ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI LTD

Form 6-K

May 13, 2013

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Report on Form 6-K dated May 13, 2013

Commission File Number 1-14846

AngloGold Ashanti Limited

(Name of registrant)

76 Jeppe Street

Newtown, 2001

(P.O. Box 62117, Marshalltown, 2107)

South Africa

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Yes

No X

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Yes

No X

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No X

Enclosure: Press release: QUARTERLY REPORT: 31 MARCH 2013

Quarter 1 2013

Report

for the quarter ended 31 March 2013

Group results for the quarter....

- New CEO appointed to lead a strong and cohesive management team.
- AHE posted six-fold increase quarter-on-quarter despite \$82/oz drop in gold price.
- Production of 899,000oz, up from 859,000oz the previous quarter.
- Total cash cost of \$894/oz, better than guidance on improved cost controls.
- Tropicana, CC&V and Kibali projects on schedule and on budget.
- Balance sheet remains robust with significant liquidity headroom.
- Dividend maintained at 50 SA cents per share.

Quarter

Year

ended

ended

ended

ended

Mar

Dec

Mar

Dec

2013

2012

2012

2012

Restated

1

Restated

1

Restated

1

US dollar / Imperial Operating review

Gold

Produced

- oz (000)

899

859

981

3,944

Price received

2

-

\$/oz

1,636

1,718

1,692

1,664

Total cash costs

```
- $/oz
894
967
764
829
Total production costs
- $/oz
1,147
1,233
978
1,054
Financial review
Adjusted gross profit
3
$m
434
393
738
2,389
Gross profit
- $m
434
418
738
2,354
Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders
- $m
239
(174)
581
897
- cents/share
62
(45)
150
232
Headline earnings
- $m
259
120
569
1,208
- cents/share
67
31
147
312
Adjusted headline earnings
4
```

113 19 447 988 - cents/share 29 5 116 255 Cash flow from operating activities - \$m 346 494 625 1.969 Capital expenditure - \$m 512 844 398 2,322

\$m

Notes: 1. Restated for changes in the Accounting Policies. Refer to note 13 of the financial statements.

- 2. Refer to note C "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition.
- 3. Refer to note B "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition.
- 4. Refer to note A "Non-GAAP disclosure" for the definition.

\$ represents US dollar, unless otherwise stated.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Certain statements contained in this document, other than statements of historical fact, including, without limitation, those concerning the economic outlook for the gold mining industry,

expectations regarding gold prices, production, cash costs and other operating results, return on equity, productivity improvements, growth prospects and outlook of AngloGold Ashanti's

operations, individually or in the aggregate, including the achievement of project milestones, commencement and completion of commercial operations of certain of AngloGold Ashanti's

exploration and production projects and the completion of acquisitions and dispositions, AngloGold Ashanti's liquidity and capital resources and capital expenditures and the outcome and

consequence of any potential or pending litigation or regulatory proceedings or environmental issues, are forward-looking statements regarding AngloGold Ashanti's operations, economic

performance and financial condition. These forward-looking statements or forecasts involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause AngloGold Ashanti's

actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from the anticipated results, performance or achievements expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements.

Although AngloGold Ashanti believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements and forecasts are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations

will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of, among other factors, changes in economic,

social and political and market conditions, the success of business and operating initiatives, changes in the regulatory environment and other government actions, including environmental

approvals, fluctuations in gold prices and exchange rates, the outcome of pending or future litigation proceedings, and

business and operational risk management. For a discussion of such

risk factors, refer to the document entitled "Risk factors related to AngloGold Ashanti's suite of 2012 reports" on the AngloGold Ashanti online corporate report website at www.aga-

reports.com. These factors are not necessarily all of the important factors that could cause AngloGold Ashanti's actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking

statements. Other unknown or unpredictable factors could also have material adverse effects on future results.

Consequently, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-

looking statements. AngloGold Ashanti undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the

date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except to the extent required by applicable law. All subsequent written or oral forward-looking statements attributable to

AngloGold Ashanti or any person acting on its behalf are qualified by the cautionary statements herein.

This communication may contain certain "Non-GAAP" financial measures. AngloGold Ashanti utilises certain Non-GAAP performance measures and ratios in managing its business. Non-

GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for, the reported operating results or cash flow from operations or any other measures of performance

prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures other companies may use. AngloGold Ashanti posts

information that is important to investors on the main page of its website at www.anglogoldashanti.com and under the "Investors" tab on the main page. This information is updated regularly.

Investors should visit this website to obtain important information about AngloGold Ashanti.

Operations at a glance for the quarter ended 31 March 2013 oz (000) Year-on-year % Variance 2 **Qtr on Qtr** % Variance 3 \$/oz Year-on-year % Variance 2 Qtr on Qtr % Variance 3 \$m Year-on-year \$m Variance **Qtr on Qtr** \$m Variance **SOUTH AFRICA** 327 7 91 896 6 (23)154 (28)62 Great Noligwa 24 41 71 1,108 (29)(19)9 14 5 Kopanang 47 38 81 932

(20) (4) **20**

```
11
7
Moab Khotsong
43
10
87
1,052
(23)
5
5
(1)
Mponeng
93
(16)
94
707
21
(24)
63
(43)
29
TauTona
57
6
111
1,070
20
(23)
20
(15)
27
First Uranium SA
5
24
71
825
(31)
6
6
(26)
Surface Operations
38
(5)
90
793
8
```

(40)

31 (7) 21 **CONTINENTAL AFRICA** 276 (28)(27)994 33 1 129 (206) (13) Ghana Iduapriem 41 (9) (7) 1,052 10 6 15 (10)(8) Obuasi 49 (20) (36) 1,742 57 15 (30) (56) 21 Guinea Siguiri - Attr. 85% 62 11 (3) 998 6 (6) 38 (6) 17 Mali Morila - Attr. 40% 15 (32)

(25)

772 10 8 12 (9) (8) Sadiola - Attr. 41% 19 (24) (30) 1,103 3 (13) 9 (5) (6) Yatela - Attr. 40% 10 43 1,316 (19) (17) 2 2 3 Namibia Navachab 14 (30) (22) 896 (12)(14) 6 (5) (1) Tanzania Geita 66 (55) (44) 389 17 (27) 69

(121) (35)

```
Non-controlling interests,
exploration and other
6
2
AUSTRALASIA
(10)
11
1,302
(11)
3
(14)
Australia
Sunrise Dam
61
(10)
11
1,247
(5)
7
(15)
(2)
Exploration and other
(4)
AMERICAS
234
4
(9)
668
28
(5)
177
(59)
Argentina
Cerro Vanguardia - Attr. 92.50%
55
8
583
160
(23)
42
(26)
```

6

Brazil AngloGold Ashanti Mineração 92 5 (18) 689 18 3 66 (11)Serra Grande 32 100 (14)**789** (9) 5 23 13 (7) **United States of America** Cripple Creek & Victor 55 (21) 4 643 11 (4) 43 (21) Non-controlling interests, exploration and other 2 (13)**OTHER (5)** (8) (22)**Sub-total** 899 (8) 5 894 17 (8) 457

(315)

30 Equity accounted investments included above (23)11 11 **AngloGold Ashanti** 434 (304)41 Refer to note B under "Non GAAP disclosure" for definition Variance March 2013 quarter on March 2012 quarter - increase (decrease). Variance March 2013 quarter on December 2012 quarter - increase (decrease). As from 1 January 2013, TauTona and Savuka were mined as one operation. For presentation purposes TauTona and Savuka have been combined for the prior quarter and prior year. Effective 20 July 2012, AngloGold Ashanti acquired 100% of First Uranium (Pty) Limited. Equity accounted joint ventures. Effective 1 July 2012, AngloGold Ashanti increased its shareholding in Serra Grande from 50% to 100%. Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies. **Production Total cash costs Adjusted** gross profit (loss)

Financial and Operating Report

OVERVIEW FOR THE QUARTER FINANCIAL AND CORPORATE REVIEW

First-quarter adjusted headline earnings (AHE) were \$113m, or 29 US cents per share in the three months to 31 March 2013,

compared with \$19m, or 5 US cents per share the previous quarter, and \$447m, or 116 US cents per share a year earlier, in the

first quarter of 2012.

"Our major projects remain on budget and on schedule to pour gold by year-end, improving the quality of the portfolio," newly

appointed Chief Executive Officer, Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan, known as Venkat, said. "Prudent capital allocation and tighter

cost control will drive our strategy to deliver profitable ounces and sustainable free cash flow, whilst maintaining a strong

balance sheet."

The stronger performance relative to the previous quarter reflects the recovery from the strike action at the South Africa

operations which hampered production towards the end of last year. The decline in AHE relative to the same period a year

earlier reflects lower production and gold price along with higher cash operating costs during the quarter under review, as well

as a once-off tax credit that boosted AHE a year earlier.

Net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the first quarter of 2013 was \$239m, compared to a net attributable loss of

\$174m the previous quarter and net profit of \$581m in the first quarter of 2012.

Cash flow from operating activities declined 30% from \$494m the previous quarter to \$346m and compared to \$625m in the first

quarter of 2012. Total capital expenditure during the first quarter was \$512m (including equity accounted joint ventures),

compared with \$844m the previous quarter and \$398m in the first quarter of last year. Of the total capital spent, project capital

expenditure during the quarter amounted to \$269m. Free cash flow was negative at \$237m mainly as a result of relatively high

project capital levels, as the two most advanced projects –Tropicana and Kibali – moved towards completion anticipated in the

fourth quarter of 2013. Work is well advanced to realise corporate cost savings of \$50m by the second half of 2013 and a

project team has been created to realise savings of ~\$100/oz in direct operating costs. Exploration and evaluation activities

during the quarter saw a much tighter focus with further opportunities discovered to lower costs without compromising the safety

of employees or the long term optionality in the company's portfolio.

Production was 899,000oz at a total cash cost of \$894/oz, compared to 859,000oz at \$967/oz the previous quarter and 981,000oz at \$764/oz in the first quarter of 2012. Total cash costs were better than market guidance of \$900/oz to \$910/oz,

despite production being adversely affected by roughly 20,000oz lost due to a lightning strike which interrupted power to the

West Wits operations for three days and caused rationing for several weeks while repairs to a damaged Eskom substation were completed.

Net debt at 31 March 2013 was \$2.32bn, compared with \$2.06bn at the end of the previous quarter. This net debt level is

expected to increase over the next two quarters as investments in the new projects peak, whereafter their cash flow contribution

is expected to reduce debt levels.

The principal factors that accounted for the increase in net debt level during the quarter were:

• Capital expenditure on projects of \$269m, the majority of which was spent on key projects at Tropicana, due to start

production in the fourth quarter of 2013; Kibali, due to start production by year-end; and the expansion of Cripple Creek &

Victor, which is scheduled to contribute additional production from 2015.

Sustaining capital, including ore-reserve development expenditure, of \$243m.

AngloGold Ashanti's statement of financial position (Balance Sheet) remains robust with diverse funding sources and well-

spaced maturities. It comprises the following principle facilities:

- Rated bonds aggregating \$1.75bn, comprising of \$750m, 10-year notes maturing in 2022; \$700m, 10-year notes maturing in 2020, \$300m, 30-year notes maturing in 2040.
- Convertible bond of \$733m, at a strike price of \$47.61, which matures in May 2014.
- \$750m undrawn bridge loan facility from a group of financial institutions, is earmarked solely for the redemption of the

abovementioned convertible bond due in May of 2014, if needed. This facility matures in May 2014 and can be extended

for an additional 12 months, to May 2015.

- \$1bn undrawn revolving credit facility, from a syndicate of 17 global financial institutions, due in 2017.
- **A\$600m revolving credit facility, of which A\$360m is drawn,** from a syndicate of Australian and global financial

institutions, due in December 2015. This facility is earmarked principally for the investment required to bring the Tropicana

project to completion.

• **R1bn DMTN paper** currently issued, which comprises of R300m, 3 month commercial paper maturing in July 2013 and

R700m, 1 year commercial paper maturing in October 2013. (Another R9bn of headroom remains available under this

programme).

R750m on-demand facility of which R500m is drawn.

With effect from 1 January 2013, AngloGold Ashanti adopted IFRIC 20 in relation to capitalisation of qualified deferred stripping

costs and amortising the same with adequate componentisation. IFRIC 20 provides for a transition adjustment in respect of

certain brought forward balances and such balances have been written off against reserves.

CORPORATE UPDATE

CEO appointment: On 8 May AngloGold Ashanti announced the appointment of Mr. Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan (Venkat) as

Chief Executive Officer effective immediately. Venkat has been with AngloGold Ashanti for nine years, most recently serving as

the company's Chief Financial Officer and joint interim CEO, alongside Mr. Tony O'Neill following the departure of the former

CEO at the beginning of April 2013. Mr. O'Neill will remain an executive director on the board and revert to his role as Executive

Vice President: Business and Technical Development. Venkat will also remain CFO of AngloGold Ashanti until further notice. A

global search for a new CFO has been initiated.

Venkat has an extensive knowledge of the Company and its international portfolio of assets, as well as significant financial and

capital markets expertise. In his role as CFO he has overseen funding for all of AngloGold Ashanti's operating activities, giving

him a detailed knowledge of all of the company's mines and operating jurisdictions. He was the executive responsible for

eliminating a 12Moz hedge book, generating significant value for the company, and was the key executive behind rebuilding the

balance sheet through a series of successful debt financings that introduced long-term tenor and more favourable funding terms

to the company's credit profile. Venkat's extensive experience will complement the impressive depth of AngloGold Ashanti's

existing operating and strategic talent.

Cost optimisation and portfolio review: As indicated in February, the company is tackling costs on several fronts. Capital has

been rationed, exploration focused and operating and corporate costs coming under close scrutiny. Corporate costs declined by

24% to \$65m, a decline which includes an element of seasonality. There remain more opportunities to further improve in this

area, with annual corporate cost savings of \$50m identified across all regions. Exploration and study costs also showed a

marked decline of 36% to \$79m.

Furthermore, a cost optimisation project led by Ron Largent, Executive Vice President: Americas, is well underway with an aim

to deliver a sustainable annual reduction in AngloGold Ashanti's operating cost base of about \$100/oz over an 18 month period.

The project charter and governance structures are in place and will focus primarily on direct operating costs. Work is currently

underway to leverage teams of cross-functional experts across the group to identify and prioritise key cost reduction opportunities. Geita, Siguiri, Moab Khotsong and Cuiaba are the pilot sites and will be followed by a rollout of the project across

all operations. All reductions will be integrated into existing operating models and structures of Project ONE, and tracked and

reconciled with financial systems to ensure delivery. Cost savings will be weighed against the impact on future production.

