

COMPUTER TASK GROUP INC

Form 10-Q

October 26, 2012

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED September 28, 2012

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

Commission file number 001-9410

COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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New York
(State of incorporation)

16-0912632
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

800 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York
(Address of principal executive offices)

14209
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (716) 882-8000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Title of each class	Shares outstanding
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share	at October 19, 2012 18,705,494

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
Revenue	\$ 106,418	\$ 101,119	\$ 316,490	\$ 295,355
Direct costs	83,283	80,152	248,608	233,858
Selling, general and administrative expenses	16,812	16,391	49,817	47,645
Operating income	6,323	4,576	18,065	13,852
Interest and other income	33	125	553	188
Interest and other expense	101	75	287	223
Income before income taxes	6,255	4,626	18,331	13,817
Provision for income taxes	2,442	1,635	7,035	5,168
Net income	\$ 3,813	\$ 2,991	\$ 11,296	\$ 8,649
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.58
Diluted	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.52
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	15,075	15,072	15,123	14,963
Diluted	16,800	16,723	16,807	16,747

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
Net income	\$ 3,813	\$ 2,991	\$ 11,296	\$ 8,649
Change in foreign currency	538	(971)	(40)	192
Change in pension loss, net of tax of \$30 and \$22 in the 2012 and 2011 third quarters, respectively, and \$88 and \$66 in the first three quarters of 2012 and 2011, respectively	9	33	151	111
Comprehensive income	\$ 4,360	\$ 2,053	\$ 11,407	\$ 8,952

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(amounts in thousands, except share balances)

(Unaudited)

	Sept. 28, 2012	Dec. 31, 2011
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,412	\$ 22,414
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$862 and \$965 in 2012 and 2011, respectively	70,600	67,801
Prepaid and other current assets	2,182	1,876
Deferred income taxes	1,110	1,221
Total current assets	103,304	93,312
Property, equipment and capitalized software net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$19,095 and \$17,532 in 2012 and 2011, respectively	7,061	7,969
Goodwill	35,678	35,678
Deferred income taxes	6,024	7,062
Other assets	2,886	2,921
Investments	635	550
Total assets	\$ 155,588	\$ 147,492
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 9,593	\$ 9,532
Accrued compensation	29,943	30,971
Advance billings on contracts	1,498	1,756
Other current liabilities	4,525	3,972
Income taxes payable	249	1,695
Total current liabilities	45,808	47,926
Deferred compensation benefits	9,888	10,231
Other long-term liabilities	539	530
Total liabilities	56,235	58,687
Shareholders Equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 27,017,824 shares issued	270	270
Capital in excess of par value	118,301	115,895
Retained earnings	94,775	83,479
Less: Treasury stock of 8,431,552 and 8,540,864 shares at cost in 2012 and 2011, respectively	(50,544)	(47,320)
Stock Trusts of 3,363,351 shares at cost in both periods	(55,083)	(55,083)
Other	(247)	(206)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8,119)	(8,230)
Total shareholders equity	99,353	88,805

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Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

\$ 155,588

\$ 147,492

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	For the Three	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 11,296	\$ 8,649
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,976	1,627
Equity-based compensation expense	1,595	1,172
Deferred income taxes	1,030	(275)
Deferred compensation	199	83
(Gain) loss on sales of property and equipment	19	(134)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(2,796)	(10,315)
Increase in prepaid and other current assets	(332)	(450)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	35	(518)
Decrease in accounts payable	(1,142)	(339)
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensation	(1,013)	54
Decrease in income taxes payable	(1,433)	(356)
Decrease in advance billings on contracts	(248)	(1,108)
Increase in other current liabilities	562	316
Increase in other long-term liabilities	10	49
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,758	(1,545)
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Additions to property and equipment	(1,094)	(1,296)
Additions to capitalized software		(364)
Deferred compensation plan investments, net	(112)	(34)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	4	173
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,202)	(1,521)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from stock option plan exercises	725	1,830
Excess tax benefits from equity-based compensation	1,747	1,745
Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan	222	211
Change in cash overdraft, net	(49)	387
Purchase of stock for treasury	(4,155)	(3,302)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,510)	871
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(48)	(1)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,998	(2,196)

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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	22,414	14,837
Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter	\$ 29,412	\$ 12,641

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Financial Statements

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein reflect, in the opinion of the management of Computer Task Group, Incorporated (CTG or the Company), all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations and comprehensive income, and cash flows for the periods presented.

The Company's fiscal year-end is December 31. During the year, the quarters generally consist of a 13-week fiscal quarter where the last day of each of the first three quarters is a Friday. The 2012 third quarter began on June 30, 2012 and ended on September 28, 2012. The 2011 third quarter began on July 2, 2011 and ended September 30, 2011. There were 63 billable days in both the third quarters of 2012 and 2011, and 191 and 192 billable days in the first three quarters of 2012 and 2011, respectively.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the SEC rules and regulations. The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates include, but are not limited to, the valuation of goodwill, valuation allowances for deferred tax assets, actuarial assumptions including discount rates and expected rates of return on assets, as applicable, for the Company's defined benefit and postretirement benefit plans, the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, assumptions underlying stock option valuation, investment valuation, legal matters, other contingencies, and progress toward completion and direct profit or loss on contracts. Management believes that the information and disclosures provided herein are adequate to present fairly the condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations and comprehensive income, and cash flows of the Company. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC.

