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CAMELOT CORP
Form 10-Q
March 16, 2012

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 2012

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 000-8299

CAMELOT CORPORATION
(Name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

84-0691531
(IRS Identification No.)

17 Sutton Way
Washington Twp NJ 07676
(Address of principal executive offices)

201-970-4987
(Registrant's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (ss.232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY
PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities

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Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distributions of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. [] Yes [] No [X] N/A

APPLICABLE TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Class - Common Stock, 2,006,528 shares outstanding as of March 16, 2012.

CAMELOT CORPORATION INDEX TO FORM 10-Q

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CAMELOT CORPORATION Balance Sheets (An Exploration Stage Company)

	January 31, 2012 ----- (Unaudited)
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,586
Prepaid Expenses	--

Total current assets	4,586
Other assets	
Mineral rights-leased (Note 7)	--

Total Assets	\$ 4,586

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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable-non related party	\$ 75,892
Accounts payable-related party	1,654
Accrued interest payable	20,292
Advances payable, related party	65,025

TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	162,863
Note payable	117,000

TOTAL LIABILITIES	279,863

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTES 1,2, 4, 5, 6, 7, AND 8)	
STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)	
Preferred stock \$0.01 par value 100,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	--
Common stock \$0.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 2,006,528 shares issued and outstanding	20,065
Additional paid-in-capital	32,849,816
Accumulated deficit	(33,032,881)
Accumulated deficit during the exploration stage	(112,277)

Total stockholders' (deficit)	(275,277)

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)	\$ 4,586
	=====

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CAMELOT CORPORATION
Statements of Operations
(An Exploration Stage Company)
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended January 31, 2012	Nine Months Ended January 31, 2011	Three Months Ended January 31, 2012	Three Mon Ended January 2011
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Revenues	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Operating Expenses				
Professional fees	23,404	40,896	3,717	3,500
Other	924	760	110	300
	-----	-----	-----	-----
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	24,328	41,656	3,827	3,900
	-----	-----	-----	-----
(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(24,328)	(41,656)	(3,827)	(3,900)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Interest (expense)	(7,749)	(6,963)	(2,511)	(3,400)

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Cancellation of mining property lease (See Note 7)	(15,457)	--	(15,457)	
NET (LOSS)	(47,534)	(48,619)	(21,795)	(7,4
Loss per share basic and diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.01)	\$ N
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding basic and diluted	2,006,528	2,006,528	2,006,528	2,006,5

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CAMELOT CORPORATION
 Statements of Cash Flows
 (An Exploration Stage Company)
 (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended January 31, 2012	Nine Months Ended January 31, 2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income (loss)	\$ (47,534)	\$ (48,619)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Decrease prepaid expense	--	433
Increase in mineral rights- leased	15,457	--
Increase in accrued interest payable	7,749	6,963
Increase in accounts payable	6,597	18,583
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(17,731)	(22,640)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Decrease in Mineral rights- leased	--	(11,457)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	--	(11,457)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Paid in capital		
Advances from related party	15,000	35,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	15,000	35,000
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(2,731)	903
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	7,317	13,857
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,586	\$ 14,760

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SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	=====	=====
Interest	\$ --	\$ --
	=====	=====
Income Taxes	\$ --	\$ --
	=====	=====
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS		
Exchange of accounts payable for note payable		\$ 117,000
		=====

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Camelot Corporation
(An Exploration Stage Company)
Notes to Financial Statements
January 31, 2012

1. OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Camelot Corporation, ("the Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado on September 5, 1975. The Company was formerly a holding company but since it ceased operations in the fiscal year ended April 30, 1999, the Company has had minimal operations. All previous business activities have been discontinued.

Our plan of operation for the next twelve months is to secure a property on which we will carry out an exploration program.

The Company's fiscal year end is April 30.

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying interim unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation statement of the results for the interim periods have been made, and all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the nine month period ended January 31, 2012 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending April 30, 2012. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes thereto included in our Form 10-K Report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2011.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company has not generated any revenues since it ceased operations in 1999. It is the Company's policy that revenues are recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred (or service has been performed), the sales price is fixed and determinable, and collectability is reasonably assured.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers cash in banks, deposits in transit, and highly liquid debt instruments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

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USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management routinely makes judgments and estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates that are critical to the accompanying financial statements include the identification and valuation of assets and liabilities, valuation of deferred tax assets, and the likelihood of loss contingencies. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and assumptions are revised periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period it is determined to be necessary.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

ASC 825, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments", requires disclosure of fair value information about financial instruments. ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements" defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of January 31, 2012.