Capital expenditure update: AngloGold Ashanti's main capital projects remain on track and on budget. These include

Tropicana in Australia, which is expected to pour gold in the fourth quarter of 2013, and Kibali, expected to pour gold by the end

of the year. Furthermore, at CC&V, the high grade mill is expected to be commissioned in September 2014 and to deliver a

gradual ramp up in production in 2015. Combined, Tropicana and Kibali are expected to deliver roughly 500,000 of new, higher

quality ounces, improving the quality of production in the portfolio.

As indicated in November 2012, project capital expenditure has been suspended at Mongbwalu in the DRC (target exploration

continues) and has been significantly slowed at Sadiola, in Mali. Additionally, the timing of the deepening projects at Mponeng

and Moab Khotsong in South Africa are being assessed, while technological initiatives in the region are being fast-tracked to

bring forward production from hard-to-access, higher margin areas.

Evolving labour union landscape in the South Africa Region: The emergence of the Association of Mineworkers and

Construction Union, a relative newcomer to the Group's South African operations and the gold sector as a whole, may have

impacted productivity as employees changed union affiliations and rivalry with the established National Union of Mineworkers

increased. This was evidenced during the quarter by sporadic, unprotected work interruptions at some operations and some

incidents of violence and intimidation. AngloGold Ashanti has demonstrated consistently that it rejects violence and intimidation

and is committed to safety, the rule of law, freedom of association for all employees, and structured collective bargaining

relationships with all representative unions and worker associations. While the company remains committed to a constructive

dialogue with bona fide labour unions, it will not tolerate illegal behaviour or intimidation of any kind by any employees or

organisations forcing others to abrogate their responsibilities and discharge their duties to the organisation.

DIVIDEND

The Board has maintained a dividend of 50 South African cents per share (approximately 6 US cents per share) for the first quarter.

SAFETY

Tragically, there were three fatalities in the quarter ended 31 March. The AIFR (All Injury Frequency Rate) for AngloGold

Ashanti has improved to 7.92 from 8.17 per million hours worked year-on-year. During the quarter, Project ONE safety

transformation initiatives continued to yield benefits. Advanced Incident Investigation Programme training sessions have taken

place throughout 2011 and 2012. Going forward, training will focus on sustaining this competence and broadening it to other

disciplines. Delivery of Incident Investigation Programme training continues to be a focus with South Africa having conducted

four sessions this quarter and CAR completing two sessions and having scheduled a further two in the second quarter of 2013.

To date 583 individuals have participated in incident investigation training.

OPERATING REVIEW

The **South African** operations produced 327,000oz at a total unit cash cost of \$896/oz in the three months to 31 March 2013,

compared with 171,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,166/oz the previous quarter and 306,000oz at a total cash cost of \$849/oz in

the first quarter of 2012. The region continued its recovery from the unprotected strike of the second half of last year, as well as

from the annual holiday shutdown and resultant ramp-up, which makes the first quarter seasonally weak for these operations.

Safety-related stoppages continued to weigh on production, as did a decline in grades across the region. Output at the West

Wits mines was also impacted by a lightning strike at a major Eskom regional substation which cut power supplies to Mponeng,

TauTona and surrounding mines for three days, resulting in a production loss of about 20,000oz. Electricity supply to these

mines was rationed in the weeks that followed, while repairs to Eskom's electricity transmission structure were completed.

At the West Wits operations, quarterly performance was also adversely affected by increased seismic activity and the ongoing

safety stoppages. Production for the region was 150,000oz at \$845/oz compared with 175,000oz at \$698/oz in same quarter last

year. TauTona faced increased costs related to improved safety measures in case of fall of ground incidents, including additional

netting and bolting support and the installation of a full metal support prop in certain areas. At Mponeng, yield fell by 36% to 7.16g/t

due to the higher intake of marginal surface ore throughput during safety stoppages, as plants remained operational during this period.

The Vaal River operations experienced a more positive quarter as gold output increased year-on-year by 27% to 114,000oz, from

90,000oz in the first quarter of 2012. Cash costs decreased 15%, from \$1,189/oz to \$1,014/oz when compared to the first quarter of

2012. The successful implementation of a work management system and recovery plan at Great Noligwa resulted in increased

vamping tonnage, following a drive to increase gold throughput from old areas. Fewer safety stoppages occurred at Kopanang and

Moab Khotsong in the current quarter compared to a year ago.

Surface operations, including the recently acquired Mine Waste Solutions, experienced a 55% year-on-year rise in production to

62,000oz. Total cash costs increased by 9% to \$805/oz. There remained significant price pressure on reagents and also increased

expenditure related to dust-control initiatives to improve environmental conditions. The Mine Waste Solutions operations

contributed 24,000oz at a total cash cost of \$825/oz during the quarter as the AngloGold Ashanti teams continued implementing

management controls and systems and conducted work to enhance the infrastructure of these operations. This work is aimed at

improving efficiencies and regulatory compliance.

The **Continental Africa Region** produced 276,000oz at a total cash cost of \$994/oz in the first quarter of 2013, compared to

382,000oz at a total cash cost of \$745/oz in the same period last year and 376,000oz at a total cash cost of \$986/oz in the fourth

quarter of 2012.

In Ghana, Iduapriem's production decreased by 9% year-on-year to 41,000oz as a result of lower tonnage throughput following

planned plant maintenance. Total cash costs consequently increased by 10% to \$1,052/oz year-on-year. Production from Obuasi

decreased year-on-year by 20% to 49,000oz due to numerous operational challenges including ventilation difficulties and restricted

availability of developed reserves. This was partly offset by improved efficiency due to scheduled maintenance. Total cash costs

consequently increased year-on-year by 57% to \$1,742/oz from \$1,112/oz.

At Obuasi, work continued on the mine transition plan with the board approving the new decline extension from

surface to 26 Level.

This decline allows the legacy mine infrastructure to be supplemented and by-passed, fundamentally de-bottlenecking the operation

and providing access to additional, new ore bodies. As the decline heading moves through the old mine, these areas will initially be

taken offline, re-equipped and the workforce retrained in modern, highly productive and safe work methods. The project funding is

contingent on meeting regular, short-term milestones and detailed execution plans. This is a thoroughly considered, incremental

and relatively low-risk strategy utilising equipment and techniques commonly used throughout the world. Work on this decline

commenced toward the end of 2012, enabled by the separation with the historical mining contract arrangement. Another major challenge faced at Obuasi was the presence of significant numbers of illegal miners operating in the old workings in

shallower parts of the mine and others who had penetrated active working areas. A successful national intervention against illegal

mining was conducted by Ghanaian authorities in February and March 2013. It is estimated that the vast majority of the illegal

activity has stopped and most of the access points to the underground operations have been identified and closed. While this early

stage success of this initiative is welcomed and encouraging, ultimately it is crucial maintained over the long-term.

Siguiri's production was 11% higher at 62,000oz, from 56,000oz in the same period last year, but 3% lower when compared to the

previous quarter. The site had a 10% decrease in tonnage throughput, due to fewer operating days compared to the previous

quarter. This was partly offset by an 8% increase in recovered grade due to sourcing ore from new higher grade areas. Total cash

cost improved 6% from the previous quarter to \$998/oz due to lower fuel cost and improvements in power and reagent usage

efficiency.

At Morila in Mali, production decreased year-on-year by 32% and 25% from the previous quarter to 15,000oz reflecting a planned

decrease in grade realised from the marginal stockpiles and a decrease in tonnage throughput. Total cash costs consequently

increased by 8% from the previous quarter to \$772/oz. At Sadiola, production decreased by 24% year-on-year to 19,000oz as a

result of a decrease in tonnage throughput following a scheduled plant maintenance shutdown, fewer production shifts and a drop

in recovered grade due to limited availability of oxide ore sources. Total cash costs improved from the previous quarter but were 3%

higher than a year earlier at \$1,103/oz. Yatela's production was 10,000oz. Total cash costs decreased year-on year by 19% to

\$1,316/oz as a result of higher recovered grade and a lower mining cost due to shorter hauling distances.

In Namibia, Navachab's production decreased by 30% year-on-year to 14,000oz as a result of lower recovered grade due to mining

of lower grade areas. Total cash costs decreased 12% year-on-year to \$896/oz.

In Tanzania, Geita's production decreased by 55% year-on-year to 66,000oz, a 44% decrease compared to the previous quarter

due to the planned replacement of the SAG mill. This was partly offset by feeding higher grade materials stockpiled in the previous

quarter in anticipation of the mill replacement. Total cash costs increased by 17% to \$389/oz year-on-year, a 27% decrease when

compared to the previous quarter.

In the **Americas** Region, first quarter production was 234,000oz at a total cash cost of \$668/oz compared to the corresponding

period last year when the region produced 225,000oz at a total cash cost of \$523/oz and 258,000oz at a total cash cost of \$705/oz

in the fourth quarter of 2012.

At Cripple Creek & Victor gold production declined by 21% year-on-year to 55,000oz, a 4% increase when compared to the

previous quarter. Total cash costs rose 11% year-on-year to \$643/oz, but down 4% compared to the previous quarter. While the

grade and placed tonnage were virtually the same between the two periods, the depth at which the ore was placed on the VLF

(Valley Leach Facility) is significantly different. In 2012, tonnes were placed much closer to the liner resulting in much faster

turnaround on ounces produced. In 2013, much of the ore placed is further from the liner resulting in a longer lag time before

ounces were realized. Total cash costs rose 11% year-on-year to \$643/oz, reflecting greater haul distances and higher unit costs

for inputs.

At AngloGold Ashanti Mineração, production increased by 5% year-on-year to 92,000oz at a total cash cost of \$689/oz which

was 18% higher due to lower recovered grade and by-product credits. Production was also partially affected by lower-than-

planned sulphide feed grades as well as the impact of the rainy season on oxide feed. At Cuiaba, grades declined as narrow

veins left behind previously were reclaimed. At Serra Grande, production increased year-on-year to 32,000oz (due to the

acquisition of the other 50%), while total cash costs declined by 9% to \$789/oz. The mine continued to see promising exploration results.

Cerro Vanguardia production increased 8% year-on-year to 55,000oz, flat from the previous quarter, with silver production at

722,000oz. The total cash cost was \$583/oz, 23% compared to the previous quarter lower mainly reflecting higher by-product

credit as a result of higher volume of silver sold and favourable stockpile movements as a consequence of lower treated tonnes

and also higher stockpile value. Nevertheless, costs remain under pressure from higher inflation reflected in the payroll

expense, as well as higher royalty payments linked to higher sales.

In **Australia**, production at Sunrise Dam for the quarter was 61,000oz at a total cash cost of \$1,247/oz, compared to 55,000oz

at total cash costs of \$1,309/oz in the last quarter of 2012 and 68,000oz production at total cash costs of \$1,218/oz a year ago.

Good progress was made on stabilising the Watu slip in the pit, which occurred in 2011 following the major rain event.

Stabilising this area will enable access to the high grade crown pillar at the base of the pit. During the quarter, the underground

mine achieved a record annualised ore mining rate of more than 2 million tonnes per annum. Mill throughput was impacted by

bearing failure on the mill motor and a higher proportion of harder underground ore.

UPDATE ON MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS

AngloGold Ashanti incurred capital expenditure of \$512m (including equity-accounted joint ventures) during the quarter, of

which \$269m was spent on projects. Expenditure on project capital was \$44m in the Americas, \$110m in Continental Africa,

\$82m in Australasia and \$32m in South Africa.

The **Tropicana Gold Project** (AngloGold Ashanti 70% and manager, Independence Group NL 30%) remains on track to begin

production in the fourth quarter of 2013. There were no lost time injuries for the quarter, the LTIFR for the project to date is 1.15

with no fatalities. All engineering and procurement activities are complete. Infrastructure construction is complete. Plant

concrete has been completed, and structural, mechanical and electrical installations are well advanced. Mining is on schedule

with first ore mining occurring during the quarter. The maintenance and plant operating teams have been assembled and are on

track with their preparations for commissioning and operations. The estimated capital expenditure for Tropicana remains

unchanged at between A\$820-A\$845m on 100% basis.

The Kibali project, a joint venture between state-owned Sokimo (10%), AngloGold Ashanti (45%) and operator Randgold

Resources (45%), has budgeted project capital expenditure of \$982m on a 100% basis (including contingencies and escalation), to fund the development of the open pit and underground mines, as well as associated infrastructure, with first

production of gold from the open pit targeted by year-end. By the end of March 2013, AngloGold Ashanti spent \$343m towards

Kibali's development. Significant progress has been recorded in following key schedule areas during the first quarter: diesel

storage, conveyor tunnel and structures, crusher steelwork, mill installation, and CIL tanks. Open-pit mining rates have

exceeded both planned tonnage and grade, and notable progress has been made on the sinking of the vertical shaft.

The CC&V MLE 2, currently at implementation stage is progressing well. The project expected to extend the mine life has now

commissioned contractors for majority of the work. The piping in the manhole at the water pumping facility tank site has been

completed and the piping has been tested. Construction of the water pumping facility necessary to deliver the required water for

the mill is on-going and purchasing of the mill's major equipment packages is nearly complete. During the quarter, significant

work was performed in the areas of clearing, grubbing and mediation of underground workings under the construction of the

Valley Leach Facility (VLF2). The design for the re-routing of Highway 67 is complete. Construction of the toe berm started in

March. The budget and schedule continue to be well within the plans.

TECHNOLOGY UPDATE

The Technology Innovation Consortium has made significant progress during the quarter in the prototype development of key

technologies that will establish the base for an automated mining method intended for use at AngloGold Ashanti's deep-level

underground mining operations. On the three key technologies:

Orebody Knowledge & Exploration (RC Drilling):

During the first quarter of 2013, modified drill bits and rods were tested, which resulted in increased advance rates and reduced

mechanical issues. During the second quarter, further modifications are intended to improve the length of hole, or distance at

which drilling can be extended optimally.

Reef Boring (Stoping):

In addition to the single hole that was completed in the strike-affected fourth quarter of 2012, another four holes were completed

successfully in the first quarter of 2013. The drilling time for a 30m hole has been reduced by approximately 25%, due to

improvements in machine efficiencies and application method. During the second quarter the intention is to further enhance

drilling effectiveness by applying altered reamer (cutting) geometries. The design process for the first production machine, to be

deployed in 2014, will commence in the second quarter and will incorporate lessons learned from the testing of the prototype machine.

Ultra High Strength Backfill (UHSB):

A significant milestone has been achieved with the placement of the first UHSB underground at TauTona Mine. During the first

quarter of 2013, two holes have been successfully filled. Encouraging advancements in the mixing process have been achieved

leading to reduced times and increased flexibility in application of the product. Going forward, testing will continue to verify the

confidence of the new mixing process.