The Company operates in one industry segment, providing Information Technology (IT) services to its clients. These services include IT solutions and IT staffing. CTG provides these primary services to all of the markets that it serves. The services provided typically encompass the IT business solution life cycle, including phases for planning, developing, implementing, managing, and ultimately maintaining the IT solution. A typical customer is an organization with large, complex information and data processing requirements.

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IT solutions and IT staffing revenue as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
IT solutions	42%	39%	41%	36%
IT staffing	58%	61%	59%	64%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The Company promotes a significant portion of its services through four vertical market focus areas: Technology Service Providers, Healthcare (which includes services provided to healthcare providers, health insurers, and life sciences companies), Financial Services, and Energy. The Company focuses on these four vertical areas as it believes that these areas are either higher growth markets than the general IT services market and the general economy, or are areas that provide greater potential for the Company's growth due to the size of the vertical market. The remainder of CTG's revenue is derived from general markets.

The Company's revenue by vertical market as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
Healthcare	33%	30%	32%	29%
Technology service providers	31%	35%	32%	35%
Financial services	6%	6%	6%	7%
Energy	6%	6%	6%	6%
General markets	24%	23%	24%	23%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid for a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company utilizes a fair value hierarchy for its assets and liabilities, as applicable, based upon three levels of input, which are:

Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (observable)

Level 2 inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be supported by observable market data for essentially the full term of the asset or liability (observable)

Level 3 unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, but are significant to determining the fair value of the asset or liability (unobservable)

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At September 28, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the reported balances of the Company's cash and cash equivalents of \$29.4 million and \$22.4 million, respectively, approximated fair value.

The Company is also allowed to elect an irrevocable option to measure, on a contract by contract basis, specific financial instruments and certain other items that are currently not being measured at fair value. The Company did not elect to measure on a fair value basis any of its individual contracts during the quarters or year-to-date periods ended September 28, 2012 or September 30, 2011.

Life Insurance Policies

The Company has purchased life insurance on the lives of approximately 20 plan participants in the non-qualified defined-benefit Executive Supplemental Benefit Plan. All of the plan participants are former employees of the Company. Those policies have generated cash surrender value, and the Company has taken loans against the policies. At September 28, 2012 and December 31, 2011, these insurance policies had a gross cash surrender value of \$27.1 million and \$27.4 million, respectively, loans had been taken totaling \$25.3 million and \$25.6 million, respectively, and the net cash surrender value balance of \$1.8 million at both dates was included on the condensed consolidated balance sheet in

Other Assets under non-current assets. At September 28, 2012, the total death benefit for these policies is approximately \$40 million. Currently, upon the death of all of the plan participants, the company would expect to receive approximately \$15 million after the payment of outstanding loans, and record a gain of approximately \$13 million.

Subsequent to the completion of the 2012 third quarter, one of the plan participants passed away. The Company anticipates receiving non-taxable net proceeds and recording a gain, included in interest and other income, of approximately \$0.9 million or \$0.05 cents per diluted share in the 2012 fourth quarter.

Taxes Collected from Customers

In instances where the Company collects taxes from its customers for remittance to governmental authorities, primarily in its European operations, revenue and expenses are not recorded at gross amounts as such taxes are presented on a net basis.

Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Cash Overdrafts

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. The Company had no cash equivalents at September 28, 2012 or December 31, 2011. Additionally, as the Company does not fund its bank accounts for checks it has written until the checks are presented to the bank for payment, the balance representing change in cash overdraft, net on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows represents the increase or decrease in outstanding checks for the periods presented.

Capitalized Software Costs - Projects Developed for Internal Use

The Company did not record any capitalized software costs during the quarter or three quarters ended September 28, 2012, and as of that date had capitalized a total of \$5.1 million. Accumulated amortization for these projects, with amortization periods ranging from three to five years, totaled \$2.6 million as of September 28, 2012.

During the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011, the Company recorded capitalized software costs of \$0.0 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, and as of that date had capitalized a total of \$5.1 million. Accumulated amortization for these projects totaled \$1.1 million as of September 30, 2011.

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The Company has several guarantees in place in our European operations which support office leases and performance under government projects. These guarantees totaled approximately \$2.2 million at September 28, 2012, and generally have expiration dates ranging from December 2012 through June 2019.

3. Net Income Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended	Quarters Ended	Quarters Ended
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
	(amounts in thousands, except share data)			
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding during period	15,075	15,072	15,123	14,963
Common stock equivalents - incremental shares, primarily stock options	1,725	1,651	1,684	1,784
Number of shares on which earnings per share is based	16,800	16,723	16,807	16,747
Net income	\$ 3,813	\$ 2,991	\$ 11,296	\$ 8,649
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.58
Diluted	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.52

Certain options representing 0.3 million shares of common stock were outstanding at both September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as they were anti-dilutive.

4. Investments

The Company's investments consist of mutual funds which are part of the Computer Task Group, Incorporated Non-qualified Key Employee Deferred Compensation Plan and the Non-employee Director Deferred Compensation Plan. At September 28, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Company's investment balances, which are classified as trading securities, totaled approximately \$0.6 million at both dates, and are measured at fair value. As there is an active trading market for these funds, fair value was determined using Level 1 inputs (see Fair Value in Note 2). Unrealized gains and losses on these securities are recorded in earnings and were nominal in both the 2012 and 2011 third quarters and year-to-date periods.

