BankFinancial CORP Form 10-Q October 26, 2018

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF $^{\rm x}$ 1934

For the Quarterly Period ended September 30, 2018

or

..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For transition period from to Commission File Number 0-51331

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Maryland 75-3199276 (State or Other Jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of Incorporation) Identification No.)

15W060 North Frontage Road, Burr Ridge,

Illinois 60527

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800) 894-6900

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company x

Emerging growth company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes " No x.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date. At October 24, 2018, there were 16,996,173 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

Form 10-Q September 30, 2018

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(In thousands, except share and per share data) - Unaudited

	September 30 2018	, December 31, 2017
Assets		
Cash and due from other financial institutions	\$ 12,473	\$ 13,572
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	74,461	114,020
Cash and cash equivalents	86,934	127,592
Securities, at fair value	103,921	93,383
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses:	1 267 707	1 214 651
September 30, 2018, \$8,103 and December 31, 2017, \$8,366	1,267,787	1,314,651
Other real estate owned, net	985	2,351
Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") and Federal Reserve Bank ("FRB"), at cos	t 8,026	8,290
Premises held-for-sale		5,667
Premises and equipment, net	24,473	24,856
Accrued interest receivable	4,974	4,619
Core deposit intangible	123	286
Bank owned life insurance	18,781	22,859
Deferred taxes	8,911	12,563
Other assets	7,569	8,441
Total assets	\$ 1,532,484	\$ 1,625,558
	+ -,,	+ -,,
Liabilities		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$ 225,446	\$ 234,354
Interest-bearing	1,070,324	1,105,697
Total deposits	1,295,770	1,340,051
Borrowings	21,232	60,768
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	11,015	11,645
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	12,384	15,460
Total liabilities	1,340,401	1,427,924
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or	_	_
outstanding Common Stock \$0.01 per value, 100,000,000 shows outhorized: 17,206,303 shows		
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 17,206,303 shares	172	179
issued at September 30, 2018 and 17,958,723 issued at December 31, 2017	141 220	152 011
Additional paid-in capital	141,230	153,811
Retained earnings	50,437	43,274
Accumulated other comprehensive income	244	370
Total stockholders' equity	192,083	197,634
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,532,484	\$ 1,625,558

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except share and per share data) - Unaudited

	Three Mo	onths Ended	Nine Mor	nths Ended
	Septembe	er 30,	Septembe	er 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Interest and dividend income				
Loans, including fees	\$14,248	\$ 13,345	\$42,045	\$ 39,061
Securities	627	389	1,637	1,095
Other	498	387	1,459	976
Total interest income	15,373	14,121	45,141	41,132
Interest expense				
Deposits	2,278	1,419	5,632	3,903
Borrowings	130	196	542	444
Total interest expense	2,408	1,615	6,174	4,347
Net interest income	12,965	12,506	38,967	36,785
Recovery of loan losses	(23)	(225)	(258)	(15)
Net interest income after recovery of loan losses	12,988	12,731	39,225	36,800
Noninterest income				
Deposit service charges and fees	1,003	1,018	2,970	2,964
Loan fee income	71	89	231	212
Commercial mortgage brokerage fees	12	_	138	_
Residential mortgage banking fees	34	41	88	172
Loss on sales of equity securities			(14)	_
Gain on sale of premises held-for-sale			93	_
Trust and insurance commissions and annuities income	207	210	670	704
Earnings on bank-owned life insurance	35	67	146	196
Bank-owned life insurance death benefit	_	_	1,389	_
Other	208	198	492	526
Total noninterest income	1,570	1,623	6,203	4,774
Noninterest expense				
Compensation and benefits	5,120	5,330	16,232	16,792
Office occupancy and equipment	1,629	1,693	5,022	4,914
Advertising and public relations	194	167	611	807
Information technology	717	638	2,066	2,070
Supplies, telephone, and postage	341	337	1,070	1,027
Amortization of intangibles	20	123	163	374
Nonperforming asset management	60	84	313	215
Operations of other real estate owned	59	403	355	861
FDIC insurance premiums	115	150	338	462
Other	1,170	1,275	3,429	3,551
Total noninterest expense	9,425	10,200	29,599	31,073
Income before income taxes	5,133	4,154	15,829	10,501
Income tax expense	1,396	594	3,903	2,488
Net income	\$3,737	\$ 3,560	\$11,926	\$ 8,013
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
Weighted average common shares outstanding	17,365,67	918,139,659	17,641,30	0818,368,742

Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 17,365,6798,140,109 17,641,3088,369,170

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands) - Unaudited

	Three M	onths	Nine Mor	nths
	Ended		Ended	
	September 30,		Septembe	er 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income	\$3,737	\$3,560	\$11,926	\$8,013
Unrealized holding gain (loss) arising during the period	(49)	16	(173)	(67)
Tax effect	13	(9)	47	22
Net of tax	(36)	7	(126)	(45)
Comprehensive income	\$3,701	\$3,567	\$11,800	\$7,968

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands, except per share data) - Unaudited

	Commo Stock	Additional ⁿ Paid-in Capital	Retained	Stock	Accumulate Other Comprehen- Income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ 192	\$173,047	\$39,483	\$(8,318)	\$ 376	\$204,780
Net income			8,013			8,013
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax		_		_	(45)	(45)
Net exercise of stock options (198,026 shares)	2	(1,239)				(1,237)
Prepayment of ESOP Share Acquisition Loan	(8)	(7,185)		8,318		1,125
Repurchase and retirement of common stock (614,673 shares)	(6)	(9,142)			_	(9,148)
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.20 per share)	_	_	(3,710)	_	_	(3,710)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 180	\$155,481	\$43,786	\$—	\$ 331	\$199,778
Balance at January 1, 2018	\$ 179	\$153,811	\$43,274	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 370	\$197,634
Net income		_	11,926	_		11,926
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(126	(126)
Nonvested stock awards-stock-based compensation expense	_	6	_	_	_	6
Repurchase and retirement of common stock (752,174 shares)	(7)	(12,587)	_	_	_	(12,594)
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.27 per share)	_	_	(4,763)	_	_	(4,763)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 172	\$141,230	\$50,437	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 244	\$192,083

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) - Unaudited

	Nine Mor Ended September 2018	
Cash flows from operating activities	2010	2017
Net income	\$11,926	\$8.013
Adjustments to reconcile to net income to net cash from operating activities	+ ,	+ =,===
Recovery of loan losses	(258)	(15)
Prepayment of ESOP Share Acquisition Loan	_	1,125
Stock-based compensation expense	6	
Depreciation and amortization	2,513	2,846
Amortization of premiums and discounts on securities and loans	9	(72)
Amortization of core deposit intangible	163	374
Amortization of servicing assets	79	86
Net change in net deferred loan origination costs	53	343
Loss on sale of other real estate owned	56	100
Net gain on sale of loans	_	(70)
Loss on sale of equity securities	14	
Gain on sale of premises held-for-sale	(93)	
Loans originated for sale		(1,291)
Proceeds from sale of loans		1,361
Other real estate owned valuation adjustments	27	301
Net change in:		
Accrued interest receivable	(355)	(188)
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(146)	(196)
Other assets	3,540	4,027
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	(3,076)	(1,966)
Net cash from operating activities	14,458	14,778
Cash flows from investing activities		
Securities		
Proceeds from maturities	76,164	49,695
Proceeds from principal repayments	2,970	2,461
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	487	_
Purchases of securities	(90,355)	(43,808)
Loans receivable		
Loan participations sold	_	3,615
Principal payments on loans receivable	729,474	459,706
Purchase of loans		(23,451)
Originated for investment	(683,685)	(465,562)
Purchase of FHLB and FRB stock		(154)
Redemption of FHLB and FRB stock	285	3,514
Bank-owned life insurance death benefit	4,224	
Proceeds from sale of premises held-for-sale	5,485	
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	2,172	1,966
Purchase of premises and equipment, net	(512)	(906)

Net cash from (used in) investing activities 46,688 (12,924)

Continued

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) - Unaudited

	Nine Mon	ths Ended	
	September	: 30,	
	2018	2017	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net change in deposits	\$(44,281)	\$31,699	
Net change in borrowings	(39,536)	9,859	
Net change in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(630)	(358)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(12,594)	(9,148)
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(4,763)	(3,710)
Shares retired for tax liability	_	(1,219)
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(101,804)	27,123	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(40,658)	28,977	
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	127,592	96,684	
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$86,934	\$125,661	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:			
Interest paid	\$5,960	\$4,269	
Income taxes paid	250	198	
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	1,241	2,041	

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: BankFinancial Corporation, a Maryland corporation headquartered in Burr Ridge, Illinois, is the owner of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of BankFinancial, NA (the "Bank"). The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts and transactions of BankFinancial Corporation, the Bank, and the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries, Financial Assurance Services, Inc. and BFIN Asset Recovery Company, LLC (collectively, "the Company"), and reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the periods presented. Such adjustments are the only adjustments reflected in the accompanying financial statements. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018 or for any other period.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Use of Estimates: To prepare financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and future results could differ.

