ORIX CORP Form 6-K February 09, 2007 Table of Contents

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE Act of 1934

For the month of February, 2007.

ORIX Corporation

(Translation of Registrant s Name into English)

Mita NN Bldg., 4-1-23 Shiba, Minato-Ku,

Tokyo, 108-0014, JAPAN

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F x Form 40-F "

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

Yes " No x

Table of Documents Filed

Page

 ORIX s Third Quarter Consolidated Financial Results (April 1, 2006 December 31, 2006) filed with the Tokyo Stock Exchange on Thursday, February 8, 2007.

Date: February 8, 2007

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ORIX Corporation

By /s/ Shunsuke Takeda Shunsuke Takeda Director Vice Chairman and CFO

ORIX Corporation

Consolidated Financial Results

April 1, 2006 December 31, 2006

February 8, 2007

In preparing its consolidated financial information, ORIX Corporation and its subsidiaries have complied with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except as modified to account for stock splits in accordance with the usual practice in Japan.

U.S. Dollar amounts have been calculated at Yen 119.11 to \$1.00, the approximate exchange rate prevailing at December 31, 2006.

These documents may contain forward-looking statements about expected future events and financial results that involve risks and uncertainties. Such statements are based on our current expectations and are subject to uncertainties and risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause such a difference include, but are not limited to, those described under Risk Factors in the Company's annual report on Form 20-F filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company believes that it will be considered a passive foreign investment company for United States Federal income tax purpose in the year to which these consolidated financial results relate and for the foreseeable future by reason of the composition of its assets and the nature of its income. A U.S. holder of the shares or ADSs of the Company is therefore subject to special rules generally intended to eliminate any benefits from the deferral of U.S. Federal income tax that a holder could derive from investing in a foreign corporation that does not distribute all of its earnings on a current basis. Investors should consult their tax advisors with respect to such rules, which are summarized in the Company s annual report.

For further information please contact:

Corporate Communications

ORIX Corporation

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Consolidated Financial Results from April 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006

(U.S. GAAP Financial Information for ORIX Corporation and its Subsidiaries)

Corporate Name: ORIX Corporation

Listed Exchanges: Tokyo Stock Exchange (Securities No. 8591)

Osaka Securities Exchange

New York Stock Exchange (Trading Symbol: IX)

Head Office: Tokyo JAPAN

Tel: +81-3-5419-5102

(URL http://www.orix.co.jp/grp/ir_e/ir_index.htm)

1. Performance Highlights for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the Year Ended March 31, 2006

(1) Performance Highlights - Operating Results (Unaudited)

(millions of JPY)*1

		Year-on-Year		Year-on-Year	Income before	Year-on-Year	
	Total Revenues	Change	Operating Income	Change	Income Taxes*2	Change	
December 31, 2006	851,751	27.7%	223,597	33.3%	246,727	28.9%	
December 31, 2005	666,848	5.5%	167,791	83.6%	191,466	69.8%	
March 31, 2006	930,397		214,975		249,787		

		Year-on-Year	Basic Earnings	Diluted Earnings
	Net Income	Change	Per Share	Per Share
December 31, 2006	150,981	19.7%	1,675.43	1,614.50
December 31, 2005	126,097	86.2%	1,434.39	1,359.01
March 31, 2006	166.388		1.883.89	1.790.30

- 1. Equity in Net Income of Affiliates was a net gain of JPY 21,967 million for the nine months ended December 31, 2006, a net gain of JPY 20,716 million for the nine months ended December 31, 2005 and a net gain of JPY 32,080 million for the year ended March 31, 2006.
- 2. The average number of shares was 90,114,837 for the nine months ended December 31, 2006, 87,909,798 for the nine months ended December 31, 2005 and 88,321,649 for the year ended March 31, 2006.

3. Adoption of simplified accounting method Yes (x) No ()

4. Changes in Accounting Principles

Yes () No (x) (except for adoptions of new accounting principles)

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5. Changes in Numbers of Consolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliates Yes (x) No ()

Additions: Consolidated Subsidiaries 9, Affiliates 2 Deletions: Consolidated Subsidiaries 5, Affiliates 4

(2) Performance Highlights - Financial Position (Unaudited)

	Total Assets	Shareholders Equity	Shareholders Equity Ratio	Shareholders Equity Per Share
December 31, 2006	7,802,545	1,137,752	14.6%	12,588.14
December 31, 2005	6,686,456	898,828	13.4%	10,099.03
March 31, 2006	7,242,455	953,646	13.2%	10,608.97

^{1.} The number of outstanding shares was 90,382,877 as of December 31, 2006, 89,001,424 as of December 31, 2005 and 89,890,579 as of March 31, 2006.

