commercial Group	\$44,611	\$40,008	\$124,316	\$119,699	\$46,716	\$39,186	\$124,819	\$123,269
Residential Group Land	12,839	13,108	37,868	39,902	5,881	9,796	15,055	24,616
Development Group	t 202	60	448	174	(145)865	4,081	2,465
The Nets		_		_		_	_	_
Corporate Activities	429	404	1,015	1,113	16,848	15,487	44,685	42,195
	\$58,081	\$53,580	\$163,647	\$160,888	\$69,300	\$65,334	\$188,640	\$192,545
	Interest and	Other Incon	ne		Capital Exp	enditures		
Commercial Group	Interest and \$2,357	Other Incon \$4,052	ne \$12,448	\$18,504	Capital Exp \$191,349	\$159,282	\$579,246	\$425,779
Group Residential Group				\$18,504 15,362			\$579,246 106,044	\$425,779 121,095
Group Residential	\$2,357 5,652	\$4,052	\$12,448		\$191,349	\$159,282	•	,
Group Residential Group Land Development	\$2,357 5,652	\$4,052 4,488	\$12,448 14,964	15,362	\$191,349	\$159,282 27,532	106,044	121,095
Group Residential Group Land Development Group	\$2,357 5,652	\$4,052 4,488	\$12,448 14,964	15,362	\$191,349	\$159,282 27,532	106,044	121,095

The Company uses a measure defined as Earnings Before Depreciation, Amortization and Deferred Taxes ("EBDT") to report its operating results. EBDT is a non-GAAP measure and is defined as net earnings excluding the following items at the Company's proportional share: i) gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties, divisions and other investments (net of tax); ii) the adjustment to recognize rental revenues and rental expense using the straight-line method; iii) non-cash charges for real estate depreciation, amortization and amortization of mortgage procurement costs; iv) deferred income taxes; v) preferred payment which is classified as noncontrolling interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations; vi) impairment of real estate (net of tax); vii) extraordinary items (net of tax); viii) cumulative or retrospective effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax); and ix) revisions of prior period financial statements.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company believes that, although its business has many facets such as development, acquisitions, disposals, and property management, the core of its business is the recurring operations of its portfolio of real estate assets. The Company's Chief Executive Officer, the chief operating decision maker, uses EBDT, as presented, to assess performance of its portfolio of real estate assets by operating segment because it provides information on the financial performance of the core real estate portfolio operations. EBDT measures the profitability of a real estate segment's operations of collecting rent, paying operating expenses and servicing its debt. All amounts in the following tables are presented in thousands.

Reconciliation of EBDT to Net Earnings (Loss) by Segment:

reconcinution of EBD1 to 11ct Earnings (E033)	by beginer	16.					
Three Months Ended October 31, 2012	Commerc Group	cialResidenti Group	ial Land Developm Group	enThe Nets	Corporate Activities	LOBAL	
EBDT	\$ 78,970	\$33,914	\$ 367	\$(7,477)\$(28,596)\$77,178	
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(51,782) (21,562) (146) —		(73,490)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(2,586) (749) (29) —	_	(3,364)
Straight-line rent adjustment Net gain on land held for divestiture activity	3,178	(123)— 560	_	_	3,055 560	
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of unconsolidated entities	_	_	(283) —	_	(283)
Impairment of real estate Discontinued operations:	(30,200) —	_	_	_	(30,200)
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(36) —	_	_	_	(36)
Straight-line rent adjustment	52		_	_		52	
Gain on disposition of rental properties	5,854	13,445				19,299	
Impairment of real estate	(164) —	_			(164)
Income tax benefit:							
Deferred income taxes		_			3,744	3,744	
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions		_	_	_	2,571	2,571	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ 3,286	\$ 24,925	\$ 469	\$(7,477)\$(22,281)\$(1,078)
Preferred dividends and inducements of preferre stock conversion	ed_	_	_	_	(17,731)(17,731)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$ 3,286	\$ 24,925	\$ 469	\$(7,477)\$(40,012)\$(18,809))
Three Months Ended October 31, 2011	Commerc	eialResidenti Group	al Land Developm Group	enfΓhe Nets	Corporate Activities	Total	
EBDT	\$ 73,677	\$25,956	\$ 3,131	\$(11,283)\$(14,004)\$77,477	
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(48,684) (41) —	_)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(2,961) (991) (58) —	_	(4,010)
Straight-line rent adjustment	2,937	230	_			3,167	

Preference payment	(585) —		_		(585)
Gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties	5,849	_	_	_	_	5,849	
Impairment of real estate			(450) —	_	(450)
Impairment of unconsolidated real estate	(39,189) —	(2,100) —	_)
Allowance for projects under development revision (See Note A)	1,400	600		_	_	2,000	
Discontinued operations:							
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(1,718) (168)—	_	_	(1,886)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(38) (4)—	_	_	(42)
Straight-line rent adjustment	101					101	
Impairment of real estate	(10,257) —				(10,257)
Income tax benefit (expense):							
Deferred income taxes.	_	_	_		2,552	2,552	
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions		_			(10)(10)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ (19,468	\$) \$4,930	\$ 482	\$(11,283)\$(11,462	2)\$(36,80]	1)
Preferred dividends		_	_		(3,850)(3,850)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$ (19,468) \$4,930	\$ 482	\$(11,283)\$(15,312	2)\$(40,65]	1)
29							

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Reconciliation of EBDT to Net Earnings (Loss) by Segment (continued):

Reconcination of EDD1 to Net Earnings (Loss)	by Segmen	ii (commuc	•				
Nine Months Ended October 31, 2012	Commerci Group	alResident Group	Land Developm Group	entThe Nets	Corporate Activities	Total	
EBDT	\$ 232,965	\$99,216	\$ 4,731	\$(22,707)\$(77,984)\$236,221	Ĺ
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(150,890) (63,466) (355) —	_	(214,711)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups) (2,311) (83) —	_	(11,174)
Straight-line rent adjustment	11,688	(350)—	_	_	11,338	,
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity Net loss on land held for divestiture activity of			(9,405) —)
unconsolidated entities			(42,170) —		(42,170)
Gain on disposition of unconsolidated entities	16,107					16,107	
Net gain on change in control of interests	4,064					4,064	
Impairment of real estate	(30,660) —		_		,)
Impairment of unconsolidated real estate			(390) —	_	(390)
Discontinued operations:							
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(1,370) (355)—	_	_	(1,725)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(158) (8)—	_	_	(166)
Straight-line rent adjustment	379	_	_	_	_	379	
Gain on disposition of rental properties	13,768	13,445	_			27,213	
Impairment of real estate	(4,254) —	_		_	(4,254)
Income tax benefit (expense):					(10.140	\((10.140)	\
Deferred income taxes		_	_		(19,149)(19,149)
Current income taxes attributable to above dispositions	_	_	_		16,439	16,439	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$ 82,859	\$46,171	\$ (47,672) \$(22,707)\$(80,694)\$(22,043	()
Preferred dividends and inducements of preferred stock conversion	_	_	_	_	(25,431)(25,431)
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. common shareholders	\$ 82,859	\$46,171	\$ (47,672) \$(22,707)\$(106,125	5)\$(47,474	.)
Nine Months Ended October 31, 2011	Commerci	ialResident Group	Land ial Developm Group	nentThe Nets	Corporate Activities	LOIAL	
EBDT	\$ 266,453	\$72,713	\$ 4,023	\$(14,969)\$(52,661)\$275,559)
Depreciation and amortization – Real Estate Groups	(143,853) (57,795) (194) —	_	(201,842)
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs – Real Estate Groups	(7,610) (2,709) (204) —	_	(10,523)
Straight-line rent adjustment	1,715	355			_	2,070	
Preference payment	(1,756) —	_	_	_)
^ ·	15,410	<u> </u>	_	_	_	15,410	

_	12,567	_		_	12,567	
_	(235) (1,850) —	_	(2,085)
(39,189) —	(2,100) —	_	(41,289)
1.400	600				2 000	
1,400	000	_	_	_	2,000	
(6.653) (567)			(7.220	`
(0,033) (307) 		_	(7,220	,
(561) (12)			(576	`
(304) (12)—		_	(370)
925					925	
39,937	_				39,937	
(13,692) —				(13,692)
				(8,614)(8,614)
				(41.071	\(\lambda 1 \ 071	`
			<u>—</u>	(41,9/1)(41,9/1	,
\$ 112 523	\$ 24 917	\$ (325) \$(14,960	\\$(103.24 <i>6</i>	5) \$ 18 OOO	
Ψ 112,323	Ψ 24,717	Ψ (323) ψ(1 4 ,202)ψ(10 <i>3</i> ,2 1 0	, η φ 10, 200	
_		_	_	(11,550)(11,550)
\$ 112 523	\$ 24 917	\$ (325) \$(14 960)\$(114.70 <i>6</i>	5) \$7 350	
ψ 112,323	Ψ 47,717	ψ (323	<i>)</i> ψ(1 4 ,202	<i>)</i> Ψ(11 7 ,/ <i>)</i> (, , ψ ι , , , , , Ο	
	1,400 (6,653 (564 925 39,937	— (235 (39,189)) 1,400 600 (6,653)) (567 (564)) (12 925 — 39,937 — (13,692)) — — — — \$ 112,523 \$ 24,917 — —	— (235) (1,850 (39,189) (2,100 1,400 600 — (6,653) (567) — (564) (12) — 925 — — — 39,937 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — \$ 112,523 \$ 24,917 \$ (325 — — —	— (235)(1,850) — (39,189) — (2,100) — 1,400 600 — — (6,653) (567) — — (564) (12) — — 925 — — — 39,937 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — * — — — * 112,523 \$24,917 \$ (325) \$ (14,969 — — — —	— (235)(1,850) — — (39,189) — (2,100) — — 1,400 600 — — — (6,653) (567) — — — (564) (12) — — — 925 — — — — 39,937 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — + — — — — - — — — — 41,971 \$ \$ (11,550 —	— (235)(1,850) — — (2,085 (39,189) — (2,100) — — (41,289 1,400 600 — — 2,000 (6,653) (567) — — (7,220 (564) (12) — — (576 925 — — 925 39,937 — — 925 (13,692) — — (13,692 — — (8,614)(8,614 — — (41,971)(41,971 \$ 112,523 \$24,917 \$ (325) \$(14,969)\$(103,246)\$18,900 — — — (11,550)(11,550

Q. Capital Stock

On October 16, 2012, the Company entered into separate, privately negotiated exchange agreements with certain holders of its Series A Cumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock to exchange such Series A preferred stock for shares of the Company's Class A common stock. Under the terms of the agreements, holders exchanged \$133,723,550 in aggregate amount of liquidation preference consisting of 2,674,471 shares, of Series A preferred stock, for 8,844,204 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. The amount of common shares issued was equivalent to the initial conversion price of \$15.12 per share of Class A common stock. In order to induce the holders to make the exchange, the Company made a cash payment of \$13,881,000 to the holders for additional exchange consideration, including dividends that would have been payable on December 17, 2012 and March 15, 2013. Under the accounting guidance for induced conversions of convertible preferred stock, the cash inducement payment was recorded as a reduction to retained earnings.

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Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The Company declared and paid Series A preferred stock dividends of \$3,850,000 and \$11,550,000 during both the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Undeclared Series A preferred stock dividends were \$755,000 at October 31, 2012. Effective November 1, 2012, the Company's Board of Directors declared cash dividends on the remaining outstanding shares of Series A preferred stock of \$1,510,000 for the period from September 15, 2012 to December 14, 2012 to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 1, 2012, which will be paid on December 17, 2012.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") of
Forest City Enterprises, Inc. and subsidiaries should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the
footnotes thereto contained in the annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Corporate Description

We principally engage in the ownership, development, management and acquisition of commercial and residential real estate and land throughout the United States. We operate through three strategic business units and five reportable segments. The Commercial Group, our largest strategic business unit, owns, develops, acquires and operates regional malls, specialty/urban retail centers, office and life science buildings, hotels and mixed-use projects. The Residential Group owns, develops, acquires and operates residential rental properties, including upscale and middle-market apartments and adaptive re-use developments. Additionally, the Residential Group develops for-sale condominium projects and also owns interests in entities that develop and manage military family housing. The Land Development Group acquires and sells both land and developed lots to residential, commercial and industrial customers. It also owns and develops land into master-planned communities and mixed-use projects. On January 31, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition or divest significant portions of our Land Development Group. During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, we established and continued to execute on our land divestiture strategy. See further discussion under "Land Held for Divestiture Activities" in this section. Corporate Activities and The Nets, a member of the National Basketball Association ("NBA") in which we account for our investment on the equity method of accounting, are other reportable segments of ours.

