Ameris Bancorp Form 10-K March 13, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

SANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006

or

ÉTRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition	period from	 to	

Commission file number: 001-13901

AMERIS BANCORP (A GEORGIA CORPORATION) I.R.S. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER 58-1456434 24 2nd AVENUE, S.E., MOULTRIE, GEORGIA 31768 TELEPHONE NUMBER: (229) 890-1111

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, Par Value \$1 Per Share

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes f. No S

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act. Yes £ No $\bf S$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes **S** No £

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated

filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer £ Accelerated filer S Non-accelerated filer £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act).

Yes £ No **S**

As of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by nonaffiliates of the registrant was approximately \$301.3 million. As of March 1, 2007, the registrant had outstanding 13,527,449 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value per share.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The information required by Part III of this Annual Report is incorporated by reference from the Registrant's definitive
proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A not later than
120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report.

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PART IV

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CAUTIONARY NOTICE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K (this "Annual Report") under the caption "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere, including information incorporated herein by reference to other documents, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of, and subject to the protections of, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

Forward-looking statements include statements with respect to our beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, expectations, anticipations, assumptions, estimates, intentions and future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which may be beyond our control and which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be forward-looking statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements through our use of words such as "may," "will," "anticipate," "assume," "shoul "indicate," "would," "believe," "contemplate," "expect," "estimate," "continue," "plan," "point to," "project," "predict," "cou "potential" and other similar words and expressions of the future. These forward-looking statements may not be realized due to a variety of factors, including, without limitation, those described in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors," and elsewhere in this report and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under the Exchange Act.

All written or oral forward-looking statements that are made by or are attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary notice. Our forward-looking statements apply only as of the date of this report or the respective date of the document from which they are incorporated herein by reference. We have no obligation and do not undertake to update, revise or correct any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report, or after the respective dates on which such statements otherwise are made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART I

As used in this document, the terms "we," "us," "our," "Ameris Bancorp," "Ameris" and the "Company" mean Ameris Banand its subsidiaries (unless the context indicates another meaning).

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

GENERAL OVERVIEW

We are a financial holding company whose business is conducted primarily through our wholly-owned banking subsidiary, which provides a full range of banking services to its retail and commercial customers located primarily in Georgia, Alabama, northern Florida and South Carolina. Ameris Bancorp ("Ameris" or the "Company") was incorporated on December 18, 1980 as a Georgia corporation. The Company's executive office is located at 24 2nd Avenue, S.E., Moultrie, Georgia 31768, its telephone number is (229) 890-1111 and its Internet address is http://www.amerisbank.com. We operate 44 domestic banking offices with no foreign activities. At December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$2.05 billion in total assets, \$1.44 billion in total loans, \$1.71 billion in total deposits and shareholders' equity of \$178.7 million. Ameris's deposits are insured, up to applicable limits, by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

THE PARENT COMPANY

Our primary business as a bank holding company is to manage the business and affairs of our banking subsidiary, Ameris Bank (the "Bank"). As a bank holding company, we perform certain shareholder and investor relations functions and seek to provide financial support, if necessary, to our subsidiary.

AMERIS BANK

Our principal subsidiary is the Bank. The Bank, headquartered in Moultrie, Georgia, operates branches in Georgia, Alabama, northern Florida and South Carolina. These branches serve distinct communities in our business areas with autonomy but do so as one bank, leveraging our favorable geographic footprint in an effort to acquire more customers.

CAPITAL TRUST SECURITIES

On September 20, 2006, Ameris completed a private placement of an aggregate of \$36 million of trust preferred securities. The placement occurred through a newly formed Delaware statutory trust subsidiary of Ameris, Ameris Statutory Trust I (the "Trust"). The trust preferred securities carry a quarterly adjustable interest rate of 1.63% over three-month LIBOR. The trust preferred securities mature on December 15, 2036 and are redeemable at the Company's option beginning September 15, 2011. The terms of the trust preferred securities are set forth in that certain Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust dated as of September 20, 2006 among Ameris, Wilmington Trust Company, as institutional trustee and Delaware trustee, and the administrators named therein. The payments of distributions on and redemption or liquidation of the trust preferred securities issued by the Trust are guaranteed by Ameris pursuant to a Guarantee Agreement dated as of September 20, 2006 between Ameris and Wilmington Trust Company, as trustee.

