

Delek US Holdings, Inc.
Form 10-Q/A
June 09, 2008

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-Q/A
(Amendment No. 1)**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 001-32868

DELEK US HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

*(State or other jurisdiction of
Incorporation or organization)*

52-2319066

*(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)*

7102 Commerce Way

Brentwood, Tennessee

(Address of principal executive offices)

37027

(Zip Code)

(615) 771-6701

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting
company

(Do not check if a smaller
reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No
At May 2, 2008, there were 53,668,195 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Delek US Holdings, Inc. is filing this amendment (the Form 10-Q/A) to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 (the Form 10-Q) filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 9, 2008, solely to correct an inadvertent error in Item 3 of Part I of the Form 10-Q. As described in Item 8.01 of our Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 29, 2008, the volumes of ethanol (454,678) and unleaded gasoline (460,000) set forth in Item 3 of Part I of the Form 10-Q were incorrectly reported in gallons rather than in barrels.

This Form 10-Q/A continues to speak as of the date of the Form 10-Q and no attempt has been made to modify or update disclosures in the original Form 10-Q except as noted above. This Form 10-Q/A does not reflect events occurring after the filing of the Form 10-Q or modify or update any related disclosures. Information not affected by this Form 10-Q/A is unchanged and reflects the disclosure made at the time of the filing of the Form 10-Q with the SEC. In particular, any forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q/A represent management's view as of the filing date of the Form 10-Q. Accordingly, this 10-Q/A should be read in conjunction with the original Form 10-Q.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

Changes in commodity prices (mainly petroleum crude oil and unleaded gasoline) and interest rates are our main sources of market risk. When we make the decision to manage our market exposure, our objective is generally to avoid losses from negative price changes, realizing we will not obtain the benefit of positive price changes.

Commodity Price Risk

Impact of Changing Prices. Our revenues and cash flows, as well as estimates of future cash flows, are sensitive to changes in energy prices. Major shifts in the cost of crude oil, the prices of refined products and the cost of ethanol can generate large changes in the operating margin in each of our segments. Gains and losses on transactions accounted for using mark-to-market accounting are reflected in cost of goods sold in the consolidated statements of operations at each period end. Gains or losses on commodity derivative contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges are recognized in other comprehensive income on the consolidated balance sheets and ultimately, when the forecasted transactions are completed in net sales or cost of goods sold in the consolidated statements of operations.

Price Risk Management Activities. At times, we enter into commodity derivative contracts to manage our price exposure to our inventory positions, future purchases of crude oil and ethanol, future sales of refined products or to fix margins on future production. In connection with our marketing segment's supply contracts, we entered into certain futures contracts. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* (SFAS 133), all of these commodity futures contracts are recorded at fair value, and any change in fair value between periods has historically been recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. At March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, we had open derivative contracts representing 79,000 barrels and 40,000 barrels, respectively, of refined petroleum products. We had an unrealized net (loss) gain of \$(0.7) million and \$0.1 million as of March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007, respectively.

In December 2007, in connection with our offering of renewable fuels in our retail segment markets, we entered into a series of over the counter (OTC) swaps based on the futures price of ethanol as quoted on the Chicago Board of Trade and a series of OTC swaps based on the futures price of unleaded gasoline as quoted on the New York Mercantile Exchange. In accordance with SFAS No. 133, all of these swaps are recorded at fair value, and any change in fair value between periods has historically been recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. As of March 31, 2008, we had open derivative contracts representing 454,678 barrels of ethanol and had an unrealized net gain of \$6.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. As of March 31, 2008, we also had open derivative contracts representing 462,000 barrels of unleaded gasoline and had an unrealized net loss of \$3.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008. We did not have any commodity futures contracts designated in cash flow hedges during the three months ended March 31, 2007.

In March 2008, we entered into a series of OTC swaps based on the future price of West Texas Intermediate Crude (WTI) as quoted on the NYMEX which fixed the purchase price of WTI for a predetermined number of barrels at future dates from July 2008 through December 2009. We also entered into a series of OTC swaps based on the future price of Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) as quoted on the Gulf Coast ULSD PLATTS which fixed the sales price of ULSD for a predetermined number of gallons at future dates from July 2008 through December 2009.

In accordance with SFAS No. 133, the WTI and ULSD swaps have been designated as cash flow hedges and the change in fair value between the execution date and the end of period has been recorded in other comprehensive income. For the three months ended March 31, 2008, Delek recorded unrealized losses as a component of other comprehensive income of \$5.6 million (\$3.6 million, net of deferred taxes) related to the change in the fair value of these swaps. The fair value of these contracts at the time the positions are closed will be recognized in income when the hedged items are recognized in income, beginning in April 2008. As of March 31, 2008, Delek had total unrealized gains (losses), net of deferred income taxes, in accumulated other comprehensive income of \$(3.6) million associated with its cash flow hedges.

We maintain at our refinery and in third-party facilities inventories of crude oil, feedstocks and refined petroleum products, the values of which are subject to wide fluctuations in market prices driven by world economic conditions, regional and global inventory levels and seasonal conditions. At March 31, 2008, we held approximately 1.2 million barrels of crude and product inventories valued under the LIFO valuation method with an average cost of \$61.40 per barrel. Replacement cost (FIFO) exceeded carrying value of LIFO costs by \$49.4 million. We refer to this excess as our LIFO reserve.

Interest Rate Risk

We have market exposure to changes in interest rates relating to our outstanding variable rate borrowings, which totaled \$322.9 million as of March 31, 2008. We help manage this risk through interest rate swap and cap agreements that modify the interest characteristics of our outstanding long-term debt. In accordance with SFAS 133, all interest rate hedging instruments are recorded at fair value and any changes in the fair value between periods are recognized in earnings. The fair value of our interest rate hedging instruments decreased by \$0.8 million and \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The fair values of our interest rate swaps and cap agreements are obtained from dealer quotes. These values represent the estimated amount that we would receive or pay to terminate the agreements taking into account the difference between the contract rate of interest and rates currently quoted for agreements, of similar terms and maturities. We expect that interest rate derivatives will reduce our exposure to short-term interest rate movements. The annualized impact of a hypothetical one percent change in interest rates on floating rate debt outstanding as of March 31, 2008 would be to change interest expense by \$3.2 million. Increases in rates would be partially mitigated by the interest rate derivatives mentioned above. As of March 31, 2008, we had interest rate cap agreements in place representing \$97.5 million in notional value with various settlement dates, the latest of which expires in July 2010. These interest rate caps range from 3.50% to 4.00% as measured by the 3-month LIBOR rate and include a knock-out feature at rates ranging from 6.65% to 7.15% using the same measurement rate. The fair value of our interest rate derivatives was \$0.2 million as of March 31, 2008.

The types of instruments used in our hedging and trading activities described above include swaps, and futures. Our positions in derivative commodity instruments are monitored and managed on a daily basis by a risk management committee to ensure compliance with our risk management strategies which have been approved by our board of directors.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act (filed herewith)

- 32.1 Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (previously filed)
 - 32.2 Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (previously filed)
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Delek US Holdings, Inc.

By: /s/ Ezra Uzi Yemin
Ezra Uzi Yemin
Chief Executive Officer and President

By: /s/ Edward Morgan
Edward Morgan
Vice President and Chief Financial
Officer

Dated: June 9, 2008

EXHIBIT INDEX

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