#### ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL RECYCLING TECHNOLOGIES INC Form DEF 14A

May 02, 2011

### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant þ

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o

Check the appropriate box:

- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- o Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- b Definitive Proxy Statement
- o Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material under Rule 14a-12

Advanced Environmental Recycling Technologies, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- b No fee required.
- o Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
  - (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
  - (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
  - (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
  - (4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:
  - (5) Total fee paid:
- o Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.
- o Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.
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# (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.: (3) Filing Party: (4) Date Filed:

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## ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL RECYCLING TECHNOLOGIES, INC. 914 N Jefferson Street Springdale, Arkansas 72764 (479) 756-7400 NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS To Be Held Thursday, July 14, 2011

#### To our Stockholders:

The annual meeting of stockholders of Advanced Environmental Recycling Technologies, Inc. will be held at the Company's corporate offices at 914 N. Jefferson St., Springdale, Arkansas 72764, at 3:00 p.m., local time, Thursday, July 14, 2011, to consider and act upon the following matters, all as more fully described in the accompanying proxy statement, which is incorporated herein by this reference:

- 1. To elect three members to the seven-person board of directors to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their respective successors shall be elected and qualify.
- 2. To ratify the appointment of HoganTaylor LLP as independent public accountants of the company for the year ending December 31, 2011.
- 3. To amend the Company's certificate of incorporation to increase the authorized number of shares of Class A common stock.
- 4. To transact such other business and to consider and take action upon any and all matters that may properly come before the annual meeting or any adjournment thereof.

The board of directors has fixed the close of business on May 16, 2011, as the record date for the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the annual meeting and any adjournment thereof.

These proxy materials and our annual report to stockholders will be furnished to our stockholders on the Internet. This means that most stockholders will not receive paper copies of our proxy materials and annual report. We will instead send stockholders a notice regarding the availability of proxy materials with instructions for accessing the proxy materials and annual report on the Internet. We believe that posting these materials on the Internet enables us to provide stockholders with the information that they need more quickly, while lowering our costs of printing and delivery and reducing the environmental impact of our 2011 annual meeting of stockholders. If you wish to receive physical copies of our proxy materials and annual report, you may request copies of such documents by sending a written request to our investor relations department, 914 N. Jefferson St., Springdale, Arkansas 72764, by registered, certified or express mail or by calling our investor relations department at 479-756-7400.

Sincerely,

Stephen W. Brooks Secretary

May 2, 2011

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ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL RECYCLING TECHNOLOGIES, INC. 914 N. Jefferson Street Springdale, Arkansas 72764 (479) 756-7400

Annual Meeting of Stockholders July 14, 2011

#### PROXY STATEMENT

#### SOLICITATION AND REVOCABILITY OF PROXIES

The enclosed proxy is solicited on behalf of the board of directors of Advanced Environmental Recycling Technologies, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), for use at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held at the Company's corporate offices at 914 N. Jefferson St., Springdale, AR 72764, at 3:00 p.m. local time, Thursday, July 14, 2011, and at any adjournments thereof. The notice of meeting and notice regarding the availability of proxy materials with instructions for accessing the proxy materials and annual report on the Internet are being mailed to stockholders on or about May 30, 2011.

A proxy may be revoked by delivering another proxy (either Internet proxy or printed proxy) with a later date, entering a new vote by Internet or telephone, delivering a written notice of revocation to the principal office of the Company, or in person at the meeting at any time prior to the voting thereof.

#### VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

The board of directors has fixed the close of business on May 16, 2011 as the record date for the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the annual meeting. At the close of business on this record date, there were [•] shares of Class A common stock, [•] shares of Class B common stock and [•] shares of Series E preferred stock issued and outstanding. Each outstanding share of Class A common stock entitles the holder thereof to one vote on matters submitted to the stockholders and each share of Class B common stock entitles the holder thereof to five votes on matters submitted to the stockholders. Each outstanding share of Series E preferred stock entitles the holder to the number of votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which such share of Series E preferred stock is convertible based upon an initial conversion amount of \$1,000 per share, subject to adjustment for accruing dividends, and an initial conversion price of \$0.075 per share, subject to adjustment. Accordingly, as of the date hereof, each such share of Series E preferred stock is currently entitled to 13,333 votes.

The holders of record of the Class A common stock, Class B common stock and Series E preferred stock outstanding on May 16, 2011 will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to stockholders and such other matters as may properly come before the annual meeting and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

The form of proxy provides a method for stockholders to withhold authority to vote for any one or more nominees (See "Election of Directors" for the method of withholding authority to vote for directors) or for a particular matter. By withholding authority, shares will not be voted either for or against a particular nominee or matter but will be counted for quorum purposes. Abstentions and brokers' "non-votes", if any, are counted for purposes of determining a quorum but will have no effect on the election of directors or other matters intended to be submitted to a vote of the stockholders.

As of April 12, 2011, the Company's directors and named executive officers beneficially owned approximately 5.6% of the currently outstanding shares of Class A common stock and 27.8% of the currently outstanding shares of Class B common stock.

The following table sets forth, as of April 12, 2011, certain information with regard to the beneficial ownership of the Company's capital stock by each beneficial owner of 5% or more of the outstanding stock and by each named executive officer, director and director nominee of the Company, and by all directors and named executive officers as a group. Unless otherwise noted below, the address of each beneficial owner listed in the table is c/o Advanced Environmental Recycling Technologies, Inc., 914 N. Jefferson St., Springdale, Arkansas 72764:

Title of Class (1)	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Na Beneficial Owners		Percent of Class
Class A Series E	H.I.G. AERT, LLC	288,945,210 20,524.149	(3) (3)	80.0% 100.0%
Class A Class B	Marjorie S. Brooks	9,319,676 837,588	(4) (5)	10.7% 57.2%
Class A Class B	Joe G. Brooks	1,629,335 284,396	(6)	1.9% 19.4%
Class A Class B	Jerry B. Burkett	268,190 33,311	(7)	* 2.3%
Class A Class B	Stephen W. Brooks	1,748,508 89,311		2.0% 6.1%
Class A	David O. Whitworth Trust	15,289,841	(8)	17.5%
Class A	Enable Growth Partners L.P.	5,733,644	(9)	6.6%
Class A	Edward P. Carda	34,949		*
Class A	Vernon Richardson	10,000		*
Class A	J. R. Brian Hanna	500,000	(10)	*
Class A	Timothy D. Morrison	700,000	(10)	*
Class A	Michael R. Phillips	-		*
Class A	Todd J. Ofenloch	-		*
Class A	Bobby J. Sheth	-		*
Class A	Jackson S. Craig	-		*

<sup>\*</sup> represents less than 1.0%

- (1) The Class B common stock is substantially identical to the Class A common stock, except that each share of Class B common stock has five votes per share and each share of Class A common stock has one vote per share. Each share of Class B common stock is convertible into one share of Class A common stock. Each share of Series E preferred stock is by its terms convertible into 13,333 shares of Class A common stock, subject to adjustment.
- (2) Beneficial ownership of shares was determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3(d)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(3) Includes 273,655,322 shares of Class A common stock issuable upon conversion of 20,524.149 shares of Series E preferred stock. The shares of Series E preferred stock are convertible at H.I.G. AERT, L.L.C.'s election and for no additional consideration provided, however that of the total 273,655,322 shares of Class A Common Stock into which the 20,524.149 shares of Series E Convertible Preferred are convertible, only 35,521,563 shares of Class A Common Stock are currently reserved for issuance upon conversion of the Series E Convertible Preferred Stock. Assuming the proposal to amend the Company's certificate of incorporation to increase the authorized number of shares of Class A common stock (Proposal 3) is approved at the annual meeting of stockholders, the Company will reserve the remaining 35,521,563 shares of Class A Common Stock. For purposes of calculating the percent of class held by H.I.G. AERT, L.L.C., we have assumed that all 273,655,322 shares of Class A Common Stock have been reserved. H.I.G. AERT, L.L.C.'s address is 855 Boylston Street, 11th Floor, Boston, MA 02116.

- (4) Includes 8,098,219 shares owned directly, 1,121,457 in trusts or corporations controlled by Mrs. Brooks, and 100,000 shares issuable upon exercise of stock options.
- (5) Includes 403,946 shares owned directly by Mrs. Brooks and 433,642 shares owned by two corporations controlled by Mrs. Brooks. (Razorback Farms, Inc. is the record owner of 312,320 shares and Southern Mineral and Fibers, Inc. is the record owner of 121,322 shares, representing approximately 21.3% and 8.3%, respectively, of the Class B common stock). Excludes additional shares owned by adult children of Mrs. Brooks, including Joe G. Brooks, Stephen W. Brooks and J. Douglas Brooks, as to which she disclaims a beneficial interest.
  - (6) Includes 1,586,630 shares owned directly, 4,500 shares owned as custodian for Joe G. Brooks' minor child, and 38,205 shares owned as custodian for Brooks' Children's Trust.
- (7) Includes 147,519 shares owned directly, 2,000 shares owned by Mr. Burkett as custodian for his minor child, 10,000 shares owned by a partnership controlled by Mr. Burkett, 100,000 shares issuable upon exercise of stock options, and 8,671 shares to be issued pursuant to restricted stock awards.
- (8) Includes 11,467,386 shares owned directly by David O. Whitworth Trust, 1,911,228 shares owned directly by Callie A. Whitworth and 1,911,228 shares owned directly by Carl A. Whitworth.
- (9) Includes 286,667 shares owned directly by Pierce Diversified Strategy Master Fund, L.L.C., ENA,4,873,590 shares directly by Enable Growth Partners L.P., and 573,388 shares owned directly by Enable Opportunity Partners LP
  - (10) Includes shares to be issued pursuant to restricted stock awards.
- (11) Class A common stock beneficial ownership was calculated by dividing the beneficial ownership of each stockholder by the sum of: (i) the total shares of Class A common stock outstanding at April 12, 2011 (87,463,907) plus, in the case of each such stockholder, any shares issuable to such stockholder upon the exercise or conversion of any derivative securities that are currently exercisable or become exercisable within 60 days of April 12, 2011, and (ii) Class B common stock beneficial ownership is calculated based on 1,465,530 shares outstanding on April 12, 2011.

On March 18, 2011, the Company consummated related recapitalization transactions with H.I.G. AERT, L.L.C., an affiliate of H.I.G. Capital, L.L.C. ("H.I.G.") and with other existing preferred stockholders of the Company (the "Recapitalization Transactions"), pursuant to which H.I.G. was issued senior secured debt in the aggregate principal amount of \$17,596,667 and 20,524.149 shares of Series E preferred stock, in exchange for \$32,620,816 net of H.I.G.'s existing secured debt in the Company, including interest accrued through March 17, 2011, and H.I.G. making approximately \$6.9 million in additional new capital available to the Company. In addition, on March 18, 2011, immediately prior to the closing of the Recapitalization Transactions, the Company and the holders of the Company's Series D preferred stock (including H.I.G.) exchanged all of the outstanding shares of the Company's Series D preferred stock and warrants exercisable for 3,787,880 shares of the Class A common stock for 36,313,376 shares of the Class A common stock, equal to approximately 10% of the outstanding common shares of the Company on a fully diluted basis after giving effect to the Recapitalization Transactions and the authorization of the increased common stock (the "Series D Exchange"). Following consummation of the Recapitalization Transactions and the Series D Exchange, H.I.G. owns approximately 80.0% of the outstanding common equity securities of the Company on a fully diluted, as converted basis. Also, under the Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Series E Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company filed on March 17, 2011 with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, H.I.G. has the right to designate four out of seven directors, representing a majority of the board of

#### DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The directors, nominees for director and executive officers of the Company are as follows:	

(39

19

36

Unrealized gain (loss) on investments 20

10

43

3

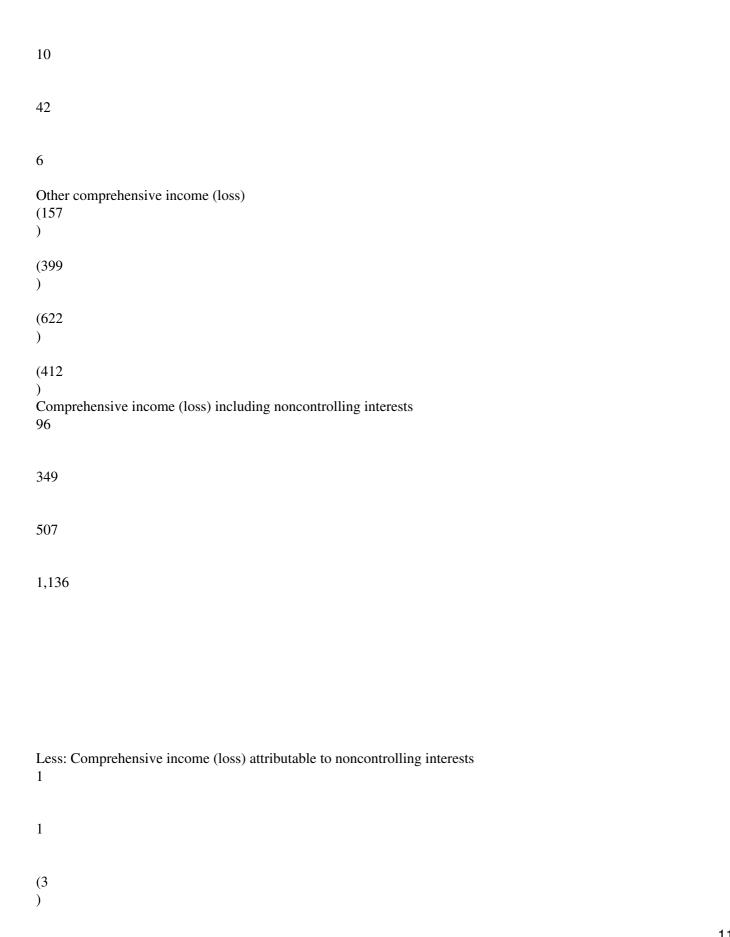
Tax effect

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(1

3

Net of tax amount



1

Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to controlling interests

\$ 95

\$

348

\$ 510

\$ 1,135

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See notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Consolidated Balance Sheets		
(In millions)	September 30, 2015 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2014
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$720	\$1,099
Short-term marketable securities	417	515
Segregated cash and investments	5,166	4,877
Trade receivables	2,132	2,704
Inventories	7,428	9,374
Current assets held for sale	999	1,403
Other current assets	6,183	6,056
Total Current Assets	23,045	26,028
Investments and Other Assets		
Investments in and advances to affiliates	3,909	3,892
Long-term marketable securities	436	485
Goodwill and other intangible assets	3,213	3,283
Other assets	374	349
Total Investments and Other Assets	7,932	8,009
Property, Plant, and Equipment		
Land	443	441
Buildings	4,656	4,668
Machinery and equipment	17,072	17,044
Construction in progress	1,039	819
	23,210	22,972
Accumulated depreciation	(13,310 )	(13,012)
Net Property, Plant, and Equipment	9,900	9,960
Total Assets	\$40,877	\$43,997
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Short-term debt	\$939	\$108
Trade payables	3,072	4,326
Payables to brokerage customers	5,800	5,874
Accrued expenses and other payables	4,127	5,040
Current maturities of long-term debt	14	24
Current liabilities held for sale	178	230
Total Current Liabilities	14,130	15,602
Long-Term Liabilities		
Long-term debt	5,829	5,528
Deferred income taxes	1,678	1,662
Other	1,362	1,575

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Total Long-Term Liabilities	8,869	8,765
Shareholders' Equity		
Common stock	3,412	5,115
Reinvested earnings	16,313	15,701
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1,862	(1,241)
Noncontrolling interests	15	55
Total Shareholders' Equity	17,878	19,630
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$40,877	\$43,997

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

#### Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

(Onaudited)	Nine Months September 30 2015 (In millions)		
Operating Activities			
Net earnings including noncontrolling interests	\$1,129	\$1,548	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by (used in) operating			
activities			
Depreciation and amortization	658	646	
Asset impairment charges	68	_	
Deferred income taxes	5	(13	)
Equity in earnings of affiliates, net of dividends	(64	) (110	)
Stock compensation expense	64	43	
Pension and postretirement accruals (contributions), net	(154	) 6	
Deferred cash flow hedges	(64	) 32	
Gains on sales of assets and revaluation	(139	) (197	)
Other – net	(16	) (8	)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Segregated cash and investments	(303	) (795	)
Trade receivables	495	957	
Inventories	1,687	3,181	
Other current assets	(153	) (482	)
Trade payables	(1,198	) (1,307	)
Payables to brokerage customers	(36	) 960	
Accrued expenses and other payables	(881	) (37	)
Total Operating Activities	1,098	4,424	
Investing Activities			
Purchases of property, plant, and equipment	(819	) (605	)
Proceeds from sales of assets and business	594	29	
Net assets of businesses acquired	(83	) (3	)
Purchases of marketable securities	(821	) (885	)
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	943	951	
Investments in and advances to affiliates	(126	) (33	)
Distributions from affiliates	2	88	
Other – net	3	38	
Total Investing Activities	(307	) (420	)
Financing Activities			
Long-term debt borrowings	1,246	1	
Long-term debt payments	(965	) (1,167	)
Net borrowings (payments) under lines of credit agreements	834	(178	)
Purchases of treasury stock	(1,788	) (702	)
Cash dividends	(520	) (470	)

Acquisition of noncontrolling interest	—	(157	)
Other – net	23	87	
Total Financing Activities	(1,170	) (2,586	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(379	) 1,418	
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period	1,099	3,121	
Cash and cash equivalents end of period	\$720	\$4,539	
See notes to consolidated financial statements.			