Table of Contents**5. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

The components that make up accumulated other comprehensive loss on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at September 28, 2012 and December 31, 2011 are as follows:

	Sept. 28, 2012	Dec. 31, 2011
	(amounts in thousands)	
Foreign currency adjustment	\$ (4,664)	\$ (4,624)
Pension loss adjustment, net of tax of \$1,348 in 2012, and \$1,436 in 2011	(3,455)	(3,606)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (8,119)	\$ (8,230)

6. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate (ETR) is calculated quarterly based upon current assumptions relating to the full year's estimated operating results and various tax-related items. The Company's normal annual ETR typically ranges from 38% to 42% of pre-tax income.

The 2012 third quarter ETR was 39.1% and the 2012 year-to-date ETR was 38.4%. The 2011 third quarter ETR was 35.3% and the 2011 year-to-date ETR was 37.4%. During the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded certain favorable tax adjustments to tax expense totaling less than \$0.1 million associated with the filing of its 2010 federal and state income tax returns. Also during the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded additional tax credits totaling less than \$0.1 million related to its research and development activities, and recognized federal tax credits totaling approximately \$0.1 million related to the retention of certain individuals hired during 2010.

7. Deferred Compensation and Other Benefits

The Company maintains a non-qualified defined-benefit Executive Supplemental Benefit Plan (ESBP) that provides certain former key executives with deferred compensation benefits, based on years of service and base compensation, payable during retirement. The ESBP was amended as of November 1994 to freeze benefits for participants at that time.

Net periodic pension cost for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 for the ESBP are as follows:

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
	(amounts in thousands)			
Interest cost	\$ 85	\$ 102	\$ 255	\$ 306
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	70	52	210	156
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 155	\$ 154	\$ 465	\$ 462

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The ESBP is deemed to be unfunded as the Company has not specifically identified assets to be used to discharge the deferred compensation benefit liabilities. The Company has purchased insurance on the lives of certain plan participants in amounts deemed to be sufficient to reimburse the Company for the costs associated with the plan for those participants. The Company does not anticipate making contributions to the plan other than for benefit payments as required for the remainder of 2012 or in future years.

The Company also retained a contributory defined-benefit plan for its previous employees located in The Netherlands (NDBP) when the Company disposed of its subsidiary CTG Nederland B.V. Benefits paid are a function of a percentage of career average pay. The plan was curtailed for additional contributions in January 2003. Net periodic pension cost (benefit) was approximately \$15,000 and (\$1,000) in the 2012 and 2011 third quarters, respectively, and \$47,000 and (\$3,000) in the year-to-date periods ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively.

The Company does not anticipate making significant contributions to the NDBP in 2012 or future years as the NDBP is nearly fully funded. The assets for the NDBP are held by Aegon, a financial services firm located in The Netherlands. The assets for the plan are included in a general portfolio of government bonds, a portion of which is allocated to the NDBP based upon the estimated pension liability associated with the plan. The fair market value of the plan's assets equals the amount allocated to the NDBP at any point in time. The fair value of the assets is determined using a Level 3 methodology (see note 2 Fair Value), including using assumptions such as expected market rates of return, equity and interest rate volatility, credit risk, correlations of market returns, and discount rates. The plan investments have a targeted minimum return to the Company of 4%, which is consistent with historical returns and the 4% return guaranteed to the participants of the plan. The Company, in conjunction with Aegon, continues to maintain the current investment strategy of investing plan assets solely in government bonds throughout 2012.

The change in the fair value of the plan assets for the NDBP for the three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the Three	
	Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
	(amounts in thousands)	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 7,811	\$ 7,831
Return on plan assets	231	249
Contributions		42
Benefits paid	(81)	(80)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(41)	157
Fair value of plan assets at end of quarter	\$ 7,920	\$ 8,199

The Company maintains the Key Employee Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, a defined-contribution plan for certain key executives. Company contributions to this plan, if any, are based on annually defined financial performance objectives. The Company made contributions to this plan for amounts earned in 2011 totaling \$0.4 million in the 2012 first quarter. The investments in the plan are included in the total assets of the Company, and are discussed in Note 4, Investments. Participants in the plan have the ability to exchange a portion of their investments for stock units which represent shares of the Company's common stock. In exchange for the funds received, the Company will issue stock out of treasury stock equivalent to the number of share units received by each participant. These shares of common stock are not entitled to any voting rights and the holders will not receive dividends if any are paid. The shares are being held by the Company, and will be released to the participants as prescribed by their respective payment elections under the plan.

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The Company maintains the Non-Employee Director Deferred Compensation Plan for its non-employee directors. Cash contributions to the plan for one of these directors during the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period were less than \$0.1 million. At the time the contributions were made, the non-employee director elected to exchange his cash contributions to the plan for stock units which represent shares of the Company's common stock. Consistent with the Key Employee Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, in exchange for funds received, the Company issued stock out of treasury stock equivalent to the number of share units received by the participant. These shares of common stock are not entitled to any voting rights and the holder will not receive dividends if any are paid. The shares are being held by the Company, and will be released to the non-employee director as prescribed by their respective payment election under the plan.

