

this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files): Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

As of May 10, 2016, there were 82,730,134 shares of the registrant's Common Stock issued and outstanding.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION

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CERTIFICATIONS

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATIONITEM 1. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**(Unaudited)**

	MARCH 31, 2016	DECEMBER 31, 2015
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,251,464	\$ 7,930,303
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$76,486 and \$73,378 in 2016 and 2015, respectively	7,122,892	10,565,113
Unbilled accounts receivable	9,057,696	6,637,587
Inventories	40,993	28,400
Prepaid expenses and other assets	510,533	435,300
Deferred income taxes	36,243	30,889
Total current assets	23,019,821	25,627,592
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Property and equipment, net	1,439,692	1,513,307
Intangibles, net	4,834,602	5,101,523
Goodwill	18,555,578	18,555,578
Deposits and other assets	56,190	60,471
TOTAL ASSETS	\$47,905,883	\$ 50,858,471
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Line of credit advance	\$585,712	\$ -
Short term note payable	76,761	131,953
Accounts payable	2,886,931	7,812,226

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Accrued expenses	9,679,060	6,687,054
Deferred revenue	1,253,896	2,007,970
Income taxes payable	59,645	37,684
Current portion of long-term debt	679,074	893,706
Current portion of capital lease obligations	18,716	28,752
Total current liabilities	15,239,795	17,599,345
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt, net of current portion	426,937	431,756
Capital lease obligation, net of current portion	5,111	11,962
Deferred rent, net of current portion	144,724	151,994
Deferred revenue	6,132	24,937
Deferred income taxes	447,811	447,811
Total liabilities	16,270,510	18,667,805
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 2,045,714 shares issued and none outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 110,000,000 shares authorized; 82,730,134 and 82,520,696 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	82,730	82,521
Additional paid-in capital	93,699,300	93,661,178
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(204,254)	(270,140)
Accumulated deficit	(61,942,403)	(61,282,893)
Total stockholders' equity	31,635,373	32,190,666
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$47,905,883	\$ 50,858,471

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS****(Unaudited)**

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2016	2015
REVENUES	\$20,508,640	\$17,695,568
COST OF REVENUES (including amortization and depreciation of \$292,241 and \$295,436, respectively)	16,303,662	14,125,600
GROSS PROFIT	4,204,978	3,569,968
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sales and Marketing	739,049	770,511
General and Administrative Expenses (including share-based compensation of \$87,879 and \$37,551, respectively)	3,757,946	3,727,045
Product Development	257,383	68,852
Depreciation and Amortization	94,478	98,297
Total Operating Expenses	4,848,856	4,664,705
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(643,878)	(1,094,737)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest Income	4,173	5,926
Interest Expense	(20,330)	(44,240)
Other Income	1,968	7,433
Total Other Income (Expense)	(14,189)	(30,881)
LOSS BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	(658,067)	(1,125,618)
INCOME TAX PROVISION	1,443	32,141
NET LOSS	\$(659,510)	\$(1,157,759)
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$(0.008)	\$(0.014)
BASIC WEIGHTED-AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	82,559,822	81,743,812
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$(0.008)	\$(0.014)

DILUTED WEIGHTED-AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING	82,559,822	81,743,812
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

(Unaudited)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2016	2015
Net Loss	\$(659,510)	\$(1,157,759)
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax	65,886	(114,507)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	65,886	(114,507)
Comprehensive loss	\$(593,624)	\$(1,272,266)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(Unaudited)**

THREE MONTHS
ENDED
MARCH 31,
2016 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net loss	\$(659,510)	\$(1,157,759)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense	(3,965)	(14,521)
Depreciation expense	119,799	125,391
Provision for doubtful accounts	(6,616)	(1,640)
Amortization of intangibles	266,920	268,342
Share-based compensation expense	87,879	37,551
Loss on disposal of equipment	-	1,101
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable and unbilled receivables	1,341,494	(1,464,099)
Inventories	(12,265)	10,804
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(91,619)	(143,149)
Other assets	4,281	23,821
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,295,069)	785,850
Income tax (payable) receivable	20,691	16,178
Deferred revenue and other liabilities	(814,525)	221,693
Net cash used in operating activities	(2,042,505)	(1,290,437)

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Purchase of property and equipment	(39,187)	(93,030)
Net cash used in investing activities	(39,187)	(93,030)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Advances on bank line of credit	3,804,476	3,926,571
Repayments of bank line of credit advances	(3,218,764)	(3,926,571)
Principal repayments of long term debt	(219,451)	(209,929)
Principal repayments under capital lease obligations	(15,183)	(15,190)
Restricted stock award tax liability payment	(30,016)	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	-	126,092

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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	321,062	(99,027)
Net effect of exchange rate on cash and equivalents	81,791	(147,815)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(1,678,839)	(1,630,309)
CASH, beginning of period	7,930,303	13,154,699
CASH, end of period	\$6,251,464	\$11,524,390

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

THREE
MONTHS
ENDED
MARCH 31,
2016 2015

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid for interest	\$23,071	\$31,061
Cash paid for income taxes	\$4,031	\$24,225

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Organization and Nature of Operations

Organization

WidePoint Corporation (“WidePoint” or the “Company”) was incorporated in Delaware on May 30, 1997. The Company is a global provider of information technology (IT) based products, services, and solutions. The Company offers secure, cloud-based, enterprise-wide information technology-based solutions that enable commercial markets, and federal and state government organizations, to deploy fully compliant IT services in accordance with government-mandated regulations and advanced system requirements. The Company has sales and operational offices strategically located throughout the continental United States, Ireland, the Netherlands and the United Kingdom. The Company’s principal executive and administrative headquarters is located in McLean, Virginia.