EXPLORATION

Total exploration expenditure during the first quarter, inclusive of expenditure at equity accounted joint ventures, was \$108m

(\$52m on brownfield, \$26m on greenfield and \$30m on pre-feasibility studies), compared with \$99m during the same quarter the

previous year (\$32m on brownfield, \$33m on greenfield and \$34m on pre-feasibility studies).

Brownfields exploration activities were heavily focused on key targets in the Continental Africa region during the first quarter in

Tanzania, Guinea, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

In Tanzania at Geita, a total of 74 diamond holes and 115 RC holes were drilled. Significant assay results were received during

the quarter from Nyankanga (Cut 7 OP, Cut 8, Cut 10, Block 1, Block 2 and Block 4), Geita Hill West, Geita Hill East, Ridge 8,

Matandani and Kukuluma. Regional scale mapping by the exploration team continued in the Nyamulilima Terrain and along the

southern edge of the Geita Greenstone Belt, while pit mapping at the Star & Comet, Ridge 8, Roberts, Kukuluma, Geita Hill and

Nyankanga deposits is continuing, with associated development of 3D models. The work to develop and refine the geological

models for these areas continues, with improved understanding on the controls of mineralisation.

At Siguiri in Guinea, a total of 393 holes, totalling 37,134m, were completed. Infill drilling focused mainly on upgrading the oxide

Mineral Resources at Seguelen, Sokunu, Komatiguiya, Soloni and Silakoro. As anticipated, the drilling at Seguelen returned

several good intersections.

At Kibali, two areas were identified in the KCD deposit as having a high potential for Mineral Resource conversion. The first was

tested by a four-hole programme (2,237m) designed to test the continuity of grade and thickness of 9,000 lode mineralisation up

plunge from existing stope positions. Gold assay results from the first three holes have been received and flag a continuation of

thinner high grade mineralisation associated with the development of a broader low grade mineralised halo. For the second,

three holes were drilled to test an area between the end of the current mineralisation wireframes for the 3,000 and 5,000 lodes,

and drill hole DDD532, a step out hole that intersected significant values. The first hole commenced and was completed during

the quarter at 801m and a second hole is in progress. Results are still pending but geological and structural interpretation

indicates similarities with mineralised neighbouring holes.

Greenfield exploration activities were undertaken in five regions (Australia, Americas, Pacific, Sub-Saharan Africa and the

Middle East & North Africa) during the quarter. A total of 29,820 metres of diamond and RC drilling was completed on existing

priority targets and used to delineate new targets in Colombia, Guinea, the Solomon Islands and the DRC.

Expenditure this

quarter was US\$23.81m compared to US\$40.86m in the last quarter of 2012.

In Colombia, exploration continued at the Nuevo Chaquiro and Tenedor targets at the Quebradona project, in joint venture with

B2Gold (AGA 80.5%). At Nuevo Chaquiro, a total of 3,888m of diamond drilling was completed and further long (>400m)

continuous intersections of copper-gold porphyry-style mineralisation were received. On the adjacent Tenedor target, diamond

drilling commenced with 1,501m completed.

More than half of the metres drilled during the quarter were completed in Guinea, where exploration work continued on the

Kounkoun trend, within 35km of the Siguiri Mine, in Block 3, with infill and delineation drilling at KK1, KK3 and KK4 targets with

a total of 16,412m completed. Diamond drilling, totalling 856m, and geophysical IP/ground magnetics also commenced in Block

4. Highlights for the quarter include two mineralisation structures intersected with a combined length of >7kms and mineralisation intersected from surface to over 200m depth with oxidation from 60 to 100m deep.

Detailed information on the exploration activities and studies both for brownfields and greenfields is available on the

AngloGold Ashanti website (www.anglogoldashanti.com).

OUTLOOK

Gold production for the second quarter of 2013 is estimated at 900,000oz to 950,000oz. Total cash costs are estimated at

between \$900/oz-\$950/oz at an average exchange rate of R9.16/\$, BRL2.00/\$, A\$1.03/\$ and AP5.19/\$ and fuel at \$102/barrel.

This includes the impact of public holidays over the period, as well as annual power tariff increases and winter power tariffs in

South Africa. Both cost and production estimates are subject to unfavourable revisions in light of recent labour related challenges experienced in South Africa.

Other known or unpredictable factors could also have material adverse effects on our future results. Please refer to the Risk

Factors section in AngloGold Ashanti's 2012 Form 20-F, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission

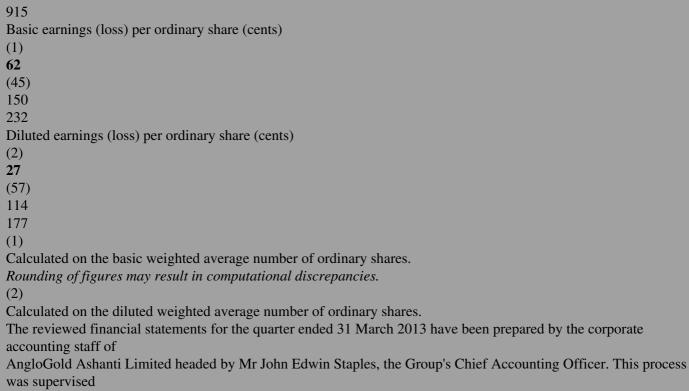
("SEC") on 26 April 2013 and available on the SEC's homepage at http://www.sec.gov.

Group income statement Quarter Quarter Quarter Year ended ended ended ended March **December** March **December** 2013 2012 2012 2012 **US Dollar million** Notes Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited Revenue 1,518 1,490 1,794 6,632 Gold income 1,463 1,398 1,706 6,353 Cost of sales (1,029)(1,005)(968)(3,964)Gain (loss) on non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts 25 (35)

Gross profit

```
434
418
738
2,354
Corporate administration, marketing and other
expenses
(65)
(85)
(67)
(291)
Exploration and evaluation costs
(79)
(124)
(76)
(395)
Other operating expenses
4
(1)
(6)
(7)
(47)
Special items
5
(25)
(402)
17
(402)
Operating profit (loss)
264
(199)
605
1,219
Dividends received
5
Interest received
6
12
12
43
Exchange (loss) gain
(4)
(2)
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations
```

```
(64)
(67)
(49)
(231)
Fair value adjustment on option component of
convertible bonds
17
43
83
Fair value adjustment on mandatory convertible
bonds
137
65
79
162
Share of equity-accounted investments' (loss)
profit
(7)
(42)
21
(30)
Profit (loss) before taxation
346
(214)
709
1,261
Taxation
(98)
46
(113)
(346)
Profit (loss) for the period
248
(168)
596
915
Allocated as follows:
Equity shareholders
239
(174)
581
897
Non-controlling interests
6
15
18
248
(168)
```



2013 were reviewed, but not audited, by the Group's statutory auditors, Ernst & Young Inc. A copy of their unmodified review report

is available for inspection at the company's head office.

596

Group statement of comprehensive income **Ouarter** Quarter Quarter Year ended ended ended ended March **December** March **December** 2013 2012 2012 2012 **US Dollar million** Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited Profit (loss) for the period 248 (168)596 915 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations (149)(35)95 (92)Net (loss) gain on available-for-sale financial assets (14)(10)(27)Release on impairment of available-for-sale financial assets 12 12 1 16 Deferred taxation thereon 2

```
2
4
2
(5)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or
Actuarial loss recognised
(14)
(14)
Deferred taxation rate change thereon
(9)
(9)
Deferred taxation thereon
3
3
(11)
(9)
(20)
Other comprehensive (loss) income for
the period, net of tax
(149)
(42)
88
(117)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the
period, net of tax
99
(210)
684
798
Allocated as follows:
Equity shareholders
90
(216)
669
780
Non-controlling interests
6
15
18
```

99

(210)

684

798

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Group statement of financial position As at As at As at March **December** March 2013 2012 2012 **US Dollar million** Note Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed **ASSETS Non-current assets** Tangible assets 7,743 7,776 6,811 Intangible assets 321 315 228 Investments in equity-accounted associates and joint ventures 1,172 1,047 753 Other investments 147 167 196 Inventories 647 610 421 Trade and other receivables 48 79 80 Deferred taxation 93 97 Cash restricted for use 29 29

24

Other non-current assets 7 7 10 10,207 10,127 8,578 **Current assets** Inventories 1,196 1,213 1,011 Trade and other receivables 466 472 410 Cash restricted for use 34 35 54 Cash and cash equivalents 680 892 1,216 2,376 2,612 2,691 Non-current assets held for sale 2 2,376 2,612 2,693 **TOTAL ASSETS** 12,583 12,739 11,271 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Share capital and premium 10 6,752 6,742 6,695 Accumulated losses and other reserves (1,204)(1,269)(1,132)Shareholders' equity 5,548 5,473

9
5,563
Non-controlling interests
21
21
154
Total equity
5,569
5,494
5,717
Non-current liabilities
Borrowings
2,844
2,724
2,382
Environmental rehabilitation and other provisions
1,174
1,238
796
Provision for pension and post-retirement benefits
205
221
206
Trade, other payables and deferred income
2
10
14
Derivatives
1
10
50
Deferred taxation
1,063
1,084
1,126
5,289
5,287
4,574
Current liabilities
Borrowings
e
662 °50
859 53
Trade, other payables and deferred income
929
979
720
Taxation
134
120
207

1,725

1,958

980

Total liabilities

7,014

7,245

5,554

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

12,583

12,739

11,271

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Group statement of cash flows Quarter Quarter Quarter Year ended ended ended ended March **December** March **December** 2013 2012 2012 2012 **US Dollar million** Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers 1,492 1,471 1,758 6,523 Payments to suppliers and employees (1,094)(960)(1,041)(4,173)Cash generated from operations 398 511 717 2,350 Dividends received from equity-accounted joint ventures 8 18 20 72 Taxation refund 54

Taxation paid
(60)
(89)
(112)
(507)
Net cash inflow from operating activities
346
494
625
1,969
Cash flows from investing activities
Capital expenditure
(384)
(663)
(356)
(1,925)
Interest capitalised and paid
(4)
(5)
(2)
(12)
Expenditure on intangible assets
(13)
(28)
(7)
(79)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible assets
-
1
1
5
Other investments acquired
(32)
(17)
(39)
(97)
Proceeds from disposal of investments
27
13
36
86
Investments in equity-accounted associates and joint ventures
(150)
(132)
(45)
(349)
Proceeds from disposal of equity-accounted associates and joint ventures
5
20
20

Loans advanced to equity-accounted associates and joint ventures (1) (15)(65)Loans repaid by equity-accounted associates and joint ventures Dividends received 5 6 Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary 6 Cash in subsidiary acquired Cash in subsidiary disposed (31)(31) Acquisition of subsidiary and loan (335)Increase (decrease) in cash restricted for use 28 (18)(3) Interest received 11 10 36 Loans advanced (45)(45)Net cash outflow from investing activities

```
(541)
(856)
(415)
(2,775)
Cash flows from financing activities
Proceeds from issue of share capital
10
Proceeds from borrowings
146
220
1,432
Repayment of borrowings
(95)
(5)
(4)
(217)
Finance costs paid
(37)
(56)
(15)
(145)
Acquisition of non-controlling interest
(215)
Revolving credit facility and bond transaction costs
(1)
(8)
(30)
Dividends paid
(26)
(22)
(101)
(236)
Net cash (outflow) inflow from financing activities
(7)
136
(128)
591
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents
(202)
(226)
82
(215)
```

Translation

```
(10)
(5)
22
(5)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period
892
1,123
1,112
1,112
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period
680
892
1,216
892
Cash generated from operations
Profit (loss) before taxation
346
(214)
709
1,261
Adjusted for:
Movement on non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts
(25)
35
Amortisation of tangible assets
213
219
200
831
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations
64
67
49
231
Environmental, rehabilitation and other expenditure
(8)
(15)
(5)
(17)
Special items
30
389
2
402
Amortisation of intangible assets
1
4
```

Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bonds
(9)
(17)
(43)
(83)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory convertible bonds
(137)
(65)
(79)
(162)
Interest received
(6)
(12)
(12)
(43)
Share of equity-accounted investments' loss (profit)
7
42
(21)
30
Other non-cash movements
(6)
8
28
79
Movements in working capital
(98)
133
(112)
(218)
398
511
717
2,350
Movements in working capital
Increase in inventories
(39)
(115)
(30)
(324)
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables
18
70
(54)
(110)
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(77)
178
(28)
216
(98)

133

(112)

(218)

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Group statement of changes in equity Share Cash **Available Foreign** capital Other Accumuflow for **Actuarial** currency Nonand capital lated hedge sale (losses) translation controlling **Total US Dollar million** premium reserves losses reserve reserve gains reserve **Total** interests equity Balance at 31 December 2011 as previously reported 6,689 171 (1,300)(2) 18 (78)(469)5,029 137 5,166 Restated for IFRIC 20 adjustments (1) (46)(1) (47)(47)

```
Restated for IAS19R adjustments
(1)
(5)
5
Balance at 31 December 2011 -
restated
6,689
171
(1,351)
(2)
18
(73)
(470)
4,982
137
5,119
Profit for the period
581
581
15
596
Other comprehensive income (loss)
(9)
95
88
88
Total comprehensive income (loss)
                                                         2
                                                                       (9)
                                                                                     95
                              581
                                                                                                   669
15
              684
Shares issued
6
6
6
Share-based payment for share awards
net of exercised
9
Dividends paid
(101)
(101)
(101)
Translation
7
              (7)
1
(3)
```

(2)

2 Balance at 31 March 2012 - restated 6,695 187 (878)(2) 21 (85)(375)5,563 154 5,717 Balance at 31 December 2012 as previously reported 6,742 177 (823)**(2)** 13 (98)(562)5,447 22 5,469 Restated for IFRIC 20 adjustments (1) 26 26 **(1)** 25 Restated for IAS19R adjustments (1) **(9)** 9 Balance at 31 December 2012 restated 6,742 177 (806)**(2)** 13 (89)(562)5,473 21 5,494 Profit for the period

```
239
9
248
Other comprehensive loss
(149)
(149)
(149)
Total comprehensive income (loss)
                              239
                                                                                     (149)
                                                                                                     90
9
             99
Shares issued
10
10
10
Share-based payment for share awards
net of exercised
(4)
(4)
(4)
Dividends paid
(21)
(21)
(21)
Dividends of subsidiaries
(9)
(9)
Translation
(11)
5
(1)
7
Balance at 31 March 2013
6,752
162
(583)
(2)
12
(82)
(711)
5,548
21
5,569
(1)
Refer Note 13.
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.
```

Equity holders of the parent

Segmental reporting Year ended Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited **Gold income** South Africa 507 344 524 2,013 Continental Africa 535 651 723 2,609 Australasia 94 94 115 426 Americas 395 413 432 1,656 1,532 1,501 1,793 6,704 Equity-accounted investments included above **(69)** (103)(87) (351)1,463 1,398 1,706 6,353

Gross profit South Africa Continental Africa Australasia Americas Corporate and other **(5)** 2,465 Equity-accounted investments included above (23) (34)(34) (111)2,354 **Capital expenditure** South Africa Continental Africa

Australasia

101 189 42 369 Americas 98 163 84 409 Corporate and other 4 2 3 36 512 844 398 2,322 Equity-accounted investments included above **(97)** (142)(35)(303)415 702 364 2,019 Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited **Gold production** South Africa 327 171 306 1,212 Continental Africa

382 1,521 Australasia 61 55 68 258 Americas 234 258 225 953 899 859 981 3,944 As at As at As at Mar Dec Mar 2013 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed **Total assets** South Africa 2,841 3,082 2,301 Continental Africa

5,092 4,846

4,466

Australasia

1,143

1,045

753

Americas

2,880

2,878

2,615

Corporate and other

627

888

1,136

12,583

12,739

11,271

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

AngloGold Ashanti's operating segments are being reported based on the financial information provided to the Chief Executive

Officer and the Executive Committee, collectively identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). Individual members

of the Executive Committee are responsible for geographic regions of the business.

