MERCANTILE BANK CORP Form 10-Q April 30, 2014 U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to.

Commission File No. 000-26719

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Michigan 38-3360865

(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer Identification No.)

incorporation or organization)

310 Leonard Street, NW, Grand Rapids, MI 49504

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(616) 406-3000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was
required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YesX No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YesX No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ____ Accelerated filer X

Non-accelerated filer ____ Smaller reporting company ____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes NoX

At April 30, 2014, there were 8,738,608 shares of common stock outstanding.

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PART I --- FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013
. acreme	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS Cook and door form hands	¢25 922 000	¢ 17 1 40 000
Cash and due from banks	\$25,823,000 6,295,000	\$17,149,000 6,389,000
Interest-bearing deposits Federal funds sold	77,829,000	123,427,000
Total cash and cash equivalents	109,947,000	146,965,000
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	109,947,000	140,903,000
Securities available for sale	141,097,000	131,178,000
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	11,961,000	11,961,000
Loans	1,066,796,000	1,053,243,000
Allowance for loan losses	(20,954,000	(22,821,000)
Loans, net	1,045,842,000	1,030,422,000
	24.067.000	24,000,000
Premises and equipment, net	24,867,000	24,898,000
Bank owned life insurance	51,667,000	51,377,000
Accrued interest receivable	3,861,000	3,649,000
Other real estate owned and repossessed assets	2,350,000	2,851,000
Net deferred tax asset	15,768,000	17,754,000
Other assets	6,155,000	5,911,000
Total assets	\$1,413,515,000	\$1,426,966,000
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$230,709,000	\$224,580,000
Interest-bearing	877,542,000	894,331,000
Total deposits	1,108,251,000	1,118,911,000
	(2.165.000	(0.205.000
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	63,165,000	69,305,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	45,000,000	45,000,000
Subordinated debentures	32,990,000	32,990,000
Accrued interest and other liabilities	6,420,000	7,435,000

Total liabilities	1,255,826,000	1,273,641,000
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, no par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	0	0
Common stock, no par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 8,738,608 shares		
outstanding at March 31, 2014 and 8,739,108 shares outstanding at December 31,	162,076,000	162,999,000
2013		
Retained earnings (deficit)	(521,000)	(4,101,000)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(3,866,000)	(5,573,000)
Total shareholders' equity	157,689,000	153,325,000
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,413,515,000	\$1,426,966,000

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three Months	Three Months
	Ended	Ended
	March 31,	March 31,
Interest income	2014	2013
Loans, including fees	\$12,099,000	¢ 12 946 000
Securities, taxable	1,234,000	\$12,846,000 1,007,000
Securities, taxable Securities, tax-exempt	1,234,000	295,000
Federal funds sold	68,000	54,000
Interest-bearing balances	4,000	7,000
Total interest income	13,588,000	14,209,000
Total interest meone	13,300,000	14,207,000
Interest expense		
Deposits	2,035,000	2,320,000
Short-term borrowings	22,000	20,000
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	150,000	118,000
Subordinated debentures and other borrowings	317,000	297,000
Total interest expense	2,524,000	2,755,000
1	,- ,	, ,
Net interest income	11,064,000	11,454,000
Provision for loan losses	(1,900,000)	(1,500,000)
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	12,964,000	12,954,000
Noninterest income		
Service charges on deposit and sweep accounts	365,000	374,000
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	290,000	338,000
Mortgage banking activities	63,000	252,000
Rental income from other real estate owned	56,000	199,000
Other income	732,000	664,000
Total noninterest income	1,506,000	1,827,000

