ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST INC

Form 10-Q August 09, 2018

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF \mathfrak{p}_{1934}

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2018

OR

..TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number: 001-31775

ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland 86-1062192

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (IRS employer identification number)

14185 Dallas Parkway, Suite 1100

Dallas, Texas 75254 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(972) 490-9600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. b Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). \flat Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer b

Non-accelerated filer "(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company"

Emerging growth company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) if the Exchange Act. "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). " Yes \flat No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date

Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share 98,612,117

(Class) Outstanding at August 7, 2018

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

(manuface, in the seames, encept share and per share announce)	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Assets		
Investments in hotel properties, net	\$4,109,720	\$4,035,915
Cash and cash equivalents	417,359	354,805
Restricted cash	135,419	116,787
Marketable securities	24,072	26,926
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$540 and \$770, respectively	57,852	44,257
Inventories	4,277	4,244
Investment in unconsolidated entities	4,204	2,955
Deferred costs, net	2,746	2,777
Prepaid expenses	23,052	19,269
Derivative assets, net	3,209	2,010
Other assets	18,993	14,152
Intangible assets, net	9,884	9,943
Due from third-party hotel managers	20,860	17,387
Assets held for sale	_	18,423
Total assets	\$4,831,647	\$4,669,850
Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities:		
Indebtedness, net	\$3,948,020	\$3,696,300
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	141,986	132,401
Dividends and distributions payable	27,240	25,045
Due to Ashford Inc., net	17,748	15,146
Due to related party, net	388	1,067
Due to third-party hotel managers	2,454	2,431
Intangible liabilities, net	15,661	15,839
Other liabilities	19,708	18,376
Liabilities related to assets held for sale	_	13,977
Total liabilities	4,173,205	3,920,582
Commitments and contingencies (note 14)	,	
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in operating partnership	146,249	116,122
Equity:	,	,
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized:		
Series D Cumulative Preferred Stock, 2,389,393 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,	2.4	2.4
2018 and December 31, 2017	24	24
Series F Cumulative Preferred Stock, 4,800,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,	40	40
2018 and December 31, 2017	48	48
Series G Cumulative Preferred Stock, 6,200,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,		
2018 and December 31, 2017	_	62
Series H Cumulative Preferred Stock, 3,800,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,	20	20
2018 and December 31, 2017	38	38
Series I Cumulative Preferred Stock, 5,400,000 shares issued and outstanding at June 30,	E 4	5 A
2018 and December 31, 2017	54	54

Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, 98,612,117 and 97,409,113 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, 986 974 respectively Additional paid-in capital 1,793,869 1,784,997 Accumulated deficit (1,283,516) (1,153,697) Total stockholders' equity of the Company 511,565 632,500 Noncontrolling interests in consolidated entities 628 646 Total equity 512,193 633,146 Total liabilities and equity \$4,831,647 \$4,669,850 See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Six Month June 30,	s Ended
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue				
Rooms	\$309,381	\$311,205	\$580,074	\$587,910
Food and beverage	60,429	63,842	115,473	126,692
Other hotel revenue	18,558	14,948	34,049	28,714
Total hotel revenue	388,368	389,995	729,596	743,316
Other	796	675	1,775	1,063
Total revenue	389,164	390,670	731,371	744,379
Expenses				
Hotel operating expenses:				
Rooms	64,214	65,034	123,300	124,907
Food and beverage	40,156	42,276	78,621	84,446
Other expenses	116,254	113,824	222,637	225,557
Management fees	14,371	14,247	27,108	27,073
Total hotel expenses	234,995	235,381	451,666	461,983
Property taxes, insurance, and other	20,230	18,766	38,589	37,099
Depreciation and amortization	64,566	60,547	127,613	125,245
Impairment charges	19	_	1,679	
Transaction costs	9	8	11	11
Advisory services fee	23,079	14,229	40,156	24,870
Corporate general and administrative	3,231	3,254	5,360	8,424
Total expenses	346,129	332,185	665,074	657,632
Operating income (loss)	43,035	58,485	66,297	86,747
Equity in earnings (loss) of unconsolidated entities	1,170	(2,138	582	(2,901)
Interest income	883	546	1,629	754
Gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties	412	14,092	403	14,009
Other income (expense)	206	(146	282	(3,266)
Interest expense and amortization of premiums and loan costs	(58,206)	(54,956	(112,949)	(110,261)
Write-off of premiums, loan costs and exit fees	(5,694)	(1,575) (7,744	(1,629)
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	(268	(531) (826	(3,877)
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives	(1,916	(1,743) (1,587	(325)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(20,378)	12,034	(53,913)	(20,749)
Income tax (expense) benefit	(2,973)	(1,606) (2,087	(760)
Net income (loss)	(23,351)	10,428	(56,000)	(21,509)
(Income) loss from consolidated entities attributable to noncontrolling interest	(20	(13) 18	18
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests in operating partnership	5,065	(231	11,405	6,262
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	(18,306)	10,184	(44,577)	(15,229)
Preferred dividends	(10,644)			(21,912)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$(28,950)) \$(65,865)	
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Income (loss) per share - basic and diluted:

Basic:

Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic Diluted:	\$(0.30 96,889) \$(0.01 95,320) \$(0.69 96,137) \$(0.40 95,086)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted	\$(0.30 96,889) \$(0.01 95,320) \$(0.69 96,137) \$(0.40 95,086)
Dividends declared per common share See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	\$0.12	\$0.12	\$0.24	\$0.24	

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (unaudited, in thousands)

	Three Mo	onths	Six Months Ended			
	Ended Jur	ne 30,	June 30,			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Net income (loss)	\$(23,351)	\$10,428	\$(56,000)	\$(21,509)		
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:						
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	_		_			
Comprehensive income (loss)	(23,351)	10,428	(56,000)	(21,509)		
Less: Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest in consolidated entities	(20) (13	18	18		
Less: Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests in operating partnership	5,065	(231)	11,405	6,262		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the Company	\$(18,306)	\$10,184	\$(44,577)	\$(15,229)		
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.						

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY (unaudited. in thousands)

(unaudited, in thousands) Preferred Stock Noncon															
	Series	3 D	Series	; F	Series	; G	Series	s H	Series	; I	Commo Stock		Additional Paid-in	Accumulated Deficit	Interests In 7
	Shares	sAmo	o Sht are:	sAmo	o Sht ares	sAmo	o Sht are	sAmo	o Sht are	sAmo	o Sht ares	Amou	Capital Int		Consolic Entities
Balance at January 1, 2018	2,389	\$24	4,800	\$48	6,200	\$62	, 3,800	\$38	5,400	\$54	97,409	\$974	\$1,784,997	\$(1,153,697)	\$646
Purchases of common stock	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(249)) (3)	(1,595)) —	
Equity-based compensation		_		_		_	_	_		_	_	_	10,411	_	_
Forfeitures of restricted shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(38)) —	_	_	_ ·
Issuance of restricted shares/units Cost for	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,490	15	108	_	_
issuances of preferred shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(52)) —	_
Dividends declared - common shares	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(23,918)	_
Dividends declared - preferred shares- Series D	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,524)	_
Dividends declared – preferred shares- Series F	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,425)	_
Dividends declared – preferred shares- Series G	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(5,715)	_
Dividends declared – preferred shares- Series	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,562)	_

Н															
Dividends															
declared -											_	_	_	(5,062)
preferred	_	_	_	_	_		_		_	_	_			(3,002	<i>)</i> —
shares- Series I	Ĺ														
Distributions															
to															
noncontrolling															
interests															
Redemption															
value	_	—	_	—						—				(40,036) —
adjustment															
Net income					_						_			(44,577) (18)
(loss)														(• -,- · ·	/ (/
Balance at	2,389	\$24	4,800	\$48	6,200	\$62	3,800	\$38	5,400	\$54	98,612	\$986	\$1,793,869	\$(1,283,516	6) \$628
June 30, 2018							- /		- /		/		. , ,	, , ,	- / .
See Notes to C	onsoli	Jated	Financ	sial S ^t	tateme	nts.									

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, in thousands)

(unautrea, in theusanas)	Six Month June 30, 2018	s Ended 2017	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	2010	2017	
Net income (loss)	\$(56,000	\$(21,509))
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash flow from operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	127,613	125,245	
Impairment charges	1,679		
Amortization of intangibles	(119	(119)
Recognition of deferred income	` ,	(317)
Bad debt expense	909	681	
Deferred income tax expense (benefit)	490	(196)
Equity in (earnings) loss of unconsolidated entities	(582	2,901	
(Gain) loss on sale of hotel properties, net	(403	(14,009)
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on marketable securities	677	4,003	
Purchases of marketable securities	(11,161	(34,776)
Sales of marketable securities	13,338	64,688	
Net settlement of trading derivatives	309	(1,242)
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on derivatives	1,587	3,858	
Amortization of loan costs and premiums, write-off of premiums, loan costs and exit fees	15,549	8,418	
Equity-based compensation	16,803	4,138	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, exclusive of the effect of acquisitions and			
dispositions of hotel properties:			
Accounts receivable and inventories	(14,679	(10,641)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(7,206	(6,816)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,248	17,387	
Due to/from related party	(1,686	830	
Due to/from third-party hotel managers	(3,389	(6,279)
Due to/from Braemar OP, net		(489)
Due to/from Ashford Inc., net	2,602	(2,123))
Other liabilities	1,698	1,547	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	98,989	135,180	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Investment in unconsolidated entity		(650)
Acquisition of hotel properties and assets, net of cash and restricted acquired	(111,777)	-)
Improvements and additions to hotel properties		(110,057)
Net proceeds from sales of assets and hotel properties	40,938	105,267	
Liquidation of AQUA U.S. Fund	_	50,942	
Payments for initial franchise fees) (225)
Proceeds from property insurance	651	2,192	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(188,704)	47,359	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	0.700.001	100.000	
Borrowings on indebtedness	2,733,201		
Repayments of indebtedness		3 (244,233)
Payments for loan costs and exit fees	(54,438	-)
Payments for dividends and distributions	(47,837) (49,122)

Purchases of common stock	(1,598)	(1,274)
Payments for derivatives	` ' '	(550)
Payments from preferred stock offering	(52)	
Other	53	94
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	170,421	(120,075)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	80,706	62,464
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	472,072	492,473
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash and at end of period	\$552,778	\$554,937
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	Six Montl June 30,	ns Ended
	2018	2017
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Interest paid	\$106,238	\$103,159
Income taxes paid (refunded)	1,154	1,455
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activity		
Accrued but unpaid capital expenditures	\$15,971	\$12,818
Non-cash dividends paid	123	_
Dividends and distributions declared but not paid	27,240	26,185
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$354,805	\$347,091
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period included in assets held for sale	78	976
Restricted cash at beginning of period	116,787	144,014
Restricted cash at beginning of period included in assets held for sale	402	392
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	\$472,072	\$492,473
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$417,359	\$404,435
Restricted cash at end of period	135,419	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period		\$554,937
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. Organization and Description of Business

Ashford Hospitality Trust, Inc., together with its subsidiaries ("Ashford Trust"), is a real estate investment trust ("REIT") focused on investing in full-service hotels in the upscale and upper upscale segments in domestic and international markets that have revenue per available room ("RevPAR") generally less than twice the U.S. national average, and in all methods including direct real estate, equity, and debt. We own our lodging investments and conduct our business through Ashford Hospitality Limited Partnership ("Ashford Trust OP"), our operating partnership. Ashford OP General Partner LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ashford Trust, serves as the sole general partner of our operating partnership. In this report, terms such as the "Company," "we," "us," or "our" refer to Ashford Hospitality Trust, Inc. and all entities included in its consolidated financial statements.