We have approximately \$10.7 billion of consolidated assets in 27 states and the District of Columbia at October 31, 2012. Our core markets include Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, the Greater San Francisco metropolitan area and the Greater Washington D.C. metropolitan area. We have offices in Albuquerque, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Denver, Los Angeles, New York City, San Francisco, Washington, D.C., and our corporate headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio.

While certain of our assets, primarily in the New York metropolitan area, Boston and other Midwest markets, sustained varying levels of storm damage as a result of Hurricane Sandy, we do not expect any of the damage to have a material effect on our future operations or cash flows.

Significant milestones occurring during the third quarter of 2012 include:

The opening of Barclays Center, a state-of-the-art arena located in Brooklyn, New York and the anchor of our Atlantic Yards mixed-use project. This 670,000 square foot world-class arena is the home to Brooklyn Nets basketball, future home of the New York Islanders and will host more than 200 cultural and sporting events annually. The site also includes a new Atlantic Avenue-Barclays Center subway entrance and the arena is designed to meet LEED guidelines;

The privately negotiated exchange of \$133,724,000 aggregate amount of liquidation preference consisting of 2,674,471 shares of our Series A Cumulative Perpetual Convertible preferred stock for 8,844,204 shares of our Class A common stock and a cash payment of \$13,881,000 for additional exchange consideration;

Closing a two-year extension, with an additional one-year option, of the previous \$497,000,000 nonrecourse construction mortgage secured by Westchester's Ridge Hill, a mixed-use retail project located in Yonkers, New York. As a result of the extension, we are required to make principal paydowns aggregating \$32,000,000 over the next ten months, resulting in a \$465,000,000 nonrecourse construction mortgage financing on the project. This extension provides us additional time to complete lease-up, stabilize the project and position the asset for permanent financing; The sale of White Oak Village, a specialty retail center in Richmond, Virginia, for a sales price of \$68,000,000, which generated net cash proceeds of approximately \$13,000,000;

The sale of Southfield, an apartment community in Whitemarsh, Maryland, for a sales price of \$32,650,000, which generated net cash proceeds of approximately \$16,900,000;

The opening of Botanica Eastbridge, a 118 unit apartment community located at our Stapleton project in Denver, Colorado;

Commencing construction on two projects located at The Yards, our mixed-use project in the Capital Riverfront District of Washington D.C. The first is Twelve12, a mixed-use project with 218 apartments above street level retail, including a grocery store and fitness center. Our second new start is Lumber Shed, a 32,000 square-foot, mixed-use project with street-level restaurants featuring outdoor seating to take advantage of its location along the Anacostia River:

Commencing construction of Stratford Avenue, a 128 unit apartment community in Fairfield, Connecticut; and

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Commencing construction of 120 Kingston, a 240 unit apartment community within the Chinatown district of downtown Boston, Massachusetts.

In addition, subsequent to October 31, 2012, we achieved the following significant milestones:

The announcement of Kenneth J. Bacon, co-founder of RailField Partners and presiding director of the board for Comcast Corporation, as a new Class B member of our board of directors, which was effective December 3, 2012; and

Addressing \$70,598,000 of the remaining \$180,643,000 of nonrecourse mortgage debt financings that would have matured during the year ending January 31, 2013, through closed transactions, commitments and/or automatic extensions.

Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. – Net loss attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. for the three months ended October 31, 2012 was \$1,078,000 versus \$36,801,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2011. Although we have substantial recurring revenue sources from our properties, we also enter into significant transactions, which create substantial variances in net earnings (loss) between periods. This variance to the prior year period is primarily attributable to the following increases, which are net of noncontrolling interest:

\$21,632,000 related to a 2012 decrease in impairment charges of consolidated (including discontinued operations) and unconsolidated entities;

\$19,299,000 related to the 2012 gains on disposition of rental properties;

\$4,092,000 related to the change in fair market value of certain derivatives between the comparable periods, which was marked to market through interest expense as a result of the derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting;

\$3,806,000 related to a 2012 decrease in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets; and

\$2,285,000 of decreased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared with 2011.

These increases were partially offset by the following decreases, net of noncontrolling interest:

\$7,235,000 related to decreased gains on extinguishment of debt in 2012 compared with 2011;

\$5,849,000 related to the 2011 gain on disposition of partial interest in rental properties; and

\$6,559,000 due to increased income tax expense attributable to both continuing and discontinued operations primarily related to the fluctuations in pre-tax earnings, including gains in discontinued operations. These fluctuations are primarily related to the various transactions discussed herein.

Net loss attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc. for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 was \$22,043,000 versus net earnings of \$18,900,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2011. This variance to the prior year period is primarily attributable to the following decreases, which are net of noncontrolling interest:

\$51,575,000 related to the net loss on land held for divestiture activities for fully consolidated land projects and land projects accounted for under the equity method of accounting;

\$42,622,000 related to the 2011 sale of an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$15,410,000 due to the 2011 gain on disposition of partial interests in rental properties;

\$12,724,000 related to 2011 gains on disposition of rental properties exceeding 2012 gains;

\$8,072,000 related to a decrease in income recognized on the sale of state and federal Historic Preservation Tax Credits and New Market Tax Credits in 2012 compared with 2011;

\$7,738,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets; and

\$5,823,000 of increased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared with 2011.

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases, net of noncontrolling interest:

\$36,484,000 related to the 2012 sale of an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$21,762,000 related to a 2012 decrease in impairment charges of consolidated (including discontinued operations) and unconsolidated entities;

\$11,106,000 related to the change in fair market value of certain derivatives between the comparable periods, which was marked to market through interest expense as a result of the derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting;

\$6,033,000 primarily related to higher land sales at our Stapleton project in Denver, Colorado in 2012 compared with 2011;

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\$4,064,000 related to the net gain on change in control of interests related to the acquisition of our partners' interests in certain equity method investments during the three months ended July 31, 2012. The gain represents the adjustment to fair value of all of the assets and liabilities of the entities including the noncontrolling interests of the remaining partner;

\$3,540,000 related to 2012 gains on disposition of our unconsolidated investments exceeding 2011 gains; and \$18,969,000 due to decreased income tax expense attributable to both continuing and discontinued operations primarily related to the fluctuations in pre-tax earnings, including gains in discontinued operations. These fluctuations are primarily related to the various transactions discussed herein.

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Net Operating Income

We define Net Operating Income ("NOI") as revenues (excluding straight-line rent adjustments) less operating expenses (including depreciation and amortization and amortization of mortgage procurement costs for non-real estate groups) plus interest income plus equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities (excluding gain on disposition and impairment of unconsolidated entities) plus interest expense, gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt, depreciation and amortization of unconsolidated entities. We believe NOI provides us, as well as our investors, additional information about our core business operations and, along with earnings, is necessary to understand our business and operating results. A reconciliation between NOI and Net Earnings (Loss), the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), is presented below. Although NOI is not presented in accordance with GAAP, investors can use this non-GAAP measure as supplementary information to evaluate our business. NOI is not intended to be a performance measure that should be regarded as an alternative to, or more meaningful than, our GAAP measures.

Reconciliation of Net Operating Income (non-GAAP) to Net Earnings (Loss) (GAAP) (in thousands):

recommunon of the operating meome (non-of this)	Nine Months Ended October		Nine Months Ended October 31, 2011		
Revenues from real estate operations Exclude straight-line rent adjustment Adjusted revenues Add interest and other income	31, 2012	\$843,067 (13,145 829,922 34,768		\$794,189 (5,465 788,724 42,110)
Add equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities, including impairment	\$(17,933)	\$(17,637)	
Exclude net loss on land held for divestiture of unconsolidated entities	42,170		_		
Exclude gain on disposition of unconsolidated entities Exclude impairment of unconsolidated real estate	(16,107 390)	(12,567 41,289)	
Exclude depreciation and amortization of	60,415		49,881		
unconsolidated entities Exclude interest expense of unconsolidated entities	76,230		74,501		
Exclude loss on extinguishment of debt of unconsolidated entities	1,313		480		
Total NOI from unconsolidated entities	\$146,478	146,478	\$135,947	135,947	
Total adjusted revenues and NOI from unconsolidated entities		1,011,168		966,781	
Operating expenses		523,261		472,728	
Add back non-Real Estate depreciation and amortization		2,233		2,400	
Exclude straight-line rent adjustment Exclude preference payment Adjusted operating expenses Net operating income		(1,807 — 523,687 487,481)	(3,395 (1,756 469,977 496,804)
Interest expense Gain on extinguishment of debt		(188,640 7,288)	(192,545 9,334)
Net loss on land held for divestiture activity Total NOI of unconsolidated entities		(5,651 (146,478))	— (135,947)
Net gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in rental properties		_		15,410	
Impairment of consolidated real estate		(30,660)	(2,085)

(161,414)	(158,488)
(9.054)	(8.791)
	,		,
11,338		2,070	
_		(1,756)
(35,790)	24,006	
16,698		(848)
6,766		_	
24.227		(17.627	`
24,237		(17,037)
(40.170			
(42,170)		
(17,933)	(17,637)
, ,)	. ,	
	,	•	
•)	•	
,	,	,	
(4.027		(1.071	,
(4,827)	(1,8/1)
(1.450		(0.4.22.5	,
(1,458)	(84,225)
(6,285)	(86,096)
\$ (22,042	,	¢ 10 000	
\$(22,043)	\$18,900	
(25.421	`	(11.550	`
(25,431)	(11,550)
ф <i>(</i> 47 47 4	`	ф 7 250	
\$(47,474)	\$ 7,350	
	(9,054 11,338 — (35,790 16,698 6,766 24,237 (42,170 (17,933 (30,259 14,501 (15,758 (4,827 (1,458	(9,054) 11,338 — (35,790) 16,698 6,766 24,237 (42,170) (17,933) (30,259) 14,501 (15,758) (4,827) (1,458) (6,285) \$(22,043) (25,431)	(9,054) (8,791 11,338 2,070 (35,790) 24,006 16,698 (848 6,766 — 24,237 (17,637 (42,170) — (17,933) (17,637 (30,259) 5,521 14,501 99,475 104,996 (4,827) (1,871 (1,458) (84,225 (6,285) (86,096 \$(22,043) \$18,900 (25,431) (11,550

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Net Operating Income by Product Type Full Consolidation (dollars in thousands)

Nine Months Ended October 31, 2012			Nine Months Ended October 31, 2011		
NOI by Product Type	\$547,430		NOI by Product Type	\$516,159	
Casino Land Sale	36,484		Casino Land Sale	42,622	
Arena	(9,231)	Arena	(6,561)
The Nets	(22,707)	The Nets	(14,969)
Corporate Activities	(41,390)	Corporate Activities	(37,452)
Other (2)	(23,105)	Other (2)	(2,995)
Grand Total NOI	\$487,481		Grand Total NOI	\$496,804	

⁽¹⁾ Includes limited-distribution subsidized senior housing.

⁽²⁾ Includes write-offs of abandoned development projects and unallocated management and service company overhead, net of tax credit income.

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EBDT and FFO

We believe that Earnings Before Depreciation, Amortization and Deferred Taxes ("EBDT") and Funds From Operations ("FFO"), along with net earnings, provides additional information about our core operations. While property dispositions, acquisitions or other factors can affect net earnings in the short-term, we believe EBDT and FFO present a more consistent view of the overall financial performance of our business from period-to-period. EBDT has been used by the chief operating decision maker and management to assess performance and resource allocations by strategic business unit and on a consolidated basis. EBDT is similar, but not identical, to FFO (as defined below), a measure of performance used by publicly traded Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs").

EBDT is defined as net earnings excluding the following items at our proportional share: i) gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties, divisions and other investments (net of tax); ii) the adjustment to recognize rental revenues and rental expense using the straight-line method; iii) non-cash charges for real estate depreciation, amortization, and amortization of mortgage procurement costs; iv) deferred income taxes; v) preferred payment which is classified as noncontrolling interest expense on our Consolidated Statement of Operations; vi) impairment of real estate (net of tax); vii) extraordinary items (net of tax); viii) cumulative or retrospective effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax); and ix) revisions of prior period financial statements.

The majority of our peers in the publicly traded real estate industry are REITs and report operations using FFO as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). Although we are not a REIT, we feel it is important to publish this measure to allow for easier comparison of our performance to our peers. The major difference between us and our REIT peers is that we are a taxable entity and any taxable income we generate could result in payment of federal or state income taxes. Our REIT peers typically are not subject to federal or state income taxes, but must pay out a portion of their taxable income to shareholders. Due to our effective tax management policies, we have not historically been a significant payer of income taxes. This has allowed us to retain our internally generated cash flows but has also resulted in large expenses for deferred taxes as required by GAAP. The treatment of deferred taxes is the single biggest difference between EBDT and FFO. We intend to continue to report both EBDT and FFO during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013. Effective February 1, 2013, we will only report FFO to be more comparable to our industry peers.