Nature of Operations

We provide secure, cloud-based, enterprise-wide information technology (IT) solutions to commercial enterprises, federal state and foreign governments in many different industry sectors. Our IT solutions are accessible on-demand through cloud computing and provide our customers with a set of streamlined mobile communications management, identity management, and consulting solutions that provide our customers with the ability to manage, analyze and protect their valuable communications assets, and deploy compliant identity management solutions that provide secured virtual and physical access to restricted environments. We use proprietary software, analytical tools and reporting solutions that enable our customers to actively manage their fixed and mobile communications assets and expenses and identity management requirements in an efficient and cost-effective manner in a safe and secure environment anywhere in the world.

The Company’s operating results may vary significantly from quarter-to-quarter, due to revenues earned on contracts, the number of billable days in a quarter, the timing of the pass-through of other direct costs, the commencement and completion of contracts during any particular quarter, the schedule of the government agencies for awarding contracts, the term of each contract awarded and general economic conditions. A significant portion of the Company’s expenses, such as personnel and facilities costs, are fixed in the short term. Successful contract performance and variation in the volume of activity as well as in the number of contracts commenced or completed during any quarter may cause

significant variations in operating results from quarter to quarter.

2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2016 and for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, included herein have been prepared by the Company, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Pursuant to such regulations, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) have been condensed or omitted. It is the opinion of management that all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of financial results are reflected in the financial statements for the interim periods presented. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2015 was derived from the audited condensed consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. The results of operations for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 are not indicative of the operating results for the full year.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its wholly owned subsidiaries and acquired entities since their respective dates of acquisition. All significant inter-company amounts were eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications

The Company reclassified amounts representing product development previously included in the caption “general and administrative expenses” on the March 31, 2015 condensed consolidated statement of operations presentation as a separate line item to conform to the current year presentation.

Foreign Currency

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based upon exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. The resulting translation adjustments, along with any related tax effects, are included in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, a component of stockholders’ equity. Translation adjustments are reclassified to earnings upon the sale or substantial liquidation of investments in foreign operations. Revenues and expenses are translated at the average month-end exchange rates during the year. Gains and losses related to transactions in a currency other than the functional currency, including operations outside the U.S. where the functional currency is the U.S. dollar, are reported net in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations, depending on the nature of the activity.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The more significant areas requiring use of estimates and judgment relate to revenue recognition, accounts receivable valuation reserves, ability to realize intangible assets and goodwill, ability to realize deferred income tax assets, fair value of certain financial instruments and the

evaluation of contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no significant changes in the Company's significant accounting policies during the first three months of 2016 from those disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2016.

Segment Reporting

Our customers and the industry view our market as a singular business and demand an integrated and scalable suite of information technology-based enterprise-wide solutions. Our information technology service offerings comprise a single business from which the Company earns revenues and incurs costs. The Company's information technology service offerings are centrally managed and reported on that basis to its Chief Operating Decision Maker who evaluates its business as a single segment. See Note 13 for detailed information regarding the composition of information technology services.

Accounting Standards Update

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net), which amended certain existing illustrative examples and adding additional illustrative examples to assist in the application of the guidance on principal versus agent considerations. The effective date and transition of these amendments is the same as the effective date and transition of ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The new standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that ASU 2016-08 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method, adoption date, or determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) ASU 2016-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which included amendments to simplify the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized and cash flow statement classification. The new standard is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The standard may be applied on a using a full retrospective, modified retrospective, or prospective transition method depending on the amendment adopted. Any retrospective adjustment shall be accounted for as a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that ASU 2016-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method, adoption date, or determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

3. Business Combinations

There were no business combinations during the three month period ended March 31, 2016.

4. Accounts Receivable and Significant Concentrations

Accounts receivable consist of the following by customer type for each of the periods presented below:

MARCH	DECEMBER 31,
31,	
2016	2015

	(Unaudited)	
Commercial	\$3,210,857	\$ 2,616,702
Government	3,988,521	8,021,789
Gross accounts receivable	7,199,378	10,638,491
Less: allowances for doubtful accounts	(76,486)	(73,378)
Accounts receivable, net	\$7,122,892	\$ 10,565,113

For the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, the Company had no material recoveries of accounts receivable for which an allowance had been previously established.