Quarter ended

US Dollar million

Quarter ended

US Dollar million

oz (000)

Year ended

Notes

for the quarter ended 31 March 2013

1.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements in this quarterly report have been prepared in accordance with the historic cost convention except for

certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value. The group's accounting policies used in the preparation of these

financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective 1 January 2013 (Refer note 13).

The financial statements of AngloGold Ashanti Limited have been prepared in compliance with IAS 34, IFRS as issued by the

International Accounting Standards Board, The Financial Reporting Guidelines as issued by the South African Institute of

Chartered Accountants, JSE Listings Requirements and in the manner required by the South African Companies Act, 2008

(as amended) for the preparation of financial information of the group for the quarter ended 31 March 2013.

2. Revenue

Quarter ended

Year ended

Mar

Dec

Mar Dec

2013

2012

2012 2012

Reviewed

Restated

Unaudited

Restated

Reviewed

Restated

Unaudited

US Dollar million

Gold income

1,463

1,398

1,706

6,353

By-products (note 3)

34

75

61

206

Dividends received

7 Royalties received (note 5) 10 5 16 23 Interest received 6 12 12 43 1,518 1,490 1,795 6,632 Cost of sales Quarter ended Year ended Mar Dec Dec Mar 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited US Dollar million Cash operating costs **785** 824 734 3,171 Insurance reimbursement (30)By-products revenue (note 2) (34) (75)(61)(206)**751** 749

2,935 Royalties **37** 22 48 164 Other cash costs 11 8 35 Total cash costs **797** 782 728 3,134 Retrenchment costs 2 3 10 Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs 11 16 9 67 **Production costs** 814 800 740 3,211 Amortisation of tangible assets 213 219 200 Amortisation of intangible assets 2 Total production costs 1,029 1,020 941 4,046 Inventory change (15)27

(82)

1,029 1,005 968 3,964 Other operating expenses Quarter ended Year ended Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited US Dollar million Pension and medical defined benefit provisions 4 2 5 37 Claims filed by former employees in respect of loss of employment, work-related accident injuries and diseases, governmental fiscal claims and care and maintenance of old tailings operations **(3)** 4 2 10 1 6 7 47

 $Rounding\ of\ figures\ may\ result\ in\ computational\ discrepancies.$

Special items Ouarter ended Year ended Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited US Dollar million Net impairment and derecognition of tangible assets (note 8) 1 354 356 Impairment of other investments (note 8) 12 1 16 Impairment of other receivables Impairment reversal of intangible assets (note 8) (10)(10)Net loss on disposal and derecognition of land, mineral rights, tangible assets and exploration properties (note 8) 1 2 15 Royalties received (note 2) (10)(5) (23)(16)Indirect tax expenses and legal claims 3 33 6 40 Contract termination and settlement costs

```
21
21
Profit on partial disposal of Rand Refinery Limited (note 8)
(14)
(14)
Inventory write off due to fire at Geita
Legal fees and other costs related to MBC contract
termination
Settlement costs of a legal claim at First Uranium (Pty)
Limited
2
25
402
                  (17)
                                   402
     Finance costs and unwinding of obligations
Quarter ended
Year ended
Mar
Dec
Mar
                 Dec
2013
2012
2012
                2012
Reviewed
Restated
Unaudited
Restated
Reviewed
Restated
Unaudited
US Dollar million
Finance costs
49
47
34
167
Unwinding of obligations, accretion of convertible bonds and
other discounts
15
```

20 15 64 64 67 49 231 **Taxation** 7. **Quarter ended** Year ended Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited US Dollar million **South African taxation** Mining tax 17 (28)26 54 Non-mining tax 8 18 (Over) under prior year provision **(1)** (3) 1 (3) **Deferred taxation** Temporary differences 10 27 12 65 Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts

(10)Change in estimated deferred tax rate (8) (9) Change in statutory tax rate (131)(131)25 2 (93) (16)Foreign taxation Normal taxation 54 56 127 354 Over prior year provision (14)(1) (9) **Deferred taxation** Temporary differences **17** (90)42 (21) Change in statutory tax rate 38 38 72 (48)206 362 98 (46)113

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Headline earnings Ouarter ended Year ended Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Reviewed Restated Unaudited Restated Reviewed Restated Unaudited US Dollar million The profit attributable to equity shareholders has been adjusted by the following to arrive at headline earnings: Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders 239 (174)581 897 Net impairment and derecognition of tangible assets (note 5) 354 356 Impairment reversal of intangible assets (note 5) (10)(10)Net loss on disposal and derecognition of land, mineral rights, tangible assets, and exploration properties (note 5) 1 1 2 15 Impairment of other investments (note 5) 12 12 1 16 Profit on partial disposal of Rand Refinery Limited (note 5) (14)(14)

Net impairment (reversal) of investment in associates and

joint ventures
7
45
(2)
57
Loss on disposal of loan to joint venture
2
2
Special items of associates
•
(3) (4)
Taxation on items above - current portion
Taxation on tems above - current portion
•
•
- (1)
Taxation on items above - deferred portion
(1)
(106)
•
(106)
259
120
569
1,208
Headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)
(1)
67
31
147
312
Diluted headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)
(2)
32
15
112
251
(1) Calculated on the basic weighted everage number of ordinary shares
Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares.
Calculated on the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares.

9. Number of shares

Quarter ended

Year ended

Mar

Dec

	aga: 1g: 7 13.23 a
Mar	Dec
2013	
2012	
2012	2012
Reviewed	
Restated	
Unaudited	
Restated	
Reviewed	
Restated	
Unaudited	
Authorised numb	
•	of 25 SA cents each
600,000,000	
600,000,000	
600,000,000	
	s of 25 SA cents each
4,280,000	S Of 25 SA cents each
4,280,000	
4,280,000	
4,280,000	
	eference shares of 50 SA cents each
2,000,000	
2,000,000	
2,000,000	
2,000,000	
B redeemable pro	eference shares of 1 SA cent each
5,000,000	
5,000,000	
5,000,000	
5,000,000	
• •	paid number of shares:
Ordinary shares i	in issue
383,626,668	
383,320,962	
382,399,018	
383,320,962	
E ordinary shares	s in issue
1,610,376	
1,617,752	
2,563,772	
1,617,752	normal t
Total ordinary sh 385,237,044	lates.
384,938,714	
384,962,790	
384,938,714	
A redeemable pro	eference shares
2,000,000	
_,000,000	

2,000,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 B redeemable preference shares 778,896 778,896 778,896 778,896 In calculating the basic and diluted number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period, the following were taken into consideration: Ordinary shares 383,423,554 383,197,618 382,305,903 382,757,790 E ordinary shares 1,613,092 1,999,566 2,569,675 2,392,316 Fully vested options 2,038,229 1,232,070 1,970,339 1,616,239 Weighted average number of shares 387,074,875 386,429,254 386,845,917 386,766,345 Dilutive potential of share options 1,210,482 970,868 1,840,199 Dilutive potential of convertible bonds 18,140,000 18,140,000 33,524,615 33,524,615 Diluted number of ordinary shares 406,425,357 404,569,254 421,341,400 422,131,159

10. Share capital and premium

As at

Mar

Dec Mar

2013
2012 2012
Reviewed
Restated
Unaudited Restated
Reviewed
US Dollar Million
Balance at beginning of period
6,821
6,782
6,782
Ordinary shares issued
11
46
6
E ordinary shares issued and cancelled
-
(7)
Sub-total
6,832
6,821
6,788
Redeemable preference shares held within the group
(53)
(53)
(53)
Ordinary shares held within the group
(11)
(10)
(17)
E ordinary shares held within the group (16)
(16)
(23)
Balance at end of period
6,752 6,742
6,695
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

11. Exchange rates Mar
Dec Mar 2013
2012 2012
Unaudited Unaudited Unaudited ZAR/USD average for the year to date 8.91 8.20 7.74
ZAR/USD average for the quarter 8.91 8.67 7.74
ZAR/USD closing 9.21 8.45 7.63
AUD/USD average for the year to date 0.96 0.97 0.95
AUD/USD average for the quarter 0.96 0.96 0.95
AUD/USD closing 0.96 0.96 0.96
BRL/USD average for the year to date 2.00 1.95 1.77
BRL/USD average for the quarter 2.00 2.06 1.77
BRL/USD closing 2.01 2.05 1.83
ARS/USD average for the year to date 5.01 4.55 4.34 ARS/USD average for the guerter
ARS/USD average for the quarter

5.01

4.80

4.34

ARS/USD closing

5.12 4.92

4.38

12. Capital commitments

Mar

Dec Mar

2013

2012 2012

Reviewed

Restated

Unaudited

Restated

Reviewed

US Dollar Million

Orders placed and outstanding on capital contracts at the

prevailing rate of exchange

(1)

1,210 1,075 370

(1)

Includes capital commitments relating to equity-accounted joint ventures.

Liquidity and capital resources

To service the above capital commitments and other operational requirements, the group is dependent on existing cash resources, cash generated from operations and borrowing facilities.

Cash generated from operations is subject to operational, market and other risks. Distributions from operations may be subject to foreign investment, exchange control laws and regulations and the quantity of foreign exchange available in offshore countries. In addition, distributions from joint ventures are subject to the relevant board approval.

The credit facilities and other finance arrangements contain financial covenants and other similar undertakings. To the extent that external borrowings are required, the group's covenant performance indicates that existing financing facilities

will be available to meet the above commitments. To the extent that any of the financing facilities mature in the near future

the group believes that sufficient measures are in place to ensure that these facilities can be refinanced.

13. Change in accounting policies

The following accounting standards, amendments to standards and new interpretations have been adopted with effect from

1 January 2013:

IFRS 7

Amendment – Disclosures –Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

IFRS 10

Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11

Joint Arrangements

IFRS 12

Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 13

Fair Value Measurement

IFRSs

Annual Improvements 2009 - 2011

IAS 1

Amendment – Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

IAS 19R

Employee Benefits (revised)

IAS 27

Separate Financial Statements (Revised 2011)

IAS 28

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (Revised 2011)

IFRIC 20

Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

New standards and amendments which have an impact on the interim consolidated financial statements of the group are

described below:

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. The group adopted the amendments to IAS 1 which required it to group other

comprehensive income items by those that will be reclassified and those that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit and

loss. The amendment affected presentation and had no impact on the group's financial position or performance.

The accounting policies adopted are significantly consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the changes arising due to the adoption of IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine" and the adoption of IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" (revised) which became effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. IFRIC 20 clarifies when an entity should recognise waste removal costs that are incurred in surface

mining activity during the production phase of the mine ("production stripping costs") as an asset. The interpretation impacts the way in which the group accounts for production stripping costs.

IAS 19 (revised) includes a number of amendments to the accounting for defined benefit plans, including actuarial gains and

losses that are now recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) and permanently excluded from profit and loss; expected returns on plan assets that are no longer recognised in profit or loss, instead, there is a requirement to recognise

interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) in profit or loss, calculated using the discount rate used to measure the

defined benefit obligation, and; unvested past service costs are now recognised in profit or loss at the earlier of when the

amendment occurs or when the related restructuring or termination costs are recognised. Other amendments include new

disclosures.

In case of the Group, the transition to IAS 19R had no impact on the net defined benefit plan obligations due to the difference

in accounting for interest on plan assets. The effect of the adoption of IAS 19R is explained in Note 13.2.

13.1 IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine"

Prior to the issuance of IFRIC 20, the accounting for production stripping costs have been based on general IFRS principles and the Framework, as IFRS had no specific guidance.

Previously for group accounting purposes stripping costs incurred in open-pit operations during the production phase to

remove additional waste were either capitalised to mine development costs or charged to operating costs on the basis of

the average life of mine stripping ratio and the average life of mine costs per tonne. The cost of stripping in any period reflected the average stripping rates for the orebody as a whole.

IFRIC 20 provides specific guidance for accounting of production stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine. IFRIC 20 differs from the life of mine average strip ratio approach as follows:

- The level at which production stripping costs are to be assessed, i.e. at a component level rather than a life of mine level; and
- The way in which any stripping activity assets are to be depreciated.

In addition, specific transitional rules are provided to deal with any opening deferred stripping balances the group may have recognised under its previous accounting policy. The impact as a consequence of moving from a life-of-mine strip

ratio to a strip ratio applicable to a component of an orebody is as follows:

Transition

IFRIC 20 has been applied prospectively to production stripping costs incurred on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented, which for the group, for the year ending 31 December 2013, is 1 January 2011. Any previously recognised asset balance(s) that resulted from stripping activity is to be reclassified as part of an existing asset to which

the stripping activity related, to the extent that there remains an identifiable component of the ore body with which the predecessor stripping asset can be associated.

If there is no identifiable component of the orebody to which the predecessor asset relates, the asset is written off via opening accumulated losses at the beginning of the earliest periods presented, i.e. 1 January 2011.

Impact of IFRIC 20

For purposes of the quarterly results, the adoption of IFRIC 20 at the transition date of 1 January 2011; the adjustments

required for the financial reporting period from the transition date until the beginning of the preceding period presented, i.e.