FFO is defined by NAREIT as net earnings excluding the following items at our proportional share: i) gain (loss) on disposition of rental properties, divisions and other investments (net of tax); ii) non-cash charges for real estate depreciation and amortization; iii) impairment of depreciable real estate (net of tax); iv) extraordinary items (net of tax); and v) cumulative or retrospective effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax).

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EBDT and FFO (continued)

The table below illustrates the differences between FFO and our historical reporting of EBDT and reconciles these non-GAAP measures to net earnings (loss), the most comparable GAAP measure.

non-GAAP measures to net earnings (loss), the most comparable GAAP measure.									
	Three Months Ended October 31, 2012		Hnded ()ctober 31		Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
					October 3	October 31, 2012		October 31, 2011	
	FFO (in thous	EBDT sands)	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	
Net earnings (loss) attributable to Forest City Enterprises, Inc.	\$(1.078	•	\$(36,801	(36,801)	\$(22,043)\$(22,043)	\$18,900	\$18,900	
Depreciation and Amortization—Real Estate Groups ⁽¹⁾	73,526	73,526	71,304	71,304	216,436	216,436	209,062	209,062	
Impairment of depreciable rental properties	30,364	30,364	49,446	49,446	35,304	35,304	53,116	53,116	
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in rental properties	(19,299)(19,299)	(5,849)(5,849)	(43,320)(43,320)	(67,914)(67,914)	
Income tax expense (benefit) adjustments — current and deferred ⁽²⁾									
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests in rental properties	7,893	7,893	2,275	2,275	17,174	17,174	26,339	26,339	
Impairment of depreciable rental properties	(11,776)(11,776)	(19,177)(19,177)	(13,692)(13,692)	(20,600)(20,600)	
Straight-line rent adjustments	_	(3,107)		(3,268)	_	(11,717)	_	(2,995)	
Net gain on change in control of interests	_	_	_		_	(4,064)	_		
Net (gain) loss on land held for divestiture activity	r	(277)	_	_	_	51,575	_	_	
Impairment of Land Group projects	_	_	_	2,550	_	_	_	3,950	
Amortization of mortgage procurement costs—Real Estat	t e —	3,364	_	4,052	_	11,340	_	11,099	
Groups Preference payment		_		585	_	_		1,756	
Allowance for projects under				(2,000)				(2,000)	
development revision		_	_	(2,000)		_	_	(2,000)	
Income tax expense (benefit) adjustments — current and deferred ⁽²⁾									
Deferred income tax expense (benefit) on operating earnings	_	(2,547)	_	15,349	_	17,655		46,378	
Impairment of Land Group projects	_	_	_	(989)	_	_	_	(1,532)	
I. Arres	_	115	_	_		(20,003)		_	

Net gain (loss) on land held for divestiture activity Net gain on change in control of interests	_		_	_	_	1,576	_	_
	\$79,630	\$77.178	\$61,198	\$77.477	\$189,859	\$236.221	\$218.903	\$275,559
11 0/1250 1	Three Months Ended October 31, 2012		Three Months			ths Ended		nths Ended
	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT	FFO	EBDT
FFO/EBDT Per Share - Diluted Numerator (in thousands):								
FFO/EBDT	\$79,630	\$ 77,178	\$61,198	\$ 77,477	\$189,859	\$ 236,221	\$218,903	\$ 275,559
If-Converted Method (adjustments for interest, net of tax):								
3.625% Puttable Senior Notes due 2014	1,110	1,110	1,110	1,110	3,329	3,329	3,329	3,329
5.00% Convertible Senior Note due 2016		382	382	382	1,148	1,148	1,485	1,485
4.25% Convertible Senior Note due 2018	s 2,277	2,277	2,277	2,277	6,830	6,830	2,605	2,605
FFO/EBDT for per share data Denominator	\$83,399	\$ 80,947	\$64,967	\$ 81,246	\$201,166	\$ 247,528	\$226,322	\$ 282,978
Weighted average shares outstanding—Basic Effect of stock options,	170,777	, 89% ,777,89	9869,150,	, 4299 ,150,42	2969,817,4	. 816 9,817,482	2167,838,1	21% 7,838,122
restricted stock and performance shares	e 1,220,01	0,220,010	566,701	566,701	965,683	965,683	880,004	880,004
Effect of convertible preferred stock	13,300,6	529,300,629	9 14,550,2	2574,550,257	7 14,133,71	5 4,133,715	14,550,25	714,550,257
Effect of convertible debt	33,499,5	5 03 3,499,503	3 33,499,5	6033 ,499,503	33,499,50	3 3,499,503	24,593,37	64,593,376
Effect of convertible Class A Common Units	3,646,75	53,646,755	3,646,75	53,646,755	3,646,755	3,646,755	3,646,755	3,646,755
Weighted average shares outstanding - Diluted	222,444	, 7295 ,444,79	9 5 21,413,	, 6221 ,413,64	15 22,063,1	32 2,063,13	8211,508,5	24 1,508,514
FFO/EBDT Per Share	\$0.37	\$ 0.36	\$0.29	\$ 0.37	\$0.91	\$ 1.11	\$1.07	\$ 1.34
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EBDT and FFO (continued) (1) The following table provides detail of depreciation and	amortization						
	Three Montl			Nine Months Ended October			
	October 31,			31,			
	2012	2011		2012	2011		
	(in thousand	s)					
Full Consolidation	\$58,081	\$53,580		\$163,647	\$160,888		
Non-Real Estate	(1,037)(1,012)	(2,233)(2,400)	
Real Estate Groups Full Consolidation	57,044	52,568		161,414	158,488		
Real Estate Groups related to noncontrolling interest	(2,699)(1,174)	(4,695)(4,370)	
Real Estate Groups Unconsolidated	19,145	18,024		57,992	47,724		
Real Estate Groups Discontinued Operations	36	1,886		1,725	7,220		
Real Estate Groups Pro-Rata Consolidation	\$73,526	\$71,304		\$216,436	\$209,062		
(2) The following table provides detail of Income Tax Exp	ense (Benefit):					
	Three Montl	hs Ended		Nine Month	s Ended Octo	ber	
	October 31,			31,			
	2012	2011		2012	2011		
	(in thousand	s)					
Current taxes							
Operating earnings	\$(3,575)\$(13,357)	\$(8,941)\$(37,501)	
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests	³ (565)10		(21.732) 39,179		
in rental properties	(303) 10		(21,732) 39,179		
Net gain (loss) on land held for divestiture activity	(17,967)—		(16,299)—		
Subtotal	(22,107)(13,347)	(46,972) 1,678		
Discontinued operations							
Operating earnings	7	(543)	61	(285)	
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests	3 15 061			21 502	2.702		
in rental properties	13,901	_		21,592	2,792		
Subtotal	15,968	(543)	21,653	2,507		
Total Current taxes	(6,139)(13,890)	(25,319)4,185		
Deferred taxes							
Operating earnings	(2,545) 15,210		17,478	45,721		
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests	S (252) 2,265		26,966	(29,729	`	
in rental properties	(232) 2,203		20,900	(29,729	,	
Impairment of depreciable rental properties	(11,712)(15,199)	(12,042)(15,290)	
Impairment of Land Group projects		(989)		(1,532)	
Net gain (loss) on land held for divestiture activity	18,082			(3,704)—		
Net gain on change in control of interests				1,576			
Subtotal	3,573	1,287		30,274	(830)	
Discontinued operations							
Operating earnings	(2) 139		177	657		
Gain on disposition of rental properties and partial interests	s (7,251)		(0.652) 14,097		
in rental properties	(7,231)—		(9,652) 14,097		
Impairment of real estate	(64)(3,978)	(1,650)(5,310)	
Subtotal	(7,317)(3,839)	(11,125) 9,444		
Total Deferred taxes	(3,744)(2,552)	19,149	8,614		
Grand Total	\$(9,883)\$(16,442)	\$(6,170)\$12,799		

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Summary of Segment Operating Results – The following tables present a summary of revenues from real estate operations, operating expenses, interest expense, and equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities by segment. See discussion of these amounts by segment in the narratives following the tables.

	Three Months Ended October 31,			Nine Months Ended October 31,				
	2012 (in thousa	2011 nds)	Variance	;	2012	2011	Variance	;
Revenues from Real Estate Operations	•							
Commercial Group	\$201,689	\$176,290	\$25,399		\$557,416	\$545,758	\$11,658	
Commercial Group Land Sales	5,950	397	5,553		45,999	46,949	(950)
Residential Group	71,973	67,784	4,189		203,258	177,410	25,848	
Land Development Group	11,754	8,120	3,634		36,394	24,072	12,322	
The Nets	_	_			_		_	
Corporate Activities	_	_					_	
Total Revenues from Real Estate Operations	\$291,366	\$252,591	\$38,775		\$843,067	\$794,189	\$48,878	
Operating Expenses								
Commercial Group	\$106,416	\$93,296	\$13,120		\$304,414	\$282,102	\$22,312	
Cost of Commercial Group Land Sales	1,720	270	1,450		5,286	3,009	2,277	
Residential Group	49,972	45,972	4,000		137,558	121,973	15,585	
Land Development Group	12,548	9,668	2,880		35,496	29,086	6,410	
The Nets	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Corporate Activities	14,153	12,133	2,020		40,507	36,558	3,949	
Total Operating Expenses	\$184,809	\$161,339	\$23,470		\$523,261	\$472,728	\$50,533	
Interest Expense								
Commercial Group	\$46,716	\$39,186	\$7,530		\$124,819	\$123,269	\$1,550	
Residential Group	5,881	9,796	(3,915)	15,055	24,616	(9,561)
Land Development Group	(145)865	(1,010)	4,081	2,465	1,616	
The Nets		_			_		_	
Corporate Activities	16,848	15,487	1,361		44,685	42,195	2,490	
Total Interest Expense	\$69,300	\$65,334	\$3,966		\$188,640	\$192,545	\$(3,905)
Equity in Earnings (Loss) of Unconsolidated								
Entities								
Commercial Group	\$8,588	\$6,894	\$1,694		\$21,059	\$13,661	\$7,398	
Gain on disposition of Commercial Group					16,107		16,107	
unconsolidated entities					10,107		•	
Residential Group	3,898	2,583	1,315		8,148	8,662	(514)
Gain on disposition of Residential Group			_		_	12,567	(12,567)
unconsolidated entities								,
Land Development Group	(820	3,079	(3,899)	2,020	3,731	(1,711)
The Nets	(7,477)(11,283	3,806		(22,707	(14,969	(7,738)
Corporate Activities	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Total Equity in Earnings (Loss) of Unconsolidated Entities	\$4,189	\$1,273	\$2,916		\$24,627	\$23,652	\$975	

Commercial Group

Revenues from real estate operations—Revenues from real estate operations for the Commercial Group, including the group's land sales, increased by \$30,952,000, or 17.5%, for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with

the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases: \$21,461,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below;

\$5,553,000 related to increases in commercial outlot land sales primarily at Shops at Wiregrass in Tampa, Florida and Orchard Town Center in Westminster, Colorado; and

- \$1,559,000 primarily related to increased occupancy at Two MetroTech Center, an office building in Brooklyn,
- New York, Johns Hopkins 855 North Wolfe Street, an office building in East Baltimore, Maryland, and Victoria Gardens, a regional mall in Rancho Cucamonga, California.

These increases were partially offset by the following decreases:

\$1,929,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest in Atlanta, Georgia; and \$1,633,000 related to decreased occupancy at Ten MetroTech Center, an office building in Brooklyn, New York.

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Revenues from real estate operations for the Commercial Group, including the group's land sales, increased by \$10,708,000, or 1.8%, for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$40,000,000 related to the 2012 sale of an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$29,746,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below;

\$6,671,000 primarily related to increased occupancy at Two MetroTech Center, Johns Hopkins – 855 North Wolfe Street and Victoria Gardens;

\$4,050,000 related to increases in commercial outlot land sales primarily at Shops at Wiregrass and Orchard Town Center, which were partially offset by decreases at Northfield at Stapleton in Denver, Colorado;

\$3,927,000 related to increased revenues on a lease of 303,000 square feet of space in the Higbee Building in Cleveland, Ohio for a new casino;

\$2,422,000 related to increased occupancy and increased food and beverage revenue at Sheraton Station Square, a hotel in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; and

\$2,229,000 related to development fee income at Georgia Multi-Modal Passenger Terminal, a fee-based project in Atlanta, Georgia.