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#### Archer-Daniels-Midland-Company

Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Accumulated Reinvested Other		Noncontrolling		Total		
	Shares	Amount	Earnings	Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Interests	g	Shareholder Equity	s'
	(In millio	ons)							
Balance December 31, 2014 Comprehensive income	637	\$5,115	\$15,701	\$(1,241	)	\$55		\$19,630	
Net earnings			1,131			(2	)		
Other comprehensive income (loss)				(621	)	(1	)		
Total comprehensive income								507	
Cash dividends paid- \$0.84 per share			(520	)				(520	)
Treasury stock purchases Stock compensation expense	(37 ) e 1	(1,788 ) 64						(1,788 64	)
Other	_	21	1	_		(37	)	(15	)
Balance September 30, 2015	5 601	\$3,412	\$16,313	\$(1,862	)	\$15		\$17,878	

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the quarter and nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Company consolidates all entities, including variable interest entities (VIEs), in which it has a controlling financial interest. For VIEs, the Company assesses whether it is the primary beneficiary as defined under the applicable accounting standard. Investments in affiliates, including VIEs through which the Company exercises significant influence but does not control the investee and is not the primary beneficiary of the investee's activities, are carried at cost plus equity in undistributed earnings since acquisition and are adjusted, where appropriate, for basis differences between the investment balance and the underlying net assets of the investee. The Company's portion of the results of certain affiliates and results of certain VIEs are included using the most recent available financial statements. In each case, the financial statements are within 93 days of the Company's reporting date and are consistent from period to period.

#### Reclassifications

Effective January 1, 2015, the Company formed a fourth reportable business segment, Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients. Results of Wild Flavors Gmbh (Wild Flavors) and Specialty Commodities, Inc. (SCI), which were acquired during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, are reported in this segment in addition to results of certain product lines previously reported in the Oilseeds Processing, Corn Processing, and Agricultural Services business segments. Throughout this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, prior period results of the product lines previously reported in the other reportable business segments have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Effective April 1, 2015, the Company early adopted the amended guidance of ASC Subtopic 835-30, Interest - Imputation of Interest, which addresses the balance sheet presentation requirements for debt issuance costs and debt discounts and premiums (see Note 2 for more information).

#### Last-in, First-out (LIFO) Inventories

Interim period LIFO calculations are based on interim period costs and management's estimates of year-end inventory levels. Because the availability and price of agricultural commodity-based LIFO inventories are unpredictable due to factors such as weather, government farm programs and policies, and changes in global demand, quantities of LIFO-based inventories at interim periods may vary significantly from management's estimates of year-end inventory

#### Note 2. New Accounting Standards

Effective April 1, 2015, the Company early adopted the amended guidance of ASC Subtopic 835-30, Interest - Imputation of Interest, which addresses the balance sheet presentation requirements for debt issuance costs and debt discounts and premiums. The amended guidance aligns more closely with International Financial Reporting Standards which require that transaction costs be deducted from the carrying value of the financial liability and not recorded as separate assets. The Company reclassified \$30 million of debt issuance costs from other assets to long-term debt in its December 31, 2014 consolidated balance sheet to conform to the current presentation. At September 30, 2015, the long-term debt balance is net of \$29 million of debt issuance costs.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 3. Pending Accounting Standards

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company will be required to adopt the amended guidance of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation, which seeks to resolve the diversity in practice that exists when accounting for share-based payments. The amended guidance requires a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period to be treated as a performance condition. The Company will be required to adopt the amended guidance either prospectively to all awards granted or modified after the effective date or retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. The Company does not expect the adoption of this amended guidance to impact financial results.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company will be required to adopt the amended guidance of ASC Topic 810, Consolidation (Topic 810), which seeks to improve targeted areas of the consolidation guidance for legal entities such as limited partnerships, limited liability corporations, and securitization structures. The amended guidance changes the analysis that a reporting entity must perform to determine whether it should consolidate certain types of legal entities. The changes include, among others, modification of the evaluation whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities or voting interest entities and elimination of the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. The Company will be required to adopt the amended guidance either on a full retrospective basis to each prior reporting period presented or on a modified retrospective basis with the cumulative effect of initially applying the new guidance recognized at the date of initial application. The Company does not expect the adoption of this amended guidance to have an impact on financial results.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company will be required to adopt the amended guidance of ASC Subtopic 225-20, Income Statement - Extraordinary and Unusual Items, which eliminates the concept of extraordinary items from Generally Accounting Principles in the U.S. The amended guidance aligns more closely with International Accounting Standards 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, which prohibits the presentation and disclosure of extraordinary items. The Company does not expect the adoption of this amended guidance to impact financial results.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Company will be required to adopt the amended guidance of ASC Topic 330, Inventory, which simplifies the measurement of inventory. The amended guidance requires an entity to measure its cost-based inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value, where net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Subsequent measurement is unchanged for inventory measured using the last-in, first-out method or the retail inventory method. The Company does not expect the adoption of the amended guidance to have a significant impact on financial results.

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company will be required to adopt the new guidance of ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which will supersede the revenue recognition requirements in ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition. Topic 606 requires the Company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new guidance requires the Company to apply the following steps: (1) identify the contract with a customer; (2) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (3) determine the transaction price; (4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (5) recognize revenue when, or as, the Company satisfies a performance obligation. The Company will be required to adopt Topic 606 either on a full retrospective basis to each prior reporting period presented or on a modified retrospective basis

with the cumulative effect of initially applying the new guidance recognized at the date of initial application. If the Company elects the modified retrospective approach, it will be required to provide additional disclosures of the amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period, as compared to the guidance that was in effect before the change, and an explanation of the reasons for significant changes. The Company has not yet completed its assessment of the impact of the new guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Note 4. Acquisitions

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company acquired AOR N.V. and the remaining interest in North Star Shipping and Minmetal for a total cost of \$90 million in cash and recorded a preliminary allocation of the purchase price related to these acquisitions. The purchase price for these acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of \$83 million plus the acquisition-date fair value of the equity interest the Company previously held in North Star Shipping and Minmetal of \$63 million were preliminarily allocated to working capital, property, plant, and equipment, goodwill, other intangible assets, long-term debt, and other long-term liabilities for \$(9) million, \$67 million, \$2 million, \$123 million, \$17 million, and \$20 million, respectively. The AOR N.V. acquisition allows the Company to expand its edible oils product offerings and customer base in Europe, offering entry into the continental European retail and foodservice markets and an enhanced ability to export value-added products internationally. The North Star Shipping and Minmetal acquisition includes port facilities in Romania which enhances the Company's European origination and transportation network allowing the Company to reach more customers around the globe. A pre-tax gain of \$27 million was recognized in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 representing the difference between carrying value and the acquisition-date fair value of the equity interest previously held in North Star Shipping and Minmetal.

#### Note 5. Fair Value Measurements

The following tables set forth, by level, the Company's assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Fair Y	Value	Measurements	at Sentember	30	2015
1 an	v anuc	Micasurcincins	at ochtember	. ///.	(// 1./

	Tan value weasurem	ents at septembe	1 50, 2015	
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (In millions)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:				
Inventories carried at market	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,952	\$930	\$3,882
Unrealized derivative gains:				
Commodity contracts	_	580	202	782
Foreign exchange contracts	1	102	_	103
Interest rate contracts	_	30		30
Cash equivalents	28	_		28
Marketable securities	810	39		849
Segregated investments	1,834	_		1,834
Deferred receivables consideration	_	1,067		1,067
Total Assets	\$2,673	\$4,770	\$1,132	\$8,575
Liabilities:				
Unrealized derivative losses:				
Commodity contracts	<b>\$</b> —	\$391	\$154	\$545

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Foreign exchange contracts	_	314	_	314
Inventory-related payables	_	509	34	543
Total Liabilities	\$	\$1,214	\$188	\$1,402

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (In millions)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:				
Inventories carried at market	<b>\$</b> —	\$3,208	\$1,491	\$4,699
Unrealized derivative gains:				
Commodity contracts	_	487	203	690
Foreign exchange contracts	_	186		186
Interest rate contracts	_	21		21
Cash equivalents	491		_	491
Marketable securities	860	80		940
Segregated investments	2,158			2,158
Deferred receivables consideration	_	511		511
Total Assets	\$3,509	\$4,493	\$1,694	\$9,696
Liabilities:				
Unrealized derivative losses:				
Commodity contracts	\$—	\$564	\$212	\$776
Foreign exchange contracts		150		150
Inventory-related payables		612	40	652
Total Liabilities	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,326	\$252	\$1,578

Estimated fair values for inventories carried at market are based on exchange-quoted prices, adjusted for differences in local markets, broker or dealer quotations or market transactions in either listed or over-the-counter (OTC) markets. Market valuations for the Company's inventories are adjusted for location and quality because the exchange-quoted prices represent contracts that have standardized terms for commodity, quantity, future delivery period, delivery location, and commodity quality or grade. When unobservable inputs have a significant impact on the measurement of fair value, the inventory is classified as Level 3. Changes in the fair value of inventories are recognized in the consolidated statements of earnings as a component of cost of products sold. If management used different methods or factors to estimate market value, amounts reported as inventories and cost of products sold could differ materially. Additionally, as market conditions change subsequent to the reporting period, amounts reported in future periods as inventories and cost of products sold are expected to change.

In evaluating the significance of fair value inputs, the Company generally classifies assets or liabilities as Level 3 when their fair value is determined using unobservable inputs that individually or when aggregated with other unobservable inputs, represent more than 10% of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Derivative contracts include exchange-traded commodity futures and options contracts, forward commodity purchase and sale contracts, and OTC instruments related primarily to agricultural commodities, energy, interest rates, and foreign currencies. Exchange-traded futures and options contracts are valued based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and are classified in Level 1. The majority of the Company's exchange-traded futures and options contracts are cash-settled on a daily basis and, therefore, are not included in the fair value tables. Fair value for forward commodity purchase and sale contracts is estimated based on exchange-quoted prices adjusted for differences in local markets. These differences are generally determined using inputs from broker or dealer quotations or market transactions in either the listed or OTC markets. When observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the contract, it is classified in Level 2. When unobservable inputs have a significant impact on the measurement of fair value, the contract is classified in Level 3. The Company generally assesses the reasonableness of unobservable inputs through the best information available including comparable internal purchase and sale contracts entered into near the period end. Except for certain derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, changes in the fair value of commodity-related derivatives are recognized in the consolidated statements of earnings as a component of cost of products sold. Changes in the fair value of foreign currency-related derivatives are recognized in the consolidated statements of earnings as a component of revenues, cost of products sold, and other (income) expense – net. The effective portions of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are recognized in the consolidated balance sheets as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) until the hedged items are recorded in earnings or it is probable the hedged transaction will no longer occur.

The Company's cash equivalents are comprised of money market funds valued using quoted market prices and are classified as Level 1.

The Company's marketable securities are comprised of equity investments, U.S. Treasury securities, corporate debt securities, and other debt securities. Publicly traded equity investments, U.S. Treasury securities, and certain other debt securities are valued using quoted market prices and are classified in Level 1. Corporate debt and certain other debt securities are valued using third-party pricing services and substantially all are classified in Level 2. Unrealized changes in the fair value of available-for-sale marketable securities are recognized in the consolidated balance sheets as a component of AOCI unless a decline in value is deemed to be other-than-temporary at which point the decline is recorded in earnings.

The Company's segregated investments are comprised of U.S. Treasury securities. U.S. Treasury securities are valued using quoted market prices and are classified in Level 1.

The Company has deferred consideration under its accounts receivable securitization programs (the "Programs") which represents notes receivable from the purchasers under the Programs (see Note 17). This amount is reflected in other current assets on the consolidated balance sheet (see Note 8). The Company carries the deferred consideration at fair value determined by calculating the expected amount of cash to be received. The fair value is principally based on observable inputs (a Level 2 measurement) consisting mainly of the face amount of the receivables adjusted for anticipated credit losses and discounted at the appropriate market rate. Payment of deferred consideration is not subject to significant risks other than delinquencies and credit losses on accounts receivable transferred under the Programs which have historically been insignificant.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Ending balance, September 30, 2015

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents a reconciliation of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Level 3 Fair Value Asset Measurements at September 30, 2015 Commodity **Inventories** Derivative Carried at Total Contracts Market Assets Gains (In millions) \$1,026 \$154 Balance, June 30, 2015 \$1,180 Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized gains (106)) 74 (32 ) included in cost of products sold\* **Purchases** 2,652 2,652 Sales (2,695)) — (2,695)Settlements ) (45 (45 Transfers into Level 3 169 43 212 Transfers out of Level 3 ) (24 ) (140 (116)

The following table presents a reconciliation of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended September 30, 2015.

\$930

Level 3 Fair Value Liability Measurements at September 30, 2015

\$202

\$1,132

	Inventory- related Payables (In millions)	Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses	Total Liabilities	
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$13	\$363	\$376	
Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized losses included in cost of products sold*	18	(8	) 10	
Purchases	3	_	3	
Sales		_		
Settlements	_	(219	) (219	)
Transfers into Level 3	_	26	26	
Transfers out of Level 3	_	(8	) (8	)
Ending balance, September 30, 2015	\$34	\$154	\$188	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized gains of \$62 million relating to Level 3 assets still held at September 30, 2015.