We are advised by Ashford Hospitality Advisors LLC ("Ashford LLC"), a subsidiary of Ashford Inc., through an advisory agreement. All of the hotel properties in our portfolio are currently asset-managed by Ashford LLC. We do not have any employees. All of the services that might be provided by employees are provided to us by Ashford LLC. As of June 30, 2018, we owned interests in the following assets:

118 consolidated hotel properties, including 116 directly owned and two owned through a majority-owned investment in a consolidated entity, which represent 24,930 total rooms (or 24,903 net rooms excluding those attributable to our partner);

- 90 hotel condominium units at WorldQuest Resort in Orlando, Florida ("WorldQuest");
- a 28.4% ownership in Ashford Inc. common stock with a carrying value of \$1.3 million and a fair value of \$38.8 million; and
- a 16.3% ownership in OpenKey with a carrying value of \$2.9 million.

For federal income tax purposes, we have elected to be treated as a REIT, which imposes limitations related to operating hotels. As of June 30, 2018, our 118 hotel properties were leased or owned by our wholly-owned or majority-owned subsidiaries that are treated as taxable REIT subsidiaries for federal income tax purposes (collectively, these subsidiaries are referred to as "Ashford TRS"). Ashford TRS then engages third-party or affiliated hotel management companies to operate the hotels under management contracts. Hotel operating results related to these properties are included in the consolidated statements of operations.

As of June 30, 2018, Remington Lodging & Hospitality, LLC, together with its affiliates ("Remington Lodging"), which is beneficially wholly owned by Mr. Monty J. Bennett, our Chairman, and Mr. Archie Bennett, Jr., our Chairman Emeritus, managed 80 of our 118 hotel properties and WorldQuest Resort. Third-party management companies managed the remaining hotel properties.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation—The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Ashford Hospitality Trust, Inc., its majority-owned subsidiaries, and its majority-owned joint ventures in which it has a controlling interest. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions between consolidated entities have been eliminated in these consolidated financial statements. We have condensed or omitted certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements presented in accordance with GAAP in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements. We believe the disclosures made herein are adequate to prevent the information presented from being misleading. However, the financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in our 2017 Annual Report to Stockholders on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange

Commission ("SEC") on March 14, 2018.

Ashford Trust OP is considered to be a variable interest entity ("VIE"), as defined by authoritative accounting guidance. A VIE must be consolidated by a reporting entity if the reporting entity is the primary beneficiary because it has (i) the power to direct the VIE's activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE. All major decisions related to Ashford Trust OP that most significantly impact its economic performance, including but not limited to operating procedures with respect to business affairs and any acquisitions, dispositions, financings, restructurings or other transactions with sellers, purchasers, lenders, brokers, agents and other applicable representatives, are subject to the approval of our wholly-owned subsidiary, Ashford Trust OP General Partner LLC, its general partner. As such, we consolidate Ashford Trust OP.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(unaudited)

Historical seasonality patterns at some of our hotel properties cause fluctuations in our overall operating results. Consequently, operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2018.

The following acquisitions and dispositions affect reporting comparability of our consolidated financial statements:

Hotel Property	Location	Туре	Date
Renaissance	Portsmouth, VA	Disposition	February 1, 2017
Embassy Suites	Syracuse, NY	Disposition	March 6, 2017
Crowne Plaza Ravinia	Atlanta, GA	Disposition	June 29, 2017
SpringHill Suites	Glen Allen, VA	Disposition	February 20, 2018
SpringHill Suites	Centreville, VA	Disposition	May 1, 2018
Residence Inn Tampa	Tampa, FL	Disposition	May 10, 2018
Hilton Alexandria Old Town	Alexandria, VA	Acquisition	June 29, 2018

Use of Estimates—The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted Cash—Restricted cash includes reserves for debt service, real estate taxes, and insurance, as well as excess cash flow deposits and reserves for furniture, fixtures, and equipment replacements of approximately 4% to 6% of property revenue for certain hotels, as required by certain management or mortgage debt agreement restrictions and provisions.

Impairment of Investments in Hotel Properties—Hotel properties are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Recoverability of the hotel is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the hotel to the estimated future undiscounted cash flows, which take into account current market conditions and our intent with respect to holding or disposing of the hotel. If our analysis indicates that the carrying value of the hotel is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, we recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the property's net book value exceeds its estimated fair value, or fair value, less cost to sell. In evaluating impairment of hotel properties, we make many assumptions and estimates, including projected cash flows, expected holding period, and expected useful life. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques, including internally developed discounted cash flow models, comparable market transactions and third-party appraisals, where considered necessary. Asset write-downs resulting from property damage are recorded up to the amount of the allocable property insurance deductible in the period that the property damage occurs. See note 5.

Hotel Dispositions—Discontinued operations are defined as the disposal of components of an entity that represents strategic shifts that have (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. We believe that individual dispositions of hotel properties do not represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on our operations and financial results as most will not fit the definition.

Assets Held for Sale—We classify assets as held for sale when we have obtained a firm commitment from a buyer, and consummation of the sale is considered probable and expected within one year. The related operations of assets held

for sale are reported as discontinued if the disposal is a component of an entity that represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on our operations and cash flows. Depreciation and amortization will cease as of the date assets have met the criteria to be deemed held for sale. See note 5.

Investments in Unconsolidated Entities—Investments in entities in which we have ownership interests ranging from 16.3% to 28.4%, at June 30, 2018, are accounted for under the equity method of accounting by recording the initial investment and our percentage of interest in the entities' net income/loss. We review the investments in our unconsolidated entities for impairment in each reporting period pursuant to the applicable authoritative accounting guidance. An investment is impaired when its estimated fair value is less than the carrying amount of our investment. Any impairment is recorded in equity in earnings (loss) in unconsolidated entities. No such impairment was recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Our investments in certain unconsolidated entities are considered to be variable interests in the underlying entities. Each VIE, as defined by authoritative accounting guidance, must be consolidated by a reporting entity if the reporting entity is the primary beneficiary because it has (i) the power to direct the VIE's activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance,

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(ii) an implicit financial responsibility to ensure that a VIE operates as designed, and (iii) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE. Because we do not have the power and financial responsibility to direct the unconsolidated entities' activities and operations, we are not considered to be the primary beneficiary of these entities on an ongoing basis and therefore such entities should not be consolidated. In evaluating VIEs, our analysis involves considerable management judgment and assumptions.

Equity-Based Compensation—Stock/unit-based compensation for non-employees is accounted for at fair value based on the market price of the shares at period end in accordance with applicable authoritative accounting guidance that results in recording expense, included in "advisory services fee" and "management fees" equal to the fair value of the award in proportion to the requisite service period satisfied during the period. Performance stock units ("PSUs") and performance-based Long-Term Incentive Plan ("Performance LTIP") units granted to certain executive officers are accounted for at fair value at period end based on a Monte Carlo simulation valuation model that results in recording expense, included in "advisory services fee," equal to the fair value of the award in proportion to the requisite service period satisfied during the period. Stock/unit grants to independent directors are recorded at fair value based on the market price of the shares at grant date, which amount is fully expensed as the grants of stock/units are fully vested on the date of grant.

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards—In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model, which requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration the company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The update replaces most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue From Contracts With Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which defers the effective date to fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The standard permits the use of either the full retrospective or cumulative effect (modified retrospective) transition method. This standard, referred to as "Topic 606," does not materially affect the amount or timing of revenue recognition for revenues from room, food and beverage, and other hotel level sales. Additionally, we have historically disposed of hotel properties for cash sales with no contingencies and no future involvement in the hotel operations. Therefore, Topic 606 does not impact the recognition of hotel sales. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018, under the modified retrospective method, and the adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. See related disclosures in note 3.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"), which requires an entity to: (i) measure equity investments at fair value through net income, with certain exceptions; (ii) present in other comprehensive income the changes in instrument-specific credit risk for financial liabilities measured using the fair value option; (iii) present financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset; (iv) calculate the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes based on an exit price and; (v) assess a valuation allowance on deferred tax assets related to unrealized losses of AFS debt securities in combination with other deferred tax assets. ASU 2016-01 provides an election to subsequently measure certain nonmarketable equity investments at cost less any impairment and adjusted for certain observable price changes. It also requires a qualitative impairment assessment of such equity investments and amends certain fair value disclosure requirements. ASU 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Certain provisions of ASU 2016-01 are eligible for early adoption. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments - a Consensus of the Emerging Issues Task Force ("ASU 2016-15"). The new guidance is intended to reduce diversity in practice in how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. Certain issues addressed in this guidance include - debt payments or debt extinguishment costs, contingent

consideration payments made after a business combination, proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims, distributions received from equity method investments and beneficial interests in securitization transactions. ASU 2016-15 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018 on a prospective basis as there were no required changes as a result of adoption. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated statements of cash flows.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805) - Clarifying the Definition of a Business ("ASU 2017-01"), which clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether a transaction should be accounted for as an acquisition (or disposal) of an asset or a business. ASU 2017-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. We adopted this standard effective January

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1, 2018. Under the new standard, certain future hotel acquisitions may be considered asset acquisitions rather than business combinations, which would affect capitalization of acquisitions costs (such costs are expensed for business combinations and capitalized for asset acquisitions). Asset acquisitions are accounted for by allocating the cost of the acquisition to the individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed on a relative fair value basis. We concluded that our hotel acquisition completed in the second quarter of 2018 is the acquisition of assets because substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired were concentrated in a single identifiable asset or a group of similar identifiable assets. As such, acquisition costs were capitalized as part of the transaction. As such, acquisition costs were capitalized as part of the transaction. (see note 4).

In February 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-05, Other Income-Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets (Subtopic 610-20): Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets (ASU "2017-05"), which clarifies the scope of ASC Subtopic 610-20, Other Income-Gains and Losses from the Derecognition of Nonfinancial Assets and adds guidance for partial sales of nonfinancial assets. ASU 2017-05 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. An entity may elect to apply ASU 2017-05 under a retrospective or modified retrospective method. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2018, under the modified retrospective method. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. Recently Issued Accounting Standards—In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases ("ASU 2016-02"). The new standard establishes a right-of-use ("ROU") model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-10, Codification Improvements to Topic 842, Leases ("ASU 2018-10") and ASU 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842), Targeted Improvements ("ASU 2018-11"), The amendments in ASU 2018-10 affect only narrow aspects of the guidance issued in the amendments in ASU 2016-02, including but not limited to lease residual value guarantee, rate implicit in the lease, lease term and purchase option and etc. The amendments in ASU 2018-11 provide an optional transition method for adoption of the new standard, which will allow entities to continue to apply the legacy guidance in ASC 840, including its disclosure requirements, in the comparative periods presented in the year of adoption. ASU 2016-02 is effective for annual and interim periods for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, which will require us to adopt these provisions in the first quarter of 2019 on a modified retrospective basis. The accounting for leases under which we are the lessor remains largely unchanged. While we continue evaluating our lease portfolio to assess the impact that ASU 2016-02 will have on our consolidated financial statements, we expect the primary impact to our consolidated financial statements upon adoption will be the recognition, on a discounted basis, of our future minimum rentals due under noncancelable leases on our consolidated balance sheets resulting in the recording of ROU assets and lease obligations. We disclosed \$123.7 million in undiscounted future minimum rentals due under non-cancelable leases in note 12 of our most recent 10-K. We are involving our property managers and implementing repeatable processes to manage ongoing lease data collection and analysis, and evaluating accounting policies and internal controls that will be impacted by the new standards.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("ASU 2016-13"). The ASU sets forth an "expected credit loss" impairment model to replace the current "incurred loss" method of recognizing credit losses. The standard requires measurement and recognition of expected credit losses for most financial assets held. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. We are currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2016-13 will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-07, Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2018-07"). ASU 2018-07 expands the scope of Topic 718 to include share-based payment transactions for acquiring goods and services from non-employees and aligns the

guidance for share-based payments to non-employees with the requirements for share-based payments granted to employees. ASU 2018-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2018-07 will have on the consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and expect that the associated compensation expense of the majority of our equity awards will be based on the grant date fair value.

