BankFinancial CORP Form 10-Q/A August 06, 2013

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A Amendment No. 1

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF $^{\rm x}$ 1934

For the Quarterly Period ended June 30, 2013

or

..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For transition period from to Commission File Number 0-51331

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Maryland 75-3199276
(State or Other Jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer of Incorporation) Identification No.)

15W060 North Frontage Road, Burr Ridge, Illinois 60527

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (800) 894-6900

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date, at August 2, 2013, there were 21,101,966 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, outstanding.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

Explanatory Note

This amendment No. 1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BankFinancial Corporation (the "Company") for the quarter ended June 30, 2013 is being filed to correct the June 30, 2013 information included in Note 4 -Loans Receivable, under the table column titled "Nonaccrual Loans-Recorded Investment," and the related information included in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, as initially filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2013.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

(In thousands, except share and per share data) - Unaudited

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets		
Cash and due from other financial institutions	\$18,303	\$20,361
Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions	293,790	255,403
Cash and cash equivalents	312,093	275,764
Securities, at fair value	53,014	77,832
Loans held-for-sale	276	2,166
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses:	1,012,316	1,030,465
June 30, 2013, \$17,097 and December 31, 2012, \$18,035	1,012,310	1,030,403
Other real estate owned, net	6,262	10,358
Stock in Federal Home Loan Bank, at cost	6,068	8,412
Premises and equipment, net	36,830	38,251
Accrued interest receivable	3,750	4,146
Core deposit intangible	2,732	3,038
Bank owned life insurance	21,797	21,645
FDIC prepaid expense	_	2,658
Income tax receivable		461
Other assets	5,994	5,996
Total assets	\$1,461,132	\$1,481,192
Liabilities:		
Deposits		
Noninterest-bearing	\$137,146	\$134,597
Interest-bearing	1,124,950	1,147,754
Total deposits	1,262,096	1,282,351
Borrowings	2,940	5,567
Advance payments by borrowers taxes and insurance	10,619	10,705
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	12,248	9,679
Total liabilities	1,287,903	1,308,302
Commitments and contingent liabilities	• •	,
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or		
outstanding	_	_
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized;		
21,101,966 shares issued at June 30, 2013 and 21,072,966 shares at December 31,	211	211
2012		
Additional paid-in capital	193,556	193,590
Retained earnings (deficit)	•	(9,796)
Unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares	111 - 12	(12,233)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	674	1,118
Total stockholders' equity	173,229	172,890
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,461,132	\$1,481,192
Total Informació una stockholació equity	Ψ1,π01,132	Ψ1, ΤΟ1, 172

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Table of Contents</u> BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except share and per share data) - Unaudited

		ns Ended June	Six Months Ended		
	30,		June 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Interest and dividend income					
Loans, including fees	\$11,854	\$15,312	24,132	31,424	
Securities	219	387	469	829	
Other	203	125	388	205	
Total interest income	12,276	15,824	24,989	32,458	
Interest expense					
Deposits	933	1,084	1,919	2,298	
Borrowings	2	28	10	54	
Total interest expense	935	1,112	1,929	2,352	
Net interest income	11,341	14,712	23,060	30,106	
Provision for loan losses	206	1,745	928	2,741	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	11,135	12,967	22,132	27,365	
Noninterest income					
Deposit service charges and fees	509	521	1,008	1,078	
Other fee income	410	383	785	768	
Insurance commissions and annuities income	86	112	195	234	
Gain (loss) on sale of loans, net	(4)	118	1,413	385	
Loss on disposition of premises and equipment, net	<u> </u>	(157)		(157)	
Loan servicing fees	114	119	237	247	
Amortization and impairment of servicing assets	(76)	(98)	(109)	(180)	
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	82	120	152	246	
Trust	183	190	364	374	
Other	205	110	330	255	
	1,509	1,418	4,375	3,250	
Noninterest expense	,	,	,	,	
Compensation and benefits	6,686	6,481	13,438	13,160	
Office occupancy and equipment	1,805	2,105	3,753	4,137	
Advertising and public relations	268	224	414	330	
Information technology	816	825	1,565	1,673	
Supplies, telephone, and postage	403	362	864	752	
Amortization of intangibles	150	157	306	320	
Nonperforming asset management	655	1,117	1,349	2,357	
Operations of other real estate owned	422	1,691	933	2,243	
FDIC insurance premiums	477	309	969	657	
Other	886	773	2,162	1,851	
	12,568	14,044	25,753	27,480	
Income before income taxes	76	341	754	3,135	
Income tax benefit		(457)	—		
Net income	\$76	\$798	\$754	\$3,135	
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Basic earnings per common share	\$—	\$0.04	\$0.04	\$0.16	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ —	\$0.04	\$0.04	\$0.16	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,989,757	19,860,419	19,976,964	19,847,846	
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Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding 19,990,313 19,860,419 19,977,171 19,847,846

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In thousands) - Unaudited

	Three Months Ended June 30,		s Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2013		2012	2013	2012	
Net income	\$76		\$798	\$754	\$3,135	
Unrealized holding gain (loss) arising during the period, net of tax	(320)	19	(444) (36)
Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	_		_	_	_	
Net current period other comprehensive gain (loss)	(320)	19	(444) (36)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$(244)	\$817	\$310	\$3,099	

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

<u>Table of Contents</u> BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands, except per share data) - Unaudited

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Unearned Employee Stock Ownership Plan Shares	Accumulated Other Comprehen-sive Income	Total
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$211	\$193,801	\$17,946	\$(13,212)	\$ 1,111	\$199,857
Net income			3,135		_	3,135
Other comprehensive income, net of tax effects	_	_	_	_	(36)	(36)
Nonvested stock awards-stock-based compensation expense	_	41	_	_	_	41
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.02 per share)	_	_	(422)	_	_	(422)
ESOP shares earned	_	(119)	_	487	_	368
Balance at June 30, 2012	\$211	\$193,723	\$20,659	\$(12,725)	\$ 1,075	\$202,943
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$211	\$193,590	\$(9,796)	\$(12,233)	\$ 1,118	\$172,890
Net income	_	_	754		_	754
Other comprehensive income, net of tax effects	_	_	_	_	(444)	(444)
Nonvested stock awards-stock-based compensation expense	_	38	_		_	38
Cash dividends declared on common stock (\$0.02 per share)	_	_	(422)		_	(422)
ESOP shares earned	_	(72)	_	485	_	413
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$211	\$193,556	\$(9,464)	\$(11,748)	\$ 674	\$173,229

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) - Unaudited

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2013	2012	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	\$754	\$3,135	
Adjustments to reconcile to net income to net cash from operating activities			
Provision for loan losses	928	2,741	
ESOP shares earned	413	368	
Stock-based compensation expense	38	41	
Depreciation and amortization	2,221	2,283	
Amortization of premiums and discounts on securities and loans	(414) (1,633)
Amortization of core deposit and other intangible assets	306	320	
Amortization and impairment of servicing assets	109	180	
Net change in net deferred loan origination costs	(53) 127	
Net loss (gain) on sale of other real estate owned	118	(84)
Net gain on sale of loans	(1,413) (385)
Net loss disposition of premises and equipment		157	
Loans originated for sale	(7,601) (9,585)
Proceeds from sale of loans	8,182	11,383	
Other real estate owned valuation adjustments	230	1,425	
Net change in:			
Accrued interest receivable	396	1,046	
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	(152) (246)
Other assets	2,237	56	
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	34	(1,963)
Net cash from operating activities	6,333	9,366	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Securities			
Proceeds from maturities	21,268	21,189	
Proceeds from principal repayments	8,724	9,700	
Purchases of securities	(3,175) (13,184)
Loans receivable			
Principal payments on loans receivable	228,608	281,548	
Purchases of loans		(398)
Originated for investment	(213,704) (177,554)
Proceeds from sale of loans	2,868		
Proceeds of redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank of Chicago stock	2,344	6,186	
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned	6,478	7,455	
Purchase of premises and equipment, net	(25) (1,495)
Net cash from investing activities	53,386	133,447	
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Continued

Table of Contents BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) - Unaudited

	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,			
	2013	2012		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net change in deposits	\$(20,255)	\$(42,969))	
Net change in borrowings	(2,627	759		
Net change in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(86	(178)	
Cash dividends paid on common stock	(422	(422)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(23,390	(42,810)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	36,329	100,003		
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	275,764	120,704		
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$312,093	\$220,707		
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Interest paid	\$1,951	\$2,378		
Income taxes paid	_			
Income taxes refunded	461	1,115		
Loans transferred to other real estate owned	2,756	3,766		
Due to broker for purchase of securities not settled	2,535	_		

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: BankFinancial Corporation, a Maryland corporation headquartered in Burr Ridge, Illinois (the "Company"), is the owner of all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of BankFinancial, F.S.B. (the "Bank"). Principles of Consolidation: The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of and transactions of BankFinancial Corporation, the Bank, and the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiaries, Financial Assurance Services, Inc. and BF Asset Recovery Corporation (collectively, "the Company"), and reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the periods presented. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations for the June 30, 2013, are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2013.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Use of Estimates: To prepare financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and future results could differ. The allowance for loan losses, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets, goodwill, other intangible assets, stock-based compensation, impairment of securities and fair value of financial instruments are particularly subject to change and the effect of such change could be material to the financial statements.

Reclassifications: Certain reclassifications have been made in the prior period's financial statements to conform them to the current period's presentation.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to improve the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income" amended prior guidance to improve the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income by requiring an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, an entity is required to present, either on the face of the statement or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income if the amount reclassified is required under GAAP. The Company adopted this new authoritative guidance on January 1, 2013, and it did not have an impact on the Company's statements of operations and financial condition as the Company did not have any amounts reclassified during the three or six month periods ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Amounts reported in earnings per share reflect earnings available to common stockholders for the period divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, exclusive of unearned ESOP shares and unvested restricted stock shares. Stock options and restricted stock are regarded as potential common stock and are considered in the diluted earnings per share calculations to the extent that they would have a dilutive effect if converted to common stock.