These increases were partially offset by the following decreases:

\$45,000,000 related to the 2011 sale of an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio;

\$17,508,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in March 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area;

\$9,782,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest;

\$7,914,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method for 8 Spruce Street, an apartment community in Manhattan, New York, in 2011 due to recapitalization transactions. The revenue for 2011 prior to the conversion to equity method of accounting on July 1, 2011 relates to amounts earned on a construction contract with the New York City School Construction Authority for the construction of a school on the lower floors at 8 Spruce Street. This represents a reimbursement of costs that is included in operating expenses; and

\$3,483,000 related to decreased occupancy at Ten MetroTech Center.

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses increased by \$14,570,000, or 15.6%, for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$13,713,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below; and

\$1,450,000 related to increases in commercial outlot land sales primarily at Shops at Wiregrass and Orchard Town Center.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$970,000 related to change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest.

Operating expenses increased by \$24,589,000, or 8.6%, for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. The variance to the prior year is primarily attributable to the following increases: \$26,197,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below;

\$7,809,000 related to increased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared with 2011;

\$3,516,000 related to the 2012 sale of an approximate 10 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio; and

\$1,139,000 related to increases in commercial outlot land sales primarily at Shops at Wiregrass and Orchard Town Center, which were partially offset by decreases at Northfield at Stapleton.

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These increases were partially offset by the following decreases:

\$7,914,000 related to the change from full consolidation of accounting to equity method for 8 Spruce Street in 2011. The operating expenses for 2011 prior to the conversion to equity method of accounting on July 1, 2011 relate to the construction of a school at 8 Spruce Street. These costs are reimbursed by the New York City School Construction Authority which are included in revenues from real estate operations;

\$5,980,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in March 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area;

\$3,863,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in October 2011 with an outside partner at the Mall at Stonecrest; and

\$2,378,000 related to the 2011 sale of an approximate 6 acre land parcel and air rights for development of a casino in downtown Cleveland, Ohio.

Interest expense for the Commercial Group increased by \$7,530,000, or 19.2%, for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to the opening of new properties, as noted in the table below. Interest expense for the Commercial Group increased by \$1,550,000, or 1.3%, for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This increase is primarily attributable to the opening of new properties, as noted in the table below, partially offset by the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of new joint ventures with outside partners in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area in 2011 and the Mall at Stonecrest in 2011. The following table presents the increases in revenues and operating expenses for newly-opened properties for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year:

				Three Months Ended		led	Nine Mo	onths Ende	ed
				October	31, 2012	vs. 2011	October	31, 2012	vs. 2011
				Revenue	S		Revenue	S	
Newly-Opened		Quarter-Yea	r C anoro	from	Operating	Interest	from	Operating	Interact
* *	Location	-	•	Real	-	-	Real	•	-
Properties		Opened	Opened feet Expenses E Estate		Expense	Estate	Expenses Expenses		
				Operatio	ns		Operatio	ns	
				(in thous	ands)				
Barclays Center	Brooklyn,	Q3-2012	670,000	\$16.210	\$ 12 767	\$2.762	\$16.210	\$18.226	\$ 1 260
(Arena)	New York	Q3-2012	070,000	\$10,210	\$12,707 \$3,702		\$16,210 \$18,226 \$1,		\$ 1,509
Westchester's Ridge	Yonkers,	Q2-2011/12	1 226 000	15 251	946	5,088	13,536	7,971	12,640
Hill (retail center)	New York	Q2-2011/12	1,550,000	13,231	940	3,000	15,550	7,971	12,040
Total				\$21,461	\$13,713	\$8,850	\$29,746	\$26,197	\$14,009

Comparable occupancy for the Commercial Group is 91.6% and 90.4% for retail and office, respectively, as of October 31, 2012 compared with 91.9% and 90.6%, respectively, as of October 31, 2011. Retail and office occupancy as of October 31, 2012 and 2011 is based on square feet leased at the end of the fiscal quarter. Comparable occupancy relates to properties opened and operated in both the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011.

As of October 31, 2012, the average contractual rent per square feet expiring for retail and office leases is \$35.40 and \$35.32, respectively. Square feet of expiring leases and average contractual rent per square feet are operating statistics that represent 100% of the square footage and contractual rental income per square foot from expiring leases.

We continuously monitor retail and office leases expiring in the short to mid-term. Management's plan to obtain lease renewals for expiring retail and office leases includes signing of lease extensions, if available, and active marketing for available or soon to be available space to new or existing tenants in the normal course of business.

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Retail Centers

The following tables represent those new leases and gross leasable area ("GLA") signed on the same space in which there was a former tenant and existing tenant renewals.

Regional Malls

Quarter	Number of Leases Signed	GLA Signed	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot (1)	Prior Rent Per O(2) Square Foot (1)	Cash Basis % (2)Change over Prior Rent)
4th Quarter 2011	59	149,030	\$60.95	\$55.35	10.1	%
1st Quarter 2012	38	88,993	\$ 58.67	\$53.37	9.9	%
2nd Quarter 2012	28	81,774	\$53.36	\$48.96	9.0	%
3rd Quarter 2012	37	128,204	\$43.67	\$38.48	13.5	%
Total	162	448,001	\$ 54.18	\$48.95	10.7	%
Specialty Retail Centers						
	NT 1		O , , 1		C 1 D ' C	
Quarter	Number of Leases Signed	GLA Signed	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot (1)	Prior Rent Per (2)Square Foot (1)(2)	Cash Basis % Change over Prior Rent	
Quarter 4th Quarter 2011	of Leases		Rent Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾ \$31.12	Prior Rent Per (2)Square Foot (1)(3) \$ 27.86	Cash Basis % 2)Change over Prior Rent 11.7	%
	of Leases Signed	Signed	Rent Per Square Foot (1)	Square Foot (1)(2)	Change over Prior Rent	% %
4th Quarter 2011	of Leases Signed 9	Signed 83,671	Rent Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾ \$31.12	(2)Square Foot (1)(2) \$ 27.86	Change over Prior Rent 11.7	, -
4th Quarter 2011 1st Quarter 2012	of Leases Signed 9	Signed 83,671 29,117	Rent Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾ \$31.12 \$41.95	\$27.86 \$41.56	Change over Prior Rent 11.7 0.9	%
4th Quarter 2011 1st Quarter 2012 2nd Quarter 2012	of Leases Signed 9 7 8	Signed 83,671 29,117 35,234	Rent Per Square Foot ⁽¹⁾ \$ 31.12 \$ 41.95 \$ 21.40	\$27.86 \$41.56 \$21.77	Change over Prior Rent 11.7 0.9 (1.7	%)%

The following table represents all new leases compared with terms of all expired leases in our office portfolio over the past 12 months.

Office Buildings

Quarter	Number of Leases Signed	Number of Leases Expired	GLA Signed	GLA Expired	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot	Expiring Rent Per (2) Square Foot	Cash Basi Change ov (2)Prior Rent	ver
4th Quarter 2011	46	33	703,488	683,121	\$30.13	\$27.86	8.1	%
1st Quarter 2012	38	28	340,382	239,112	\$ 27.40	\$ 28.01	(2.2)%
2nd Quarter 2012	28	20	132,835	96,046	\$ 20.13	\$ 18.66	7.9	%
3rd Quarter 2012	30	35	195,197	195,523	\$ 38.45	\$ 38.83	(1.0)%
Total	142	116	1,371,902	1,213,802	\$ 29.68	\$ 28.93	2.6	%
Office Buildings by Produc	rt in Core ar	nd Non-Cor	e Markets					

Office Buildings by Froduct	Number of Leases Signed	Number of Leases Expired	GLA Signed	GLA Expired	Contractual Rent Per Square Foot	Expiring Rent Per Square Foot	Cash Basis Change ov Prior Rent	er
Products:								
Life Science Office	26	16	333,007	310,565	\$48.31	\$47.93	0.8	%
Other Office	58	45	361,534	212,730	\$29.88	\$31.91	(6.4)%
Total Office in Core Markets	84	61	694,541	523,295	\$38.72	\$41.42	(6.5)%
Office in Non-Core Markets	s 58	55	677,361	690,507	\$20.39	\$19.47	4.7	%
Total	142	116	1,371,902	1,213,802	\$29.68	\$28.93	2.6	%

⁽¹⁾ Retail contractual rent per square foot includes base rent and fixed additional charges for marketing/promotional charges and common area maintenance.

For all new leases, contractual rent per square foot is the new base rent as of rental commencement. For all (2)expiring leases, contractual rent per square foot is the base rent at the time of expiration, plus any applicable escalations.

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Comparable NOI is an operating statistic defined as NOI from properties opened and operated in all periods presented net of noncontrolling interests. Comparable NOI is useful because it measures the performance of the same properties on a period-to-period basis and is used to assess operating performance and resource allocation of the operating properties within our strategic business units. While property dispositions, acquisitions or other factors can impact net earnings in the short term, we believe comparable NOI gives a more consistent view of the overall performance of our operating portfolio from quarter-to-quarter and year-to-year. The percentage change of comparable NOI over the same period in the prior year is as follows:

	Three Month	s Ended October 31,	Nine Months Ended October			
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Retail	0.5%	(1.5)%	1.9%	1.1%		
Office (1)	0.6%	(7.6)%	3.0%	(3.1)%		

The decline in office comparable NOI percentage in 2011 was primarily driven by decreased occupancy at two

(1)Brooklyn office properties. These properties are in the process of releasing the vacated space. The improvement in the office comparable NOI percentage in 2012 is primarily driven by our Life Science office buildings.

Residential Group

Revenues from real estate operations—Included in revenues from real estate operations is fee income related to the development and construction management related to our military housing projects. Military housing fee income and related operating expenses may vary significantly from period to period based on the timing of development and construction activity at each applicable project. Revenues from real estate operations for the Residential Group increased by \$4,189,000, or 6.2%, during the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. The variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$4,564,000 related to third party management fees and other income; and

\$1,533,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$2,494,000 related to military housing fee income from the management and development of units in our military housing portfolio.

Revenues from real estate operations for the Residential Group increased by \$25,848,000, or 14.6%, during the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. The variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$11,929,000 related to third party management fees and other income;

\$7,045,000 related to military housing fee income from the management and development of units in our military housing portfolio;

\$4,946,000 primarily related to increased occupancy at Presidio Landmark, an apartment community in San Francisco, California, and Forest Trace, a supported-living apartment community in Lauderhill, Florida; and \$3,352,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$4,705,000 related to the change from full consolidation to equity method of accounting for DKLB BKLN and 8 Spruce Street, apartment communities in Brooklyn and Manhattan, New York, respectively, as a result of the recapitalization of these entities in July 2011.

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses for the Residential Group increased by \$4,000,000, or 8.7%, during the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increase:

\$4,560,000 related to expenditures associated with third party management and consulting fee arrangements. This increase were partially offset by the following decrease:

\$2,074,000 related to decreased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared with 2011.

Operating expenses for the Residential Group increased by \$15,585,000, or 12.8%, during the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

\$10,392,000 related to expenditures associated with third party management and consulting fee arrangements; \$4,204,000 related to management expenditures associated with military housing fee revenues; and

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\$1,809,000 related to new property openings as noted in the table below.

These increases were partially offset by the following decreases:

\$4,790,000 related to the change from full consolidation to equity method of accounting for DKLB BKLN and 8 Spruce Street; and

\$2,017,000 related to decreased write-offs of abandoned development projects in 2012 compared with 2011. Interest expense for the Residential Group decreased by \$3,915,000, or 40.0%, during the three months ended October 31, 2012 and by \$9,561,000, or 38.8%, during the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same periods in the prior year. The decreases are primarily a result of mark-to-market adjustments on non-designated interest rate swaps.

The following table presents the increases in revenues and operating expenses for newly-opened properties for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year:

				Three Months Ende		Nine Months Ended		
				October 31	, 2012 vs.	October 31	, 2012 vs.	
				2011		2011		
				Revenues		Revenues		
Newly-Opened Properties	Location	Quarter-Year	Units	from Real	Operating	from Real	Operating	
rewry-opened rroperties	Location	Opened	Cints	Estate	Expenses	Estate	Expenses	
				Operations	Operations			
				(in thousar	nds)			
Botanica Eastbridge	Denver,	Q3-2012	118	\$15	\$81	\$15	\$136	
Botamea Eastoriage	Colorado	Q3 2012	110	Ψ10	ΨΟΙ	Ψ15	Ψ130	
Aster Town Center	Denver,	Q1-2012/Q2-201	285	284	224	348	334	
	Colorado	Ç- 2012, Ç - 201						
Foundry Lofts	Washington,	O4-2011	170	1,234	292	2,989	1,339	
•	D.C.			,		,		
Total				\$1,533	\$597	\$3,352	\$1,809	

Comparable average occupancy for the Residential Group is 94.7% and 94.6% for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Average residential occupancy for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 is calculated by dividing gross potential rent less vacancy by gross potential rent. Gross potential rent ("GPR") is calculated based on actual rents per lease agreements for occupied apartment units and at market rents for vacant apartment units. Market rental rates are determined using a variety of factors which include availability of specific apartment unit types (one bedroom, two bedroom, etc.), seasonality factors and rents offered by competitive properties for similar apartment types in the same geographic market. Comparable average occupancy relates to properties opened and operated in both the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011.