Reclassifications: Certain reclassifications have been made in the prior period's financial statements to conform them to the current period's presentation.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued an update (ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers) creating FASB Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The guidance in this update affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets unless those contracts are within the scope of other standards (for example, insurance contracts or lease contracts). The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance provides steps to follow to achieve the core principle. An entity should disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Qualitative and quantitative information is required about contracts with customers, significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract. The amendments in this update became effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. We have evaluated the impact of adopting the update and have concluded that it does not have a significant impact to our consolidated financial statements. The Company's revenue streams that are in-scope from the update include: financed OREO sales; deposit fees, including ATM fees, overdraft fees, maintenance fees and dormancy fees; debit card fees, and trust fees. For the in-scope revenue streams, our current revenue recognition is not different than our prior revenue recognition under the update. The Company has infrequently financed an OREO sale. Our customer contracts generally do not have performance obligations and fees are assessed and collected as the transaction occurs. The Company's fee income is not material for any individual income streams. The adoption of ASC 606 did not result in a change to the accounting for any of the in-scope revenue stream; as such, no cumulative effect adjustment was recorded. Refer to Note 8 - Revenue for Contracts with Customers for further discussion on the Company's accounting policies for revenue sources within the scope of ASC 606.

In January 2016, the FASB issued an update (ASU No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Liabilities). The new guidance is intended to improve the recognition and measurement of financial instruments by requiring: equity investments (other than equity method or consolidation) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income; public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial assets (i.e., securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; eliminating the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for organizations that are not public business entities; eliminating the requirement for non-public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is to be required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

cost on the balance sheet; and requiring a reporting organization to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in fair value of a liability resulting from the change in the instrument-specific credit risk (also referred to as "own credit") when the organization has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments. The new guidance became effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The new pronouncement does not have a significant impact on our Statement of Operations, as we had one equity security that was valued at \$499,000 at December 31, 2017 and none at September 30, 2018.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). The standard requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for leases with lease terms greater than 12 months. ASU 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, and early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on our consolidated financial statements. Our preliminary finding is that the new pronouncement will not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements as the projected minimum lease payments under existing leases subject to the new pronouncement are less than one percent of our current total assets.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2016-13"). These amendments require the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. In addition, the ASU amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. ASU 2016-13 is effective for SEC filers for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019 (i.e., January 1, 2020, for calendar year entities). Early application will be permitted for all organizations for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact that the standard will have on our consolidated financial statements. Our initial review indicates that we have maintained sufficient historical loan data to support the requirements of this pronouncement. In addition, we have begun tracking the average life of the various segments of our loan portfolio. We are currently evaluating various loss methodologies to determine their correlation to our various loan categories' historical performance. In August 2018, we contracted with a third-party vendor to provide a model and assist with assessing processes, portfolio segmentation, and model development. In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-08, "Receivables-Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities" ("ASU 2017-08"). This guidance shortens the amortization period for premiums on certain callable debt securities to the earliest call date (with an explicit, noncontingent call feature that is callable at a fixed price and on a preset dates), rather than contractual maturity date as currently required under GAAP. The ASU does not impact instruments without preset call dates such as mortgage-backed securities. For instruments with contingent call features, once the contingency is resolved and the security is callable at a fixed price and preset date, the security is within the scope of the ASU. ASU 2017-08 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, and early adoption is permitted. Effective January 2017, we early adopted the pronouncement. Adoption of the new pronouncement was immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Amounts reported in earnings per share reflect earnings available to common stockholders for the period divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, exclusive of unearned BankFinancial, NA Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP") shares in 2017 and unvested restricted stock shares. Stock options and restricted stock are regarded as potential common stock and are considered in the diluted earnings per share calculations to the extent that they would have a dilutive effect if converted to common stock.

	Months	Nine Mor	ths Ended
Ended		Sentembe	r 30
Septem	ber 30,	Septembe	1 50,
2018	2017	2018	2017
\$3,737	\$ 3,560	\$11,926	\$ 8,013
17,365,	61789,140,599	17,641,74	318,567,796
_			(198,114)
_	(940)	(435)	(940)
17,365,	61789,139,659	17,641,30	818,368,742
	450	_	428
17,365,	61789,140,109	17,641,30	818,369,170
\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
\$0.22	\$ 0.20	\$0.68	\$ 0.44
	Ended Septem 2018 \$3,737 17,365, — 17,365, — 17,365, \$0.22	September 30, 2018 2017 \$3,737 \$ 3,560 17,365,678,140,599 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Ended September 30, 2018 2017 2018 \$3,737 \$ 3,560 \$11,926 17,365,6178,140,599 17,641,74 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES

The fair value of securities and the related gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income are shown below.

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealiz Losses	ed	Fair Value	
September 30, 2018						
Certificates of deposit	\$89,175	\$ —	\$ —		\$89,175	
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	10,593	393	(61)	10,925	
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	3,819	13	(11)	3,821	
	\$ 103,587	\$ 406	\$ (72)	\$103,921	
December 31, 2017						
Certificates of deposit	\$75,916	\$ —	\$ —		\$75,916	
Equity mutual fund	500		(1)	499	
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	11,969	520	(17)	12,472	
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	4,481	16	(11)	4,486	
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	10	_			10	
	\$92,876	\$ 536	\$ (29)	\$93,383	

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES (continued)

The mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations reflected in the preceding table were issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities or agencies, Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae and Ginnie Mae, and are obligations which the government has affirmed its commitment to support. All securities reflected in the preceding table were classified as available-for-sale at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The amortized cost and fair values of securities by contractual maturity are shown below. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	September 30, 2018		
	Amortized	lFair	
	Cost	Value	
Due in one year or less	\$89,175	\$89,175	
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	10,593	10,925	
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	3,819	3,821	
	\$103,587	\$103,921	

Three Nine Months Months Ended Ended September September 30. 30. 2018 2017 2018 2017 **Proceeds** \$ —\$ \$ 487 \$ Gross gains — Gross losses — (14) —

Securities with unrealized losses not recognized in income are as follows:

	Less t		n 1	2	12 Mor More	iths or		Total		
	Fair	Uı	nre	alized	Fair	Unrealiz	ed	Fair	Unreali	zed
	Value	Lo	oss		Value	Loss		Value	Loss	
September 30, 2018										
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	\$924	\$	(6	5)	\$1,004	\$ (55)	\$1,928	\$ (61)
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	_	_	-		1,796	(11)	1,796	(11)
	\$924	\$	(6	5)	\$2,800	\$ (66)	\$3,724	\$ (72)
December 31, 2017										
Equity mutual fund	\$499	\$	(1	l)	\$	\$ —		\$499	\$ (1)
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	_	_	-		1,149	(17)	1,149	(17)
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	_	_	-		2,083	(11)	2,083	(11)
	\$499	\$	(1	l)	\$3,232	\$ (28)	\$3,731	\$ (29)

The Company evaluates marketable investment securities with significant declines in fair value on a quarterly basis to determine whether they should be considered other-than-temporarily impaired under current accounting guidance, which generally provides that if a marketable security is in an unrealized loss position, whether due to general market conditions or industry or issuer-specific factors, the holder of the securities must assess whether the impairment is other-than-temporary.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES (continued)

Certain mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations that the Company holds in its investment portfolio were in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2018, but the unrealized losses were not considered significant under the Company's impairment testing methodology. In addition, the Company does not intend to sell these securities, and it is likely that the Company will not be required to sell these securities before their anticipated recovery occurs.

