GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP INC Form 10QSB August 15, 2005

> UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

> > FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

IXI QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2005

OR

|_| TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: ______ to _____

Commission file number:

Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc.

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

59-1643698

000-28399

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

Utah

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

6754 Spencer Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

(Address of principal executive offices)

(702) 407-2471

(Issuer's telephone number)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES |X| NO $|_{}|$

Applicable Only to Issuers Involved in Bankruptcy Proceedings During the Preceding Five Years

Check whether the registrant filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by court. YES $|_|$ NO $|_|$

Applicable Only to Corporate Issuers

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:

19,830,602 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value, as of August 15, 2005

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): YES |_| NO |X|

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FORM 10-QSB

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

ASSETS

Current Assets	
Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 312,431 115,758
Total current assets	428,189
Equipment and Furnishings, net of accumulated depreciation	
of \$295,635	130,670
Intangible Assets Other Assets	313,500 10,304
Total assets	\$ 882,663
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 69,814
Accrued expenses Accrued compensation - officers	133,552 107,691
Notes payable - officers	84,147
Total current liabilities	395 , 204
Senior secured note payable, net of unamortized debt	
discount of \$980,441	1,019,559
Deferred rent	37,461
Total liabilities	1,452,224
Commitments	
Stockholders' Deficiency	
Preferred stock, par value \$10 per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized	
Class A convertible preferred stock, par value \$10 per share;	
1,000,000 shares designated; none issued	
Class B preferred stock, par value \$10 per share; 1,000,000 shares designated; none issued	
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share; 150,000,000 shares authorized;	
19,830,602 shares issued and outstanding	198,306
Additional paid-in capital	6,556,087
Accumulated deficit Accumulated other comprehensive income - foreign currency	(7,470,426)
translation gains	146,472
Total stockholders' deficiency	(569,561)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficiency	\$ 882,663 =====

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX AND THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 (UNAUDITED)

		Inded June 30,	Three Months 1	-
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:				
Services Product	\$ 529,003 5,000	\$	\$ 299,223 	\$ 46,667
Total revenues	534,003	75,340	299,223	46,667
Cost of revenues: Services Product	186,475 5,630		87,433 (66)	
Total cost of revenues	192,105		87,367	
Gross margin	341,898	75,340	211,856	46,667
Operating expenses: Research and development Selling, general and	297,877	504,269	139,667	252,213
administrative expenses	775,977	1,642,276	397,041	942,261
Total operating expenses	1,073,854	2,146,545	536,708	1,194,474
Operating loss	(731,956)	(2,071,205)	(324,852)	(1,147,807)
Other income (expense): Foreign currency transaction loss		(14,170)		(14,170)
Interest expense and amortization of debt discount Other income	(187,675) 142,045	(26,008) 9,457	(101,643) 88,868	(2,980) 4,452
Total other expense	(45,630)	(30,721)	(12,775)	(12,698)
Net loss	\$ (777,586) =========	\$ (2,101,926)	\$ (337,627) ========	\$ (1,160,505) ==========

shares outstanding	19	,498,113 ======	17 ====	,292,412 ======	19 ====	,830,602 ======	19 ====	,207,084 ======
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	\$ =====	(0.04)	\$ ====	(0.12)	\$ ====	(0.02)	\$ ====	(0.06)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 (UNAUDITED)

	Common	Stock	Additional	
	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit
Balance at January 1, 2005 Shares issued in exchange for	19,017,352	\$190 , 173	\$ 6,300,720	\$ (6,692,840)
purchase of intangible assets	250,000	2,500	125,000	
Warrants issued in exchange for purchase of intangible assets Shares issued for late registration			136,000	
filing	563,250	5,633	(5,633)	
Foreign currency translation				
loss (A)				
Net loss				(777,586)
Balance at June 30, 2005	19,830,602	\$198,306	\$ 6,556,087	\$ (7,470,426)
		=======		

(A) Comprehensive loss (net loss plus or minus foreign currency translation loss or gain) for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 totaled \$778,530, \$334,701, \$2,142,730 and \$1,161,527, respectively.

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements $^{\rm -5-}\,$

GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004 (UNAUDITED)

2005

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Cash flows from operating activities

Net loss	\$(777 , 586)	\$(2 , 10
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Recoveries of loan and note receivable and provision for bad debts		(
Amortization of debt discount	111,034	
Depreciation expense	40,431	1
Shares issued for services		43
Options and warrants issued to nonemployees for services		17
Deferred rent	(10,304)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	63,285	
Prepaid expenses		(1
Accounts payable	(50,242)	9
Accrued expenses	84,063	(3
Accrued compensation - officers	(10,405)	(5
Foreign taxes payable	(166,009)	
Net cash used in operating activities	(715,733)	(1,49
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of intangible assets	(50,000)	
Acquisition of equipment and furnishings	(8,798)	(4
Net cash used in investing activities	(58 , 798)	
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayments of related party loans		(45
Proceeds from the issuance of senior secured note and warrants	500,000	(
Net proceeds from sale of common stock and warrants		2,14
Net cash provided by financing activities	500,000	1,68
Effect of euclopee acts changes on each		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(7,062)	(1
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(281,593)	12
Net Increase (decrease) in cash	(201, 393)	12
Cash, beginning of period	594,024	8
Cash, end of period	\$ 312,431	\$ 21
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Interest paid	\$	\$ 2
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Suppremental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities.		\$5
Intangible assets purchased in exchange for common stock and warrants	\$ 263,500	γJ
incangible assets parchased in exchange for common stock dha wallahts	\$ 263,300 =======	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements \$-6-\$

GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - BUSINESS AND ORGANIZATION