Significant Concentrations

Customers representing ten percent or more of consolidated trade accounts receivable are set forth in the table below for each of the periods presented:

Customer Name	MARCH 31, 2016		DECEMBER 31, 2015	
	As a % of	Receivables	As a % of	Receivables
Department of Homeland Security (“DHS”)	41 %	(Unaudited)	51 %	(Unaudited)
US Airforce	--	(Unaudited)	14 %	(Unaudited)

Customers representing ten percent or more of consolidated revenues are set forth in the table below for each of the periods presented:

Customer Name	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016		
	As a % of Revenues (Unaudited)	As a % of Revenues (Unaudited)	As a % of Revenues (Unaudited)
Department of Homeland Security (DHS)	65 %	49 %	

5. Unbilled Accounts Receivable

Unbilled accounts receivable represents amounts not yet billed for services delivered. Unbilled receivables consist of the following by customer type for each of the periods presented below:

	MARCH 31, 2016 (Unaudited)	DECEMBER 31, 2015
Commercial	\$656,007	\$ 422,138
Government	8,401,689	6,215,449
Unbilled accounts receivable	\$9,057,696	\$ 6,637,587

6. Property and Equipment

Major classes of property and equipment consisted of the following for each of the periods presented below:

	MARCH 31, 2016	DECEMBER 31, 2015
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	(Unaudited)	
Land and building	\$677,054	\$ 677,054
Computer hardware and software	2,754,981	2,698,577
Furniture and fixtures	312,439	303,691
Leasehold improvements	576,207	568,642
Automobile	246,102	247,405
Gross property and equipment	4,566,783	4,495,369
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,127,091)	(2,982,062)
Property and equipment, net	\$1,439,692	\$ 1,513,307

There were no changes in the estimated useful lives used to depreciate property and equipment during the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. For each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, property and equipment depreciation expense recorded was approximately \$120,000 and \$125,400, respectively. For each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, there were no material sales or disposals of owned property and equipment.

Included in property and equipment are certain equipment purchases acquired under capital lease arrangements. See Note 8 for additional information about historical capital lease obligations. Total capitalized cost of equipment under capital leases at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was approximately \$372,600, respectively. For each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company did not enter into any capital lease arrangements.

For the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, depreciation expense for leased equipment was approximately \$3,700 and \$19,700, respectively. Accumulated depreciation for leased equipment at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was approximately \$355,100 and \$351,400, respectively. For the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, there were no disposals of leased equipment. Total net book value of assets under capital leases at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 was approximately \$17,500 and \$21,200, respectively.

7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The Company has recorded goodwill of \$18,555,578 as of March 31, 2016. There were no changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The Company considered whether there were indicators of impairment during the three month period ended March 31, 2016.

The Company has recorded intangible assets of \$4,834,602, consisting of purchased intangibles and internally developed software used in the conduct of business. For the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 there were no additions of internally developed (cybersecurity software) intangible assets. There were no disposals of intangible assets for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

The aggregate amortization expense recorded for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 were approximately \$266,900 and \$268,300, respectively. The total weighted average life of purchased and internally developed intangible assets is approximately 4.2 years at March 31, 2016.

8. Line of Credit and Long Term Debt

Commercial Loan Agreement Facility

On April 28, 2016, the Company entered into a Business Loan Agreement with Cardinal Bank (the "Loan Agreement") to replace the existing \$8.0 million revolving line of credit facility with Cardinal Bank effective as of April 27, 2016.

The new Loan Agreement is for \$6.0 million and extended the maturity date of the credit facility through April 30, 2017. The available amount under the revolving line of credit is subject to a borrowing base, which is equal to the lesser of (i) \$6.0 million or (ii) 75% of qualified government and commercial accounts receivables, less any amounts outstanding on the Company's \$4.0 million term loan with Cardinal Bank. The interest rate for the revolving line of credit is the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus 0.75%, with a floor of 4.25%.

The Loan Agreement requires that the Company (i) maintain a minimum tangible net worth of at least \$6.25 million as of June 30, 2016, increasing to \$6.5 million at December 31, 2016; (ii) generate a minimum after-tax net income of at least \$1.00 for the third quarter of 2016 and at least \$200,000 for the fourth quarter of 2016 and (iii) maintain a current ratio of 1.1:1 tested quarterly.

Under the credit facility in place prior to the subsequent renewal as discussed above the Company was advanced approximately \$3.8 million and repaid approximately \$3.2 million during the three month period ended March 31, 2016. There was approximately \$0.6 million outstanding against the Company's prior credit facility at March 31, 2016. The interest rate applicable to revolving line of credit advances made against the prior credit facility during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was the Wall Street Journal prime rate plus 0.50%, with a floor of 3.75%. As of March 31, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	MARCH 31, 2016 (Unaudited)	DECEMBER 31, 2015
Cardinal Bank mortgage dated December 17, 2010 (1)	\$446,237	\$ 450,770
Cardinal Bank term note dated December 31, 2011 (2)	659,774	874,692
Total	1,106,011	1,325,462
Less: current portion	(679,074)	(893,706)
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$426,937	\$ 431,756

(1) On December 17, 2010, the Company entered into a real estate purchase agreement to acquire operations and call center facility in Columbus, Ohio for approximately \$677,000. In connection with the real estate purchase agreement, the Company entered into a \$528,000 ten-year mortgage with Cardinal Bank to fund the unpaid portion of the purchase price. The mortgage loan bears interest at 6.0% with monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$3,800, and matures on December 17, 2020. The mortgage loan principal and interest payments are based on a twenty-year amortization with the unpaid balance due at maturity. The mortgage loan is secured by the real estate.