Noninterest expense

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Salaries and benefits	5,230,000	4,857,000
Occupancy	712,000	658,000
Furniture and equipment depreciation, rent and maintenance	247,000	256,000
FDIC insurance costs	177,000	245,000
Problem asset costs	(20,000) 131,000
Merger-related costs	377,000	14,000
Other expense	2,484,000	2,423,000
Total noninterest expenses	9,207,000	8,584,000
Income before federal income tax expense	5,263,000	6,197,000
Federal income tax expense	1,683,000	1,797,000
Net income	\$3,580,000	\$4,400,000
Basic earnings per share	\$0.41	\$0.51
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.41	\$0.50
Cash dividends per share	\$0.12	\$0.10
Average basic shares outstanding	8,738,836	8,705,677
Average diluted shares outstanding	8,741,121	8,718,601
-		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three Months	Three Months
	Ended	Ended
	March 31,	March 31,
	2014	2013
Net income	\$3,580,000	\$4,400,000
Other comprehensive income (loss): Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available for sale Fair value of interest rate swap	2,604,000 14,000 2,618,000	(1,002,000) 114,000 (888,000)
Tax effect of unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities available for sale Tax effect of fair value of interest rate swap	(906,000) (5,000) (911,000)	(40,000)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax effect	1,707,000	(577,000)
Comprehensive income	\$5,287,000	\$3,823,000

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF

CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(\$ in thousands)	eferre ock	d Common Stock	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income (Loss)	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balances, January 1, 2014	\$ 0	\$162,999	\$(4,101)	\$ (5,573) \$ 153,325
Stock-based compensation expense		118			118
Cash dividends (\$0.12 per common share)		(1,041)	1		(1,041)
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2014			3,580		3,580
Change in net unrealized holding gain on securities available for sale, net of tax effect				1,698	1,698
Change in fair value of interest rate swap, net of tax effect				9	9
Balances, March 31, 2014	\$ 0	\$162,076	\$(521)	\$ (3,866	\$ 157,689

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF

CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

(Unaudited)

(\$ in thousands)	eferre ock	d Common Stock	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensiv Income (Loss)	ve	Fotal Shareholder Equity	rs'
Balances, January 1, 2013	\$ 0	\$166,074	\$(21,134)	\$ 1,650	\$	8 146,590	
Employee stock purchase plan (532 shares)		9				9	
Dividend reinvestment plan (929 shares)		16				16	
Stock-based compensation expense		118				118	
Cash dividends (\$0.10 per common share)		(864))			(864)
Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2013			4,400			4,400	
Change in net unrealized holding gain on securities available for sale, net of tax effect				(651)	(651)
Change in fair value of interest rate swap, net of tax effect				74		74	
Balances, March 31, 2013	\$ 0	\$165,353	\$(16,734)	\$ 1,073	\$	8 149,692	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months	Three Months
	Ended	Ended
	March 31, 2014	March 31, 2013
Cash flows from operating activities Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities	\$3,580,000	\$4,400,000
Depreciation and amortization Provision for loan losses Stock-based compensation expense	512,000 (1,900,000) 118,000	553,000 (1,500,000) 118,000
Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans held for sale Origination of mortgage loans held for sale Net gain from sales of mortgage loans held for sale	4,450,000 (4,979,000) (52,000)	16,260,000 (15,393,000)
Net gain from sale and valuation write-down of foreclosed assets Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(276,000) (290,000)	(528,000)
Net change in: Accrued interest receivable Other assets	(212,000) 611,000	(25,000) 2,159,000
Accrued expenses and other liabilities Net cash from operating activities	(1,060,000) 502,000	(2,205,000) 3,299,000
Cash flows from investing activities Loan originations and payments, net Purchases of securities available for sale Proceeds from maturities, calls and repayments of securities available for sale Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets Purchases of premises and equipment Net cash from (for) investing activities	(12,939,000) (11,672,000) 4,407,000 777,000 (311,000) (19,738,000)	(14,984,000) 12,314,000 2,639,000 (80,000)
Cash flows from financing activities Net decrease in time deposits Net increase in all other deposits Net increase (decrease) in securities sold under agreements to repurchase Net increase in other borrowed money Employee stock purchase plan Dividend reinvestment plan	(14,142,000) 3,482,000 (6,140,000) 59,000 0	702,000

Payment of cash dividends to common shareholders Net cash for financing activities	(1,041,000) (17,782,000)	())
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	(37,018,000) 146,965,000 \$109,947,000	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flows information Cash paid during the period for: Interest Federal income tax Noncash financing and investing activities: Transfers from loans to foreclosed assets	\$3,134,000 0	\$3,339,000 0 1,647,000