On or about January 12, 2004, NorStar Group, Inc., a publicly-held company incorporated in Utah that was not conducting or developing any commercial operations ("NorStar"), consummated a series of transactions, including: (i) a 1-for-24.852732 reverse split of its outstanding shares of common stock; (ii) the issuance of 14,600,000 post-split shares of common stock in exchange for all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("G&EG Nevada"); (iii) the issuance of options and warrants to purchase 4,257,937 post-split shares of common stock in exchange for all of the outstanding options and warrants to purchase shares of G&EG Nevada; and (iv) a change in the name of NorStar to Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc. ("G&EG"). As a result of the exchange, G&EG Nevada became a subsidiary of G&EG, and the former stockholders of G&EG Nevada became the holders of 91.25% of the then outstanding shares of common stock of the combined companies. In addition, the former directors and officers of G&EG Nevada became the controlling members of the board of directors and management of the combined companies. Since G&EG Nevada was the only operating company in the exchange and the former stockholders of G&EG Nevada received a substantial majority of the voting securities of the combined companies, the exchange was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition" and, effectively, as a recapitalization, in which G&EG Nevada was treated as the accounting acquirer (and the legal acquiree) and NorStar was the accounting acquiree (and the legal acquirer). Since the exchange was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition," the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the historical financial statements of G&EG Nevada, the accounting acquirer, as adjusted for the effects of the exchange of shares on its equity accounts, the inclusion of the net liabilities of the accounting acquiree as of January 12, 2004 at their historical basis and the inclusion of the accounting acquiree's results of operations from that date.

As used herein, the "Company" refers to G&EG Nevada prior to January 12, 2004 and to G&EG, G&EG Nevada and their other subsidiaries from that date forward.

The Company is a developer of central server gaming systems, game content and gaming devices for the land-based gaming markets of the United States and Europe, as well as Internet and wireless gaming systems for utilization in regulated gaming markets.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted from this report, as is permitted by such rules and regulations; however, in the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to make the presentation of the Company's financial position as of June 30, 2005 and its results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented not misleading. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the full years of which they are a part. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As shown in the financial statements, the Company has

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

incurred losses of \$777,586 and \$337,627 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005, respectively, and recurring losses in prior years. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$7,470,426 and a stockholders' deficiency of \$569,561. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate sufficient cash flows from its operations or obtain sufficient liquid resources from other sources to meet its obligations as they become due. Through June 30, 2005, the Company has funded its operations primarily through the issuance of common stock, warrants and options to outside investors for cash and consultants and others for services and the issuance of promissory notes, and warrants to third parties, specifically Cantor G&W (Nevada), L.P. ("Cantor") since September 2004. Management anticipates that additional funding of not less than \$1,500,000 will be necessary to fund the Company's operations through June 30, 2006. Management believes, but cannot assure, that the Company will be able to obtain such funding through product placements, development contracts and third party financing and continue its operations through at least June 30, 2006. If the Company is not able to obtain adequate financing, it may have to curtail or terminate some, or all, of its operations. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might be necessary in the event the Company cannot continue as a going concern.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of G&EG and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues from the enhancement, maintenance and technical support of Internet gaming sites in regulated gaming markets, in relation to the software development previously performed, are recognized as the services are performed, or if no pattern of performance is discernable, on a straight-line basis over the period in which the services are performed.

Revenues from fixed price Internet gaming site development contracts in regulated gaming markets, in relation to software development specifically

performed for each respective client, will be recognized using the percentage of completion method of accounting with labor hours as the basis for measurement of progress toward completion of the contracts. Revenues from time and material contracts are recognized at the contractual rates as labor hours are delivered and direct expenses are incurred.

Revenues from online gaming software license fees, in relation to the utilization of the G&EG proprietary gaming platform, will be recognized as earned over the term of the agreement. When the

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Company receives a percentage of the gaming revenues generated by its client's Internet gaming sites, it will recognize such revenues based upon a percentage of the gross win when earned.

When Company owned gaming machines are leased to a customer, revenues from the placement of gaming machines on a revenue-sharing basis, as well as the placement of a central server gaming system on a license basis, in relation to the certain percentage of the client's gross win and utilization of the G&EG proprietary gaming platform, will be recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Revenue from gaming machines that are sold will be recognized upon completion of installation and acceptance by the gaming operator, provided collectibility is reasonably assured. Revenues generated under revenue-sharing contracts will be negotiated based upon the cost of the equipment installed, the location of a particular casino, and the estimated daily net win per gaming machine for each casino client and will be recognized as revenue as these amounts are earned.

Stock-Based Compensation

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"), provides for the use of a fair value based method of accounting for employee stock compensation. However, SFAS 123 also allows an entity to continue to measure compensation cost for stock options granted to employees using the intrinsic value method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"), which only requires charges to compensation expense for the excess, if any, of the fair value of the underlying stock at the date a stock option is granted (or at an appropriate subsequent measurement date) over the amount the employee must pay to acquire the stock. The Company has elected to continue to account for employee stock options using the intrinsic value method under APB 25. By making that election, it is required by SFAS 123 and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure" ("SFAS 148"), to provide pro forma disclosures of net loss and net loss per common share as if a fair value based method of accounting had been applied, if such amounts differ materially from the historical amounts. As a result of amendments to SFAS 123, the Company will be required to expense the fair value of employee stock options beginning with its fiscal quarter ending March 31, 2006.