3. Revenue

On January 1, 2018, we adopted Topic 606 using the modified retrospective method. As the adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements, no adjustments to opening retained earnings were made as of January 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018, are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with our historic accounting under ASC Topic 605-Revenue Recognition.

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Rooms revenue represents revenue from the occupancy of our hotel rooms and is driven by the occupancy and average daily rate charged. Rooms revenue includes revenue for guest no-shows, day use, and early/late departure fees. The contracts for room stays with customers are generally short in duration and revenues are recognized as services are provided over the course of the hotel stay.

Food & Beverage ("F&B") revenue consists of revenue from the restaurants and lounges at our hotel properties, In-room dining and mini-bars revenue, and banquet/catering revenue from group and social functions. Other F&B revenue may include revenue from audio-visual equipment/services, rental of function rooms, and other F&B related revenue. Revenue is recognized as the services or products are provided. Our hotel properties may employ third parties to provide certain services at the property, for example, audio visual services. We evaluate each of these contracts to determine if the hotel is the principal or the agent in the transaction, and record the revenue as appropriate (i.e. gross vs. net).

Other revenue consists of ancillary revenue at the property, including attrition and cancellation fees, resort and destination fees, spas, parking, entertainment and other guest services, as well as rental revenue; primarily consisting of leased retail outlets at our hotel properties. Attrition and cancellation fees are recognized for non-cancellable deposits when the customer provides notification of cancellation within established management policy time frames. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recorded \$1.9 million and \$2.5 million of business interruption income for the St. Petersburg Hilton and Key West Crowne Plaza related to a settlement for lost profits from the BP Deepwater Horizon oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico in 2010.

Taxes collected from customers and submitted to taxing authorities are not recorded in revenue. Interest income is recognized when earned. We discontinue recording interest and amortizing discounts/premiums when the contractual payment of interest and/or principal is not received when contractually due.

The following tables presents our revenue disaggregated by geographical areas (in thousands):

reserves grantes provide a constant	Three Months Ended June 30, 2018							
	Nun	nber	Food and	Other				
Primary Geographical Market	of	Rooms		Hotel	Other	Total		
	Hote	els	Deverage	110161				
Atlanta, GA Area	9	\$17,029	\$ 3,993	\$1,404	\$	\$22,426		
Boston, MA Area	3	17,606	2,116	905		20,627		
Dallas / Ft. Worth Area	7	16,534	4,229	919		21,682		
Houston, TX Area	3	7,249	2,571	204		10,024		
Los Angeles, CA Metro Area	6	19,995	3,763	1,233		24,991		
Miami, FL Metro Area	3	6,948	2,521	238		9,707		
Minneapolis - St. Paul, MN-WI Area	4	9,454	2,618	1,251		13,323		
Nashville, TN Area	1	14,319	3,530	368		18,217		
New York / New Jersey Metro Area	6	20,712	7,199	619		28,530		
Orlando, FL Area	3	7,179	418	336		7,933		
Philadelphia, PA Area	3	6,782	1,196	236		8,214		
San Diego, CA Area	2	4,823	261	254		5,338		
San Francisco - Oakland, CA Metro Area	6	21,394	1,598	628		23,620		
Tampa, FL Area	2	5,489	1,568	251		7,308		
Washington DC - MD - VA Area	9	35,084	6,653	1,573		43,310		
Other Areas	51	96,657	16,151	7,796		120,604		
Orlando WorldQuest	—	1,182	44	306		1,532		
Sold properties	2	945		37		982		
Corporate					796	796		
Total	120	\$309,381	\$60,429	\$18,558	\$796	\$389,164		

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2017					
Primary Geographical Market	Nui of Hot	mber Rooms tels	Food and Beverage		Other	Total
Atlanta, GA Area	9	\$16,887	\$4,209	\$1,289	\$ —	\$22,385
Boston, MA Area	3	18,342	2,264	817		21,423
Dallas / Ft. Worth Area	7	15,691	4,665	846		21,202
Houston, TX Area	3	7,024	2,280	202		9,506
Los Angeles, CA Metro Area	6	19,675	3,646	1,134	_	24,455
Miami, FL Metro Area	3	6,504	2,498	183	_	9,185
Minneapolis - St. Paul, MN-WI Area	4	9,650	2,704	1,245		13,599
Nashville, TN Area	1	14,070	5,460	565		20,095
New York / New Jersey Metro Area	6	19,978	7,289	578		27,845
Orlando, FL Area	3	7,709	537	198	_	8,444
Philadelphia, PA Area	3	6,797	1,141	175	_	8,113
San Diego, CA Area	2	4,805	331	172	_	5,308
San Francisco - Oakland, CA Metro Area	6	20,102	2,045	522		22,669
Tampa, FL Area	3	5,685	1,732	237	_	7,654
Washington DC - MD - VA Area	9	34,474	6,857	1,239	_	42,570
Other Areas	52	95,158	15,003	5,064	_	115,225
Orlando WorldQuest	_	1,556	52	298		1,906
Sold properties	3	7,098	1,129	184	_	8,411
Corporate	_			_	675	675
Total	123	\$ \$311 205	\$ 63,842	\$14,948		
Total		-	nded June 3		Ψ075	Ψ370,070
		mber				
Primary Geographical Market		Rooms	Food and		Other	Total
Timaly Geograpment Market	Hot		Beverage	Hotel	Other	Total
Atlanta, GA Area	9	\$34,288	\$8,433	\$2,748	\$ —	\$45,469
Boston, MA Area	3	26,772	3,517	1,681	_	31,970
Dallas / Ft. Worth Area	7	33,015	9,192	1,699		43,906
Houston, TX Area	3	14,221	5,213	419		19,853
Los Angeles, CA Metro Area	6	40,576	8,219	2,232		51,027
Miami, FL Metro Area	3	16,942	5,076	532		22,550
Minneapolis - St. Paul, MN-WI Area	4	18,298	4,880	2,371		25,549
Nashville, TN Area	1	25,297	5,849	840		31,986
New York / New Jersey Metro Area	6	37,035	12,123	1,363		50,521
Orlando, FL Area	3	15,521	789	531		16,841
Philadelphia, PA Area	3	11,689	2,226	425		14,340
San Diego, CA Area	2	8,996	501	475		9,972
San Francisco - Oakland, CA Metro Area	6	39,880	3,516	1,094		44,490
Tampa, FL Area	2	12,970	3,483	1,036		17,489
Washington DC - MD - VA Area	9	58,734	11,797	2,797		73,328
Other Areas	51	179,749	30,581	13,032		223,362
Orlando WorldQuest		2,573	77	645	_	3,295
Sold properties	3	3,518	1	129	_	3,648
Sold properties	5	5,510	1	127	-	2,010

Corporate Total	1,775
13	

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2017					
Primary Geographical Market	Nun of Hote	nber Rooms els	Food and Beverage	Other Hotel	Other	Total
Atlanta, GA Area	9	\$34,047	\$9,194	\$2,366	\$ —	\$45,607
Boston, MA Area	3	27,210	4,044	1,515	_	32,769
Dallas / Ft. Worth Area	7	31,378	9,718	1,662	_	42,758
Houston, TX Area	3	14,150	4,584	363	_	19,097
Los Angeles, CA Metro Area	6	40,056	8,420	2,288	_	50,764
Miami, FL Metro Area	3	15,873	5,070	439	_	21,382
Minneapolis - St. Paul, MN-WI Area	4	17,528	4,901	2,178	_	24,607
Nashville, TN Area	1	25,867	11,008	852	_	37,727
New York / New Jersey Metro Area	6	35,633	12,868	1,069	_	49,570
Orlando, FL Area	3	16,081	1,121	383	_	17,585
Philadelphia, PA Area	3	11,481	1,991	364	_	13,836
San Diego, CA Area	2	8,963	712	337	_	10,012
San Francisco - Oakland, CA Metro Area	6	38,392	3,795	1,009	_	43,196
Tampa, FL Area	3	13,428	4,078	414	_	17,920
Washington DC - MD - VA Area	9	61,306	12,478	2,521	_	76,305
Other Areas	52	178,469	29,408	9,895	_	217,772
Orlando WorldQuest	_	2,872	90	667	_	3,629
Sold properties	6	15,176	3,212	392	_	18,780
Corporate	_				1,063	1,063
Total	126	\$587,910	\$126,692	\$28,714	\$1,063	\$744,379

^{4.} Investments in Hotel Properties, net

Investments in hotel properties, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

June 30,	December 31,
2018	2017
\$665,578	\$653,293
4,017,054	3,895,112
489,880	468,420
31,509	35,273
12,173	12,196
5,216,194	5,064,294
(1,106,474)	(1,028,379)
\$4,109,720	\$4,035,915
	2018 \$665,578 4,017,054 489,880 31,509 12,173 5,216,194

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

Acquisitions

Hilton Alexandria Old Town

On June 29, 2018, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the 252-room Hilton Alexandria Old Town in Alexandria, Virginia for \$111.0 million. We accounted for this transaction as an asset acquisition because substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired were concentrated in a group of similar identifiable assets. We allocated the cost of the acquisition including transaction costs to the individual assets acquired and liabilities assumed on a relative fair value basis, which is considered a Level 3 valuation technique, as noted in the following table (in thousands):

Land \$14,459
Buildings and improvements 94,535
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 2,479

\$111,473

Net other assets (liabilities) \$194

The results of operations of the hotel property have been included in our results of operations as of the acquisition date. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, total revenue and net income in our consolidated statements of operations is not material.

5. Hotel Dispositions, Impairment Charges, Insurance Recoveries and Assets Held For Sale Hotel Dispositions

On February 1, 2017, the Company sold the Renaissance hotel in Portsmouth, Virginia ("Renaissance Portsmouth") for approximately \$9.2 million in cash. The sale resulted in a loss of \$43,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017 and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also repaid approximately \$20.2 million of debt associated with the hotel property. See note 7.

On March 6, 2017, the Company sold the Embassy Suites in Syracuse, New York ("Embassy Suites Syracuse") for approximately \$8.8 million in cash. The sale resulted in a loss of \$40,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017 and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also repaid approximately \$20.6 million of debt associated with the hotel property. See note 7.

On June 29, 2017, the Company sold the Crowne Plaza Ravinia in Atlanta, Georgia for approximately \$88.7 million in cash. The sale resulted in a gain of \$14.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also repaid approximately \$78.7 million of debt associated with the hotel property. See note 7.