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: The unaudited financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2014 include the consolidated results of operations of Mercantile Bank Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries. These subsidiaries include Mercantile Bank of Michigan ("our bank") and our bank's two subsidiaries, Mercantile Bank Real Estate Co., LLC ("our real estate company") and Mercantile Insurance Center, Inc. ("our insurance center"). These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions for Form 10-Q and Item 303(b) of Regulation S-K and do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for a complete presentation of our financial condition and results of operations. In the opinion of management, the information reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which are necessary in order to make the financial statements not misleading and for a fair presentation of the results of operations for such periods. The results for the period ended March 31, 2014 should not be considered as indicative of results for a full year. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

We formed a business trust, Mercantile Bank Capital Trust I ("the trust"), in 2004 to issue trust preferred securities. We issued subordinated debentures to the trust in return for the proceeds raised from the issuance of the trust preferred securities. The trust is not consolidated, but instead we report the subordinated debentures issued to the trust as a liability.

Earnings Per Share: Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares and participating securities outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share include the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares issuable under our stock-based compensation plans and are determined using the treasury stock method. Our unvested restricted shares, which contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends whether paid or accrued (i.e., participating securities), are included in the number of shares outstanding for both basic and diluted earnings per share calculations. In the event of a net loss, our unvested restricted shares are excluded from the calculation of both basic and diluted earnings per share.

Approximately 63,000 unvested restricted shares were included in determining both basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2014. In addition, stock options for approximately 6,000 shares of common stock were included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2014. Stock options for approximately 55,000 shares of common stock were antidilutive and not included in determining

diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

Approximately 65,000 unvested restricted shares were included in determining both basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2013. In addition, stock options for approximately 21,000 shares of common stock were included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2013. Stock options for approximately 132,000 shares of common stock were antidilutive and not included in determining diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2013.
(Continued)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Loans</u>: Loans that we have the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff are reported at the principal balance outstanding, net of deferred loan fees and costs and an allowance for loan losses. Interest income is accrued on the unpaid principal balance. Loan origination fees, net of certain direct origination costs, are deferred and recognized in interest income using the level-yield method without anticipating prepayments.

Interest income on commercial loans and mortgage loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days delinquent unless the loan is well-secured and in process of collection. Consumer and credit card loans are typically charged-off no later than when they are 120 days past due. Past due status is based on the contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged-off at an earlier date if collection of principal and interest is considered doubtful.

All interest accrued but not received for loans placed on nonaccrual is reversed against interest income. Interest received on such loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

Allowance for Loan Losses: The allowance for loan losses ("allowance") is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when we believe the uncollectability of a loan is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. We estimate the allowance balance required using past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions and other factors. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in our judgment, should be charged-off.

A loan is considered to be impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable we will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays

and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. We determine the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of delay, the reasons for delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial and construction loans by either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate, the loan's obtainable market price or the fair value of collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment.

(Continued)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Troubled Debt Restructurings: A loan is accounted for as a troubled debt restructuring if we, for economic or legal reasons, grant a concession to a borrower considered to be experiencing financial difficulties that we would not otherwise consider. A troubled debt restructuring may involve the receipt of assets from the debtor in partial or full satisfaction of the loan, or a modification of terms such as a reduction of the stated interest rate or balance of the loan, a reduction of accrued interest, an extension of the maturity date or renewal of the loan at a stated interest rate lower than the current market rate for a new loan with similar risk, or some combination of these concessions. Troubled debt restructurings can be in either accrual or nonaccrual status. Nonaccrual troubled debt restructurings are included in nonperforming loans. Accruing troubled debt restructurings are generally excluded from nonperforming loans as it is considered probable that all contractual principal and interest due under the restructured terms will be collected.