(2) On December 31, 2011, the Company entered into a \$4.0 million 5-year term note with Cardinal Bank (“Cardinal Bank Term Note”) to fund a portion of the purchase price paid in connection with the asset purchase agreement with Avalon Global Solutions, Inc. (“AGS”) dated December 30, 2011. The term note bears interest at 4.5% with monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$74,694, and matures on December 30, 2016. The term note is secured under a corporate security agreement.

Capital Lease Obligations

The Company has leased certain equipment and automobiles under capital lease arrangements that expire in 2017. Except for the assumption of certain capital lease arrangements in connection with the acquisition of Soft-ex Communications Ltd. (“SCL”), there were no changes to existing lease arrangements during the three month period ended March 31, 2016.

9. Income Taxes

The Company files U.S. federal income tax returns with the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) as well as income tax returns in various states and certain foreign countries. The Company may be subject to examination by the IRS or various state taxing jurisdictions for tax years 2003 and forward. The Company may be subject to examination by various foreign countries for tax years 2014 forward. As of March 31, 2016, the Company was not under examination by the IRS, any state or foreign tax jurisdiction. The Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits at either March 31, 2016 or December 31, 2015. In the future if applicable, any interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions will be recognized in income tax expense.

As of March 31, 2016, the Company had recorded a deferred tax asset of approximately \$28.9 million reflecting the benefit of approximately \$25.9 million in net operating loss (NOL) carry forwards available to offset future taxable income for federal income tax purposes, net of the potential Section 382 limitations. These federal NOL carry forwards expire between 2017 and 2032. Included in the recorded deferred tax asset, the Company had a benefit of approximately \$28.9 million available to offset future taxable income for state income tax purposes. These state NOL

carry forwards expire between 2024 and 2032. Because of the change of ownership provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, use of a portion of our domestic NOL may be limited in future periods. Further, a portion of the carryforwards may expire before being applied to reduce future income tax liabilities.

Management assesses the available positive and negative evidence to estimate if sufficient future taxable income will be generated to use the existing deferred tax assets. Under existing income tax accounting standards such objective evidence is more heavily weighted in comparison to other subjective evidence such as our projections for future growth, tax planning and other tax strategies. A significant piece of objective negative evidence considered in management's evaluation of the realizability of its deferred tax assets was the existence of cumulative losses over the latest three-year period. Management forecast future taxable income, but concluded that there may not be enough of a recovery before the end of the fiscal year to overcome the negative objective evidence of three years of cumulative losses. On the basis of this evaluation, management recorded a valuation allowance against all deferred tax assets. If management's assumptions change and we determine we will be able to realize these deferred tax assets, the tax benefits relating to any reversal of the valuation allowance on deferred tax assets will be accounted for as a reduction of income tax expense.

10. Stockholders' Equity

Preferred Stock

There were no issuances of preferred stock during the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 110,000,000 shares of common stock, \$.001 par value per share. As of March 31, 2016, there were 82,730,134 shares of common stock outstanding.

Employee Stock Option Exercises

There were no stock options exercised during three month period ended March 31, 2016. Shares of common stock issued as a result of stock option exercises during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 was 217,160 and the Company realized gross proceeds of approximately \$126,100, from the exercise of such stock options. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the stock option plans.

11. Stock Options and Award Programs

Stock Incentive Plan

The Company adopted the 2008 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan") on December 18, 2008. The 2008 Plan was amended and restated on December 15, 2009. The 2008 Plan will terminate on December 17, 2017. The 2008 Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee and authorizes the grant or award of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, restricted stock awards, stock appreciation rights, dividend equivalent rights, performance unit awards and phantom shares. The Company issues new shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options. Any shares associated with forfeited awards are added back to the number of shares to be granted under the stock incentive plan.

Under the 2008 Plan, 6,578,049 shares were reserved for issuance under equity incentive awards to be issued pursuant to the 2008 Plan. As of March 31, 2016, there were 3,902,211 shares available to be issued under the 2008 Plan. As of March 31, 2016, the Company awarded restricted stock and non-qualified stock option awards of 500,000 and 2,175,838, respectively. A summary of restricted stock and non-qualified stock option award activity during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 is described in more detail below.

Restricted Stock Awards

On November 18, 2010, the Company's Compensation Committee granted Steve L. Komar and James T. McCubbin each an award of 250,000 shares of restricted stock of the Company, the vesting of which is based upon the earlier to occur of (a) the seventh anniversary date of the grant, or (b) an acceleration event set forth in the award agreement with respect to such grant, including the acceleration of fifty (50) percent of such awards upon the Company reporting annual consolidated revenue in excess of \$70 million. Accordingly, each of the executives had 125,000 shares vest in March 2016.