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	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Net income available to common stockholders	\$76	\$798	\$754	\$3,135
Average common shares outstanding	21,088,263	21,072,966	21,080,657	21,072,966
Less:				
Unearned ESOP shares	(1,084,709)	(1,209,023)	(1,096,757)	(1,221,191)
Unvested restricted stock shares	(13,797)	(3,524)	(6,936)	(3,929)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,989,757	19,860,419	19,976,964	19,847,846
Add - Net effect of dilutive stock options and unvested restricted stock	556	_	207	_
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	19,990,313	19,860,419	19,977,171	19,847,846
Basic earnings per common share	\$ —	\$0.04	\$0.04	\$0.16
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ —	\$0.04	\$0.04	\$0.16
Number of antidilutive stock options excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation	_	1,881,053	_	1,881,053
Weighted average exercise price of anti-dilutive option share	s\$—	\$16.58	\$ —	\$16.58

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES

The fair value of securities and the related gross unrealized gains and losses recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value
June 30, 2013					
Certificates of deposit	\$15,639	\$ —	\$ —		\$15,639
Municipal securities	350	12	_		362
Equity mutual fund	500	7	_		507
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	29,954	1,439	(127)	31,266
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	5,175	33	(7)	5,201
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	39		_		39
	\$51,657	\$1,491	\$(134)	\$53,014
December 31, 2012					
Certificates of deposit	\$33,456	\$ —	\$ —		\$33,456
Municipal securities	350	19	_		369
Equity mutual fund	500	28	_		528
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	32,572	1,661	_		34,233
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	9,111	95	(2)	9,204
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	42				42
	\$76,031	\$1,803	\$(2)	\$77,832

Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations reflected in the preceding table were issued by U.S. government-sponsored entities or agencies, Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae and Ginnie Mae, and are obligations which the government has affirmed its commitment to support. All securities reflected in the preceding table were classified as available-for-sale at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

The amortized cost and fair values of securities by contractual maturity are shown below. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	June 30, 2013		
	Amortized	Fair	
	Cost	Value	
Due in one year or less	\$15,809	\$15,811	
Due after one year through five years	180	190	
	15,989	16,001	
Equity mutual fund	500	507	
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	29,954	31,266	
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	5,175	5,201	
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	39	39	
	\$51,657	\$53,014	

June 30, 2013

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES (continued)

Securities with unrealized losses not recognized in income are as follows:

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months	s or More	Total		
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealiz	ed
	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	Value	Loss	
June 30, 2013 Mortgage-backed securities -	\$2,488	\$(127) \$—	\$—	\$2,488	\$(127)
residential	Ψ2,400	Φ(127) ψ—	ψ—	Ψ2,400	Φ(127	,
Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	_	_	364	(7) 364	(7)
	\$2,488	\$(127) \$364	\$(7	\$2,852	\$(134)
December 31, 2012 Collateralized mortgage obligations - residential	\$	\$ —	\$1,956	\$(2) \$1,956	\$(2)

The Company evaluates marketable investment securities with significant declines in fair value on a quarterly basis to determine whether they should be considered other-than-temporarily impaired under current accounting guidance, which generally provides that if a marketable security is in an unrealized loss position, whether due to general market conditions or industry or issuer-specific factors, the holder of the securities must assess whether the impairment is other-than-temporary.

Certain residential mortgage-backed securities and a collateralized mortgage obligation that the Company holds in its investment portfolio remained in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2013, but the unrealized losses were not considered significant under the Company's impairment testing methodology. In addition, the Company does not intend to sell these securities, and it is likely that the Company will not be required to sell these securities before their anticipated recovery occurs.

There were no sales of securities during the six months ended June 30, 2013 or 2012.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable are as follows:

June 30, 2013	2012	
\$200,181	\$218,596	
353,924	352,019	
255,429	264,672	
7,152	8,552	
51,701	61,388	
157,606	139,783	
2,622	2,745	
1,028,615	1,047,755	
798	745	
(17,097)	(18,035)
\$1,012,316	\$1,030,465	
	\$200,181 353,924 255,429 7,152 51,701 157,606 2,622 1,028,615 798 (17,097)	\$200,181 \$218,596 353,924 352,019 255,429 264,672 7,152 8,552 51,701 61,388 157,606 139,783 2,622 2,745 1,028,615 1,047,755 798 745 (17,097) (18,035

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

The following tables present the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the loans receivable by portfolio segment and based on impairment method:

and based on impair								
June 30, 2013	Allowance individually evaluated for impairment	for loan loss Purchased impaired loans	ses Collectively evaluated for impairment	Total	Loan Balar Individuall evaluated for impairmen	Y Purchased impaired loans	Collectively evaluated for impairment	Total
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	e\$47	\$2	\$ 3,866	\$3,915	\$5,115	\$396	\$194,670	\$200,181
Multi-family mortgage loans	629	_	4,057	4,686	12,642	_	341,282	353,924
Nonresidential real estate loans	352	_	5,341	5,693	6,750	1,607	247,072	255,429
Construction and land loans	135	50	621	806	1,604	997	4,551	7,152
Commercial leases Consumer loans	34 —		1,071 798 94	1,105 798 94	651 — —	21 —	51,029 157,606 2,622	51,701 157,606 2,622
Not defermed learn and	\$1,197	\$52	\$ 15,848	\$17,097	\$26,762	\$3,021	\$998,832	1,028,615
Net deferred loan ori	gmation							798
Allowance for loan l	osses							(17,097) \$1,012,316
	Allowance f Individually evaluated for impairment	Purchased impaired loans	ses Collectively evaluated for impairment	Total	Loan Balan Individually evaluated for impairment	Purchased impaired	Collectively evaluated for impairment	(17,097) \$1,012,316 Total
Allowance for loan l	Allowance f Individually evaluated for impairment	Purchased impaired loans	Collectively evaluated for	Total \$4,726	Individually evaluated for	Purchased impaired	evaluated for	\$1,012,316
Allowance for loan I Loans, net December 31, 2012 One-to-four family residential real estate loans Multi-family	Allowance f Individually evaluated for impairment	Purchased impaired loans	Collectively evaluated for impairment	Total	Individually evaluated for impairment	Purchased impaired loans	evaluated for impairment	\$1,012,316 Total
Allowance for loan I Loans, net December 31, 2012 One-to-four family residential real estate loans	Allowance f Individually evaluated for impairment	Purchased impaired loans \$5	Collectively evaluated for impairment \$ 4,584	Total \$4,726	Individually evaluated for impairment \$5,256	Purchased impaired loans	evaluated for impairment \$212,960	\$1,012,316 Total \$218,596
Allowance for loan I Loans, net December 31, 2012 One-to-four family residential real estate loans Multi-family mortgage loans Nonresidential real	Allowance for impairment \$137	Purchased impaired loans \$5 — 8	Collectively evaluated for impairment \$4,584	Total \$4,726 4,580	Individually evaluated for impairment \$5,256	Purchased impaired loans \$380	evaluated for impairment \$212,960 347,218	\$1,012,316 Total \$218,596 352,019
Allowance for loan I Loans, net December 31, 2012 One-to-four family residential real estate loans Multi-family mortgage loans Nonresidential real estate loans Construction and	Allowance f Individually evaluated for impairment e\$137 729	Purchased impaired loans \$5 8 96 1	Collectively evaluated for impairment \$4,584 3,851 5,136	Total \$4,726 4,580 5,545	Individually evaluated for impairment \$5,256 4,801 11,918	Purchased impaired loans \$380 2,568	evaluated for impairment \$212,960 347,218 250,186	\$1,012,316 Total \$218,596 352,019 264,672

Net deferred loan origination costs	745
Allowance for loan losses	(18,035)
Loans, net	\$1,030,465

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Activity in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

•	Three Mor	Three Months Ended June			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2013		2012		2013		2012	
Beginning balance	\$17,453		\$31,638		\$18,035		\$31,726	
Loans charged offs:			·		·			
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	(176)	(591)	(545)	(1,263)
Multi-family mortgage loans	(374)	(135)	(610)	(689)
Nonresidential real estate loans	(153)	(2,202)	(232)	(2,635)
Construction and land loans	-		(185)	(927)	(232)
Commercial loans	(213)	(31)	(232)	(169)
Consumer loans	(12)	(11)	(12)	(23)
	(928		(3,155		(2,558		(5,011)
Recoveries:	•			ĺ				
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	85		74		327		185	
Multi-family mortgage loans	159		96		216		480	
Nonresidential real estate loans	103		284		122		315	
Construction and land loans	1		58		3		242	
Commercial loans	16		132		21		189	
Consumer loans	2		6		3		11	
	366		650		692		1,422	
Net charge-off	(562)	(2,505)	(1,866)	(3,589)
Provision for loan losses	206		1,745		928		2,741	
Ending balance	\$17,097		\$30,878		\$17,097		\$30,878	
Immained Lange	. ,		. , -		, ,		. , .	

Impaired loans

Several of the following disclosures are presented by "recorded investment," which the FASB defines as "the amount of the investment in a loan, which is not net of a valuation allowance, but which does reflect any direct write-down of the investment." The following represents the components of recorded investment:

Loan principal balance

Less unapplied payments

Plus negative unapplied balance

Less escrow balance

Plus negative escrow balance

Plus unamortized net deferred loan costs

Less unamortized net deferred loan fees

Plus unamortized premium

Less unamortized discount

Less previous charge-offs

Plus recorded accrued interest

Less reserve for uncollected interest

= Recorded investment

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following table presents loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans, excluding purchased impaired loans:

•					Three modules June 30, 2	nths ended	Six months ended June 30, 2013	
	Loan Balance	Recorded Investment	Partial Charge-off	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Average Investment in Impaire	Interest	Average Investment	Interest
June 30, 2013 With no related allowance recorded:								
One-to-four family residential real estate loans One-to-four family	\$4,810	\$ 3,807	\$ 951	\$—	\$2,681	\$ 10	\$2,866	\$ 21
residential real estate loans - non-owner occupied	956	778	142	_	1,683	2	1,450	2
Multi-family mortgage loans	8,834	8,630	4	_	8,237	63	5,605	75
Nonresidential real estate loans	4,372	3,681	253	_	2,776	7	4,245	9
Land loans	454	337	113		324		185	_
Commercial loans - secured	648	326	19	_	163	_	93	
Commercial loans - unsecured	485	53	374	_	52	_	52	_
	20,559	17,612	1,856		15,916	82	14,496	107
With an allowance recorded: One-to-four family								
residential real estate loans - non-owner occupied	587	509	60	47	298	1	348	1
Multi-family mortgage loans	3,819	3,228	560	567	3,521	61	3,145	67
Wholesale commercial lending	656	647	_	62	820	_	469	7
Nonresidential real estate loans	3,404	3,045	276	352	1,859	4	2,154	6
Land loans	2,499	1,264	1,232	135	1,264	_	1,669	
Commercial loans - secured	462	272	190	34	553	1	403	1
Total	11,427 \$31,986	8,965 \$ 26,577	2,318 \$ 4,174	1,197 \$ 1,197	8,315 \$24,231	67 \$ 149	8,188 \$22,684	82 \$ 189