In accordance with current accounting guidance, loans modified as troubled debt restructurings are, by definition, considered to be impaired loans. Impairment for these loans is measured on a loan-by-loan basis similar to other impaired loans as described above under "Allowance for Loan Losses." Certain loans modified as troubled debt restructurings may have been previously measured for impairment under a general allowance methodology (i.e., pooling), thus at the time the loan is modified as a troubled debt restructuring the allowance will be impacted by the difference between the results of these two measurement methodologies. Loans modified as troubled debt restructurings that subsequently default are factored into the determination of the allowance in the same manner as other defaulted loans.

<u>Derivatives</u>: Derivative financial instruments are recognized as assets or liabilities at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the use of the derivatives and whether the derivatives qualify for hedge accounting. Used as part of our asset and liability management to help manage interest rate risk, our derivatives have generally consisted of interest rate swap agreements that qualified for hedge accounting. In February 2012, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement that qualifies for hedge accounting. The current outstanding interest rate swap is discussed in more detail in Note 9. We do not use derivatives for trading purposes.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated, for accounting purposes, as a hedge of the variability of cash flows to be received on various loans and are effective are reported in other comprehensive income. They are later reclassified into earnings in the same periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings and are

included in the line item in which the hedged cash flows are recorded. If hedge accounting does not apply, changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized immediately in current earnings as interest income or expense.					
(Continued)					
9.					
<i>"</i>					

MERCANTILE BANK CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

If designated as a hedge, we formally document the relationship between derivatives as hedged items, as well as the risk-management objective and the strategy for undertaking hedge transactions. This documentation includes linking cash flow hedges to specific assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. If designated as a hedge, we also formally assess, both at the hedge's inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivative instruments that are used are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged items. Ineffective hedge gains and losses are recognized immediately in current earnings as noninterest income or expense. We discontinue hedge accounting when we determine the derivative is no longer effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows of the hedged item, the derivative is settled or terminates, or treatment of the derivative as a hedge is no longer appropriate or intended.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards: In January of 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-04, *Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure*. This ASU clarifies that an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, and a creditor is considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan, upon either (1) the creditor obtaining legal title to the residential real estate property upon completion of a foreclosure or (2) the borrower conveying all interest in the residential real estate property to the creditor to satisfy that loan through completion of a deed in lieu of foreclosure or through a similar legal agreement. The ASU also requires additional related interim and annual disclosures. The guidance in this ASU is effective for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2014. The implementation of ASU 2014-04 should not have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

(Continued)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

2. SECURITIES

The amortized cost and fair value of available for sale securities and the related pre-tax gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are as follows:

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized			Fair
		Unrealized	Unrealized	
	Cost			Value
		Gains	Losses	
March 31, 2014				
U.S. Government agency debt obligations	\$116,492,000	\$430,000	\$(7,628,000)	\$109,294,000
Mortgage-backed securities	11,544,000	1,071,000	0	12,615,000
Municipal general obligation bonds	16,488,000	411,000	0	16,899,000
Municipal revenue bonds	877,000	42,000	0	919,000
Mutual funds	1,393,000	0	(23,000	1,370,000
	\$146,794,000	\$1,954,000	\$(7,651,000)	\$141,097,000
December 31, 2013				
U.S. Government agency debt obligations	\$108,279,000	\$263,000	\$(10,065,000)	\$98,477,000
Mortgage-backed securities	12,456,000	1,102,000	0	13,558,000
Municipal general obligation bonds	16,488,000	388,000	(4,000	16,872,000
Municipal revenue bonds	878,000	38,000	0	916,000
Mutual funds	1,386,000	0	(31,000	1,355,000
	\$139,487,000	\$1,791,000	\$(10,100,000)	\$131,178,000

(Continued)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

2. SECURITIES (Continued)

Securities with unrealized losses at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, are as follows:

	Less than 12 I Fair	Months Unrealized	12 Months or Fair	More Unrealized	Total Fair	Unrealized
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss
March 31, 2014 U.S. Government agency debt	\$44 172 000	\$(2.532.000)	\$42.828.000	\$ (5,006,000)	\$87,000,000	\$(7,628,000)
obligations	\$44,172,000	\$(2,332,000)	\$42,828,000	\$(3,090,000)	\$87,000,000	\$(7,028,000)
Mortgage-backed securities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Municipal general obligation bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Municipal revenue bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mutual funds	1,370,000	(23,000)	0	0	1,370,000	(23,000)
	\$45,542,000	\$(2,555,000)	\$42,828,000	\$(5,096,000)	\$88,370,000	\$(7,651,000)
December 31, 2013						
U.S. Government agency debt obligations	\$57,117,000	\$(5,798,000)	\$29,679,000	\$(4,267,000)	\$86,796,000	\$(10,065,000)
Mortgage-backed securities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Municipal general obligation bonds	295,000	(4,000)	0	0	295,000	(4,000)
Municipal revenue bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mutual funds	1,355,000	(31,000)	0	0	1,355,000	(31,000)
	\$58,767,000	\$(5,833,000)	\$29,679,000	\$(4,267,000)	\$88,446,000	\$(10,100,000)

(Continued)		
12.		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

2. SECURITIES (Continued)

We evaluate securities for other-than-temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis. Consideration is given to the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and the intent and ability we have to retain our investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. For those debt securities whose fair value is less than their amortized cost basis, we also consider our intent to sell the security, whether it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before recovery and if we do not expect to recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, we may consider whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition.

At March 31, 2014, 63 debt securities and one mutual fund with fair values totaling \$88.4 million have unrealized losses aggregating \$7.7 million. After we considered whether the securities were issued by the federal government or its agencies and whether downgrades by bond rating agencies had occurred, we determined that unrealized losses were due to changing interest rate environments. As we do not intend to sell our debt securities before recovery of their cost basis and we believe it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell our debt securities before recovery of the cost basis, no unrealized losses are deemed to be other-than-temporary.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2014, by maturity, are shown in the following table. The contractual maturity is utilized for U.S. Government agency debt obligations and municipal bonds. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Securities not due at a single maturity date, primarily mortgage-backed securities, are shown separately. Weighted average yields are also reflected, with yields for municipal securities shown at their tax equivalent yield.

Weighted

Amortized Fair

Average

Cost Value

Yield

Due in 2014	5.44	% \$1,770,000	\$1,801,000
Due in 2015 through 2019	6.31	1,018,000	1,040,000
Due in 2020 through 2024	3.44	44,432,000	43,437,000
Due in 2025 and beyond	3.63	86,637,000	80,834,000
Mortgage-backed securities	5.14	11,544,000	12,615,000
Mutual funds	2.11	1,393,000	1,370,000
	3.73	% \$146,794,000	\$141,097,000

(Continued)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

2. SECURITIES (Continued)

Securities issued by the State of Michigan and all its political subdivisions had a combined amortized cost of \$17.4 million and estimated market value of \$17.8 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Total securities of any other specific issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, did not exceed 10% of shareholders' equity.

The carrying value of U.S. Government agency debt obligations and mortgage-backed securities that are pledged to secure repurchase agreements was \$105.2 million and \$94.4 million at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. In addition, substantially all of our municipal bonds have been pledged to the Discount Window of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. Investments in Federal Home Loan Bank stock are restricted and may only be resold or redeemed by the issuer.

3.LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

Our total loans at March 31, 2014 were \$1.07 billion compared to \$1.05 billion at December 31, 2013, an increase of \$13.6 million, or 1.3%. The components of our loan portfolio disaggregated by class of loan within the loan portfolio segments at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and the percentage change in loans from the end of 2013 to the end of the first quarter of 2014, are as follows:

					Percent
	March 31, 2014		December 31, 2	013	
	Balance	%	Balance	%	Increase (Decrease)
Commercial: Commercial and industrial	\$289,009,000	27.1 9	% \$286,373,000	27.2 %	0.9 %
Vacant land, land development, and residential construction	37,190,000	3.5	36,741,000	3.5	1.2
Real estate – owner occupied	264,299,000	24.8	261,877,000	24.9	0.9