The exercise price of all of the options granted to employees has been equal to or greater than the fair market value at the date of grant and, accordingly, the

Company has not recorded any earned or unearned compensation cost related to such options in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company's historical net loss and net loss per share and pro forma net loss and net loss per share assuming compensation cost had been determined based on the fair value of the options at the date of grant and amortized over the vesting period consistent with the provisions of SFAS 123 are set forth below:

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

	Six Months Ended June 30,				Th	ree Months 1	Ended	June 30,
		2005		2004		2005		2004
Net loss, as reported Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value	Ş	(777 , 586)	\$(2,	101,926)	Ş	(337,627)	\$(1,	160,505)
based method for all awards				(464,307)				127,800)
Pro forma net loss		(777 , 586)		566,233)	\$	(337,627)		288,305)
Basic and diluted loss per common share as reported		(0.04)		(0.12)		(0.02)		(0.06)
Basic and diluted loss per common	==		====		==			
share pro forma	\$ ==	(0.04)	\$ ====	(0.15)	\$ ==	(0.02)	\$ ====	(0.07)

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123, all other issuances of common stock, options or other equity instruments to employees and consultants as consideration for goods or services received by the Company are accounted for based on the fair value of the equity instruments issued (unless the fair value of the consideration received can be more reliably measured). The fair value of any options or similar equity instruments issued will be estimated based on the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, which meets the criteria set forth in SFAS 123, and the assumption that all of the options or other equity instruments will ultimately vest.

Net Loss per Share

The Company presents "basic" earnings (loss) per share and, if applicable, "diluted" earnings per share pursuant to the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share" ("SFAS 128"). Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net income or loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. The calculation of diluted earnings per share is similar to that of basic earnings per share, except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if all potentially dilutive common shares, such as those issuable upon the exercise of options and

warrants, were issued during the period and the treasury stock method had been applied. Since the Company had net losses for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, the effects of the assumed exercise of outstanding options and warrants would have been anti-dilutive and, accordingly, basic and diluted net loss per share in each period were the same. As of June 30, 2005 and 2004, the Company had options and warrants outstanding for the purchase of 17,215,929 and 7,349,272 shares of common stock, respectively, that were not included in the computation of diluted loss per share.

Concentrations

The Company currently receives nearly all of its revenue from Cantor. It is anticipated that the Company's revenue sources will diversify over time, but in the near term, a high percentage of the Company's revenue will be concentrated with Cantor.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets, which consist of intellectual property, are recorded at cost and will be amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of previously reported amounts have been made to conform to the current period presentation.

NOTE 3 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following:

		June 30, 2005	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Amortizable intangible assets Intellectual Property	\$ 313,500	\$	\$313,500
Total	\$ 313,500	\$ \$	\$313,500

On March 13, 2005, the Company acquired \$313,500 of intellectual property from Absolute Game, Ltd. ("Absolute") in exchange for \$263,500 in stock and warrants and \$50,000 in cash. The intellectual property consists of next generation digital casino and poker graphics, which the Company expects to derive a benefit with the next version of Cantor's Internet gaming site.

Since the Company acquired the foregoing intellectual property on March 13, 2005, and had not yet utilized the property, no amortization expense was

recorded for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005. Estimated amortization expense for the succeeding calendar years is (i) \$31,350 in the remainder of calendar 2005; (ii) \$62,700 in calendar 2006; (iii) \$62,700 in calendar 2007; (iv) \$62,700 in calendar 2008; (v) \$62,700 in calendar 2009; and (vi) \$31,350 in calendar 2010.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS

Consulting Agreements

In March 2005, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Peter Bengtsson, the Chief Executive Officer of Absolute. The consulting agreement is effective for a period of two years and includes Mr. Bengtsson and one additional game developer/graphic artist. Collectively, Mr. Bengtsson and the third party will be paid \$12,000 per month.

Operating Leases

On June 16, 2005, the Company subleased (the "Sublease") its Las Vegas office to a third party (the "Sublessee"). The Sublease is for a period of two years and includes successive one-year renewable options. Under the terms of the Sublease, the Sublessee is required to pay the full lease payment due under the terms of the original lease agreement (the "Lease"). In addition, during the term of the

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Sublease, the Company maintains the contractual responsibility for certain infrastructure located at the Las Vegas office. At the conclusion of the Sublease, and assuming the renewable options are not exercised, there will be 28 months remaining on the Lease. The aggregate annual rentals for this sublease for the succeeding calendar years are (i) \$64,157 in the remainder of calendar 2005; (ii) \$128,315 in calendar 2006; and (iii) \$64,157 in calendar 2007.

NOTE 5 - ISSUANCES OF COMMON STOCK

On March 14, 2005, the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock with a fair value of \$127,500, determined by the closing market price, in exchange for the purchase of intangible assets from Absolute.

Pursuant to a private placement consummated in 2004 (the "Private Placement"), the Company was obligated to file a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") no later than July 15, 2004. The Private Placement consisted of units, each unit priced at \$10,000 which was comprised of 10,000 shares of common stock and a warrant to purchase 10,000 shares of common stock at \$1.50 per share, which expires on May 31, 2005.

The Company did not file the Registration Statement by July 15, 2004, but rather filed it on March 3, 2005. Accordingly, the Company issued to the purchasers of units a total of 563,250 shares of common stock, which represented 3% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by each purchaser for each month or part thereof of such late filing. Such shares of common stock were registered under the Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and declared effective.

NOTE 6 - STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

Stock Options

A summary of the changes in outstanding stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2005 follows:

		Shares	Ave Exei	ghted- erage ccise cice
Outstanding, Granted Forfeited	January 1, 2005	2,508,442 300,000 (835,302)	\$ \$ \$	0.78 0.40 0.65
Outstanding,	June 30, 2005	1,973,140	\$	0.77
Exercisable,	June 30, 2005	1,973,140	\$	0.77

Previously, William McMaster, our former Chief Technology Officer, resigned due to personal and family obligations. As a result of the foregoing, Mr. McMaster's options to purchase a total of 500,000 shares of common stock have been cancelled.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Stock Warrants

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock in connection with the purchase of intellectual property from Absolute. The warrant is exercisable for three years commencing March 14, 2005, is fully vested and has an exercise price of \$0.40 per share. The fair value of the warrant, calculated using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model, amounted to \$136,000.