1 January 2011 to 31 December 2011; and the adjustments required for the financial reporting period 1 January 2012 to

31 December 2012, had the following cumulative impact on accumulated losses as at 1 January 2012 and 31 December

2012:

1 January 2012

```
31 December 2012
US Dollar million
As
previously
reported
IFRIC 20
adjustments
(1)
Adjusted
balance
As
previously
reported
IFRIC 20
adjustments
(1)
Adjusted
balance
Accumulated losses
Opening balance
(1,300)
(1,300)
(823)
(823)
Derecognise deferred stripping balances not meeting the
requirements of IFRIC 20
(99)
(99)
(99)
(99)
Reversals of deferred stripping movements under previous
approach
18
18
8
8
Additional production stripping costs capitalised in terms of IFRIC
20
159
159
313
313
```

Amortisation of deferred stripping assets capitalised in terms of

```
IFRIC 20
(57)
(57)
(94)
(94)
Adjustment to inventory valuations as a result of deferred stripping
asset adjustments
(66)
(66)
(74)
(74)
Effect on equity accounted investments' profit (loss)
(11)
(11)
(13)
(13)
Tax effect
10
10
(16)
(16)
Non-controlling interests
Adjusted opening accumulated losses
(2)
(1,300)
(46)
(1,346)
(823)
26
(797)
The IFRIC 20 adjustments including transition adjustments; reversal of historical accounting for deferred stripping;
and the accounting for deferred
stripping in line with the requirements of IFRIC 20.
(2)
Adjusted opening accumulated losses before the impact of IAS 19R – refer 13.2.
```

Impact on the comparative information

(28)(28)

Other movements in tangible assets

The adoption of IFRIC 20 had the following impact on the comparative information for the quarter ended 31 March 2012: **US Dollar million** As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance **Tangible assets** Opening balance - 1 January 2012 6,525 20 6,545 Reversals of deferred stripping movements under previous approach (7)Production stripping costs capitalised in terms of IFRIC 20 44 44 Amortisation of deferred stripping assets (9)(9)Other movements in tangible assets 231 231 Adjusted closing balance - 31 March 2012 6,763 48 6,811 Reversals of deferred stripping movements under previous approach (3) Production stripping costs capitalised in terms of IFRIC 20 110 110 Amortisation of deferred stripping assets

882 883 Adjusted closing balance - 31 December 2012 128 7,776 (1) The IFRIC 20 adjustments including transition adjustments; reversal of historical accounting for deferred stripping; and the accounting for deferred stripping in line with the requirements of IFRIC 20. 31 March 2012 **31 December 2012 US Dollar million** As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance **Inventory** Closing balance 1,083 1,083 1,287 1,287 Adjustment to inventory valuation as a result of deferred stripping asset adjustments (72)(72)(74)Adjusted closing balance

1,083

(72) 1,011

1,287 **(74)** 1,213 (1) The IFRIC 20 adjustments include the effect on the inventory valuation of the reversal of historical accounting for deferred stripping and the accounting for deferred stripping in line with the requirements of IFRIC 20. **Ouarter ended 31 December 2012 Ouarter ended** 31 March 2012 Year ended **31 December 2012 US Dollar million** As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance **Profit or loss** Profit before taxation (234)(234)689 689 1,171 1,171

Decrease/(increase) in cash costs included in cost of sales due to: 37 37 31 31 135 135 - Reversals of deferred stripping movements under previous approach (2) (2) (7)(7) (10)(10)- Production stripping costs capitalised in terms of IFRIC 20 29 29 44 44 154 154 - Adjustment to inventory valuation as a result of deferred stripping asset adjustments 10 10 (6) (6)

(9) (9)

Increase in cost of sales due to amortisation of capitalised production stripping costs in terms of IFRIC 20 (13)(13) (9) (9) (37) (37)Effect on equity accounted investments' profit (loss) 2 2 (1) (1) (1) (1) **Sub-total** (234)26 (208)689 21 709 1,171 97 1,268 Taxation 52 (7) 45 (111)(3) (113)(322)(26) (348)- Normal taxation (15)(3)

(18) (156)

2 (153)(413)(1) (414)- Deferred taxation 67 (4) 63 45 (5) 40 91 (25)66 **Adjusted profit** (182)19 (163)578 18 596 849 71 920 (1) The IFRIC 20 adjustments include transition adjustments; reversal of historical accounting for deferred stripping; and

The IFRIC 20 adjustments include transition adjustments; reversal of historical accounting for deferred stripping; and the accounting for

deferred stripping in line with the requirements of IFRIC 20.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Quarter ended 31 December 2012 **Quarter ended** 31 March 2012 Year ended **31 December 2012 US Dollar million** As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance As previously reported **IFRIC 20** adjustments **(1) Adjusted** balance Other comprehensive income Profit or loss as previously reported (182)(182)578 578 849 849 Adjustment to profit or loss as a result of deferred stripping asset adjustments

19 19

18 18 71 71 Other movements in Other Comprehensive Income (47)(47)88 88 (122)(122)Adjusted total comprehensive income (loss) for the period (229)19 (210)666 18 684 727 71 798

The IFRIC 20 adjustments including transition adjustments; reversal of historical accounting for deferred stripping; and the accounting for deferred

stripping in line with the requirements of IFRIC 20.

13.2 Employee benefits

(1)

The Group operates defined benefit pension plans, which require contributions to be made to separately administered funds.

IAS 19 (revised) has been applied retrospectively from 1 January 2011. As a result, expected returns on plan assets of defined benefit plans are not recognised in profit or loss. Instead, interest on net defined benefit obligation is recognised in

profit or loss, calculated using the discount rate used to measure the net pension obligation or asset.

Impact of transition to IAS 19R:

No impact was recorded in the statement of financial position on the defined benefit plan obligations nor on total shareholders' equity as the impact only affected the pension cost recorded in the income statement and the consequential

effect on actuarial gains and losses recognised in OCI.

The impact on the adjusted opening accumulated losses, the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity (Note 13.1) are set out below:

US Dollar million

1 January 2012 31 December 2012 Total Equity as previously reported 5,166 5,469 Effect of IFRIC 20 adjustments per 13.1 26 Adjustment to accumulated losses due to the requirements of IAS 19R (5)(9)Adjustment to actuarial (losses)/gain due to the requirements of IAS 19R 5 9 Adjusted total equity 5,119 5,494 **US Dollar million Quarter ended 31 December 2012 Quarter ended** 31 March 2012 Year ended **31 December 2012 Total comprehensive income** Opening balance per 13.1 (210)684 798 Decrease in profit and loss due to the recognition of interest on net defined benefit obligation instead of expected return on plan assets in terms of IAS 19R (7)(7)Deferred tax thereon 2 2 Decrease in other comprehensive loss due to the decrease in actuarial loss as a result of the recognition of interest on net defined benefit obligation instead of expected return on plan assets in terms of IAS 19R 7 Deferred tax thereon (2)(2)

Adjusted total comprehensive income

(210)

684

798

There was no impact on the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

13.3 Effect of Accounting Policy changes on earnings per share and headline earnings per share **Ouarter ended 31 December 2012 Quarter ended** 31 March 2012 Year ended **31 December 2012** Basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share Previously reported basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share (cents) (49)146 215 (Decrease)/increase in basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share (cents) (4)4 17 Restated basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share (cents) (45)150 232 Diluted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share Previously reported diluted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share (cents) (1) (60)110 161 (Decrease)/increase in diluted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share (cents) (3) 4 16 Restated diluted (loss)/earnings per ordinary share (cents) 114 177 Headline earnings per ordinary share Previously reported headline earnings per ordinary share (cents) 28 142 Increase/(decrease) in headline earnings per ordinary share (cents) 3 5 16 Restated headline earnings per ordinary share (cents) 31 147 312 Diluted headline earnings per ordinary share Previously reported diluted headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)

13 107

236

Increase/(decrease) in diluted headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)

2

5

15

Restated diluted headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)

15

112

251

(1)

The December 2012 quarter ended diluted loss per ordinary share has been corrected to take into account the earnings effect of the option

component of the mandatory convertible bonds issued in September 2010. The impact of this correction increased diluted loss per ordinary

share by 11 cents. The year ended 31 December 2012 diluted earnings per ordinary share is not impacted by this correction and thus not

restated.

14. Financial risk management activities

Borrowings

The mandatory convertible bonds are carried at fair value. The convertible and rated bonds are carried at amortised cost

and their fair values are their closing market values at the reporting date. The interest rate on the remaining borrowings is

reset on a short-term floating rate basis, and accordingly the carrying amount is considered to approximately fair value.

Quarter

ended

Mar

2013

Ouarter

ended

Dec

2012

Quarter

ended

Mar

2012

Carrying amount

3,506

3,583

2,435

Fair value

3,648

3,730

2,607

Derivatives

The fair value of derivatives is estimated based on ruling market prices, volatilities, interest rates and credit risk includes all

nonhedge

derivatives carried in the statement of financial position.

Embedded derivatives and the conversion features of convertible bonds are included as derivatives on the statement of

Embedded derivatives and the conversion features of convertible bonds are included as derivatives on the state financial position.
The following inputs were used in the valuation of the conversion features of convertible bonds:
Quarter
ended
Mar
2013
Quarter
ended
Dec 2012
Quarter Quarter
ended
Mar
2012
Market quoted bond price
%
101.6
103.9
109.6
Fair value of bonds excluding conversion feature
% 101.6
102.6
102.9
Fair value of conversion feature
%
-
1.3
6.7
Total issued bond value
\$m 722.5
732.5 732.5
732.5
The option component of the convertible bonds is calculated as the difference between the price of the bonds
including the
option component (bond price) and the price excluding the option component (bond floor price).
Derivative assets (liabilities) comprise the following:
Assets
non-
hedge
accounted
Liabilities
non- hedge
accounted
Assets

accounted

Liabilities
non-
hedge
accounted
Assets
non- hedge
accounted
Liabilities
non-
hedge
accounted
Figures in million (US dollars)
March 2013
December 2012
March 2012
Embedded
derivatives
- (1)
- (1) - (1)
Option component of convertible
bonds -
-
-
(9)
-
(49)
Total derivatives
• (4)
(1)
- (10)
- (10)
(50)
The group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments: Level 1:
quote prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2:
inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (a prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and Level 3:
inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following tables set out the group's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value

hierarchy:

Type of instrument

Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Total

Figures in million

(US dollars)

March 2013

December 2012

March 2012

Assets measured at

fair

value

Available-for-sale

financial

assets

Equity securities

56

2

58

69

2

71

85

85

Liabilities measured at

fair

value

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or

loss

Option component of convertible bonds

9

9

49

49

Embedded derivatives

Mandatory convertible bonds 448 448 588 588 678 678 15. Contingencies AngloGold Ashanti's material contingent liabilities and assets at 31 March are detailed below: Contingencies and guarantees Mar 2013 Mar 2012 Reviewed Reviewed **US** Dollar Millions **Contingent liabilities** Groundwater pollution (1) Deep groundwater pollution (2) Indirect taxes - Ghana (3) 25 14 **ODMWA** litigation (4)

Other tax disputes – AngloGold Ashanti Brasil Mineração Ltda (5)40 31 Sales tax on gold deliveries – Mineração Serra Grande S.A. 161 91 Other tax disputes - Mineração Serra Grande S.A. (7)19 Tax dispute - AngloGold Ashanti Colombia S.A. 156 **Contingent assets** Indemnity – Kinross Gold Corporation (9) (93)Royalty - Boddington Gold Mine (10)Royalty – Tau Lekoa Gold Mine (11)**Financial Guarantees** Oro Group (Pty)Limited (12)11 13 319 158 Groundwater pollution – AngloGold Ashanti has identified groundwater contamination plumes at certain of its operations, which have occurred primarily as a result of seepage. Numerous scientific, technical and legal studies have been undertaken to assist in determining the magnitude of the contamination and to find sustainable remediation solutions. The group instituted processes to reduce future potential seepage and it has been demonstrated that Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) by the existing environment will contribute to improvements in some instances. Furthermore, literature

trials and base line modelling techniques suggest, but have not yet proven, that the use of phyto-technologies can

the soil and groundwater contamination. Subject to the completion of trials and the technology being a proven

reviews, field

89

remediation

technique, no reasonable estimate can be made for the obligation.

(2) Deep groundwater pollution – The group has identified a flooding and future pollution risk posed by deep groundwater in

certain underground mines in Africa. Various studies have been undertaken by AngloGold Ashanti since 1999. Due to the

interconnected nature of mining operations, any proposed solution needs to be a combined one supported by all the mines

located in these gold fields. As a result, in South Africa, the Department of Mineral Resources and affected mining companies

are now involved in the development of a "Regional Mine Closure Strategy". In view of the limitation of current information for

the accurate estimation of a liability, no reasonable estimate can be made for the obligation.

(3) Indirect taxes – AngloGold Ashanti (Ghana) Limited received a tax assessment for the 2006 to 2008 and 2009 to 2011 tax

years following audits by the tax authorities which related to various indirect taxes amounting to \$25m (2012: \$14m). Management is of the opinion that the indirect taxes are not payable and the company has lodged an objection.

(4) ODMWA litigation – On 3 March 2011, in Mankayi vs. AngloGold Ashanti, the Constitutional Court of South Africa held that

section 35(1) of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act, 1993 does not cover an "employee" who qualifies for compensation in respect of "compensable diseases" under the Occupational Diseases in Mines and Works Act,

1973 (ODMWA). This judgement allows such qualifying employee to pursue a civil claim for damages against the employer.

Following the Constitutional Court decision, AngloGold Ashanti has become subject to numerous claims relating to silicosis

and other Occupational Lung Diseases (OLD), including several potential class actions and individual claims.

For example, on or about 21 August 2012, AngloGold Ashanti was served with an application instituted by Bangumzi Bennet

Balakazi and others in which the applicants seek an order declaring that all mine workers (former or current) who previously

worked or continue to work in specified South African gold mines for the period owned by AngloGold Ashanti and who have

silicosis or other OLD constitute members of a class for the purpose of proceedings for declaratory relief and claims for

damages. In the event the class is certified, such class of workers would be permitted to institute actions by way of a summons against AngloGold Ashanti for amounts as yet unspecified. On 4 September 2012, AngloGold Ashanti delivered its

notice of intention to defend this application. AngloGold Ashanti has also delivered a formal request for additional information

that it requires to prepare its affidavits in respect to the allegations and the request for certification of a class. In addition, on or about 8 January 2013, AngloGold Ashanti and its subsidiary Free State Consolidated Gold Mines (Operations) Limited, alongside other mining companies operating in South Africa, were served with another application to

certify a class. The applicants in the case seek to have the court certify two classes namely: (i) current and former mineworkers who have silicosis (whether or not accompanied by any other disease) and who work or have worked on certain

specified gold mines at any time from 1 January 1965 to date; and (ii) the dependants of mineworkers who died as a result of

silicosis (whether or not accompanied by any other disease) and who worked on these gold mines at any time after 1 January

1965. AngloGold Ashanti has filed a notice of intention to oppose the application.

In October 2012, a further 31 individual summonses and particulars of claim have been received relating to silicosis and/or

other OLD. The total amount being claimed in the 31 summonses is approximately \$9m. On 22 October 2012, AngloGold

Ashanti filed a notice of intention to oppose these claims. AngloGold Ashanti has also served a notice of exception to the

summonses which, if successful, is expected to require the plaintiffs to redraft the particulars of claim to correct certain errors.