The percentage change of comparable NOI over the same period in the prior year is as follows:

	Three Months Ended	d October 31,	Nine Months Ended October 31,			
	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Residential	6.0%	12.0%	8.1%	6.7%		

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The following tables present leasing information of our Apartment Communities for the various periods presented.

Quarterly Comparison	Monthly Average Residential Rental Rates (2) Leasable Three Months Ended Units at October 31,			Average Residential Occupancy Quarter-to-Date October 31,					
Comparable Apartment Communities (1)	Pro-Rata %(3	2012	2011	% Chang	ge	2012	2011	% Ch	ange
Core Markets	7,548	\$1,610	\$1,534	5.0	%	95.2	%95.2	% —	
Non-Core Markets	9,886	\$980	\$961	2.0	%	94.2	%91.7	%2.5	%
Total Comparable Apartments	17,434	\$1,253	\$1,209	3.6	%	94.7	%93.6	%1.1	%
Year-to-Date Comparison	Leasable	Monthly A Rental Ran Nine Mon		sidential		Average Occupan Year-to-	•		
	Units at	October 3				October			
Comparable Apartment Communities (1)	Pro-Rata %(3)	2012	2011	% Chang	e	2012	2011	% Cha	inge
Core Markets	7,548	\$1,585	\$1,504	5.4	%	95.3	%94.8	%0.5	%
Non-Core Markets	9,564	\$885	\$854	3.6	%	93.9	%94.2	%(0.3)%
Total Comparable Apartments	17,112	\$1,194	\$1,141	4.6	%	94.7	%94.6	%0.1	%
Sequential Quarter Comparison		Monthly A Rental Rat	Average Re tes ⁽²⁾	sidential		Average Occupan	Residential ncy		
	Leasable Units at	Three Mo	nths Ended	[Quarter-	to-Date		
Comparable Apartment Communities (1)	Pro-Rata %(3)	October 3 2012	1,July 31, 2012 ⁽⁴⁾	% Chang	e	October 2012	31, July 31, 2012 (4)	% Cha	inge
Core Markets	7,709	\$1,646	\$1,621	1.5	%	95.1	%95.2	%(0.1)%
Non-Core Markets	9,886	\$980	\$973	0.7		94.2	%93.8	%0.4	%
Total Comparable Apartments	17,595	\$1,272	\$1,257	1.2	%	94.7	%94.6	% 0.1	%

Includes apartment communities completely opened and operated in the periods presented. These apartment communities include units leased at affordable apartment rates which provide a discount from average market

- (1) rental rates. For the three months ended October 31, 2012, 20.0% of leasable units in core markets and 3.7% of leasable units in non-core markets were affordable housing units. Excludes all military and limited-distribution subsidized senior housing units.
- (2) Represents GPR less concessions.
- (3) Leasable units at pro-rata represent our share of total leasable units at the apartment community.
- (4) These amounts may differ from data as reported in the previous quarter because the properties that qualify as comparable change from period to period.

Land Development Group

On January 31, 2012, our Board of Directors approved a strategic decision by senior management to reposition or divest significant portions of our Land Development Group as a part of a greater focus on core rental products in core markets. The Land Development Group buys and sells raw land, develops subdivisions and sells lots to homebuilders. The economic downturn, particularly in the housing market, has led to increased volatility in the land projects, making it challenging to fit into our long-term strategic plan. The primary regions with land projects that we have or are actively seeking to divest include the southwestern United States, Texas, North Carolina, Ohio and Chicago, Illinois. These projects will continue to be reported in the Land Development Group segment. The progress we have made on

the execution of the divestiture plan is discussed in Note I – Land Held for Divestiture in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

We will retain our land holdings and continue the development of our Stapleton project in Denver. Our Stapleton project represents one of the nations' largest urban redevelopments and is a true mixed-use project with substantial future entitlements, including apartments, retail and office space as well as single family neighborhoods, where we sell residential lots to builders. We control the future development opportunity at Stapleton through an option agreement that requires us to maintain an ownership position. This requirement together with the continued strong performance at Stapleton will allow us to maximize the potential of this project as a great example of a sustainable urban redevelopment focused on walkable neighborhoods, abundant amenities and open space.

Beginning in the three months ended July 31, 2012, revenues and cost of sales related to land held for divestiture are being reported on a separate financial statement line. As a result, current period results for the Land Development Group represent the activity of our Stapleton project where as prior period results included the activity of our Stapleton project and various other land projects now classified as land held for divestiture.

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Revenues from real estate operations—Land sales and the related gross margins vary from period to period depending on the timing of sales and general market conditions. Revenues from real estate operations for the Land Development Group increased by \$3,634,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$5,334,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower land sales at various land development projects previously reported as Land Development Group revenues as discussed above.

Revenues from real estate operations for the Land Development Group increased by \$12,322,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$16,141,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower land sales at various land development projects previously reported as Land Development Group revenues as discussed above.

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses for the Land Development Group increased by \$2,880,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$3,969,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower cost of sales at various land development projects previously included as Land Development Group operating expenses in the comparable period as discussed above.

Operating expenses for the Land Development Group increased by \$6,410,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year. This variance is attributable to an increase of \$9,472,000 related to higher land sales at Stapleton offset by lower cost of sales at various land development projects previously included as Land Development Group operating expenses in the comparable period as discussed above.

Interest expense for the Land Development Group decreased by \$1,010,000 during the three months ended October 31, 2012 and increased by \$1,616,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same periods in the prior year. Interest expense varies from year to year depending on the level of interest-bearing debt within the Land Development Group and interest rates.

Net Gain (Loss) on Land Held for Divestiture Activity

The following table summarizes the net loss on land held for divestiture activities of consolidated entities:

C	Three Months Ended October		Nine Months	s Ended October
	31,		31,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	(in thousands))		
Sales of land held for divestiture	\$25,384	\$ —	\$59,894	\$ —
Cost of sales of land held for divestiture	(26,804)—	(51,976)—
Gain on extinguishment of debt of land held for divestiture	2,227	_	2,227	_
Net gain on closed transactions of land held for divestiture	807	_	10,145	_
Impairment of land held for divestiture	_	_	(15,796)—
Net gain (loss) on land held for divestiture activities	\$807	\$—	\$(5,651)\$—
	G 11.1 . 1.1		T. 1	C.1: E 10.0

See Note I – Land Held for Divestiture in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

Net Loss on Land Held for Divestiture Activity of Unconsolidated Entities

The following table summarizes the net loss on investments in unconsolidated entities which are part of the land divestiture strategy:

Three Months	Ended October	Nine Months l	Ended October
31,		31,	
2012	2011	2012	2011
(in thousands)			
\$(283)\$—	\$(1,764)\$—

See Note I – Land Held for Divestiture in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

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The Nets

Our ownership of The Nets is through Nets Sports and Entertainment LLC ("NS&E"). NS&E also owns Brooklyn Arena, LLC ("Arena"), an entity that through its subsidiaries oversaw the construction of and has a long-term lease in the Barclays Center arena, the home of The Nets. NS&E consolidates Arena and accounts for its investment in The Nets on the equity method of accounting. As a result of consolidating NS&E, we record the entire net loss of The Nets allocated to NS&E in equity in loss of unconsolidated entities and allocate, based on an analysis of each respective members' claims on the net book equity assuming a liquidation at book value, NS&E's noncontrolling partners' share of its losses, if any, through noncontrolling interests in our Statement of Operations. The amount of equity in loss, net of noncontrolling interests, was \$7,477,000 and \$22,707,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, representing a decrease in our allocated losses of \$3,806,000 and an increase in our allocated losses of \$7,738,000 compared with the same periods in the prior year. The three month decrease and nine month increase in losses allocated to us is due to the waterfall impacts of the funding commitments among our partners as discussed below.

On May 12, 2010, entities controlled by Mikhail Prokhorov ("MP Entities") invested \$223,000,000 and made certain funding commitments ("Funding Commitments") to acquire 80% of The Nets, 45% of Arena and the right to purchase up to 20% of Atlantic Yards Development Company, LLC, which will develop non-arena real estate. In accordance with the Funding Commitments, the MP Entities agreed to fund The Nets operating needs up to \$60,000,000. The MP Entities met the \$60,000,000 funding commitment during the three months ended July 31, 2011. As a result, NS&E was required to fund 100% of the operating needs, as defined, until the Barclays Center arena was complete and open, which occurred on September 28, 2012. Thereafter, members' capital contributions are made in accordance with the operating agreements. During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, NS&E funded \$18,625,000 and \$28,625,000 of The Nets operating requirements. On November 13, 2012, the MP Entities reimbursed NS&E \$19,520,000 for funding related to the 2012-2013 season.

Corporate Activities

Operating and Interest Expenses—Operating expenses increased by \$2,020,000 and \$3,949,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same periods in the prior year. The increases were attributable to increases in severance and outplacement expenses, charitable contributions and payroll and related benefits including stock-based compensation offset by decreased professional fees associated with strategic planning and process improvement initiatives.

Interest expense increased by \$1,361,000 and \$2,490,000, respectively, for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with same periods in the prior year. The increase of \$1,361,000 for the three months ended was primarily due to increased borrowings on our bank revolving credit facility. The increase of \$2,490,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 was related to the \$350,000,000 Convertible Senior Notes issued in July 2011, offset by decreased interest expense on corporate interest rate swaps due to a reduction in the strike rate of the active swaps compared to the prior period, and decreased interest expense due to decreased average borrowings on our bank revolving credit facility.

Other Activity

The following items are discussed on a consolidated basis.

Depreciation and Amortization

We recorded depreciation and amortization expense of \$58,081,000 and \$163,647,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, and \$53,580,000 and \$160,888,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, respectively, which is an increase of \$4,501,000, or 8.4%, and \$2,759,000, or 1.7%, compared with the same period in the prior years. The increase for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the prior year is primarily related to new property openings.

Amortization of Mortgage Procurement Costs

For the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, we recorded amortization of mortgage procurement costs of \$2,665,000 and \$9,054,000, respectively. Amortization of mortgage procurement costs decreased \$706,000 and increased \$263,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same periods in the prior years.

Gain on Extinguishment of Debt

See Note M – Gain on Extinguishment of Debt in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

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Interest and Other Income

Interest and other income was \$10,418,000 and \$34,768,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, compared with \$11,291,000 and \$42,110,000 for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2011, respectively. The decrease of \$873,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year is primarily due to a decrease of \$1,441,000 related to the income recognition on the sale of state and federal historic preservation and new market tax credits. The decrease of \$7,342,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the same period in the prior year is primarily due to a decrease of \$8,072,000 related to the income recognition on the sale of state and federal historic preservation and new market tax credits.

Net Gain on Disposition of Partial Interests in Rental Properties

See Note J – Net Gain on Disposition of Partial Interests in Rental Properties in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

Equity in Earnings of Unconsolidated Entities

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities was \$4,189,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2012 compared with \$1,273,000 for the three months ended October 31, 2011, representing an increase of \$2,916,000. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

- -The Nets
- \$3,806,000 related to a 2012 decrease in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets.
- -Residential Group
- \$1,978,000 primarily related to interest income recognized upon the release of certain mortgage escrow funds related to Cambridge Towers, a senior housing apartment complex in Detroit, Michigan.

These increases were partially offset by the following decrease:

- -Land Development Group
- \$1,926,000 related to the 2011 gain on extinguishment of nonrecourse mortgage debt at Sterling Lakes, a mixed-use land development project in Pepper Pike, Ohio.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated entities was \$24,627,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with \$23,652,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2011, representing a increase of \$975,000. This variance is primarily attributable to the following increases:

- -Commercial Group
- \$14,479,000 related to the 2012 gain on disposition of our unconsolidated investment in Village at Gulfstream Park, a specialty retail center in Hallandale Beach, Florida;
- \$3,224,000 related to the change from full consolidation method of accounting to equity method upon the formation of a new joint venture in 2011 with an outside partner in 15 retail properties in the New York City metropolitan area; \$1,812,000 primarily related to a 2011 participation payment on the refinancing of 65/80 Landsdowne Street, an office building in Cambridge, Massachusetts; and
- \$1,628,000 related to the 2012 gain on disposition of our unconsolidated investment in Chagrin Plaza I & II, office buildings in Beachwood, Ohio.
- -Land Development Group
- \$2,970,000 related to deferred revenue recognition at Central Station, a mixed-use land development project in downtown Chicago, Illinois.
- -Residential Group
- \$1,978,000 primarily related to interest income recognized upon the release of certain mortgage escrow funds related to Cambridge Towers.