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

	Loan Balance	Recorded Investment	Partial Charge-off		Investment in Impaired	Interest Income Recognized
December 31, 2012						
With no related allowance recorded:						
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$5,250	\$ 4,216	\$ 1,027	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 2,814	\$ 149
One-to-four family residential real estate loans non-owner occupied	567	534	34	_	4,322	90
Multi-family mortgage loans	2,959	2,106	819	_	9,303	189
Nonresidential real estate loans	11,850	9,220	2,490	_	6,218	347
Land loans	_		_	_	409	
Commercial loans - secured			_	_	137	
Commercial loans - other	529	52	477	_	25	21
Non-rated commercial leases					23	3
	21,155	16,128	4,847	_	23,251	799
With an allowance recorded:						
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	_		_	_	2,500	_
One-to-four family residential real estate loans non-owner occupied	626	499	128	137	1,996	13
Multi-family mortgage loans	3,182	2,645	521	729	6,562	20
Nonresidential real estate loans	2,825	2,549	266	401	21,077	20
Land loans	3,812	2,210	1,602	294	2,933	113
Commercial loans - secured	386	204	182	23	1,849	_
Commercial loans - unsecured	_	_	_	_	267	_
Non-rated commercial leases	_		_	_	36	_
Consumer loans		_	_	_	2	_
	10,831	8,107	2,699	1,584	37,222	166
Total	\$31,986	\$ 24,235	\$ 7,546	\$ 1,584	\$ 60,473	\$ 965

Purchased Impaired Loans

As a result of its acquisition of Downers Grove National Bank, the Company holds purchased loans for which there was evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and for which it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be collected as of the date of the acquisition. The carrying amount of these purchased impaired loans is as follows:

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$396	\$380
Nonresidential real estate loans	1,607	2,568
Land loans	997	1,021
Commercial loans	21	20
Outstanding balance	\$3,021	\$3,989
Carrying amount, net of allowance (\$52 at June 30, 2013, \$110 at December 31, 2012)	\$2,969	\$3,879

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Accretable yield, or income expected to be collected, related to purchased impaired loans is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June		Six Months Ended	
	30,		June 30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Beginning balance	\$146	\$1,790	\$196	\$2,270
New loans purchased				_
Disposals		395		522
Reclassifications from nonaccretable difference	3		3	
Accretion of income	49	563	99	916
Ending balance	\$100	\$832	\$100	\$832

For the above purchased impaired loans, the Company decreased the allowance for loan losses by \$49,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and \$58,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013. The allowance for loan losses was decreased by \$114,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and increased by \$224,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2012.

Purchased impaired loans for which it was probable at the date of acquisition that all contractually required payments would not be collected are as follows:

	June 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Contractually required payments receivable of loans purchased:		
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$1,143	\$1,143
Nonresidential real estate loans	2,008	3,884
Land loans	1,600	1,600
Commercial loans	222	597
	\$4,973	\$7,224

At acquisition, cash flows expected to be collected were \$18.8 million, compared to the fair value of purchased impaired loans of \$15.4 million.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Nonaccrual loans

The following table presents the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans and loans past due over 90 days still on accrual by class of loans, excluding purchased impaired loans:

	Loan Balance	Recorded Investment	Loans Past Due Over 90 Days, Still Accruing
June 30, 2013			
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$5,113	\$4,112	\$—
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non owner occup	ied1,543	1,287	_
Multi-family mortgage loans	12,586	11,557	234
Wholesale commercial lending	656	647	_
Nonresidential real estate loans	8,185	7,037	_
Land loans	2,953	1,601	_
Commercial loans – secured	1,115	603	_
Commercial loans – unsecured	520	86	_
Consumer loans	1	1	_
	\$32,672	\$26,931	\$234
December 31, 2012			
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$7,286	\$6,154	\$70
One-to-four family residential real estate loans – non owner occup	ied1,420	1,145	
Multi-family mortgage loans	5,246	3,517	242
Nonresidential real estate loans	12,249	8,985	_
Land loans	3,817	2,210	_
Commercial loans – secured	386	204	_
Commercial loans – unsecured	552	52	17
	\$30,956	\$22,267	\$329

Nonaccrual loans and impaired loans are defined differently. Some loans may be included in both categories, and some may only be included in one category. Nonaccrual loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

The Company's reserve for uncollected loan interest was \$1.2 million and \$942,000 at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Except for purchased impaired loans, when a loan is on non-accrual status and the ultimate collectability of the total principal of an impaired loan is in doubt, all payments are applied to principal under the cost recovery method. Alternatively, when a loan is on non-accrual status but there is doubt concerning only the ultimate collectability of interest, contractual interest is credited to interest income only when received, under the cash basis method pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 310–10, as applicable. In all cases, the average balances are calculated based on the month–end balances of the financing receivables within the period reported pursuant to the provisions of FASB ASC 310–10, as applicable.

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Past Due Loans

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment of loans at June 30, 2013 by class of loans:

The following tables present the a	iging of the re	coraea investi		at June 30, 201	3 by class of l	oans:
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
real estate loans	\$618	\$413	\$3,051	\$4,082	\$143,283	\$147,365
One-to-four family residential real estate loans - non-owner occupied	509	_	1,204	1,713	50,121	51,834
-	352	857	9,331	10,540	292,688	303,228
Wholesale commercial lending			996	996	46,091	47,087
•	1,465	428	6,659	8,552	242,185	250,737
Construction loans			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	399	399
Land loans	117	31	1,375	1,523	4,209	5,732
Commercial loans:						
Secured	_	76	527	603	18,768	19,371
Unsecured	44	25	85	154	4,796	4,950
Municipal loans		_	_	_	4,817	4,817
Warehouse lines		_	_	_	1,459	1,459
Health care		_	_	_	15,884	15,884
Other		_	_	_	5,369	5,369
Commercial leases:						
Investment rated commercial leases		_			118,670	118,670
Below investment grade		_	_	_	9,428	9,428
Non-rated		_	_	_	26,782	26,782
Lease pools		_	_	_	3,652	3,652
Consumer loans	221		1	222	2,411	2,633
	\$3,326	\$1,830	\$23,229	\$28,385	\$991,012	\$1,019,397
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
Purchased impaired loans			1 430 2 40			
One-to-four family residential						
•	\$—	\$ —	\$396	\$396	\$ —	\$396
Nonresidential real estate loans		_	163	163	1,433	1,596
Land loans		_	996	996	-	996
Commercial loans – secured			22	22		22
	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,577	\$1,577	\$1,433	\$3,010

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following tables present the aging of the recorded investment of loans at December 31, 2012 by class of loans:

		-59 Days st Due		0-89 Days ast Due	G	0 Days or Greater ast Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$1	,584	\$	778	\$	4,463	\$6,825	\$153,279	\$160,104
One-to-four family residential real estate loans - non-owner occupied	85	5	57	79	2	49	1,683	55,906	57,589
Multi-family mortgage loans	5,3	393	3.	049	3.	,218	11,660	291,103	302,763
Wholesale commercial lending		181	_	_	_	_	1,481	44,342	45,823
Nonresidential real estate loans	86		39	98	5.	,508	6,769	252,368	259,137
Land loans	70			220		30	2,552	4,956	7,508
Commercial loans:			,	-			,	,	. ,
Secured	65	9	3		20	04	866	22,336	23,202
Unsecured	81		78	3	10	6	175	5,774	5,949
Municipal loans				_	_	_		4,752	4,752
Warehouse lines	_			_	_	_		2,989	2,989
Health care	_			_	_	_		17,601	17,601
Other	_			_	_	_	_	6,977	6,977
Commercial leases:									
Investment rated commercial								102 724	102.724
leases	_			_	_	_	_	102,724	102,724
Below investment grade	_			_	_	_		9,294	9,294
Non-rated				_	_	_	_	25,657	25,657
Lease pools	_			_	_	_		3,028	3,028
Consumer loans	15			_	_	_	15	2,741	2,756
	\$1	1,633	\$0	6,105	\$	14,288	\$32,026	\$1,005,827	\$1,037,853
		30-59 Da Past Due	-	60-89 Day Past Due	ys	90 Days or Greater Past Due	Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due	Total
Purchased impaired loans									
One-to-four family residential re estate loans - non-owner occupie		\$327		\$—		\$53	\$380	\$ —	\$380
Nonresidential real estate loans						1,125	1,125	1,443	2,568
Land loans						1,021	1,021	_	1,021
Commercial loans – secured						20	20		20
		\$327		\$ —		\$2,219	\$2,546	\$1,443	\$3,989

Troubled Debt Restructurings

The Company evaluates loan extensions or modifications in accordance with FASB ASC 310–40 with respect to the classification of the loan as a TDR. In general, if the Company grants a loan extension or modification to a borrower for other than an insignificant period of time that includes a below–market interest rate, principal forgiveness, payment forbearance or other concession intended to minimize the economic loss to the Company, the loan extension or loan

modification is classified as a TDR. In cases where borrowers are granted new terms that provide for a reduction of either interest or principal then due and payable, management measures any impairment on the restructured loan in the same manner as for impaired loans as noted above.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The Company had \$6.0 million of TDRs at June 30, 2013, compared to \$11.2 million at December 31, 2013, with \$283,000 in specific valuation reserves allocated to those loans at June 30, 2013 and \$318,000 in specific valuation reserves allocated at December 31, 2012. The Company had no outstanding commitments to borrowers whose loans are classified as TDRs at either date.

The following table presents loans classified as TDRs:

	June 30, 2013	
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$3,075	\$2,802
Multi-family mortgage	1,185	1,201
Nonresidential real estate	_	5,189
Troubled debt restructured loans – accrual loans	4,260	9,192
One-to-four family residential real estate	813	767
Multi-family mortgage	935	938
Nonresidential real estate	_	270
Troubled debt restructured loans – nonaccrual loans	1,748	1,975
Total troubled debt restructured loans	\$6,008	\$11,167

Periodically, the Company will restructure a note into two separate notes (A/B structure), charging off the entire B portion of the note. The A note is structured with appropriate loan-to-value and cash flow coverage ratios that provide for a high likelihood of repayment. The A note is classified as a non-performing note until the borrower has displayed a historical payment performance for a reasonable time prior to and subsequent to the restructuring. A period of sustained repayment for at least six months generally is required to return the A note to accrual status provided that management has determined that the performance is reasonably expected to continue. The A note will be classified as a restructured note (either performing or nonperforming) through the calendar year of the restructuring that the historical payment performance has been established. These notes will be no longer included in the above tables as a TDR in the subsequent calendar year.