8. Treasury Stock

During the 2012 third quarter, the Company used approximately \$0.5 million to purchase 38,000 shares of its stock for treasury pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program. For the year-to-date period ended September 28, 2012, the Company used approximately \$4.1 million to purchase 301,000 shares pursuant to the repurchase program. At September 28, 2012, approximately 0.6 million shares remained authorized for future purchases. The Company issued approximately 260,000 shares and 557,000 shares out of treasury stock primarily to fulfill the share requirements from stock option exercises and restricted stock grants during the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period, respectively.

During the 2011 third quarter, the Company used approximately \$2.1 million to purchase 187,000 shares of its stock for treasury pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program. For the year-to-date period ended September 30, 2011, the Company used approximately \$3.3 million to purchase 281,000 shares pursuant to the repurchase program. At September 30, 2011, approximately 0.9 million shares remained authorized for future purchases. The Company issued approximately 34,000 shares and 824,000 shares out of treasury stock primarily to fulfill the share requirements from stock option exercises and restricted stock grants during the 2011 third quarter and year-to-date period, respectively.

9. Significant Customer

In the 2012 third quarter, International Business Machines Corporation (IBM) was the Company's largest customer, and accounted for \$28.3 million or 26.6% of consolidated revenue as compared with \$30.8 million or 30.4% of revenue in the comparable 2011 period. In the first three quarters of 2012, IBM accounted for \$85.6 million or 27.1% of consolidated revenue, compared with \$89.0 million or 30.2% of consolidated revenue in the comparable 2011 period.

During the 2011 fourth quarter, the National Technical Services Agreement (NTS Agreement) with IBM was renewed for three years to December 31, 2014. As part of the NTS Agreement, the Company provides its services as a predominant supplier to IBM's Integrated Technology Services unit and as sole provider to the Systems and Technology Group business unit. The Company's accounts receivable from IBM at September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 totaled \$11.6 million and \$15.4 million, respectively. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenue in the third quarter or year-to-date periods of 2012 or 2011.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the Quarter and Three Quarters Ended September 28, 2012****Forward-Looking Statements**

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements made by the management of Computer Task Group, Incorporated (CTG, the Company or the Registrant) that are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on information as of the date of this report. The Company assumes no obligation to update these statements based on information from and after the date of this report. Generally, forward-looking statements include words or phrases such as anticipates, believes, estimates, expects, intends, plans, projects, could, may, might, should, will and words and phrases of similar impact. The forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future operations, industry trends or conditions and the business environment, and statements regarding future levels of, or trends in, revenue, operating expenses, capital expenditures, and financing. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Numerous factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, including the following: (i) the availability to CTG of qualified professional staff, (ii) renegotiations, nullification, or breaches of contracts with customers, vendors, subcontractors or other parties, (iii) the partial or complete loss of the revenue the Company generates from International Business Machines Corporation (IBM), (iv) risks associated with operating in foreign jurisdictions, (v) the change in valuation of recorded goodwill balances, (vi) the impact of current and future laws and government regulation, as well as repeal or modification of such, affecting the IT solutions and staffing industry, taxes and the Company's operations in particular, (vii) industry and economic conditions, including fluctuations in demand for information technology (IT) services, (viii) consolidation among the Company's competitors or customers, (ix) domestic and foreign industry competition for customers and talent, (x) the need to supplement or change our IT services in response to new offerings in the industry, and (xi) the risks described in Item 1A of the most recently filed Form 10-K and from time to time in the Company's reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Industry Trends

The Company operates in one industry segment, providing IT services to its clients. These services include IT solutions and IT staffing. The market demand for the Company's services is heavily dependent on IT spending by major corporations, organizations and government entities in the markets and regions that it serves. The pace of technological change and changes in business requirements and practices of the Company's clients all have a significant impact on the demand for the services that we provide. Competition for new engagements and pricing pressure has been and, management believes, will continue to be strong.

IT solutions and IT staffing revenue as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
IT solutions	42%	39%	41%	36%
IT staffing	58%	61%	59%	64%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

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The Company promotes a significant portion of its services through four vertical market focus areas: Technology Service Providers, Healthcare (which includes services provided to healthcare providers, health insurers, and life sciences companies), Financial Services, and Energy. The Company focuses on these four vertical areas as it believes that these areas are either higher growth markets than the general IT services market and the general economy, or are areas that provide greater potential for the Company's growth due to the size of the vertical market. The remainder of CTG's revenue is derived from general markets.

The Company's revenue by vertical market as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30 2011
Healthcare	33%	30%	32%	29%
Technology service providers	31%	35%	32%	35%
Financial services	6%	6%	6%	7%
Energy	6%	6%	6%	6%
General markets	24%	23%	24%	23%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The IT services industry is extremely competitive and characterized by continuous changes in customer requirements and improvements in technologies. The Company's competition varies significantly by geographic region, as well as by the type of service provided. Many of the Company's competitors are larger than CTG, and have greater financial, technical, sales and marketing resources. In addition, the Company frequently competes with a client's own internal IT staff. Our industry is being impacted by the growing use of lower-cost offshore delivery capabilities (primarily India and other parts of Asia). There can be no assurance that CTG will be able to continue to compete successfully with existing or future competitors or that future competition will not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Revenue and Cost Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, when the services have been rendered, when the price is determinable, and when collectability of the amount due is reasonably assured. For time-and-material contracts, revenue is recognized as hours are incurred and costs are expended. For contracts with periodic billing schedules, primarily monthly, revenue is recognized as services are rendered to the customer. Revenue for fixed price contracts is recognized as per the proportional method of accounting using an input-based approach whereby salary and indirect labor costs incurred are measured and compared with the total estimate of costs at completion of a project. Revenue is recognized based upon the percent complete calculation of total incurred costs to total estimated costs. The Company's estimate of the total labor costs it expects to incur over the term of the contract is based on the nature of the project and our past experience on similar projects, and includes management judgments and estimates which affect the amount of revenue recognized on fixed-price contracts in any accounting period.