It is possible that additional class actions and/or individual claims relating to silicosis and/or other OLD will be filed against

AngloGold Ashanti in the future. AngloGold Ashanti will defend all current and subsequently filed claims on their merits

Should AngloGold Ashanti be unsuccessful in defending any such claims, or in otherwise favourably resolving perceived

deficiencies in the national occupational disease compensation framework that were identified in the earlier decision by the

Constitutional Court, such matters would have an adverse effect on its financial position, which could be material. The group

is unable to estimate its share of the amounts claimed.

(5) Other tax disputes - In November 2007, the Departamento Nacional de Produção Mineral (DNPM), a Brazilian federal mining

authority, issued a tax assessment against AngloGold Ashanti Brazil Mineração (AABM) in the amount of \$21m (2012: \$22m)

relating to the calculation and payment by AABM of the financial contribution on mining exploitation (CFEM) in the period from

1991 to 2006. AngloGold Ashanti Limited's subsidiaries in Brazil are involved in various other disputes with tax

authorities.

These disputes involve federal tax assessments including income tax, royalties, social contributions and annual property tax.

The amount involved is approximately \$19m (2012: \$9m). Management is of the opinion that these taxes are not payable.

(6) Sales tax on gold deliveries – In 2006, Mineração Serra Grande S.A. (MSG), received two tax assessments from the State of

Goiás related to payments of state sales taxes at the rate of 12% on gold deliveries for export from one Brazilian state to

another during the period from February 2004 to the end of May 2006. The first and second assessments are approximately

\$99m (2012: attributable share \$56m) and \$62m (2012: attributable share \$35m) respectively. In November 2006, the administrative council's second chamber ruled in favour of MSG and fully cancelled the tax liability related to the first period.

In July 2011, the administrative council's second chamber ruled in favour of MSG and fully cancelled the tax liability related to

the second period. The State of Goiás has appealed to the full board of the State of Goiás tax administrative council. In November 2011 (first case) and June 2012 (second case), the administrative council's full board approved the suspension

of proceedings and the remittance of the matter to the Department of Supervision of Foreign Trade (COMEX) for review and

verification. The company believes both assessments are in violation of federal legislation on sales taxes. A final hearing

before the COMEX has been scheduled for 28 May 2013.

(7) Other tax disputes - MSG received a tax assessment in October 2003 from the State of Minas Gerais related to sales taxes

on gold. The tax administrators rejected the company's appeal against the assessment. The company is now appealing the

dismissal of the case. The assessment is approximately \$19m (2012: attributable share \$9m).

(8) Tax dispute – AngloGold Ashanti Colombia S.A. (AGAC) received notice from the Colombian Tax Office (DIAN) that it

disagreed with the company's tax treatment of certain items in the 2011 and 2010 income tax returns. The company believes

that it has applied the tax legislation correctly. The company is considering defending AGAC's position. An estimated additional tax of \$25m will be payable if the tax returns are amended. Penalties and interest for the additional tax are expected to be \$131m, based on Colombian tax law.

(9) Indemnity - As part of the acquisition by AngloGold Ashanti of the remaining 50% interest in MSG during June 2012, Kinross

Gold Corporation (Kinross) has provided an indemnity to a maximum amount of BRL255m (\$127m at 31 March 2013 exchange rates) against the specific exposures discussed in items 6 and 7 above. At 31 March 2013, the company has estimated that the maximum contingent asset is \$93m.

(10) Royalty – As a result of the sale of the interest in the Boddington Gold Mine during 2009, the group is entitled to receive a

royalty on any gold recovered or produced by the Boddington Gold Mine, where the gold price is in excess of Boddington

Gold Mine's cash cost plus \$600/oz. The royalty commenced on 1 July 2010 and is capped at a total amount of \$100m, of

which \$68m (2012: \$45m) have been recorded to date. Royalties of \$8m (2012: \$11m) were receivable during the quarter.

(11) Royalty – As a result of the sale of the interest in the Tau Lekoa Gold Mine during 2010, the group is entitled to receive a

royalty on the production of a total of 1.5Moz by the Tau Lekoa Gold Mine and in the event that the average monthly rand

price of gold exceeds R180,000/kg (subject to an inflation adjustment). Where the average monthly rand price of gold does

not exceed R180,000/kg (subject to an inflation adjustment), the ounces produced in that quarter do not count towards the

total 1.5Moz upon which the royalty is payable.

The royalty will be determined at 3% of the net revenue (being gross revenue less state royalties) generated by the Tau Lekoa assets. Royalties on 331,558oz produced have been received to date. Royalties of \$1m (2012: \$1m) were received

during the quarter.

(12) Provision of surety – The company has provided surety in favour of a lender on a gold loan facility with its associate Oro

Group (Pty) Limited and one of its subsidiaries to a maximum value of \$11m (2012: \$13m). The probability of the non-

performance under the suretyships is considered minimal. The suretyship agreements have a termination notice period of

90 days.

16. Concentration of risk

There is a concentration of risk in respect of recoverable value added tax, fuel duties and appeal deposits from the Tanzanian

government. The outstanding amounts have been discounted to their present value at a rate of 7.82%.

The recoverable value added tax, fuel duties and appeal deposits are summarised as follows:

2013

US Dollar millions

Recoverable value added tax

27

Recoverable fuel duties

(1)

34

Appeal deposits

4

(1)

Fuel duty claims are required to be submitted after consumption of the related fuel and are subject to authorisation by the Customs and Excise

authorities.

17. Borrowings

AngloGold Ashanti's borrowings are interest bearing.

18. Announcements

On 8 January 2013, the Board of AngloGold Ashanti announced the resignation of Chief Executive Officer, Mark Cutifani with

effect from 1 April 2013. The Board further announced the appointment of the current Chief Financial Officer, Mr Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan and Executive Vice President Business and Technical Development, Mr Anthony O'Neill as joint

Chief Executives, with Mr Venkatakrishnan responsible for all Finance and Corporate functions and Mr O'Neill responsible for all

Operations, Projects (including the company's Enterprise Resource Planning programme and procurement) and Technical

functions.

On 20 February 2013, AngloGold Ashanti released notice in terms of Section 45(5)(a) of the Companies Act No. 71 of 2008, that

the Board of the Company has, on 14 February 2013, authorised the Company to provide financial assistance in terms of Section

45 of the Act and pursuant to the authority granted to the Board by the shareholders in general meeting on 16 November 2011.

On 21 February 2013, AngloGold Ashanti announced the appointment of Mr Anthony Martin O'Neill (Tony) as an executive

director to its Board of Directors with effect from 20 February 2013.

On 11 March 2013, AngloGold Ashanti announced that, shareholders of the company approved all ordinary resolutions relating to

amendments to the rules of the Bonus Share Plan and the Long Term Incentive Plan.

On 27 March 2013, AngloGold Ashanti announced that at the general meeting held on 27 March 2013, the shareholders approved

the new Memorandum of Incorporation.

On 8 May 2013, AngloGold Ashanti announced the appointment of Mr Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan as Chief Executive Officer with immediate effect.

19. Subsequent events

AngloGold Ashanti to sell Navachab mine

On 30 April 2013, AngloGold Ashanti announced its plan to sell the Navachab mine in Namibia.

The Navachab gold mine is situated close to Karibib, about 170 kilometres northwest of the Namibian capital, Windhoek. It is

included in the Continental Africa reporting segment. The open-pit mine, which began operations in 1989, has a processing plant

that handles 120,000 metric tons a month. The mine produced 74,000 ounces of gold in 2012.

Management has selected a number of potential bidders who meet management's qualifying criteria and asked them to submit

binding bids by no later than 10 June 2013.

20. Dividend

The salient details of Dividend No. 116 for the quarter and year-ended 31 December 2012 paid by AngloGold Ashanti Limited

(Registration Number 1944/017354/06) is shown below:

Rate

of

Exchange

Gross

dividend

declared

Withholding

tax at

15%

Net

dividend

paid

Date of

Payment

2013

South African cents per ordinary share

50

7.5

42.5 28 March 2013

UK pence per ordinary share

R13.79642/£1

3.624

0.544

3.081 28 March 2013

Australian cents per CHESS Depositary Interest (CDI)

R1/A\$0.1063

0.053150

0.007973

0.045177 28 March 2013

Ghana cedi per ordinary share

R1/¢0.2117

0.10585

0.01588

0.08997

2 April 2013

Ghana cedi per Ghanaian Depositary Share (GhDS)

R1/¢0.2117

0.0010585

0.0001588

0.0008997

2 April 2013

US cents per American Depositary Share (ADS)

R9.36394/\$1

5.3396

0.801

4.539

8 April 2013

Each CDI represents one-fifth of an ordinary share, and 100 GhDSs represents one ordinary share. Each ADS represents one

ordinary share.

Year and quarter ended 31 December 2012 Dividend No. E16 of 25 South African cents (gross), or 21.25 South African cents

(net) was paid to holders of E ordinary shares on 28 March 2013, being those employees participating in the Bokamoso ESOP

and 25 South African cents (gross) was paid to Izingwe Holdings (Proprietary) Limited on the same day.

The directors of AngloGold Ashanti Limited (Registration Number 1944/017354/06) declared Interim Dividend No.

117 for the first

quarter ended 31 March 2013 as detailed below. In terms of the withholding tax on dividends which became effective on 1 April

2012, the following additional information is disclosed:

Dividends have been declared out of total reserves

Rate of dividend declared per ordinary share in South African cents (Gross)

50

Dividends tax rate applicable to shareholders liable to pay the dividend tax

15%

STC credits utilised in South African cents

Nil

Rate in South African cents (Net) where dividend tax at 15% is payable

42.5

The ordinary shares of AngloGold Ashanti Limited in issue at the date of declaration is

383 719 517

The E-ordinary shares of AngloGold Ashanti Limited in issue at the date of declaration is

1 597 250

AngloGold Ashanti Limited's tax reference number

9640006608

In compliance with the requirements of Strate, given the company's primary listing on the JSE, the salient dates for payment of the

dividend are as follows:

To holders of ordinary shares and to holders of CHESS Depositary Interests (CDIs)

Each CDI represents one-fifth of an ordinary share.

2013

Currency conversion date for UK pounds, Australian dollars and Ghanaian cedis

Thursday, 23 May

Last date to trade ordinary shares cum dividend

Friday, 24 May

Last date to register transfers of certificated securities cum dividend

Friday, 24 May

Ordinary shares trade ex-dividend

Monday, 27 May

Record date

Friday, 31 May

Payment date

Friday, 14 June

On the payment date, dividends due to holders of certificated securities on the South African and United Kingdom share registers

will be electronically transferred to shareholders' bank accounts.

Dividends in respect of dematerialised shareholdings will be credited to shareholders' accounts with the relevant CSDP or

broker.

To comply with further requirements of Strate, between Monday, 27 May 2013 and Friday, 31 May 2013, both days inclusive, no

transfers between the South African, United Kingdom, Australian and Ghana share registers will be permitted and no ordinary

shares pertaining to the South African share register may be dematerialised or rematerialised.

To holders of American Depositary Shares

Each American Depositary Share (ADS) represents one ordinary share.

2013

Ex-dividend on New York Stock Exchange

Wednesday, 29 May

Record date

Friday, 31 May

Approximate date for currency conversion

Friday, 7 June

Approximate payment date of dividend

Monday, 24 June

Assuming an exchange rate of R9.0745/\$, the gross dividend payable per ADS, which is subject to a 15% South African

withholding tax, is equivalent to 6 US cents. However the actual rate of payment will depend on the exchange rate on the date for

currency conversion.

To holders of Ghanaian Depositary Shares (GhDSs)

100 GhDSs represent one ordinary share.

2013

Last date to trade and to register GhDSs cum dividend

Friday, 24 May

GhDSs trade ex-dividend

Monday, 27 May

Record date

Friday, 31 May

Approximate payment date of dividend

Monday, 17 June

Assuming an exchange rate of R1/0.21903¢, which is subject to a 15% South African withholding tax, the dividend payable per

share is equivalent to 0.1095 cedis. However, the actual rate of payment will depend on the exchange rate on the date for

currency conversion. In Ghana, the authorities have determined that dividends payable to residents on the Ghana share register

be subject to a final withholding tax at a rate of 8%.

In addition, directors declared Interim Dividend No. E17, for the quarter ended 31 March 2013 of 25 South African cents per E

ordinary share, payable to employees participating in the Bokamoso ESOP and Izingwe Holdings (Proprietary) Limited. These

dividends will be paid on Friday, 14 June 2013.

Withholding tax: Shareholders are reminded that a 15% withholding tax on dividends and other distributions to shareholders became

effective on 1 April 2012. This withholding tax, which was announced by the South African Government on 21 February 2007,

replaces the Secondary Tax on Companies. The company's share registrars have communicated the process to all shareholders. If

you have not had any correspondence, please contact the company secretary on companysecretary@anglogoldashanti.com.

By order of the Board

T T MBOWENI

S VENKATAKRISHNAN

Chairman Chief

Executive Officer 10 May 2013

Non-GAAP disclosure Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited Headline earnings (note 8) 259 120 569 1,208 (Gain) loss on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts (25)35 Deferred tax on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts (note 7) 7 (10)Fair value adjustment on option component of convertible bonds **(9)** (17)(43)Fair value adjustment on mandatory convertible bonds (137)(65)(79)(162)Adjusted headline earnings 113 19 447 988 Adjusted headline earnings per ordinary share (cents) (1)

29 5 116 255 (1) Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares. B Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited Reconciliation of gross profit to adjusted gross profit: (1) Gross profit 434 418 738 2,354 (Gain) loss on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts (25)35 Adjusted gross profit (1) 434 393 738 2,389 (1) Adjusted gross profit excludes unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts. \mathbf{C} Price received Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012

	Edgar Filling: ANGLOGOLD ASF
Unaudited	
Restated	
Unaudited	
Restated	
Unaudited	
Restated	
Unaudited	
Gold income (note 2)	
1,463	
1,398	
1,706	
6,353	
Adjusted for non-controlling	interests
(22)	
(19)	
(52)	
(135)	
1,441	
1,379	
1,654	
6,218	1'4
Realised loss on other comm	locity contracts
7	
5	
10	
	nted joint ventures' share of gold
income including realised no	v v
69	in neage derivatives
103	
88	
351	
Attributable gold income inc	luding realised non-hedge
derivatives	
1,517	
1,487	
1,742	
6,579	
Attributable gold sold - oz (0)00)
927	
865	
1,029	
3,953	
Revenue price per unit - \$/oz	
1,636	
1,718	
1,692	
1,664 Rounding of figures may res	ult in computational discussion
Rounding of figures may res	ult in computational discrepancies.