On February 20, 2018, we completed the sale of the SpringHill Suites Glen Allen for approximately \$10.9 million in cash. The sale resulted in a loss of approximately \$13,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also repaid approximately \$7.6 million of debt associated with the hotel property. See note 7.

On May 1, 2018, we completed the sale of the SpringHill Suites Centreville for approximately \$7.5 million in cash. The sale resulted in a gain of approximately \$16,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also repaid approximately \$6.6 million of debt associated with the hotel property. See note 7.

On May 10, 2018, we completed the sale of the Residence Inn Tampa for approximately \$24.0 million in cash. The sale resulted in a gain of approximately \$400,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company also repaid approximately \$22.5 million of debt associated with the hotel property. See note 7.

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We included the results of operations for these hotel properties through the date of disposition in net income (loss). The following table includes condensed financial information from these hotel properties in the consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

	Three Months Six Months Ended
	Ended June 30, June 30,
	2018 2017 2018 2017
Total hotel revenue	\$982 \$8,411 \$3,648 \$18,780
Total hotel operating expenses	(620) (5,732) (2,271) (13,484)
Operating income (loss)	362 2,679 1,377 5,296
Property taxes, insurance and other	(70) (355) (220) (883)
Depreciation and amortization	(39) (1,658) (347) (3,451)
Gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties	413 14,092 403 14,009
Interest expense and amortization of loan costs	(45) (2,994) (525) (3,240)
Write-off of loan costs and exit fees	(462) (43) (524) (98)
Income (loss) before income taxes	159 11,721 (1,775) 11,633
(Income) loss before income taxes attributable to redeemable noncontrolling	(24) (1,840) 264 (1,826)
interests in operating partnership	(24) (1,840) 264 (1,826)
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	\$135 \$9,881 \$(1,511) \$9,807
Impairment Charges and Insurance Recoveries	

In August and September 2017, twenty-four of our hotel properties in Texas and Florida were impacted by the effects of Hurricanes Harvey and Irma. The Company holds insurance policies that provide coverage for property damage and business interruption after meeting certain deductibles at all of its hotel properties. During 2017, the Company recognized impairment charges, net of anticipated insurance recoveries of \$2.0 million. Additionally, the Company recognized remediation and other costs, net of anticipated insurance recoveries of \$2.8 million, included primarily in other hotel operating expenses. As of December 31, 2017, the Company recorded an insurance receivable of \$267,000, net of deductibles of \$4.8 million, included in "accounts receivable, net" on our consolidated balance sheet, related to the anticipated insurance recoveries. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company received proceeds of \$612,000 for business interruption losses associated with lost profits, which has been recorded as "other" hotel revenue in our consolidated statement of operations, in excess of the deductible of \$360,000.

For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recorded revenue from business interruption losses associated with lost profits from the hurricanes of \$0 and \$401,000, respectively, which is included in "other" hotel revenue in our consolidated statement of operations. We received additional proceeds of \$142,000 and \$642,000 associated with property damage from the hurricanes during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. The Company will not record an insurance recovery receivable for business interruption losses associated with lost profits until the amount for such recoveries is known and the amount is realizable.

Additionally, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recorded a \$0.0 million and \$2.0 million impairment charge, respectively, at the SpringHill Suites in Centreville, Virginia ("SpringHill Suites Centreville"). We also recorded impairment adjustments of \$19,000 and \$(283,000), respectively, based on changes in estimates of property damages incurred from Hurricanes Harvey and Irma. For the year ended December 31, 2017, we recorded impairment charges of \$8.2 million related to the SpringHill Suites Centreville and the SpringHill Suites in Glen Allen, Virginia ("SpringHill Suites Glen Allen") in the amounts of \$4.7 million and \$3.5 million, respectively. The impairment charges were based on methodologies discussed in note 2, which are considered Level 3 valuation techniques. SpringHill Suites Glen Allen was sold on February 20, 2018 and SpringHill Suites Centreville was sold on May 1, 2018. See discussion below.

Assets Held For Sale

At December 31, 2017, the SpringHill Suites Centreville and the SpringHill Suites Glen Allen were classified as held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet based on methodologies discussed in note 2.

On February 20, 2018, we completed the sale of the SpringHill Suites Glen Allen for approximately \$10.9 million. The sale resulted in a loss of \$13,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2018, and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

On May 1, 2018, we completed the sale of the SpringHill Suites Centreville for approximately \$7.5 million in cash. We also repaid approximately \$6.6 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the hotel property. The sale resulted in a gain of \$16,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, and is included in "gain (loss) on sale of hotel properties" in the consolidated statements of operations.

Since the sale of the hotel properties does not represent a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on our operations or financial results, their results of operation were not reported as discontinued operations in the consolidated financial statements. Depreciation and amortization were ceased as of the date the assets were deemed held for sale.

The major classes of assets and liabilities related to the assets held for sale included in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2017 were as follows:

•	December 31,
	2017
Assets	
Investments in hotel properties, net	\$ 17,732
Cash and cash equivalents	78
Restricted cash	402
Accounts receivable	127
Inventories	1
Prepaid expenses	21
Other assets	31
Due from third-party hotel managers	31
Assets held for sale	\$ 18,423
Lighilities	

Liabilities

Indebtedness, net \$ 13,221 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 662 Due to related party, net 94 Liabilities related to assets held for sale \$ 13,977

6. Investment in Unconsolidated Entities

Ashford Inc.

We hold approximately 598,000 shares of Ashford Inc. common stock, which represented an approximate 28.4% ownership interest in Ashford Inc. as of June 30, 2018, with a carrying value of \$1.3 million and a fair value of \$38.8 million.

The following tables summarize the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 and the condensed consolidated statements of operations of Ashford Inc. and our equity in earnings (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

Ashford Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Total assets	\$138,145	\$ 114,810
Total liabilities	\$90,331	\$ 78,742
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	4,852	5,111
Total stockholders' equity of Ashford Inc.	41,541	30,185
Noncontrolling interests in consolidated entities	1,421	772

Total equity 42,962 30,957
Total liabilities and equity \$138,145 \$ 114,810
Our ownership interest in Ashford Inc. \$1,293 \$ 437

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

Ashford Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

	Three Months	Six Months Ended
	Ended June 30,	June 30,
	2018 2017	2018 2017
Total revenue	\$54,811 \$19,639	\$102,979 \$32,652
Total operating expenses	(43,941) (18,221)	(97,145) (33,370)
Operating income (loss)	10,870 1,418	5,834 (718)
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments, net	— (16)	— (91)
Interest expense and loan amortization costs	(185) (15)	(351) (15)
Other income (expense)	(148) 25	(75) 143
Income tax (expense) benefit	(1,605) (8,643)	(2,311) (9,273)
Net income (loss)	8,932 (7,231)	3,097 (9,954)
(Income) loss from consolidated entities attributable to noncontrolling interests	118 190	291 165
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests	(90) 332	(151) 695
Net income (loss) attributable to Ashford Inc.	\$8,960 \$(6,709)	\$3,237 \$(9,094)
Our equity in earnings (loss) of Ashford Inc.	\$1,293 \$(2,014)	\$856 \$(2,723)
OnenKey		

OpenKey

In 2016, the Company made investments totaling \$2.3 million in OpenKey, which is controlled and consolidated by Ashford Inc., for a 13.3% ownership interest. OpenKey is a hospitality focused mobile key platform that provides a universal smart phone app for keyless entry into hotel guest rooms. In 2018 and 2017 we made additional investments of \$667,000 and \$983,000, respectively. As of June 30, 2018, the Company has made investments totaling \$4.0 million. Our investment is recorded as a component of "investment in unconsolidated entities" in our consolidated balance sheet and is accounted for under the equity method of accounting as we have been deemed to have significant influence over the entity under the applicable accounting guidance. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, our ownership interest of approximately 16.3% and 16.2% had a carrying value of \$2.9 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, our equity in loss in the unconsolidated entity was \$123,000 and \$274,000, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, our equity in loss in the unconsolidated entity was \$123,000 and \$230,000, respectively.

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7. Indebtedness Indebtedness consisted of the following (in thousands):

Indebtedness consisted of the following (in	n thousands):			
Indebtedness	Collateral	Maturity	Interest Rate	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Mortgage loan (2)	8 hotels	January 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.95%	\$	\$376,800
Mortgage loan (3)	22 hotels	April 2019	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.39%	_	971,654
Mortgage loan (4)	1 hotel	July 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 5.10%	_	40,500
Mortgage loan (5)	1 hotel	July 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.15%	35,200	35,200
Mortgage loan (5)	8 hotels	July 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.09%	144,000	144,000
Mortgage loan (6)	1 hotel	August 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.95%	12,000	12,000
Mortgage loan (4) (7)	3 hotels	August 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.35%	_	52,530
Mortgage loan (4)	6 hotels	August 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.35%	_	280,421
Mortgage loan (4) (8)	17 hotels	October 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.55%	_	450,000
Mortgage loan (4)	5 hotels	February 2019	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.75%	_	200,000
Mortgage loan (4)	1 hotel	April 2019	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.95%	_	33,300
Mortgage loan (4)	1 hotel	May 2019	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 5.10%	_	25,100
Mortgage loan (9)	1 hotel	June 2019	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 5.10%	43,750	43,750
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	July 2019	4.00%	5,283	5,336
Mortgage loan (10)	17 hotels	November 2019	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.00%	427,000	427,000
Mortgage loan (2)	8 hotels	February 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 2.92%	395,000	_
Mortgage loan (3)	21 hotels	April 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.20%	962,575	_
Mortgage loan (6)	1 hotel	May 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 2.90%	16,100	16,100
Mortgage loan (4)	7 hotels	June 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.65%	180,720	_
Mortgage loan (4)	7 hotels	June 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.39%	174,400	_
Mortgage loan (4)	5 hotels	June 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.73%	221,040	_
Mortgage loan (4)	5 hotels	June 2020		262,640	_

			LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.02%		
Mortgage loan (4)	5 hotels	June 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.36%	216,320	_
Mortgage loan (4)	5 hotels	June 2020	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.68%	215,120	_
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	November 2020	6.26%	94,326	95,207
Mortgage loan (11)	2 hotels	June 2022	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 3.00%	174,211	164,700
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	November 2022	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 2.00%	97,000	97,000
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	May 2023	5.46%	53,319	53,789
Mortgage loan (12)	1 hotel	June 2023	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 2.45%	73,450	_
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	January 2024	5.49%	6,942	7,000
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	January 2024	5.49%	10,131	10,216
Mortgage loan	1 hotel	May 2024	4.99%	6,472	6,530
Mortgage loan	3 hotels	August 2024	5.20%	65,725	66,224
Mortgage loan	2 hotels	August 2024	4.85%	12,144	12,242
Mortgage loan	3 hotels	August 2024	4.90%	24,276	24,471
Mortgage loan	2 hotels	February 2025	4.45%	20,022	20,214
Mortgage loan	3 hotels	February 2025	4.45%	51,790	52,284
				4,000,956	3,723,568
Premiums, net				1,432	1,570
Deferred loan costs, net				(54,368)	(15,617)
				\$3,948,020	\$3,709,521
Indebtedness related to assets held for sale (7)	1 hotel	August 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.35%	_	5,992
Indebtedness related to assets held for sale (8)	1 hotel	October 2018	LIBOR ⁽¹⁾ + 4.55%	_	7,229
Indebtedness, net				\$3,948,020	\$3,696,300

⁽¹⁾ LIBOR rates were 2.090% and 1.564% at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(unaudited)

On January 17, 2018, we refinanced this mortgage loan totaling \$376.8 million set to mature in January 2018 with a new \$395.0 million mortgage loan with a two-year initial term and five one-year extension options, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. The new mortgage loan is interest only and bears interest at a rate of LIBOR + 2.92%.