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The respective carrying values of certain on-balance-sheet financial instruments approximate their fair values. These financial instruments include accounts payable, advances payable, accrued liabilities and notes payable. Fair values were assumed to approximate carrying values for these financial instruments since they are short term in nature and their carrying amounts approximate fair value, or they are receivable or payable on demand.

MINERAL PROPERTY ACQUISITION AND EXPLORATION COSTS

The Company has been in the exploration stage since June 11, 2010, and has not yet realized any revenue from its operations. Mineral property acquisition costs are initially capitalized in accordance with accounting standards. The Company assesses the carrying costs for impairment at each fiscal quarter end. If proven and probable reserves are established for a property and it has been determined that a mineral property can be economically developed, capitalized costs will be amortized using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the probable reserves. To date the Company has not established any proven or probable reserves on its mineral properties. Mineral exploration costs are expensed as incurred.

INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes are determined using the liability method under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are based upon temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting purposes and the effect of net operating loss carry-forwards. Deferred tax assets are evaluated to determine if it is more likely than not that they will be realized. Valuation allowances have been established to reduce the carrying value of deferred tax assets in recognition of significant uncertainties regarding their ultimate realization.

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BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share in accordance with ASC 260-10-45 "Earnings per Share", (SFAS 128) which requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share on the face of the statement of operations. Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net earnings (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive earnings (loss) per share excludes all potential common shares if their effect is anti-dilutive. The Company has no potential dilutive instruments, and therefore, basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are equal.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company accounts for common stock issued to employees for services based on the fair value of the instruments issued, and accounts for common stock issued to other than employees based on the fair value of the consideration received or the fair value of the equity instruments, whichever is more reliably measurable. The Company did not make any option grants during 2011, and accordingly, has not recognized any stock based compensation expense related to options.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

There were various accounting standards and updates recently issued, none of which are expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, operations, or cash flows.

2. GOING CONCERN

The Company's financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of obligations in the normal course of business. However, the Company has recurring losses, has negative working capital, and has a total stockholders' deficit. The Company does not currently have any revenue generating operations. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

In view of these matters, continuation as a going concern is dependent upon continued operations of the Company, which in turn is dependent upon the Company's ability to, meets its financial requirements, raise additional capital, and the success of its future operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amount and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary should the Company not continue as a going concern.

Management plans to fund operations of the Company through advances from existing shareholders, private placement of restricted securities or the issuance of stock in lieu of cash for payment of services until such a time as a business combination or other profitable investment may be achieved. There are no written agreements in place for such funding or issuance of securities and there can be no assurance that such will be available in the future. Management believes that this plan provides an opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern.

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3. CAPITAL STOCK

COMMON STOCK

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On November 20, 2009, Daniel Wettreich sold 1,734,830 (post-merger basis) shares of common stock to Jeffrey Rochlin. Following this transaction Mr. Rochlin now controls 86.83% of the presently issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. The total number of common shares authorized by the Company is 50,000,000 shares, par value \$.01, of which 2,006,528 are issued and outstanding.

PREFERRED STOCK

The Company has 100,000,000 authorized shares of \$.01 par value preferred stock with rights and preferences as designated by the board of directors at the time of issuance. As of January 31, 2012 and April 30, 2011, the following series of preferred stock were authorized, issued and outstanding:

Series of Preferred Stock -----	Number of Shares Authorized -----	Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding -----
A	2,000	0
B	75,000	0
C	50,000	0
D	66,134	0
E	108,056	0
F	15,000	0
G	1,000,000	0
H	5,333,333	0
I	17,000,000	0
J	10,000,000	0
K	412,000	0
L	500,000	0
	-----	----
Totals	34,561,523	0
	=====	=====

4. INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes arise from temporary timing differences in the recognition of income and expenses for financial reporting and tax purposes. The Company's deferred tax assets consist entirely of the benefit from net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards. The net operating loss carryforwards, if not used, will expire in various years through 2030, and are severely restricted as per the Internal Revenue code due to the change in ownership. The Company's deferred tax assets are offset by a valuation allowance due to the uncertainty of the realization of the net operating loss carry forwards. Net operating loss carryforwards may be further limited by other provisions of the tax laws.