(3) Performance Highlights - Cash Flows (Unaudited)

			Cash Flows	Cash and Cash Equivalents
	Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Cash Flows from Investing Activities	from Financing Activities	at End of Period
December 31, 2006	163,714	(561,663)	278,251	126,782
December 31, 2005	140,718	(466,715)	315,286	135,931
March 31, 2006	136,003	(799,357)	762,528	245,856

2. Forecasts for the Year Ending March 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

	Income before	
	Total	Net
Fiscal Year	Revenues Income Taxes	Income
March 31, 2007	1,123,000 319,000	195,000

1. Basic Earnings Per Share is forecasted to be JPY 2,157.49.

^{*}Note 1: Unless otherwise stated, all amounts shown herein are in millions of Japanese yen or millions of U.S. dollars, except for Per Share amounts which are in single yen.

^{*}Note 2: Income before Income Taxes as used throughout the report represents Income before Income Taxes, Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Discontinued Operations and Extraordinary Gain.

Summary of Consolidated Financial Results

1. Nine Months Ended December 31, 2006

Financial Highlights

Income before Income Taxes*
Net Income
Earnings Per Share (Basic)
Earnings Per Share (Diluted)
Shareholders Equity Per Share
ROE (Annualized)
ROA (Annualized)

246,727 million yen (Up 29% year on year) 150,981 million yen (Up 20% year on year) 1,675.43 yen (Up 17% year on year) 1,614.50 yen (Up 19% year on year) 12,588.14 yen (Up 19% on March 31, 2006) 19.3% (December 31, 2005: 20.7%) 2.68% (December 31, 2005: 2.64%)

Revenues: 851,751 million ven (Up 28% year on year)

Revenues increased 28% to 851,751 million yen in the first nine months of this fiscal year compared with the

same period of the previous fiscal year. Although direct financing leases and life insurance premiums and related investment income decreased year on year, revenues from operating leases, interest on loans and investment securities, brokerage commissions and net gains on investment securities, real estate sales, gains on sales of real estate under operating leases, and other operating revenues were up compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Revenues from direct financing leases decreased 2% to 68,626 million yen compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. In Japan, revenues from direct financing leases were down 10% to 47,295 million yen compared to 52,451 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the lower level of operating assets and a decrease in revenues from securitization. Overseas, revenues were up 19% to 21,331 million yen compared to 17,931 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the expansion of leasing operations in the Asia, Oceania and Europe segment.

Revenues from operating leases increased 18% to 189,502 million yen compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. In Japan, there was an expansion of automobile and real estate operating leases, that resulted in a 18% increase in revenues to 143,902 million yen compared to 122,095 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year. Overseas, revenues were up 19% to 45,600 million yen compared to 38,207 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the expansion of automobile operating leases in the Asia, Oceania and Europe segment.

Revenues from interest on loans and investment securities increased 25% to 146,262 million yen compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. In Japan, interest on loans and investment securities increased 17% to 110,688 million yen compared to 94,665 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due primarily to an expansion of interest earning assets including non-recourse loans and loans to corporate customers. Overseas, revenues were up 61% to 35,574 million yen compared to 22,086 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to an expansion of revenues associated with loans to corporate customers as well as contributions from interest on investment securities in The Americas segment, in addition to the expansion of our loan servicing operations in the Asia, Oceania and Europe segment.

^{*} Income before income taxes refers to income before income taxes, minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries, discontinued operations and extraordinary gain.

Revenues from brokerage commissions and net gains on investment securities more than doubled to 57,830 million yen compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. Brokerage commissions decreased year on year. Net gains on investment securities more than doubled year on year due to the strong performance of our venture capital operations in Japan, in addition to the gains on the sale of a portion of our shares in Aozora Bank, Ltd. (herein referred to as Aozora Bank) in connection with its listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, as well as contributions overseas from revenues of securities investments in The Americas segment.

Life insurance premiums and related investment income were down 4% year on year to 94,198 million yen, due to decrease in life insurance premiums and life insurance related investment income year on year.