On April 9, 2018, we refinanced this mortgage loan totaling \$971.7 million set to mature in April 2018 with a new \$985.0 million mortgage loan with a two-year initial term and five one-year extension options, subject to

- (3) satisfaction of certain conditions. The new mortgage loan is interest only and bears interest at a rate of LIBOR + 3.20%. A portion of this mortgage loan relates to the Tampa Residence Inn, which was sold on May 10, 2018, resulting in a \$22.5 million paydown. See note 5.
 - On June 13, 2018, we refinanced seven mortgage loans totaling \$1.068 billion set to mature between July 2018 and
- (4) May 2019 with six new mortgage loans totaling \$1.270 billion. Each new mortgage loan has a two-year initial term and five one-year extension options subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. The new mortgage loans are interest only.
- (5) This mortgage loan has three one-year extension options, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions. The second one-year extension period began in July 2018.
- (6) This mortgage loan has two one-year extension options subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.
- (7) A portion of this mortgage loan at December 31, 2017 relates to the SpringHill Suites Centreville. The property was sold on May 1, 2018. See note 5.
- (8) A portion of this mortgage loan at December 31, 2017 relates to the SpringHill Suites Glen Allen. The property was sold on February 20, 2018. See note 5.
- (9) This mortgage loan has three one-year extension options, subject to satisfaction of certain conditions. The second one-year extension period began in June 2018.
- (10) This mortgage loan has five one-year extension options subject to satisfaction of certain conditions.

 This \$181.0 million mortgage loan had an initial advance was \$164.7 million in May 2017. In February, May, and
- (11) June 2018, additional advances of \$6.5 million, \$1.1 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, were taken for a capital expenditures project at one of the hotels securing this mortgage loan.
- (12) The Hilton Alexandria property was acquired on June 29, 2018. The new mortgage loan has a five-year term, is interest-only loan and bears interest at a rate of LIBOR + 2.45%.

On February 1, 2017, we repaid \$20.2 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the Renaissance Portsmouth. This hotel property was sold on February 1, 2017.

On March 6, 2017, we repaid \$20.6 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the Embassy Suites Syracuse. This hotel property was sold on March 6, 2017.

On May 10, 2017, we refinanced a \$105.0 million mortgage loan, secured by the Renaissance Nashville in Nashville, Tennessee and the Westin in Princeton, New Jersey. The new mortgage loan totals \$181.0 million, of which our initial advance was \$164.7 million with future advances totaling \$16.3 million as reimbursement for capital expenditures. The mortgage loan is interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 3.00%. Beginning on July 1, 2020, quarterly principal payments of \$750,000 are due. The stated maturity is June 2022, with no extension options. On May 24, 2017, we refinanced a \$15.7 million mortgage loan, secured by the Hotel Indigo ("Indigo Atlanta") in Atlanta, Georgia. The new mortgage loan totals \$16.1 million. The mortgage loan is interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 2.90% for the first two years with a 30-year amortization schedule based on a 6% interest rate starting in the third year. The stated maturity is May 2020, with two one-year extension options. On June 29, 2017, we repaid \$78.7 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the Crowne Plaza Ravinia. This hotel property was sold on June 29, 2017.

On October 30, 2017, we refinanced our \$94.7 million mortgage loan, with an outstanding balance of \$94.5 million, secured by the Hilton Boston Back Bay. The new mortgage loan totals \$97.0 million. The mortgage loan is non-recourse interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 2.00%. The stated maturity is

November 2022, with no extension options.

On October 31, 2017, we refinanced a \$412.5 million mortgage loan, secured by seventeen hotels. The new mortgage loan totals \$427.0 million. The mortgage loan is interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 3.00%. The stated maturity is November 2019, with five one-year extension options. The new mortgage loan is secured by the following seventeen hotels: the Courtyard Alpharetta, Courtyard Bloomington, Courtyard Crystal City, Courtyard Foothill Ranch, Embassy Suites Austin, Embassy Suites Dallas, Embassy Suites Houston, Embassy Suites Las Vegas, Embassy Suites Palm Beach, Hampton Inn Evansville, Hilton Garden Inn Jacksonville, Hilton Nassau Bay, Hilton St. Petersburg, Residence Inn Evansville, Residence Inn Falls Church, Residence Inn San Diego and Sheraton Indianapolis.

On January 17, 2018, we refinanced our \$376.8 million mortgage loan. The new mortgage loan totaled \$395.0 million. The new mortgage loan has a two-year initial term and five one-year extension options, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. The mortgage loan is interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 2.92%. The new mortgage loan is secured by eight hotels: Embassy Suites Portland, Embassy Suites Crystal City, Embassy Suites Orlando, Embassy Suites Santa Clara, Crowne Plaza Key West, Hilton Costa Mesa, Sheraton Minneapolis, and Historic Inns of Annapolis.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

On February 20, 2018, we repaid \$7.6 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the SpringHill Suites Glen Allen. This hotel property was sold on February 20, 2018.

On April 9, 2018, we refinanced our \$971.7 million mortgage loan secured by 22 hotel properties. The new mortgage loan totaled \$985.0 million, is interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 3.20%. The stated maturity is April 2020 with five one-year extension options, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. The new mortgage loan is secured by the same 22 hotel properties that include: the Courtyard Boston Downtown, Courtyard Denver, Courtyard Gaithersburg, Courtyard Savannah, Hampton Inn Parsippany, Hilton Parsippany, Hilton Tampa, Hilton Garden Inn Austin, Hilton Garden Inn BWI, Hilton Garden Inn Virginia Beach, Hyatt Windwatch Long Island, Hyatt Savannah, Marriott DFW Airport, Marriott Omaha, Marriott San Antonio, Marriott Sugarland, Renaissance Palm Springs, Ritz-Carlton Atlanta, Residence Inn Tampa, Churchill, Melrose and Silversmith.

On May 1, 2018, we repaid \$6.6 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the SpringHill Suites Centreville. This hotel property was sold on May 1, 2018.

On May 10, 2018, we repaid \$22.5 million of principal on our mortgage loan partially secured by the Residence Inn Tampa. This hotel property was sold on May 10, 2018.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

On June 13, 2018, we refinanced seven mortgage loans with existing outstanding balances totaling \$1.068 billion. The new financing is comprised of six separate mortgage loans that total approximately \$1.270 billion. Each has a two-year initial term with five one-year extension options, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. The original principal amounts of each mortgage loan and the hotel properties securing each mortgage loan are set forth in the following table:

the following ta			
Montaga I can	Principal	Interest Data	Coounad Hotal Duamantias
Mortgage Loan		interest Kate	Secured Hotel Properties
A	thousands) \$ 180,720	LIBOR + 3.65%	Courtyard Columbus Tipton Lakes
			Courtyard Scottsdale Old Town
			Residence Inn Phoenix Airport
			SpringHill Suites Manhattan Beach
			SpringHill Suites Plymouth Meeting
			Residence Inn Las Vegas Hughes Center
			Residence Inn Newark
В	\$ 174,400	LIBOR + 3.39%	Courtyard Newark
			SpringHill Suites BWI
			Courtyard Oakland Airport
			Courtyard Plano Legacy
			Residence Inn Plano
			TownePlace Suites Manhattan Beach
			Courtyard Basking Ridge
C	\$ 221,040	LIBOR + 3.73%	Sheraton San Diego Mission Valley
			Sheraton Bucks County
			Hilton Ft. Worth
			Hyatt Regency Coral Gables
			Hilton Minneapolis
D	\$ 262,640	LIBOR + 4.02%	Hilton Santa Fe
			Embassy Suites Dulles
			Marriott Beverly Hills
			One Ocean
			Marriott Suites Dallas Market Center
E	\$ 216,320	LIBOR + 4.36%	Marriott Memphis East
			Embassy Suites Philadelphia Airport
			Sheraton Anchorage
			Lakeway Resort & Spa
			Marriott Fremont
F	\$ 215,120	LIBOR + 3.68%	W Atlanta Downtown
			Embassy Suites Flagstaff
			Embassy Suites Walnut Creek
			Marriott Bridgewater
			Marriott Durham Research Triangle Park
On June 20, 201	0 in common	tion with the coor	isition of the Hilton Alexandria Old Town

On June 29, 2018, in connection with the acquisition of the Hilton Alexandria Old Town in Alexandria VA, we completed the financing of a \$73.5 million mortgage loan. This mortgage loan is interest only and provides for a floating interest rate of LIBOR + 2.45%. The stated maturity date of the mortgage loan is June 2023, with no extension options. The mortgage loan is secured by the Hilton Alexandria Old Town.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized premium amortization of \$69,000 and \$138,000, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized premium amortization of \$1.0 million and \$1.6 million, respectively. The amortization of the premium is computed using a method that approximates the effective interest method, which is included in interest expense and amortization of premiums and loan costs in the consolidated statements of operations.

We are required to maintain certain financial ratios under various debt and related agreements. If we violate covenants in any debt or related agreement, we could be required to repay all or a portion of our indebtedness before maturity at a time when we might be unable to arrange financing for such repayment on attractive terms, if at all. The assets of certain of our subsidiaries are

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

pledged under non-recourse indebtedness and are not available to satisfy the debts and other obligations of Ashford Trust or Ashford Trust OP, our operating partnership, and the liabilities of such subsidiaries do not constitute the obligations of Ashford Trust or Ashford Trust OP. As of June 30, 2018, we were in compliance in all material respects with all covenants or other requirements set forth in our debt and related agreements as amended.

8. Income (Loss) Per Share

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Basic income (loss) per common share is calculated using the two-class method by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income (loss) per common share is calculated using the two-class method, or treasury stock method if more dilutive, and reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common shares were exercised or converted into common shares, whereby such exercise or conversion would result in lower income per share.

The following table reconciles the amounts used in calculating basic and diluted income (loss) per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months		Six Months Ended		
	Ended June 30,		June 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Income (loss) allocated to common stockholders:					
Income (loss) attributable to the Company	\$(18,306)	\$10,184	\$(44,577)	\$(15,229)	
Less: Dividends on preferred stock	(10,644)	(10,956)	(21,288)	(21,912)	
Less: Dividends on common stock	(11,628)	(11,439)	(23,241)	(22,877)	
Less: Dividends on unvested performance stock units	(122)	(98)	(245)	(196)	
Less: Dividends on unvested restricted shares	(207)	(253)	(432)	(458)	
Undistributed income (loss)	(40,907)	(12,562)	(89,783)	(60,672)	
Add back: Dividends on common stock	11,628	11,439	23,241	22,877	
Distributed and undistributed income (loss) - basic and diluted	\$(29,279)	\$(1,123)	\$(66,542)	\$(37,795)	
Weighted average shares outstanding:					
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	96,889	95,320	96,137	95,086	
Basic income (loss) per share:					
Net income (loss) allocated to common stockholders per share	\$(0.30)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.69)	\$(0.40)	
Diluted income (loss) per share:					
Net income (loss) allocated to common stockholders per share	\$(0.30)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.69)	\$(0.40)	

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

Due to the anti-dilutive effect, the computation of diluted income (loss) per share does not reflect adjustments for the following items (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Month June 30,	s Ended
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Income (loss) allocated to common stockholders is not adjusted for:				
Income (loss) allocated to unvested restricted shares	\$207	\$ 253	\$432	\$458
Income (loss) allocated to unvested performance stock units	122	98	245	196
Income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest in operating partnership units	(5,065	231	(11,405)	(6,262)
Total	\$(4,736)	\$ 582	\$(10,728)	\$(5,608)
Weighted average diluted shares are not adjusted for:				
Effect of unvested restricted shares	73	366	127	242
Effect of unvested performance stock units	449	2	500	21
Effect of assumed conversion of operating partnership units	18,023	17,284	17,782	17,274
Effect of incentive fee shares	320	285	301	292
Total	18,865	17,937	18,710	17,829

9. Derivative Instruments and Hedging

Interest Rate Derivatives—We are exposed to risks arising from our business operations, economic conditions and financial markets. To manage these risks, we primarily use interest rate derivatives to hedge our debt and our cash flows. The interest rate derivatives currently include interest rate caps and interest rate floors. These derivatives are subject to master netting settlement arrangements. To mitigate the nonperformance risk, we routinely use a third party's analysis of the creditworthiness of the counterparties, which supports our belief that the counterparties' nonperformance risk is limited. All derivatives are recorded at fair value.