During the three and six months ending June 30, 2013 and 2012, the terms of certain loans were modified and classified as TDRs. The modification of the terms of such loans included one or a combination of the following: a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan; an extension of the maturity date at a stated rate of interest lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk; or a permanent reduction of the recorded investment in the loan.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following tables present TDR activity:

-	Three Months Ended June 30,								
	2013			2012					
		Pre-	Pos	st-	Number of loans		Pre-		Post-
	Number of loans	Modification outstanding recorded investment	out					ng	on Modification outstanding recorded investment
One-to-four family residential real estate 2		\$ 566	\$ 566		5		\$ 267		\$ 267
		Due to reduction in		Due to extension of maturity date		peri redu reco	Oue to permanent		otal
One-to-four family residential real estate For the three months ended June 30, 201	e	\$—		\$566		\$		\$:	566
One-to-four family residential real estate	e	\$132		\$135		\$		\$2	267

The TDRs described above had no impact on interest income, resulted in no change to the allowance for loan losses and resulted in no charge offs for the three months ended June 30, 2013. The TDRs described above had no impact on interest income, but increased the allowance for loan losses by \$15,000 and resulted in no charge offs for the three months ended June 30, 2012.

monais ended suite 30, 2012.	Six Month June 30, 2013	s Ended		2012			
	Number of loans	Pre- Modification outstanding recorded investment	Post- n Modification outstanding recorded investment	n Numb of loar	OHISTAT	nding ed	Post- n Modification outstanding recorded investment
One-to-four family residential real estate	e 3	\$ 950	\$ 950	7	\$ 659		\$ 659
Multi-family mortgage	_			1	700		500
Total	3	\$ 950	\$ 950	8	\$ 1,359	9	\$ 1,159
	Due to Due to preduction in extension of interest rate maturity date		Due to permanent reduction in To recorded nvestment		Γotal		
For the six months ended June 30, 2013							
One-to-four family residential real estate	e	\$ —	\$950	:	\$ —	\$	8950
Total		\$ —	\$950	:	\$—	\$	8950
For the six months ended June 30, 2012							
One-to-four family residential real estate	e	\$504	\$155	:	\$ —	\$	8659
Multi-family mortgage					500	5	500

Total \$504 \$155 \$500 \$1,159

The TDRs described above had no impact on interest income, resulted in no change to the allowance for loan losses and resulted in no charge offs for the six months ended June 30, 2013. The TDRs had no impact on interest income, but increased the allowance for loan losses by \$198,000 and resulted in charge offs of \$470,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2012.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

The following table presents TDRs for which there was a payment default during the six months ending June 30, 2013 and 2012 within twelve months following the modification.

	2013	2012		
	Number	Recorded	Number	Recorded
	of loans	investment	of loans	investment
One-to-four family residential real estate	_	\$ —	5	\$864
Nonresidential real estate	_		4	3,308
Total		\$ —	9	\$4 172

A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 90 days contractually past due under the modified terms. TDRs that subsequently defaulted increased the allowance for loan losses by \$1.1 million during the six months ending June 30, 2012.

The terms of certain other loans were modified during the three and six months ending June 30, 2013 and 2012 that did not meet the definition of a TDR. These loans had a total recorded investment of \$506,000 and \$1.7 million at June 30, 2013 and 2012. The modification of these loans involved either a modification of the terms of a loan to borrowers who were not experiencing financial difficulties or a delay in a payment that was considered to be insignificant.

In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under the Company's internal underwriting policy.

Credit Quality Indicators:

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, including current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans based on credit risk. This analysis includes non-homogeneous loans, such as commercial and commercial real estate loans. This analysis is performed on a monthly basis. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention. A Special Mention asset has potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the institution's credit position at some future date. Special Mention assets are not adversely classified and do not expose an institution to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Substandard/Performing. Loans categorized as substandard continue to accrue interest, but exhibit a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that may jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. The loans continue to accrue interest because they are well secured and collection of principal and interest is expected within a reasonable time. The risk rating guidance published by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency clarifies that a loan with a well-defined weakness does not have to present a probability of default for the loan to be rated Substandard, and that an individual loan's loss potential does not have to be distinct for the loan to be rated Substandard.

Nonaccrual. An asset classified Nonaccrual has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified Substandard/Performing with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered "Pass" rated loans.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

As of June 30, 2013, based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard/PerforminNonaccrua		Total
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$143,242	\$126	\$ 903	\$3,333	\$147,604
One-to-four family residential real estate loans non-owner occupied	50,245	_	643	1,689	52,577
Multi-family mortgage loans	274,715	12,040	8,709	11,353	306,817
Wholesale commercial lending	44,350		1,767	990	47,107
Nonresidential real estate loans	191,127	39,449	16,185	8,668	255,429
Construction loans	399		_		399
Land loans	2,524		1,628	2,601	6,753
Commercial loans:					
Secured	16,293	2,325	101	624	19,343
Unsecured	3,574	298	982	85	4,939
Municipal loans	4,751		_		4,751
Warehouse lines	1,447		_		1,447
Health care	14,298	1,572	_		15,870
Other	5,351		_		5,351
Commercial leases:					
Investment rated commercial leases	118,010		_		118,010
Below investment grade	9,349		_		9,349
Non-rated	26,610		_		26,610
Lease pools	3,637		_		3,637
Consumer loans	2,621		_	1	2,622
Total	\$912,543	\$55,810	\$ 30,918	\$29,344	\$1,028,615

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE (continued)

As of December 31, 2012, based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

		Mention		in yonaccrual	Total
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$152,711	\$—	\$ 1,428	\$6,158	\$160,297
One-to-four family residential real estate loans non-owner occupied	51,849	1,486	3,440	1,524	58,299
Multi-family mortgage loans 2	275,338	6,139	21,128	3,559	306,164
Wholesale commercial lending 4	44,074		1,781		45,855
Nonresidential real estate loans 1	199,802	30,898	22,345	11,627	264,672
Construction loans -	<u>—</u>	_	_		
Land loans	2,769	158	2,394	3,231	8,552
Commercial loans:					
Secured 1	19,579	2,418	988	225	23,210
Unsecured 4	4,061	323	1,497	52	5,933
Municipal loans 4	4,751		_		4,751
Warehouse lines	2,971		_		2,971
Health care	17,566		_		17,566
Other	5,957		_		6,957
Commercial leases:					
Investment rated commercial leases 1	102,101		_		102,101
Below investment grade	9,205		_		9,205
Non-rated 2	25,466		_		25,466
Lease pools 3	3,011		_		3,011
Consumer loans 2	2,742		3	_	2,745
Total	\$924,953	\$41,422	\$ 55,004	\$26,376	\$1,047,755

NOTE 5 – FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The Company used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate the fair value of each type of financial instrument:

Securities: The fair values of marketable equity securities are generally determined by quoted prices, in active markets, for each specific security (Level 1). If Level 1 measurement inputs are not available for a marketable equity security, we determine its fair value based on the quoted price of a similar security traded in an active market (Level 2). The fair values of debt securities are generally determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique

widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2).

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

Loans Held for Sale: Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value, which is evaluated on a pool-level basis. The fair value of loans held for sale is determined using quoted prices for similar assets, adjusted for specific attributes of that loan or other observable market data, such as outstanding commitments from third party investors (Level 2).

Impaired Loans: At the time a loan is considered impaired, management measures impairment in accordance with ASC Topic 310. The fair value of impaired loans is estimated using one of several methods, including collateral value, market value of similar debt, enterprise value, liquidation value and discounted cash flows. Impaired loans carried at fair value generally require a partial charge off and a specific valuation allowance for loan losses. For collateral dependent loans, fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. These real estate appraisals may include up to three approaches to value: the sales comparison approach, the income approach (for income-producing property) and the cost approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the independent appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available, if applicable. Such adjustments may be significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. In addition, a discount is typically applied to account for sales and holding expenses. Non-real estate collateral may be valued using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business, resulting in a Level 3 fair value classification. Impaired loans are evaluated on a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly. The method utilized to estimate the fair value of loans does not necessarily represent an exit price. Other Real Estate Owned: Assets acquired through foreclosure or transfers in lieu of foreclosure are initially recorded at fair value less costs to sell when acquired, establishing a new cost basis. These assets are subsequently accounted for at lower of cost or fair value less estimated costs to sell. Fair value is commonly based on recent real estate appraisals. Although the fair value of the property normally will be based on an appraisal (or other evaluation), the valuation should be consistent with the price that a market participant will pay to purchase the property at the measurement date. Circumstances may exist that indicate that the appraised value is not an accurate measurement of the property's current fair value. Examples of such circumstances include changed economic conditions since the last appraisal, stale appraisals, or imprecision and subjectivity in the appraisal process (i.e., actual sales for less than the appraised amount). Such adjustments are usually significant and typically result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.

Mortgage Servicing Rights: On a quarterly basis, loan servicing rights are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the rights as compared to carrying amount. The fair values of mortgage servicing rights are based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated net servicing income. The valuation model incorporates assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future net servicing income. The Company is able to compare the valuation model inputs and results to widely available published industry data for reasonableness (Level 3).