A summary of RSA activity as of March 31, 2016, and changes during three month period ended March 31, 2016 is set forth below:

NON-VESTED AWARDS	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2016		2015
	(Unaudited Shares		Shares
Non-vested balances, January 1	500,000	(1)	500,000
Vested	(250,000)	--	--
Non-vested balances, March 31	250,000		500,000

(1) The Company issued 209,438 shares of the Company's common stock in connection with this accelerated vesting event. Mr. McCubbin elected to have 40,562 of such shares withheld in satisfaction of the corresponding tax liability.

At March 31, 2016, the Company had approximately \$72,600 of total unamortized RSA compensation expense, related to the remaining 250,000 unvested RSAs that will be recognized over the weighted average remaining period of 1.7 years. The total intrinsic value of RSAs vested during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$185,000. The intrinsic value of outstanding RSAs as of March 31, 2016 was approximately \$150,000.

Stock Option Awards

The Company granted 50,000 stock options to a member of the Company's board of directors during the three month period ended March 31, 2016. There were no stock options granted during the three month period ended March 31, 2015. A summary of stock option activity as of March 31, 2016, and changes during three month period ended March 31, 2016 is set forth below:

NON-VESTED AWARDS	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31 2016 (Unaudited)		THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31 2015	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Non-vested balances, January 1,	841,672	\$ 0.80	1,340,838	\$ 0.57
Granted	50,000	\$ 0.39	--	--
Cancelled	--	--	(250,000)	0.39
Vested	(439,172)	\$ 0.65	(416,666)	\$ 0.27
Non-vested balances, March 31,	452,500	\$ 0.90	674,172	\$ 0.83

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31 2016 (Unaudited)	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31 2015
--	--

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OUTSTANDING AND EXERCISABLE AWARDS	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Awards outstanding, January 1,	1,857,668	\$ 0.91	2,791,601	\$ 0.83
Granted	50,000	\$ 0.68	--	--
Cancelled	(292,000)	\$ 0.74	(250,000)	\$ 0.74
Exercised	--	--	(217,160)	\$ 0.58
Awards outstanding, March 31,	1,615,668	\$ 0.94	2,324,441	\$ 0.86
Awards vested and expected to vest, March 31,	1,608,449	\$ 0.94	2,324,441	\$ 0.86
Awards outstanding and exercisable, March 31,	1,163,168	\$ 0.77	1,650,269	\$ 0.76

During the three month period ended March 31, 2016, there were stock options of 292,000 that were cancelled, of which 180,000 were cancelled due to termination of employment and the remainder expired unexercised at the end of the option term.

The weighted-average remaining contractual life and the aggregate intrinsic value (the amount by which the fair value of the Company's stock exceeds the exercise price of the option) of the stock options outstanding, exercisable, and vested and expected to vest as of March 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Outstanding (Unaudited)	Vested and Expected to Vest	Outstanding and Exercisable
Weighted-average remaining contractual life (in years)	3.3	2.9	2.9
Aggregate intrinsic value	\$ 34,200	\$ 34,200	\$ 34,200

Aggregate intrinsic value represents total pretax intrinsic value (the difference between WidePoint's closing stock price on March 31, 2016 and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on March 31, 2016. The intrinsic value will change based on the fair market value of WidePoint's stock. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2015 was approximately \$178,200.

At March 31, 2016, the Company had approximately \$217,000 of total unamortized non-qualified stock compensation expense, net of estimated forfeitures, related to stock option plans that will be recognized over the weighted average remaining period of 1.9 years.

Share-based compensation (including restricted stock awards) represents both stock options based expense and stock grant expense. For the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company recognized share-based compensation expense of approximately \$87,900 and \$37,500, respectively.

12. Earnings Per Common Share (EPS)

The computations of basic and diluted EPS were as follows for the periods presented below:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2016	2015
Basic EPS Computation:	(Unaudited)	

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Net (loss) income	\$(659,510)	\$(1,157,759)
Weighted average number of common shares	82,559,822	81,743,812
Basic EPS	\$(0.008)	\$(0.014)

Diluted EPS Computation:

Net (loss) income	\$(659,510)	\$(1,157,759)
Weighted average number of common shares	82,559,822	81,743,812
Incremental shares from assumed conversions of stock options	-	-
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares	82,559,822	81,743,812
Diluted EPS	\$(0.008)	\$(0.014)

The dilutive effect of unexercised stock options and restricted stock awards excludes 1,865,668 and 2,824,441 of options from the computation of EPS for the three month periods ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, because inclusion of the options would have been anti-dilutive.