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These increases were partially offset by the following decreases:

- -Residential Group
- \$9,964,000 related to the 2011 gain on disposition of our partnership interest in Metropolitan Lofts, an apartment community in Los Angeles, California;
- \$2,603,000 related to the 2011 gain on disposition of our partnership interest in Twin Lake Towers, an apartment community in Denver, Colorado; and
- \$2,279,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in Uptown Apartments, an apartment community in Oakland, California.
- -The Nets
- \$7,738,000 related to a 2012 increase in allocated losses from our equity investment in The Nets.
- -Land Development Group
- \$1,926,000 related to the 2011 gain on extinguishment of nonrecourse mortgage debt at Sterling Lakes.

Discontinued Operations

See Note N – Discontinued Operations and Gain on Disposition of Rental Properties in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for detailed information.

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

Multi-family rental properties continue to perform well despite the current uncertain economic conditions. These ongoing economic conditions continue to put pressure on occupancy rates, rent levels and property values of other types of commercial real estate. Access to bank credit and capital have continued to improve from 2010 levels, with banks and permanent lenders indicating an increased interest in originating new loans for real estate projects, particularly as their existing portfolio loans get paid off. Underwriting standards remain conservative, with lenders favoring high quality existing operating assets in strong markets. Originations of new loans for commercial mortgage backed securities continue to increase from 2010 levels. While banks continue to originate construction loans for multifamily projects, construction loans for office or retail projects remain difficult to obtain, unless the project has substantial pre-leasing in place or higher than historical equity commitments from the company. We believe loans for commercial real estate projects will continue to be constrained for the foreseeable future.

Our principal sources of funds are cash provided by operations including land sales, our bank revolving credit facility, nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable, dispositions of operating properties or development projects through sales or equity joint ventures, proceeds from the issuance of senior notes, proceeds from the issuance of common or preferred equity and other financing arrangements. We have consistently disposed of properties in an effort to recycle capital and reposition our portfolio. Over the last ten years, we have generated cash proceeds from sales and/or disposition of partial interests in rental properties that averaged in excess of \$100,000,000 per year. Given the diversity of our portfolio by market and product type, we believe that the market for property dispositions at some level will continue to be available. The current market should allow us to continue our ongoing strategy to recycle capital and reposition the portfolio through property sales or equity joint ventures.

Our capital strategy, along with a focus on core products and markets are two key drivers of our overall strategic plan. In order to achieve our strategic goals, we have a detailed process of evaluating each individual asset in our operating and development portfolio to identify those having the best opportunity to provide capital through full or partial sale in conjunction with our strategy of focusing on our core products and markets. This process may result in reductions to estimated holding periods and the total estimated undiscounted cash flows used for impairment calculations on our individual consolidated real estate assets. In some cases, this may result in estimated undiscounted cash flows being less than the carrying value of the consolidated asset and necessitating an impairment charge to write-down the asset to its estimated fair value.

In addition, our capital strategy includes potentially entering into equity joint ventures that can provide capital through the sales of partial interests of operating properties or reduce our equity requirements and development risk on our development opportunities. Entering into these joint ventures could result in us granting joint control or losing control

of the asset and, accordingly, the asset would no longer be consolidated. Upon deconsolidation, our investment in the joint venture would be recorded at fair value and evaluated for other than temporary impairment on a quarterly basis thereafter. This could result in future impairments, some of which could be significant that would not otherwise be required if the real estate asset remained consolidated.

Our principal uses of funds are the financing of our real estate operating and development projects, capital expenditures for our existing operating portfolio, principal and interest payments on our nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable, bank revolving credit facility, senior notes and dividend payments on our Series A preferred stock.

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Our primary capital strategy seeks to isolate the operating and financial risk at the property level to maximize returns and reduce risk on and of our equity capital. As such, substantially all of our operating and development properties are separately encumbered with nonrecourse mortgage debt or notes payable. We do not cross-collateralize our mortgage debt and notes payable outside of a single identifiable project. We operate as a C-corporation and retain substantially all of our internally generated cash flows. This cash flow, together with refinancing and property sale proceeds, has historically provided us with the necessary liquidity to take advantage of investment opportunities. The economic downturn and its impact on the lending and capital markets reduced our ability to finance development and acquisition opportunities and also modified the required rates of return to make new investment opportunities appealing. As a result of these market changes, we have cut back on entering into new development activities.

We continue to make progress on certain other pre-development projects primarily located in core markets. The cash that we believe is required to fund our equity in projects under construction and development plus any cash necessary to extend or pay down the remaining 2012 debt maturities is anticipated to exceed our cash from operations. As a result, we intend to extend maturing debt or repay it with net proceeds from property sales, equity joint ventures or future debt or equity financing.

During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, we closed two transactions which strengthened our balance sheet by converting preferred equity to common equity and addressing certain near term maturities of our senior notes. On October 16, 2012, we entered into separate, privately negotiated exchange agreements with certain holders of our Series A Cumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock to exchange such Series A preferred stock for shares of our Class A common stock. Under the terms of the agreements, holders exchanged \$133,723,550 in aggregate amount of liquidation preference consisting of 2,674,471 shares of Series A preferred stock, for 8,844,204 shares of our Class A common stock. In order to induce the holders to make the exchange, we made a cash payment of \$13,881,000 to the holders for additional exchange consideration, including dividends that would have been payable on December 17, 2012 and March 15, 2013. This transaction converted a significant portion of our outstanding Series A preferred stock to Class A common stock based on the original conversion rate and eliminated approximately \$9,400,000 of annual future cumulative preferred stock dividend commitments.

On July 3, 2012, we issued \$125,000,000 of additional 2034 Senior Notes in a public offering, net of a 4.84% discount. Proceeds of this offering, net of discounts and underwriters commissions, were \$116,792,000 which was immediately deposited into a cash escrow account. Net proceeds, along with an additional \$8,208,000 of cash on hand, were immediately deposited into a restricted cash escrow account and used to redeem \$125,000,000 of our outstanding 2015 Senior Notes on August 20, 2012. The transaction effectively extended the maturity date of \$125,000,000 of recourse debt by 19 years while keeping the annual interest costs relatively flat. We continue to explore various options to strengthen our balance sheet and enhance our liquidity, but can give no

assurance that we can accomplish any of these other options on terms favorable to us or at all. If we cannot enhance our liquidity, it could adversely impact our growth and result in further curtailment of development activities. As of October 31, 2012, we had \$180,643,000 of nonrecourse mortgage financings with scheduled maturities during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013, of which \$15,296,000 represents regularly scheduled amortization payments. Subsequent to October 31, 2012, we have addressed \$70,598,000 of these remaining 2012 maturities, through closed transactions, commitments and/or automatic extensions. We are currently in negotiations to refinance and/or extend the remaining \$94,749,000 of nonrecourse debt scheduled to mature during the year ending January 31, 2013. We cannot give assurance as to the ultimate result of these negotiations. As with all nonrecourse mortgages, if we are unable to negotiate an extension or otherwise refinance the mortgage, we could go into default and the lender could commence foreclosure proceedings on the single collateralized asset.

During the three months ended October 31, 2012, we closed the following transactions related to past due nonrecourse mortgages.

During August 2012, we closed a transaction on a nonrecourse mortgage which had a balance of \$73,500,000 that was in default. The nonrecourse mortgage consisted of a promissory note ("A note") that was subject to a subordinated participation ("B note"). During the three months ended October 31, 2012, the B note holder bought out the A note

holder's interest and became the sole holder of the entire nonrecourse mortgage. Concurrent with this transaction, the B note holder applied restricted cash, which represented accumulated cash flow swept and retained by the loan servicer, of approximately \$12,300,000 to the outstanding principal balance and we signed a forbearance agreement that included a further reduction of the outstanding principal balance to \$40,000,000. Although the mortgage is still technically in default, the new lender has agreed to not continue to prosecute the pending foreclosure proceedings for 2 years as long as we comply with the terms of this forbearance agreement. The transaction results in the property being secured by a \$40,000,000 nonrecourse mortgage.

During September 2012, we closed a transaction to purchase the mortgage which had a balance of \$35,000,000 secured by Terminal Tower, our corporate headquarters in Cleveland, Ohio for \$25,000,000. This transaction results in the property being unencumbered at October 31, 2012.

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During October 2012, we closed a two-year extension, with an additional one-year option, of the previous \$497,000,000 nonrecourse construction mortgage secured by Westchester's Ridge Hill, a mixed-use retail project currently 60% leased located in Yonkers, New York. The extension requires us to make principal paydowns aggregating \$32,000,000 over the next 10 months, resulting in a \$465,000,000 nonrecourse construction mortgage financing on the project. Leasing at this project continues to occur during the ongoing economic environment resulting in a longer initial lease-up period than originally anticipated. Although we continue to make progress in executing leases at the project and currently intend to support the project until it achieves stabilization, there can be no assurance that the project will achieve the targeted operating results. This extension provides us additional time to complete lease-up, stabilize the project and position the asset for permanent financing.

We have two additional nonrecourse mortgages amounting to \$6,758,000 that are in default as of October 31, 2012 and are included in 2012 nonrecourse mortgage financings due during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2013. These nonrecourse mortgage loans are secured by land held for divestiture. We are exploring options including deed-in-lieu to satisfy the mortgage requirements. The land securing these mortgages has a nominal carrying value. As of October 31, 2012, we had three nonrecourse mortgages greater than five percent of our total nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable. The mortgages, encumbering New York Times, an office building in Manhattan, New York, Westchester's Ridge Hill and Barclays Center arena, have outstanding balances of \$640,000,000, \$475,000,000 and \$338,440,000 respectively, at October 31, 2012.

As of October 31, 2012, our share of nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable recorded on our unconsolidated subsidiaries amounted to \$2,182,690,000 of which \$48,337,000 (\$8,695,000 represents scheduled principal payments) was scheduled to mature during the year ending January 31, 2013. Subsequent to October 31, 2012, we have addressed \$24,351,000 of these 2012 maturities through closed nonrecourse mortgage transactions, commitments and/or automatic extensions. Negotiations are ongoing on the remaining 2012 maturities, but we cannot give assurance that we will obtain these financings on favorable terms or at all.

Financial Covenants

Our bank revolving credit facility and indenture dated May 19, 2003 ("2003 Indenture") contain certain restrictive financial covenants. A summary of the key financial covenants as defined in each agreement, all of which we are compliant with at October 31, 2012, follows:

	Requirement	AS OI	
	Per Agreement	October 31, 2012	
	(dollars in thousa	nds)	
Credit Facility Financial Covenants			
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	1.35x	1.88x	
Cash Flow Coverage Ratio	2.50x	3.47x	
Total Development Ratio	<17%	8.81	%
Minimum Consolidated Shareholders' Equity, as defined	\$2,320,175	\$3,593,352	
2003 Indenture Financial Covenants (1)			
Ratio of Consolidated EBITDA to Interest	>1.30x	1.75x	
Minimum Net Worth, as defined	\$1,155,031	\$4,179,394	

Violation of these financial covenants alone would not automatically cause the notes issued under the 2003

(1) Indenture to become due and payable, but would prevent us from incurring or permitting a subsidiary from incurring additional debt, as defined in the 2003 Indenture, unless otherwise permitted by the 2003 Indenture.

Bank Revolving Credit Facility

The following table summarizes the available credit on the bank revolving credit facility:

	C	October 31, 2012	January 31, 2012
		(in thousands)	
Maximum borrowings		\$450,000	\$450,000
Less outstanding balances:			

Borrowings	166,000	
Letters of credit	70,207	69,389
Surety bonds		_
Available credit	\$213 793	\$380.611

See Note C – Bank Revolving Credit Facility in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional information.

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Senior and Subordinated Debt

The following table summarizes our senior and subordinated debt:

	October 31, 2012 (in thousands)	January 31, 2012
Senior Notes:		
3.625% Puttable Equity-Linked Senior Notes due 2014, net of discount	\$199,376	\$199,132
7.625% Senior Notes due 2015	53,253	178,253
5.000% Convertible Senior Notes due 2016	50,000	50,000
6.500% Senior Notes due 2017	132,144	132,144
4.250% Convertible Senior Notes due 2018	350,000	350,000
7.375% Senior Notes due 2034, net of discount	219,045	100,000
Total Senior Notes	1,003,818	1,009,529
Subordinated Debt:		
Subordinate Tax Revenue Bonds due 2013	29,000	29,000
Total Senior and Subordinated Debt	\$1,032,818	\$1,038,529

See Note D – Senior and Subordinated Debt in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional information.