A summary of the changes in outstanding warrants during the six months ended June 30, 2005 follows:

	Shares	Weighted-A Exercise	2
Outstanding, January 1, 2005 Issued in connection with purchase of	17,246,123	Ş	0.76
intellectual property	500,000	Ş	0.40
Expired	(2,503,334)	\$	1.50
Outstanding, June 30, 2005	15,242,789	\$	0.63

The fair value of the warrant issued during the three months ended March 31, 2005 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model in accordance with SFAS 123 based on the following assumptions: expected life of 2.96 years, risk free interest rate of 3.97%, dividend yield of 0% and volatility of 66.16%.

NOTE 7 - PREFERRED STOCK

The Company is authorized to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, having a \$10 par value. The Company has designated 1,000,000 shares as Class A convertible and 1,000,000 shares as Class B convertible. At the time of issuance, the Board of Directors has the right to designate the rights, preferences and privileges of each class. As of June 30, 2005, the Company did not have any shares of preferred stock outstanding.

NOTE 8 - SENIOR SECURED NOTE PAYABLE

Pursuant to the Loan Facility and Investment Agreement (as described in Note 8 of the financial statements in the Annual Report filed on Form 10-KSB) dated December 8, 2004, between the Company and Cantor, on June 30, 2005 the Company received the final installment thereunder in the amount of \$250,000. Since September 2004, the Company has received a total of \$2,000,000 from Cantor.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 - INFORMATION ABOUT GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS

The Company presently operates in one reportable segment - Internet gaming software development. Revenue information and long lived assets by geographical area is set forth below for the six and three months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004:

Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

	ex	nues from ternal		
Geographical area	cu	stomers	Long-1	ived assets
United States	\$	5,000	\$	112,108
United Kingdom			\$	1,802
Australia	\$ 	529 , 003	\$ 	16,760
	\$	534,003	\$	130,670
	====			

Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

	Revenues from
	external
Geographical area	customers

United States	
United Kingdom	
Australia	\$ 299 , 223
	\$ 299,223

Six Months Ended June 30, 2004

Geographical area	Revenues from external customers		Long-lived assets	
United States			\$	95 , 262
United Kingdom			\$	2,727
Australia	\$	75 , 340	\$	64,541
	\$	75,340	\$	162,530
	====		===	

Three Months Ended June 30, 2004

	Revenue	es from		
	external			
Geographical area	customers			
United States				
United Kingdom				
Australia	\$	46,667		
	*			
	Ş	46,667		

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION.

Statement on Forward-Looking Information

Certain information included herein contains statements that may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the Exchange Act, such as statements relating to plans for product development, product placement, capital spending and financing sources. Such forward-looking information involves important risks and uncertainties that could significantly affect anticipated results in the future and, accordingly, such results may differ from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made herein. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those relating to our liquidity requirements, our ability to locate necessary sources of capital to sustain our operations, the continued growth of the gaming industry, the success of our product development activities, the acceptance of our products in the marketplace, vigorous competition in the gaming industry, our dependence on existing management, changes in gaming laws and regulations (including actions affecting licensing), our leverage and debt service (including sensitivity to fluctuations in interest rates) and domestic or global

economic conditions.

Overview

On or about January 12, 2004, NorStar Group, Inc., a publicly-held company that was not conducting or developing any commercial operations, or NorStar, consummated a series of transactions, including: (i) a 1-for-24.852732 reverse split of its outstanding shares of common stock; (ii) the issuance of 14,600,000 post-split shares of common stock in exchange for all of the outstanding shares of common stock of Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation, or G&EG Nevada, a developer of Internet and wireless gaming software for use in regulated gaming markets, as well as central server gaming systems, game content and gaming devices for land-based gaming; (iii) the issuance of options and warrants to purchase 4,257,937 post-split shares of common stock in exchange for all of the outstanding options and warrants to purchase shares of G&EG Nevada; and (iv) a change in the name of NorStar to Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc., or G&EG. As a result of the exchange, G&EG Nevada became a subsidiary of G&EG and the former stockholders of G&EG Nevada became the holders of 91.25% of the then outstanding shares of common stock of the combined companies. In addition, the former directors and officers of G&EG Nevada became the controlling members of the board of directors and management of the combined companies. Since G&EG Nevada was the only operating company in the exchange and the former stockholders of G&EG Nevada received a substantial majority of the voting securities of the combined companies, the exchange was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition" and, effectively, as a recapitalization, in which G&EG Nevada was treated as the accounting acquirer (and the legal acquiree) and NorStar was the accounting acquiree (and the legal acquirer). Since the exchange was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition," the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the historical financial statements of G&EG Nevada, the accounting acquirer, as adjusted for the effects of the exchange of shares on its equity accounts, the inclusion of the net liabilities of the accounting acquiree as of January 12, 2004 at their historical basis and the inclusion of the accounting acquiree's results of operations from that date.