13. Details of Consolidated Revenue and Revenue by Geographic Region

The following table was prepared to provide additional information about the composition of revenues based on broad service descriptions:

Service Mix	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2016 (Unaudited)	2015
Carrier Services	\$ 12,019,873	\$ 8,678,856
Managed Services	8,488,767	9,016,712
	\$ 20,508,640	\$ 17,695,568

The following table presents our domestic and foreign revenue mix for the periods presented:

Geographic Region	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,	
	2016 (Unaudited)	2015
North America	\$ 19,173,741	\$ 16,262,863
Europe	1,334,899	1,240,226
Middle East	-	192,479
	\$ 20,508,640	\$ 17,695,568

14. Commitments and Contingencies*Operating Lease Commitments*

There were no leases entered into or modifications of existing leases during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

Employment Agreements

The Company has employment agreements with certain executives that set forth compensation levels and provide for severance payments in certain instances.

15. Subsequent Events

On April 28, 2016, the Company entered into the Loan Agreement with Cardinal Bank to replace the existing revolving line of credit facility with Cardinal Bank effective as of April 27, 2016. See Note 8 for additional information regarding the terms and conditions of the Loan Agreement.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements concerning our business, operations and financial performance and condition as well as our plans, objectives and expectations for our business operations and financial performance and condition that are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. You can identify these statements by words such as "aim," "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "could," "due," "estimate," "expect," "goal," "intend," "may," "objective," "positioned," "predict," "should," "target," "will," "would" and other similar expressions that are predictions of or indicate future events and future trends. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about our business and the industry in which we operate and our management's beliefs and assumptions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance or development and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that are in some cases beyond our control. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected, including:

- Our ability to achieve profitability and positive cash flows;
- Our ability to raise additional capital on favorable terms or at all;
- Our ability to gain market acceptance for our products;
- Our ability to compete with companies that have greater resources than us;
- Our ability to penetrate the commercial sector to expand our business;
- Our ability to successfully implement our strategic plan;
- Our ability to sell higher margin services;
- Our ability to retain key personnel; and

The risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2016.

The forward-looking statements included in this Form 10-Q are made only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Business Overview

We are a leading provider of federally certified secure identity management and communications solutions to the government and commercial sectors. Our on-demand solutions offer a suite of advanced and federally certified proprietary cloud-based software solutions designed to enable secure identity management and manage the complex processes and expenses associated with complex communication assets and services of any enterprise. For additional information related to our business operations see the description of our business set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC on March 15, 2016.

Strategic Re-Focus

Our objective is to grow our business profitably as a premier technology-based provider of both product and service enterprise solutions to both the public and private sectors. We are working to re-focus our strategy in order to improve cash flows by focusing our efforts on selling our higher margin services and de-emphasizing some of our lower margin services. We are also working to develop a more streamlined sales process in order to increase our market penetration.

We believe our portfolio of solutions, including Cert-on-Device, Derived Credentialing and other mobile credentialing solutions, address access to multi-level secure resources and message traffic based on entity identity, roles and privileges that can be validated by any logical and/or physical access point on a multitude of devices.

Our challenge is reaching potential customers and in order to gain market penetration as an organization capable of meeting an organization's technology asset and risk management objectives without significantly increasing their operating costs and allowing these organizations to focus on running their business. Generating positive cash flow and net income in the future will depend on our ability to successfully execute our on our strategy of growing of business through sales of higher margin services. Additionally, a significant source of our operating revenue is derived from fixed price contracts that may range from two (2) to five (5) years that in many instances include certain volume pricing discounts.

Expansion of customer contracts, our internal growth initiatives and merger and acquisition opportunities will increase our operational costs and may require additional investments in technology infrastructure and personnel.

Our profitability depends upon the type and volume of services performed, our ability to properly price our services, our ability to manage client service deliverables and expectations, and our ability cost effectively delivery our solutions without manually intensive labor requirements. To date, we have attempted to maximize our operating margins through efficiencies achieved by the use of our proprietary technologies and methodologies, and by offsetting increases in consultant salaries with increases in consultant fees received from our clients.

There is no guarantee that we will be able to achieve or sustain profitability in the future and an inability to successfully achieve profitability will decrease our long-term viability.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 as Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

Revenues. Revenues for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 were approximately \$20.5 million, an increase of approximately \$2.8 million, as compared to approximately \$17.7 million in 2015. We were awarded 5 task orders under the U.S Department Homeland Security ("DHS") blanket purchase agreement ("BPA") contract during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 as compared to 4 task orders award in 2015. Task orders issued included increased sales of higher margin device and accessory products. Our mix of revenues for the periods presented is set forth below:

Service Mix	THREE MONTHS ENDED		Dollar Variance
	MARCH 31, 2016 (Unaudited)	2015	
Carrier Services	\$ 12,019,873	\$ 8,678,856	\$ 3,341,017
Managed Services	8,488,767	9,016,712	(527,945)
	\$ 20,508,640	\$ 17,695,568	\$ 2,813,072

We believe the following factors contributed to higher revenues:

§ Our carrier services were higher due to an increase in carrier service task orders issued and delivered during the quarter under our DHS BPA.