\* Includes increase in unrealized losses of \$12 million relating to Level 3 liabilities still held at September 30, 2015.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Ending balance, September 30, 2014

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents a reconciliation of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended September 30, 2014.

Level 3 Fair Value Asset Measurements at September 30, 2014 Commodity **Inventories** Derivative Carried at Total Contracts Market Assets Gains (In millions) Balance, June 30, 2014 \$1,139 \$239 \$1,378 Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized gains (33)252 ) 285 included in cost of products sold\* **Purchases** 2,526 2,526 Sales (2,352)) — (2,352)Settlements ) (166 (166)Transfers into Level 3 266 207 473 Transfers out of Level 3 ) (37 (24 ) (13

The following table presents a reconciliation of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended September 30, 2014.

\$1,522

Level 3 Fair Value Liability Measurements at September 30, 2014

\$552

\$2,074

	Inventory- related Payables (In millions)	Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses	Total Liabilities	
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$19	\$162	\$181	
Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized losses included in cost of products sold*	_	110	110	
Purchases	12	_	12	
Sales	(11	) —	(11	)
Settlements		(130	) (130	)
Transfers into Level 3	_	127	127	
Transfers out of Level 3	_	(8	) (8	)
Ending balance, September 30, 2014	\$20	\$261	\$281	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized gains of \$145 million relating to Level 3 assets still held at September 30, 2014.

\* Includes increase in unrealized losses of \$111 million relating to Level 3 liabilities still held at September 30, 2014.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents a reconciliation of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Level 3 Fair Value Asset Measurements at September 30, 2015

	Inventories Carried at Market (In millions)	Commodity Derivative Contracts Gains	Total Assets	
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$1,491	\$203	\$1,694	
Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized gains included in cost of products sold*	(423	) 183	(240	)
Purchases	8,319	_	8,319	
Sales	(8,388	) —	(8,388	)
Settlements		(306	) (306	)
Transfers into Level 3	169	156	325	
Transfers out of Level 3	(238	) (34	) (272	)
Ending balance, September 30, 2015	\$930	\$202	\$1,132	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized gains of \$267 million relating to Level 3 assets still held at September 30, 2015.

The following table presents a reconciliation of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Level 3 Fair Value Liability Measurements at September 30, 2015

September 50, 2				
Inventory- related Payables (In millions)	Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses		Total Liabilities	
\$40	\$212		\$252	
8	271		279	
15	_		15	
(29	) —		(29	)
_	(468	)	(468	)
_	161		161	
_	(22	)	(22	)
\$34	\$154		\$188	
	Inventory- related Payables (In millions) \$40 8 15 (29 —	Derivative   Contracts   Losses	Commodity   Derivative   Contracts   Losses	Inventory-related Payables   Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses   Liabilities

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized losses of \$283 million relating to Level 3 liabilities still held at September 30, 2015.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table presents a reconciliation of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Level 3 Fair Value Asset Measurements at September 30, 2014

	Inventories Carried at Market (In millions)		Commodity Derivative Contracts Gains		Total Assets	
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$1,812		\$279		\$2,091	
Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized gains included in cost of products sold*	(208	)	507		299	
Purchases	10,474				10,474	
Sales	(10,711	)	_		(10,711	)
Settlements			(529	)	(529	)
Transfers into Level 3	266		328		594	
Transfers out of Level 3	(111	)	(33	)	(144	)
Ending balance, September 30, 2014	\$1,522		\$552		\$2,074	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized gains of \$516 million relating to Level 3 assets still held at September 30, 2014.

The following table presents a reconciliation of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

Level 3 Fair Value Liability Measurements at September 30, 2014

	Inventory- related Payables (In millions)	Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses	Total Liabilities	
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$34	\$261	\$295	
Total increase (decrease) in net realized/unrealized losses included in cost of products sold*	10	384	394	
Purchases	18	_	18	
Sales	(42	) —	(42	)
Settlements	_	(580	) (580	)
Transfers into Level 3	_	234	234	
Transfers out of Level 3	_	(38	) (38	)
Ending balance, September 30, 2014	\$20	\$261	\$281	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized losses of \$397 million relating to Level 3 liabilities still held at September 30, 2014.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 5. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

For all periods presented, the Company had no transfers between Level 1 and 2. Transfers into Level 3 of assets and liabilities previously classified in Level 2 were due to the relative value of unobservable inputs to the total fair value measurement of certain products and derivative contracts rising above the 10% threshold. Transfers out of Level 3 were primarily due to the relative value of unobservable inputs to the total fair value measurement of certain products and derivative contracts falling below the 10% threshold and thus permitting reclassification to Level 2.

In some cases, the price components that result in differences between the exchange-traded prices and the local prices are observable based upon available quotations for these pricing components, and in some cases, the differences are unobservable. These price components primarily include transportation costs and other adjustments required due to location, quality, or other contract terms. In the table below, these other adjustments are referred to as Basis. The changes in unobservable price components are determined by specific local supply and demand characteristics at each facility and the overall market. Factors such as substitute products, weather, fuel costs, contract terms, and futures prices also impact the movement of these unobservable price components, and are used by the Company to determine daily commodity pricing.

The following table sets forth the weighted average percentage of the unobservable price components included in the Company's Level 3 valuations as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The Company's Level 3 measurements may include Basis only, transportation cost only, or both price components. As an example, for Level 3 inventories with Basis, the unobservable component as of September 30, 2015 is a weighted average 21.2% of the total price for assets and 45.7% of the total price for liabilities.

	Weighted Average % of Total Price								
	Septembe	er 30	0, 2015		Decembe	r 31	, 2014		
Component Type	Assets		Liabilities	S	Assets		Liabilitie	S	
Inventories and Related Payables									
Basis	21.2	%	45.7	%	23.4	%	43.4	%	
Transportation cost	4.0	%	_	%	4.9	%	15.2	%	
Commodity Derivative Contracts									
Basis	12.5	%	17.5	%	13.5	%	13.6	%	
Transportation cost	9.9	%	26.3	%	10.2	%	19.5	%	

In certain of the Company's principal markets, the Company relies on price quotes from third parties to value its inventories and physical commodity purchase and sale contracts. These price quotes are generally not further adjusted by the Company in determining the applicable market price. In some cases, availability of third-party quotes is limited to only one or two independent sources. In these situations, the Company considers these price quotes as 100 percent unobservable and, therefore, the fair value of these items is reported in Level 3.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The majority of the Company's derivative instruments have not been designated as hedging instruments. The Company uses exchange-traded futures and exchange-traded and OTC options contracts to manage its net position of merchandisable agricultural commodity inventories and forward cash purchase and sales contracts to reduce price risk caused by market fluctuations in agricultural commodities and foreign currencies. The Company also uses exchange-traded futures and exchange-traded and OTC options contracts as components of merchandising strategies designed to enhance margins. The results of these strategies can be significantly impacted by factors such as the correlation between the value of exchange-traded commodities futures contracts and the value of the underlying commodities, counterparty contract defaults, and volatility of freight markets. Derivatives, including exchange-traded contracts and physical purchase or sale contracts, are stated at market value and inventories of certain merchandisable agricultural commodities, which include amounts acquired under deferred pricing contracts, are stated at market value. Inventory is not a derivative and therefore fair values of and changes in fair values of inventories are not included in the tables below.

The following table sets forth the fair value of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	September 30, 2015			2014	
	Assets (In millions)	Liabilities	Assets (In millions)	Liabilities	
FX Contracts	\$103	\$314	\$186	\$150	
Commodity Contracts	782	545	690	776	
Total	\$885	\$859	\$876	\$926	

The following tables set forth the pre-tax gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments that have been included in the consolidated statements of earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Three months ended September 2015 2014 (In millions)					
FX Contracts						
Revenues	\$18	\$5				
Cost of products sold	(200)	17				
Other income (expense) – net	59	(148)				
Commodity Contracts						
Cost of products sold	\$586	\$720				
Total gain (loss) recognized in earnings	\$463	\$594				

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (Continued)

	Nine months ended September 30,		
	2015	2014	
	(In millions	)	
FX Contracts			
Revenues	\$26	\$(3	)
Cost of products sold	(263	) 105	
Other income (expense) – net	67	(172	)
Commodity Contracts			
Cost of products sold	\$573	\$213	
Total gain (loss) recognized in earnings	\$403	\$143	

Inventories of certain merchandisable agricultural commodities, which include amounts acquired under deferred pricing contracts, are stated at market value. Changes in the market value of inventories of certain merchandisable agricultural commodities, forward cash purchase and sales contracts, exchange-traded futures and exchange-traded and OTC options contracts are recognized in earnings immediately.

Derivatives Designated as Cash Flow or Fair Value Hedging Strategies

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has certain derivatives designated as cash flow and fair value hedges.

The Company uses interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges to protect the fair value of fixed-rate debt due to changes in interest rates. The changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps and the underlying fixed-rate debt are recorded in other (income) expense - net. The terms of the interest rate swaps match the terms of the underlying debt resulting in no ineffectiveness. At September 30, 2015, the Company has \$30 million in other current assets representing the fair value of the interest rate swaps and a corresponding increase in the underlying debt for the same amount with no impact to earnings.

For each of the commodity hedge programs described below, the derivatives are designated as cash flow hedges. Assuming normal market conditions, the changes in the market value of such derivative contracts have historically been, and are expected to continue to be, highly effective at offsetting changes in price movements of the hedged item. Once the hedged item is recognized in earnings, the gains/losses arising from the hedge are reclassified from AOCI to either revenues or cost of products sold, as applicable. As of September 30, 2015, the Company has \$3 million of after-tax gains in AOCI related to gains and losses from commodity cash flow hedge transactions. The Company expects to recognize \$1 million of these after-tax gains in its consolidated statement of earnings during the next 12 months.

The Company, from time to time, uses futures or options contracts to fix the purchase price of anticipated volumes of corn to be purchased and processed in a future month. The objective of this hedging program is to reduce the variability of cash flows associated with the Company's forecasted purchases of corn. The Company's corn processing plants currently grind approximately 76 million bushels of corn per month. During the past 12 months, the Company hedged between 17% and 69% of its monthly anticipated grind. At September 30, 2015, the Company has designated hedges representing between 10% and 66% of its anticipated monthly grind of corn for the next 12 months.

The Company, from time to time, also uses futures, options, and swaps to fix the sales price of certain ethanol sales contracts. The Company has established hedging programs for ethanol sales contracts that are indexed to unleaded gasoline prices and to various exchange-traded ethanol contracts. The objective of these hedging programs is to reduce the variability of cash flows associated with the Company's sales of ethanol. During the past 12 months, the Company hedged between 6 million and 105 million gallons of ethanol sales per month under these programs. For the next 12 months, the Company has designated hedges representing between 0 and 93 million gallons of ethanol sales per month.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (Continued)

The following table sets forth the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	September 3	December 31, 2014		
	Assets	Assets Liabilities		Liabilities
Interest Contracts	(In millions	)	(In millions	)
	\$30	<b>\$</b> —	\$21	<b>\$</b> —
Total	\$30	<b>\$</b> —	\$21	<b>\$</b> —

The following tables set forth the pre-tax gains (losses) on derivatives designated as hedging instruments that have been included in the consolidated statements of earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Consolidated Statement of Earnings Locations	Three months e September 30, 2015 (In millions)	ended 2014	
Effective amounts recognized in earnings		4.5	<b>.</b>	
FX Contracts	Other income/expense – net	\$6	\$2	
Interest Contracts	Interest expense		1	
Commodity Contracts	Revenues	4	(1	)
	Cost of products sold	2	(110	)
Ineffective amount recognized in earnings				
Commodity Contracts	Revenues	(1)	(4	)
	Cost of products sold	1	(12	)
Total amount recognized in earnings		\$12	\$(124	)
	Consolidated Statement of Earnings Locations	Nine months en September 30, 2015 (In millions)	nded 2014	
Effective amounts recognized in earnings	Earnings Locations	September 30, 2015 (In millions)	2014	
FX Contracts	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net	September 30, 2015		
	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net Interest expense	September 30, 2015 (In millions) \$28	2014	
FX Contracts	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net	September 30, 2015 (In millions)	2014 \$2	)
FX Contracts Interest Contracts	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net Interest expense	September 30, 2015 (In millions) \$28	2014 \$2 1	)
FX Contracts Interest Contracts	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net Interest expense Revenues	September 30, 2015 (In millions)  \$28 49	2014 \$2 1 (86	)
FX Contracts Interest Contracts Commodity Contracts	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net Interest expense Revenues	September 30, 2015 (In millions)  \$28 49	2014 \$2 1 (86	) )
FX Contracts Interest Contracts Commodity Contracts Ineffective amount recognized in earnings	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net Interest expense Revenues Cost of products sold	September 30, 2015 (In millions) \$28 — 49 (16	2014 \$2 1 (86 (103	) )
FX Contracts Interest Contracts Commodity Contracts Ineffective amount recognized in earnings	Earnings Locations  Other income/expense – net Interest expense Revenues Cost of products sold  Revenues	September 30, 2015 (In millions) \$28 — 49 (16 )	2014 \$2 1 (86 (103 (28	) )

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (Continued)

Hedge ineffectiveness for commodity contracts results when the change in the price of the underlying commodity in a specific cash market differs from the change in the price of the derivative financial instrument used to establish the hedging relationship. As an example, if the change in the price of a corn futures contract is strongly correlated to the change in cash price paid for corn, the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is deferred and recognized at the time the corn purchase affects earnings. If the change in price of the derivative does not strongly correlate to the change in the cash price of corn, in the same example, some portion or all of the derivative gains or losses may be required to be recognized in earnings prior to the corn purchase.

#### Net Investment Hedging Strategies

On June 24, 2015, the Company issued €500 million aggregate principal amount of Floating Rate Notes and €600 million aggregate principal amount of 1.75% Notes (collectively, the "Notes") (see Note 10 for more information about the Notes). The Company has designated €1.1 billion of the Notes as a hedge of its net investment in a foreign subsidiary. As of September 30, 2015, the Company has \$1 million of losses in AOCI related to gains and losses from the net investment hedge transaction. The amount is deferred in AOCI until the underlying investment is divested.