NOTE 4 - LOAN RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable are as follows:

Louis receivable are as ronows.		
	September 30,	December 31,
	2018	2017
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$77,591	\$97,814
Multi-family mortgage	581,880	588,383
Nonresidential real estate	148,010	169,971
Construction and land	1,130	1,358
Commercial loans	167,547	152,552
Commercial leases	297,103	310,076
Consumer	1,416	1,597
	1,274,677	1,321,751
Net deferred loan origination costs	1,213	1,266
Allowance for loan losses	(8,103)	(8,366)
Loans, net	\$1,267,787	\$1,314,651

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the loans receivable by portfolio segment and based on impairment method:

	Allowance for losses	loan	Loan Balances Individuablylectively		
	Individentikely evaluated forfor impapaiement	Total			Total
September 30, 2018					
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ -\$ 762	\$762	\$2,724	\$74,867	\$77,591
Multi-family mortgage	3,722	3,722	661	581,219	581,880
Nonresidential real estate	1,410	1,410		148,010	148,010
Construction and land	—27	27		1,130	1,130
Commercial loans	1,482	1,482		167,547	167,547
Commercial leases	684	684		297,103	297,103
Consumer	—16	16		1,416	1,416
	\$-\$ 8,103	\$8,103	\$3,385	\$1,271,292	1,274,677
Net deferred loan origination costs Allowance for loan losses					1,213 (8,103)
Loans, net					\$1,267,787

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

	Allowance for losses Incoldentifyely evaluated ed forfor imparament		evaluate for	alances ualbylectively edvaluated for nienpairment	Total
December 31, 2017 One-to-four family residential real estate Multi-family mortgage Nonresidential real estate Construction and land Commercial loans Commercial leases Consumer	\$-\$ 850 -3,849 -1,605 -32 -1,357 -655 -18 \$-\$ 8,366	\$850 3,849 1,605 32 1,357 655 18 \$8,366	949 — — — —	\$ 93,549 587,434 169,971 1,358 152,552 310,076 1,597 \$ 1,316,537	\$97,814 588,383 169,971 1,358 152,552 310,076 1,597 1,321,751
Net deferred loan origination costs Allowance for loan losses Loans, net Activity in the allowance for loan losses	Three Months		e Months		1,266 (8,366) \$1,314,651
Beginning balance Loans charged off: One-to-four family residential real estate Multi-family mortgage Nonresidential real estate Commercial loans Consumer	Ended September 30, 2018 2017 \$8,179 \$8,12 (84) (89	2018	ember 30 3 201 66 \$8, (10 (165 (17) (17)	7 127 2)) 5)	
Recoveries: One-to-four family residential real estate Multi-family mortgage Nonresidential real estate Construction and land Commercial loans Commercial leases Consumer Net recoveries (charge-offs) Recovery of loan losses Ending balance	, , ,	130 26 — 2 227 5 1 391 (5) (258	100 62 10 — 552 2 — 726) 262 5) (15)	

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Impaired loans

Several of the following disclosures are presented by "recorded investment," which the FASB defines as "the amount of the investment in a loan, which is not net of a valuation allowance, but which does reflect any direct write-down of the investment." The following represents the components of recorded investment:

Loan principal balance

Less unapplied payments

Plus negative unapplied balance

Less escrow balance

Plus negative escrow balance

Plus unamortized net deferred loan costs

Less unamortized net deferred loan fees

Plus unamortized premium

Less unamortized discount

Less previous charge-offs

Plus recorded accrued interest

Less reserve for uncollected interest

= Recorded investment

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans:

The following tables present loans marvio	iuany eva	iuated for i	трантен с	by class c	or ioans:	
					Three months ended	Nine months ended
					September 30,	September 30,
					2018	2018
	Loan Balan	Recorde ce Investm	ed Partial enCharge-o	101	LOans	Average Interest Investment in Impaired inzed Recognized Loans
September 30, 2018						
With no related allowance recorded:						
One-to-four family residential real estate		22 \$ 2,677	\$ 656	\$ -	-\$3,154 \$ 13	\$3,584 \$ 35
One-to-four family residential real estate non-owner occupied	86	46	43	_	46 —	110 —
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	661 \$4,06	665 59 \$ 3,388	— \$ 699	\$ -	666 10 \$3,866 \$ 23 Year ended	836 30 \$4,530 \$ 65
		Recorded Investment	Partial Charge-off	ior Loa	in Impaired	erest
December 31, 2017						
With no related allowance recorded:						
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$5,049	\$ 4,248	\$ 806	\$	-\$4,212 \$	197
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	958	948		_	847 41	

\$6,007 \$ 5,196 \$ 806 \$ —\$5,059 \$ 238

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Nonaccrual Loans

The following tables present the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans and loans past due over 90 days still on accrual by class of loans:

			Loans Past	t
	Loan	Recorded	Due Over	90
	Balance	Investment	Days, Still	
			Accruing	
September 30, 2018				
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ 1,646	\$ 1,313	\$	—
One-to-four family residential real estate – non-owner occupied	95	56	_	
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	102	102	_	
	\$ 1,843	\$ 1,471	\$	
December 31, 2017				
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ 3,413	\$ 1,918	\$	
One-to-four family residential real estate – non-owner occupied	308	109	_	
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	376	363	_	
	\$ 4,097	\$ 2,390	\$	

Nonaccrual loans and impaired loans are defined differently. Some loans may be included in both categories, and some loans may only be included in one category. Nonaccrual loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

The Company's reserve for uncollected loan interest was \$36,000 and \$103,000 at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. When a loan is on nonaccrual status and the ultimate collectability of the total principal of an impaired loan is in doubt, all payments are applied to principal under the cost recovery method. Alternatively, when a loan is on non-accrual status but there is doubt concerning only the ultimate collectability of interest, contractual interest is credited to interest income only when received, under the cash basis method pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 310–10, as applicable. In all cases, the average balances are calculated based on the month–end balances of the financing receivables within the period reported pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 310–10, as applicable.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Past Due Loans

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment of loans at September 30, 2018 by class of loans:

90

			Days			
	30-59 Day	s60-89 Day	ysor	Total Pas	t Loans Not	Tr - 4 - 1
	Past Due	Past Due	Greater	Due	Past Due	Total
			Past			
			Due			
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$ 392	\$ —	\$1,329	\$ 1,721	\$59,925	\$61,646
One-to-four family residential real estate loans –	34	8	48	90	15,817	15,907
non-owner occupied	34	o	40	90	13,617	13,907
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	_	_	102	102	275,714	275,816
Multi-family mortgage - Other		_	_	_	299,469	299,469
Nonresidential real estate	607	_	_	607	146,394	147,001
Construction	_	_			932	932
Land	_	_			198	198
Commercial loans:						
Regional commercial banking	_	_			50,105	50,105
Health care	_	_			69,248	69,248
Direct commercial lessor	_	_			48,942	48,942
Commercial leases:						
Investment rated commercial leases	787	_		787	181,402	182,189
Other commercial leases	_	_		_	116,651	116,651
Consumer	12	5		17	1,410	1,427
	\$ 1,832	\$ 13	\$1,479	\$ 3,324	\$1,266,207	\$1,269,531

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment of loans at December 31, 2017 by class of loans:

90

	30-59 Day Past Due	s 60-89 Day Past Due	Days Sor Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$ 86	\$ 99	\$1,801	\$1,986	\$74,216	\$76,202
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non-owner occupied	10	3	86	99	20,944	21,043
Multi-family mortgage - Illinois	172	_	364	536	287,171	287,707
Multi-family mortgage - Other	_	_		_	296,440	296,440
Nonresidential real estate	608	_		608	166,071	166,679
Construction	_	_		_	1,103	1,103
Land		_		_	259	259
Commercial loans:						
Regional commercial banking		_		_	40,935	40,935
Health care		_		_	71,738	71,738
Direct commercial lessor		_		_	40,237	40,237
Commercial leases:						
Investment rated commercial leases	934	_		934	207,747	208,681
Other commercial leases	288	_		288	102,873	103,161
Consumer	_	_		_	1,605	1,605
	\$ 2,098	\$ 102	\$2,251	\$4,451	\$1,311,339	\$1,315,790

Troubled Debt Restructurings

The Company evaluates loan extensions or modifications in accordance with FASB ASC 310–40 with respect to the classification of the loan as a Troubled Debt Restructuring ("TDR"). In general, if the Company grants a loan extension or modification to a borrower experiencing financial difficulties for other than an insignificant period of time that includes a below–market interest rate, principal forgiveness, payment forbearance or other concession intended to minimize the economic loss to the Company, the loan extension or loan modification is classified as a TDR. In cases where borrowers are granted new terms that provide for a reduction of either interest or principal then due and payable, management measures any impairment on the restructured loan in the same manner as for impaired loans as noted above.

The Company had \$17,000 of TDRs at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. No specific valuation reserves were allocated to those loans at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The Company had no outstanding commitments to borrowers whose loans were classified as TDRs at either date.

The following table presents loans classified as TDRs:

September 30, December 31,

2018 2017

One-to-four family residential real estate - nonaccrual \$ 17 \$ 17

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no loans modified and classified as TDRs.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following table presents TDRs for which there was a payment default within twelve months following the modification.

2018 2017

Number Number of Recorded of investment loans

Output

Number Recorded of investment loans

One-to-four family residential real estate — \$ —1 \$ 17

A TDR is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under the modified terms. There were no payment defaults on TDRs within twelve months following the modification during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018.

There were no loan modifications during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. There were certain loan modifications during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 that did not meet the definition of a TDR. These loans had a total recorded investment of \$149,000 at September 30, 2017. The modification of these loans involved either a modification of the terms of a loan to borrowers who were not experiencing financial difficulties or a delay in a payment that was considered to be insignificant.

In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under the Company's internal underwriting policy.

Credit Quality Indicators

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, including current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans based on credit risk. This analysis includes non-homogeneous loans, such as commercial and commercial real estate loans. This analysis is performed on a monthly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. A Special Mention asset has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the institution's credit position at some future date. Special Mention assets are not adversely classified and do not expose an institution to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Substandard. Loans categorized as Substandard continue to accrue interest, but exhibit a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that may jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. The loans continue to accrue interest because they are well secured and collection of principal and interest is expected within a reasonable time. The risk rating guidance published by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency clarifies that a loan with a well-defined weakness does not have to present a probability of default for the loan to be rated Substandard, and that an individual loan's loss potential does not have to be distinct for the loan to be rated Substandard.

Nonaccrual. An asset classified Nonaccrual has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered "Pass" rated loans.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

As of September 30, 2018, based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk categories of loans by class of loans are as follows:

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	l Nonaccrua	lTotal
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$59,714	\$310	\$ 372	\$ 1,314	\$61,710
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non-owner occupied	15,755	33	37	56	15,881
Multi-family mortgage loans - Illinois	276,398	_	310	102	276,810
Multi-family mortgage loans - Other	305,070				305,070
Nonresidential real estate loans	147,911		99		148,010
Construction loans	929				929
Land loans	201	_		_	201
Commercial loans:					
Regional commercial banking	45,170	4,815		_	49,985
Health care	64,374	_	4,699	_	69,073
Direct commercial lessor	48,489	_		_	48,489
Commercial leases:					
Investment rated commercial leases	180,383	748		_	181,131
Other commercial leases	115,972			_	115,972
Consumer	1,401	5	10	_	1,416
	\$1,261,767	\$5,911	\$ 5,527	\$ 1,472	\$1,274,677

As of December 31, 2017, the risk categories of loans by class of loans are as follows:

	Pass	Special Subst		ubstandard Nonaccrua	
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$74,437	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 255	\$ 1,914	\$76,606
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non-owner occupied	21,059	_	40	109	21,208
Multi-family mortgage loans - Illinois	290,765	_	225	368	291,358
Multi-family mortgage loans - Other	297,025	_		_	297,025
Nonresidential real estate loans	169,817	_	154	_	169,971
Construction loans	1,099	_	_	_	1,099
Land loans	259	_		_	259
Commercial loans:					
Regional commercial banking	36,373	4,528		_	40,901
Health care	69,480	_	2,248	_	71,728
Direct commercial lessor	39,923				39,923
Commercial leases:					
Investment rated commercial leases	207,460			_	207,460
Other commercial leases	102,616	_	_	_	102,616
Consumer	1,597	_	_	_	1,597
	\$1,311,910	\$4,528	\$ 2,922	\$ 2,391	\$1,321,751

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - OTHER REAL ESTATE OWNED

Real estate that is acquired through foreclosure or a deed in lieu of foreclosure is classified as other real estate owned ("OREO") until it is sold. When real estate is acquired through foreclosure or by deed in lieu of foreclosure, it is recorded at its fair value, less the estimated costs of disposal. If the fair value of the property is less than the loan balance, the difference is charged against the allowance for loan losses.

	September 30, 2018			Decemb				
	Balance	Valuation Allowand		Net OREO Balance	Balance	Valuation Allowanc		Net OREO Balance
One-to-four family resident	i \$1 634	\$ —		\$ 634	\$836	\$ (9)	\$827
Multi-family mortgage	276			276	_	_		_
Nonresidential real estate	74			74	1,772	(252)	1,520
Land	24	(23)	1	48	(44)	4
	\$1,008	\$ (23)	\$ 985	\$2,656	\$ (305)	\$ 2,351

The following represents the roll forward of OREO and the composition of OREO properties:

	For the Three			For the Nine		
	Months Ended			Months Ended		
	September 30,			September 30,		
	2018		2017	2018	2017	
Beginning balance	\$1,187		\$4,896	\$2,351	\$3,895	
New foreclosed properties	403		105	1,241	2,041	
Valuation adjustments	(1)	(227)	(27	(301)	
Sales and payments	(604)	(1,205)	(2,580)	(2,066)	
Ending balance	\$985		\$3,569	\$985	\$3,569	

Activity in the valuation allowance is as follows:

	For th	ne	For the Nine		
	Three		Months		
	Mont	hs			
	Ende	d	Ended September		
	September			iber	
	30,		30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Beginning balance	\$44	\$308	\$305	\$449	
Additions charged to expense	1	227	27	301	
Reductions from sales of OREO	(22)	(63)	(309)	(278)	
Ending balance	\$23	\$472	\$23	\$472	

At September 30, 2018, the balance of OREO included no foreclosed residential real estate properties recorded as a result of obtaining physical possession of the property without title. At December 31, 2017 the balance of OREO included \$352,000 of foreclosed residential real estate properties recorded as a result of obtaining physical possession of the property without title. At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the recorded investment of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process was \$603,000 and \$1.5 million, respectively.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 6 - SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, included with borrowings on the consolidated balance sheet, are shown below.

and	rnight	to 30		Greater Than 90 days	Total
Con	unuous	aays	aays	days	

September 30, 2018

Repurchase agreements and repurchase-to-maturity transactions \$ 1,232 \$ -\$ -\$ 1,232 Gross amount of recognized liabilities for repurchase agreements in Statement of Condition \$1,232

December 31, 2017

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase were secured by mortgage-backed securities with a carrying amount of \$2.7 million and \$3.7 million at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Also included in total borrowings were advances from the FHLB of \$20.0 million at September 30, 2018 and \$60.0 million at December 31, 2017.