§ Our managed services were lower due to a decrease in software reselling activities (approximately \$0.3 million in 2016 as compared to \$2.2 million in 2015), lower managed service fees per unit as a result of achieving higher thresholds of units under management for our DHS BPA component agencies that were offset by greater volume of units under management, customer mandated rate reductions on our technical professional services (approximately \$1.4 million in 2016 as compared to \$1.1 million in 2015), partially offset by an increase in device and accessory sales (approximately \$0.9 million in 2016 as compared to approximately \$0.2 million). Software reselling activities vary from quarter to quarter and may not be predictable due to external factors outside of our control. Excluding software reselling sales, our managed services grew as a result of task order awards associated with our DHS BPA award and strong client retention.

Our managed services may experience continued growth as a result of several factors including additional task order awards issued to us by the three remaining major component agencies under our DHS BPA contract, continued future commercial awards in our sales pipeline, additional new federal and state awards in our sales pipeline, and potential new revenues associated with the introduction of our new identity management offerings that includes “Certificate on Device”, “machine to machine” credentials, and “derived credentials” through both our new and existing channel partners.

Cost of Revenues. Cost of revenues for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$16.3 million (or 80% of revenues), as compared to approximately \$14.1 million (or 80% of revenues) in 2015. The dollar increase was materially attributable to a greater percentage of carrier services attributable to mobile device equipment and accessory task orders issued and delivered during the quarter under our DHS BPA award. Cost of revenues could fluctuate depending on our sales mix between carrier services and managed services.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$4.2 million (or 21% of revenues), as compared to approximately \$3.6 million (or 20% of revenues) in 2015. The increase in gross profit was largely related to the higher ratio of higher margin device and accessory sales and expansion of managed services with existing customers, which were partially offset by a reduction in lower margin software reselling sales.

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expense for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$0.7 million (or 4% of revenues), as compared to approximately \$0.8 million (or 4% of revenues) in 2015. The decline in sales and marketing reflects continued changes made to optimize our sales labor resources and sales commission agreements in a manner that incentivizes our salesforce to pursue and close recurring higher margin business. We may realize an increase in sales and marketing expenses as a result of the successful introduction of our recent channel partner strategy coupled with the introduction of our next generation identity management services.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 were approximately \$3.7 million (or 18% of revenues), as compared to approximately \$3.7 million (or 21% of revenues) in the same period last year. Our general and administrative costs were flat compared to 2015 as many costs are fixed and do not fluctuate with revenue. We may realize a decline in general and administrative expenses as a result of technology improvements that will allow us to reduce overhead costs as we optimize our operating environment and streamline our processes.

Product Development. Product development costs for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 were approximately \$257,400 (or 1% of revenues), as compared to approximately \$68,800 (or 1% of revenues) in the same period last year. The increase in costs was due to escalated go to market development activities associated with our Certificate-on-Device identity management solution. The costs associated with maintaining and developing new products and services is vital to our ability to compete in our market place and deliver solutions that our customers believe meet or exceed their requirements. We view the current comparative increase in product development spend relative to the first quarter of 2015 as non-recurring and that such costs over time may rise and fall as we continue to support the go to market efforts of our channel partners.

Depreciation and Amortization. Overhead and administrative related depreciation and amortization expense for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$94,000 as compared to approximately \$98,300 in 2015. There were no material increases in our depreciate asset base during the quarter.

Interest Income. Interest income for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$4,200, as compared to approximately \$5,900 in the same period last year. The decrease was due to lower amounts of cash and cash equivalents being held in interest bearing accounts and the length of time those deposits were earning interest throughout the quarter compared to 2015.

Interest Expense. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$20,000 as compared to approximately \$44,000 in the same period last year. The decrease in interest expense is due to repayment of over \$2.0 million in principal payments during the second quarter of 2015. There were no significant changes in the interest rate associated with debt repaid during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$1,400, as compared to approximately \$32,100 in the same period last year. Income tax expense for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 predominantly consist of current taxes payable in foreign earnings in the Republic of Ireland, largely offset by tax benefits realized due to vesting of restricted stock awards during the quarter.

Net (Loss) Income. As a result of the cumulative factors annotated above, the net loss for the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was approximately \$0.7 million, as compared to approximately \$1.2 million in the same period last year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company has, since inception, financed its operations and capital expenditures through cash generated from operations, access to a credit facility, the sale of stock, seller notes in connection with acquisitions, convertible notes, convertible exchangeable debentures, senior secured loans and the proceeds from the exercise of the warrants related to a convertible exchangeable debenture. The Company's immediate sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, unbilled receivables and access to a working capital credit facility with Cardinal Bank for up to \$6.0 million.

At March 31, 2016, the Company's net working capital was approximately \$7.8 million as compared to approximately \$8.0 million at December 31, 2015. The decrease in net working capital was primarily due to net losses incurred while continuing to fund business development efforts and additional product development and promotion costs to bring our Certificate-on-Device solution to market. We utilized available cash and our line of credit to manage through collection timing differences during the first quarter.