The following tables set forth the changes in AOCI related to derivatives gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	THICE HIGHL	iis eiided	
	September 3	30,	
	2015	2014	
	(In millions	)	
Balance at June 30, 2015 and 2014	\$41	\$(12	)
Unrealized gains (losses)	(34	) (49	)
Losses (gains) reclassified to earnings	(12	) 108	
Tax effect	13	(23	)
Balance at September 30, 2015 and 2014	\$8	\$24	
	Nine month	s ended	
	September 3	30,	
	2015	2014	
	(In millions	)	
Balance at December 31, 2014 and 2013	\$47	\$5	
Unrealized gains (losses)	(3	) (154	)
Losses (gains) reclassified to earnings	(61	) 186	
Tax effect	25	(13	)
Balance at September 30, 2015 and 2014	\$8	\$24	

Three months ended

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 7. Marketable Securities

	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	(In millions)			
September 30, 2015				
United States government obligations				
Maturity less than 1 year	\$365	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$365
Maturity 1 to 5 years	108	1	_	109
Corporate debt securities				
Maturity 1 to 5 years	26			26
Other debt securities				
Maturity less than 1 year	52		_	52
Maturity 1 to 5 years	3		_	3
Equity securities				
Available-for-sale	283	19	(4	) 298
	\$837	\$20	\$(4	\$853
	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	Cost (In millions)			
December 31, 2014				
December 31, 2014 United States government obligations				
United States government obligations	(In millions)	Gains		Value
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year	(In millions)	Gains		Value \$385
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years	(In millions)	Gains		Value \$385
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years Corporate debt securities	(In millions) \$385 93	Gains		Value \$385 93
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years Corporate debt securities Maturity 1 to 5 years	(In millions) \$385 93	Gains		Value \$385 93
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years Corporate debt securities Maturity 1 to 5 years Other debt securities	(In millions) \$385 93 72	Gains		\$385 93
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years Corporate debt securities Maturity 1 to 5 years Other debt securities Maturity less than 1 year	(In millions) \$385 93 72 130	Gains		\$385 93 72
United States government obligations Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years Corporate debt securities Maturity 1 to 5 years Other debt securities Maturity less than 1 year Maturity 1 to 5 years	(In millions) \$385 93 72 130	Gains		\$385 93 72

The \$4 million in unrealized losses at September 30, 2015 is related to the Company's investment in one available-for-sale equity security that has been in an unrealized loss position for 12 months or longer with a fair value of \$2 million. The Company evaluated the near-term prospects of the issuers in relation to the severity and duration of the impairment. Based on that evaluation and the Company's ability and intent to hold these investments for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a forecasted recovery of fair value, the Company does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2015.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Note 8. Other Current Assets

The following table sets forth the items in other current assets:

	September 30, 2015 (In millions)	December 31, 2014		
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	\$915	\$897		
Deferred receivables consideration	1,067	511		
Customer omnibus receivable	1,136	1,532		
Financing receivables - net (1)	471	402		
Other current assets	2,594	2,714		
	\$6,183	\$6,056		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> The Company provides financing to certain suppliers, primarily Brazilian farmers, to finance a portion of the suppliers' production costs. The amounts are reported net of allowances of \$8 million and \$11 million at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Interest earned on financing receivables of \$5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and \$17 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is included in interest income in the consolidated statements of earnings.

## Note 9. Accrued Expenses and Other Payables

The following table sets forth the items in accrued expenses and other payables:

	September 30, 2015 (In millions)	December 31, 2014
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts Accrued expenses and other payables	\$859 3,268 \$4,127	\$926 4,114 \$5,040

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 10. Debt and Financing Arrangements

On June 24, 2015, the Company issued €500 million aggregate principal amount of Floating Rate Notes due in 2019 and €600 million aggregate principal amount of 1.75% Notes due in 2023. Proceeds before expenses were €499 million and €594 million from the Floating Rate Notes and the 1.75% Notes, respectively. At September 30, 2015, the Company designated €1.1 billion of the Notes as a hedge of its net investment in a foreign subsidiary.

On July 1, 2015, the Company accepted for repurchase \$794 million aggregate principal amount of certain of its outstanding debentures (the "Debentures") validly tendered and not withdrawn. Pursuant to the terms of its previously announced cash tender offers, the Company paid aggregate total consideration of \$961 million for the Debentures accepted for repurchase. In September 2015, the Company redeemed \$141 million of its 5.45% outstanding debentures for \$156 million. The cash tender offers and the debt redemption were financed by the Euro-denominated debt issued on June 24, 2015. The Company recognized a debt extinguishment charge of \$189 million, including transaction expenses of \$7 million, in the quarter ended September 30, 2015 pertaining to these transactions.

The debt issuance and the debt repurchase transactions discussed above resulted in a net increase in long-term debt of \$0.3 billion.

At September 30, 2015, the fair value of the Company's long-term debt exceeded the carrying value by \$1.0 billion, as estimated using quoted market prices (a Level 2 measurement under applicable accounting standards).

At September 30, 2015, the Company had lines of credit totaling \$5.7 billion, of which \$4.8 billion was unused. Of the Company's total lines of credit, \$4.0 billion supports a commercial paper borrowing facility, against which there was \$0.9 billion of commercial paper outstanding at September 30, 2015.

The Company has accounts receivable securitization programs (the "Programs"). The Programs provide the Company with up to \$1.6 billion in funding resulting from the sale of accounts receivable. As of September 30, 2015, the Company utilized \$1.1 billion of its facility under the Programs (see Note 17 for more information on the Programs).

#### Note 11. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was 31.1% and 28.7%, respectively, compared to 27.6% and 27.5% for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. The increase in effective tax rate for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2015 is due primarily to the unfavorable impact of changes in discrete items, mainly the finalization of certain annual tax returns, and changes in the forecasted geographic mix of pretax earnings.

The Company is subject to routine examination by domestic and foreign tax authorities and frequently faces challenges regarding the amount of taxes due. These challenges include positions taken by the Company related to the timing, nature and amount of deductions and the allocation of income among various tax jurisdictions. Resolution of the related tax positions, through negotiation with relevant tax authorities or through litigation, may take years to complete. Therefore, it is difficult to predict the timing for resolution of tax positions. In its routine evaluations of the exposure associated with various tax filing positions, the Company recognizes a liability, when necessary, for estimated potential additional tax owed by the Company in accordance with the applicable accounting standard. However, the Company cannot predict or provide assurance as to the ultimate outcome of these ongoing or

future examinations.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, ADM do Brasil Ltda. (ADM do Brasil), has received three separate tax assessments from the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service (BFRS) challenging the tax deductibility of commodity hedging losses and related expenses for the tax years 2004, 2006, and 2007. As of September 30, 2015, these assessments, updated for estimated penalties, interest, and variation in currency exchange rates, totaled approximately \$347 million. ADM do Brasil's tax return for 2005 was also audited and no assessment was received. The statutes of limitation for 2005 and 2008 have expired. If the BFRS were to challenge commodity hedging deductions in tax years after 2008, the Company estimates it could receive additional tax assessments of approximately \$40 million (based on currency exchange rates as of September 30, 2015).

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Note 11. Income Taxes (Continued)

ADM do Brasil enters into commodity hedging transactions that can result in gains, which are included in ADM do Brasil's calculation of taxable income in Brazil, and losses, which ADM do Brasil deducts from its taxable income in Brazil. The Company has evaluated its tax position regarding these hedging transactions and concluded, based upon advice from Brazilian legal counsel, that it was appropriate to recognize both gains and losses resulting from hedging transactions when determining its Brazilian income tax expense. Therefore, the Company has continued to recognize the tax benefit from hedging losses in its financial statements and has not recorded any tax liability for the amounts assessed by the BFRS.

ADM do Brasil filed an administrative appeal for each of the assessments. The appeal panel found in favor of the BFRS on these assessments and ADM do Brasil filed a second level administrative appeal. The second administrative appeal panel continues to conduct customary procedural activities, including ongoing dialogue with the BFRS auditor. If ADM do Brasil continues to be unsuccessful in the administrative appellate process, the Company intends to file appeals in the Brazilian federal courts. While the Company believes its consolidated financial statements properly reflect the tax deductibility of these hedging losses, the ultimate resolution of this matter could result in the future recognition of additional payments of, and expense for, income tax and the associated interest and penalties.

The Company intends to vigorously defend its position against the current assessments and any similar assessments that may be issued for years subsequent to 2008.

The Company's subsidiaries in Argentina have received tax assessments challenging transfer prices used to price grain exports totaling \$91 million (inclusive of interest and adjusted for variation in currency exchange rates) for the tax years 2004 through 2007. The Argentine tax authorities have been conducting a review of income and other taxes paid by large exporters and processors of cereals and other agricultural commodities resulting in allegations of income tax evasion. While the Company believes that it has complied with all Argentine tax laws, it cannot rule out receiving additional assessments challenging transfer prices used to price grain exports for years subsequent to 2007, and estimates that these potential assessments would be approximately \$286 million for the remaining open years (as of September 30, 2015 and subject to variation in currency exchange rates). The Company believes that it has appropriately evaluated the transactions underlying these assessments, and has concluded, based on Argentine tax law, that its tax position would be sustained, and accordingly, has not recorded a tax liability for these assessments. The Company intends to vigorously defend its position against the current assessments and any similar assessments that may be issued for years subsequent to 2007.

In accordance with the accounting requirements for uncertain tax positions, the Company has not recorded an uncertain tax liability for these assessments because it has concluded that it is more likely than not to prevail on the Brazil and Argentina matters based upon their technical merits and because the taxing jurisdictions' processes do not provide a mechanism for settling at less than the full amount of the assessment. The Company's consideration of these tax assessments requires judgments about the application of income tax regulations to specific facts and circumstances. The final outcome of these matters cannot reliably be predicted, may take many years to resolve, and could result in financial impacts of up to the entire amount of these assessments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 12. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI)

The following tables set forth the changes in AOCI by component for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and the reclassifications out of AOCI for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

(In millions)	Three months Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	s e	nded Septe Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin Activities	s) ng	Pension Liability Adjustment		Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	Total	
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$(1,152	)	\$41		\$(611	)	\$17	\$(1,705	)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(146	)	(34	)	5		20	(155	)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	(29	)	(12	)	30			(11	)
Tax effect	3		13		(8	)	1	9	
Net current period other comprehensive income	(172	)	(33	)	27		21	(157	)
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$(1,324	)	\$8		\$(584	)	\$38	\$(1,862	)
	Nine menths	an	dad Santar	n <b>h</b> ,	er 30, 2015				
(In millions)	Nine months Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin Activities	s) ng	Pension Liability Adjustment		Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	Total	
Balance at December 31, 2014	Foreign Currency Translation		Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin	s) ng	Pension Liability	)	Gain (Loss) on	Total \$(1,241	)
	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	)	Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin Activities	ss) ng	Pension Liability Adjustment	)	Gain (Loss) on Investments		)
Balance at December 31, 2014 Other comprehensive income before	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment \$(654	)	Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin Activities \$47	ss) ng	Pension Liability Adjustment \$(630	)	Gain (Loss) on Investments \$(4	\$(1,241	) )
Balance at December 31, 2014 Other comprehensive income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from AOCI Tax effect	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment \$(654) (670)	)	Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin Activities \$47	ss) ng	Pension Liability Adjustment \$(630	)	Gain (Loss) on Investments \$(4	\$(1,241 (616	) )
Balance at December 31, 2014 Other comprehensive income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from AOCI	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment \$(654) (670)	)	Deferred Gain (Los on Hedgin Activities \$47 (3 (61	ss) ng	Pension Liability Adjustment \$(630 14	)	Gain (Loss) on Investments \$(4 43	\$(1,241 (616 (31	) )

The nine-month period change in foreign currency translation adjustment is primarily due to U.S. dollar appreciation, mainly impacting the Euro-denominated equity of the Company's foreign subsidiaries.

## Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 12. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (AOCI) (Continued)

			classified ths ended		om AOCI Nine mo	ntl	ns ended		
Details about AOCI components	Sep 30 2015		Sep 30 2014		Sep 30 2015		Sep 30 2014		Affected line item in the consolidated statement of earnings
Deferred loss (gain) on hedging activities	(In millio	ons	s)						<i>9</i> .
activities	\$(4 (2 — (6 (12 5 \$(7	)	\$1 110 (1 (2 108 (40 \$68	)	\$(49 15 — (27 (61 23 \$(38	)	\$86 103 (1 (2 186 (69 \$117	)	Revenues Cost of products sold Interest expense Other income/expense Total before tax Tax Net of tax
Pension liability adjustment Amortization of defined benefit pension items: Prior service credit Actuarial losses	\$(4 19	)	\$(3 9	)	\$(17 61	)	\$(11 27	)	
Settlement charges	15 30 (7 \$23	)	- 6 (2 \$4	)	15 59 (24 \$35	)		)	Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring charges Total before tax Tax Net of tax
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$(29 — \$(29	)	\$— — \$—		\$(29 — \$(29	)	\$— — \$—		Other income/expense Tax Net of tax

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 13. Other (Income) Expense - Net

The following tables set forth the items in other (income) expense:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ex September 30,	nded
	2015 (In millions)	2014	2015	2014
Gain on sale/revaluation of assets	\$(35	\$(163	) \$(139 )	\$(197)
Loss on debt extinguishment	189		189	
Loss on foreign exchange hedges	_	102		102
Other – net	(3	5	2	19
Other (Income) Expense - Net	\$151	\$(56	) \$52	\$(76)

Gain on sale of assets for the three months ended September 30, 2015 includes a \$32 million gain on the sale of the global chocolate business, net of transaction expenses. Gain on sale/revaluation of assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 includes the gain on the sale of the global chocolate business of \$32 million, gain on the revaluation of the Company's previously held investments in North Star Shipping and Minmetal in conjunction with the acquisition of the remaining interest of \$27 million, gain on sale of a 50% interest in the Barcarena export terminal facility in Brazil to Glencore plc of \$68 million, and gain on the sale of the lactic business of \$6 million. Gain on sale of assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 includes a gain of \$156 million upon the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture, resulting from the contribution of additional assets by another member in exchange for new equity units.

Loss on debt extinguishment, including transaction expenses of \$7 million, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was related to the cash tender offers and redemption of certain of the Company's outstanding debentures.

The loss on foreign exchange hedges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was due to losses on Euro foreign currency derivative contracts entered into to economically hedge the Wild Flavors acquisition.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

### Note 14. Segment Information

The Company is principally engaged in procuring, transporting, storing, processing, and merchandising agricultural commodities and products. The Company's operations are organized, managed and classified into four reportable business segments: Agricultural Services, Corn Processing, Oilseeds Processing, and Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients. Each of these segments is organized based upon the nature of products and services offered. The Company's remaining operations are not reportable segments, as defined by the applicable accounting standard, and are classified as Other.

Effective January 1, 2015, the Company formed a fourth reportable business segment, Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients. Results of Wild Flavors and SCI, which were acquired during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, are reported in this segment in addition to results of certain product lines previously reported in the Agricultural Services, Corn Processing, and Oilseeds Processing business segments. Prior period results of the product lines previously reported in the other reportable business segments have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

The Agricultural Services segment utilizes its extensive global grain elevator, global transportation network, and port operations to buy, store, clean, and transport agricultural commodities, such as oilseeds, corn, wheat, milo, oats, rice, and barley, and resells these commodities primarily as food and feed ingredients and as raw materials for the agricultural processing industry. Agricultural Services' grain sourcing, handling, and transportation network provides reliable and efficient services to the Company's customers and agricultural processing operations. Agricultural Services' transportation network capabilities include barge, ocean-going vessel, truck, and rail freight services. The Agricultural Services segment also includes the activities related to the processing of wheat into wheat flour. The Agricultural Services segment includes international merchandising and handling activities managed by the Company's global trade desk in Switzerland. The Agricultural Services segment also includes the Company's 32.2% share of the results of its Pacificor (formerly Kalama Export Company LLC) joint venture and returns associated with the Company's 19.8% investment in GrainCorp. In May 2015, the Company acquired the remaining ownership interest in North Star Shipping and Minmetal.