The Company's deferred tax assets, valuation allowance, and change in valuation allowance are as follows:

Period Ending -----	Estimated NOL Carry-forward -----	NOL Expires -----	Estimated Tax Benefit From NOL -----	Valuation Allowance -----	Change in Valuation Allowance -----	Net T Benef -----
April 30, 2011	\$ 266,298	Various	\$49,265	\$ (49,265)	\$(13,445)	\$ -
April 30, 2010	\$ 193,619	Various	\$ 35,820	\$ (35,820)	\$ (8,070)	\$ -
April 30, 2009	\$ 150,000	Various	\$ 27,750	\$ (27,750)	\$ --	\$ -

Income taxes at the statutory rate are reconciled to the Company's actual income taxes as follows:

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Income tax benefit at statutory rate resulting from net operating loss carryforward	(15.00%)
State tax (benefit) net of federal benefit	(3.50%)
Deferred income tax valuation allowance	18.50%

Actual tax rate	--
	=====

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's Chief Executive Officer & majority shareholder until November 20, 2009, advanced funds to pay creditors of the Company. During the year ended April 30, 2009, a total of \$99,188 was advanced and \$105,287 was owed at year end. Following the end of fiscal year 2009 and prior to the sale of his common stock on November 20, 2009, Danny Wettreich advanced additional funds to pay creditors of the Company. These advances were evidenced by a Demand Promissory Note of the Company to Mr. Wettreich, which Note was sold to an outside investor on November 20, 2009. (See note 6)

The Company uses the offices of its President for its minimal office facility needs for no consideration. No provision for these costs has been provided since it has been determined that they are immaterial.

Through January 31, 2012, the company's current president has advanced the Company \$65,025. The advances bear an annual interest rate of 6 percent. As of January 31, 2012, accrued interest payable of \$4,913 is owed and has no specific repayment terms.

6. NOTE PAYABLE

The July 20, 2010 Promissory Note is in the principal amount of \$117,000, bears an annual interest rate of 6 percent, is due and payable on November 30, 2015 and is collateralized by all the assets of the Company. As of January 31, 2012 accrued interest payable of \$15,379 is owed on this note.

7. MINERAL LEASE AGREEMENT

The Company entered into a mineral lease agreement with Timberwolf Minerals, Ltd. on June 11, 2010. The cost of the initial lease payment was capitalized in accordance with accounting standards. On June 8, 2011, the Company and Timberwolf entered into an Amended Mineral Lease Agreement (the "Amended Lease"). Under the terms of the Lease and the Amended Lease, the Company paid an annual rental payment of \$4,000 on the first anniversary of the Lease, June 11, 2011, and was obligated to pay to Timberwolf minimum subsequent annual rental payments as follows: \$20,000 on or before the second anniversary of the Lease, \$25,000 on or before the third anniversary of the Lease, \$50,000 on or before the fourth anniversary of the Lease and \$50,000 on or before the fifth anniversary of the Lease. The Company was able to terminate the lease by giving Lessor a 30 day written notice. In November 2011 the Company determined it was in its best interests to terminate the lease. Our plan of operation for the next twelve months is to secure another property on which we will carry out a new exploration program.

8. CHANGE OF CONTROL

On November 20, 2009, Jeffrey Rochlin entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Danny Wettreich pursuant to which Mr. Wettreich sold 1,734,830 (post-merger basis) shares of common stock of the Company, representing approximately 86.83% of the total issued and outstanding shares of common stock of the Company, for a

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total purchase price of \$8,000.

Upon the closing of the purchase transaction, Mr. Rochlin acquired 1,734,830 (post-merger basis) shares of common stock, or approximately 86.83% of the issued and outstanding Common Stock and attained voting control of the Company.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to January 31, 2012 to assess the need for potential recognition or disclosure in this report. Such events were evaluated through the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, it was determined that no subsequent events occurred that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The information in this report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including statements regarding the Company's capital needs, business strategy and expectations. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue," the negative of such terms or other comparable terminology. Actual events or results may differ materially. In evaluating these statements, you should consider various factors, including the risks outlined from time to time, in other reports we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update these statements, or disclose any difference between its actual results and those reflected in these statements. The information constitutes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

BUSINESS AND PLAN OF OPERATION

THE COMPANY

The Company was incorporated in Colorado on September 5, 1975, and completed a \$500,000 public offering of its common stock in March 1976. The Company made several acquisitions and divestments of businesses. The Company was delisted from NASDAQ's Small Cap Market on February 26, 1998. In July 1998 all employees of Camelot were terminated. Its directors and officers have since provided unpaid services on a part-time basis to the Company.

On November 6, 2009, the Company's common stock was accepted for quotation, effective November 9, 2009, on the OTC Bulletin Board ("OTCBB").