The net proceeds to Ameris from the placement of the trust preferred securities by the Trust were primarily used to redeem outstanding trust preferred securities issued by Ameris on November 8, 2001. These trust preferred securities were redeemed on September 30, 2006 for \$35.6 million.

On December 16, 2005, Ameris purchased First National Banc, Inc. which had formed during 2004 First National Banc Statutory Trust I, a subsidiary whose sole purpose was to issue \$5,000,000 principal amount of trust preferred

securities at a rate per annum equal to the 3-Month LIBOR plus 2.80% through a pool sponsored by a national brokerage firm. These trust preferred securities have a maturity of 30 years and are redeemable at the Company's option on any quarterly interest payment date after five years. There are certain circumstances (as described in the trust documents) under which the securities may be redeemed within the first five years at the Company's option. See Notes to Ameris's Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Annual Report for a further discussion regarding the issuance of these trust preferred securities.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

Our business strategy is to establish Ameris as a major financial institution in Georgia, Alabama, northern Florida and South Carolina. Management has pursued this objective through an acquisition-oriented growth strategy and a prudent operating strategy. Our operating model allows the Company to put as many resources in front of customers as possible with efforts to minimize the expense of our operations. We are continuously evaluating our structure to maximize opportunities to perfect the balance between efficiency and customer service. Our markets are managed by senior level, experienced decision makers in a decentralized structure that differentiates us from our competition. Management believes that this structure, along with involvement in and knowledge of our local markets, will continue to provide growth and assist in managing risk throughout our Company.

We have maintained a long-term focus on a strategy that includes expanding and diversifying our franchise in terms of revenues, profitability and asset size. Our growth over the past several years has been enhanced significantly by bank acquisitions. We expect to continue to take advantage of the consolidation in the financial services industry and enhance our franchise through future acquisitions. We intend to grow within our existing markets, to branch into or acquire financial institutions in existing markets and to branch into or acquire financial institutions in other markets consistent with our capital availability and management abilities.

BANKING SERVICES

Lending Activities

General. The Company maintains a diversified loan portfolio by providing a broad range of commercial and retail lending services to business entities and individuals. We provide agricultural loans, commercial business loans, commercial and residential real estate construction and mortgage loans, consumer loans, revolving lines of credit and letters of credit. The Company also originates first mortgage residential mortgage loans and enters into a commitment to sell these loans in the secondary market. We make no foreign or energy-related loans.

At December 31, 2006, Ameris's loan portfolio totaled \$1.44 billion, representing approximately 70.5% of our total assets of \$2.05 billion. For a discussion of our loan portfolio, see "Management's Discussion of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Loan Portfolio."

Commercial Real Estate Loans. This portion of our loan portfolio has grown significantly over the past few years and represents the largest portion of our loan portfolio. These loans are generally extended for acquisition, development or construction of commercial properties. The loans are underwritten with an emphasis on the viability of the project, the borrower's ability to meet certain minimum debt service requirements and an analysis and review of the collateral and guarantors.

Residential Real Estate Mortgage Loans. Ameris originates adjustable and fixed-rate residential mortgage loans. These mortgage loans are generally originated under terms and conditions consistent with secondary market guidelines. Some of these loans will be placed in the Company's loan portfolio; however, a majority are sold to the secondary mortgage market. The residential real estate mortgage loans that are included in the Company's loan portfolio are usually owner-occupied and generally amortized over a 10 to 20 year period with three to five year maturity or repricing.

Agricultural Loans. Our agricultural loans are extended to finance crop production, the purchase of farm-related equipment or farmland and the operations of dairies and poultry producers. Agricultural loans typically involve seasonal fluctuations in amounts. Although we typically look to an agricultural borrower's cash flow as the principal source of repayment, agricultural loans are also generally secured by a security interest in the crops or the farm-related

equipment and, in some cases, an assignment of crop insurance and mortgage on real estate. The lending officer visits the borrower regularly during the growing season and re-evaluates the loan in light of the borrower's updated cash flow projections. A portion of our agricultural loans are guaranteed by the FSA Guaranteed Loan Program.