The Company entered into a series of contracts with a customer that provide for application customization and integration services, specifically utilizing one of the software tools the Company has internally developed. As the contracts are closely interrelated and dependent on each other, for accounting purposes the contracts are considered to be one arrangement. Additionally, as the project includes significant modification and customization services to transform the previously developed software tool into an expanded tool that meets the customer's requirements, the percentage-of-completion method of contract accounting is being utilized for the project.

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The Company's revenue from contracts accounted for under time-and-material, progress billing and percentage-of-completion methods for the quarter and three quarters ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011	Sept. 28, 2012	Sept. 30, 2011
Time-and-material	90%	90%	90%	91%
Progress billing	8%	8%	8%	7%
Percentage-of-completion	2%	2%	2%	2%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Results of Operations

The table below sets forth data as contained in the condensed consolidated statements of income with the percentage information calculated as a percentage of consolidated revenue.

For the Quarter Ended:	September 28, 2012		September 30, 2011	
	(amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	100.0%	\$ 106,418	100.0%	\$ 101,119
Direct costs	78.3%	83,283	79.3%	80,152
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	15.8%	16,812	16.2%	16,391
Operating income	5.9%	6,323	4.5%	4,576
Interest and other income (expense), net	0.0%	(68)	0.1%	50
Income before income taxes	5.9%	6,255	4.6%	4,626
Provision for income taxes	2.3%	2,442	1.6%	1,635
Net income	3.6%	\$ 3,813	3.0%	\$ 2,991
For the Three Quarters Ended:				
	September 28, 2012		September 30, 2011	
	(amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	100.0%	\$ 316,490	100.0%	\$ 295,355
Direct costs	78.6%	248,608	79.2%	233,858
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	15.7%	49,817	16.1%	47,645
Operating income	5.7%	18,065	4.7%	13,852
Interest and other income (expense), net	0.1%	266	(0.0)%	(35)
Income before income taxes	5.8%	18,331	4.7%	13,817
Provision for income taxes	2.2%	7,035	1.8%	5,168
Net income	3.6%	\$ 11,296	2.9%	\$ 8,649

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The Company recorded revenue in the 2012 and 2011 periods as follows:

For the Quarter Ended:	September 28, 2012		September 30, 2011		Year-over -Year Change
	(amounts in thousands)				
North America	84.6%	\$ 90,079	84.1%	\$ 85,081	5.9%
Europe	15.4%	16,339	15.9%	16,038	1.9%
Total	100.0%	\$ 106,418	100.0%	\$ 101,119	5.2%

There were 63 billable days in both the 2012 and 2011 third quarters. Reimbursable expenses billed to customers and included in revenue totaled \$3.3 million and \$3.1 million in the 2012 and 2011 third quarters, respectively.

For the Three Quarters Ended:	September 28, 2012		September 30, 2011		Year-over -Year Change
	(amounts in thousands)				
North America	84.1%	\$ 266,209	82.9%	\$ 244,901	8.7%
Europe	15.9%	50,281	17.1%	50,454	(0.3%)
Total	100.0%	\$ 316,490	100.0%	\$ 295,355	7.2%

There were 191 billable days and 192 billable days in the 2012 and 2011 year-to-date periods, respectively. Reimbursable expenses billed to customers and included in revenue totaled \$10.2 million and \$9.4 million in the 2012 and 2011 year-to-date periods, respectively.

The revenue increase in North America in the 2012 third quarter and first three quarters as compared with the corresponding 2011 period was due to significant demand for the Company's IT solutions services. IT solutions revenue increased 13.1% and 20.6% in the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period, respectively, as compared with the corresponding 2011 periods. The IT solutions revenue increase was primarily driven by an increase in electronic medical records work for providers in the Company's healthcare vertical market. IT staffing revenue in the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period was consistent with the revenue recorded in the corresponding 2011 period. The Company's headcount was approximately 3,800 employees at September 28, 2012, which was a 3% increase from approximately 3,700 employees at both December 31, 2011 and September 30, 2011.

The slight increase in revenue in the Company's European operations in the 2012 third quarter, and decrease in the 2012 year-to-date period, as compared with the corresponding 2011 periods, was primarily due to strength in our European IT solutions business, offset by weakness relative to the U.S. dollar of the currencies of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the United Kingdom, the countries in which the Company's European subsidiaries operate. In Belgium and Luxembourg, the functional currency is the Euro, while in the United Kingdom the functional currency is the British Pound. In the 2012 third quarter as compared with the 2011 third quarter, the average value of the Euro decreased 11.6% while the average value of the British Pound decreased 2.0%. A significant portion of the Company's revenue from its European operations is generated in Belgium and Luxembourg. If there had been no change in these exchange rates from the 2011 third quarter to the 2012 third quarter, total European revenue would have been approximately \$2.1 million higher, or \$18.4 million as compared with the \$16.3 million reported. In the first three quarters of 2012 as compared with the first three quarters of 2011, the average value of the Euro decreased 8.9% while the average value of the British Pound decreased 2.3%. If there had been no change in the exchange rates from the first three quarters of 2011 to the corresponding 2012 period, total European revenue would have been approximately \$4.7 million higher, or \$55.0 million as

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compared with the \$50.3 million reported. Additionally, operating income in the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period would have been higher by approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, if there had been no change in the exchange rates year-over-year.