Nonrecourse Debt Financings

We use taxable and tax-exempt nonrecourse debt for our real estate projects. Substantially all of our operating and development properties are separately encumbered with nonrecourse mortgage debt, which in some limited circumstances is supplemented by nonrecourse notes payable (collectively "nonrecourse debt"). For real estate projects financed with tax-exempt debt, we generally utilize variable-rate debt. For construction loans, we generally pursue variable-rate financings with maturities ranging from two to five years. For those real estate projects financed with taxable debt, we generally seek long-term, fixed-rate financing for those operating projects whose loans mature or are projected to open and achieve stabilized operations.

We are actively working to refinance and/or extend the maturities of the nonrecourse debt that is coming due in the next 24 months. During the nine months ended October 31, 2012, we completed the following financings:

Purpose of Financing	Amount
	(in thousands)
Refinancings	\$205,805
Construction and development projects (1)	217,016
Loan extensions/additional fundings	891,955
	\$1,314,776

(1) Represents the full amount available to be drawn on the loans.

Cash Flows

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$333,091,000 and \$203,470,000 for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The net increase in cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 compared with the nine months ended October 31, 2011 of \$129,621,000 is the result of the following (in thousands):

Increase in rents and other revenues received	\$32,808
Increase in interest and other income received	8,426
Increase in cash distributions from unconsolidated entities	9,348
Increase in proceeds from land held for development and sale	24,320
Decrease in proceeds from Commercial Group land sales	(3,805)
Increase in net proceeds from land held for divestiture	51.615

Decrease in land development expenditures	19,747	
Increase in operating expenditures	(11,213)
Decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for operating purposes	8,900	
Increase in interest paid	(10,525)
Net increase in cash provided by operating activities	\$129,621	
53		

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Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$(595,556,000) and \$(163,793,000) for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and consisted of the following:

2012 and 2011, respectively, and consisted of the following.			
	Nine Months 31,	Ended October	r
	2012 (in thousands	2011	
Capital expenditures:	(III tilousulla)	<i>'')</i>	
Projects under construction and development:			
Barclays Center, a sports arena complex in Brooklyn, New York	\$(295,185)\$(152,644)
Westchester's Ridge Hill, a regional mall in Yonkers, New York	(88,704)(122,518)
Atlantic Yards, a mixed-use development project in Brooklyn, New York	(78,810)(82,399)
8 Spruce Street, a mixed-use residential project in Manhattan, New York (1)	(70,010 —	(47,079)
Other	(148,363)(105,215)
Total projects under construction or development (2)	(611,062)(509,855)
Operating properties:			
Commercial Segment	(13,382)(9,888)
Residential Segment	(12,457)(10,237)
Other	(861)(657)
Total operating properties	(26,700)(20,782)
Tenant improvements:	•		
Commercial Segment	(48,389)(16,894)
Total capital expenditures	\$(686,151)\$(547,531)
Payment of lease procurement costs (3)	(9,986)(16,907)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(26,053)(10,215)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for investing purposes	:		
Atlantic Yards	\$185,560	\$(30,588)
John Hopkins Parking Garage in East Baltimore, Maryland	18,241	(15,321)
Westchester's Ridge Hill	10,605	4,349	
Foundry Lofts, an apartment community in Washington, D.C.	3,401	19,831	
Johns Hopkins - 855 North Wolfe Street, an office building in East Baltimore,	2,030	12 224	
Maryland	2,030	12,324	
The Yards - Twelve12, an apartment community under construction in Washington, D.C.	(91,164)—	
Barclays Center	(3,472) 144,743	
8 Spruce Street (1)		49,665	
Other	(5,955)(3,394)
Total decrease in restricted cash and escrowed funds used for investing purposes	\$119,246	\$181,609	
Proceeds from disposition of full or partial interests in rental properties:			
Southfield, an apartment community in Whitemarsh, Maryland	\$16,891	\$ —	
White Oak Village, a specialty retail center in Richmond, Virginia	13,261	_	
Quebec Square, a specialty retail center in Denver, Colorado	8,642	_	
Disposition of partial interests in 15 retail properties in the New York metropolitan area		166,510	
Waterfront Station - East 4th & West 4th Buildings, office buildings in Washington,	_	126,123	
D.C.			
Development project in Washington, D.C.		19,348	

Charleston Marriott, a hotel in Charleston, West Virginia		7,480
Other	405	_
Total proceeds from disposition of full or partial interests in rental properties	\$39,199	\$319,461

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Invocting	A ofixition	(continued)
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	Nine Months Ended October		r
	31,	2011	
	2012	2011	
	(in thousand	S)	
Change in investments in and advances to unconsolidated entities—(investment in) or			
return of investment:			
Dispositions:	¢ 1.5.000	¢.	
Village at Gulfstream Park, a specialty retail center in Hallandale Beach, Florida	\$15,000	\$—	
San Antonio I, II & III, land development projects in San Antonio, Texas	2,153		
Metropolitan Lofts, an apartment community in Los Angeles, California		12,590	
Residential Projects:	(10.11 =	\	
8 Spruce Street (1)	(10,447) (62,467)
120 Kingston, an apartment community under construction in Boston, Massachusetts	(9,209)—	
The Grand, primarily refinancing proceeds from an apartment community in North	6,485		
Bethesda, Maryland	0,100		
DKLB BKLN, an apartment community in Brooklyn, New York (1)		(11,894)
Commercial Projects:			
Bulletin Building, contribution for the repayment of debt at an office building in San	(8,775)	
Francisco, California	(6,773)—	
Village at Gulfstream Park		(10,614)
65/80 Landsdowne Street, primarily refinancing proceeds from an office building in		12,059	
Cambridge, Massachusetts		12,039	
The Nets, a National Basketball Association member	(28,625)(22,978)
Other net refunds (advances) of investment of equity method investments and other	1,607	(6,906	`
advances to affiliates	1,007	(0,900)
Subtotal	\$(31,811)\$(90,210)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(595,556)\$(163,793)

- 8 Spruce Street and DKLB BKLN changed from the full consolidation method of accounting to equity method during the year ended January 31, 2012. Capital expenditures and changes in restricted cash represent activity prior to the change to equity method of accounting while changes in investments in and advances to unconsolidated
- entities represent activity subsequent to the change to equity method of accounting. We capitalized internal costs related to projects under construction and development of \$38,928 and \$50,739,
- (2) including compensation related costs of \$31,269 and \$41,278, for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Total capitalized internal costs represent approximately 5.67% and 9.27% of total capital expenditures for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.
- (3) We capitalized internal costs related to leasing activities of \$4,142 and \$6,839, including compensation related costs of \$2,924 and \$5,493, for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities was \$283,560,000 and \$(3,393,000) for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and consisted of the following:

·	Nine Months En	Nine Months Ended October	
	31,		
	2012 2	2011	
	(in thousands)		
Proceeds from nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	\$669,927 \$	5265,836	
Principal payments on nonrecourse mortgage debt and notes payable	(466,360)(317,206)	

Borrowings on bank revolving credit facility	356,000	464,575	
Payments on bank revolving credit facility	(190,000)(601,727)
Payment of Puttable Equity-Linked Senior Notes due 2011		(39,407)
Proceeds from issuance of Convertible Senior Notes, net of \$10,625 of issuance costs		339,375	
Payment of transaction costs related to exchange of Convertible Senior Notes due 2010	5	(3,200	`
for Class A common stock	_	(3,200)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(18,014)(12,414)
Change in restricted cash and escrowed funds and book overdrafts	(7,292)(1,681)
Purchase of treasury stock	(1,815)(1,670)
Exercise of stock options	1,006	177	
Payment of inducements related to conversion of preferred stock for Class A common stock	(13,881)—	
Payment of transaction costs related to conversion of preferred stock for Class A common stock	(2,200)—	
Dividends paid to preferred shareholders	(11,550)(11,550)
Contributions from redeemable noncontrolling interest	11,348		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	240	3,087	
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(22,699)(87,588)
Acquisitions of noncontrolling interests	\$(21,150)\$—	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$283,560	\$(3,393)

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to our business, and management and legal counsel believe that these claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial statements.

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NEW ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

The following accounting pronouncements were adopted during the nine months ended October 31, 2012: In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing goodwill for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If after performing a qualitative assessment, an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair market value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, then performing the two-step goodwill impairment test is not necessary. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is then required to perform the first step of the two-step goodwill impairment test. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance for the presentation of comprehensive income. This guidance provides an entity the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2011, the FASB issued amendments to the accounting guidance on fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. This guidance results in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and International Financial Reporting Standards. As a result, this guidance changes the wording used to describe many of the existing requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, but for many requirements the intent is not to change the existing application. Some of the guidance clarifies the FASB's intent about the application of existing fair value measurement requirements or may change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The required disclosures upon adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 are included in our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the guidance on accounting for transfers and servicing to improve the accounting for repurchase agreements and other agreements that entitle and obligate a transferor to repurchase or redeem financial assets before their maturity. The guidance specifies when an entity may or may not recognize a sale upon the transfer of financial assets subject to repurchase agreements, based upon whether the entity has maintained effective control over the transferred financial assets. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2011. The adoption of this guidance on February 1, 2012 did not impact our consolidated financial statements.

The following new accounting pronouncements will be adopted on the respective required effective dates: In July 2012, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on testing indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. This guidance provides an entity the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events and circumstances indicates that it is more likely than not that the indefinite-lived intangible asset is impaired. If an entity concludes that it is not more likely than not that the asset is impaired, then the entity is not required to take further action. If an entity concludes otherwise, it is required to determine the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset and perform the quantitative test by comparing the fair value with the carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance on derecognition of in substance real estate. This guidance specifies that when a parent company (reporting entity) ceases to have a controlling financial

interest (as described in the accounting guidance on Consolidation) in a subsidiary that is in substance real estate as a result of a default on the subsidiary's nonrecourse debt, the reporting entity should apply the guidance on property, plant and equipment to determine whether it should derecognize the in substance real estate. Generally, a reporting entity would not satisfy the requirements to derecognize the in substance real estate before the legal transfer of the real estate to the lender and the extinguishment of the related nonrecourse indebtedness. This guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim reporting periods within those years, beginning on or after June 15, 2012. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance in this amendment is consistent with our previous accounting policies and, as a result will not impact our consolidated financial statements or their comparability to previously issued financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued an amendment to the accounting guidance that requires entities to disclose both gross and net information on financial instruments and transactions eligible for offset on the balance sheets and financial instruments and transactions subject to an agreement similar to a master netting arrangement. This guidance is effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Early adoption is not permitted. We do not expect the adoption of the guidance to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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INFORMATION RELATED TO FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Form 10-Q, together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by us, contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements reflect management's current views with respect to financial results related to future events and are based on assumptions and expectations that may not be realized and are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which cannot be predicted with accuracy and some of which might not even be anticipated. Future events and actual results, financial or otherwise, may differ from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements, Risk factors discussed in Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012 and other factors that might cause differences, some of which could be material, include, but are not limited to, the impact of current lending and capital market conditions on our liquidity, ability to finance or refinance projects and repay our debt, the impact of the current economic environment on the ownership, development and management of our real estate portfolio, general real estate investment and development risks, vacancies in our properties, the strategic decision to reposition or divest portions of our land business, further downturns in the housing market, competition, illiquidity of real estate investments, bankruptcy or defaults of tenants, anchor store consolidations or closings, international activities, the impact of terrorist acts, risks associated with an investment in a professional sports team, our substantial debt leverage and the ability to obtain and service debt, the impact of restrictions imposed by our credit facility and senior debt, exposure to hedging agreements, the level and volatility of interest rates, the continued availability of tax-exempt government financing, the impact of credit rating downgrades, effects of uninsured or underinsured losses, effects of a downgrade or failure of our insurance carriers, environmental liabilities, conflicts of interest, risks associated with the sale of tax credits, risks associated with developing and managing properties in partnership with others, the ability to maintain effective internal controls, compliance with governmental regulations, increased legislative and regulatory scrutiny of the financial services industry, volatility in the market price of our publicly traded securities, inflation risks, litigation risks, cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents, as well as other risks listed from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We have no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, other than imposed by law, as a result of future events or new information. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Our market risk includes the increased difficulty or inability to obtain construction loans, refinance existing construction loans into long-term fixed-rate nonrecourse financing, refinance existing nonrecourse financing at maturity, obtain renewals or replacement of credit enhancement devices, such as letters of credit, or otherwise obtain funds by selling real estate assets or by raising equity. We also have interest-rate exposure on our current variable-rate debt portfolio. During the construction period, we have historically used variable-rate debt to finance developmental projects. At October 31, 2012, our outstanding variable-rate debt portfolio consisted of \$1,687,104,000 of taxable debt and \$439,786,000 of tax-exempt debt. Upon opening and achieving stabilized operations, we have historically procured long-term fixed-rate financing for our rental properties. With the volatility of the capital markets, we may not be able to procure long-term fixed rate financing and periodically must pursue extending maturities with existing lenders at current market terms. Additionally, we are exposed to interest rate risk upon maturity of our long-term fixed-rate financings.