The Company's Corn Processing segment is engaged in corn wet milling and dry milling activities, with its asset base primarily located in the central part of the United States. The Corn Processing segment converts corn into sweeteners, starches, and bioproducts. Its products include ingredients used in the food and beverage industry including sweeteners, starch, syrup, glucose, and dextrose. Dextrose and starch are used by the Corn Processing segment as feedstocks for its bioproducts operations. By fermentation of dextrose, the Corn Processing segment produces alcohol, amino acids, and other food and animal feed ingredients. Ethyl alcohol is produced by the Company for industrial use as ethanol or as beverage grade. Ethanol, in gasoline, increases octane and is used as an extender and oxygenate. Bioproducts also include amino acids such as lysine and threonine that are vital compounds used in swine feeds to produce leaner animals and in poultry feeds to enhance the speed and efficiency of poultry production. Corn gluten feed and meal, as well as distillers' grains, are produced for use as animal feed ingredients. Corn germ, a by-product of the wet milling process, is further processed into vegetable oil and protein meal. The Corn Processing segment also includes activities related to the processing and distribution of formula feeds and animal health and nutrition products. Other Corn Processing products include citric acids and glycols, all of which are used in various food and industrial products. The Corn Processing segment also includes the activities of a propylene and ethylene glycol facility and the Company's Brazilian sugarcane ethanol plant and related operations. This segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investments in Almidones Mexicanos S.A., Eaststarch C.V., and Red Star Yeast Company

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LC. In May 2015, the Company sold its lactic acid business.	

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 14. Segment Information (Continued)

The Oilseeds Processing segment includes global activities related to the origination, merchandising, crushing, and further processing of oilseeds such as soybeans and soft seeds (cottonseed, sunflower seed, canola, rapeseed, and flaxseed) into vegetable oils and protein meals. Oilseeds products produced and marketed by the Company include ingredients for the food, feed, energy, and industrial products industries. Crude vegetable oils produced by the segment's crushing activities are sold "as is" or are further processed by refining, blending, bleaching, and deodorizing into salad oils. Salad oils are sold "as is" or are further processed by hydrogenating and/or interesterifying into margarine, shortening, and other food products. Partially refined oils are used to produce biodiesel or are sold to other manufacturers for use in chemicals, paints, and other industrial products. Oilseed protein meals are principally sold to third parties to be used as ingredients in commercial livestock and poultry feeds. In Europe and South America, the Oilseeds Processing segment includes origination and merchandising activities as adjuncts to its oilseeds processing assets. These activities include a network of grain elevators, port facilities, and transportation assets used to buy, store, clean, and transport grains and oilseeds. The Oilseeds Processing segment is a major supplier of peanuts and peanut-derived ingredients to both the U.S. and export markets. In North America, cottonseed flour is produced and sold primarily to the pharmaceutical industry and cotton cellulose pulp is manufactured and sold to the chemical, paper, and filter markets. The Oilseeds Processing segment also includes activities related to the procurement, transportation and processing of cocoa beans into cocoa liquor, cocoa butter, cocoa powder, and various compounds in North America, South America, Europe, Asia, and Africa for the food processing industry. The Oilseeds Processing segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investment in Wilmar International Limited (Wilmar) and its share of results for its Stratas Foods LLC and Edible Oils Limited joint ventures. In March 2015, the Company acquired additional shares in Wilmar increasing its ownership interest from 17.3% to 18.1%. Prior to December 2014 and July 2015, the Oilseeds Processing segment operated fertilizer blending facilities in South America and a global chocolate business, respectively. In December 2014 and July 2015, the Company completed the sale of its fertilizer blending business and its global chocolate business, respectively. In September 2015, the Company completed the purchase of AOR N.V.

The Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients segment engages in the manufacturing, sales, and distribution of specialty products including natural flavor ingredients, flavor systems, proteins, emulsifiers, soluble fiber, polyols, hydrocolloids, sorbitol, xanthan gum, natural health and nutrition products, and other specialty food and feed ingredients. The Company's Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients segment includes the activities of Wild Flavors and SCI, which were acquired during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. The Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients segment also includes the activities related to the procurement, processing, and distribution of edible beans.

Other includes the Company's remaining operations, primarily its financial business units, related to futures commission and insurance activities.

Intersegment sales have been recorded at amounts approximating market. Operating profit for each segment is based on net sales less identifiable operating expenses. Also included in segment operating profit is equity in earnings of affiliates based on the equity method of accounting. Certain Corporate items are not allocated to the Company's reportable business segments. Corporate results principally include the impact of LIFO-related adjustments, unallocated corporate expenses, interest cost net of investment income, and the Company's share of the results of an equity investment.

## Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 14. Segment Information (Continued)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(In millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Gross revenues	2010	2011	2010	201.
Agricultural Services	\$7,623	\$8,037	\$24,534	\$28,874
Corn Processing	2,529	3,056	7,609	9,295
Oilseeds Processing	7,795	8,328	22,930	26,242
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	593	268	1,887	825
Other	164	145	481	420
Intersegment elimination				(5,349
Total gross revenues	\$16,565	\$18,117	\$51,257	\$60,307
Total gross revenues	Ψ10,505	Ψ10,117	Ψ31,237	Ψ00,507
Intersegment sales				
Agricultural Services	\$1,020	\$994	\$2,881	\$2,890
Corn Processing	10	25	45	61
Oilseeds Processing	1,048	632	3,068	2,211
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	5	4	11	8
Other	56	62	179	179
Total intersegment sales	\$2,139	\$1,717	\$6,184	\$5,349
Revenues from external customers				
Agricultural Services				
Merchandising and Handling	\$5,697	\$6,056	\$18,798	\$23,049
Milling and Other	835	909	2,673	2,754
Transportation	71	78	182	181
Total Agricultural Services	6,603	7,043	21,653	25,984
Corn Processing				
Sweeteners and Starches	974	1,005	2,805	2,897
Bioproducts	1,545	2,026	4,759	6,337
Total Corn Processing	2,519	3,031	7,564	9,234
Oilseeds Processing	,	•	,	,
Crushing and Origination	4,222	4,632	12,214	14,615
Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other	1,762	2,096	5,228	6,488
Cocoa and Other	719	895	2,227	2,559
Asia	44	73	193	369
Total Oilseeds Processing	6,747	7,696	19,862	24,031
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	588	264	1,876	817
Total Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	588	264	1,876	817
Other - Financial	108	83	302	241
Total Other	108	83	302	241
Total revenues from external customers	\$16,565	\$18,117	\$51,257	\$60,307

## Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 14. Segment Information (Continued)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
(In millions)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Segment operating profit				
Agricultural Services	\$149	\$310	\$495	\$636
Corn Processing	131	348	448	872
Oilseeds Processing	335	317	1,148	894
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	70	65	242	198
Other	24	33	39	52
Total segment operating profit	709	1,073	2,372	2,652
Corporate	(342)	(40)	(789)	(518)
Earnings before income taxes	\$367	\$1,033	\$1,583	\$2,134
	September 30,	December 31,		
(In millions)	2015	2014		
Identifiable Assets				
Agricultural Services	\$8,603	\$10,250		
Corn Processing	6,135	6,384		
Oilseeds Processing	11,760	12,712		
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	3,348	3,468		
Other	7,888	7,910		
Corporate	3,143	3,273		
Total identifiable assets	\$40,877	\$43,997		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Note 15. Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale

On July 31, 2015, the Company completed the sale of its global chocolate business to Cargill, Inc. for \$431 million and recorded a gain on sale of \$32 million, net of transaction expenses, in the Oilseeds Processing segment in the quarter ended September 30, 2015. Prior to July 31, 2015, assets and liabilities of the global chocolate business subject to the purchase and sale agreement were classified as held for sale in the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

On December 15, 2014, the Company announced that it has reached an agreement to sell its global cocoa business to Olam International Limited for \$1.2 billion, subject to customary conditions. The transaction closed on October 16, 2015. Assets and liabilities of the global cocoa business subject to the purchase and sale agreement have been classified as held for sale in the Company's consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The continuing results of the global cocoa business, any adjustment to the asset value, and the final gain on disposal will be reported in the Oilseeds Processing segment.

The global chocolate and cocoa businesses do not comprise a major component of the Company's operations and therefore do not meet the criteria to be classified as discontinued operations at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 under the amended guidance of ASC Topics 205 and 360 which the Company early adopted on October 1, 2014. Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are required to be recorded at the lower of carrying value or fair value less any costs to sell. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the carrying value of the cocoa and chocolate assets were less than fair value less costs to sell, and accordingly, no adjustment to the asset value was necessary.

The major classes of assets and liabilities held for sale were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
	(In millions)	
Trade receivables	\$70	\$94
Inventories	609	742
Other current assets	87	83
Goodwill	38	63
Other intangible assets		28
Net property, plant, and equipment	187	374
Other assets	8	19
Current assets held for sale	\$999	\$1,403
Trade payables	\$107	\$114
Accrued expenses and other payables	66	110
Other liabilities	5	6
Current liabilities held for sale	\$178	\$230

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

Note 16. Asset Impairment, Exit, and Restructuring Costs

Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs recognized in the three months ended September 30, 2015 of \$65 million consisted of fixed asset impairments of \$33 million related to sugar ethanol facilities in Brazil in the Corn Processing segment, restructuring charges of \$28 million related principally to an international pension plan settlement, and other fixed asset impairments in the Oilseeds processing segment of \$4 million. Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs recognized in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$96 million consisted of long-lived asset and goodwill impairments of \$32 million related primarily to certain international Oilseeds Processing facilities, restructuring charges of \$28 million related to an international pension plan settlement, fixed asset impairments of \$34 million related primarily to sugar ethanol facilities in Brazil in the Corn Processing segment, and \$2 million of other fixed asset impairments in the Agricultural Services segment.

Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs recognized in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 of \$31 million consisted of costs associated with the relocation of the Company's global headquarters to Chicago, Illinois of \$16 million and restructuring charges related to the integration of a subsidiary following the acquisition of the minority interest and other restructuring charges of \$15 million.

#### Note 17. Sale of Accounts Receivable

Since March 2012, the Company has had an accounts receivable securitization program (the "Program") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers (collectively, the "Purchasers"). Under the Program, certain U.S.-originated trade accounts receivable are sold to a wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote entity, ADM Receivables, LLC ("ADM Receivables"). ADM Receivables in turn transfers such purchased accounts receivable in their entirety to the Purchasers pursuant to a receivables purchase agreement. In exchange for the transfer of the accounts receivable, ADM Receivables receives a cash payment of up to \$1.3 billion, as amended, and an additional amount upon the collection of the accounts receivable (deferred consideration). The Program terminates on June 24, 2016, unless extended.

In March 2014, the Company entered into a second accounts receivable securitization program (the "Second Program") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers (collectively, the "Second Purchasers"). Under the Second Program, certain non-U.S.-originated trade accounts receivable are sold to a wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote entity, ADM Ireland Receivables Company ("ADM Ireland Receivables"). ADM Ireland Receivables in turn transfers such purchased accounts receivable in their entirety to the Second Purchasers pursuant to a receivables purchase agreement. In exchange for the transfer of the accounts receivable, ADM Ireland Receivables receives a cash payment of up to \$0.3 billion and an additional amount upon the collection of the accounts receivable (deferred consideration). The Second Program terminates on March 18, 2016, unless extended.

Under the Program and Second Program (collectively, the "Programs"), ADM Receivables and ADM Ireland Receivables use the cash proceeds from the transfer of receivables to the Purchasers and Second Purchasers and other consideration to finance the purchase of receivables from the Company and the ADM subsidiaries originating the receivables.

The Company accounts for these transfers as sales. The Company has no retained interests in the transferred receivables, other than collection and administrative responsibilities and its right to the deferred consideration. At September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company did not record a servicing asset or liability related to its

retained responsibility, based on its assessment of the servicing fee, market values for similar transactions and its cost of servicing the receivables sold.

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair value of trade receivables transferred to the Purchasers and Second Purchasers under the Programs and derecognized from the Company's consolidated balance sheet was \$2.2 billion, and \$2.1 billion, respectively. In exchange for the transfer as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company received cash of \$1.1 billion and \$1.6 billion, respectively, and recorded a receivable for deferred consideration included in other current assets of \$1.1 billion and \$0.5 billion, respectively. Cash collections from customers on receivables sold were \$30.3 billion and \$23.7 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Of this amount, \$29.9 billion and \$22.4 billion pertain to cash collections on the deferred consideration for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Deferred consideration is paid to the Company in cash on behalf of the Purchasers and Second Purchasers as receivables are collected; however, as these are revolving facilities, cash collected from the Company's customers is reinvested by the Purchasers and Second Purchasers daily in new receivable purchases under the Programs.

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) (Unaudited)

#### Note 17. Sale of Accounts Receivable (Continued)

The Company's risk of loss following the transfer of accounts receivable under the Programs is limited to the deferred consideration outstanding. The Company carries the deferred consideration at fair value determined by calculating the expected amount of cash to be received and is principally based on observable inputs (a Level 2 measurement under the applicable accounting standards) consisting mainly of the face amount of the receivables adjusted for anticipated credit losses and discounted at the appropriate market rate. Payment of deferred consideration is not subject to significant risks other than delinquencies and credit losses on accounts receivable transferred under the Programs which have historically been insignificant.

Transfers of receivables under the Programs resulted in an expense for the loss on sale of \$1 million and \$2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively and \$3 million and \$4 million for nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, classified as selling, general, and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of earnings.

The Company reflects all cash flows related to the Programs as operating activities in its consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 because the cash received from the Purchasers and Second Purchasers upon both the sale and collection of the receivables is not subject to significantly different risks given the short-term nature of the Company's trade receivables.

#### Note 18. Subsequent Events

On October 16, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of Eatem Foods Company, a leading developer and producer of premium traditional, natural, and organic savory flavor systems, for \$160 million, and closed on the sale of its global cocoa business to Olam International Limited. The cocoa sale is valued at approximately \$1.2 billion, subject to post-closing adjustments.

In October 2015, the Company acquired 9.3 million additional shares in Wilmar for approximately \$20 million increasing its ownership interest from 18.1% to 18.5%.

On November 2, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of the remaining interest of Eaststarch C.V., a joint venture in which the Company previously had a 50% interest, for €240 million (approximately \$265 million), subject to post-closing adjustments.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Company Overview

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements.

The Company is principally engaged in procuring, transporting, storing, processing, and merchandising agricultural commodities and products. The Company uses its significant global asset base to originate and transport agricultural commodities, connecting to markets in more than 140 countries. The Company also processes corn, oilseeds, wheat and cocoa into products for food, animal feed, chemical and energy uses. The Company uses its global asset network, business acumen, and its relationships with suppliers and customers to efficiently connect the harvest to the home thereby generating returns for its shareholders, principally from margins earned on these activities.

The Company's operations are organized, managed and classified into four reportable business segments: Agricultural Services, Corn Processing, Oilseeds Processing, and Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients. Each of these segments is organized based upon the nature of products and services offered. The Company's remaining operations are not reportable segments, as defined by the applicable accounting standard, and are classified as Other.

Effective January 1, 2015, the Company formed a fourth reportable business segment, Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients. Results of Wild Flavors and SCI, which were acquired during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014, are reported in this segment in addition to results of certain product lines previously reported in the Agricultural Services, Corn Processing, and Oilseeds Processing business segments. Prior period results of the product lines previously reported in the other reportable business segments have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

The Agricultural Services segment utilizes its extensive global grain elevator, global transportation network, and port operations to buy, store, clean, and transport agricultural commodities, such as oilseeds, corn, wheat, milo, oats, rice, and barley, and resells these commodities primarily as food and feed ingredients and as raw materials for the agricultural processing industry. Agricultural Services' grain sourcing, handling, and transportation network provides reliable and efficient services to the Company's customers and agricultural processing operations. Agricultural Services' transportation network capabilities include barge, ocean-going vessel, truck, and rail freight services. The Agricultural Services segment also includes the activities related to the processing of wheat into wheat flour. The Agricultural Services segment includes international merchandising and handling activities managed by the Company's global trade desk in Switzerland. The Agricultural Services segment also includes the Company's 32.2% share of the results of its Pacificor (formerly Kalama Export Company LLC) joint venture and returns associated with the Company's 19.8% investment in GrainCorp. In May 2015, the Company acquired the remaining ownership interest in North Star Shipping and Minmetal.