In the 2012 third quarter, IBM was the Company's largest customer, accounting for \$28.3 million or 26.6% of consolidated revenue as compared with \$30.8 million or 30.4% of revenue in the comparable 2011 period. In the first three quarters of 2012, IBM accounted for \$85.6 million or 27.1% of consolidated revenue, compared with \$89.0 million or 30.2% in the comparable 2011 period. During the 2011 fourth quarter, the National Technical Services Agreement (NTS Agreement) with IBM was renewed for three years to December 31, 2014. As part of the NTS Agreement, the Company provides its services as a predominant supplier to IBM's Integrated Technology Services unit and as sole provider to the Systems and Technology Group business unit. The Company's accounts receivable from IBM at September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 totaled \$11.6 million and \$15.4 million, respectively. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenue in the third quarter or first three quarters of 2012 or 2011.

Direct costs, defined as the costs for billable staff including billable out-of-pocket expenses, were 78.3% of revenue in the 2012 third quarter as compared with 79.3% of revenue in the 2011 third quarter, and 78.6% of revenue in the first three quarters of 2012 as compared with 79.2% in the corresponding 2011 period. The Company's direct costs as a percentage of revenue fell in the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period as compared with the corresponding 2011 periods due to a shift in the Company's business mix to a higher level of solutions business, which incurs lower direct costs as a percentage of revenue than the Company's staffing business.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were 15.8% of revenue in the 2012 third quarter and 16.2% in the corresponding 2011 period, and 15.7% in the first three quarters of 2012 as compared with 16.1% in the corresponding 2011 period. The decrease in SG&A expenses as a percentage of revenue in the 2012 third quarter and first three quarters as compared with the corresponding 2011 periods is primarily due to continued disciplined cost management and the effect of operating leverage resulting from revenue growth.

Operating income was 5.9% of revenue in the 2012 third quarter as compared with 4.5% in the 2011 third quarter, and 5.7% of revenue in the first three quarters of 2012 as compared with 4.7% in the corresponding 2011 period. The increase in operating income as a percentage of revenue in the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period as compared with the corresponding 2011 periods is primarily due to the favorable change in business mix from the prior periods. Operating income from North American operations was \$16.1 million and \$12.0 million in the first three quarters of 2012 and 2011, respectively. European operations recorded operating income of \$2.0 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, in the corresponding 2012 and 2011 periods.

Interest and other income (expense) was 0.1% of revenue in the first three quarters of 2012 as compared with (0.0)% in the corresponding 2011 period. The increase in net interest and other income in the 2012 year-to-date period resulted from receipt of life insurance proceeds of approximately \$0.4 million for one of the Company's previous chief executive officers who passed away in the 2012 second quarter.

The Company's effective tax rate (ETR) is calculated quarterly based upon current assumptions relating to the full year's estimated operating results and various tax-related items. The Company's normal annual ETR typically ranges from 38% to 42% of pre-tax income.

The 2012 third quarter ETR was 39.1% and the 2012 year-to-date ETR was 38.4%. The 2011 third quarter ETR was 35.3% and the 2011 year-to-date ETR was 37.4%. During the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded certain favorable tax adjustments to tax expense totaling less than \$0.1 million

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associated with the filing of its 2010 federal and state income tax returns. Also during the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded additional tax credits totaling less than \$0.1 million related to its research and development activities, and recognized federal tax credits totaling approximately \$0.1 million related to the retention of certain individuals hired during 2010.

Net income for the 2012 third quarter was 3.6% of revenue or \$0.23 per diluted share, compared with net income of 3.0% of revenue or \$0.18 per diluted share in the 2011 third quarter. Net income for the first three quarters of 2012 was 3.6% of revenue or \$0.67 per diluted share, compared with net income of 2.9% of revenue or \$0.52 per diluted share in the corresponding 2011 period. Net income in the 2012 year-to-date period included approximately \$0.025 per share from the life insurance proceeds mentioned above. Diluted earnings per share was calculated using 16.8 million and 16.7 million weighted-average equivalent shares outstanding for the quarters and year-to-date periods ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, respectively.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The Company's significant accounting policies, along with the underlying assumptions and judgments made by the Company's management in their application, have a significant impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company identifies its most critical accounting policies as those that are the most pervasive and important to the portrayal of the Company's financial position and results of operations, and that require the most difficult, subjective and/or complex judgments by management regarding estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company's most critical accounting policies are those related to income taxes, specifically relating to deferred taxes and valuation allowances, and goodwill valuation.