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets that were accounted for at fair value and are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Fair Value Mea Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value
June 30, 2013				
Securities:				
Certificates of deposit	\$ —	\$15,639	\$ —	\$15,639
Municipal securities	_	362	_	362
Equity mutual fund	507			507
Mortgage-backed securities – residential	_	31,266		31,266
Collateralized mortgage obligations – residential	_	5,201		5,201
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	_	39		39
	\$507	\$52,507	\$ —	\$53,014
December 31, 2012				
Securities:				
Certificates of deposit	\$ —	\$33,456	\$ —	\$33,456
Municipal securities	_	369	_	369
Equity mutual fund	528		_	528
Mortgage-backed securities - residential	_	34,233	_	34,233
Collateralized mortgage obligations – residential	_	9,204	_	9,204
SBA-guaranteed loan participation certificates	_	42	_	42
_	\$528	\$77,304	\$ —	\$77,832

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The following table sets forth the Company's assets that were measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

The rone wing more sees form the company of assets	Fair Value Mea Quoted	surement Using	o wo 1000.	18 0 M3131
	Prices in	Significant	Significant	
	Active Markets		Unobservable	Fair
	for Identical	Inputs	Inputs	Value
	Assets	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	v aruc
		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
June 30, 2013	(Level 1)			
Impaired loans:				
•	\$ —	\$—	\$513	\$513
One—to—four family residential real estate loans	5 —	3 —		
Multi-family mortgage loans	_	_	3,246	3,246
Nonresidential real estate loans	_	_	2,693	2,693
Construction and land loans	_		2,076	2,076
Commercial loans	<u> </u>	Φ.	238	238
	\$ —	\$ —	\$8,766	\$8,766
Other real estate owned:	Φ.	Φ.	4.004	4.004
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$—	\$—	\$1,081	\$1,081
Nonresidential real estate	_		1,656	1,656
Land			2,638	2,638
	\$ —	\$ —	\$5,375	\$5,375
Mortgage servicing rights	\$—	\$ —	\$195	\$195
December 31, 2012				
Impaired loans:				
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$—	\$ —	\$410	\$410
Multi-family mortgage loans	_		1,916	1,916
Nonresidential real estate loans	_		3,102	3,102
Construction and land loans	_		2,841	2,841
Commercial loans	_	_	181	181
	\$ —	\$ —	\$8,450	\$8,450
Other real estate owned:				
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$ —	\$ —	\$1,503	\$1,503
Multi-family mortgage			720	720
Nonresidential real estate		_	3,649	3,649
Land		_	3,496	3,496
	\$ —	\$ —	\$9,368	\$9,368
Mortgage servicing rights	\$ —	\$ —	\$208	\$208

Impaired loans, including purchased impaired loans, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of the collateral for collateral–dependent loans, with specific valuation allowances, had a carrying amount of \$10.0 million, with a valuation allowance of \$1.2 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$10.5 million, with a valuation allowance of \$1.5 million at March 31, 2013, and \$10.1 million and a valuation allowance of \$1.7 million at December 31, 2012, resulting in a decrease in the provision for loan losses of \$282,000 for three months ended June 30, 2013 and \$445,000 for six months ended June 30, 2013.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The following table presents quantitative information, based on certain empirical data with respect to Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2013:

value measurements for financial instruments meas	uieu at iaii vait			Range
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	(Weighted Average)
Impaired loans:				
One-to-four family residential real estate loans	\$513	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation Comparison	6%-98% (67%)
Multi-family mortgage loans	3,246	Sales comparison	hatsvaan calac	9%-95% (46%)
		Income approach	Cap Rate	7.5% to 10% (8.37%)
Nonresidential real estate loans	2,693	Sales comparison	Comparison between sales and income approaches	6%-99% (68%)
		Income approach	-	7.5%-8.3% (7.69%)
Construction and land loans	2,076	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation	10%-93% (33%)
Commercial loans	238	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation	5%-91% (70%)
Impaired loans Other real estate owned:	\$8,766			
One-to-four family residential real estate	\$1,081	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation Comparison	7%-30% (14%)
Nonresidential real estate	1,656	Sales comparison	between sales and income approaches	7%-29% (21%)
Land	2,638	Sales comparison	Discount applied to valuation	7%-21% (10%)
Other real estate owned	\$5,375 \$105	Third nexts	Duagant	11 0 07 24 407
Mortgage servicing rights	\$ 195	Third party valuation	Present value of future servicing income based	11.8 % - 24.4% (16.13%)

on prepayment speeds
Present value of future
Third party valuation servicing income based on default

rates

BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments is as follows:

The carrying amount and estimated rail value of		Fair Value	e Measurement 2013 Using:	ts at		
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$312,093	\$18,303	\$293,790	\$—	\$312,093	
Securities	53,014	507	52,507		53,014	
Loans held-for-sale	276		276		276	
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan loss	es 1,012,316		979,631	8,766	988,397	
FHLBC stock	6,068				N/A	
Accrued interest receivable	3,750	_	3,750	_	3,750	
Financial liabilities					_	
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$(137,146	5)\$—	\$(137,146) \$—	\$(137,146)
Savings deposits	(147,758) —	(147,758) —	(147,758)
NOW and money market accounts	(690,185) —	(690,185) —	(690,185)
Certificates of deposit	(287,007) —	(287,824) —	(287,824)
Borrowings	(2,940) —	(2,955) —	(2,955)
Accrued interest payable	(135) —	(135) —	(135)
		Fair Value M	leasurements a	ıt		
		December 3	1, 2012 Using:			
	Carrying Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$275,764	\$20,361	\$255,403	\$	\$275,764	
Securities	77,832	528	77,304		77,832	
Loans held-for-sale	2,166		2,166		2,166	
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan	1,030,465		1,017,637	8,450	1,026,087	
losses	1,030,403		1,017,037	0,430	1,020,067	
FHLBC stock	8,412				N/A	
Accrued interest receivable	4,146		4,146		4,146	
Financial liabilities						
Noninterest-bearing demand deposits	\$(134,597)	\$	\$(134,597)	\$	\$(134,597)
Savings deposits	(144,726)		(144,726)		(144,726)
NOW and money market accounts	(697,775)		(697,775)		(697,775)
Certificates of deposit	(305,253)		(306,859)		(306,859)
Borrowings	(5,567)		(5,608)		(5,608)
Accrued interest payable	(157)	_	(157)		(157)

For purposes of the above, the following assumptions were used:

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The estimated fair values for cash and cash equivalents are based on their carrying value due to the short-term nature of these assets.

Loans: The estimated fair value for loans has been determined by calculating the present value of future cash flows based on the current rate the Company would charge for similar loans with similar maturities, applied for an estimated time period until the loan is assumed to be repriced or repaid. The estimated fair values of loans held-for-sale are

based on quoted market prices.

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BANKFINANCIAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Table amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE (continued)

FHLBC Stock: It is not practicable to determine the fair value of FHLBC stock due to the restrictions placed on its transferability.

Deposit Liabilities: The estimated fair value for certificates of deposit has been determined by calculating the present value of future cash flows based on estimates of rates the Company would pay on such deposits, applied for the time period until maturity. The estimated fair values of noninterest-bearing demand, NOW, money market, and savings deposits are assumed to approximate their carrying values as management establishes rates on these deposits at a level that approximates the local market area. Additionally, these deposits can be withdrawn on demand.

Borrowings: The estimated fair values of advances from the FHLBC and notes payable are based on current market rates for similar financing. The estimated fair value of securities sold under agreements to repurchase is assumed to equal its carrying value due to the short-term nature of the liability.

Accrued Interest: The estimated fair values of accrued interest receivable and payable are assumed to equal their carrying value.

Off-Balance-Sheet Instruments: Off-balance-sheet items consist principally of unfunded loan commitments, standby letters of credit, and unused lines of credit. The estimated fair values of unfunded loan commitments, standby letters of credit, and unused lines of credit are not material.

While the above estimates are based on management's judgment of the most appropriate factors, as of the balance sheet date, there is no assurance that the estimated fair values would have been realized if the assets were disposed of or the liabilities settled at that date, since market values may differ depending on the various circumstances. The estimated fair values would also not apply to subsequent dates.

In addition, other assets and liabilities that are not financial instruments, such as premises and equipment, are not included in the above disclosures.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Forward Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A contains, and other periodic and current reports, press releases and other public stockholder communications of BankFinancial Corporation may contain, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that involve significant risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements may include statements relating to our future plans, strategies and expectations, as well as our future revenues, earnings, losses, financial performance, financial condition, asset quality metrics and future prospects. Forward looking statements are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe," "may," "will," "should," "could," "expect," "estimate," "intend," "anticipate," "project," "plan," or similar expressions. Forward looking statements speak only as of the date made. They are frequently based on assumptions that may or may not materialize, and are subject to numerous uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward looking statements. We intend all forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and are including this statement for the purpose of invoking these safe harbor provisions.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated or projected and which could materially and adversely affect our operating results, financial condition or future prospects include, but are not limited to: (i) the failure of the real estate market to recover or further declines in real estate values that adversely impact the value of our loan collateral and OREO, asset dispositions and the level of borrower equity in their investments; (ii) the persistence or worsening of adverse economic conditions in general and in the Chicago metropolitan area in particular, including high or increasing unemployment levels, that could result in increased delinquencies in our loan portfolio or a decline in the value of our investment securities and the collateral for our

loans; (iii) results of supervisory monitoring or examinations by regulatory authorities, including the possibility that a regulatory authority could, among other things, require us to increase our allowance for loan losses or adversely change our loan classifications, write-down assets, reduce credit concentrations or maintain specific capital levels; (iv) interest rate movements and their impact on customer behavior and our net interest margin; (v) less than anticipated loan growth due to a lack of demand for specific loan products, competitive pressures or a dearth of borrowers who meet our underwriting standards; (vi) changes, disruptions or illiquidity in national or global financial markets; (vii) the credit risks of lending activities, including risks that could cause changes in the level and direction of loan delinquencies and charge-offs or changes in estimates relating to the computation of our allowance for loan losses; (viii) monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government, including policies of the U.S. Treasury

and Federal Reserve Board; (ix) factors affecting our ability to access deposits or cost-effective funding, and the impact of competitors' pricing initiatives on our deposit products; (x) the impact of new legislation or regulatory changes, including the Dodd-Frank Act and Basel III, on our products, services, operations and operating expenses; (xi) higher federal deposit insurance premiums; (xii) higher than expected overhead, infrastructure and compliance costs; (xiii) changes in accounting principles, policies or guidelines; and (xiv) and our failure to achieve expected synergies and cost savings from acquisitions.

These risks and uncertainties, as well as the Risk Factors set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. We do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement in the future, or to reflect circumstances and events that occur after the date on which the forward-looking statement was made.

Critical Accounting Policies

Critical accounting policies are defined as those that are reflective of significant judgments and uncertainties, and could potentially result in materially different results under different assumptions and conditions. We believe that the most critical accounting policies upon which our financial condition and results of operation depend, and which involve the most complex subjective decisions or assessments, are included in the discussion entitled "Critical Accounting Policies" in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, and all amendments thereto, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Overview

Continuing the trends commenced in the fourth quarter of 2012, loan origination activity improved in the second quarter of 2013, especially in the multifamily and commercial leasing categories. On a year-over-year comparative basis, loan originations increased by 75% with particular strength in multifamily loan originations, commercial loan originations and commercial lease originations. Continued improvement in loan origination volumes remains essential to offsetting the ongoing effects of yield compression on our net interest income. Net loan payoffs decreased during the course of the second quarter of 2013. Our priority for loan portfolio management continues to be the retention of our highest quality loan exposures while expediting the reduction of lesser-quality loan balances.