Real estate – non-owner occupied Real estate – multi-family and residential rental Total commercial	378,034,000 35,686,000 1,004,218,000	35.4 3.3 94.1	364,066,000 37,639,000 986,696,000	34.6 3.5 93.7	3.8 (5.2 1.8)
Retail:						
Home equity and other	31,778,000	3.0	35,080,000	3.3	(9.4)
1-4 family mortgages	30,800,000	2.9	31,467,000	3.0	(2.1)
Total retail	62,578,000	5.9	66,547,000	6.3	(6.0)
Total loans	\$1,066,796,000	100.0%	\$1,053,243,000	100.0%	1.3	%

(Continued)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (Continued)

Nonperforming loans as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Loans past due 90 days or more still accruing interest Nonaccrual loans	\$0 6,342,000	\$0 6,718,000
Total nonperforming loans	\$6,342,000	\$6,718,000

The recorded principal balance of nonaccrual loans was as follows:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Commercial:		
Commercial and industrial	\$919,000	\$1,501,000
Vacant land, land development, and residential construction	361,000	785,000
Real estate – owner occupied	684,000	389,000
Real estate – non-owner occupied	335,000	168,000
Real estate – multi-family and residential rental	492,000	208,000
Total commercial	2,791,000	3,051,000
Retail:		
Home equity and other	762,000	788,000
1-4 family mortgages	2,789,000	2,879,000

Total retail	3,551,000	3,667,000
Total nonaccrual loans	\$6,342,000	\$6,718,000
(Continued)		
15.		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (Continued)

An age analysis of past due loans is as follows as of March 31, 2014:

							Re	corded
	30 –	60 –	Greater					
	59	89	TEN 00	m . 1		m . 1		lance
	Davis	Darra	Than 89	Total	Commont	Total	> 8	39
	Days	Days	Days	Past Due	Current	Loans	Da	We
	Past	Past	Days	1 ast Duc		Loans	Days and	
	Due	Due	Past Due					
							Ac	cruing
Commercial:								
Commercial and industrial	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$121,000	\$121,000	\$288,888,000	\$289,009,000	\$	0
Vacant land, land development, and residential construction	0	0	95,000	95,000	37,095,000	37,190,000		0
Real estate – owner occupied	0	0	0	0	264,299,000	264,299,000		0
Real estate – non-owner occupied	0	0	0	0	378,034,000	378,034,000		0
Real estate – multi-family and residential rental	0	0	0	0	35,686,000	35,686,000		0
Total commercial	0	0	216,000	216,000	1,004,002,000	1,004,218,000		0
Retail:								
Home equity and other	0	0	0	0	31,778,000	31,778,000		0
1-4 family mortgages	0	0	391,000	391,000	30,409,000	30,800,000		0
Total retail	0	0	391,000	391,000	62,187,000	62,578,000		0
Total past due loans	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$607,000	\$607,000	\$1,066,189,000	\$1,066,796,000	\$	0

(Continued)		
16.		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

3. LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (Continued)

An age analysis of past due loans is as follows as of December 31, 2013:

							Red	corded	
	30 – 59	60 – 89	Greater					Balance	
	Days	Days	Than 89	Total	Current	Total	> 89		
	Past Due	·	Days		Loans		Days		
		Past Due	Past Due				and		
							Ac	cruing	
Commercial:									
Commercial and industrial	\$0	\$ 0	\$309,000	\$309,000	\$286,064,000	\$286,373,000	\$	0	
Vacant land, land development, and residential construction	0	0	0	0	36,741,000	36,741,000		0	
Real estate – owner occupied	65,000	0	50,000	115,000	261,762,000	261,877,000		0	
Real estate – non-owner occupied	0	0	0	0	364,066,000	364,066,000		0	
Real estate – multi-family and residential rental	0	0	64,000	64,000	37,575,000	37,639,000		0	
Total commercial	65,000	0	423,000	488,000	986,208,000	986,696,000		0	
Retail:									
Home equity and other	14,000	0	0	14,000					