We must successfully execute our business plan to increase profitability in order to achieve positive cash flows to sustain adequate liquidity without requiring additional funds from external sources to meet minimum operating requirements. We may need to raise additional capital or seek alternative debt financing to fund our operations and there can be no assurance that additional capital will be available on acceptable terms or at all.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities provides an indication of our ability to generate sufficient cash flow from our recurring business activities. Fixed costs such as labor, direct materials, network and data charges, software and subscription costs and office rent represent a significant portion of the Company's continuing operating costs. Any changes in the Company's fixed operating cost structure may not be immediately reflected in financial performance, depending upon the nature of the change made, and the required time to implement.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, net cash used in operations was approximately \$2.0 million driven by our decision to continue to fund sales and development investments and support go to market readiness for our next generation identity management solutions and as a result of accelerated payments of certain accounts payable transactions that allowed us to generate revenue as part of a payment processing program.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, net cash used in operations was approximately \$1.3 million driven by our decision to fund sales and development investments and maintaining critical staffing infrastructure to support implementation of DHS BPA task orders and next generation identity management solutions.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities provides an indication of our long term infrastructure investments. We make recurring purchases of property and equipment to replace or enhance our hardware and software applications that support customer operations.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, cash used in investing activities was approximately \$39,200 consisting of normal replacements of computers and peripheral equipment used in operating and administrative functions.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, cash used in investing activities was approximately \$93,000 due to continuing property and equipment expenditures aimed at enhancing our internal infrastructure to support Certificate-on-Device growth.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash provided by (used in) financing activities provides an indication of our debt financing and proceeds from capital raise transactions and stock option exercises.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$321,100 primarily reflecting scheduled term debt repayments of approximately \$234,600. The Company was advanced approximately \$3.8 million and repaid approximately \$3.2 million in line of credit advances during the quarter.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, cash used in financing activities was approximately \$99,000 primarily reflecting scheduled term debt repayments of approximately \$225,000, partially offset by net proceeds of approximately \$126,100 from the exercise of stock options. The Company advanced and fully repaid line of credit advances of approximately \$3.9 million during the quarter.

Net Effect of Exchange Rate on Cash and Equivalents

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the net effect of exchange rate changes increased the translated value of our foreign cash balances due to appreciation of the Euro relative to the US dollar.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the net effect of exchange rate changes decreased the translated value of our foreign cash balances due to depreciation of the Euro relative to the US dollar.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no existing off-balance sheet arrangements as defined under SEC regulations.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There has been no material change in the Company's exposure to market risk from the information disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that the information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We performed an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2016. Based on the existence of the material weaknesses discussed below in "Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting," our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of March 31, 2016 to provide such reasonable assurances.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all instances of fraud. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Further, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all disclosure controls and procedures, no evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures can provide absolute assurance that we have detected all our control deficiencies and instances of fraud, if any. The design of disclosure controls and procedures is also based partly on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013). Based on this assessment, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2015 due to the existence of the material weaknesses as of December 31, 2015, discussed below. A material weakness is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected. Management has identified material weaknesses in controls over financial reporting related to inadequate transactional level controls over contract management and billing and inadequate entity level controls. Management has determined that we lack adequate documentation to provide evidence of operating effectiveness related to contract management and billing and entity level controls.

Remediation Plan for Material Weaknesses

The material weaknesses described above comprise control deficiencies that we discovered during our assessment of ICOFR and were not remediated during the financial close process for the three month period ended March 31, 2016. Management made progress in establishing accounting policies and procedures and is developing a plan to respond to identified material weaknesses described above and such plan may include investing in workflow technologies that can minimize manual reporting processes, modification of roles and responsibilities of contract support personnel to capture and store relevant documentation related to contract management and billing to support operating effectiveness and strengthen internal controls over financial reporting.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Other than as described above, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Because of its inherent limitations, a system of internal control over financial reporting can provide only reasonable assurance and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Further, because of changes in conditions, effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting may vary over time. Our system contains self-monitoring mechanisms, and actions are taken to correct deficiencies as they are identified.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are involved in any material legal proceeding.

ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

Our risk factors have not changed materially from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

ITEM 2 UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None

ITEM 3 DEFAULT UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4 MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None

ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
10.1	Business Loan Agreement effective as of April 27, 2016 between the Company and Cardinal Bank (Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, as filed on April 29, 2016).
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Filed herewith).
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Filed herewith).
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and

Chief Financial
Officer Pursuant
to Section 906 of
the
Sarbanes-Oxley
Act of 2002
(Filed herewith).

101. Interactive Data
Files

101.INS XBRL Instance
Document

101.SCH XBRL
Taxonomy
Extension
Schema
Document

101.CAL XBRL
Taxonomy
Extension
Calculation
Linkbase
Document

101.DEF XBRL
Taxonomy
Definition
Linkbase
Document

101.LAB XBRL
Taxonomy
Extension Label
Linkbase
Document

101.PRE XBRL
Taxonomy
Extension
Presentation
Linkbase
Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WIDEPOINT CORPORATION

Date: May 10, 2016 By: /s/ STEVE L. KOMAR
Steve L. Komar
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 10, 2016 By: /s/ JAMES T. MCCUBBIN
James T. McCubbin
Chief Financial Officer