In this report, the references to "we," "us" or "our" relate to G&EG Nevada prior to January 12, 2004 and to G&EG, G&EG Nevada and their other subsidiaries from that date.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures, some of which may require revision in future periods. The most sensitive estimates affecting our financial statements include, or will include in subsequent periods, future volatility used in valuing equity instruments, allowances for bad debts, depreciable lives of gaming equipment in service and other equipment, amortization periods of intellectual property, deferred revenues, accrued liabilities and deferred tax valuation allowances. By their nature, these judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty. Our judgments are based on our historical experience, our observance of industry trends, information provided by or gathered from our customers and information available from other outside sources, as appropriate. There can be no assurance that actual results will not differ from our estimates. The most critical

policies relate to revenue recognition. The following is a description of our revenues and our revenue recognition policies. The application of these policies, in some cases, requires our management to make subjective judgments regarding the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Description of Revenues

Through June 30, 2005, our revenues were generated from the development of prospective Internet gaming sites in regulated gaming markets outside of the United States, as well as maintenance and technical support contracts. On December 8, 2004, we entered into definitive agreements with Cantor which included, among other things, the exclusive license of our Internet gaming software to them. In conjunction with this license, we currently receive a monthly development fee for the development of the Cantor Casino, which is currently anticipated to go live in the third quarter of 2005 and will not permit bets to be placed by individuals in the United States. We will receive a portion of the net win realized by the Cantor Casino following repayment of certain expenses associated therewith. In addition, it is anticipated that we will develop additional "white-label" Internet gaming sites, each of which will prohibit bets in the United States, for clients of Cantor as well third parties introduced by us. Similar to the Cantor Casino, we will receive a development fee and a portion of the net win realized by such "white-label" sites.

In addition, we are focused on the provision of our central server gaming system and suite of games in the land-based gaming markets of Europe and the United States. Our business model for our land-based initiatives is based upon a combination of recurring revenue and the sale of our products. Specifically, we anticipate offering our central server gaming system on a license basis, where applicable, whereby we will receive a recurring license fee based upon gaming machines utilizing our software. Gaming machines will either be placed on a revenue sharing basis, with the Company realizing 15%-30% of the net win (i.e., coin inserted into a machine less the coin paid out) from the gaming machines, or on a sale basis, particularly in Europe where revenue sharing arrangements are not customary. Alternatively, we may occasionally deploy gaming machines on the basis of part cash payment and a lower revenue sharing percentage. We also anticipate generating revenues from maintenance and technical support services in connection with the placement of our central server gaming system and gaming machines. In all cases, we will outsource the manufacture of our gaming machines through turnkey third party manufacturing sources with which we have an alliance and utilize existing distribution channels.

The placement of gaming equipment on a revenue sharing basis is capital intensive. In this regard, to the extent we make such placements, we will require a credit facility sufficient to finance the manufacture and deployment of our gaming machines, as well as the interim manufacturing period where gaming machines are placed on an sale basis. At this time, we do not have a credit facility.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

When we install our gaming machines on a revenue-sharing basis, there will generally be no cost to our casino clients, as we would share in the recurring revenues generated from the gaming machines. We would, however, retain ownership of the gaming machines and the central server gaming system, as applicable, throughout the term of the revenue-sharing and licensing agreements, respectively, and would maintain the right to refurbish and redeploy gaming machines returned to us either upon the expiration or early termination of the

revenue-sharing agreements. We believe that by placing gaming machines on a revenue-sharing basis we could maximize the amount of placements of our products; provided, however, there is no assurance that we will be successful in this effort given our current cash position, not having yet established a credit facility with a third-party financier, not having previously deployed products or provided services to gaming operators in the land-based gaming markets in which we anticipate entering, and the highly competitive nature of games on casino floors.

Historically, we have experienced substantial fluctuations in revenues from period-to-period as a result of our revenues being derived solely from software development contracts consisting of upfront licensing and periodic payments as opposed to steady recurring revenues. Moreover, our revenues have been limited over the last two years as we have been intensely focused on the development of the Cantor Casino, our central server gaming system for the Europe and North America gaming markets, as well as development of electronic bingo, keno, instant lottery, video poker, slot and roulette products for deployment in such markets.

We anticipate that our future revenues will be derived from the Cantor relationship as well as the placement of our central server gaming system and gaming machines on a revenue-sharing and sale basis and, to a lesser extent, from maintenance and technical support agreements. At this time, it is difficult to predict the breakdown of anticipated future revenues from each of the foregoing initiatives.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues from the enhancement, maintenance and technical support of Internet gaming sites in regulated gaming markets are recognized as the services are performed, or if no pattern of performance is discernable, on a straight-line basis over the period in which the services are performed.

Revenues from fixed price Internet gaming site development contracts in regulated gaming markets, in relation to software development specifically performed for each respective client, will be recognized using the percentage of completion method of accounting with labor hours as the basis for measurement of progress toward completion of the contracts. Revenues from time and material contracts are recognized at the contractual rates as labor hours are delivered and direct expenses are incurred.

When we receive a percentage of the gaming revenues generated by our client's Internet gaming sites, we would generally recognize such revenues based upon a percentage of the gross win when earned.

Revenues from the placement of our gaming machines on a revenue-sharing basis, as well as the placement of our central server gaming system on a license basis, would be accounted for similar to an operating lease, with the revenues recognized as earned over the term of the agreement. If we sell gaming machines outright, revenues will be recognized upon completion of installation and acceptance by the casino, provided collectibility is reasonably assured. We would negotiate our portion of the revenues generated under revenue-sharing contracts based upon the cost of the equipment installed, the location of a particular casino, and the estimated daily net win per gaming machine for each casino client.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

COMPARISON OF THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004

Revenues

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, we generated revenues from the development of the Cantor Internet gaming site ("Cantor Casino"), technical support services and product sales totaling \$299,223, as compared to revenues from services of \$46,667, during the three months ended June 30, 2004. The \$252,556, or 541.2% increase in revenues, all of which was a \$252,556 increase in services revenue was due primarily to the increased development activity associated with the Cantor Casino. We continue our transition from solely focusing on the sale and marketing of online gaming systems in regulated gaming markets to the development of land-based and wireless gaming systems and a suite of electronic bingo, keno, video lottery, video poker, slot and roulette games, some of which may be placed in conjunction with our central server gaming system platform and the remainder on a stand-alone basis. We anticipate a slight increase in revenue during the third quarter of 2005 from Internet gaming contracts and as we complete the development of certain of our land-based gaming products. In this regard, we anticipate deploying gaming machines in the United Kingdom in the third quarter of 2005.