Asset quality was essentially constant. In addition, we continued to reduce OREO balances at an acceptable rate with minimal impact to earnings and capital during the quarter.

Beginning in the fourth quarter of 2012, and continuing in 2013, we determined that for certain performing classified and non-performing multifamily and non-residential real estate loans, the most cost-effective and expeditious resolution method was to decline to renew the loans upon maturity or to utilize other remedies provided by our loan documents to accelerate the maturity date of the loans, coupled with an attempt in appropriate cases to negotiate a final resolution in the form of a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure. Of the \$4.7 million in loans placed on non-accrual in the second quarter of 2013, \$2.6 million related to affirmative steps that we took to expedite resolution. We believe this approach has the potential to further reduce classified and non-performing assets more rapidly and with lower litigation costs given the time and expense inherent within the current judicial foreclosure processes.

National economic factors improved slightly in the second quarter of 2013, while the local Chicago metropolitan economic factors declined slightly. Our provision for loan losses increased in the second quarter of 2013 due principally to the growth in the loan portfolio and receipt of updated appraisals on several small loans that are subject to annual impairment testing.

Non-interest income declined in the second quarter of 2013 due to reduced income from mortgage banking and sales of non-performing loans. Income from deposit services and loan fee income improved modestly in the second quarter of 2013.

Non-interest expense declined in the second quarter of 2013 despite the continuing impact of credit collection expense. Advertising expense increased due to expanded loan marketing activity. The Company's full-time equivalent employment levels declined from 347 to 308 during the second quarter of 2013, reflecting the initial implementation of our updated operations review. We expanded our residential and commercial loan originations staffing by 10%

during the second quarter of 2013 as a re-deployment of resources from transaction processing and support functions. As the remainder of 2013 progresses, we expect that non-interest expense related to information technology expense and non-performing assets management expense will begin to trend downward.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following summary information is derived from the consolidated financial statements of the Company. For additional information, reference is made to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

				June 3	80,	2013	Dec 2012	ember 31, 2	Change	
				(Dolla	ırs	in thousa	nds)			
Selected Financial Condition Data:										
Total assets				\$1,46				181,192	\$(20,060)
Loans, net				1,012,	31		-	0,465	(18,149)
Loans held-for-sale				276			2,16		(1,890)
Securities, at fair value				53,014	4		77,8		(24,818)
Core deposit intangible				2,732			3,03		(306)
Deposits				1,262,	,09			32,351	(20,255)
Borrowings				2,940			5,56		(2,627)
Equity				173,22	29		172,	,890	339	
	Three Mont June 30,	hs Ended				Six Mon June 30,		Ended		
	2013	2012	(Change		2013		2012	Change	
Calanta d On a matin a Data.	(Dollars in t	inousanas)								
Selected Operating Data: Interest and dividend income	¢ 12 276	¢ 15 001	d	¢ (2 5 4 0	`	¢24.000		¢22.450	\$ (7.460	\
	\$12,276 935	\$15,824 1,112		\$(3,548 (177)	\$24,989 1,929	'	\$32,458 2,352	\$(7,469 (423)
Interest expense Net interest income	11,341	1,112	,	(3,371)	23,060		2,332 30,106	(7,046)
Provision for loan losses	206	1,745	,	(3,571))			2,741	(1,813)
	200	1,743	((1,339)	920		2,741	(1,613)
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	11,135	12,967	((1,832)	22,132		27,365	(5,233)
Noninterest income	1,509	1,418	9	91		4,375		3,250	1,125	
Noninterest expense	12,568	14,044	((1,476)	25,753		27,480	(1,727)
Income before income tax expense	76	341	((265)	754		3,135	(2,381)
Income tax expense		(457) 4	457				_	_	
Net income	\$76	\$798	\$	\$(722)	\$754		\$3,135	\$(2,381)

	Three Months 30,	Ended.	June	Six Mon June 30,	ths E	nded	
	2013	2012		2013		2012	
Selected Financial Ratios and Other Data:							
Performance Ratios:							
Return on assets (ratio of net income to average total assets) (1)	0.02 %	0.21	%	0.10	%	0.41	%
Return on equity (ratio of net income to average equity) (1)	0.17	1.56		0.86		3.08	
Average equity to average assets	12.02	13.42		11.98		13.29	
Net interest rate spread (1) (2)	3.25	4.04		3.32		4.11	
Net interest margin (1) (3)	3.31	4.11		3.38		4.11	
Efficiency ratio ⁽⁴⁾	97.81	87.07		93.87		82.38	
Noninterest expense to average total assets (1)	3.46	3.68		3.53		3.58	
Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing		3.00		3.33		3.30	
liabilities	121.24	123.50		121.02		122.98	
Dividends declared per share	\$0.02	\$0.01		\$0.02		\$0.02	
Dividend payout ratio	N.M.	N.M.		N.M.		N.M.	
			At Jur	ne 30,	At I	December	31,
			2013		201	2	
Asset Quality Ratios:							
Nonperforming assets to total assets (5)			2.48	9/	2.59)	%
Nonperforming loans to total loans			2.91		2.67	7	
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans			57.05		64.3	39	
Allowance for loan losses to total loans			1.66		1.72	2	
Capital Ratios:							
Equity to total assets at end of period			11.86	9/	11.6	67	%
Tier 1 leverage ratio (Bank only)			9.86		9.60)	
Other Data:							
Number of full-service offices			20		20		
Employees (full-time equivalents)			308		352		

⁽¹⁾ Ratios annualized.

N.M. Not Meaningful

Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012

Total assets decreased \$20.1 million, or 1.4%, to \$1.461 billion at June 30, 2013, from \$1.481 billion at December 31, 2012. The decrease in total assets was primarily due to a decrease in loans receivable and securities. The decrease was partially offset by an increase in cash and cash equivalents. Net loans decreased \$18.1 million to \$1.012 billion at June 30, 2013, from \$1.030 billion at December 31, 2012. In December 2012, we designated certain owner-occupied and investor-owned one-to-four family residential loans with a carrying value of \$7.5 million as "held for sale" in preparation for a bulk sale. The bulk sale of these one-to-four family residential loans was completed in February

The net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities for the period.

The net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets for the period.

The efficiency ratio represents noninterest expense, divided by the sum of net interest income and noninterest income.

⁽⁵⁾ Nonperforming assets include nonperforming loans and other real estate owned.

2013. Securities decreased \$24.8 million to \$53.0 million at June 30, 2013, from \$77.8 million at December 31, 2012. Net cash and cash equivalents increased by \$36.3 million to \$312.1 million at June 30, 2013, from \$275.8 million at December 31, 2012.

In December 2009, the Bank was required by an FDIC final rule requiring insured depository institutions to prepay their estimated quarterly risk-based assessments in the fourth quarter of 2009, to prepay \$6.8 million in estimated assessments through 2012. On June 29, 2013, the Bank received a \$2.7 million refund, the unused portion of the FDIC prepaid assessments.

Total liabilities decreased by \$20.4 million, or 1.6%, to \$1.288 billion at June 30, 2013, from \$1.308 billion at December 31, 2012. Total deposits decreased \$20.3 million, or 1.6%, to \$1.262 billion at June 30, 2013, from \$1.282 billion at December 31, 2012, primarily due to deposit pricing adjustments that we made in anticipation of additional excess liquidity resulting from loan payments and bulk sales of loans. Certificates of deposit decreased \$18.2 million, or 6.0%, to \$287.0 million at June 30, 2013, from \$305.3 million at December 31, 2012. Core deposits increased to 77.3% of total deposits at June 30, 2013, from 76.2% of total deposits at December 31, 2012. Noninterest-bearing demand deposits increased \$2.5 million, or 1.9%, to \$137.1 million at June 30, 2013, from \$134.6 million at December 31, 2012. Savings accounts increased \$3.0 million, or 2.1%, to \$147.8 million at June 30, 2013, from \$144.7 million at December 31, 2012. Money market and interest-bearing NOW accounts decreased \$7.6 million, or 1.1%, to \$690.2 million at June 30, 2013, from \$697.8 million at December 31, 2012.

Other liabilities increased \$2.6 million, or 26.54%, to \$12.2 million at June 30, 2013, from \$9.7 million at December 31, 2012 primarily due to the purchase of an investment security not settled at June 30, 2013 for \$2.5 million.

Total stockholders' equity was \$173.2 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$172.9 million at December 31, 2012. The increase in total stockholders' equity was primarily due to the \$754,000 net income that we recorded for six months ended June 30, 2013. The unallocated shares of common stock that our ESOP owns were reflected as a \$11.7 million reduction to stockholders' equity at June 30, 2013, compared to a \$12.2 million reduction at December 31, 2012.

Operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Net Income. We had net income of \$76,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$798,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2012. There were no earnings per share of common stock for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$0.04 per basic and fully diluted share for the three months ended June 30, 2012. Net Interest Income. Net interest income was \$11.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$14.7 million for the same period in 2012. The decrease reflected a \$3.5 million decrease in interest income, partially offset by a \$177,000 decrease in interest expense.

The decrease in net interest income was primarily attributable to a lower level of average interest-earning assets and a decrease in the yield on interest earning assets. Total average interest-earning assets decreased \$66.3 million, or 4.6%, to \$1.374 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from \$1.440 billion for the same period in 2012. Our net interest rate spread decreased by 79 basis points to 3.25% for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from 4.04% for the same period in 2012. Our net interest margin decreased by 80 basis points to 3.31% for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from 4.11% for the same period in 2012. The decrease in the net interest spread and margin was a result of lower yields on interest earning assets, which was partially offset by a lower cost of funds. The yield on interest earning assets decreased 84 basis points to 3.58% for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from 4.42% for the same period in 2012, and the cost of interest bearing liabilities decreased five basis points to 0.33% for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from 0.38% for the same period in 2012.