Because security values fluctuate due to market conditions, the Company has no control over the market value of securities sold under agreements to repurchase. The Company is contractually obligated to promptly transfer additional securities to the counterparty if the market value of the securities falls below the repurchase price.

NOTE 7 – FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or 4iabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of each type of financial instrument:

Securities: The fair values of marketable equity securities are generally determined by quoted prices, in active markets, for each specific security (Level 1). If Level 1 measurement inputs are not available for a marketable equity security, we determine its fair value based on the quoted price of a similar security traded in an active market (Level 2). The fair values of debt securities are generally determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2). Impaired Loans: The fair value of impaired loans with specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses is generally based on recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal

process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available for similar loans and collateral underlying such loans. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted in accordance with the allowance policy.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

Other Real Estate Owned: Assets acquired through or instead of loan foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals which are updated no less frequently than annually. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach with data from comparable properties. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Real estate owned properties are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly.

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets that were accounted for at fair value and are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

then entirety based on the lowest level of input		_		
	Fair \	/alue Measu	rements Usi	ng
	Quote	ed		
	Prices	S		
	Marke Identi Asset (Leve	Significant Observable ets for Inputs cal (Level 2) s	Significant Unobserval Inputs (Level 3)	ole Fair Value
	1)			
September 30, 2018				
Securities:				
Certificates of deposit	\$	\$ 89,175	\$	— \$89,175
Mortgage-backed securities – residential		10,925		10,925
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residentia	ıl—	3,821		3,821
	\$	\$ 103,921	\$	-\$103,921
December 31, 2017				
Securities:				
Certificates of deposit	\$ —	\$ 75,916	\$	-\$75,916
Equity mutual fund	499			499
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	_	12,472		12,472
Collateralized mortgage obligations – residentia	ıl—	4.486		4,486
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates		10		10
22-1- Samuella Ioan Parasiparion Continuació	\$499		\$	— \$93,383

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The following table sets forth the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

Fair Value Measurement Using Quoted Prices in Active Significant Significant Markets Unobservable Fair for Inputs Inputs Value Identical (Level 2) Assets (Level 3) (Level 1) September 30, 2018 Other real estate owned: Land **--**\$ 1 \$1 \$ -\$ December 31, 2017 Other real estate owned: One-to-four family residential real estate \$ -\$ **--**\$ 102 \$ 102 814 Nonresidential real estate 814 \$ -\$ **—**\$ 916 \$916

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 there were no impaired loans that were measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral–dependent loans and which had specific valuation allowances. OREO, which is carried at the lower of cost or fair value less costs to sell, and had a carrying value of \$24,000 less a valuation allowance of \$23,000, or \$1,000 at September 30, 2018, compared to a carrying value of \$1.2 million less a valuation allowance of \$261,000, or \$916,000, at December 31, 2017. There were \$27,000 and \$301,000 of valuation adjustments of OREO recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The following table presents quantitative information, based on certain empirical data with respect to Level 3 fair

value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Significant Unobservable Input(s)	Range (Weighted Average)
September 30, 2018 Other real estate owned: Land	1 \$ 1	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation	12.3%
December 31, 2017 Other real estate owned One-to-four family residential real estate Nonresidential real estate	\$ 102 814	Sales comparison Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation Comparison between sales and income approaches	5.6% -3.66% to 15.22%

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\$ 916

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2018 Using:			
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$86,934	\$12,473	\$74,461	\$	-\$86,934
Securities	103,921		103,921		103,921
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses	1,267,787			1,265,9	06 1,265,906
FHLB and FRB stock	8,026				N/A
Accrued interest receivable	4,974		4,974		4,974
Financial liabilities					
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$225,446	\$ —	\$225,446	\$	-\$225,446
NOW and money market accounts	549,631	_	549,631	_	549,631
Savings deposits	155,232	_	155,232	_	155,232
Certificates of deposit	365,461	_	362,670	_	362,670
Borrowings	21,232		21,214		21,214
Accrued interest payable	361		361		361
		Fair Value Measurements			
		at			
		December 31, 2017 Using:			
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level,	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$127,592	\$13,572	\$114,020	\$ -5	\$127,592
Securities	93,383	499	92,884	_ 9	93,383
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses	1,314,651		1,323,139	· —	1,323,139
FHLB and FRB stock	8,290]	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	4,619		4,619		4,619
Financial liabilities					
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$234,354	\$—	\$234,354	\$ -	\$234,354
NOW and money market accounts	589,238	_	589,238	— :	589,238
Savings deposits	160,501	_	160,501		160,501
Certificates of deposit	355,958	_	353,969	—	353,969
Borrowings	60,768		60,627	_ (60,627
Accrued interest payable	147		147		147

For purposes of the above, the following assumptions were used:

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The estimated fair values for cash and cash equivalents are based on their carrying value due to the short-term nature of these assets.

Loans: At September 30, 2018, the exit price observations are obtained from an independent third-party using its proprietary valuation model and methodology and may not reflect actual or prospective market valuations. The valuation is based on the probability of default, loss given default, recovery delay, prepayment, and discount rate assumptions. The new methodology is a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-01.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 7 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

At December 31, 2017, the estimated fair value for loans has been determined by calculating the present value of future cash flows based on the current rate the Company would charge for similar loans with similar maturities, applied for an estimated time period until the loan is assumed to be repriced or repaid. The methods utilized to estimate fair value of loans do not necessarily represent an exit price.

FHLB and FRB Stock: It is not practicable to determine the fair value of FHLB and FRB stock due to the restrictions placed on their transferability.

Deposit Liabilities: The estimated fair value for certificates of deposit has been determined by calculating the present value of future cash flows based on estimates of rates the Company would pay on such deposits, applied for the time period until maturity. The estimated fair values of noninterest-bearing demand, NOW, money market, and savings deposits are assumed to approximate their carrying values as management establishes rates on these deposits at a level that approximates the local market area. Additionally, these deposits can be withdrawn on demand.

Borrowings: The estimated fair values of advances from the FHLB and notes payable are based on current market rates for similar financing. The estimated fair value of securities sold under agreements to repurchase is assumed to equal its carrying value due to the short-term nature of the liability.

Accrued Interest: The estimated fair values of accrued interest receivable and payable are assumed to equal their carrying value.

Off-Balance-Sheet Instruments: Off-balance-sheet items consist principally of unfunded loan commitments, standby letters of credit, and unused lines of credit. The estimated fair values of unfunded loan commitments, standby letters of credit, and unused lines of credit are not material.

While the above estimates are based on management's judgment of the most appropriate factors, as of the balance sheet date, there is no assurance that the estimated fair values would have been realized if the assets were disposed of or the liabilities settled at that date, since market values may differ depending on the various circumstances. The estimated fair values would also not apply to subsequent dates.

In addition, other assets and liabilities that are not financial instruments, such as premises and equipment, are not included in the above disclosures.

NOTE 8 – REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

All of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers in the scope of ASC 606 is recognized within noninterest income. The following table presents the Company's sources of noninterest income. Items outside of the scope of the ASC 606 are noted as such.

Three Months Nine Months

	THICC IV	Tonuis	TVIIIC IVIC	muis
	Ended		Ended	
	Septem	ber 30,	Septemb	er 30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Deposit service charges and fees	\$1,003	\$1,018	\$2,970	\$2,964
Loan fee income (1)	71	89	231	212
Commercial mortgage brokerage fees (1)	12	_	138	_
Residential mortgage banking fees (1)	34	41	88	172
Loss on sales of equity securities (1)	_	_	(14)	_
Gain on sale of premises held-for-sale			93	_
Trust and insurance commissions and annuities income	207	210	670	704
Earnings on bank owned life insurance (1)	35	67	146	196
Bank-owned life insurance death benefit (1)			1,389	
Other (1)	208	198	492	526
Total noninterest income	\$1,570	\$1,623	\$6,203	\$4,774

(1) Not within the scope of ASC 606

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 8 – REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (continued)

A description of the Company's revenue streams accounted for under ASC 606 follows:

Deposit service charges and fees: The Company earns fees from its deposit customers based on specific types of transactions, account maintenance and overdraft services. Transaction-based fees, which include services such as ATM use fees, stop payment charges, statement rendering, and ACH fees, are recognized at the time the transaction is executed as that is the point in time the Company fulfills the customer's request. Account maintenance fees, which relate primarily to monthly maintenance, are earned over the course of a month, representing the period over which the Company satisfies the performance obligation. Overdraft fees are recognized at the point in time that the overdraft occurs. Service charges on deposits are withdrawn from the customer's account balance.