On November 24, 2009, the Company filed with the SEC a current report on Form 8-K reporting a sale of a majority of the Company's common stock from Danny Wettreich to Jeffrey Rochlin, the resignation of Danny Wettreich as officer of the Company and the election of Jeffrey Rochlin as President, Chief Executive Officer, Secretary and Treasurer of the Company effective November 20, 2009.

On May 12, 2010, the sole director of the Company, Danny Wettreich, appointed

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Jeffrey Rochlin as a director of the Company. Concurrent with said appointment, Mr. Wettreich resigned as a director, with Mr. Rochlin to serve as director until the next annual meeting of shareholders and until the election and qualification of his successor or his earlier removal or resignation. The Company reported Mr. Rochlin's appointment and Mr. Wettreich's resignation on a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 12, 2010.

A special meeting of shareholders of Camelot Corporation was held on Thursday, April 28, 2011. At the special meeting, a majority of the shareholders of Camelot Corporation approved the adoption of a proposed Agreement and Plan of Merger, to reincorporate Camelot Corporation, a Colorado corporation ("Camelot Nevada") in the State of Nevada by merger with and into a Nevada corporation with the name Camelot Corporation ("Camelot Nevada") (the "Migratory Merger"). Camelot Colorado formed Camelot Nevada expressly for the purpose of the Migratory Merger.

On May 23, 2011, FINRA affected the Migratory Merger, and the Agreement and Plan of Merger became effective resulting in the following:

1. The adoption of the Articles of Incorporation of Camelot Nevada under the laws of the state of Nevada as the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, pursuant to which there are 150,000,000 shares of authorized capital stock, consisting of 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Camelot Nevada Common Stock"), and 100,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). The Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more participating,

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optional, or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as shall be stated in the resolutions adopted by Camelot Nevada's Board of Directors providing for the issuance of such Preferred Stock or series thereof.

2. The issued and outstanding shares of Camelot Colorado Common Stock (49,236,106 shares) automatically converted into the right to receive shares of Camelot Nevada Common Stock at a ratio of one (1) share of Camelot Nevada Common Stock for each twenty-five (25) shares of Camelot Colorado Common Stock held immediately prior to the effectiveness of the Migratory Merger, provided, however, that holders of Camelot Colorado Common Stock who would receive at least one share but fewer than 100 shares of Camelot Nevada Common Stock upon conversion were rounded up so that they received 100 shares of Camelot Nevada Common Stock (the "Conversion Ratio"). No fractional shares were issued, and holders who would receive less than one share upon conversion did not receive Camelot Nevada Common Stock but will receive a cash distribution of One Dollar (\$1.00) upon submission of the Shareholder Transmittal Form Requesting Cash Payment for Fractional Shares.

3. The adoption of the Bylaws of Camelot Nevada under the laws of the state of Nevada as the Bylaws of the Company. The approval of the Migratory Merger resulted in a total of 2,006,528 shares of common stock issued and outstanding at May 23, 2011.

The Company entered into a mineral lease agreement with Timberwolf Minerals, Ltd. on June 11, 2010. The cost of the initial lease payment was capitalized in accordance with accounting standards. On June 8, 2011, the Company and Timberwolf entered into an Amended Mineral Lease Agreement (the "Amended Lease"). Under the terms of the Lease and the Amended Lease, the Company paid an annual rental payment of \$4,000 on the first anniversary of the Lease, June 11, 2011, and was obligated to pay to Timberwolf minimum subsequent annual rental payments as follows: \$20,000 on or before the second anniversary of the Lease, \$25,000 on or before the third anniversary of the Lease, \$50,000 on or before

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the fourth anniversary of the Lease and \$50,000 on or before the fifth anniversary of the Lease. The Company was able to terminate the lease by giving Lessor a 30 day written notice. In November 2011 the Company determined it was in its best interests to terminate the lease. Our plan of operation for the next twelve months is to secure another property on which we will carry out a new exploration program.

PLAN OF OPERATION

The Company's plan of operations is to secure another property on which we will conduct mineral exploration activities in order to assess whether the Claims possess commercially exploitable mineral deposits. (Commercially exploitable mineral deposits are deposits which are suitably adequate or prepared for productive use of a natural accumulation of minerals or ores). The Company is an exploration stage company and there is no assurance that a commercially viable mineral deposit will exist on any Claim we may procure.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash used by operating activities for the nine month period ending January 31, 2012 was \$29,188 compared with \$22,640 in the comparable period of 2011. Net cash used in investing activities for the nine month period ending January 31, 2012 was \$0 compared with \$(11,457) in the comparable period of 2011. Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine month period ended January 31, 2012 was \$15,000 compared with \$35,000 provided in the comparable period of 2011. Cash of \$4,586 at January 31, 2012 compares with cash of \$7,317 at January 31, 2011.