The following table presents a summary of our interest rate caps entered into over the applicable periods:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2018		2017		
Notional amounts (in thousands)	\$3,582,000		\$1,789,510		
Strike rate minimum	1.50	%	1.50	%	
Strike rate maximum	5.22	%	4.44	%	
	January		February		
Effective date range	2018 - June		2017 - June	:	
	2018		2017		
	January		January		
Maturity date range	2019 - July		2018 - June	:	
	2020		2019		
Total cost (in thousands)	\$3,095		\$550		

None of these instruments were designated as cash flow hedges.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

As of June 30, 2018, we held interest rate instruments as summarized in the table below:

Interest	can	rates:
mucicsi	Cap	rates.

merest cap races.				
Notional amount (in thousands)	\$	4,967,300		(1)
Strike rate minimum	1.50		%	
Strike rate maximum	5.84		%	
Maturity date range	July 2018 - Ju	ıly 2020		
Aggregate principle balance on corresponding mortgage loans (in thousands)	\$	3,553,526		
Interest rate floors: (2) Notional amount (in thousands)	\$	16,750,000		
Strike rate minimum	(0.25)%	
Strike rate maximum	1.50		%	
Maturity date range	March 2019 -	July 2020		

⁽¹⁾ These instruments were not designated as cash flow hedges

Credit Default Swap Derivatives—We use credit default swaps, tied to the CMBX index, to hedge financial and capital market risk. A credit default swap is a derivative contract that functions like an insurance policy against the credit risk of an entity or obligation. The seller of protection assumes the credit risk of the reference obligation from the buyer (us) of protection in exchange for annual premium payments. If a default or a loss, as defined in the credit default swap agreements, occurs on the underlying bonds, then the buyer of protection is protected against those losses. The only liability for us, the buyer, is the annual premium and any change in value of the underlying CMBX index (if the trade is terminated prior to maturity). For all CMBX trades completed to date, we were the buyer of protection. Credit default swaps are subject to master-netting settlement arrangements and credit support annexes. As of June 30, 2018, we held credit default swaps with notional amounts totaling \$212.5 million. These credit default swaps had effective dates from February 2015 to August 2017 and expected maturity dates from October 2023 to October 2026. Assuming the underlying bonds pay off at par over their remaining average life, our total exposure for these trades was approximately \$7.4 million as of June 30, 2018. Cash collateral is posted by us as well as our counterparties. We offset the fair value of the derivative and the obligation/right to return/reclaim cash collateral. The change in market value of credit default swaps is settled net through posting cash collateral or reclaiming cash collateral between us and our counterparties when the change in market value is over \$250,000.

10. Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value Hierarchy—For disclosure purposes, financial instruments, whether measured at fair value on a recurring or nonrecurring basis or not measured at fair value, are classified in a hierarchy consisting of three levels based on the observability of valuation inputs in the market place as discussed below:

Level 1: Fair value measurements that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that we have the ability to access for identical assets or liabilities. Market price data generally is obtained from exchange or dealer markets. Level 2: Fair value measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates

⁽²⁾ Cash collateral is posted by us as well as our counterparties. We offset the fair value of the derivative and the obligation/right to return/reclaim cash collateral.

and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3: Fair value measurements based on valuation techniques that use significant inputs that are unobservable. The circumstances for using these measurements include those in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

Fair values of interest rate swaps are determined using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted future fixed cash receipts/payments and the discounted expected variable cash payments/receipts. Fair values of interest rate caps, floors, flooridors and corridors are determined using the market standard methodology of discounting the future expected cash receipts that would occur if variable interest rates fell below the strike rates of the floors or rise above the strike rates of the caps. Variable interest rates used in the calculation of projected receipts and payments on the swaps, caps, and floors are based on an expectation of future interest rates derived from observable market interest rate curves (LIBOR forward curves) and volatilities (Level 2 inputs).

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(unaudited)

We also incorporate credit valuation adjustments (Level 3 inputs) to appropriately reflect both our own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk.

Fair values of credit default swaps are obtained from a third party who publishes various information including the index composition and price data (Level 2 inputs). The fair value of credit default swaps does not contain credit-risk-related adjustments as the change in fair value is settled net through posting cash collateral or reclaiming cash collateral between us and our counterparty.

Fair values of interest rate floors are calculated using a third-party discounted cash flow model based on future cash flows that are expected to be received over the remaining life of the floor. These expected future cash flows are probability-weighted projections based on the contract terms, accounting for both the magnitude and likelihood of potential payments, which are both computed using the appropriate LIBOR forward curve and market implied volatilities as of the valuation date (Level 2 inputs).

Fair value of options on futures contracts is determined based on the last reported settlement price as of the measurement date (Level 1 inputs). These exchange-traded options are centrally cleared, and a clearinghouse stands in between all trades to ensure that the obligations involved in the trades are satisfied.

Fair values of marketable securities and liabilities associated with marketable securities, including public equity securities, equity put and call options, and other investments, are based on their quoted market closing prices (Level 1 inputs).

When a majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. However, when valuation adjustments associated with our derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by us and our counterparties, which we consider significant (10% or more) to the overall valuation of our derivatives, the derivative valuations in their entirety are classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Transfers of inputs between levels are determined at the end of each reporting period. In determining the fair values of our derivatives at June 30, 2018, the LIBOR interest rate forward curve (Level 2 inputs) assumed an uptrend from 2.090% to 2.848% for the remaining term of our derivatives. Credit spreads (Level 3 inputs) used in determining the fair values of hedge and non-hedge designated derivatives assumed an uptrend in nonperformance risk for us and all of our counterparties through the maturity dates.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents our assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis aggregated by the level within which measurements fall in the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

June 30, 2018:	Quoted Market Prices (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservab Inputs (Leve 3)	Counterparty le and Cash	Total	
Assets						
Derivative assets:						
Interest rate derivatives - floors	\$	\$ 73	\$	 \$ 110	\$183	(2)
Interest rate derivatives - caps	_	1,521		_	1,521	(2)
Credit default swaps		(106)	_	1,611	\$1,505	(2)
	_	1,488	_	1,721	3,209	
Non-derivative assets:						
Equity securities	24,072				24,072	(3)
Total	\$24,072	\$ 1,488	\$	 \$ 1,721	\$27,28	1
December 31, 2017: Assets Derivative assets:						
Interest rate derivatives - floors	\$ —	\$ 311	\$	 \$ 32	\$343	(2)
Interest rate derivatives - caps	_	137			137	(2)
Credit default swaps	_	(469)		1,999	1,530	(2)
	_	(21)		2,031	2,010	
Non-derivative assets:						
Equity securities	26,926				26,926	(3)
Total	\$26,926	\$ (21)	\$	 \$ 2,031	\$28,93	6

⁽¹⁾ Represents net cash collateral posted between us and our counterparties.

⁽²⁾ Reported net as "derivative assets, net" in our consolidated balance sheets.

⁽³⁾ Reported as "marketable securities" in our consolidated balance sheets.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

Effect of Fair-Value-Measured Assets and Liabilities on Consolidated Statements of Operations

The following tobles summerize the effect of fair value measured assets and liabilities on the consolidated Statements of Operations

The following tables summarize the effect of fair-value-measured assets and liabilities on the consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 (in thousands):

-	Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income			
	Three Mune 30		Ended	
	2018		2017	
Assets				
Derivative assets:				
Interest rate derivatives - floors	\$(147)	\$(305)
Interest rate derivatives - caps	(1,845)	(217)
Credit default swaps	76	(4)	(802)(4)
Options on futures contracts	_		(38)
	(1,916)	(1,362)
Non-derivative assets:				
Equity	(229)	(657)
Total	(2,145)	(2,019)
Liabilities				
Derivative liabilities:				
Credit default swaps	_	(4)	(611	$)^{(4)}$
Net	\$(2,145	5)	\$(2,630	9)
Total combined				
Interest rate derivatives - floors	\$(147)	\$(305)
Interest rate derivatives - caps	(1,845	· ·	(217)
Credit default swaps	76	,	(1,413)
Options on futures contracts			192	Í
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives	(1,916	$)^{(1)}$	(1,743	$)^{(1)}$
Realized gain (loss) on credit default swaps	_	(2) (4)	_	(2) (4)
Realized gain (loss) on options on futures contracts		(2)	(230)(2)
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	(268)(3)	(531)(3)
Realized gain (loss) on marketable securities	39	(2)	(126)(2)
Net	\$(2,145	5)	\$(2,630	0)

⁽¹⁾ Reported as "unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives" in our consolidated statements of operations.

⁽²⁾ Included in "other income (expense)" in our consolidated statements of operations.

⁽³⁾ Reported as "unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities" in our consolidated statements of operations.

⁽⁴⁾ Excludes costs of \$271 and \$259 for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, included in "other income (expense)" associated with credit default swaps.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

	Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2018		2017	
Assets				
Derivative assets:				
Interest rate derivatives - floors	\$(238)	\$(1,942	2)
Interest rate derivatives - caps	(1,711)	(517)
Credit default swaps	362	(4)	(720)(4)
Options on futures contracts			(116)
	(1,587)	(3,295)
Non-derivative assets:				
Equity	(677)	(4,003)
Total	(2,264)	(7,298)
Liabilities				
Derivative liabilities:				
Credit default swaps		(4)	(563)(4)
Net	\$(2,26 ⁴		\$(7,861	/
Net	\$(2,202	+)	\$(7,00)	1)
Total combined				
Interest rate derivatives - floors	\$(238)	\$(1,942	2)
Interest rate derivatives - caps	(1,711)	(517)
Credit default swaps	362		1,707	
Options on futures contracts			427	
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives	(1,587	$)^{(1)}$	(325	$)^{(1)}$
Realized gain (loss) on credit default swaps		(2) (4)	(2,990)(2)(4)
Realized gain (loss) on options on futures contracts		(2)	(543	$)^{(2)}$
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities	(826	$)^{(3)}$	(3,877)(3)
Realized gain (loss) on marketable securities	149	(2)	(126)(2)
Net	\$(2,264	1)	\$(7,86)	1)

⁽¹⁾ Reported as "unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives" in our consolidated statements of operations.

⁽²⁾ Included in "other income (expense)" in our consolidated statements of operations.