Interchange income: The Company earns interchange fees from debit cardholder transactions conducted through the Visa payment network. Interchange fees from cardholder transactions represent a percentage of the underlying transaction value and are recognized daily, concurrently with the transaction processing services provided to the cardholder. Interchange income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$1.1 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Interchange income for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$382,000 and \$361,000, respectively. Interchange income is included in deposit service charges and fees.

Gain on sale of premises held-for-sale: On April 23, 2018, the Bank sold its office building located at 15W060 North Frontage Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois. The sale was to an unrelated party and title was transferred at closing. As such, the transaction constituted a sale and a net gain was recorded in the second quarter of 2018.

Trust and insurance commissions and annuities income: The Company earns trust, insurance commissions and annuities income from its contracts with trust customers to manage assets for investment, and/or to transact on their accounts. These fees are primarily earned over time as the Company provides the contracted monthly or quarterly services and are generally assessed based on a tiered scale of the market value of assets under management (AUM) at month-end. Fees that are transaction based, including trade execution services, are recognized at the point in time that the transaction is executed, i.e., the trade date. Other related services provided include fees the Company earns, which are based on a fixed fee schedule, are recognized when the services are rendered.

Gains/losses on sales of OREO: The Company records a gain or loss from the sale of OREO when control of the property transfers to the buyer, which generally occurs at the time of an executed deed. When the Company finances the sale of OREO to the buyer, the Company assesses whether the buyer is committed to perform their obligations under the contract and whether collectability of the transaction price is probable. Once these criteria are met, the OREO asset is derecognized and the gain or loss on sale is recorded upon the transfer of control of the property to the buyer. In determining the gain or loss on the sale, the Company adjusts the transaction price and related gain (loss) on sale if a significant financing component is present. OREO sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017 were not financed by the Bank.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Forward Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains, and other periodic and current reports, press releases and other public stockholder communications of BankFinancial Corporation may contain, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve significant risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements may include statements relating to our future plans, strategies and expectations, as well as our future revenues, earnings, losses, financial performance, financial condition, asset quality metrics and future prospects. Forward looking statements are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "estimate," "intend," "anticipate," "preliminary," "project," "plan," or similar expressions.

looking statements speak only as of the date made. They are frequently based on assumptions that may or may not materialize, and are subject to numerous uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward looking statements. We intend all forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for the purpose of invoking these safe harbor provisions.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the anticipated or projected results and which could materially and adversely affect our operating results, financial condition or future prospects include, but are not limited to: (i) less than anticipated

loan growth due to intense competition for high quality loans and leases, particularly in terms of pricing and credit underwriting, or a dearth of borrowers who meet our underwriting standards; (ii) the impact of re-pricing and competitors' pricing initiatives on loan and deposit products; (iii) interest rate movements and their impact on the economy, customer behavior and our net interest margin; (iv) adverse economic conditions in general, in the Chicago metropolitan area in particular and in other market areas where we operate that could result in increased delinquencies in our loan portfolio or a decline in the value of our investment securities and the collateral for our loans; (v) declines in real estate values that adversely impact the value of our loan collateral, OREO, asset dispositions and the level of borrower equity in their investments; (vi) borrowers that experience legal or financial difficulties that we do not currently foresee; (vii) results of supervisory monitoring or examinations by regulatory authorities, including the possibility that a regulatory authority could, among other things, require us to increase our allowance for loan losses or adversely change our loan classifications, write-down assets, reduce credit concentrations or maintain specific capital levels; (viii) changes, disruptions or illiquidity in national or global financial markets; (ix) the credit risks of lending activities, including risks that could cause changes in the level and direction of loan delinquencies and charge-offs or changes in estimates relating to the computation of our allowance for loan losses; (x) monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board; (xi) factors affecting our ability to access deposits or cost-effective funding, and the impact of competitors' pricing initiatives on our deposit products; (xii) the impact of new legislation or regulatory changes, on our products, services, operations and operating expenses; (xiii) higher federal deposit insurance premiums; (xiv) higher than expected overhead, infrastructure and compliance costs; (xy) changes in accounting or tax principles, policies or guidelines; and (xvi) privacy and cybersecurity risks, including the risks of business interruption and the compromise of confidential customer information resulting from intrusions.

These risks and uncertainties, together with the Risk Factors and other information set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, as well as other filings we make with the SEC, should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. We do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement in the future, or to reflect circumstances and events that occur after the date on which the forward-looking statement was made. Critical Accounting Policies

Critical accounting policies are defined as those that are reflective of significant judgments and uncertainties, and could potentially result in materially different results under different assumptions and conditions. We believe that the most critical accounting policies upon which our financial condition and results of operation depend, and which involve the most complex subjective decisions or assessments, are included in the discussion entitled "Critical Accounting Policies" in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, as filed with the SEC.

Overview

Total loans declined as strong originations in commercial lending and multifamily mortgage loans were offset by continued elevated payoffs for multifamily mortgage loans, commercial real estate loans and residential loans. Commercial and industrial loans increased by \$3.6 million (2.2%) and multifamily mortgage loans increased by \$10.0 million (1.7%) compared to June 30, 2018. Commercial leases decreased by \$19.5 million (6.1%), primarily due to the scheduled amortization of lower-yielding investment-grade leases in excess of investment-grade lease originations. Residential and commercial real estate loan balances declined due to portfolio amortization and prepayments. The Company's asset quality remained favorable. The ratio of nonperforming loans to total loans was 0.12% and the ratio of non-performing assets to total assets was 0.16% at September 30, 2018. Non-performing commercial-related loans represented 0.01% of total commercial-related loans. We expect continued reductions of the OREO balance and scheduled pending resolutions may improve certain asset quality ratios.

Retail and commercial core transaction deposit accounts were stable with some seasonal fluctuations. Retail certificate of deposit accounts increased by \$23.2 million (9.2%) to provide greater interest rate risk protection compared to retail money market deposit accounts given current and anticipated market conditions. Money market deposit accounts

declined by \$15.4 million (5.5%) primarily due to our interest rate risk management practices and moderate competitive posture. Total wholesale deposits and borrowings declined by \$31.7 million (3.40%) during the third quarter of 2018. The Company's liquid assets exceeded 12% of total assets at September 30, 2018. The average yield on our loan and lease portfolio at September 30, 2018 was 4.43%, compared to an average loan and lease portfolio yield of 4.34% at June 30, 2018. The average yield on our securities portfolio was 2.20% at September 30, 2018, compared to an average yield of 2.04% at June 30, 2018. The total average cost of funds was 0.72%, compared to the average cost of funds

of 0.61% at June 30, 2018. Our net interest margin expanded to 3.51% at September 30, 2018, compared to 3.49% at June 30, 2018.

Non-interest income increased primarily due to deposit account-related fee income. Growth in commercial and industrial lending, together with new product development within commercial leasing, multi-family/commercial real estate and trust operations, may contribute to further growth in non-interest income in future quarters.