Commercial and Industrial Loans. General commercial and industrial loans consist of loans made primarily to manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers of goods, service companies and other industries. These loans are made for acquisition, expansion and working capital purposes and may be secured by real estate, accounts receivable, inventory, equipment, personal guarantees or other assets. The Company monitors these loans by requesting submission of corporate and personal financial statements and income tax returns. The Company has also generated loans which are guaranteed by the U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA"). SBA loans are generally underwritten in the same manner as conventional loans generated for the Bank's portfolio. Periodically, a portion of the loans that are secured by the guaranty of the SBA will be sold in the secondary market. Management believes that making such loans helps the local community and also provides Ameris with a source of income and solid future lending relationships as such businesses grow and prosper. The primary repayment risk for commercial loans is the failure of the business due to economic or financial factors.

Consumer Loans. Our consumer loans include motor vehicle, home improvement, home equity, student and signature loans and small personal credit lines. The terms of these loans typically range from 12 to 60 months and vary based upon the nature of collateral and size of the loan. These loans are generally secured by various assets owned by the consumer.

Credit Administration

We have sought to maintain a comprehensive lending policy that meets the credit needs of each of the communities served by the Bank, including low- and moderate-income customers, and to employ lending procedures and policies consistent with this approach. All loans are subject to our corporate loan policy, which is reviewed annually and updated as needed. The loan policy provides that lending officers have sole authority to approve loans of various amounts commensurate with their seniority and experience. Our local market Presidents have discretion to approve loans in varying principal amounts up to established limits. Our Regional Executives review and approve loans that exceed each President's lending authority.

Individual lending authorities are assigned by the Company, as is the maximum limit of new extensions of credit that may be approved in each market. Those approval limits are reviewed annually by the Company and adjusted as needed. All extensions of credit in excess of a market's approval limit are reviewed by the appropriate Regional Executive. Further approval by Ameris's Senior Credit Officer or the Company's Loan Committee may also be needed. Under our ongoing loan review program, all loans are subject to sampling and objective review by an assigned loan reviewer who is independent of the originating loan officer.

Each lending officer has authority to make loans only in the market area in which his or her Bank office is located and its contiguous counties. Occasionally, Ameris's Loan Committee will approve a loan for purposes outside of the market areas of the Bank, provided the Bank has a previously established relationship with the borrower. Our lending policy requires analysis of the borrower's projected cash flow and ability to service the debt.

We actively market our services to qualified lending customers in both the commercial and consumer sectors. Our commercial lending officers actively solicit the business of new companies entering the market as well as longstanding members of that market's business community. Through personalized professional service and competitive pricing, we have been successful in attracting new commercial lending customers. At the same time, we actively advertise our consumer loan products and continually seek to make our lending officers more accessible.

The Bank continually monitors its loan portfolio to identify areas of concern and to enable management to take corrective action when necessary. Local market Presidents, lending officers and local boards meet periodically to review all past due loans, the status of large loans and certain other matters. Individual lending officers are responsible for reviewing collection of past due amounts and monitoring any changes in the financial status of the

borrowers.

Investment Activities

Our investment policy is designed to maximize income from funds not needed to meet loan demand in a manner consistent with appropriate liquidity and risk objectives. Under this policy, our Company may invest in federal, state and municipal obligations, corporate obligations, public housing authority bonds, industrial development revenue bonds, Government Sponsored Entities ("GSEs") securities and satisfactorily rated trust preferred obligations. Investments in our portfolio must satisfy certain quality criteria. Our Company's investments must be rated at least "BAA" by either Moody's or Standard and Poor's. Securities rated below "A" are periodically reviewed for creditworthiness. Our Company may purchase non-rated municipal bonds only if the issuer of such bonds is located in the Company's general market area and such bonds are determined by the Company to have a credit risk no greater than the minimum ratings referred to above. Industrial development authority bonds, which normally are not rated, are purchased only if the issuer is located in the Company's market area and if the bonds are considered to possess a high degree of credit soundness. Our Company typically has not purchased a significant amount of GNMA securities, which normally have higher yields than our Company's other investments.