⁽³⁾ Reported as "unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities" in our consolidated statements of operations.

Excludes costs of \$537 and \$512 for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, included in "other income (expense)" associated with credit default swaps.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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11. Summary of Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Determining estimated fair values of our financial instruments such as notes receivable and indebtedness requires considerable judgment to interpret market data. Market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies used may have a material effect on estimated fair value amounts. Accordingly, estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of amounts at which these instruments could be purchased, sold, or settled. Carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments, for periods indicated, were as follows (in thousands):

	June 30, 20	18	December 3	31, 2017
	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated
	Value	Fair Value	Value	Fair Value
Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:				
Marketable securities	\$24,072	\$ 24,072	\$26,926	\$ 26,926
Derivative assets, net	3,209	3,209	2,010	2,010
Financial assets not measured at fair value:				
Cash and cash equivalents (1)	\$417,359	\$ 417,359	\$354,883	\$ 354,883
Restricted cash (1)	135,419	135,419	117,189	117,189
Accounts receivable, net (1)	57,852	57,852	44,384	44,384
Due from third-party hotel managers	20,860	20,860	17,418	17,418
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value:				
		\$3,851,629		\$3,559,993
Indebtedness (1)	\$4,002,388	to	\$3,725,138	to
		\$4,257,065		\$3,934,727
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (1)	141,986	141,986	133,063	133,063
Dividends and distributions payable	27,240	27,240	25,045	25,045
Due to Ashford Inc., net	17,748	17,748	15,146	15,146
Due to related party, net (1)	388	388	1,161	1,161
Due to third-party hotel managers	2,454	2,454	2,431	2,431

⁽¹⁾ Includes balances associated with assets held for sale and liabilities associated with assets held for sale as of December 31, 2017.

Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash. These financial assets bear interest at market rates and have original maturities of less than 90 days. The carrying value approximates fair value due to their short-term nature. This is considered a Level 1 valuation technique.

Accounts receivable, net, accounts payable and accrued expenses, dividends and distributions payable, due to/from related party, net, due to Ashford Inc., net and due to/from third-party hotel managers. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. This is considered a Level 1 valuation technique.

Marketable securities. Marketable securities consist of U.S. treasury bills, publicly traded equity securities, and put and call options on certain publicly traded equity securities. The fair value of these investments is based on quoted market closing prices at the balance sheet date. See note 10 for a complete description of the methodology and assumptions utilized in determining the fair values.

Derivative assets, net. Fair value of interest rate derivatives is determined using the net present value of expected cash flows of each derivative based on the market-based interest rate curve and adjusted for credit spreads of us and our counterparties. Fair values of credit default swap derivatives are obtained from a third party who publishes the CMBX index composition and price data. Fair values of interest rate floors are calculated using a third-party discounted cash

flow model based on future cash flows that are expected to be received over the remaining life of the floor. Fair values of options on futures contracts are valued at their last reported settlement price as of the measurement date. See notes 9 and 10 for a complete description of the methodology and assumptions utilized in determining fair values. Indebtedness. Fair value of indebtedness is determined using future cash flows discounted at current replacement rates for these instruments. Cash flows are determined using a forward interest rate yield curve. Current replacement rates are determined by using the U.S. Treasury yield curve or the index to which these financial instruments are tied and adjusted for credit spreads. Credit spreads take into consideration general market conditions, maturity, and collateral. We estimated the fair value of total

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
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indebtedness to be approximately 96.2% to 106.4% of the carrying value of \$4.0 billion at June 30, 2018 and approximately 95.6% to 105.6% of the carrying value of \$3.7 billion at December 31, 2017. This is considered a Level 2 valuation technique.

12. Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in Operating Partnership

Redeemable noncontrolling interests in the operating partnership represents the limited partners' proportionate share of equity in earnings/losses of the operating partnership, which is an allocation of net income/loss attributable to the common unit holders based on the weighted average ownership percentage of these limited partners' common units of limited partnership interest in the operating partnership ("common units") and the units issued under our Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP units") that are vested. Each common unit may be redeemed for either cash or, at our sole discretion, up to one share of our REIT common stock, which is either (i) issued pursuant to an effective registration statement, (ii) included in an effective registration statement providing for the resale of such common stock or (iii) issued subject to a registration rights agreement.

LTIP units, which are issued to certain executives and employees of Ashford LLC as compensation, have vesting periods ranging from three to five years. Additionally, certain independent members of the board of directors have elected to receive LTIP units as part of their compensation, which are fully vested upon grant. Upon reaching economic parity with common units, each vested LTIP unit can be converted by the holder into one common unit which can then be redeemed for cash or, at our election, settled in our common stock. An LTIP unit will achieve parity with the common units upon the sale or deemed sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the operating partnership at a time when our stock is trading at a level in excess of the price it was trading on the date of the LTIP issuance. More specifically, LTIP units will achieve full economic parity with common units in connection with (i) the actual sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the operating partnership or (ii) the hypothetical sale of such assets, which results from a capital account revaluation, as defined in the partnership agreement, for the operating partnership.

The compensation committee of the board of directors of the Company approved Performance LTIP units to certain executive officers. The award agreements provide for the grant of a target number of performance-based LTIP units that will be settled in common units of Ashford Trust OP, if and when the applicable vesting criteria have been achieved following the end of the performance and service period. The target number of performance-based LTIP units may be adjusted from 0% to 200% based on achievement of specified absolute and relative total stockholder returns based on the formulas determined by the Company's Compensation Committee on the grant date. As of June 30, 2018, there are approximately 2.4 million performance-based LTIP units, representing 200% of the target, outstanding. The performance criteria for the Performance LTIP units are based on market conditions under the relevant literature, and the Performance LTIP units were granted to non-employees.

As of June 30, 2018, we have issued a total of 13.0 million LTIP and Performance LTIP units, all of which, other than approximately 737,000 units (none of which are Performance LTIP units) have reached full economic parity with, and are convertible into, common units.

We recorded compensation expense for performance LTIP units and LTIP units (issued to Ashford LLC's employees and Ashford Trust's directors) as presented in the table below (in thousands):

			June	Six Mor Ended J 30,		
Type	Line Item	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Performance LTIP Units	Advisory services fee	\$3,805	\$436	\$4,213	\$348	
LTIP Units	Advisory services fee	935	811	1,643	982	
LTIP Units	Corporate, general and administrative	536	475	536	475	

The Performance LTIP units unamortized fair value of \$7.8 million at June 30, 2018 will be expensed over a period of 2.8 years, subject to future mark to market adjustments.

As the LTIP units are issued to non-employees, the compensation expense was determined based on the share price as of the end of the period. The fair value of the unrecognized cost of LTIP units, which was \$6.5 million at June 30, 2018, will be expensed over a period of 2.8 years, subject to future mark to market adjustments.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, there were no common units redeemed. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, approximately 21,000 common units with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$161,000 were redeemed by the holder and, at our election, we issued shares of our common stock to satisfy the redemption price.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

The following table shows the redeemable noncontrolling interest in Ashford Trust (in thousands) and the corresponding approximate ownership percentage:

				June 30,		December	31,
				2018		2017	
Redeemable	e noncontrolling interest	es.		\$146,249)	\$116,122	
Adjustment	ts to redeemable noncont	trolling inter	ests (1)	194,298		154,262	
Ownership	percentage of operating	partnership		14.89	%	15.52	%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the excess of the redemption value over the accumulated historical costs.

We allocated net income (loss) to the redeemable noncontrolling interests and declared aggregate cash distributions to holders of common units and holders of LTIP units, as presented in the table below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,					
	201	8	201	7		201	8	201	7
Allocated net (income) loss to the redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$	5,065	\$	(231)	\$	11,405	\$	6,262
Aggregate cash distributions to holders of common units and	\$ I	2,479	\$	2,556		\$	4,949	\$	5,099

LTIP units

13. Equity and Equity-Based Compensation

Common Stock Dividends—For each of the 2018 and 2017 quarters, the board of directors declared quarterly dividends of \$0.12 per outstanding share of common stock with an annualized target of \$0.48 per share for 2018.

Restricted Stock Units—We incur stock-based compensation expense in connection with restricted stock units awarded to employees of Ashford LLC, which is included in "advisory services fee," on our consolidated statements of operations and employees of Remington Lodging, which is included in "management fees" on our consolidated statements of operations. We also issue common stock to our independent directors, which immediately vests, and is included in "corporate general and administrative" expense on our consolidated statements of operations.

At June 30, 2018, the fair value of the unamortized cost of the unvested shares of restricted stock was \$12.1 million, which will be amortized over a period of 2.7 years, subject to future mark to market adjustments.

The following table summarizes the stock-based compensation expense (in thousands):

Three N	Months	Six Months		
Ended J	June 30,	Ended June 30		
2018	2017	2018	2017	
\$1,451	\$1,339	\$3,748	\$1,729	
326	192	583	217	
	90	_	90	
\$1,777	\$1,621	\$4,331	\$2,036	
	Ended 3 2018 \$1,451 326	Ended June 30, 2018 2017 \$1,451 \$1,339 326 192 — 90	020 172 000	

During the six months ended June 30, 2018 approximately \$1.5 million of the compensation expense was related to the accelerated vesting of equity awards granted to one of our executive officers upon his passing, in accordance with the terms of the awards.

Performance Stock Units—The compensation committee of the board of directors of the Company approved PSUs to certain executive officers, which have a three year cliff vesting. The award agreements provide for the grant of a target

number of PSUs that will be settled in shares of common stock of the Company, if and when the applicable vesting criteria have been achieved following the end of the performance and service period. The target number of PSUs may be adjusted from 0% to 200% based on achievement of specified absolute and relative total stockholder returns based on the formulas determined by the Company's Compensation Committee on the grant date. The performance criteria for the PSUs are based on market conditions under the relevant literature, and the PSUs were granted to non-employees.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

The following table summarizes the compensation expense (in thousands):

Three
Months
Ended June
30.

30,

Line Item 2018 2017 2018 2017 Advisory services fee \$2,748 \$367 \$6,080 \$296

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, approximately \$3.0 million of the compensation expense was related to the accelerated vesting of PSUs granted to one of our executive officers upon his passing, in accordance with the terms of the awards.

The fair value of the unamortized cost of PSUs of \$7.6 million at June 30, 2018, will be expensed over a period of approximately 2.7 years, subject to future mark to market adjustments.

Preferred Dividends—The board of directors declared quarterly dividends as presented below:

Three Months Ended June 30, 202017 \$-\$0.5344

8.55% Series A cumulative preferred stock
8.45% Series D cumulative preferred stock
7.375% Series F cumulative preferred stock
7.375% Series G cumulative preferred stock
7.50% Series H cumulative preferred stock
7.50% Series I cumulative preferred stock

At-the-Market Equity Distribution Program—On December 11, 2017, the Company established an "at-the-market" equity distribution program pursuant to which it may, from time to time, sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$100 million. As of June 30, 2018, no shares of our common stock have been sold under this program.

Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Entities—Our noncontrolling entity partner had an ownership interest of 15% in two hotel properties and a total carrying value of \$628,000 and \$646,000 at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Our ownership interest is reported in equity in the consolidated balance sheets.

The below table summarizes the (income) loss allocated to noncontrolling interests in consolidating entities (in thousands):

Three Months Ended June 30, 20182017 2018 2017

Line Item 201

(Income) loss allocated to noncontrolling interests in consolidated entities \$20 \$13 \$(18) \$(18)

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Restricted Cash—Under certain management and debt agreements for our hotel properties existing at June 30, 2018, escrow payments are required for insurance, real estate taxes, and debt service. In addition, for certain properties based on the terms of the underlying debt and management agreements, we escrow 4% to 6% of gross revenues for capital improvements.