Total noninterest expense decreased in the third quarter due to a second quarter payment of \$177,000 in special 401(k) contributions and an incentive accrual of \$298,000 for loan origination and business plan performance. Other noninterest income expense decreased modestly.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following summary information is derived from the consolidated financial statements of the Company. For additional information, reference is made to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

September 3December 31, Change

2017

2018

	(In thousand	ds)					
Selected Financial Condition Data:	:						
Total assets	\$1,532,484	\$ 1,625,558	\$ (93,0	74)			
Loans, net	1,267,787	1,314,651	(46,86	4)			
Securities, at fair value	103,921	93,383	10,538				
Other real estate owned, net	985	2,351	(1,366)			
Deposits	1,295,770	1,340,051	(44,28	1)			
Borrowings	21,232	60,768	(39,53)	6)			
Equity	192,083	197,634	(5,551)			
	Three Months			Nine Months			
	Ended			Ended			
		September 30,			September 30,		
		2018	2017	Change	2018	2017	Change
		(In thousa	inds)				
Selected Operating Data:							
Interest income		\$15,373	\$14,121	\$1,252	\$45,141	\$41,132	\$4,009
Interest expense		2,408	1,615	793	6,174	4,347	1,827
Net interest income		12,965	12,506	459	38,967	36,785	2,182
Recovery of loan losses		(23)	(225)	202	(258)	(15)	(243)
Net interest income after recovery	of loan losses	s 12,988	12,731	257	39,225	36,800	2,425
Noninterest income		1,570	1,623	(53)	6,203	4,774	1,429

9,425

5,133

1,396

\$3,737

10,200

\$3,560

4,154

594

) 29,599

15,829

3,903

(775)

979

802

\$177

31,073

10,501

2,488

\$11,926 \$8,013

(1,474)

5,328

1,415

\$3,913

Noninterest expense

Income tax expense

Net income

Income before income tax expense

				Three M Ended Septemb 2018		Nine Mo Ended Septemb 2018	
Selected Financial Ratios and Other Data:				2018	2017	2018	2017
Performance Ratios:	1	v (1)		0.07 0/	0.00 07	1.02 0/	0.66 01
Return on assets (ratio of net income to average to) (1)		7.68		1.02 % 8.06	
Return on equity (ratio of net income to average equations assists to average execute	[uity] (1)				7.07		5.26
Average equity to average assets				12.64	12.40	12.62	12.61
Net interest rate spread (1) (2)				3.30 3.51	3.10	3.32	3.12 3.24
Net interest margin (1) (3)					3.23 72.19	3.51 65.53	
Efficiency ratio (4)				64.84 2.45	2.51	2.53	74.77 2.57
Noninterest expense to average total assets (1)	haanina 1	ich	:1:4:00		131.23	133.12	131.69
Average interest-earning assets to average interest-	bearing i	iao.	mues	\$0.10	\$0.07	\$0.27	\$0.20
Dividends declared per share					•		
Dividend payout ratio	At		At	40.03 %	33.09 %	39.94 %	40.30 %
		• • •		mh an			
	Septemb 30, 2018		31, 20				
Asset Quality Ratios:	30, 2016)	31, 20	J17			
Nonperforming assets to total assets (5)	0.16	0%	0.29	%			
Nonperforming loans to total loans	0.10	70	0.29	70			
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	550.85		350.0	М			
Allowance for loan losses to total loans	0.64		0.63	' -			
Capital Ratios:	0.04		0.03				
Equity to total assets at end of period	12.53	0%	12.16	%			
Tier 1 leverage ratio (Bank only)	11.49	%	11.08				
Other Data:	11.49	70	11.00	70			
Number of full-service offices	19		19				
Employees (full-time equivalents)	245		236				
Employees (full-time equivalents)	∠ 1 J		230				

⁽¹⁾ Ratios annualized.

Comparison of Financial Condition at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017

Total assets decreased \$93.1 million, or 5.7%, to \$1.532 billion at September 30, 2018, from \$1.626 billion at December 31, 2017. The decrease in total assets was primarily due to decreases in cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable and premises held-for-sale. Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$40.7 million, or 31.9%, to \$86.9 million at September 30, 2018, from \$127.6 million at December 31, 2017. Loans decreased \$46.9 million, or 3.6%, to \$1.268 billion at September 30, 2018, from \$1.315 billion at December 31, 2017. Premises held-for-sale decreased \$5.7 million due to the sale of the Bank's office building located at 15W060 North Frontage Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois. Partially offsetting these decreases was an increase in securities of \$10.5 million, or 11.3%, to \$103.9 million at September 30, 2018, from \$93.4 million at December 31, 2017.

The net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities for the period.

The net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets for the period.

⁽⁴⁾ The efficiency ratio represents noninterest expense, divided by the sum of net interest income and noninterest income.

⁽⁵⁾ Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans and other real estate owned.

The Bank, as a member of Visa USA, received 51,404 unrestricted shares of Visa, Inc. Class B common stock in connection with Visa, Inc.'s initial public offering in 2007. The retroactive responsibility plan obligates all former Visa USA members to indemnify Visa USA, in proportion to their equity interests in Visa USA, for certain litigation losses and expenses, including settlement expenses, for the lawsuits covered by the retrospective responsibility plan. Due to the restrictions that the retrospective responsibility plan imposes on the Company's Visa, Inc. Class B shares, the Company has not recorded the Class B shares as an asset.

Our loan portfolio consists primarily of investment and business loans (multi-family, nonresidential real estate, commercial, construction and land loans, and commercial leases), which together totaled 93.8% of gross loans at September 30, 2018. Commercial loans increased by \$15.0 million, or 9.8%. Available commercial line of credit commitments increased by \$12.9 million, or 14.6%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Multi-family mortgage loans decreased \$6.5 million, or 1.1%; nonresidential real estate loans decreased \$22.0 million, or 12.9%; and commercial leases decreased \$13.0 million, or 4.2%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Commercial lease originations included \$32.6 million of investment-grade leases to multiple lessees from a single lessor, with an average coupon of 3.85% and an average duration of 26 months.

Our primary lending area consists of the counties in the State of Illinois where our branch offices are located, and contiguous counties. We derive the most significant portion of our revenues from these geographic areas. We also engage in multi-family mortgage lending activities in carefully selected metropolitan areas outside our primary lending area, and engage in certain types of commercial lending and leasing activities on a nationwide basis. At September 30, 2018, \$271.3 million, or 46.6%, of our multi-family mortgage loans were in the Metropolitan Statistical Area for Chicago, Illinois; \$67.2 million, or 11.6%, were in the Metropolitan Statistical Area for Dallas, Texas; \$50.9 million, or 8.7%, were in the Metropolitan Statistical Area for Denver, Colorado; \$36.9 million, or 6.3%, were in the Metropolitan Statistical Area for Tampa, Florida; \$25.8 million, or 4.4%, were in the Metropolitan Statistical Area for Minneapolis, Minnesota. This information reflects the location of the collateral, and does not necessarily reflect the location of the borrower.

Total liabilities decreased \$87.5 million, or 6.1%, to \$1.340 billion at September 30, 2018, from \$1.428 billion at December 31, 2017, primarily due to decreases in deposits and borrowings. Total deposits decreased \$44.3 million, or 3.3%, to \$1.296 billion at September 30, 2018, from \$1.340 billion at December 31, 2017. Retail certificates of deposit increased \$50.8 million, or 22.6%, to \$275.2 million at September 30, 2018, from \$224.4 million at December 31, 2017, compared to a decrease in wholesale certificates of deposit of \$41.3 million, or 31.4%, to \$90.3 million at September 30, 2018, from \$131.6 million at December 31, 2017. Money market accounts decreased \$33.5 million, or 11.2%, to \$266.1 million at September 30, 2018, from \$299.6 million at December 31, 2017. Interest-bearing NOW accounts decreased \$6.1 million, or 2.1%, to \$283.6 million at September 30, 2018, from \$289.7 million at December 31, 2017. Noninterest-bearing demand deposits decreased \$8.9 million, or 3.8%, to \$225.4 million at September 30, 2018, from \$234.4 million at December 31, 2017 and savings accounts decreased \$5.3 million, or 3.3%, to \$155.2 million at September 30, 2018, from \$160.5 million at December 31, 2017. Core deposits (which consists of savings, money market, noninterest-bearing demand and NOW accounts) were 71.8% of total deposits at September 30, 2018 compared to 73.4% at December 31, 2017.