Real estate sales increased 48% year on year to 79,245 million yen due to an increase in the number of condominiums sold to buyers from 1,415 units in the first nine months of the previous fiscal year to 2,045 units in the first nine months of this fiscal year.

Gains on sales of real estate under operating leases (refer to (Note 1) below) increased 85% year on year to 17,468 million yen due to an increase in sales of office buildings and other real estate under operating leases.

Other operating revenues increased 53% year on year to 198,620 million yen. In Japan, revenues were up 22% to 155,290 million yen compared to 126,940 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the increases in revenues associated with our real estate management operations, including training facilities and golf courses, and the automobile maintenance service operations, as well as the contribution from the beginning of the first quarter of this fiscal year of companies, which we invested in the previous fiscal year, in addition to contributions of servicing fees from our loan servicing operations. Overseas, revenues increased almost 14 times to 43,330 million yen compared to 3,206 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the contribution from the beginning of the first quarter of this fiscal year of Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin (herein referred to as Houlihan Lokey) that entered the ORIX Group in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year and is included in The Americas segment.

Note 1: Subsidiaries, business units, and certain rental properties sold or to be disposed of by sale without significant continuing involvements are reported under discontinued operations and the related amounts that had been previously reported have been reclassified retroactively.

Expenses: 628,154 million ven (Up 26% year on year)

Expenses increased 26% to 628,154 million yen compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year. Although life insurance costs and provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses were down year on year, interest expense, costs of operating leases, costs of real estate sales, other operating expenses, selling, general and administrative expenses, write-downs of long-lived assets, and write-downs of securities increased year on year.

Interest expense was up 37% year on year to 58,801 million yen. Interest expense increased 25% year on year in Japan and increased 56% year on year overseas, due to the higher average debt levels and higher interest rates.

Costs of operating leases were up 20% year on year to 120,882 million yen accompanying the increase in the average balance of investment in operating leases.

Life insurance costs decreased year on year to 81,711 million yen.

Costs of real estate sales were up 41% year on year to 64,989 million yen along with the increase in real estate sales.

- 2 -

Other operating expenses were up 24% year on year to 104,175 million yen accompanying the increase in other operating revenues.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were up 43% year on year to 182,729 million yen due to an increase in personnel and related expenses associated with Houlihan Lokey, which entered the ORIX Group in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year, as well as an increase in the number of employees in the Corporate Financial Services and Automobile Operations segments as a result of an effort to expand our sales platform in Japan.

Despite an increase in operating assets, provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses was down 21% year on year to 9,387 million yen due to a lower occurrence of new non-performing assets and some reversals of the provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses.

Write-downs of long-lived assets increased year on year to 1,318 million yen.

Write-downs of securities were up 4% year on year to 4,047 million yen.

Net Income: 150,981 million yen (Up 20% year on year)

Operating income was up 33% year on year to 223,597 million yen, due to the reasons noted above.

Equity in net income of affiliates was up 6% to 21,967 million yen compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year due to an increase in profits from equity method affiliates in Japan, despite a decrease in profits from equity method affiliates overseas.

Gains on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates and liquidation loss were down 61% year on year to 1,163 million yen.

As a result, income before income taxes, minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries, discontinued operations and extraordinary gain increased 29% year on year to 246,727 million yen.

Minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries, net almost tripled year on year to 3,315 million yen as a result of the minority interests in earnings from the beginning of the first quarter of this fiscal year of Houlihan Lokey that entered the ORIX Group in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Income from continuing operations increased 27% year on year to 141,978 million yen.

Discontinued operations (refer to (Note 1) on page 2), net of applicable tax effect decreased 41% year on year to 8,430 million yen.

As a result, net income increased 20% year on year to 150,981 million yen.

Operating Assets: 6,416,509 million yen (Up 10% on March 31, 2006)

Operating assets were up 10% on March 31, 2006 to 6,416,509 million yen. While investment in direct financing leases was down on March 31, 2006, installment loans, investment in operating leases, investment in securities, and other operating assets were up.

Segment Information

Segment profits (refer to (Note 2) below) declined for the Rental Operations, Life Insurance, and The Americas segments; and increased for the Corporate Financial Services, Automobile Operations, Real Estate-Related Finance, Real Estate, Other, and Asia, Oceania and Europe se compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Note 2: Since the Company evaluates the performance of its segments based on profits before income taxes, tax expenses are not included in segment profits. In addition, results of discontinued operations are included in Segment Revenues and Segment Profits of each segment, if any. Such amounts are eliminated in Difference between Segment totals and Consolidated Amounts.