Income Taxes **Deferred Taxes and Valuation Allowances** At September 28, 2012, the Company had a total of \$7.1 million of current and non-current deferred tax assets, net of deferred tax liabilities, recorded on its consolidated balance sheet. The changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities from period to period are determined based upon the changes in differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the basis of assets and liabilities for tax purposes, as measured by the enacted tax rates when these differences are estimated to reverse. The Company has made certain assumptions regarding the timing of the reversal of these assets and liabilities, and whether taxable income in future periods will be sufficient to recognize all or a part of any gross deferred tax asset of the Company.

At September 28, 2012, the Company had deferred tax assets recorded resulting from net operating losses totaling approximately \$1.1 million. Management of the Company has analyzed each jurisdiction's tax position, including forecasting potential taxable income in future periods, and the expiration of the net operating loss carryforwards as applicable, and determined that it is unclear whether some of these deferred tax assets will be realized at any point in the future. At September 28, 2012, the Company has offset substantially all of these deferred tax assets with a valuation allowance totaling \$1.0 million, resulting in a net deferred tax asset from net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$0.1 million.

The Company's deferred tax assets and their potential realizability are evaluated each quarter to determine if any changes should be made to the valuation allowance. Any change in the valuation allowance in the future could result in a change in the Company's effective tax rate (ETR). A 1% change in the ETR in the 2012 third quarter would have increased or decreased net income in the quarter by approximately \$63,000.

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Goodwill Valuation The Company has a goodwill balance of \$35.7 million related to its healthcare vertical market recorded as of September 28, 2012. As of the fiscal month-end October 2011, with the assistance of an independent appraisal company, the Company completed its annual valuation of the business to which the Company's goodwill relates. The valuation indicated that the estimated fair value of the business was substantially in excess of its carrying value by approximately 116%. Additionally, no facts or circumstances have arisen since October 2011 which have led management to believe the goodwill may be impaired.

Other Estimates The Company has also made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of other assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare the consolidated financial statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Such estimates primarily relate to actuarial assumptions including discount rates and expected rates of return on assets, as applicable, for the Company's defined benefit and postretirement benefit plans, an allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, assumptions underlying stock option valuation, investment valuation, legal matters, other contingencies, and progress toward completion and direct profit or loss on contracts. As future events and their effects can not be determined with precision, actual results could differ from these estimates. Changes in the economic climates in which the Company operates may affect these estimates and will be reflected in the Company's financial statements in the event they occur.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

Operating activities provided cash of \$9.8 million in the first three quarters of 2012 (2012 period), and used \$1.5 million of cash in the first three quarters of 2011 (2011 period). In the 2012 period, net income totaled \$11.3 million, while other non-cash adjustments, primarily consisting of depreciation and amortization expense, equity-based compensation expense, deferred income taxes, and deferred compensation totaled a net of \$4.8 million. In the 2011 period, net income was \$8.6 million, while the corresponding non-cash adjustments netted to \$2.5 million. Accounts receivable balances increased \$2.8 million in the 2012 period, and increased \$10.3 million in the 2011 period. The increase in the accounts receivable balance in the 2012 period primarily resulted from a 7.2% increase in revenue year-over-year, offset by a two day decrease in days sales outstanding (DSO). DSO decreased two days to 60 days at September 28, 2012, from 62 days at December 31, 2011. The increase in accounts receivable in the 2011 period primarily resulted from a 21% increase in revenue year-over-year. DSO was 61 days at September 30, 2011 as compared with 60 days at December 31, 2010.

Accounts payable decreased \$1.1 million in the 2012 period, and \$0.3 million in the 2011 period primarily due to the timing of payments near quarter-end. Accrued compensation decreased \$1.0 million in the 2012 period due to one less week of accrued wages at September 28, 2012 as compared with December 31, 2011, slightly offset by an increase in headcount of 100 people, or 3%, in the 2012 period. Accrued compensation increased \$0.1 million in the 2011 period due to an increase in employee headcount of approximately 300, or 9%, and an increase in accrued incentives, offset by one less week of accrued wages at September 30, 2011 as compared with December 31, 2010. Income taxes payable decreased \$1.4 million in the 2012 period and \$0.4 million in the 2011 period due to the timing of payments and the excess tax benefit received from equity-based compensation transactions. Advance billings decreased \$0.2 million and \$1.1 million in the 2012 and 2011 periods, respectively, due to the timing of invoices sent to customers near quarter-end.

Investing activities used \$1.2 million in the 2012 period as compared with \$1.5 million in the 2011 period. The cash used in the 2012 period represented additions to property and equipment of \$1.1 million and net contributions to the Company's deferred compensation plans totaling \$0.1 million. Additions to property, equipment and capitalized software in the 2011 period totaled approximately \$1.7 million, which was offset by proceeds from sales of property and equipment of \$0.2 million. The Company has no significant commitments for the purchase of property or equipment at September 28, 2012.

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Financing activities used \$1.5 million of cash in the 2012 period as compared with providing \$0.9 million in the 2011 period. The cash used in the 2012 period primarily resulted from \$4.2 million used for the purchase of stock for treasury, offset by \$0.7 million received from the exercise of stock options under the Company's equity-based compensation plans, and excess tax benefits from the Company's equity-based compensation transactions of \$1.7 million. In the 2011 period, the Company received \$1.8 million from the exercise of stock options, \$1.7 million from excess tax benefits for equity-based compensation transactions, \$0.4 million for the net change in cash overdrafts, offset by \$3.3 million used for the purchase of stock for treasury.