Total stockholders' equity was \$192.1 million at September 30, 2018, compared to \$197.6 million at December 31, 2017. The decrease in total stockholders' equity was due to our repurchase of 752,174 shares of our common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 at a total cost of \$12.6 million and our declaration and payment of cash dividends totaling \$4.8 million during the same period. These reductions in total stockholders' equity were partially offset by net income of \$11.9 million that the Company recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Operating Results for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

Net Income. Net income was \$3.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to net income of \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Earnings per basic and fully diluted share of common stock were \$0.22 for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$0.20 for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income was \$13.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$12.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in net interest income reflected a \$1.3 million, or 8.9%, increase in interest income, which was partially offset by a \$793,000, or 49.1%, increase in interest expense.

The increase in interest income was primarily attributable to an increase in the average yield on interest-earning assets. The yield on interest-earning assets increased 52 basis points to 4.17% for the three months ended September 30, 2018, from 3.65% for the three months ended September 30, 2017. The average yield on commercial loans and leases for the third quarter of 2018 increased to 4.68%, from 4.46% for the third quarter of 2017. The cost of interest-bearing liabilities increased 32 basis points to 0.87% for the three months ended September 30, 2018, from 0.55% for the same period in 2017. Total average interest-earning assets decreased \$72.4 million, or 4.7%, to \$1.463 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2018, from \$1.536 billion for the same period in 2017. Our net interest rate spread increased by 20 basis points to 3.30% for the three months ended September 30, 2018, from 3.10% for the same period in 2017. Our net interest margin increased by 28 basis points to 3.51% for the three months ended September 30, 2018, from 3.23% for the same period in 2017.

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Average Balance Sheets

The following table sets forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information. No tax-equivalent yield adjustments were made, as the effect of these adjustments would not be material. Average balances are daily average balances. Nonaccrual loans are included in the computation of average balances, but have been reflected in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. The yields set forth below include the effect of deferred fees and expenses, discounts and premiums and purchase accounting adjustments that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,							
	2018				2017			
	Average				Average			
	Outstanding	Interest	Yield/l	Rate (Outstanding	Interest	Yield/	Rate (1)
	Balance			,	Balance			
	(Dollars in th	ousands)						
Interest-earning assets:								
Loans	\$1,274,788	\$14,248	4.43	%	\$1,331,302	\$13,345	3.98	%
Securities	113,234	627	2.20		108,050	389	1.43	
Stock in FHLB and FRB	8,125	112	5.47		8,290	101	4.83	
Other	67,257	386	2.28		88,201	286	1.29	
Total interest-earning assets	1,463,404	15,373	4.17		1,535,843	14,121	3.65	
Noninterest-earning assets	77,118				88,594			
Total assets	\$1,540,522				\$1,624,437			
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
Savings deposits	\$156,502	71	0.18		\$159,464	48	0.12	
Money market accounts	271,401	515	0.75		304,553	307	0.40	
NOW accounts	277,342	233	0.33		278,389	139	0.20	
Certificates of deposit	354,684	1,459	1.63		369,804	925	0.99	
Total deposits	1,059,929	2,278	0.85		1,112,210	1,419	0.51	
Borrowings	38,495	130	1.34		58,112	196	1.34	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,098,424	2,408	0.87		1,170,322	1,615	0.55	
Noninterest-bearing deposits	225,583				232,464			
Noninterest-bearing liabilities	21,770				20,231			
Total liabilities	1,345,777				1,423,017			
Equity	194,745				201,420			
Total liabilities and equity	\$1,540,522				\$1,624,437			
Net interest income		\$12,965				\$12,506		
Net interest rate spread (2)			3.30	%			3.10	%
Net interest-earning assets (3)	\$364,980				\$365,521			
Net interest margin (4)			3.51	%			3.23	%
Ratio of interest-earning assets to	122.22				121 22	7		
interest-bearing liabilities	133.23 %)			131.23	<i>To</i>		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								

⁽¹⁾ Annualized.

Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities.

⁽³⁾ Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.

⁽⁴⁾ Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

Provision for Loan Losses

We establish provisions for loan losses, which are charged to operations in order to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level we consider necessary to absorb probable incurred credit losses in the loan portfolio. In determining the level of the allowance for loan losses, we consider past and current loss experience, evaluations of real estate collateral, current economic conditions, volume and type of lending, adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay a loan and the levels of nonperforming and other classified loans. The amount of the allowance is based on estimates and the ultimate losses may vary from such estimates as more information becomes available or events change. We assess the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis and make provisions for loan losses in order to maintain the allowance.

A loan balance is classified as a loss and charged-off when it is confirmed that there is no readily apparent source of repayment for the portion of the loan that is classified as loss. Confirmation can occur upon the receipt of updated third-party appraisal valuation information indicating that there is a low probability of repayment upon sale of the collateral, the final disposition of collateral where the net proceeds are insufficient to pay the loan balance in full, our failure to obtain possession of certain consumer-loan collateral within certain time limits specified by applicable federal regulations, the conclusion of legal proceedings where the borrower's obligation to repay is legally discharged (such as a Chapter 7 bankruptcy proceeding), or when it appears that further formal collection procedures are not likely to result in net proceeds in excess of the costs to collect.

We recorded a recovery of loan losses of \$23,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to a recovery of \$225,000 for the same period in 2017. The provision for or recovery of loan losses is a function of the allowance for loan loss methodology that we use to determine the appropriate level of the allowance for inherent loan losses after net charge-offs have been deducted. The portion of the allowance for loan losses attributable to loans collectively evaluated for impairment decreased \$263,000, or 3.1%, to \$8.1 million at September 30, 2018, from \$8.4 million at December 31, 2017. There was no reserve established for loans individually evaluated for impairment for the three months ended September 30, 2018 or for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Net charge-offs were \$53,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to recoveries of \$477,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of nonperforming loans was 550.85% at September 30, 2018, compared to 499.94% at June 30, 2018.

Noninterest Income

	Three Months			
	Ended			
	September 30,			
	2018	2017	Chang	ge
	(Dollars in thousan			
Deposit service charges and fees	\$1,003	\$1,018	\$ (15)
Loan fee income	71	89	(18)
Commercial mortgage brokerage fees	12	_	12	
Residential mortgage banking fees	34	41	(7)
Trust and insurance commissions and annuities income	207	210	(3)
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	35	67	(32)
Other	208	198	10	
Total noninterest income	\$1,570	\$1,623	\$ (53)

Noninterest income was \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Deposit service charges and loan fee income decreased \$15,000 and \$18,000, respectively, for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. We recorded \$12,000 in commercial mortgage brokerage fees for the three months ended September 30, 2018 as compensation for commercial loans that we placed with other institutions. Residential mortgage banking fees decreased \$7,000 to \$34,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Earnings on bank owned life insurance decreased by \$32,000, or 47.8%, to \$35,000 for the three

months ended September 30, 2018 due to the decrease in the Bank-owned life insurance investment resulting from a death benefit paid earlier in 2018. Other income increased \$10,000, or 5.1%, to \$208,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$198,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

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Noninterest Expense

	Three M				
	Ended				
	Septemb				
	2018	2017	Chang	ge	
	(Dollars	Dollars in thousan			
Compensation and benefits	\$5,120	\$5,330	\$(210))	
Office occupancy and equipment	1,629	1,693	(64)	
Advertising and public relations	194	167	27		
Information technology	717	638	79		
Supplies, telephone and postage	341	337	4		
Amortization of intangibles	20	123	(103)	
Nonperforming asset management	60	84	(24)	
Loss (gain) on sale other real estate owned	(12)	69	(81)	
Valuation adjustments of other real estate owned	1	227	(226)	
Operations of other real estate owned	70	107	(37)	
FDIC insurance premiums	115	150	(35)	
Other	1,170	1,275			