Operations in Japan

Corporate Financial Services Segment

Segment revenues were up 17% year on year to 89,071 million yen due mainly to the expansion of loans to corporate customers.

Although selling, general and administrative expenses increased as a result of upfront costs associated with an increase in the number of employees as a result of an effort to expand our sales and marketing base, segment profits increased 9% to 41,857 million yen compared to 38,445 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to an increase in segment revenues and the lower provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses.

Segment assets increased 11% on March 31, 2006 to 1,794,665 million yen due to an increase in loans to corporate customers.

Automobile Operations Segment

Segment revenues increased 14% year on year to 109,140 million yen due to the increase in revenues from operating leases and maintenance services in the automobile leasing operations.

Although selling, general and administrative expenses increased as a result of an increase in the number of employees in an effort to develop our customer base focusing on expanding our automobile-related business to individuals, segment profits increased 6% to 19,741 million yen in line with the increase in segment revenues compared to 18,590 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Although there was an expansion of the automobile leasing operations that also include operating leases, segment assets were flat on March 31, 2006 at 512,987 million yen due to asset securitization.

Rental Operations Segment

Segment revenues were flat year on year at 49,446 million yen.

Segment profits decreased 4% to 6,328 million yen compared to 6,612 million yen due to the recognition of losses on the sale of investment securities.

Segment assets were down on March 31, 2006 to 120,826 million yen due to a decrease in investment in direct financing leases despite an increase in investment in operating leases.

Real Estate-Related Finance Segment

Segment revenues increased 13% year on year to 57,988 million yen due to an expansion of revenues associated with corporate loans, including non-recourse loans, and contributions from the loan servicing operations and gains on sales of real estate under operating leases.

Segment profits increased 15% to 30,685 million yen compared to 26,770 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the increase in segment revenues and a lower provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses.

Segment assets increased 14% on March 31, 2006 to 1,398,997 million yen due mainly to an increase in corporate loans, including non-recourse loans.

Real Estate Segment

Segment revenues increased 33% year on year to 194,949 million yen as more condominiums were sold to buyers in the first nine months of this fiscal year compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year, and due to the increase in revenues associated with the real estate management operations, including office rental activities, in addition to contributions from the gains on sales of real estate under operating leases.

Segment profits increased 61% to 41,958 million yen compared to 26,011 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to contributions from gains on sales of real estate under operating leases and due to the increase in segment revenues, including condominium sales.

Segment assets increased 20% on March 31, 2006 to 816,148 million yen due mainly to the expansion of operating assets, including investment in operating leases.

Life Insurance Segment

Segment revenues were down 4% year on year to 93,621 million yen as a result of lower revenues from life insurance premiums and related investment income compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Segment profits decreased 30% year on year to 7,222 million yen compared to 10,324 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to lower segment revenues.

Segment assets increased 4% on March 31, 2006 to 512,622 million yen.

Other Segment

Segment revenues increased 49% year on year to 117,400 million yen due to an increase in gains on investment securities at the venture capital operations in addition to the gains on the sale of a portion of our shares in Aozora Bank in connection with its listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Segment profits increased 97% to 59,584 million yen compared to 30,268 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year. While gains on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates decreased year on year, the higher segment revenues and contributions from equity in net income of affiliates led to the higher segment profits.

Segment assets increased 14% on March 31, 2006 to 762,038 million yen.

Overseas Operations

The Americas Segment

Although the previous fiscal year benefited from the gain on the sale of the primary and master servicing business as well as gains on sales of real estate under operating leases, segment revenues increased 84% year on year to 85,830 million yen due to the contribution from the beginning of the first quarter of this fiscal year of Houlihan Lokey and the increase in revenues associated with corporate loans and securities investments.

Segment profits decreased 13% to 23,905 million yen compared to 27,591 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year. Although Houlihan Lokey contributed to profits from the beginning of the first quarter of this fiscal year, there were no contributions in the first nine months of this fiscal year such as the gain on the sale of operations that were recorded in the same period of the previous fiscal year, in addition to a decrease in equity in net income of affiliates.

Segment assets increased 12% on March 31, 2006 to 494,359 million yen due mainly to an increase in corporate loans.