The Company does not have any plans for capital expenditures other than any potential exploration costs if we are able to procure a property to carry out an exploration program. The Company has negligible cash resources and will experience liquidity problems over the next twelve months due to its lack of revenue unless it is able to raise funds from outside sources. There are no known trends, demands, commitments or events that would result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Company's liquidity increasing or decreasing in a material way.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company's revenue for the period ended January 31, 2012 was \$0 compared with \$0 in the comparable period of 2011. For the quarter ended January 31, 2012 we incurred a net loss from operations of \$3,827, and a total net loss of \$21,795.

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For the comparable quarter ended January 31, 2011 we incurred a net loss from operations of \$3,956 and a total net loss of \$7,409.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not Applicable

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

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As of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report, our sole officer performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on the evaluation and the identification of the material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting described below, our sole officer concluded that, as of January 31, 2012, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective.

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projection of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods is subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Jeffrey Rochlin, our President, has conducted an assessment of our internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2012. Management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting was conducted using the criteria in Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Guidance for Smaller Public Companies issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO").

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. In connection with management's assessment of our internal control over financial reporting as required under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we identified the following material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2012:

1. The Company has not established adequate financial reporting monitoring procedures to mitigate the risk of management override, specifically because there are no employees and only one officer and director with management functions and therefore there is lack of segregation of duties. In addition, the Company does not have accounting software to prevent erroneous or unauthorized changes to previous reporting periods. The lack of effective controls resulted in deficient financial reporting which was corrected in the audit process.

2. In addition, there is insufficient oversight of accounting principles implementation and insufficient oversight of external audit functions.

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3. There is a strong reliance on the external attorneys to review and edit the annual and quarterly filings and to ensure compliance with SEC disclosure requirements.

Because of the material weaknesses noted above, management has concluded that we did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting as of January 31, 2012, based on Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Guidance for Smaller Public Companies issued by COSO.

REMEDIATION OF MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

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As a small business, without a viable business and revenues, the Company does not have the resources to install a dedicated staff with deep expertise in all facets of SEC disclosure and GAAP compliance. As is the case with many small businesses, the Company will continue to work with its external consultants as it relates to new accounting principles and changes to SEC disclosure requirements. The Company has found this approach worked well in the past and believes it to be the most cost effective solution available for the foreseeable future.

The Company will conduct a review of existing sign-off and review procedures as well as document control protocols for critical accounting spreadsheets. The Company will also increase management's review of key financial documents and records.

As a small business, the Company does not have the resources to fund sufficient staff to ensure a complete segregation of responsibilities within the accounting function. However, Company management does review, and will increase the review of, financial statements on a monthly basis. These actions, in addition to the improvements identified above, will minimize any risk of a potential material misstatement occurring.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There were no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended January 31, 2012, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We know of no material, active or pending legal proceedings against the Company, nor are we involved as a plaintiff in any material proceeding or pending litigation. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial shareholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

ITEM 1A. RISKS FACTORS

Not applicable

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable

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ITEM 4. REMOVED AND RESERVED

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

a). None

b). None

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation(1)
3.2	Amended Certificate of Incorporation(1)
3.3	Articles of Incorporation - Nevada(2)
3.4	By-Laws(2)
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate(1)
10.1	Mineral Lease Agreement dated June 11, 2010 between Camelot Corporation and Timberwolf Minerals, Ltd.(3)
10.2	Amendment to Mineral Lease Agreement dated June 8, 2011 between Camelot Corporation and Timberwolf Minerals, Ltd.(2)
16.1	Letter from Comiskey & Co., P.C. dated June 9, 2010(4)
31	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1	Blair Junction Summary Report of Timberwolf Minerals Ltd.(3)
99.2	Blair Junction Summary and Recommendations of Timberwolf Minerals Ltd.(3)
101	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

1. Incorporated herein by reference from the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 23, 1976.
2. Incorporated herein by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 13, 2011.
3. Incorporated herein by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 26, 2010.
4. Incorporated herein by reference from the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 14, 2010.

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SIGNATURE

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act, the Registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: March 16, 2011

CAMELOT CORPORATION

By: /s/ Jeffrey Rochlin

Jeffrey Rochlin
Principal Executive Officer
Principal Financial Officer and Director

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