Cost of Revenues

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, our cost of revenues was \$87,367 compared to no significant cost of revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2004. During the three months ended June 30, 2005, our costs of revenues consisted of \$87,367 attributable only to services, whereas, during the three months ended June 30, 2004, we had no cost of revenues. The \$87,367 increase in the cost of revenues was directly attributable to increased revenues in connection with the development of the Cantor Casino, as compared to the same period in 2004. We do, however, anticipate that our revenues in future periods will escalate due to increased Internet gaming activity as well as deployment of our land-based gaming products and services. Cost of revenues will increase as well, but our operating margins should improve as we anticipate commercializing several new products.

We realized a gross margin of \$211,856 during the three months ended June 30, 2005, compared to a gross margin of \$46,667 during the three months ended June 30, 2004. The \$165,189 or 354.0% increase in gross margin related primarily to the significant increase in higher margin service revenue.

Operating Expenses

For the three months ended June 30, 2005, we incurred total operating expenses of \$536,708, compared to \$1,194,474 for the three months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$657,766, or 55.1%. The decrease in total operating expenses relates to an \$112,546 decrease in research and development expenses and a \$545,220 decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses.

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, we incurred research and development expenses of \$139,667, compared to \$252,213 during the three months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$112,546, or 44.6%. The decrease in our research and development expenses was due primarily to a redirection of the efforts of personnel from research and development to revenue producing services in the three months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the same period in 2004. The trend is not expected to continue as we anticipate further increasing our research and development efforts in central server

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and wireless technology in the upcoming quarters. As we continue to develop our central server gaming system platform and related games and other products for deployment in land-based casinos, and commencement of our wireless gaming platform, research and development expenses to obtain the necessary certifications and approvals for each of the foregoing will be very difficult to quantify given the nature of this process. There are always risks and uncertainties associated with the development, certification and commercialization of new products or services. We anticipate making our initial deployment of products into land-based gaming markets in the next several months. While this is new for us, we have previously undertaken the development and lab certification process on a number of occasions with respect to our Internet gaming platform. We anticipate that, as with the Internet gaming platform submissions, we will be successful in obtaining certification from the gaming labs regarding our various hardware and software products for regulated land-based and wireless gaming markets. To reduce the risk associated with our initial entry into the land-based gaming market, we will utilize well established third party turnkey manufacturing sources for our gaming devices and will utilize industry veterans for the installation and ongoing maintenance of the gaming machines.

During the three months ended June 30, 2005, we incurred selling, general and administrative expenses of \$397,041, compared to \$942,261 during the three months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$545,220, or 57.9%. The decrease in our selling, general and administrative expenses was due primarily to significant expenditure in 2004 on travel and road shows relating to our private placement, retention of professionals, including gaming, intellectual property and other outside counsel, increased participation at industry shows and conventions, salaries related to new employees, and non cash compensation expense of \$175,088 relating to options and warrants issued to consultants in consideration for strategic services. We also recognized costs of \$432,390 for the fair value of shares of restricted common stock issued to consultants in consideration for strategic advisory, investment banking and research services in 2004. The Company did not incur similar charges for the three months ended June 30, 2005 and, accordingly, we anticipate that our selling, general and administrative expenses will be somewhat lower in the near-term as compared to prior periods, while increasing thereafter over the mid to long-term as we expand our staff to handle future development projects.

Other Income (Expense)

For the three months ended June 30, 2005, other expense was \$12,775, compared to other expense of \$12,698 for the three months ended June 30, 2004, an increase of other expense of \$77. The increase is related primarily to \$46,125 of interest expense, incurred in connection with the issuance of the senior secured note payable and \$55,517 amortization of associated debt discount, offset by other income of \$88,867 which represented settlement and refund of an outstanding tax liability.

Net Loss

For the three months ended June 30, 2005, we experienced a net loss of \$337,627, compared to a net loss of \$1,160,505 for the three months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease in the amount of \$822,878, or 70.9%. The significant decrease in the net loss is directly attributable to a \$165,189 increase in gross margin, a \$657,766 reduction in operating expenses, offset, in part, by a \$77 increase in other expense.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

COMPARISON OF SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 AND 2004

Revenues

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we generated revenues from the development of the Cantor Casino, technical support services and product sales totaling \$534,003, as compared to revenues from services of \$75,340 during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The \$458,663, or 608.8% increase in revenues, which consists of a \$453,663 increase in services revenue and a \$5,000 increase in revenues from product sales in the six months ended June 30, 2005, was largely due to the increased development activity associated with the Cantor Casino. As we continue our transition from solely focusing on the sale and marketing of online gaming systems in regulated gaming markets to the development of land-based and wireless gaming systems and a suite of electronic bingo, keno, video lottery, video poker, slot and roulette games, some of which may be placed in conjunction with our central server gaming system platform and the remainder on a stand-alone basis. We anticipate a slight increase in revenue during the third quarter of 2005 from Internet gaming contracts as we complete the development of certain of our land-based gaming products. In this regard, we anticipate deploying gaming machines in the United Kingdom in the third quarter of 2005.