Asia, Oceania and Europe Segment

Segment revenues were up 13% year on year to 76,523 million yen due to the expansion of the leasing operations that include operating leases such as automobile leasing, as well as the loan servicing operations, in addition to gains on the sale of operations in the Oceania region.

Segment profits increased 8% to 29,230 million yen compared to 27,100 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to an increase in segment revenues as described above and the increase in equity in net income of affiliates, despite a decrease in gains on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates.

Segment assets were up 9% on March 31, 2006 to 615,064 million yen due mainly to an increase in operating leases and investment in affiliates.

2. Summary of Cash Flows (Nine Months Ended December 31, 2006)

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by 119,074 million yen to 126,782 million yen compared to March 31, 2006.

Cash flows from operating activities provided 163,714 million yen in the first nine months of this fiscal year, compared to 140,718 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year. Principally, there were inflows associated with an increase in net income and decrease in restricted cash, while there was an outflow from increase in inventories, which is associated with the residential condominium development operations.

Cash flows from investing activities used 561,663 million yen in the first nine months of this fiscal year, compared to 466,715 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year, due mainly to the increase in outflows associated with the increase in installment loans made to customers as a result of the expansion of loans to corporate customers, including non-recourse loans.

Cash flows from financing activities provided 278,251 million yen in the first nine months of this fiscal year, compared to 315,286 million yen in the same period of the previous fiscal year, due to the increase in debt accompanying the increase in operating assets.

3. Summary of Third Quarter (Three Months Ended December 31, 2006)

In the third quarter revenues increased 74,155 million yen year on year.

Revenues from direct financing leases were down compared to the third quarter of the previous fiscal year due to the reduced contribution from gains on securitization and the decrease in the average balance of operating assets. Revenues from operating leases were up in line with the increase in operating assets. Revenues from interest on loans and investment securities were up compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the increase in operating assets and contribution from interest on investment securities. Brokerage commissions and net gains on investment securities were up compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the increase in net gains on investment securities as we recorded gains on the sale of a portion of our shares in Aozora Bank in connection with its listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, despite the decrease in brokerage commissions. Although life insurance premiums decreased, life insurance related investment income was up compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year for life insurance premiums and related investment income. Real estate sales decreased year on year due to the decrease in the number of condominiums sold to buyers in the third quarter of this fiscal year compared to the same period of the previous fiscal year. Gains on sales of real estate under operating leases were up year on year. Other operating revenues were up year on year due to the increase in revenues associated with our real estate management operations, including training facilities and golf courses, and revenue from the automobile maintenance service operations, as well as the contribution from Houlihan Lokey that entered the ORIX Group in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Expenses were up 37,963 million yen compared to the third quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Interest expense was up year on year due to higher average debt levels and higher interest rates. Costs of operating leases were up year on year in line with the increase in operating assets. Life insurance costs were down compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year. Costs of real estate sales decreased in line with the lower real estate sales. Other operating expenses increased in line with the increased other operating revenues. Selling, general and administrative expenses were up year on year as a result of an increase in expenses associated with Houlihan Lokey, in addition to upfront costs associated with an increase in the number of employees as a result of an effort to expand our sales platform primarily in Japan. The provision for doubtful receivables and probable loan losses and write-downs of securities were up compared to the third quarter of the previous fiscal year.

This resulted in an increase in operating income by 36,192 million yen to 89,142 million yen compared with the third quarter of the previous fiscal year.

Equity in net income of affiliates was up year on year and gains on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates and liquidation loss decreased. Income before income taxes, minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries, discontinued operations and extraordinary gain increased by 36,881 million yen compared to the third quarter of the previous fiscal year to 96,099 million yen.

Minority interests in earnings of subsidiaries of 1,589 million yen were recorded and as a result, income from continuing operations increased by 20,464 million yen to 54,865 million yen.

Discontinued operations, net of applicable tax effect added 4,790 million yen and net income in the third quarter of this fiscal year rose by 17,512 million yen to 59,655 million yen compared with a net income of 42,143 million yen in the third quarter of the previous fiscal year.