Average Balance Sheets

The following table sets forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information. No tax-equivalent yield adjustments were made, as the effect of these adjustments would not be material. Average balances are daily average balances. Nonaccrual loans are included in the computation of average balances, but have been reflected in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. The yields set forth below include the effect of deferred fees and expenses, discounts and premiums, purchase accounting adjustments that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

•	Three Months	Ended June 30,						
	2013				2012			
	Average				Average			
	Outstanding	Interest	Yield/Rate	(1)	Outstanding	Interest	Yield/Rat	e (1)
	Balance			(-)	Balance			(1)
	(Dollars in thou	usands)						
Interest-earning Assets:								
Loans	\$1,014,591	\$11,854	4.69	%	\$1,184,803	\$15,312	5.20	%
Securities	57,022	219	1.54		77,077	387	2.02	
Stock in FHLBC	6,809	6	0.35		10,741	9	0.34	
Other	295,433	197	0.27		167,526	116	0.28	
Total interest-earning assets	1,373,855	12,276	3.58		1,440,147	15,824	4.42	
Noninterest-earning	79,558				85,479			
assets					•			
Total assets	\$1,453,413				\$1,525,626			
Interest-bearing								
Liabilities:								
Savings deposits	\$148,568	38	0.10		\$146,404	37	0.10	
Money market accounts	343,303	294	0.34		343,415	311	0.36	
NOW accounts	346,457	95	0.11		333,299	104	0.13	
Certificates of deposit	291,966	506	0.70		333,237	632	0.76	
Total deposits	1,130,294	933	0.33		1,156,355	1,084	0.38	
Borrowings	2,865	2	0.28		9,756	28	1.15	
Total interest-bearing liabilities	1,133,159	935	0.33		1,166,111	1,112	0.38	
Noninterest-bearing deposits	128,162				135,252			
Noninterest-bearing liabilities	17,449				19,554			
Total liabilities	1,278,770				1,320,917			
Equity	174,643				204,709			
Total liabilities and equit	y\$1,453,413				\$1,525,626			
Net interest income		\$11,341				\$14,712		
Net interest rate spread (2	2)		3.25	%			4.04	%
Net interest-earning assets (3)	\$240,696				\$274,036			
Net interest margin (4)			3.31	%			4.11	%
Ratio of interest-earning								
assets to interest-bearing liabilities	121.24 %				123.50 %)		

- (1) Annualized
- Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

Provision for Loan Losses

We establish provisions for loan losses, which are charged to operations in order to maintain the allowance for loan losses at a level we consider necessary to absorb probable incurred credit losses in the loan portfolio. In determining the level of the allowance for loan losses, we consider past and current loss experience, evaluations of real estate collateral, current economic conditions, volume and type of lending, adverse situations that may affect a borrower's ability to repay a loan and the levels of nonperforming and other classified loans. The amount of the allowance is based on estimates and the ultimate losses may vary from such estimates as more information becomes available or events change. We assess the allowance for loan losses on a quarterly basis and make provisions for loan losses in order to maintain the allowance.

The provision for loan losses totaled \$206,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$1.7 million for the same period in 2012. The provision for loan losses is a function of the allowance for loan loss methodology we use to determine the appropriate level of the allowance for inherent loan losses after net charge-offs have been deducted. Net charge-offs were \$562,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$2.5 million for the same period in 2012. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of nonperforming loans was 57.05% at June 30, 2013, compared to 59.24% at March 31, 2013. Loans collectively evaluated for impairment increased \$6.2 million, or 0.6%, to \$998.8 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$992.6 million at March 31, 2013. The related loan loss decreased \$74,000, or 0.46%, to \$15.8 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$15.9 million at March 31, 2013.

A loan balance is classified as a loss and charged-off when it is confirmed that there is no readily apparent source of repayment for the portion of the loan that is classified as loss. Confirmation can occur upon the receipt of updated third-party appraisal valuation information indicating that there is a low probability of repayment upon sale of the collateral, the final disposition of collateral where the net proceeds are insufficient to pay the loan balance in full, our failure to obtain possession of certain consumer-loan collateral within certain time limits specified by applicable federal regulations, the conclusion of legal proceedings where the borrower's obligation to repay is legally discharged (such as a Chapter 7 bankruptcy proceeding), or when it appears that further formal collection procedures are not likely to result in net proceeds in excess of the costs to collect.

Noninterest Income

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2013	2012	Change			
	(Dollars in th	nousands)				
Deposit service charges and fees	\$509	\$521	\$(12)		
Other fee income	410	383	27			
Insurance commissions and annuities income	86	112	(26)		
Gain (loss) on sale of loans, net	(4) 118	(122)		
Loss on disposition of premises and equipment		(157) 157			
Loan servicing fees	114	119	(5)		
Amortization of servicing assets	(85) (67) (18)		
Recovery (impairment) of servicing assets	9	(31) 40			
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	82	120	(38)		
Trust income	183	190	(7)		
Other	205	110	95			
Total noninterest income	\$1,509	\$1,418	\$91			

Noninterest income increased by \$91,000 to \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from \$1.4 million for the same period in 2012. Noninterest income for the three months ended June 30, 2013, included a \$4,000 loss on sale of loans, compared to a \$118,000 gain recorded for the same period in 2012.

Noninterest Expense

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2013	2012	Change			
	(Dollars in tho	ousands)				
Compensation and benefits	\$6,686	\$6,481	\$205			
Office occupancy and equipment	1,805	2,105	(300)		
Advertising and public relations	268	224	44			
Information technology	816	825	(9)		
Supplies, telephone and postage	403	362	41			
Amortization of intangibles	150	157	(7)		
Nonperforming asset management	655	1,117	(462)		
Loss on sale other real estate owned	49	54	(5)		
Valuation adjustments of other real estate owned	141	1,036	(895)		
Operations of other real estate owned	232	601	(369)		
FDIC insurance premiums	477	309	168			
Other	886	773	113			
Total noninterest expense	\$12,568	\$14,044	\$(1,476)		

Noninterest expense decreased by \$1.5 million, or 10.5%, to \$12.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2013, from \$14.0 million for the same period in 2012. Compensation and benefits expense included \$143,000 in severance expense for the three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$3,000 for the same period in 2012. Noninterest expense for three months ended June 30, 2013 included \$1.1 million of nonperforming asset management and OREO expenses, compared to \$2.8 million for the same period in 2012. Nonperforming asset management expenses decreased \$462,000, or 41.4%, to \$655,000 three months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$1.1 million for the same period in 2012, primarily due to the decline in nonperforming assets and a decline in expenses relating to resolutions and accelerated dispositions of nonperforming assets. The three months ended June 30, 2013 included a \$141,000 valuation adjustment to OREO properties, compared to a \$1.0 million valuation adjustment to OREO properties for the same period in 2012. Other noninterest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2013 included a provision of \$86,000 for the establishment of a mortgage representation and warranty reserve for mortgage loans sold. The amount of the warranty and representation reserve was calculated by applying published Fannie Mae data relating to the percentage of loans that it required to be repurchased due to breaches of warranties and representations to the Bank's outstanding sold loans.

Income Taxes

For the three months ended June 30, 2013, we recorded no income tax expense or benefit due to the full valuation allowance we have established for deferred tax assets, compared to an income tax benefit of \$457,000 for 2012. Operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012

Net Income. We had net income of \$754,000 for six months ended June 30, 2013 compared to \$3.1 million for the 2012. Our earnings per share of common stock was \$0.04 per basic and fully diluted share, for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$0.16 per basic and fully diluted share for the same period in 2012.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income was \$23.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$30.1 million for the same period in 2012. The decrease reflected a \$7.5 million decrease in interest income and a \$423,000 decrease in interest expense.

The decrease in net interest income was primarily attributable to a lower level of average interest-earning assets and a decrease in the yield on interest earning assets. Total average interest-earning assets decreased \$70.6 million, or 4.9%, to \$1.376 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from \$1.447 billion for the same period in 2012. Our net interest rate spread decreased by 79 basis points to 3.32% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from 4.11% for the same period in 2012. Our net interest margin decreased by 80 basis points to 3.38% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from 4.18% for the same period in 2012. The decrease in the net interest spread and margin was a result of lower yields on interest earning assets, which was partially offset by a lower cost of funds. The yield on interest

earning assets decreased 85 basis points to 3.66% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from 4.51% for the same period in 2012, and the cost of interest bearing liabilities decreased six basis points to 0.34% for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from 0.40% for the same period in 2012.

Average Balance Sheets

The following table sets forth average balance sheets, average yields and costs, and certain other information. No tax-equivalent yield adjustments were made, as the effect of these adjustments would not be material. Average balances are daily average balances. Nonaccrual loans are included in the computation of average balances, but have been reflected in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. The yields set forth below include the effect of deferred fees and expenses, discounts and premiums, purchase accounting adjustments that are amortized or accreted to interest income or expense.

medific of expense.	For the Six Mo	onths Ended Jur	ne 30,	2012			
	Average			Average			
	Outstanding	Interest	Yield/Rate (1	Outstanding	Interest	Yield/Rate	e ₍₁₎
	Balance			Balance			
	(Dollars in tho	usands)					
Interest-earning Assets:	*	*****					
Loans	\$1,021,709	\$24,132		% \$1,210,376	\$31,424	5.22	%
Securities	65,108	469	1.45	82,732	829	2.02	
Stock in FHLBC	7,414	13	0.35	12,296	13	0.21	
Other	282,259	375	0.27	141,690	192	0.27	
Total interest-earning assets	1,376,490	24,989	3.66	1,447,094	32,458	4.51	
Noninterest-earning assets	81,249			86,544			
Total assets	\$1,457,739			\$1,533,638			
Interest-bearing	Ψ1,.07,702			ψ1,000,000			
Liabilities:							
Savings deposits	\$147,257	75	0.10	\$145,976	74	0.10	
Money market accounts	344,387	607	0.36	344,372	624	0.36	
NOW accounts	346,476	200	0.12	332,384	202	0.12	
Certificates of deposit	296,223	1,037	0.71	344,516	1,398	0.82	
Total deposits	1,134,343	1,919	0.34	1,167,248	2,298	0.40	
Borrowings	3,025	10	0.67	9,471	54	1.15	
Total interest-bearing				•			
liabilities	1,137,368	1,929	0.34	1,176,719	2,352	0.40	
Noninterest-bearing deposits	128,263			133,591			
Noninterest-bearing liabilities	17,404			19,501			
Total liabilities	1,283,035			1,329,811			
Equity	174,704			203,827			
Total liabilities and equit	•			\$1,533,638			
Net interest income	yψ1, 1 37,737	\$23,060		φ1,555,050	\$30,106		
Net interest rate spread (2	2)	\$23,000	3.32	%	\$50,100	4.11	%
Net interest-earning	,		3.32	o o		4.11	70
assets (3)	\$239,122			\$270,375			
Net interest margin ⁽⁴⁾			3.38	%		4.18	%
Ratio of interest-earning			5.50			7.10	70
assets to interest-bearing	121.02 %			122.98	1		
liabilities	141.04 %	,		144.70 %	U		
naomues							