Cost of Revenues

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, our cost of revenues was \$192,105 compared to no significant cost of revenues during the six months ended June 30, 2004. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, our costs of revenues consisted of \$186,475 attributable to services and \$5,630 attributable to product sales as compared to no cost of revenues during the six-month period ended June 30, 2004. The \$192,105 increase in the cost of revenues was directly attributable to increased revenues in connection with the development of the Cantor Casino, as compared to the same period in 2004. We do, however, anticipate that our revenues in future periods will escalate due to increased Internet gaming activity as well as deployment of our land-based gaming products and services. Cost of revenues will increase as well, but our operating margins should improve as we anticipate commercializing several new products.

We realized a gross margin of \$341,898 during the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to a gross margin of \$75,340 during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The \$266,558 or 353.8% increase in gross margin related primarily to the increase in higher margin service revenue.

Operating Expenses

For the six months ended June 30, 2005, we incurred total operating expenses of \$1,073,854, compared to \$2,146,545 for the six months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease in the amount of \$1,072,691, or 50.0%. The decrease in total operating expenses relates to a \$206,392 decrease in research and development expenses and a decrease of \$866,299 in selling, general and administrative expenses.

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we incurred research and development expenses of \$297,877, compared to \$504,269 during the six months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$206,392, or 40.9%. The decrease in our

research and development expenses was due primarily to a redirection of the efforts of personnel from research and development to revenue producing services in the six months ended June 30, 2005 as compared to the same period in 2004. The trend is not expected to continue as we anticipate further increasing our research and development efforts in central server and wireless technology in the upcoming quarters. As we continue to develop our central server gaming system platform and related games and other products for deployment in land-based casinos, and commence

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

development of our wireless gaming platform, research and development expenses to obtain the necessary certifications and approvals for each of the foregoing will be difficult to quantify given the nature of this process. There are always risks and uncertainties associated with the development, certification and commercialization of new products or services. We anticipate making our initial deployment of products into land-based gaming markets in the next several months. While this is new for us, we have previously undertaken the development and lab certification process on a number of occasions with respect to our Internet gaming platform. We anticipate that, as with the Internet gaming platform submissions, we will be successful in obtaining certification from the gaming labs regarding our various hardware and software products for regulated land-based and wireless gaming markets. To reduce the risk associated with our initial entry into the land-based gaming market, we will utilize well established third party turnkey manufacturing sources for our gaming devices and will utilize industry veterans for the installation and ongoing maintenance of the gaming machines.

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, we incurred selling, general and administrative expenses of \$775,977, compared to \$1,642,276 during the six months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$866,299, or 52.7%. The decrease in our selling, general and administrative expenses was due primarily to significant expenditure in 2004 on travel and road shows relating to our private placement, retention of professionals, including gaming, intellectual property and other outside counsel, increased participation at industry shows and conventions, salaries related to new employees, and non cash compensation expense of \$175,088 relating to options and warrants issued to consultants in consideration for strategic services. We also recognized costs of \$432,390 for the fair value of shares of restricted common stock issued to consultants in consideration for strategic advisory, investment banking and research services in 2004. The Company did not incur similar charges for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and, accordingly, we anticipate that our selling, general and administrative expenses will be somewhat lower in the near-term as compared to prior periods, while increasing thereafter over the mid to long-term as we expand our staff to handle future proposed development projects.

Other Income (Expense)

For the six months ended June 30, 2005, other expense was \$45,630, compared to other expense of \$30,721 for the six months ended June 30, 2004, an increase of other expense of \$14,909. The increase is related primarily to \$76,641 of interest expense, incurred in connection with the issuance of the senior secured note payable and \$111,034 amortization of associated debt discount offset by other income of \$142,045 which represented settlement and refund of an outstanding tax liability.

Net Loss

For the six months ended June 30, 2005, we experienced a net loss of \$777,586, compared to a net loss of \$2,101,926 for the six months ended June 30, 2004, a decrease of \$1,324,340, or 63.0%. The decrease in net loss is directly attributable to a \$266,558 increase in gross margin, a \$1,339,249 decrease in operating losses, offset, in part, by a \$14,909 increase in other expense.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Overview

As of June 30, 2005, we had cash of \$312,431, accounts receivable of \$115,758 and total liabilities of \$1,452,224, of which \$395,204 are current liabilities. Accordingly, as of June 30, 2005, we had working capital of \$32,985 and a stockholders' deficiency of \$569,561. During the six months ended June 30, 2005, cash on hand decreased by \$281,593, from \$594,024 to \$312,431. The decrease in cash reflected \$500,000 of net cash provided by financing activities, offset by \$715,733 of net cash used in operating activities, \$58,798 of net cash used in investing activities and the \$7,062 effect of exchange rate changes on cash.

Operating activities used net cash of \$715,733 during the six months ended June 30, 2005, whereas operating activities used net cash of \$1,494,897 during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The net cash used in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2005 related primarily to our net loss of \$777,586, a decrease in accounts receivable of \$63,285, a decrease in accounts payable of \$50,242, an increase in accrued expenses of \$84,063, a decrease in accrued compensation - officers of \$10,405, and a decrease in foreign taxes payable of \$166,009, offset, in part, by non-cash costs of amortization of debt discount of \$111,034 and depreciation expense of \$40,431. During the six months ended June 30, 2004, our operating activities used net cash of \$1,494,897, reflecting our net loss of \$2,101,926, offset, in part, by non-cash costs of investment banking, strategic advisory and research services of \$607,478 paid through the issuance of restricted shares of common stock with a fair value of \$432,390, and the issuance of options and warrants with a fair value of \$175,088. Issuances of equity securities as payments for services and compensation result in non-cash charges to expense. An increase in prepaid expenses of \$11,790, an increase in accounts payable of \$90,936, a decrease in accrued expenses of \$33,325, and a decrease in accrued compensation - officers of \$59,190.