Interest Rate Exposure

At October 31, 2012, the composition of nonrecourse debt was as follows:

	Operating Properties	Development Projects	Land Projects	Total	Total Weighted Average Rate
	(dollars in thou	ısands)			
Fixed Rate	\$3,468,090	\$297,590	\$450	\$3,766,130	5.59%

Variable Rate					
Taxable	1,448,478	64,051	8,575	1,521,104	4.89%
Tax-Exempt	421,838	8,500	9,448	439,786	1.66%
	\$5,338,406	\$370,141	\$18,473	\$5,727,020	5.10%
Total gross commitment from lenders		\$426,006	\$18,473		
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To mitigate short-term variable interest rate risk, we have purchased interest rate hedges for our variable-rate debt as follows:

Taxable (Priced off of LIBOR Index)

	Caps		Swaps	
	Notional	Average Base	Notional	Average Base
Period Covered	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
	(dollars in the	ousands)		
11/01/12 - 02/01/13	\$241,399	3.35%	\$1,020,185	3.92%
02/01/13 - 02/01/14	241,076	3.34%	1,019,920	3.95%
02/01/14 - 02/01/15	12,317	6.50%	873,815	4.18%
02/01/14 - 02/01/15	_	— %	651,810	5.45%
02/01/15 - 09/01/17	_	— %	640,000	5.50%
T F (D.: - 1 - ff - f CIEMA I. 1)				

Tax-Exempt (Priced off of SIFMA Index)

	Caps	
	Notional	Average Base
Period Covered	Amount	Rate
	(dollars in thousand	nds)
11/01/12 - 02/01/13	\$174,094	5.83%
02/01/13 - 02/01/14	161,379	5.82%
02/01/14 - 01/02/15	118,655	5.81%

The tax-exempt caps generally were purchased in conjunction with lender hedging requirements that require the borrower to protect against significant fluctuations in interest rates. Except for those requirements, we generally do not hedge tax-exempt debt because, since 1990, the base rate of this type of financing has averaged 2.58% and has never exceeded 8.00%.

Forward Swaps

From time to time, we enter into forward swaps to protect ourselves against fluctuations in the swap rate at terms ranging between five to ten years associated with forecasted fixed rate borrowings. At the time we secure and lock an interest rate on an anticipated financing, we intend to simultaneously terminate the forward swap associated with that financing. At October 31, 2012, we had no forward swaps outstanding.

Sensitivity Analysis to Changes in Interest Rates

Including the effect of the protection provided by the interest rate swaps, caps and long-term contracts in place as of October 31, 2012, a 100 basis point increase in taxable interest rates (including properties accounted for under the equity method, corporate debt and the effect of interest rate floors) would increase the annual pre-tax interest cost for the next 12 months of our variable-rate debt by approximately \$7,917,000 at October 31, 2012. Although tax-exempt rates generally move in an amount that is smaller than corresponding changes in taxable interest rates, a 100 basis point increase in tax-exempt rates (including properties accounted for under the equity method) would increase the annual pre-tax interest cost for the next 12 months of our tax-exempt variable-rate debt by approximately \$6,484,000 at October 31, 2012. This analysis includes a portion of our taxable and tax-exempt variable-rate debt related to construction loans for which the interest expense is capitalized.

From time to time, we and/or certain of our joint ventures (the "Joint Ventures") enter into total rate of return swaps ("TRS") on various tax-exempt fixed-rate borrowings generally held by us and/or within the Joint Ventures. The TRS convert these borrowings from a fixed rate to a variable rate and provide an efficient financing product to lower the cost of capital. In exchange for a fixed rate, the TRS require that we and/or the Joint Ventures pay a variable rate, generally equivalent to the SIFMA rate plus a spread. At October 31, 2012, the SIFMA rate was 0.21%. Additionally, we and/or the Joint Ventures have guaranteed the fair value of the underlying borrowings. Any fluctuation in the value of the TRS would be offset by the fluctuation in the value of the underlying borrowings, resulting in minimal financial impact to us and/or the Joint Ventures. At October 31, 2012, the aggregate notional amount of TRS that are designated

as fair value hedging instruments is \$266,660,000. The underlying TRS borrowings are subject to a fair value adjustment. In addition, we have TRS with a notional amount of \$170,825,000 that is not designated as fair value hedging instruments, but is subject to interest rate risk.

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We estimate the fair value of our hedging instruments based on interest rate market and bond pricing models. At October 31 and January 31, 2012, we reported interest rate caps at fair value of approximately \$4,000 and \$13,000 in other assets, respectively. We also included interest rate swap agreements and TRS with positive fair values of approximately \$21,236,000 and \$11,391,000 at October 31 and January 31, 2012, respectively, in other assets. At October 31 and January 31, 2012, we included interest rate swap agreements and TRS that had a negative fair value of approximately \$165,243,000 and \$174,020,000, respectively, in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities.

We estimate the fair value of our long-term debt instruments by market rates, if available, or by discounting future cash payments at interest rates that approximate the current market. Estimated fair value is based upon market prices of public debt, available industry financing data, current treasury rates and recent financing transactions. Based on these parameters, the table below contains the estimated fair value of our long-term debt at October 31, 2012.

	Carrying Value	Fair Value	with 100 bp Decrease in Market Rates
	(in thousands)		
Fixed	\$4,798,948	\$5,186,412	\$5,547,922
Variable			
Taxable	1,687,104	1,759,206	1,822,362
Tax-Exempt	439,786	430,990	487,093
Total Variable	\$2,126,890	\$2,190,196	\$2,309,455
Total Long-Term Debt	\$6,925,838	\$7,376,608	\$7,857,377

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued)
The following tables provide information about our financial instruments that are sensitive to changes in interest rates.

October 31, 20	•	JVIC	ie illioillia	uon a	ibout our in	14110	ciai msuu	me	nts that are	e se	siisitive to ci	lan	ges in interes	St I	rates.
	Expected Maturity Date Year Ending January 31,														
Long-Term Debt	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		Period Thereafter		Total Outstanding		Fair Market Value
Fixed:	(dollars i	n th	housands)												
Fixed-rate debt	\$166,865	5	\$583,853	3	\$296,443		\$350,029)	\$426,186	5	\$1,942,754	ŀ	\$3,766,130		\$4,140,449
Weighted average interest rate	6.60	%	6.03	%	6.01	%	5.55	%	5.74	%	5.28	%	5.59	%	
Senior and subordinated debt ⁽¹⁾	_		29,000	(3)	199,376		53,253		50,000		701,189		1,032,818		1,045,963
Weighted average interest rate	_	%	7.88	%	3.63	%	7.63	%	5.00	%	5.65	%	5.39	%	
Total Fixed-Rate Debt	166,865		612,853		495,819		403,282		476,186		2,643,943		4,798,948		5,186,412
Variable: Variable-rate debt	13,778		169,542		597,548		33,681		78		706,477		1,521,104		1,592,640
Weighted average interest rate (2)	3.58	%	4.31	%	3.54	%	3.45	%	3.23	%	6.27	%	4.89	%	
Tax-exempt	_		1		90,810		10		10		348,955		439,786		430,990
Weighted average interest rate (2)		%	3.18	%	2.82	%	3.18	%	3.18	%	1.36	%	1.66	%	
Bank revolving credit facility	_		_		166,000		_		_		_		166,000		166,566
Weighted average interest rate	_	%	_	%	4.75	%	_	%	_	%	_	%	4.75	%	
Total Variable-Rate Debt	13,778		169,543		854,358		33,691		88		1,055,432		2,126,890		2,190,196
Total Long-Term Debt	\$180,643	3	\$782,396	Ď	\$1,350,177	7	\$436,973	3	\$476,274	ţ	\$3,699,375	i	\$6,925,838		\$7,376,608
	6.37	%	5.73	%	4.20	%	5.64	%	5.66	%	5.17	%	5.14	%	

Weighted average

interest rate (1)Represents recourse debt.

- Weighted average interest rate is based on current market rates as of October 31, 2012.
- (3) The mandatory tender date of the custodial receipts, which represent ownership in the bonds, was used for the expected maturity date in lieu of the maturity date on the face of the bonds.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk (continued) January 31, 2012

Expected Maturity Date

	Year Endin	•											. .		
Long-Term Debt	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		Period Thereafter		Total Outstandin	g	Fair Market Value
F: 1	(dollars in t	ho	usands)												, arac
Fixed: Fixed-rate debt	\$294,235		\$602,74	5	\$291,315	5	\$346,320)	\$420,637	,	\$1,464,433		\$3,419,685	í	\$3,737,890
Weighted average interest rate	5.96	%	6.46	%	6.04	%	5.57	%	5.75	%	5.16	%	5.65	%	
Senior and subordinated debt (1)	_		29,000	(3)	199,132		178,253		50,000		582,144		1,038,529		981,746
Weighted average interest rate	_	%	7.88	%	3.63	%	7.63	%	5.00	%	5.30	%	5.43	%	
Total Fixed-Rate Debt	294,235		631,745		490,447		524,573		470,637		2,046,577		4,458,214		4,719,636
Variable: Variable-rate debt	1,039,618		93,969		24,607		_		_		644,435		1,802,629		1,911,665
Weighted average interest rate ⁽²⁾	3.53	%	6.59	%	3.85	%	_	%	_	%	6.52	%	4.76	%	
Tax-exempt Weighted	237		91,055		272		290		309		345,046		437,209		430,197
average interest rate ⁽²⁾	1.58	%	2.56	%	1.58	%	1.58	%	1.58	%	1.29	%	1.55	%	
Bank revolving credit facility	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Weighted average interest rate	_	%	_	%	_	%	_	%	_	%		%	_	%	
Total Variable-Rate Debt Total	1,039,855		185,024		24,879		290		309		989,481		2,239,838		2,341,862
Long-Term Debt	\$1,334,090)	\$816,769	9	\$515,326	6	\$524,863	3	\$470,946)	\$3,036,058		\$6,698,052	ļ	\$7,061,498
Deut	4.06	%	6.09	%	5.00	%	6.27	%	5.67	%	5.03	%	5.11	%	

Weighted average interest rate

- (1) Represents recourse debt.
- (2) Weighted average interest rate is based on current market rates as of January 31, 2012.
- The mandatory tender date of the custodial receipts, which represent ownership in the bonds, was used for the expected maturity date in lieu of the maturity date on the face of the bonds.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains a set of disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or furnishes under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Securities Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act, was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, which includes the CEO and CFO. Based on that evaluation, the CEO and CFO have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of October 31, 2012. There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended October 31, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

In connection with the rules, the Company continues to review and document its disclosure controls and procedures, including the Company's internal control over financial reporting, and may from time to time make changes aimed at enhancing their effectiveness and ensuring that the Company's systems evolve with the business.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to its business, and management and legal counsel believe that these claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) and (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Repurchase of equity securities during the quarter.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

	ibbaci i aicia	ses of Equity 5	ccurrics	
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Class A Common Stock				
August 1 through August 31, 2012	199	\$14.52	_	_
September 1 through September 30, 2012	5,622	\$16.56	_	_
October 1 through October 31, 2012	7,927	\$16.25	_	_
Total	13,748	\$16.35	_	_

⁽¹⁾ Class A common stock was repurchased to satisfy the minimum tax withholding requirements relating to restricted stock vesting.

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Item 6. Exhibits	
Exhibit Number Description of Document	
Form of Exchange Agreement, pertaining to Series A Cumulative Perpetual Convertible Preferred 10.1 - Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on October 16, 2 (File No. 1-4372).	
*31.1 - Principal Executive Officer's Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2	002.
*31.2 - Principal Financial Officer's Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 20)02.
**32.1 - Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	
***101 - The following financial information from Forest City Enterprises, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form for the quarter ended October 31, 2012, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Langu (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited); (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited); (iv) Consolidated Statements of Equity (unaudited); (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited), and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).	iage):
* Filed herewith.	

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Furnished herewith.

Submitted electronically herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FOREST CITY ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: December 6, 2012 /s/ ROBERT G. O'BRIEN

Name: Robert G. O'Brien

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: December 6, 2012 /s/ CHARLES D. OBERT

Name: Charles D. Obert

Title: Senior Vice President, Corporate Controller and Chief Accounting Officer