- (1) Annualized
- Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the yield on average interest-earning assets and the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities.
- (3) Net interest-earning assets represents total interest-earning assets less total interest-bearing liabilities.
- (4) Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses totaled \$928,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$2.7 million for the same period in 2012. The provision for loan losses is a function of the allowance for loan loss methodology we use to determine the appropriate level of the allowance for inherent loan losses after net charge-offs have been deducted. Net charge-offs were \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$3.6 million for the same period in 2012. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of nonperforming loans was 57.05% at June 30, 2013, compared to 64.39% at December 31, 2012. Loans collectively evaluated for impairment decreased \$20.5 million, or 2.0%, to \$998.8 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$1.019 billion at December 31, 2012. The related loan loss decreased \$493,000, or 3.0%, to \$15.8 million at June 30, 2013, compared to \$16.3 million at December 31, 2012. A loan balance is classified as a loss and charged-off when it is confirmed that there is no readily apparent source of repayment for the portion of the loan that is classified as loss. Confirmation can occur upon the receipt of updated third-party appraisal valuation information indicating that there is a low probability of repayment upon sale of the collateral, the final disposition of collateral where the net proceeds are insufficient to pay the loan balance in full, our failure to obtain possession of certain consumer-loan collateral within certain time limits specified by applicable federal regulations, the conclusion of legal proceedings where the borrower's obligation to repay is legally discharged (such as a Chapter 7 bankruptcy proceeding), or when it appears that further formal collection procedures are not likely to result in net proceeds in excess of the costs to collect.

3 T	~
Noninterest	Income
Nonniciost	IIICOIIIC

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2013	2012	Change	
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Deposit service charges and fees	\$1,008	\$1,078	\$(70)
Other fee income	785	768	17	
Insurance commissions and annuities income	195	234	(39)
Gain on sale of loans, net	1,413	385	1,028	
Loss on disposition of premises and equipment	_	(157	157	
Loan servicing fees	237	247	(10)
Amortization of servicing assets	(144)	(136	8 (8)
Recovery (impairment) of servicing assets	35	(44	79	
Earnings on bank owned life insurance	152	246	(94)
Trust income	364	374	(10)
Other	330	255	75	
Total noninterest income	\$4,375	\$3,250	\$1,125	

Noninterest income increased by \$1.1 million to \$4.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from \$3.3 million for 2012. Noninterest income for the six months ended June 30, 2013, included \$1.4 million gain on sale of loans which included recurring loan sale activity combined with the completion of the sale of the owner-occupied and investor-owned one-to-four family residential loans that we designated as held for sale at December 31, 2012. The completion of this sale represented approximately \$1.3 million of the \$1.6 million gain on sale of loans that we recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

Noninterest Expense

r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Six Months	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,	June 30,			
	2013	2012	Change		
	(Dollars in t	(Dollars in thousands)			
Compensation and benefits	\$13,438	\$13,160	\$278		
Office occupancy and equipment	3,753	4,137	(384)	
Advertising and public relations	414	330	84		
Information technology	1,565	1,673	(108)	
Supplies, telephone and postage	864	752	112		
Amortization of intangibles	306	320	(14)	
Nonperforming asset management	1,349	2,357	(1,008)	
Loss (gain) on sale other real estate owned	118	(84) 202		
Valuation adjustments of other real estate owned	230	1,425	(1,195)	
Operations of other real estate owned	585	902	(317)	
FDIC insurance premiums	969	657	312		
Other	2,162	1,851	311		
Total noninterest expense	\$25,753	\$27,480	\$(1,727)	

Noninterest expense decreased by \$1.7 million, or 6.3%, to \$25.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2013, from \$27.5 million for the same period in 2012. Compensation and benefits expense included \$143,000 in severance expense for the six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$35,000 for the same period in 2012. Noninterest expense for six months ended June 30, 2013 included \$2.3 million of nonperforming asset management and OREO expenses, compared to \$4.6 million for the same period in 2012. Nonperforming asset management expenses decreased \$1.0 million, or 42.8%, to \$1.3 million six months ended June 30, 2013, compared to \$2.4 million for the same period in 2012, primarily due to the decline in nonperforming assets and a decline in expenses relating to resolutions and accelerated dispositions of nonperforming assets. The six months ended June 30, 2013 included a \$230,000 valuation adjustment to OREO properties, compared to a \$1.4 million valuation adjustment to OREO properties for the same period in 2012. Noninterest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2013 also included the payment of \$203,000 of settlements concerning two sold mortgage loans. The first settlement was based on our inclusion of an ineligible retirement plan in calculating the borrower's available liquidity, and the second involved a servicing error relating to the premature termination of private mortgage insurance. The six months ended June 30, 2013 included a provision of \$86,000 for the establishment of a mortgage representation and warranty reserve for mortgage loans sold. The amount of the warranty and representation reserve was calculated by applying published Fannie Mae data relating to the percentage of loans that it required to be repurchased due to breaches of warranties and representations to the Bank's outstanding sold loans.

Income Taxes

For the six months ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, we recorded no income tax expense or benefit due to the full valuation allowance we established for deferred tax assets.

Nonperforming Loans and Assets

We review loans on a regular basis, and generally place loans on nonaccrual status when either principal or interest is 90 days or more past due. In addition, the Company places loans on nonaccrual status when we do not expect to receive full payment of interest or principal. Interest accrued and unpaid at the time a loan is placed on nonaccrual status is reversed from interest income. Interest payments received on nonaccrual loans are recognized in accordance with our significant accounting policies. Once a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, the borrower must generally demonstrate at least six months of payment performance before the loan is eligible to return to accrual status. We may have loans classified as 90 days or more delinquent and still accruing. Generally, we do not utilize this category of loan classification unless: (1) the loan is repaid in full shortly after the period end date; (2) the loan is well secured and there are no asserted or pending legal barriers to its collection; or (3) the borrower has remitted all scheduled

payments and is otherwise in substantial compliance with the terms of the loan, but the processing of loan payments actually received or the renewal of the loan has not occurred for administrative reasons. At June 30, 2013, we had one loan totaling \$234,000 in this category.

We typically obtain new third-party appraisals or collateral valuations when we place a loan on nonaccrual status, conduct impairment testing or conduct a TDR unless the existing valuation information for the collateral is sufficiently current to comply

with the requirements of our Appraisal and Collateral Valuation Policy ("ACV Policy"). We also obtain new third–party appraisals or collateral valuations when the judicial foreclosure process concludes with respect to real estate collateral, and when we otherwise acquire actual or constructive title to real estate collateral. In addition to third–party appraisals, we use updated valuation information based on Multiple Listing Service data, broker opinions of value, actual sales prices of similar assets sold by us and approved sales prices in response to offers to purchase similar assets owned by us to provide interim valuation information for consolidated financial statement and management purposes. Our ACV Policy establishes the maximum useful life of a real estate appraisal at 18 months. Because appraisals and updated valuations utilize historical or "ask–side" data in reaching valuation conclusions, the appraised or updated valuation may or may not reflect the actual sales price that we will receive at the time of sale.

Real estate appraisals may include up to three approaches to value: the sales comparison approach, the income approach (for income-producing property) and the cost approach. Not all appraisals utilize all three approaches. Depending on the nature of the collateral and market conditions, we may emphasize one approach over another in determining the fair value of real estate collateral. Appraisals may also contain different estimates of value based on the level of occupancy or planned future improvements. "As-is" valuations represent an estimate of value based on current market conditions with no changes to the use or condition of the real estate collateral. "As-stabilized" or "as-completed" valuations assume the real estate collateral will be improved to a stated standard or achieve its highest and best use in terms of occupancy. "As-stabilized" or "as-completed" valuations may be subject to a present value adjustment for market conditions or the schedule of improvements.

As part of the asset classification process, we develop an exit strategy for real estate collateral or OREO by assessing overall market conditions, the current use and condition of the asset, and its highest and best use. For most income-producing real estate, we believe that investors value most highly a stable income stream from the asset; consequently, we perform a comparative evaluation to determine whether conducting a sale on an "as-is", "as-stabilized" or "as-improved" basis is most likely to produce the highest net realizable value. If we determine that the "as-stabilized" or "as-improved" basis is appropriate, we then complete the necessary improvements or tenant stabilization tasks, with the applicable time value discount and improvement expenses incorporated into our estimates of the expected costs to sell. As of June 30, 2013, substantially all impaired real estate loan collateral and OREO were valued on an "as-is basis." Estimates of the net realizable value of real estate collateral also include a deduction for the expected costs to sell the collateral or such other deductions from the cash flows resulting from the operation and liquidation of the asset as are appropriate. For most real estate collateral subject to the judicial foreclosure process, we apply a 10.0% deduction to the value of the asset to determine the expected costs to sell the asset. This estimate includes one year of real estate taxes, sales commissions and miscellaneous repair and closing costs. If we receive a purchase offer that requires unbudgeted repairs, or if the expected resolution period for the asset exceeds one year, we then include, on a case-by-case basis, the costs of the additional real estate taxes and repairs and any other material holding costs in the expected costs to sell the collateral. For OREO, we only apply a 7.0% deduction to determine the expected costs to sell, as expenses for real estate taxes and repairs are expensed when incurred.

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Nonperforming Assets Summary

The following table below sets forth the amounts and categories of our nonperforming loans and nonperforming assets.

	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Quarter Change	Six Months Change
	(Dollars in t		2012	Change	Change
Namasamusl lagras	(Donars III t	nousanus)			
Nonaccrual loans:					
One-to-four family residential	\$5,399	\$5,988	\$ 7,299	\$(589) \$(1,900)
Multi-family mortgage	12,204	10,822	3,517	1,382	8,687
Nonresidential real estate	7,037	6,182	8,985	855	(1,948)
Construction and land	1,601	1,575	2,210	26	(609)
Commercial	689	883	256	(194) 433
Consumer	1	11		(10) 1
	26,931	25,461	22,267	1,470	4,664
Loans held-for-sale	15	15	1,752		(1,737)
Other real estate owned:					
One-to-four family residential	1,316	1,515	1,760	(199) (444)
Multi-family mortgage					