Investing activities used \$58,798 during the six months ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$44,007 used during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The increased use of cash in investing activities reflects primarily the purchase of certain intangible assets. We acquired intellectual property consisting of next generation digital casino and poker games and expect to derive a benefit when we release the next version of our client's Internet gaming site. Investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2004 reflects the costs related to the build-out and relocation of our principal offices to Las Vegas, Nevada.

Our financing activities provided net cash of \$500,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2005, compared to \$1,684,792 during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The net cash provided by our financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2005 reflects \$500,000 from the issuance of a senior secured note under an existing debt agreement. The net cash provided by our

financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2004 reflects \$2,143,242 in net proceeds from the sale of 2,445,000 shares of common stock in a private placement, offset by \$458,450 used to repay related party loans.

Outlook

We incurred losses of \$777,586 and \$2,101,926 and negative net cash flows from operating activities of \$715,733 and \$1,494,897 for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. As of June 30, 2005, we had an accumulated deficit of \$7,470,426. These conditions raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

We anticipate that for the twelve month period ending June 30, 2006, we will need a minimum of \$1,500,000 in additional third party funding or future revenues not otherwise contractually committed, for ongoing research and development of our land-based and wireless gaming systems and game content, finalization of the Cantor Casino, commencement of the development of the next generation Internet gaming system, gaming lab certification of our products, gaming licensing, advertising and marketing and the manufacture of gaming machines to be deployed on a recurring revenue basis in Europe and North America.

Until we generate sufficient cash from our operations, we will need to rely upon private and institutional sources of debt and equity financing. Based on presently known plans, we believe that we will be able to fund our operations and required expenditures through the fourth quarter of 2005 through cash on hand and revenue from existing development projects. We will require additional cash, either through additional revenue realization, the exercise of warrants by Cantor, or from third party debt or equity sources. Alternatively, we will be forced to seek cash from other lending sources, sell certain assets or change operating plans to accommodate such liquidity issues. No assurances can be given that we will successfully obtain liquidity sources necessary to fund our operations to profitability and beyond.

RISK FACTORS

We are subject to a high degree of risk as we are considered to be in unsound financial condition. The following risks, if any one or more occurs, could materially harm our business, financial condition or future results of operations, and the trading price of our common stock could decline. These risks factors include, but are not limited to, our limited operating history, history of operating losses, the inability to obtain for additional capital, the failure to successfully expand our operations, the barriers of entry into new gaming markets, the competition in the gaming industry from competitors with substantially greater resources, the legal and regulatory requirements and uncertainties related to our industry, the inability to enter into strategic partnerships with manufacturers and distributors, the loss of key personnel, adverse economic conditions, adverse currency rate fluctuations, the inability to protect our proprietary information against unauthorized use by third parties, the control of our common stock by our management, the classification of our common stock as "penny stock," the absence of any right to dividends, the costs associated with the issuance of and the rights granted to additional securities, the unpredictability of the trading of our common stock and the ability of our Board of Directors to issue up to collectively 10,000,000 shares, \$10 par value, of preferred stock.

For a more detailed discussion as to the risks related to Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc., our industry and our common stock, please see the section entitled, "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation -Risk Factors," in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2005.

ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls

We evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2005, the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB. This evaluation was done with the participation of our chief executive officer and our president. Upon the consummation of a share exchange on January 12, 2004 involving Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc., a Nevada corporation, Jay Sanet resigned as our former chief executive officer, and Tibor N. Vertes and Gregory L. Hrncir were

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

appointed as our chief executive officer and president, respectively. Mr. Vertes serves as our principal executive officer and Mr. Hrncir serves as our principal financial and accounting officer.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal controls over financial reporting will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the objectives of a control system are met. Further, any control system reflects limitations on resources, and the benefits of a control system must be considered relative to its costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of a control. The design of a control system is also based upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Although unlikely, due to the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and may not be detected.

Management is aware that there is a lack of segregation of duties at the Company due to the small number of employees dealing with general administrative and financial matters. However, at this time management has decided that

considering the employees involved and the control procedures in place, the risks associated with such lack of segregation are insignificant and the potential benefits of adding employees to clearly segregate duties do not justify the expenses associated with such increases. Management will periodically reevaluate this situation.

Conclusions

Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and our president concluded that, subject to the limitations noted above and as of the evaluation date, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that the information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported in such reports within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter, i.e., the three months ended June 30, 2005, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Not applicable.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the six months ended June 30, 2005, the Company issued 250,000 shares of common stock relating to purchase of assets from Absolute Game, Ltd. consisting of next generation, digital casino and poker games. In addition, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 500,000 shares of common stock, exercisable for a period of three (3) years at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share. In issuing the foregoing securities we relied upon the exemptions from securities registration provided by Rule 4(2) and Regulation S of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

In conjunction with the Company's 2004 private placement, the Company was obligated to file a registration statement no later than July 15, 2004 to register the securities sold therein. The Company did not file the registration statement by July 15, 2004, but rather filed it on March 3, 2005. As a result, the Company issued the investors in the private placement a total of 563,250 shares of common stock, which represented 3% of the number of shares of common stock purchased by each purchaser for each month or part thereof of the late filing. The newly issued shares of common stock have been registered for resale under the Company's registration statement on Form S-3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We relied upon the exemption from securities registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Not applicable.

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- (a) Exhibits.
 - 10.15 Sublease Agreement by and between Gaming & Entertainment Group, Inc. and GTECH Corporation dated June 16, 2005.
 - 31.1 Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 31.2 Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.1 Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).

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GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURE

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

GAMING & ENTERTAINMENT GROUP, INC. (Registrant)

Date: August 15, 2005

By: /s/ Gregory L. Hrncir

Gregory L. Hrncir Its: President and Secretary

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