While our investment policy permits our Company to trade securities to improve the quality of yields or marketability or to realign the composition of the portfolio, the Bank historically has not done so to any significant extent.

Our investment committee implements the investment policy and portfolio strategies and monitors the portfolio. Reports on all purchases, sales, net profits or losses and market appreciation or depreciation of the bond portfolio are reviewed by our Boards of Directors each month. Once a year, the written investment policy is reviewed by the Company's board of directors.

The Company's securities are kept in safekeeping accounts at correspondent banks.

Deposits

The Company provides a full range of deposit accounts and services to both retail and commercial customers. These deposit accounts have a variety of interest rates and terms and consist of interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing accounts, including commercial and retail checking accounts, regular interest-bearing savings accounts, money market accounts, individual retirement accounts and certificates of deposit. Our Bank obtains most of its deposits from individuals and businesses in its market areas.

Our Bank has not had to attract new or retain old deposits by paying depositors rates of interest on certificates of deposit, money market and other interest-bearing accounts significantly above rates paid by other banks in our market areas. In the future, increasing competition among banks in our market areas may cause our Bank's interest margins to shrink.

Brokered time deposits are deposits obtained by utilizing an outside broker that is paid a fee. These deposits usually have a higher interest rate than the deposits obtained locally. The Bank utilizes the brokered deposits to accomplish several purposes, such as (1) acquiring a certain maturity and dollar amount without repricing the Bank's current customers which could decrease the overall cost of deposits, and (2) acquiring certain maturities and dollar amounts to help manage interest rate risk.

Other Funding Sources

The Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") allows the Company to obtain advances through its credit program. These advances are secured by securities owned by the Company and held in safekeeping by the FHLB, FHLB stock owned by the Company and certain qualifying residential mortgages.

The Company also enters into repurchase agreements. These repurchase agreements are treated as short term borrowings and are reflected on the balance sheet as such.

CORPORATE RESTRUCTURING AND BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

Effective December 31, 2006, Ameris acquired by merger Islands Bancorp and its banking subsidiary, Islands Community Bank, N.A. (collectively, "Islands"). Islands was headquartered in Beaufort, South Carolina where it operated a single branch with satellite loan production offices in Bluffton, South Carolina and Charleston, South Carolina. The acquisition of Islands was significant to the Company, as Ameris had recruited senior level talent that would be instrumental in executing a growth strategy designed to build a meaningful franchise in South Carolina's top markets. The consideration for the acquisition was a combination of cash and Ameris common stock with an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$19.0 million. The total consideration consisted of \$5.1 million in cash and approximately 494,000 shares of Ameris common stock with a value of approximately \$13.9 million. Islands' results of operations for 2006 are not included in Ameris's consolidated financial results because the acquisition's effective time was after the close of business on the last day of the fiscal year.

On December 16, 2005, Ameris acquired all the issued and outstanding common shares of First National Banc, Inc., the parent company of First National Bank, in St. Mary's, Georgia and First National Bank, in Orange Park, Florida (collectively "FNB"). The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting, and, accordingly, the results from FNB's operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements beginning December 17, 2005. The aggregate purchase price for FNB was \$35.3 million, including cash of \$13.1 million and the Company's common stock valued at \$22.2 million.

On November 30, 2004, Ameris acquired Citizens Bancshares, Inc., a \$54.3 million asset holding company headquartered in Crawfordville, Florida ("Citizens"). Citizens' banking offices in Crawfordville, Panacea and Sopchoppy gave the Bank a presence in the panhandle of Florida. Cash exchanged in this transaction for 100% of the stock of Citizens was \$11.5 million.

On August 31, 2005, Ameris announced its intentions to begin consolidating its subsidiary bank charters across Georgia, Alabama and northern Florida into a single charter. In addition to the charter consolidation effort, the Company announced its intentions to re-brand the Company and its surviving bank subsidiary with a single identity - Ameris Bank. The re-branding process was completed during 2006. Certain operational restructuring efforts remain as the Company continues to benefit from its new united identity. These efforts are aimed at increasing the amount of employees with customer service or sales responsibilities and gaining needed efficiencies in support areas.