The Company's credit agreement expires in April 2014 and allows the Company to borrow up to \$35.0 million. At both September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, there were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement. Although there were no borrowings outstanding, at September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011 there were \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, of letters of credit issued under the credit agreement. The Company borrows or repays its revolving debt as needed based upon its working capital obligations, including the timing of the U.S. bi-weekly payroll. During the 2012 period, the Company did not borrow any funds under its revolving credit agreement, while the average outstanding balance under this line of credit was \$0.5 million in the 2011 period.

The Company is required to meet certain financial covenants in order to maintain borrowings under its revolving credit line, pay dividends, and make acquisitions. The covenants are measured quarterly, and at September 28, 2012 include a leverage ratio which must be no more than 2.75 to 1, a calculation of minimum tangible net worth which must be no less than \$49.2 million, and total expenditures for property, equipment and capitalized software can not exceed \$5.0 million annually. The Company was in compliance with these covenants at September 28, 2012 as its leverage ratio was 0.0, tangible net worth was \$63.7 million, and expenditures for property and equipment in the 2012 period were \$1.1 million. The Company was also in compliance with its required covenants at September 30, 2011. When considering current market conditions and operating results, and the Company's current estimate of future operating results, the Company believes it will be able to meet its covenants, as applicable, for the remainder of 2012 and in future years.

During the 2012 period, the Company used approximately \$4.1 million to purchase 301,000 shares of its stock for treasury. At September 28, 2012, a total of approximately 0.6 million shares are authorized for future purchases. During the 2011 period, the Company used approximately \$3.3 million to purchase 281,000 shares of its stock for treasury.

Of the total cash and cash equivalents reported on the consolidated balance sheet at September 28, 2012 of \$29.4 million, approximately \$14.7 million was held by the Company's foreign operations and is considered to be indefinitely reinvested in those operations. The Company has not repatriated any of its cash and cash equivalents from its foreign operations in the past five years, and has no intention of doing so in the foreseeable future as the funds are required to meet the working capital needs of our foreign operations.

The Company believes existing internally available funds, cash potentially generated from future operations, and borrowings available under the Company's revolving line of credit totaling \$34.5 million at September 28, 2012 are sufficient to meet foreseeable working capital and capital expenditure needs, fund stock repurchases, and allow for future internal growth and expansion.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company did not have off-balance sheet arrangements or transactions in the third quarter or year-to-date periods of 2012 or 2011 other than the guarantees in our European operations that support office leases and performance under government contracts.

Contractual Obligations

The Company did not enter into any significant contractual obligations during the quarter or year-to-date period ended September 28, 2012.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company's primary market risk exposure consists of foreign currency exchange risk associated with the Company's European operations.

Revenue in the Company's European operations in both the 2012 third quarter and first three quarters as compared with the corresponding 2011 periods was affected by the weakness relative to the U.S. dollar of the currencies of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the United Kingdom, the countries in which the Company's European subsidiaries operate. In Belgium and Luxembourg, the functional currency is the Euro, while in the United Kingdom the functional currency is the British Pound. In the 2012 third quarter as compared with the 2011 third quarter, the average value of the Euro decreased 11.6% while the average value of the British Pound decreased 2.0%. A significant portion of the Company's revenue from its European operations is generated in Belgium and Luxembourg. If there had been no change in these exchange rates from the 2011 third quarter to the 2012 third quarter, total European revenue would have been approximately \$2.1 million higher, or \$18.4 million as compared with the \$16.3 million reported. In the first three quarters of 2012 as compared with the first three quarters of 2011, the average value of the Euro decreased 8.9% while the average value of the British Pound decreased 2.3%. If there had been no change in the exchange rates from the first three quarters of 2011 to the corresponding 2012 period, total European revenue would have been approximately \$4.7 million higher, or \$55.0 million as compared with the \$50.3 million reported. Additionally, operating income in the 2012 third quarter and year-to-date period would have been higher by approximately \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, if there had been no change in the exchange rates year-over-year.

The Company has historically not used any market risk sensitive instruments to hedge its foreign currency exchange risk. The Company believes the market risk related to intercompany balances in future periods will not have a material effect on its results of operations.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operations of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this periodic report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company reviews its internal controls on a continuous basis. The Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by this report, and concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report, which ended on September 28, 2012, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There were no material changes in the Company's risk factors from those previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2011.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share **	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs*
June 30 - July 31	25,029	\$ 13.97	25,029	572,894
Aug. 1 - Aug. 31	13,100	\$ 14.97	13,100	559,794
Sept. 1 - Sept. 28		\$		559,794
Total	38,129	\$ 14.32	38,129	

* The Company's share repurchase program (originally announced on May 12, 2005) does not have an expiration date, nor was it terminated during the 2012 third quarter. The information in this table does not include shares tendered to the Company either to satisfy the exercise cost for the cashless exercise of employee stock options, or tax withholding obligations associated with employee equity awards.

** Excludes broker commissions

Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information

None

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Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit	Description	Page
31. (a)	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	28
31. (b)	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	29
32.	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	30
101.	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the quarter and nine-month periods Ending September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the quarter and nine-month periods Ending September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 28, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine-month periods ended September 28, 2012 and September 30, 2011, and the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED

By: */s/ Brendan M. Harrington*
Brendan M. Harrington

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 26, 2012