- 7 -

Consolidated Financial Highlights

(For the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the Year Ended March 31, 2006)

(Unaudited)

(millions of JPY, except for per share data)

		Relationship	Year		Year		Year
		to	-on-		-on-		-on-
		March 31,	year	December 31,	year	March 31,	year
	December 31, 2006	2006	Change	2005	Change	2006	Change
Operating Assets			Ü		Ü		Ü
Investment in Direct Financing Leases	1,343,413	93%	90%	1,495,765	101%	1,437,491	99%
Installment Loans	3,341,163	114%	122%	2,727,640	117%	2,926,036	123%
Investment in Operating Leases	816,050	113%	131%	621,492	108%	720,096	116%
Investment in Securities	773,546	113%	115%	669,748	111%	682,798	116%
Other Operating Assets	142,337	155%	147%	96,699	118%	91,856	111%
Total	6,416,509	110%	114%	5,611,344	111%	5,858,277	114%
Operating Results							
Total Revenues	851,751		128%	666,848	106%	930,397	102%
Income before Income Taxes, Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Discontinued Operations and	,			,		,	
Extraordinary Gain	246,727		129%	191,466	170%	249,787	163%
Net Income	150,981		120%	126,097	186%	166,388	182%
Earnings Per Share	100,501		120,0	120,007	10070	100,000	10270
Net Income							
Basic	1.675.43		117%	1,434.39	177%	1,883.89	173%
Diluted	1,614.50		119%	1,359.01	183%	1,790.30	179%
Shareholders Equity Per Share	12,588.14	119%	125%	10,099.03	132%	10,608.97	127%
Financial Position							
Shareholders Equity	1,137,752	119%	127%	898,828	140%	953,646	131%
Number of Outstanding Shares (000)	90,383	101%	102%	89,001	106%	89,891	103%
Long-and Short-Term Debt and	70,000	10176	10270	0,,001	10070	0,,0,1	100 /
Deposits	5,231,652	106%	116%	4,518,350	111%	4,925,753	119%
Total Assets	7,802,545	108%	117%	6,686,456	114%	7,242,455	119%
Shareholders Equity Ratio	14.6%	20071		13.4%		13.2%	22,71
Return on Equity (annualized)	19.3%			20.7%		19.8%	
Return on Assets (annualized)	2.68%			2.64%		2.50%	
New Business Volumes							
Direct Financing Leases							
New Receivables Added	551,204		82%	670,853	111%	888,912	103%
New Equipment Acquisitions	491,499		82%	601,120	112%	800,802	104%
Installment Loans	1,575,705		126%	1,254,454	114%	1,834,192	119%
Operating Leases	252,842		137%	184,571	104%	317,645	128%
Investment in Securities	170,293		104%	163,190	98%	235,932	96%

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Other Operating Transactions 147,295 168% 87,740 87% 132,017 102%

- 8 -

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(For the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the Year Ended March 31, 2006)

(Unaudited)

(millions of JPY, millions of US\$)

	Year		Year	Year	Year	U.S. dollars	
	Nine Months	-on-	Nine Months	-on-	ended	-on-	
	ended December 31,	year	ended December 31,	year	March 31,	year	Nine Months ended December 31,
	2006	Change	2005	Change	2006	Change	2006
Total Revenues :	851,751	(%) 128	2005 666,848	(%) 106	930,397	(%) 102	7,151
Total Revenues.	031,731	120	000,040	100	930,391	102	7,131
Direct Financing Leases	68,626	98	70,382	112	96,136	111	576
Operating Leases	189,502	118	160,302	112	210,430	109	1,591
Interest on Loans and Investment Securities	146,262	125	116,751	120	159,727	120	1,228
Brokerage Commissions and Net Gains on	1.0,202	120	110,701	120	105,727	120	1,220
Investment Securities	57,830	205	28,200	137	48,826	144	486
Life Insurance Premiums and Related	27,020	200	20,200	10,	.0,020		.00
Investment Income	94,198	96	98,175	101	138,118	101	791
Real Estate Sales	79,245	148	53,459	78	74,943	61	665
Gains on Sales of Real Estate under	77,210	1.0	55,157	, 0	, 1,5 1.5	01	000
Operating Leases	17,468	185	9,433	869	8,970	577	147
Other Operating Revenues	198,620	153	130,146	91	193,247	95	1,667
Total Expenses :	628,154	126	499,057	92	715,422	91	5,274
Interest Expense	58,801	137	43,024	112	59,179	114	494
Costs of Operating Leases	120,882	120	100,444	110	134,465	109	1,015
Life Insurance Costs	81,711	98	82,976	95	117,622	96	686
Costs of Real Estate Sales	64,989	141	46,013	74	65,904	58	546
Other Operating Expenses	104,175	124	83,957	84	123,460	85	874
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	182,729	143	127,489	105	185,950	111	1,534
Provision for Doubtful Receivables and	,,,,		.,		,.		,
Probable Loan Losses	9,387	79	11,816	44	16,178	41	79
Write-downs of Long-Lived Assets	1,318	253	521	6	8,336	71	11
Write-downs of Securities	4,047	104	3,878	97	4,540	92	34
Foreign Currency Transaction Loss (Gain),	,		2,212		,		
Net	115		(1,061)		(212)		1
Operating Income	223,597	133	167,791	184	214,975	165	1,877
1	,		,		,		, i
Equity in Net Income of Affiliates	21,967	106	20,716	116	32,080	160	184
Gains on Sales of Subsidiaries and Affiliates	21,707	100	20,710	110	32,000	100	104
and Liquidation Losses	1,163	39	2,959	83	2,732	82	10
and Elquidation Losses	1,103	3)	2,737	0.5	2,732	02	10
Income before Income Taxes, Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Discontinued Operations and	246,727	129	191,466	170	249,787	163	2,071