The Company's Corn Processing segment is engaged in corn wet milling and dry milling activities, with its asset base primarily located in the central part of the United States. The Corn Processing segment converts corn into sweeteners, starches, and bioproducts. Its products include ingredients used in the food and beverage industry including sweeteners, starch, syrup, glucose, and dextrose. Dextrose and starch are used by the Corn Processing segment as feedstocks for its bioproducts operations. By fermentation of dextrose, the Corn Processing segment produces alcohol, amino acids, and other food and animal feed ingredients. Ethyl alcohol is produced by the Company for industrial use as ethanol or as beverage grade. Ethanol, in gasoline, increases octane and is used as an extender and oxygenate. Bioproducts also include amino acids such as lysine and threonine that are vital compounds used in swine feeds to produce leaner animals and in poultry feeds to enhance the speed and efficiency of poultry production. Corn gluten feed and meal, as well as distillers' grains, are produced for use as animal feed ingredients. Corn germ, a by-product of the wet milling process, is further processed into vegetable oil and protein meal. The Corn Processing segment also

includes activities related to the processing and distribution of formula feeds and animal health and nutrition products. Other Corn Processing products include citric acids and glycols, all of which are used in various food and industrial products. The Corn Processing segment also includes the activities of a propylene and ethylene glycol facility and the Company's Brazilian sugarcane ethanol plant and related operations. This segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investments in Almidones Mexicanos S.A., Eaststarch C.V., and Red Star Yeast Company LLC. In May 2015, the Company sold its lactic acid business. In November 2015, the Company completed the purchase of the remaining interest in several assets of Eaststarch C.V.

## ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF 2. OPERATIONS (Continued)

The Oilseeds Processing segment includes global activities related to the origination, merchandising, crushing, and further processing of oilseeds such as soybeans and soft seeds (cottonseed, sunflower seed, canola, rapeseed, and flaxseed) into vegetable oils and protein meals. Oilseeds products produced and marketed by the Company include ingredients for the food, feed, energy, and industrial products industries. Crude vegetable oils produced by the segment's crushing activities are sold "as is" or are further processed by refining, blending, bleaching, and deodorizing into salad oils. Salad oils are sold "as is" or are further processed by hydrogenating and/or interesterifying into margarine, shortening, and other food products. Partially refined oils are used to produce biodiesel or are sold to other manufacturers for use in chemicals, paints, and other industrial products. Oilseed protein meals are principally sold to third parties to be used as ingredients in commercial livestock and poultry feeds. In Europe and South America, the Oilseeds Processing segment includes origination and merchandising activities as adjuncts to its oilseeds processing assets. These activities include a network of grain elevators, port facilities, and transportation assets used to buy, store, clean, and transport grains and oilseeds. The Oilseeds Processing segment is a major supplier of peanuts and peanut-derived ingredients to both the U.S. and export markets. In North America, cottonseed flour is produced and sold primarily to the pharmaceutical industry and cotton cellulose pulp is manufactured and sold to the chemical, paper, and filter markets. The Oilseeds Processing segment also includes activities related to the procurement, transportation and processing of cocoa beans into cocoa liquor, cocoa butter, cocoa powder, and various compounds in North America, South America, Europe, Asia, and Africa for the food processing industry. The Oilseeds Processing segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investment in Wilmar International Limited (Wilmar) and its share of results for its Stratas Foods LLC and Edible Oils Limited joint ventures. In March 2015 and October 2015, the Company acquired additional shares in Wilmar increasing its ownership interest from 17.3% to 18.1% and to 18.5%, respectively. The Oilseeds Processing segment included fertilizer blending facilities in South America, a global chocolate business, and a global cocoa business that were subsequently sold in December 2014, July 2015, and October 2015, respectively. In September 2015, the Company completed the purchase of AOR N.V.

The Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients segment engages in the manufacturing, sales, and distribution of specialty products including natural flavor ingredients, flavor systems, proteins, emulsifiers, soluble fiber, polyols, hydrocolloids, sorbitol, xanthan gum, natural health and nutrition products, and other specialty food and feed ingredients. The Company's Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients segment includes the activities of Wild Flavors and SCI, which were acquired during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. The Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients segment also includes the activities related to the procurement, processing, and distribution of edible beans. On October 16, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of Eatem Foods Company, a leading developer and producer of premium traditional, natural, and organic savory flavor systems.

Other includes the Company's remaining operations, primarily its financial business units, related to futures commission and insurance activities.

Corporate results principally include the impact of LIFO-related inventory adjustments, unallocated corporate expenses, interest cost net of investment income, and the Company's share of the results of an equity investment.

The Company's recent significant portfolio management actions include:

the construction of a new feed-premix plant in the city of Zhangzhou, in southern China and a new feed plant in Glencoe, Minnesota;

the expansion of export facilities in Puerto San Martin, in the Argentine State of Sante Fe; the construction of a soy protein production complex in Campo Grande, Mato Grosso do Sul in Brazil;

the purchase in May 2015 of the remaining ownership interest in North Star Shipping and Minmetal which operate export facilities at the Romanian Port of Constanta on the Black Sea;

the sale in June 2015 of a 50 percent stake in its export terminal in Barcarena, in the northern Brazilian state of Pará;

the sale on July 31, 2015 of its global chocolate business to Cargill, Inc.;

the purchase in September 2015 of AOR N.V.;

the purchase on October 16, 2015 of Eatem Foods Company;

the sale on October 16, 2015 of its global cocoa business to Olam International Limited; and

the purchase on November 2, 2015 of the remaining interest in several assets of Eaststarch C.V.

The construction of the new feed plant facilities in China and Minnesota and the soy protein facility in Brazil, and the expansion of the export facilities in Argentina, are expected to be completed in 2016. The global cocoa business has been classified as held for sale since December 31, 2014.

## ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

#### **Operating Performance Indicators**

The Company is exposed to certain risks inherent to an agricultural-based commodity business. These risks are further described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The Company's agricultural services and oilseeds processing operations are principally agricultural commodity-based businesses where changes in selling prices move in relationship to changes in prices of the commodity-based agricultural raw materials. Therefore, changes in agricultural commodity prices have relatively equal impacts on both revenues and cost of products sold. Thus, changes in revenues of these businesses do not necessarily correspond to the changes in margins or gross profit.

The Company's corn processing operations and Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients businesses also utilize agricultural commodities (or products derived from agricultural commodities) as raw materials. However, in these operations, agricultural commodity market price changes do not necessarily equal changes in cost of products sold. Thus, changes in revenues of these businesses may correspond to changes in margins or gross profit.

The Company has consolidated subsidiaries in 79 countries. For the majority of the Company's subsidiaries located outside the United States, the local currency is the functional currency. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the applicable periods. For the majority of the Company's business activities in Brazil, the functional currency is the U.S. dollar; however, certain transactions, including taxes, occur in local currency and require conversion to the functional currency. Changes in revenues and expenses reported by the Company caused by fluctuations in the exchange rates of foreign currencies, primarily the Euro, British pound, Canadian dollar, and Brazilian real, as compared to the U.S. dollar are expected to be highly correlated.

The Company measures its performance using key financial metrics including net earnings, segment operating profit, return on invested capital, EBITDA, economic value added, manufacturing expenses, and selling, general, and administrative expenses. The Company's financial results can vary significantly due to changes in factors such as fluctuations in energy prices, weather conditions, crop plantings, government programs and policies, changes in global demand, general global economic conditions, changes in standards of living, and global production of similar and competitive crops. Due to these unpredictable factors, the Company undertakes no responsibility for updating any forward-looking information contained within "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Net earnings attributable to controlling interests was \$252 million in the third quarter of 2015 compared to \$747 million in the third quarter of 2014. Segment operating profit decreased \$364 million to \$709 million, driven primarily by weaker ethanol margins and lower volumes and margins of North American exports. Included in this quarter's segment operating profit was \$30 million of mark-to-market gains related to hedge timing effects compared to \$3 million in last year's quarter. Last year's quarter included a gain of \$156 million from the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture. Corporate results were a charge of \$342 million this quarter compared to \$40 million in last year's quarter. Corporate results this quarter include a charge of \$189 million related to the repurchase of outstanding debt, in addition to a credit of \$75 million from the effect of decreasing agricultural commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuation reserves, compared to a credit of \$315 million in last year's quarter.

Income taxes decreased \$171 million due to lower earnings before income taxes partially offset by an increased effective tax rate during the quarter. The Company's effective tax rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 increased to 31.1% compared to 27.6% for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 due primarily to the unfavorable impact of changes in discrete items, mainly the finalization of certain annual tax returns, and changes in the forecasted geographic mix of pretax earnings.

## ITEM MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Market Factors Influencing Operations or Results in the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

As an agricultural commodity-based business, the Company is subject to a variety of market factors which affect the Company's operating results. Agricultural Services continued to be negatively impacted by increased crop availability and price-competitiveness of South American origin agricultural commodities in global markets. This resulted in margin pressure and decreased North American export volumes partially offset by higher domestic grain demand. The strong U.S. dollar put pressure on both volumes and margins for U.S. grain exports. The increase in global crop supply due to several large harvests has built world grain stocks keeping prices pressured during the quarter. Demand and prices for sweeteners and starches remained solid while co-product prices weakened. Ethanol demand remained strong both in North America and export markets due to favorable gasoline blending economics and ethanol continuing to be a competitive octane enhancer. U.S. industry ethanol production remained at record-high levels during the quarter, limiting margins, South American oilseeds saw significantly higher volumes and margins for grain origination and exports due to the significant depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the U.S. Dollar. Overall demand for global protein meal and vegetable oil remained strong, especially in North America. Lower softseed availability affected seed basis, resulting in lower softseed crushing volumes and weaker margins, particularly in Europe. Biodiesel demand resulting from international biofuel standards continued to support demand for crude and refined vegetable oil, although general demand for biodiesel has been softer due to weaker economic conditions in various countries. The Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients business continued to focus on new revenue opportunities amid economic uncertainty and some softening in demand. Customers' interest to develop innovative, healthy, and nutritious food products in response to macro trends in diet and demographics remained strong and continued to grow.

## Analysis of Statements of Earnings

Processed volumes by product for the quarter are as follows (in metric tons):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
(In thousands)				
	2015	2014	Change	
Oilseeds	7,705	7,235	470	
Corn	6,038	6,039	(1	)
Milling and cocoa	1,884	1,904	(20	)
Total	15,627	15,178	449	

The Company generally operates its production facilities, on an overall basis, at or near capacity, adjusting facilities individually, as needed, to react to current and seasonal local supply and demand conditions. Processed volumes of soybeans were increased from the same period in the prior year as a result of the continued strong demand environment for soybean meal.

Revenues by segment for the quarter are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2015	2014	Change	
A	(In millions)			
Agricultural Services	Φ.5. (Ω7	Φ.C. 0.F.C	Φ.(2.50 <u>)</u>	,
Merchandising and Handling	\$5,697	\$6,056	\$(359	)
Milling and Other	835	909	(74	)
Transportation	71	78	(7	)
Total Agricultural Services	6,603	7,043	(440	)
Corn Processing				
Sweeteners and Starches	974	1,005	(31	)
Bioproducts	1,545	2,026	(481	)
Total Corn Processing	2,519	3,031	(512	)
Oilseeds Processing				
Crushing and Origination	4,222	4,632	(410	)
Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other	1,762	2,096	(334	)
Cocoa and Other	719	895	(176	)
Asia	44	73	(29	)
Total Oilseeds Processing	6,747	7,696	(949	)
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	588	264	324	
Total Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	588	264	324	
Other - Financial	108	83	25	
Total Other	108	83	25	
Total	\$16,565	\$18,117	\$(1,552	)

Revenues and cost of products sold in a commodity merchandising and processing business are affected by the underlying commodity prices and volumes. In periods of significant changes in commodity prices, the underlying performance of the Company is better evaluated by looking at margins since both revenues and cost of products sold, particularly in Oilseeds Processing and Agricultural Services, could have a relatively equal impact which could result in an insignificant impact to gross profit.

Revenues decreased \$1.6 billion, or 9%, to \$16.6 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$3.5 billion) and partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$1.9 billion). Sales prices decreased principally due to lower underlying agricultural commodity prices, in particular soybeans, corn, and wheat, and \$1.6 billion in foreign currency translation impacts. Agricultural Services revenues decreased 6% to \$6.6 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$0.9 billion) and partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$0.5 billion). Corn Processing revenues decreased 17% to \$2.5 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$0.6 billion) partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$0.1 billion). Oilseeds Processing revenues decreased 12% to \$6.7 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$2.0 billion) partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$1.0 billion). Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients revenues increased 123% to \$0.6 billion due principally to the acquisition of Wild Flavors and Specialty Commodities, Inc. during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014 (\$0.3 billion).

Cost of products sold decreased \$1.2 billion to \$15.5 billion due principally to lower average commodity prices, including \$1.6 billion from foreign currency translation impacts, and lower manufacturing costs. Included in cost of products sold is a credit of \$75 million from the effect of decreasing agricultural commodity prices during this quarter on LIFO inventory valuation reserves compared to a credit of \$315 million in the prior year's quarter. Manufacturing expenses decreased \$14 million to \$1.4 billion primarily due to lower depreciation expenses resulting from the global chocolate and cocoa businesses being sold and accounted for as held-for-sale, respectively, during the current year quarter.

Gross profit decreased \$0.4 billion, or 26%, to \$1.1 billion due principally to lower ethanol margins (\$131 million) and a decrease in the effects of decreasing commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuations (\$240 million). These factors are explained in the segment operating profit discussion on pages 41 and 42. The decrease in underlying commodity prices did not result in a significant decrease in margins or gross profit as lower underlying commodity prices had a relatively equal impact on revenues and cost of products sold.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$60 million to \$511 million due principally to increased expenses of \$69 million related to the inclusion of the results of Wild Flavors and SCI partially offset by lower salaries and benefits expense

Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs recognized in the current quarter of \$65 million consisted of fixed asset impairments of \$33 million related to sugar ethanol facilities in Brazil in the Corn Processing segment, restructuring charges of \$28 million related principally to an international pension plan settlement, and other fixed asset impairments in the Oilseeds processing segment of \$4 million.

Interest expense decreased \$10 million to \$69 million primarily due to lower interest rates resulting from the issuance of Euro-denominated debt and the repurchase of certain of the Company's outstanding debentures.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates increased \$40 million to \$61 million primarily due to improved earnings from the Company's investments in Compagnie Industrielle et Financiere des Produits Amylaces SA (Luxembourg) and affiliates (CIP) and higher earnings from the Company's investment in Wilmar.

Other income decreased \$207 million from \$56 million to an expense of \$151 million primarily due to a \$189 million loss on debt extinguishment related to the repurchase of outstanding debt in the current year and the absence of a prior year gain of \$156 million upon the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture, partially offset by a gain of \$32 million on the sale of the global chocolate business and absence of prior year's losses of \$102 million on Euro foreign currency derivative contracts entered into to economically hedge the Wild Flavors acquisition.