Franchise Fees—Under franchise agreements for our hotel properties existing at June 30, 2018, we pay franchisor royalty fees between 3% and 6% of gross rooms revenue and, in some cases, 2% to 3% of food and beverage

revenues. Additionally, we pay fees for marketing, reservations, and other related activities aggregating between 1% and 4% of gross rooms revenue and, in some cases, food and beverage revenues. These franchise agreements expire on varying dates between 2018 and 2047. When a franchise term expires, the franchisor has no obligation to renew the franchise. A franchise termination could have a material adverse effect on the operations or the underlying value of the affected hotel due to loss of associated name recognition, marketing support, and centralized reservation systems provided by the franchisor. A franchise termination could also have a material adverse effect on cash available for distribution to stockholders. In addition, if we breach the franchise agreement and the franchisor terminates a franchise prior to its expiration date, we may be liable for up to three times the average annual fees incurred for that property.

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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We incurred franchise fees of \$19.4 million and \$36.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively, and \$18.4 million and \$34.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. Franchise fees are included in "other" hotel expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. Management Fees—Under management agreements for our hotel properties existing at June 30, 2018, we pay a) monthly property management fees equal to the greater of approximately \$13,000 (increased annually based on consumer price index adjustments) or 3% of gross revenues, or in some cases 2% to 7% of gross revenues, as well as annual incentive management fees, if applicable, b) project management fees of up to 4% of project costs, c) market service fees including purchasing, design and construction management not to exceed 16.5% of project management budget cumulatively, including project management fees, and d) other general fees at current market rates as approved by our independent directors, if required. These management agreements expire from 2020 through 2038, with renewal options. If we terminate a management agreement prior to its expiration, we may be liable for estimated management fees through the remaining term and liquidated damages or, in certain circumstances, we may substitute a new management agreement.

Income Taxes— We and our subsidiaries file income tax returns in the federal jurisdiction and various states. Tax years 2014 through 2017 remain subject to potential examination by certain federal and state taxing authorities. Potential Pension Liabilities—Upon our 2006 acquisition of a hotel property, certain employees of such hotel were unionized and covered by a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. At that time, no unfunded pension liabilities existed. Subsequent to our acquisition, a majority of employees, who are employees of the hotel manager, Remington Lodging, petitioned the employer to withdraw recognition of the union. As a result of the decertification petition, Remington Lodging withdrew recognition of the union. At the time of the withdrawal, the National Retirement Fund, the union's pension fund, indicated unfunded pension liabilities existed. The National Labor Relations Board ("NLRB") filed a complaint against Remington Lodging seeking, among other things, that Remington Lodging's withdrawal of recognition was unlawful. Pending the final determination of the NLRB complaint, including appeals, the pension fund entered into a settlement agreement with Remington Lodging on November 1, 2011, providing that (a) Remington Lodging will continue to make monthly pension fund payments pursuant to the collective bargaining agreement, and (b) if the withdrawal of recognition is ultimately deemed lawful, Remington Lodging will have an unfunded pension liability equal to \$1.7 million minus the monthly pension payments made by Remington Lodging since the settlement agreement. To illustrate, if Remington Lodging - as of the date a final determination occurs - has made monthly pension payments equaling \$100,000, Remington Lodging's remaining withdrawal liability shall be the unfunded pension liability of \$1.7 million minus \$100,000 (or \$1.6 million). This remaining unfunded pension liability shall be paid to the pension fund in annual installments of \$84,000 (but may be made monthly or quarterly, at Remington Lodging's election), which shall continue for the remainder of the twenty-(20)-year capped period, unless Remington Lodging elects to pay the unfunded pension liability amount earlier. We agreed to indemnify Remington Lodging for the payment of the unfunded pension liability, if any, as set forth in the settlement agreement. Litigation—Palm Beach Florida Hotel and Office Building Limited Partnership, et al. v. Nantucket Enterprises, Inc. This litigation involves a landlord tenant dispute from 2008 in which the landlord, Palm Beach Florida Hotel and Office Building Limited Partnership, a subsidiary of the Company, claimed that the tenant had violated various lease provisions of the lease agreement and was therefore in default. The tenant counterclaimed and asserted multiple claims including that it had been wrongfully evicted. The litigation was instituted by the plaintiff in November 2008 in the Circuit Court of the Fifteenth Judicial Circuit, in and for Palm Beach County, Florida and proceeded to a jury trial on June 30, 2014. The jury entered its verdict awarding the tenant total claims of \$10.8 million and ruling against the landlord on its claim of breach of contract. In 2016, the Court of Appeals reduced the original \$10.8 million judgment to \$8.8 million and added pre-judgment interest on the wrongful eviction judgment. The case was further appealed to the Florida Supreme Court. On May 23, 2017, the trial court issued an order compelling the company that issued the supersedeas bond, RLI Insurance Company ("RLI"), to pay approximately \$10.0 million. On June 1, 2017, RLI paid Nantucket this amount and sought reimbursement from the Company. On June 27, 2017, the Florida Supreme Court

denied the Company's petition for review. As a result, all of the appeals were exhausted and the judgment was final with the determination and reimbursement of attorney's fees being the only remaining dispute. On June 29, 2017, the balance of the judgment was paid to Nantucket by the Company. As of June 30, 2018, we have accrued approximately \$1.1 million, which represents the Company's best estimate of the amount of potential legal fees that could be owed. On July 26, 2018, we paid \$544,000 as part of a settlement on certain fees. The negotiations relating to the potential payment of the remaining attorney's fees are still ongoing.

We are engaged in other various legal proceedings which have arisen but have not been fully adjudicated. The likelihood of loss from these legal proceedings, based on definitions within contingency accounting literature, ranges from remote to reasonably possible and to probable. Based on estimates of the range of potential losses associated with these matters, management does not believe the ultimate resolution of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations. However, the final results of legal proceedings cannot be predicted

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

with certainty and if we fail to prevail in one or more of these legal matters, and the associated realized losses exceed our current estimates of the range of potential losses, our consolidated financial position or results of operations could be materially adversely affected in future periods.

15. Segment Reporting

We operate in one business segment within the hotel lodging industry: direct hotel investments. Direct hotel investments refer to owning hotel properties through either acquisition or new development. We report operating results of direct hotel investments on an aggregate basis as substantially all of our hotel investments have similar economic characteristics and exhibit similar long-term financial performance. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all of our hotel properties were domestically located.

16. Related Party Transactions

Ashford LLC, a subsidiary of Ashford Inc., acts as our advisor, and as a result, we pay advisory fees to Ashford LLC. We are required to pay Ashford LLC a monthly base fee that is a percentage of our total market capitalization on a declining sliding scale plus the Net Asset Fee Adjustment, as defined in the advisory agreement, subject to a minimum monthly base fee, as payment for managing our day-to-day operations in accordance with our investment guidelines. Total market capitalization includes the aggregate principal amount of our consolidated indebtedness (including our proportionate share of debt of any entity that is not consolidated but excluding our joint venture partners' proportionate share of consolidated debt). The range of base fees on the scale is between 0.70% and 0.50% per annum for total market capitalization that ranges from less than \$6.0 billion to greater than \$10.0 billion. At June 30, 2018, the quarterly base fee was 0.70% based on our current market capitalization. We are also required to pay Ashford LLC an incentive fee that is measured annually. Each year that our annual total stockholder return exceeds the average annual total stockholder return for our peer group we will pay Ashford LLC an incentive fee over the following three years, subject to the FCCR Condition, as defined in the advisory agreement, which relates to the ratio of adjusted EBITDA to fixed charges. We also reimburse Ashford LLC for certain reimbursable overhead and internal audit, risk management advisory and asset management services, as specified in the advisory agreement. We also record equity-based compensation expense for equity grants of common stock and LTIP units awarded to our officers and employees of Ashford LLC in connection with providing advisory services equal to the fair value of the award in proportion to the requisite service period satisfied during the period.

The following table summarizes the advisory services fees incurred (in thousands):

	Three M	onths	Six Months		
	Ended June 30,		Ended June 30,		
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
Advisory services fee					
Base advisory fee	\$8,873	\$8,639	\$17,488	\$17,355	
Reimbursable expenses (1)	1,997	2,637	3,526	4,159	
Equity-based compensation (2)	8,939	2,953	15,685	3,356	
Incentive fee	3,270	_	3,457	_	
Total advisory services fee	\$23,079	\$14,229	\$40,156	\$24,870	

⁽¹⁾ Reimbursable expenses include overhead, internal audit, risk management advisory and asset management services.

⁽²⁾ Equity-based compensation is associated with equity grants of Ashford Trust's common stock, LTIP units and Performance LTIP units awarded to officers and employees of Ashford LLC.

In 2016, \$4.0 million of key money consideration was invested in furniture, fixtures and equipment by Ashford Inc. to be used by Ashford Trust, which represented all of the key money consideration for the Le Pavillon Hotel. This arrangement is accounted for as a lease, in accordance with the applicable accounting guidance. As such, a portion of the base advisory fee is allocated to lease expense equal to the estimated fair value of the lease payments that would

have been made. As a result, lease expense of \$157,000 and \$313,000 was recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively and \$156,000 and \$320,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. These costs are included in "other" hotel expense in the consolidated statements of operations. In accordance with our advisory agreement, our advisor, or entities in which our advisor has an interest, have a right to provide products or services to our hotel properties, provided such transactions are evaluated and approved by our independent directors. The following tables summarize the entities in which our advisor has an interest with which we or our hotel properties contracted

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ASHFORD HOSPITALITY TRUST, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (unaudited)

for products and services, the amounts paid by us for those services and the applicable classification on our consolidated financial statements (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended June 30, 2018				
Company	Product or Service	Investment Transactional Amormoperties, net (1)	Indebtedness		Other Hotel Expenses	Corporate, General and Administrative
OpenKey	Mobile key app	\$28\$ —	-\$	\$ -	\$ 28	\$ —
Pure Rooms	"Allergy friendly" premium rooms	151 148		_	3	_
Lismore Capital	Mortgage placement services	3,960-	(3,960)		_	_
J&S Audio Visual	Audiovisual commissions or equipment	1,87 2 43	_	1,029	_	_
AIM	Cash management services	330 —	_			330
Ashford LLC	Insurance claims services	17 —				17

⁽¹⁾ Recorded in furniture, fixtures and equipment and depreciated over the estimated useful life.

Recorded as deferred loan costs, which are included in "indebtedness, net" on our consolidated balance sheets and amortized over the initial term of the applicable loan agreement.

	the initial terms of the appropriate						
		Six Months Ended June 30, 2018					
Company	Product or Service	Investment Trarisal-Hotel Amorroperties, net (1)	Indebtedness		Other Hotel Expenses	Corporate, General and Administrative	
OpenKey	Mobile key app	\$53\$ —	_\$	\$ -	\$ 53	\$ —	
Pure Rooms	"Allergy friendly" premium rooms	489 486	_	_	3	_	
Lismore Capital	Mortgage placement services	4,592	(4,592)	_	_	_	
J&S Audio Visual	Audiovisual commissions or equipment	2,14 8 43		1,302	_	_	
AIM	Cash management services	511—				511	
Ashford LLC	Insurance claims services	36 —	_				