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Extraordinary Gain

Provision for Income Taxes	101,434	129	78,416	158	96,796	143	851
Income before Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Discontinued Operations and Extraordinary Gain	145,293	129	113,050	179	152,991	178	1,220
Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Net	3,315	262	1,266	104	3,223	131	28
Income from Continuing Operations	141,978	127	111,784	181	149,768	179	1,192
Discontinued Operations:							
Income from Discontinued Operations, Net	14,001		23,523		27,335		118
Provision for Income Taxes	(5,571)		(9,210)		(10,715)		(47)
Discontinued Operations, Net of Applicable Tax Effect	8,430	59	14,313	245	16,620	211	71
Extraordinary Gain, Net of Applicable Tax Effect	573						5
Net Income	150,981	120	126,097	186	166,388	182	1,268

Note: Pursuant to FASB Statement No. 144 (Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets), the results of operations which meet the criteria for discontinued operations are reported as a separate component of income, and those related amounts that had been previously reported are reclassified.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

(For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005)

(Unaudited)

(millions of JPY, millions of US\$)

		Year		Year	U.S. dollars Three Months
	Three Months	-on-	Three Months	-on-	ended
	ended December 31, 2006	year Change (%)	ended December 31, 2005	year Change (%)	December 31,
Total Revenues :	299.019	133	224,864	104	2,510
	,		,		,-
Direct Financing Leases	21.847	92	23.814	114	183
Operating Leases	65,129	120	54,127	113	547
Interest on Loans and Investment Securities	51,460	126	40,692	126	432
Brokerage Commissions and Net Gains on Investment					
Securities	39,296	505	7,784	104	330
Life Insurance Premiums and Related Investment Income	30,431	102	29,705	97	255
Real Estate Sales	11,350	51	22,083	84	95
Gains (Losses) on Sales of Real Estate under Operating Leases	5,288		(12)		44
Other Operating Revenues	74,218	159	46,671	93	624
Total Expenses :	209,877	122	171,914	95	1,762
Interest Expense	21,235	142	14,954	121	178
Costs of Operating Leases	43,757	127	34,342	113	367
Life Insurance Costs	24,275	98	24,737	91	204
Costs of Real Estate Sales	9,983	55	18,248	81	84
Other Operating Expenses	39,354	132	29,906	83	330
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	63,657	145	43,977	110	535
Provision for Doubtful Receivables and Probable Loan Losses	5,830	116	5,042	49	49
Write-downs of Long-Lived Assets	1.005	157	1.210	00	16
Write-downs of Securities	1,905	157	1,210	98	16
Foreign Currency Transaction Loss (Gain), Net	(119)		(502)		(1)
Operating Income	89,142	168	52,950	151	748
Equity in Net Income of Affiliates	6,950	136	5,109	64	59
Gains on Sales of Subsidiaries and Affiliates and Liquidation	_				
Loss	7	1	1,159	156	0
Income before Income Taxes, Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Discontinued Operations and Extraordinary Gain	96,099	162	59,218	135	807
Provision for Income Taxes	39,645	162	24,504	124	333

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Income before Minority Interests in Earnings of

Subsidiaries, Discontinued Operations and Extraordinary					
Gain	56,454	163	34,714	144	474
Minority Interests in Earnings of Subsidiaries, Net	1,589	508	313		