MARKET AREAS AND COMPETITION

The banking industry in general and in the southeastern United States specifically, is highly competitive and dramatic changes continue to occur throughout the industry. Our market areas of Georgia, Alabama, northern Florida and South Carolina have experienced strong economic and population growth over the past twenty to thirty years. In recent years, intense market demands, economic pressures, fluctuating interest rates and increased customer awareness of product and service differences among financial institutions have forced banks to diversify their services and become more cost effective. Our Bank faces strong competition in attracting deposits and making loans. Its most direct competition for deposits comes from other commercial banks, thrift institutions, mortgage bankers, finance companies, credit unions and issuers of securities such as brokerage firms. Interest rates, convenience of office locations and marketing are all significant factors in our Bank's competition for deposits.

Competition for loans comes from other commercial banks, thrift institutions, savings banks, insurance companies, consumer finance companies, credit unions and other institutional lenders. Our Bank competes for loan originations through the interest rates and loan fees charged and the efficiency and quality of services provided. Competition is affected by the general availability of lendable funds, general and local economic conditions, current interest rate levels and other factors that are not readily predictable.

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Competition among providers of financial products and services continues to increase with consumers having the opportunity to select from a growing variety of traditional and nontraditional alternatives. The industry continues to rapidly consolidate, which affects competition by eliminating some regional and local institutions, while strengthening the franchise of acquirers. Management expects that competition will become more intense in the future due to changes in state and federal laws and regulations and the entry of additional bank and nonbank competitors. See "Supervision and Regulation."

EMPLOYEES

At December 31, 2006, the Company employed approximately 600 full time equivalent employees. We consider our relationship with our employees to be satisfactory.

We have adopted one retirement plan for our employees, the Ameris Bancorp 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan. This plan provides deferral of compensation by our employees and contributions by Ameris. Ameris and our Bank made contributions for all eligible employees in 2006. We also maintain a comprehensive employee benefits program providing, among other benefits, hospitalization and major medical insurance and life insurance. Management considers these benefits to be competitive with those offered by other financial institutions in our market areas. Our employees are not represented by any collective bargaining group.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company makes loans to our directors and their affiliates and to banking officers. These loans are made on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions and do not involve more than normal credit risk. At December 31, 2006, we had \$1.4 billion in total loans outstanding of which \$5.9 million were outstanding to certain directors and their affiliates. Company policy provides for no loans to executive officers.

SUPERVISION AND REGULATION

General

We are extensively regulated under federal and state law. Generally, these laws and regulations are intended to protect depositors and not shareholders. The following is a summary description of certain provisions of certain laws that affect the regulation of bank holding companies and banks. The discussion is qualified in its entirety by reference to applicable laws and regulations. Changes in such laws and regulations may have a material effect on our business and prospects.

Federal Bank Holding Company Regulation and Structure

As a bank holding company, we are subject to regulation under the Bank Holding Company Act and to the supervision, examination and reporting requirements of the Federal Reserve Board of Governors. Our Bank has a Georgia state charter and is subject to regulation, supervision and examination by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") and the Georgia Department of Banking and Finance (the "GDBF").

The Bank Holding Company Act requires every bank holding company to obtain the prior approval of the Federal Reserve before:

We may acquire direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares of any bank if, after the acquisition, the bank holding company will directly or indirectly own or control more than 5% of the voting shares of the bank;

Yit or any of its subsidiaries, other than a bank, may acquire all or substantially all of the assets of any bank; or

 \ddot{Y} it may merge or consolidate with any other bank holding company.

The Bank Holding Company Act further provides that the Federal Reserve may not approve any transaction that would result in a monopoly or that would substantially lessen competition in the banking business, unless the public interest in meeting the needs of the communities to be served outweighs the anti-competitive effects. The Federal Reserve is also required to consider the financial and managerial resources and future prospects of the bank holding companies and banks involved and the convenience and needs of the communities to be served. Consideration of financial resources generally focuses on capital adequacy, and consideration of convenience and needs issues focuses, in part, on the performance under the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977, both of which are discussed in more detail.

The Bank Holding Company Act generally prohibits a bank holding company from engaging in activities other than banking; managing or controlling banks or other permissible subsidiaries and acquiring or retaining direct or indirect control of any company engaged in any activities other than activities closely related to banking or managing or controlling banks.