From time to time AngloGold Ashanti Limited may publicly disclose certain "Non-GAAP" financial measures in the course of its financial

presentations, earnings releases, earnings conference calls and otherwise.

The group uses certain Non-GAAP performance measures and ratios in managing the business and may provide users of this financial

information with additional meaningful comparisons between current results and results in prior operating periods.

Non-GAAP financial

measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative to, the reported operating results or any other measure of performance

prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures that

other companies use.

Adjusted headline earnings

Quarter ended

US Dollar million

Quarter ended

US Dollar million / Imperial

Year ended

Year ended

Quarter ended

Year ended

Adjusted gross profit

US Dollar million

Mar Dec Mar Dec 2013 2012 2012 2012 Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited **Total costs** Total cash costs (note 3) **797** 782 728 3,134 Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies (14)(31)(94)Associates and equity accounted joint ventures' share of total cash costs 46 64 53 230 Total cash costs adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies 804 831 750 3,270 Retrenchment costs (note 3) 2 3 10 Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs (note 3) 11 16 9 67 Amortisation of tangible assets (note 3) 213 219

```
200
831
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 3)
1
4
Adjusted for non-controlling interests and non-gold producing companies
(12)
(5)
(31)
Associates and equity accounted joint ventures' share of production costs
2
2
Total production costs adjusted for non-controlling
interests and non-gold producing companies
1,031
1,059
960
4,158
Gold produced - oz (000)
899
859
981
3,944
Total cash cost per unit - $/oz
(1)
894
967
764
829
Total production cost per unit - $/oz
1,147
1,233
978
1,054
\mathbf{E}
EBITDA
Operating profit
264
(199)
605
1,219
Amortisation of tangible assets (note 3)
213
219
200
831
```

```
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 3)
2
1
1
4
Net Impairment and derecognition of tangible assets (note 5)
354
356
Impairment reversal of intangible assets (note 5)
(10)
(10)
(Gain) loss on unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other commodity contracts
(25)
35
Share of associate and joint ventures' EBITDA
10
13
31
Impairment of investments (note 5)
12
12
16
Net loss on disposal and derecognition of assets (note 5)
1
2
15
Profit on disposal of subsidiary Rand Refinery Limited (note 5)
(14)
(14)
503
362
830
2,519
F
Interest cover
EBITDA (note E)
503
362
830
2,519
```

Finance costs (note 6) 49 47 34 167 Capitalised finance costs 4 4 2 12 53 51 36 179 Interest cover - times 7 23 14 As at As at As at Mar Dec Mar 2013 2012 2012 Unaudited Restated Unaudited Restated Unaudited G Net asset value - cents per share Total equity 5,569 5,494 5,717 Mandatory convertible bonds 448 588 678 6,017 6,082 6,395 Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 9) 385 385 385

Net asset value - cents per share

1,562 1,580 1,661 Total equity 5,569 5,494 5,717 Mandatory convertible bonds 448 588 678 Intangible assets (321)(315)(228)5,696 5,767 6,167 Number of ordinary shares in issue - million (note 9) 385 385 385 Net tangible asset value - cents per share 1,479 1,498 1,602 H Net debt Borrowings - long-term portion 2,844 2,724 1,705 Borrowings - short-term portion 214 271 51 Total borrowings (1) 3,058 2,995 1,756 Corporate office lease **(29)** (31) (35)Unamortised portion of the convertible and rated bonds 33 53 56 Cash restricted for use

(63)

(64)

(78)

Cash and cash equivalents

(680)

(892)

(1,216)

Net debt excluding mandatory convertible bonds

2,319

2,061

483

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

(1)

Borrowings exclude the mandatory convertible bonds (note G).

Quarter ended

US Dollar million / Imperial

Year ended

(1)

The total cash cost of \$967/oz for the December 2012 quarter includes \$157/oz relating to the impact of the strike in South Africa. For the

year, the cash cost of \$829/oz includes \$33/oz for the impact of the strike.

US Dollar million

South Africa Continental Africa Australasia **Americas Total group UNDERGROUND OPERATION** Area mined - 000 m 2 188 188 Mined - 000 tonnes 1,176 397 456 766 2,794 Milled / Treated - 000 tonnes 1,163 324 436 810 2,732 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.207 0.135 0.097 0.146 0.163 - g/tonne 7.08 4.63 3.34 5.01 5.58 Gold produced - oz (000) 265 48 47 130 490

SURFACE AND DUMP RECLAMATION

Milled / Treated

- 000 tonnes 8,702 59 8,761 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.007 0.019 0.007 - g/tonne 0.22 0.67 0.23 Gold produced - oz (000) 63 1 64 **OPEN-PIT OPERATION** Volume mined - 000 bcm 15,027 1,541 16,568 Mined - 000 tonnes 35,518 3,567 5,498 44,582 Treated - 000 tonnes 5,161 315 239 5,715 Stripping ratio - ratio

```
4.58
40.70
19.07
5.63
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.038
0.040
0.151
0.043
- g/tonne
1.31
1.38
5.17
1.47
Gold produced
- oz (000)
217
14
40
271
HEAP LEACH OPERATION
Mined
- 000 tonnes
1,206
15,937
17,142
Placed
- 000 tonnes
256
5,467
5,723
Stripping ratio
- ratio
27.75
2.08
2.29
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.034
```

```
0.012
0.013
- g/tonne
1.17
0.40
0.44
Gold placed
- oz (000)
10
71
81
Gold produced
- oz (000)
10
64
74
PRODUCTIVITY PER EMPLOYEE
Actual
- oz/TEC
4.23
7.48
41.72
15.75
6.88
TOTAL
OPERATING RESULTS
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2013
Subsidiaries' gold produced
- oz (000)
327
231
61
234
854
Joint ventures' gold produced
- oz (000)
45
Attributable gold produced
- oz (000)
327
```

```
61
234
899
Minority gold produced
- oz (000)
11
4
15
Subsidiaries' gold sold
- oz (000)
314
273
58
241
885
Joint ventures' gold sold
- oz (000)
42
42
Attributable gold sold
- oz (000)
314
315
58
241
927
Minority gold sold
- oz (000)
11
4
15
Spot price
- $/oz
1,632
1,632
1,632
1,632
1,632
Price received
- $/oz sold
1,638
1,635
1,629
```

1,634

1,636

Total cash costs

- \$/oz produced

896

994

1,302

668

894

Total production costs

- \$/oz produced

1,123

1,278

1,525

926

1,147

Recovered grade calculated using a short ton.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

FINANCIAL RESULTS **QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2013 \$'m South Africa Continental** Africa Australasia **Americas Corporate** and other **Sub-total** Less equity accounted investments **Total group** Gold income 507 535 94 395 1,532 (69) 1,463 Cash costs (303)(286)(79)(206)(4) (878)46 (831)By-products revenue 10 1 24 35 34 Total cash costs (293)(286)(79)(182)(4)

(843) 46 (797)

Retrenchment costs

```
(2)
(3)
(1)
(5)
(6)
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs
(5)
(3)
(12)
(11)
Amortisation of assets
(69)
(72)
(14)
(61)
(1)
(216)
2
(215)
Total production costs
(368)
(365)
(93)
(247)
(5)
(1,077)
49
(1,029)
Inventory change
14
(41)
1
28
2
(2)
Cost of sales
(354)
(407)
(91)
(219)
(5)
```

(1,075)

```
46
(1,029)
Adjusted gross profit (loss)
154
129
3
177
(5)
457
(23)
434
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
Gross profit (loss)
154
129
3
177
(5)
457
(23)
434
Corporate and other costs
(4)
(2)
(61)
(68)
2
(66)
Exploration and evaluation costs
(3)
(29)
(12)
(42)
(3)
(90)
11
(79)
Intercompany transactions
```

(24)

```
(3)
(1)
27
Special items
(2)
(19)
8
(10)
(1)
(25)
(25)
Operating profit (loss)
148
52
(4)
122
(44)
274
(10)
264
Net finance (costs) income, unwinding of
obligations and fair value adjustments
(2)
(2)
(2)
99
94
(1)
93
Exchange gain (loss)
(1)
(5)
(5)
(4)
Share of equity accounted investments profit
(1)
(1)
(7)
(9)
2
```

```
Profit (loss) before taxation
146
48
(6)
117
49
354
(9)
346
Taxation
(27)
(36)
(44)
(106)
(98)
Profit (loss) for the period
119
12
(5)
73
50
248
248
Equity shareholders
119
5
(5)
70
50
239
239
Non-controlling interests
7
2
9
Operating profit (loss)
148
52
(4)
```

```
(44)
274
(10)
264
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
Loss on realised other commodity contracts
Intercompany transactions
24
3
(27)
Special items
11
14
14
Special items
2
11
14
14
```

Share of associates' EBIT

```
(1)
(1)
10
EBIT
150
76
(1)
132
(70)
287
287
Amortisation of assets
69
72
14
61
216
(2)
215
Share of associates' amortisation
2
EBITDA
219
148
12
193
(69)
503
Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders
119
5
(5)
70
50
```

```
239
Special items
11
14
14
Share of associates' special items
Taxation on items above
(1)
(1)
Headline earnings (loss)
120
(4)
81
57
259
259
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
Deferred tax on unrealised non-hedge
```

derivatives and other commodity contracts

```
Fair value adjustment on option component
of convertible bonds
(9)
(9)
(9)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory
convertible bonds
(137)
(137)
(137)
Adjusted headline earnings (loss)
120
6
(4)
81
(89)
113
113
Ore reserve development capital
55
9
5
23
92
92
Stay-in-business capital
13
89
14
30
```

(10)Project capital (87)**Total capital expenditure (97)** Capitalised leased assets Expenditures on intangible assets Capital expenditure per statement of cash flows

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

South Africa Continental Africa Australasia **Americas Total group UNDERGROUND OPERATION** Area mined - 000 m 2 124 124 Mined - 000 tonnes 760 434 482 788 2,464 Milled / Treated - 000 tonnes 715 464 433 811 2,423 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.175 0.146 0.080 0.167 0.150 - g/tonne 5.99 5.01 2.74 5.74 5.14 Gold produced - oz (000) 138 75 38 150 400

SURFACE AND DUMP RECLAMATION

Milled / Treated

```
- 000 tonnes
5,415
61
5,476
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.006
0.019
0.006
- g/tonne
0.19
0.65
0.20
Gold produced
- oz (000)
34
1
35
OPEN-PIT OPERATION
Volume mined
- 000 bcm
15,544
1,898
17,442
Mined
- 000 tonnes
37,316
4,424
6,658
48,398
Treated
- 000 tonnes
6,311
350
259
6,920
Stripping ratio
- ratio
```

```
4.37
162.66
21.09
5.65
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.042
0.044
0.150
0.046
- g/tonne
1.43
1.50
5.15
1.57
Gold produced
- oz (000)
290
17
43
349
HEAP LEACH OPERATION
Mined
- 000 tonnes
1,842
15,488
17,330
Placed
- 000 tonnes
277
5,345
5,621
Stripping ratio
- ratio
6.08
2.11
2.31
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.054
```

```
0.012
0.014
- g/tonne
1.87
0.41
0.49
Gold placed
- oz (000)
17
71
88
Gold produced
- oz (000)
10
65
75
PRODUCTIVITY PER EMPLOYEE
Actual
- oz/TEC
2.32
10.67
38.54
16.40
6.81
TOTAL
OPERATING RESULTS
QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 2012
Subsidiaries' gold produced
- oz (000)
171
319
55
258
802
Joint ventures' gold produced
- oz (000)
57
Attributable gold produced
- oz (000)
171
```

```
55
258
859
Minority gold produced
- oz (000)
11
4
16
Subsidiaries' gold sold
- oz (000)
202
309
55
240
805
Joint ventures' gold sold
- oz (000)
60
60
Attributable gold sold
- oz (000)
202
369
55
240
865
Minority gold sold
- oz (000)
10
4
14
Spot price
- $/oz
1,717
1,717
1,717
1,717
1,717
Price received
- $/oz sold
1,721
1,720
1,719
```

1,712

1,718

Total cash costs

- \$/oz produced

1,166

986

1,462

703

967

Total production costs

- \$/oz produced

1,298

1,348

1,688

919

1,233

Recovered grade calculated using a short ton.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

FINANCIAL RESULTS **QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 2012 \$'m South Africa Continental** Africa Australasia **Americas Corporate** and other **Sub-total** Less equity accounted investments **Total group** Gold income 344 651 94 413 1,501 (103)1,398 Cash costs (253)(384)(81)(222)19 (920)64 (857)By-products revenue 54 1 20 75 75 Total cash costs (200)(382)(80)

(202) 19 (846) 64 (782)

Retrenchment costs

```
(1)
(1)
(2)
(2)
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs
49
(50)
(2)
(12)
(15)
(2)
(16)
Amortisation of assets
(71)
(88)
(11)
(51)
(2)
(223)
3
(220)
Total production costs
(222)
(521)
(93)
(266)
17
(1,085)
66
(1,020)
Inventory change
(29)
12
(1)
28
11
4
15
Cost of sales
(251)
(509)
(94)
(238)
17
```

(1,075)

```
70
(1,005)
Adjusted gross profit (loss)
142
175
17
426
(34)
393
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
25
25
25
Gross profit (loss)
117
142
176
17
452
(34)
418
Corporate and other costs
(3)
(3)
(15)
(70)
(92)
(92)
Exploration and evaluation costs
(4)
(50)
(23)
(43)
(6)
(126)
2
(124)
Intercompany transactions
```

(24)

```
(3)
(1)
27
Special items
(50)
(349)
4
(18)
15
(398)
(4)
(402)
Operating profit (loss)
61
(284)
(22)
100
(17)
(163)
(36)
(199)
Net finance (costs) income, unwinding of
obligations and fair value adjustments
(2)
(4)
1
3
33
31
(3)
27
Exchange (loss) gain
(2)
(4)
5
(1)
Share of equity-accounted investments profit
(2)
(24)
(46)
(73)
31
```

```
(42)
Profit (loss) before taxation
59
(292)
(21)
74
(26)
(206)
(8)
(214)
Taxation
(8)
71
8
(38)
4
38
8
46
Profit (loss) for the period
(221)
(13)
36
(21)
(168)
(168)
Equity shareholders
51
(218)
(13)
34
(28)
(174)
(174)
Non-controlling interests
(4)
2
6
6
6
Operating profit (loss)
(284)
(22)
```

```
(17)
(163)
(36)
(199)
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
(25)
(25)
(25)
Loss on realised other commodity contracts
Intercompany transactions
24
3
(27)
Special items
51
317
(16)
353
353
Special items
51
317
(16)
353
353
Share of associates' EBIT
```

```
(24)
(2)
(26)
36
10
EBIT
87
57
(19)
76
(63)
139
139
Amortisation of assets
71
88
11
51
2
223
(3)
220
Share of associates' amortisation
3
3
EBITDA
158
146
(9)
127
(61)
362
362
Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders
51
(218)
(13)
34
(28)
(174)
```