Operating profit by segment and earnings before income taxes for the quarter are as follows:

	Three Months Ended			
	September 30, 2015 (In millions)	2014	Change	
Agricultural Services				
Merchandising and Handling	\$57	\$220	\$(163	)
Milling and Other	61	55	6	
Transportation	31	35	(4	)
Total Agricultural Services	149	310	(161	)
Corn Processing				
Sweeteners and Starches	124	157	(33	)
Bioproducts	7	191	(184	)
Total Corn Processing	131	348	(217	)
Oilseeds Processing				
Crushing and Origination	172	214	(42	)
Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other	66	51	15	
Cocoa and Other	65	26	39	
Asia	32	26	6	
Total Oilseeds Processing	335	317	18	
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	70	65	5	
Total Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	70	65	5	
Other - Financial	24	33	(9	)
Total Other	24	33	(9	)
Total Segment Operating Profit	709	1,073	(364	)
Corporate	(342)	(40)	(302	)
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$367	\$1,033	\$(666	)

Agricultural Services operating profit decreased \$161 million to \$149 million. Merchandising and Handling results declined \$163 million to \$57 million primarily due to the absence of a gain in the 2014 quarter of \$156 million from the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture. Also contributing to the decrease were ample global supplies of grain, reduced North American export competitiveness during the third quarter of 2015 due to the strong U.S. Dollar, and a large South American harvest. Milling and Other results improved \$6 million to \$61 million, due mainly to higher product margins and strong merchandising results. Transportation results declined \$4 million due to lower barge freight rates.

Corn Processing operating profit decreased \$217 million to \$131 million. Included in the current quarter operating profit is \$1 million of mark-to-market losses related to hedge timing effects compared to \$7 million of gains in the prior year quarter. Excluding hedge timing effects, Sweeteners and Starches operating profit decreased \$33 million. While North American sweetener volumes and margins remained solid, co-product margins were weaker, and the slower ramp-up of commercialized volumes at the Tianjin sweetener facility limited absorption of fixed costs.

Excluding hedge timing effects, Bioproducts operating profit decreased \$176 million due to lower industry ethanol margins. Strong industry production levels resulted in high industry inventory levels which kept industry margins considerably lower than last year. Also contributing to the decrease were fixed asset impairment charges of \$33 million related to sugar ethanol facilities in Brazil.

Oilseeds Processing operating profit increased \$18 million to \$335 million. Included in the current quarter operating profit is \$31 million of mark-to-market gains related to cocoa hedge timing effects compared to \$4 million of losses in the prior period. Crushing and Origination operating profit decreased \$42 million to \$172 million due primarily to reduced softseed margins and volumes resulting from weaker global demand for vegetable oil and weaker results from risk management activities, partially offset by strong North American soybean crush margins. In South America, origination and export margins and volumes for corn and soybeans improved due to the weaker Brazilian Real. Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other operating profit increased \$15 million to \$66 million due to improved margins in North American oil refining operations. Excluding hedge timing effects, Cocoa and Other results increased \$4 million due to the \$32 million gain on sale of the global chocolate business partially offset by lower cocoa press margins and peanut processing results. Asia results increased \$6 million to \$32 million due to an increase from the Company's share of the results from its equity investee, Wilmar.

Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients operating profit increased \$5 million to \$70 million due primarily to the acquisition of Wild Flavors and SCI during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. Strong North American results for Wild Flavors were partially offset by lower overall results in the other specialty ingredients businesses due to weakness in many emerging economies and a strong U.S. Dollar, driving reduced volumes and margins across a number of product lines.

Corporate results for the quarter are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				
	2015	2014	Change		
	(In millions)				
LIFO credit (charge)	\$75	\$315	\$(240	)	
Interest expense - net	(68)	(72	) 4		
Unallocated corporate costs	(113)	(107	) (6	)	
Other income (charges)	(217)	(102	) (115	)	
Minority interest and other	(19)	(74	) 55		
Total Corporate	\$(342)	\$(40	) \$(302	)	

Corporate results were a net charge of \$342 million this quarter compared to \$40 million in last year's quarter. The effects of changing commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuations resulted in a credit of \$75 million this quarter compared to a credit of \$315 million in the prior year quarter. Other charges in the current period consisted of a \$189 million loss on debt extinguishment related to the repurchase of outstanding debt and restructuring charges of \$28 million related principally to an international pension plan settlement. Other charges in the prior period consisted of a \$102 million loss on Euro foreign currency derivative contracts entered into to economically hedge the Wild Flavors acquisition. Minority interest and other expense in the prior period consisted primarily of a \$56 million valuation loss related to the Company's equity method investment in CIP.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Net earnings attributable to controlling interests decreased \$0.4 billion to \$1.1 billion. Segment operating profit was \$2.4 billion, down 11%, due primarily to weaker ethanol margins and lower volumes and margins of North American exports. The prior year period also included a gain of \$156 million from the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture. Corporate results were a charge of \$789 million in the current period compared to \$518 million in the prior period. Corporate results in the current period include a charge of \$189 million related to the repurchase of outstanding debt, in addition to a credit of \$16 million from the effect of decreasing agricultural commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuation reserves, compared to a LIFO credit of \$229 million in the prior period.

Income taxes decreased \$132 million due to lower earnings before income taxes and an increased effective tax rate. The Company's effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased to 28.7% compared to 27.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 due primarily to the unfavorable impact of changes in discrete items, mainly the finalization of certain annual tax returns, and changes in the forecasted geographic mix of pretax earnings.

Market Factors Influencing Operations or Results in the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

As an agricultural commodity-based business, the Company is subject to a variety of market factors which affect the Company's operating results. Agricultural Services continued to be negatively impacted by increased crop availability and price-competitiveness of South American origin agricultural commodities in global markets. This resulted in margin pressure and decreased North American export volumes partially offset by higher domestic grain demand. The strong U.S. dollar put pressure on both volumes and margins for U.S. grain exports. The increase in global crop supply due to several large harvests has built world grain stocks keeping prices pressured for most of the period. Demand and prices for sweeteners and starches remained solid while co-product prices weakened. Ethanol demand remained strong both in North America and export markets due to favorable gasoline blending economics and ethanol continuing to be a competitive octane enhancer. U.S. industry ethanol production remained at record-high levels for most of the period, limiting margins. South American oilseeds saw significantly higher volumes and margins for grain origination and exports due to the significant depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the U.S. Dollar. Overall demand for global protein meal and vegetable oil remained strong, especially in North America. Lower softseed availability affected seed basis, resulting in lower softseed crushing volumes and weaker margins, particularly in Europe. Biodiesel demand resulting from international biofuel standards continued to support demand for crude and refined vegetable oil, although general demand for biodiesel has been softer due to weaker economic conditions in various countries. The Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients business continued to focus on new revenue opportunities amid economic uncertainty and some softening in demand. Customers' interest to develop innovative, healthy, and nutritious food products in response to macro trends in diet and demographics remained strong and continued to grow.

Analysis of Statements of Earnings

Processed volumes by product for the nine months are as follows (in metric tons):

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014

Change

	(In thousands)			
Oilseeds	24,992	24,992 23,709		
Corn	17,049	18,124	(1,075	)
Milling and cocoa	5,399	5,465	(66	)
Total	47,440	47,298	142	

The Company generally operates its production facilities, on an overall basis, at or near capacity, adjusting facilities individually, as needed, to react to current and seasonal local supply and demand conditions. Record volumes of oilseeds were processed during the period, increased from the same period in the prior year as a result of the strong demand environment for soybean meal. Processed volumes of corn were decreased in response to the lower ethanol margin environment during the period.

Revenues by segment for the nine months are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014 Ch (In millions)		Change	
	,			
Agricultural Services				
Merchandising and Handling	\$18,798	\$23,049	\$(4,251	)
Milling and Other	2,673	2,754	(81	)
Transportation	182	181	1	
Total Agricultural Services	21,653	25,984	(4,331	)
Com Processing				
Corn Processing Sweeteners and Starches	2,805	2,897	(92	`
Bioproducts	4,759	6,337	(1,578	)
Total Corn Processing	7,564	9,234	(1,670	)
Total Corn Processing	7,304	9,234	(1,070	)
Oilseeds Processing				
Crushing and Origination	12,214	14,615	(2,401	)
Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other	5,228	6,488	(1,260	)
Cocoa and Other	2,227	2,559	(332	)
Asia	193	369	(176	)
Total Oilseeds Processing	19,862	24,031	(4,169	)
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	1,876	817	1,059	
Total Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	1,876	817	1,059	
Total who Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	1,070	017	1,039	
Other - Financial	302	241	61	
Total Other	302	241	61	
Total	\$51,257	\$60,307	\$(9,050	)

Revenues and cost of products sold in a commodity merchandising and processing business are affected by the underlying commodity prices and volumes. In periods of significant changes in commodity prices, the underlying performance of the Company is better evaluated by looking at margins since both revenues and cost of products sold, particularly in Oilseeds Processing and Agricultural Services, could have a relatively equal impact which could result in an insignificant impact to gross profit.

Revenues decreased \$9.1 billion, or 15%, to \$51.3 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$11.4 billion) partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$2.3 billion). Sales prices decreased principally due to lower underlying agricultural commodity prices, in particular soybeans, corn, and wheat, and \$4.9 billion in foreign currency translation impacts. Agricultural Services revenues decreased 17% to \$21.7 billion primarily due to lower sales prices (\$4.2 billion) and lower sales volumes (\$0.1 billion). Corn Processing revenues decreased 18% to \$7.6 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$1.9 billion) partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$0.2 billion). Oilseeds Processing revenues decreased 17% to \$19.9 billion due principally to lower sales prices (\$5.3 billion) partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$1.1 billion). Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients revenues increased 130% to \$1.9 billion due

Edgar Filing: ADVANCED ENVIRONMENTAL RECYCLING TECHNOLOGIES INC - Form DEF 14A principally to the acquisition of Wild Flavors and Specialty Commodities, Inc. during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014 (\$1.1 billion).

Cost of products sold decreased \$8.9 billion to \$48.1 billion due principally to lower average commodity prices, including \$4.8 billion from foreign currency translation impacts, and lower manufacturing costs. Included in cost of products sold is a credit of \$16 million from the effect of decreasing agricultural commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuation reserves compared to a credit of \$229 million in the prior year's period. Manufacturing expenses decreased \$147 million to \$4.1 billion primarily due to lower fuel usage and prices.

Gross profit decreased \$0.2 billion, or 5%, to \$3.2 billion due principally to lower ethanol margins (\$0.4 billion) partially offset by strong soybean crushing volumes and margins (\$0.2 billion). The effects of decreasing commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuations and loss on debt extinguishment was materially offset by the inclusion of the results of Wild Flavors and SCI and absence of a prior period loss on Euro foreign currency derivative contracts entered into to economically hedge the Wild Flavors acquisition. These factors are explained in the segment operating profit discussion on page 47. The decrease in underlying commodity prices did not result in a significant decrease in margins or gross profit as lower underlying commodity prices had a relatively equal impact on revenues and cost of products sold.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$258 million to \$1.5 billion due principally to increased expenses of \$215 million related to the inclusion of the results of Wild Flavors and SCI, and higher enterprise resource planning project, I.T., and other project-related expenses.

Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs recognized in the current period of \$96 million consisted of long-lived asset and goodwill impairments related principally to certain international Oilseeds Processing facilities of \$32 million, restructuring charges of \$28 million related principally to an international pension plan settlement, fixed asset impairments of \$34 million related primarily to sugar ethanol facilities in Brazil in the Corn Processing segment, and other fixed asset impairments in the Agricultural Services segment of \$2 million. Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs recognized in the prior period of \$31 million consisted of costs associated with the relocation of the Company's global headquarters to Chicago, Illinois of \$16 million and restructuring charges related to the integration of a subsidiary following the acquisition of the minority interest and other restructuring charges of \$15 million.

Interest expense declined \$16 million to \$235 million primarily due to lower interest rates resulting from the issuance of Euro-denominated debt and the repurchase of certain of the Company's outstanding debentures.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates increased \$56 million to \$287 million primarily due to higher earnings from the Company's investment in CIP.

Other income decreased \$128 million from \$76 million to an expense of \$52 million primarily due to a \$189 million loss on debt extinguishment related to the repurchase of outstanding debt and absence of prior period's gain of \$156 million upon the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture, partially offset by the gain on sale of the global chocolate business of \$32 million, gain on the revaluation of the Company's previously held investments in North Star Shipping and Minmetal of \$27 million, gain on sale of a 50% interest in the Barcarena export terminal facility in Brazil to Glencore plc of \$68 million, and gain on sale of the lactic business of \$6 million, and the absence of prior period's losses of \$102 million on Euro foreign currency derivative contracts entered into to economically hedge the Wild Flavors acquisition.



Operating profit by segment and earnings before income taxes for the nine months are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2015 (In millions)	2014	Change	
Agricultural Services				
Merchandising and Handling	\$229	\$404	\$(175	)
Milling and Other	183	137	46	
Transportation	83	95	(12	)
Total Agricultural Services	495	636	(141	)
Corn Processing				
Sweeteners and Starches	360	376	(16	)
Bioproducts	88	496	(408	)
Total Corn Processing	448	872	(424	)
Oilseeds Processing				
Crushing and Origination	768	538	230	
Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other	179	199	(20	)
Cocoa and Other	86	51	35	
Asia	115	106	9	
Total Oilseeds Processing	1,148	894	254	
Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	242	198	44	
Total Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients	242	198	44	
Other - Financial	39	52	(13	)
Total Other	39	52	(13	)
Total Segment Operating Profit	2,372	2,652	(280	)
Corporate	(789)	(518)	(271	)
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$1,583	\$2,134	\$(551	)

Agricultural Services operating profit decreased \$141 million to \$495 million. Merchandising and Handling results declined \$175 million to \$229 million. The current period includes a \$27 million gain on the revaluation of the Company's previously held investments in North Star Shipping and Minmetal in conjunction with the acquisition of the remaining interest, and the prior period includes a gain of \$17 million related to a partial recovery of a \$22 million loss provision originally established in the second quarter of 2013 and a gain of \$156 million from the Company's effective dilution in the Pacificor joint venture. Also contributing to the decrease were ample global supplies of grain, reduced North American export competitiveness during the third quarter of 2015 due to the strong U.S. Dollar, and a large South American harvest. Milling and Other results improved \$46 million to \$183 million due to higher product margins and strong merchandising results. Transportation results declined \$12 million to \$83 million due to increased operating expenses associated with water conditions in the U.S in the latter half of the second quarter and lower freight rates.

Corn Processing operating profit decreased \$424 million to \$448 million. Included in the current period operating profit is approximately \$4 million of mark-to-market losses related to hedge timing effects compared to \$12 million of gains in the prior period. Excluding these items, Sweeteners and Starches operating profit decreased \$16 million due principally to weaker co-product margins partially offset by good sweetener volumes and margins. Excluding hedge timing effects, Bioproducts operating profit in the period declined by \$392 million primarily due to lower industry ethanol margins. Strong industry production levels resulted in high industry inventory levels which kept industry margins considerably lower than last year. Also contributing to the decrease were fixed asset impairment charges of \$33 million related to sugar ethanol facilities in Brazil.