(174)

```
Special items
51
317
(16)
353
353
Share of associates' special items
2
44
47
47
Taxation on items above
(14)
(92)
(106)
(106)
Headline earnings (loss)
10
(13)
35
1
120
120
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
(25)
(25)
(25)
Deferred tax on unrealised non-hedge
derivatives and other commodity contracts
7
```

```
7
Fair value adjustment on option component of
convertible bonds
(17)
(17)
(17)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory
convertible bonds
(65)
(65)
(65)
Adjusted headline earnings (loss)
70
10
(13)
34
(82)
19
19
Ore reserve development capital
46
11
3
23
83
83
Stay-in-business capital
80
106
21
84
2
292
(2)
```

Project capital (140)**Total capital expenditure** (142)Capitalised leased assets Expenditures on intangible assets Capital expenditure per statement of cash flows

South Africa Continental Africa Australasia **Americas Total group UNDERGROUND OPERATION** Area mined - 000 m 2 163 163 Mined - 000 tonnes 1,105 416 242 529 2,292 Milled / Treated - 000 tonnes 994 444 253 594 2,285 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.243 0.123 0.100 0.165 0.184 - g/tonne 8.33 4.23 3.42 5.67 6.30 Gold produced - oz (000) 266 60 28 108 462

SURFACE AND DUMP RECLAMATION

Milled / Treated

- 000 tonnes 2,851 229 3,080 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.013 0.004 0.012 - g/tonne 0.44 0.14 0.41 Gold produced - oz (000) 40 1 41 **OPEN-PIT OPERATION** Volume mined - 000 bcm 14,626 733 15,359 Mined - 000 tonnes 34,641 2,080 5,540 42,262 Treated - 000 tonnes 5,862 648 209 6,719 Stripping ratio - ratio

```
5.39
2.98
22.75
5.84
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.049
0.056
0.187
0.054
- g/tonne
1.67
1.93
6.42
1.84
Gold produced
- oz (000)
314
40
43
397
HEAP LEACH OPERATION
Mined
- 000 tonnes
2,175
16,095
18,269
Placed
- 000 tonnes
246
5,191
5,437
Stripping ratio
- ratio
16.73
2.28
2.63
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.023
```

```
0.011
0.012
- g/tonne
0.79
0.39
0.41
Gold placed
- oz (000)
6
65
71
Gold produced
- oz (000)
7
74
81
PRODUCTIVITY PER EMPLOYEE
Actual
- oz/TEC
4.38
11.03
43.01
18.81
8.27
TOTAL
OPERATING RESULTS
QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2012
Subsidiaries' gold produced
- oz (000)
306
328
68
225
927
Joint ventures' gold produced
- oz (000)
54
Attributable gold produced
- oz (000)
306
```

382

```
68
225
981
Minority gold produced
- oz (000)
10
20
30
Subsidiaries' gold sold
- oz (000)
306
367
68
237
978
Joint ventures' gold sold
- oz (000)
51
51
Attributable gold sold
- oz (000)
306
418
68
237
1,029
Minority gold sold
- oz (000)
11
22
33
Spot price
- $/oz
1,691
1,691
1,691
1,691
1,691
Price received
- $/oz sold
1,712
1,686
1,691
```

1,678

1,692

Total cash costs

- \$/oz produced

849

745

1,290

523

764

Total production costs

- \$/oz produced

1,113

932

1,412

737

978

Recovered grade calculated using a short ton.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

FINANCIAL RESULTS **QUARTER ENDED MARCH 2012 \$'m South Africa Continental** Africa Australasia **Americas Corporate** and other **Sub-total** Less equity accounted investments **Total group** Gold income received 524 723 115 432 1,793 (88)1,706 Cash costs (278)(295)(88)(186)6 (842)53 (789)By-products revenue 18 2 41 61 61 Total cash costs (260)(294)(88)(145)6 (781)

53 (728)

Retrenchment costs

```
(2)
(1)
(3)
(3)
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs
(7)
(1)
(10)
(9)
Amortisation of assets
(66)
(8)
(50)
(2)
(203)
2
(201)
Total production costs
(340)
(366)
(96)
(197)
3
(997)
56
(941)
Inventory change
(2)
(22)
(2)
(24)
(3)
(27)
Cost of sales
(342)
(388)
(98)
(196)
3
```

(1,020)

```
53
(968)
Adjusted gross profit (loss)
182
335
17
236
3
773
(34)
738
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
Gross profit (loss)
182
335
17
236
3
773
(34)
738
Corporate and other costs
(3)
(3)
(8)
(61)
(76)
(74)
Exploration and evaluation costs
(1)
(23)
(18)
(25)
(10)
(76)
(76)
Intercompany transactions
```

(17)

```
(3)
21
Special items
6
14
(3)
17
17
Operating profit (loss)
179
297
10
202
(50)
638
(34)
605
Net finance (costs) income, unwinding of
obligations and fair value adjustments
(2)
(1)
(1)
87
85
85
Exchange gain (loss)
2
(2)
(2)
(2)
(2)
Share of equity accounted investments profit
(4)
4
21
```

```
21
Profit (loss) before taxation
177
298
11
195
39
721
(11)
709
Taxation
90
(142)
(5)
(70)
(125)
11
(113)
Profit (loss) for the period
267
157
7
125
41
596
596
Equity shareholders
267
152
114
40
581
581
Non-controlling interests
5
10
14
15
Operating profit (loss)
179
297
10
```

```
(50)
638
(34)
605
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
Intercompany transactions
17
3
(21)
Special items
(10)
(7)
(7)
Sh
i t
'EBIT
(4)
(1)
(4)
34
Share of associates' EBIT
(4)
(1)
(4)
34
29
```

EBIT

```
180
305
13
199
(71)
627
627
Amortisation of assets
77
66
8
50
2
203
(2)
201
Share of associates' amortisation
2
EBITDA
257
371
22
249
(69)
830
830
Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders
267
152
7
114
40
581
581
Special items
(10)
```

(7)

- (7)
(7)
Share of associates' special items
-
•
•
•
(5)
(5)
-
(5)
Taxation on items above
_
Headline earnings (loss)
268
142
7
114
37
569
569
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
•
•
•
•
-
-
Deferred tax on unrealised non-hedge
derivatives and other commodity contracts
_
-
Fair value adjustment on option component
Tan varae adjustment on option component

of convertible bonds

155

```
(43)
(43)
(43)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory
convertible bonds
(79)
(79)
(79)
Adjusted headline earnings (loss)
268
142
7
114
(85)
447
447
Ore reserve development capital
58
12
5
15
90
90
Stay-in-business capital
19
104
4
16
3
146
(2)
144
Project capital
28
47
33
53
```

162

(32)

130

Total capital expenditure

106

163

42

84

3

398

(35)

364

Capitalised leased assets

(1)

Expenditures on intangible assets

(7)

Capital expenditure per statement of cash flows

356

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

South Africa Continental Africa Australasia **Americas Total group UNDERGROUND OPERATION** Area mined - 000 m 754 754 Mined - 000 tonnes 4,838 1,622 1,459 2,510 10,429 Milled / Treated - 000 tonnes 4,317 1,799 1,444 2,796 10,356 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.219 0.140 0.076 0.160 0.169 - g/tonne 7.50 4.79 2.60 5.48 5.80 Gold produced - oz (000) 1,041 277 121 492

SURFACE AND DUMP RECLAMATION

Milled / Treated

- 000 tonnes 17,962 326 18,288 Recovered grade - oz/ton 0.009 0.009 0.009 - g/tonne 0.30 0.31 0.30 Gold produced - oz (000) 172 3 175 **OPEN-PIT OPERATION** Volume mined - 000 bcm 56,937 4,559 61,496 Mined - 000 tonnes 135,177 11,403 24,208 170,789 Treated - 000 tonnes 24,541 1,914 973 27,429 Stripping ratio - ratio

```
4.49
8.35
21.12
5.34
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.045
0.065
0.165
0.050
- g/tonne
1.54
2.22
5.66
1.73
Gold produced
- oz (000)
1,212
137
177
1,526
HEAP LEACH OPERATION
Mined
- 000 tonnes
8,277
63,248
71,524
Placed
- 000 tonnes
1,090
21,951
23,040
Stripping ratio
- ratio
11.96
2.02
2.31
Recovered grade
- oz/ton
0.031
```

```
0.012
0.013
- g/tonne
1.06
0.42
0.45
Gold placed
- oz (000)
37
293
330
Gold produced
- oz (000)
29
283
312
PRODUCTIVITY PER EMPLOYEE
Actual
- oz/TEC
4.19
10.97
43.46
17.47
8.07
TOTAL
OPERATING RESULTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 2012
Subsidiaries' gold produced
- oz (000)
1,212
1,311
258
953
3,734
Joint ventures' gold produced
- oz (000)
210
210
Attributable gold produced
- oz (000)
1,212
```

1,521

```
258
953
3,944
Minority gold produced
- oz (000)
44
49
92
Subsidiaries' gold sold
- oz (000)
1,214
1,316
257
955
3,742
Joint ventures' gold sold
- oz (000)
211
211
Attributable gold sold
- oz (000)
1,214
1,527
257
955
3,953
Minority gold sold
- oz (000)
41
51
92
Spot price
- $/oz
1,668
1,668
1,668
1,668
1,668
Price received
- $/oz sold
1,665
1,664
1,663
```

1,664

1,664

Total cash costs

- \$/oz produced

873

830

1,211

669

829

Total production costs

- \$/oz produced

1,095

1,060

1,358

907

1,054

Recovered grade calculated using a short ton.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

FINANCIAL RESULTS - YEAR **ENDED DECEMBER 2012 \$'m South Africa Continental** Africa Australasia **Americas Corporate** and other **Sub-total** Less equity accounted investments **Total group** Gold income received 2,013 2,609 426 1,656 6,704 (351)6,353 Cash costs (1,152)(1,309)(313)(848)50 (3,572)231 (3,340)By-products revenue 94 6 106 207 (1) 206 Total cash costs (1,058)(1,303)(312)(742)51 (3,364)

230 (3,134)

Retrenchment costs

```
(6)
(1)
(4)
(10)
(10)
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs
(71)
(2)
(31)
(65)
(1)
(67)
Amortisation of assets
(302)
(285)
(36)
(213)
(10)
(845)
10
(835)
Total production costs
(1,328)
(1,659)
(350)
(989)
41
(4,285)
239
(4,046)
Inventory change
2
9
2
69
82
1
82
Cost of sales
(1,326)
(1,650)
(348)
(920)
41
(4,203)
```

```
240
(3,964)
Adjusted gross profit (loss)
959
78
736
41
2,500
(111)
2,389
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
(36)
(35)
(35)
Gross profit (loss)
651
959
78
736
41
2,465
(111)
2,354
Corporate and other costs
(12)
(1)
(41)
(275)
(338)
(1)
Exploration and evaluation costs
(11)
(123)
(85)
(149)
(33)
(401)
5
(395)
Intercompany transactions
```

(82)

```
(12)
(2)
97
Special items
(53)
(356)
15
(17)
13
(398)
(4)
(402)
Operating profit (loss)
579
386
(5)
527
(157)
1,329
(110)
1,219
Net finance (costs) income, unwinding of
obligations and fair value adjustments
(8)
(7)
2
79
66
(2)
64
Exchange gain (loss)
(3)
(5)
12
5
3
8
Share of equity accounted investments
profit (loss)
(2)
(44)
(63)
```

(109)

```
79
(30)
Profit (loss) before taxation
571
373
(4)
480
(129)
1,291
(30)
1,261
Taxation
26
(227)
(160)
(15)
(376)
30
(346)
Profit (loss) for the period
597
146
(3)
320
(144)
915
915
Equity shareholders
597
164
(3)
300
(160)
897
897
Non-controlling interests
(18)
20
16
18
18
Operating profit (loss)
579
386
```

(5)

```
527
(157)
1,329
(110)
1,219
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and other
commodity contracts
36
35
35
Intercompany transactions
82
12
2
(97)
Special items
59
316
3
2
(17)
362
363
Special items
59
316
3
2
(17)
362
363
Share of associates' EBIT
(44)
(9)
(53)
110
57
```

EBIT

```
673
784
10
487
(280)
1,674
1,674
Amortisation of assets
302
285
36
213
10
845
(10)
835
Share of associates' amortisation
10
10
EBITDA
974
1,069
46
700
(271)
2,519
2,519
Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders
597
164
(3)
300
(160)
897
897
Special items
59
316
3
2
(17)
```

```
362
Share of associates' special items
2
54
56
56
Taxation on items above
(90)
(1)
(107)
(107)
Headline earnings (loss)
640
392
(1)
302
(123)
1,208
1,208
Unrealised non-hedge derivatives and
other commodity contracts
36
35
35
Deferred tax on unrealised non-hedge
derivatives and other commodity contracts
(10)
(10)
Fair value adjustment on option component
of convertible bond
```

```
(83)
(83)
(83)
Fair value adjustment on mandatory
convertible bond
(162)
(162)
(162)
Adjusted headline earnings (loss)
665
392
(1)
301
(369)
988
988
Ore reserve development capital
233
45
14
76
369
369
Stay-in-business capital
176
449
39
166
36
867
(8)
859
Project capital
173
430
315
167
```

1,086 (295) 791

Total capital expenditure

583

925

369

409

36

2,322

(303)

2,019

Capitalised leased assets

(15)

Expenditures on intangible assets

(79)

Capital expenditure per statement of cash flows

1,925

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Administrative information

A

NGLOGOLD ASHANTI LIMITED

Registration No. 1944/017354/06

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Share codes:

ISIN: ZAE000043485

JSE: ANG LSE: (Shares)

AGD

LES: (Dis)

AGD

NYSE: AU ASX: AGG GhSE (Shares):

AGA

GhSE (GhDS):

AAD

JSE Sponsor: UBS (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd

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website at www.anglogoldashanti.com and under
the "Investors" tab on the main page. This
information is updated regularly. Investors should
visit this website to obtain important information
about AngloGold Ashanti.

PUBLISHED BY ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI

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Global BuyDIRECT SM

BoNY maintains a direct share purchase and dividend reinvestment plan for ANGLOGOLD

ASHANTI

Telephone: +1-888-BNY-ADRS

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AngloGold Ashanti Limited

Date: May 13, 2013

By:

/s/ M E SANZ PEREZ Name: M E Sanz Perez

Title: Group General Counsel and Company

Secretary