Oilseeds Processing operating profit increased \$254 million to \$1.1 billion. Included in the current period operating profit is \$20 million of mark-to-market gains related to cocoa hedge timing effects compared to \$29 million of losses in the prior period. Crushing and Origination operating profit increased \$230 million to \$768 million primarily due to strong soybean crushing volumes and margins in North America and Europe, driven by strong demand and an ample global bean supply partially offset by reduced softseed margins and volumes, particularly in Europe, resulting from weaker global demand for vegetable oil. Large South American corn and soybean harvests also helped support a significant improvement in South American origination results. The current period also includes a gain of \$68 million related to the sale of assets to the new Barcarena export terminal joint venture in Brazil. Refining, Packaging, Biodiesel, and Other operating profit declined \$20 million to \$179 million primarily due to lower South American and European results partially offset by improved margins in North American oil refining operations. Excluding hedge timing effects, Cocoa and Other results declined \$14 million. The current period gain of \$32 million on the sale of the global chocolate business was materially offset by lower cocoa press margins and peanut processing results. Asia results improved \$9 million to \$115 million, principally reflecting an increase from the Company's share of its results from its equity investee, Wilmar, partially offset by long-lived asset and goodwill impairments.

Wild Flavors and Specialty Ingredients operating profit increased \$44 million to \$242 million due primarily to the acquisition of Wild Flavors and SCI during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014. Strong North American results for Wild Flavors were partially offset by lower overall results in the other specialty ingredients businesses due to weakness in many emerging economies and a strong U.S. Dollar, driving reduced volumes and margins across a number of product lines.

Corporate results for the nine months are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2015	2014	Change	
	(In millions	s)		
LIFO credit (charge)	\$16	\$229	\$(213	)
Interest expense - net	(226	) (243	) 17	
Unallocated corporate costs	(344	) (296	) (48	)
Other income (charges)	(217	) (133	) (84	)
Minority interest and other	(18	) (75	) 57	
Total Corporate	\$(789	) \$(518	) \$(271	)

Corporate results were a net charge of \$789 million in the current period compared to \$518 million in the prior period. The effects of changing commodity prices on LIFO inventory valuations resulted in a credit of \$16 million in the current period compared to a credit of \$229 million in the prior period. Interest expense - net declined \$17 million due

principally to lower interest rates. Unallocated corporate costs increased \$48 million due primarily to increased pension expense resulting from the new mortality table and lower discount rates to calculate expense of \$8 million and increased spending on the Company's ERP program and various strategic business improvement projects of \$42 million. Other charges in the current period consisted of a \$189 million loss on debt extinguishment related to the repurchase of outstanding debt and restructuring charges of \$28 million related principally to an international pension plan settlement. Other charges in the prior period of \$133 million consisted of a \$102 million loss on Euro foreign currency derivative contracts entered into to economically hedge the Wild Flavors acquisition, costs associated with the relocation of the Company's global headquarters to Chicago, Illinois of \$16 million, and restructuring charges related to the integration of a subsidiary following the acquisition of the minority interest and other restructuring charges of \$15 million. Minority interest and other expense in the prior period consisted primarily of a \$56 million valuation loss related to the Company's equity method investment in CIP.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

A Company objective is to have sufficient liquidity, balance sheet strength, and financial flexibility to fund the operating and capital requirements of a capital intensive agricultural commodity-based business. The Company's strategy involves expanding the volume and diversity of crops that it merchandises and processes, expanding the global reach of its core model, and expanding its value-added product portfolio. The Company depends on access to credit markets, which can be impacted by its credit rating and factors outside of the Company's control, to fund its working capital needs and capital expenditures. The primary source of funds to finance the Company's operations, capital expenditures, and advancement of its growth strategy is cash generated by operations and lines of credit, including a commercial paper borrowing facility. In addition, the Company believes it has access to funds from public and private equity and debt capital markets in both U.S. and international markets.

At September 30, 2015, the Company had \$1.1 billion of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term marketable securities and a current ratio, defined as current assets divided by current liabilities, of 1.6 to 1. Included in working capital is \$4.6 billion of readily marketable commodity inventories. Cash provided by operating activities was \$1.1 billion for the nine months compared to \$4.4 billion the same period last year. Working capital changes were a net use of cash of \$0.4 billion for the nine months compared to a net source of \$2.5 billion the same period last year. Trade receivables decreased \$0.5 billion due principally to lower revenues resulting from lower sales prices. Inventories declined approximately \$1.7 billion at September 30, 2015 compared to December 31, 2014 due to seasonally lower inventory quantities. Trade payables declined approximately \$1.2 billion principally reflecting seasonal cash payments for North American harvest-related grain purchases. Cash used in investing activities was \$0.3 billion for the nine months compared to \$0.4 billion the same period last year. Marketable securities purchases were \$0.8 billion for the nine months compared to \$0.9 billion the same period last year. Capital expenditures were \$0.8 billion for the nine months compared to \$0.6 billion the same period last year. Cash used in financing activities was \$1.2 billion for the nine months compared to \$2.6 billion the same period last year. Return of capital was \$2.3 billion for the nine months compared to \$1.2 billion the same period last year. Long-term debt borrowings in the current period include the €1.1 billion Notes issued on June 24, 2015. Long-term debt payments in the current period include the purchase of \$794 million aggregate principal amount of certain of the Company's outstanding debentures for \$961 million pursuant to the cash tender offers while the prior period included the \$1.15 billion convertible debt settled with available cash in February 2014.

At September 30, 2015, the Company's capital resources included net worth of \$17.9 billion and lines of credit totaling \$5.7 billion, of which \$4.8 billion was unused. The Company's ratio of long-term debt to total capital (the sum of the Company's long-term debt and shareholders' equity) was 25% and 22% at September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The Company uses this ratio as a measure of the Company's long-term indebtedness and an indicator of financial flexibility. Of the Company's total lines of credit, \$4.0 billion support a commercial paper borrowing facility, against which there was \$0.9 billion of commercial paper outstanding at September 30, 2015.

As of September 30, 2015, the Company had cash of \$0.7 billion, of which, \$0.4 billion was cash held by foreign subsidiaries whose undistributed earnings are considered permanently reinvested. The Company has asserted that these funds are permanently reinvested outside the U.S. due to the Company's historical ability to generate sufficient cash flows from its U.S. operations, unused and available U.S. credit capacity of \$3.6 billion, and domestic cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2015 of \$0.3 billion.

The Company has accounts receivable securitization programs (the "Programs") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers. The Programs provide the Company with up to \$1.6 billion in funding against

accounts receivable transferred into the Programs and expands the Company's access to liquidity through efficient use of its balance sheet assets (see Note 17 of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Item 1 herein, "Financial Statements" for more information and disclosures on the Programs). As of September 30, 2015, the Company utilized \$1.1 billion of its facility under the Programs.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company spent \$0.8 billion in capital expenditures, \$0.5 billion in dividends, and \$1.8 billion in share repurchases. The Company has a stock repurchase program and has acquired approximately 37.5 million shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The Company has 62.5 million shares remaining that may be purchased under the program until December 31, 2019.

The Company's capital expenditures estimate for 2015 is in the range of \$1.1 billion to \$1.3 billion. In 2015, the Company expects a cash outlay of approximately \$0.7 billion in dividends, and \$1.5 billion to \$2.0 billion in share repurchases, subject to strategic capital requirements. Based on the spending levels for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company expects capital spending to be in the lower end of the estimated range and the stock buybacks to be in the higher end of the estimated range.

On July 1, 2015, the Company accepted for purchase \$794 million aggregate principal amount of certain of its outstanding debentures (the "Debentures") validly tendered and not withdrawn. Pursuant to the terms of its previously announced cash tender offers, the Company paid aggregate total consideration of \$961 million for the Debentures accepted for purchase. In September 2015, the Company redeemed \$141 million of its 5.45% outstanding debentures for \$156 million. To finance the cash tender offers and debt redemption, the Company issued Euro-denominated debt on June 24, 2015 (see Note 10 of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements include in Item 1 herein, "Financial Statements" (Item 1) for more information). The Company recognized a debt extinguishment charge of \$189 million, including transaction expenses of \$7 million, in the quarter ended September 30, 2015 pertaining to these transactions.

On July 31, 2015, the Company completed the sale of its global chocolate business to Cargill, Inc. for \$431 million. The Company recorded a gain on disposal of \$32 million, net of transaction expenses, in the Oilseeds Processing segment in the quarter ended September 30, 2015.

On October 16, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of Eatem Foods Company, a leading developer and producer of premium traditional, natural, and organic savory flavor systems, for \$160 million, and closed on the sale of its global cocoa business to Olam International Limited. The cocoa sale is valued at about \$1.2 billion, subject to post-closing adjustments.

In October 2015, the Company acquired 9.3 million additional shares in Wilmar for approximately \$20 million increasing its ownership interest from 18.1% to 18.5%.

On November 2, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of the remaining interest of Eaststarch C.V. for €240 million (approximately \$265 million), subject to post-closing adjustments.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The Company's purchase obligations as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were \$12.6 billion and \$14.1 billion, respectively. The decrease is related to obligations to purchase lower quantities of agricultural commodity inventories and lower prices. As of September 30, 2015, the Company expects to make payments related to purchase obligations of \$11.7 billion within the next twelve months.

There were no other material changes in the Company's contractual obligations during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

Accounts Receivable Securitization Programs

In June 2015, the Company amended its accounts receivable securitization program (the "Program") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers (collectively, the "Purchasers") and increased its facility from \$1.2 billion to \$1.3 billion. The Program terminates on June 24, 2016, unless extended.

There were no other material changes in the Company's off balance sheet arrangements during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Critical Accounting Policies

There were no material changes in the Company's critical accounting policies during the quarter ended September 30, 2015.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The market risk inherent in the Company's market risk sensitive instruments and positions is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in: commodity market prices as they relate to the Company's net commodity position, foreign currency exchange rates, and interest rates. Significant changes in market risk sensitive instruments and positions for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 are described below. There were no material changes during the period in the Company's potential loss arising from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK (Continued)

For detailed information regarding the Company's market risk sensitive instruments and positions, see Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### Commodities

The availability and prices of agricultural commodities are subject to wide fluctuations due to factors such as changes in weather conditions, crop disease, plantings, government programs and policies, competition, changes in global demand, changes in customer preferences and standards of living, and global production of similar and competitive crops.

The fair value of the Company's commodity position is a summation of the fair values calculated for each commodity by valuing all of the commodity positions at quoted market prices for the period, where available, or utilizing a close proxy. The Company has established metrics to monitor the amount of market risk exposure, which consist of volumetric limits and value-at-risk (VaR) limits. VaR measures the potential loss, at a 95% confidence level, that could be incurred over a one-year period. Volumetric limits are monitored daily and VaR calculations and sensitivity analysis are monitored weekly.

In addition to measuring the hypothetical loss resulting from an adverse two standard deviation move in market prices (assuming no correlations) over a one-year period using VaR, sensitivity analysis is performed measuring the potential loss in fair value resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in market prices. The highest, lowest, and average weekly position together with the market risk from a hypothetical 10% adverse price change is as follows:

	Nine months September 30		Year ended December 3	1, 2014
Long/(Short)	Fair Value Market Risk (In millions)		Fair Value	Market Risk
Highest position	\$(318	) \$(32	) \$(97	) \$(10 )
Lowest position	(1,851	) (185	) (1,672	) (167 )
Average position	(894	) (89	) (837	) (84

The increase in fair value of the average position was principally the result of an increase in average quantities underlying the weekly commodity position partially offset by a decrease in prices.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of September 30, 2015, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-5(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (a) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (b) accumulated and communicated to

the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

On October 1, 2014 and November 18, 2014, the Company completed the acquisitions of WILD Flavors Gmbh (Wild Flavors) and Specialty Commodities, Inc. (SCI), respectively. The Company has completed its review of the internal control structures of Wild Flavors and SCI and has incorporated its controls and procedures into the acquired businesses as of September 30, 2015. Except for these acquisitions, there have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the Company's most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is routinely involved in a number of actual or threatened legal actions, including those involving alleged personal injuries, employment law, product liability, intellectual property, environmental issues, alleged tax liability (see Note 11 in Item 1 for information on income tax matters), and class actions. The Company also routinely receives inquiries from regulators and other government authorities relating to various aspects of our business, and at any given time, the Company has matters at various stages of resolution with the applicable government authorities. The outcomes of these matters are not within our complete control and may not be known for prolonged periods of time. In some actions, claimants seek damages, as well as other relief, including injunctive relief, that could require significant expenditures or result in lost revenues. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the Company records a liability in its consolidated financial statements for material loss contingencies when a loss is known or considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If the reasonable estimate of a known or probable loss is a range, and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount of the range is accrued. If a material loss contingency is reasonably possible but not known or probable, and can be reasonably estimated, the estimated loss or range of loss is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When determining the estimated loss or range of loss, significant judgment is required to estimate the amount and timing of a loss to be recorded. Estimates of probable losses resulting from litigation and governmental proceedings involving the Company are inherently difficult to predict, particularly when the matters are in early procedural stages, with incomplete facts or legal discovery; involve unsubstantiated or indeterminate claims for damages; potentially involve penalties, fines, disgorgement, or punitive damages; or could result in a change in business practice.

On April 22, 2011, certain manufacturers and distributors of sugar cane and beet sugar products filed suit in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California against the Company, other manufacturers and marketers of high-fructose corn syrup (HFCS), and the Corn Refiners Association, alleging that the defendants falsely claimed that HFCS is "natural" and nutritionally equivalent to sugar. Plaintiffs have submitted an expert report alleging as much as \$1.6 billion in damages against all the defendants in the case, including the Company. Defendants vigorously deny the plaintiffs' allegations and have filed a counterclaim. Trial is scheduled to begin on November 3, 2015.

The Company is not currently a party to any legal proceeding or environmental claim that it believes would have a material adverse effect on its financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There were no significant changes in the Company's risk factors during the quarter ended September 30, 2015. For further information about the Company's risk factors, refer to Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

### Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	_	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Program <sup>(2)</sup>	Number of Shares Remaining that May be Purchased Under the Program <sup>(2)</sup>
July 1, 2015 to				
July 31, 2015	4,808,171	\$47.923	4,808,171	71,367,169
August 1, 2015 to				
August 31, 2015	3,617,493	46.582	3,479,779	67,887,390
September 1, 2015 to				
•	E 257 051	42 201	5 252 000	62 524 291
September 30, 2015	5,357,854	43.381	5,353,009	62,534,381
Total	13,783,518	\$45.805	13,640,959	62,534,381

Total shares purchased represents those shares purchased in the open market as part of the Company's publicly announced share repurchase program described below, shares received as payment for the exercise price of stock (1) option exercises, and shares received as payment for the withholding taxes on vested restricted stock awards. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2015, there were 142,559 shares received as payments for the minimum withholding taxes on vested restricted stock awards and for the exercise price of stock option exercises.

On November 5, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the (2) Company to repurchase up to 100,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock during the period commencing January 1, 2015 and ending December 31, 2019.

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- (3)(i) Composite Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, filed on November 13, 2001 as Exhibit 3(i) to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2001 (File No. 1-44), is incorporated herein by reference.
- (3)(ii) Bylaws, as amended, filed on February 11, 2013 as Exhibit 3(ii) to Form 8-K (File No. 1-44), are incorporated herein by reference.
- (12) Calculation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- (31.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a–14(a) and Rule 15d–14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- (31.2) Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a–14(a) and Rule 15d–14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- (32.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (32.2) Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (101) Interactive Data File

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY

/s/ R. G. Young R. G. Young Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

/s/ D. C. Findlay
D. C. Findlay
Senior Vice President, General Counsel, and
Secretary

Dated: November 3, 2015