The activities in which holding companies and their affiliates are permitted to engage were substantially expanded by the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, which was signed on November 12, 1999. The Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act repeals the anti-affiliation provisions of the Glass-Steagall Act to permit the common ownership of commercial banks, investment banks and insurance companies. The Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act also amends the Bank Holding Company Act to permit a financial holding company to, among other things, engage in any activity that the Federal Reserve determines to be (i) financial in nature or incidental to such financial activity or (ii) complementary to a financial activity and not a substantial risk to the safety and soundness of depository institutions or the financial system generally. The Federal Reserve must consult with the Secretary of the Treasury in determining whether an activity is financial in nature or incidental to a financial activity. Holding companies may continue to own companies conducting activities which had been approved by federal order or regulation on the day before the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act was enacted. Effective August 24, 2000, pursuant to a previously-filed election with the Federal Reserve, Ameris became a financial holding company.

In determining whether a particular activity is permissible, the Federal Reserve considers whether performing the activity can be expected to produce benefits to the public that outweigh possible adverse effects, such as undue concentration of resources, decreased or unfair competition, conflicts of interest or unsound banking practices. The Federal Reserve has the power to order a bank holding company or its subsidiaries to terminate any activity or control of any subsidiary when the continuation of the activity or control constitutes a serious risk to the financial safety, soundness or stability of any bank subsidiary of that bank holding company.

Our Bank is also subject to numerous state and federal statutes and regulations that affect its business, activities and operations and is supervised and examined by state and federal bank regulatory agencies. The FDIC and the GDBF regularly examine the operations of our Bank and are given the authority to approve or disapprove mergers, consolidations, the establishment of branches and similar corporate actions. These agencies also have the power to prevent the continuance or development of unsafe or unsound banking practices or other violations of law.

Payment of Dividends and Other Restrictions

Ameris is a legal entity separate and distinct from its subsidiaries. While there are various legal and regulatory limitations under federal and state law on the extent to which our Bank can pay dividends or otherwise supply funds to Ameris, the principal source of Ameris's cash revenues is dividends from our Bank. The prior approval of applicable regulatory authorities is required if the total dividends declared by the Bank in any calendar year exceeds 50% of the Bank's net profits for the previous year. The relevant federal and state regulatory agencies also have authority to prohibit a state member bank or bank holding company, which would include Ameris and the Bank, from engaging in what, in the opinion of such regulatory body, constitutes an unsafe or unsound practice in conducting its

business. The payment of dividends could, depending upon the financial condition of the subsidiary, be deemed to constitute an unsafe or unsound practice in conducting its business.

Under Georgia law, the prior approval of the GDBF is required before any cash dividends may be paid by a state bank if: (i) total classified assets at the most recent examination of such bank exceed 80% of the equity capital (as defined, which includes the reserve for loan losses) of such bank; (ii) the aggregate amount of dividends declared or anticipated to be declared in the calendar year exceeds 50% of the net profits (as defined) for the previous calendar year; or (iii) the ratio of equity capital to adjusted total assets is less than 6%.

Retained earnings of our Bank available for payment of cash dividends under all applicable regulations without obtaining governmental approval were approximately \$11.3 million as of December 31, 2006.

In addition, our Bank is subject to limitations under Section 23A of the Federal Reserve Act with respect to extensions of credit to, investments in and certain other transactions with Ameris. Furthermore, loans and extensions of credit are also subject to various collateral requirements.

The Federal Reserve has issued a policy statement on the payment of cash dividends by bank holding companies, which expresses the Federal Reserve's view that a bank holding company should pay cash dividends only to the extent that the holding company's net income for the past year is sufficient to cover both the cash dividends and a rate of earning retention that is consistent with the holding company's capital needs, asset quality and overall financial condition. The Federal Reserve also indicated that it would be inappropriate for a holding company experiencing serious financial problems to borrow funds to pay dividends. Furthermore, under the prompt corrective action regulations adopted by the Federal Reserve, the Federal Reserve may prohibit a bank holding company from paying any dividends if one or more of the holding company's bank subsidiaries are classified as undercapitalized.

Bank holding companies are required to give the Federal Reserve prior written notice of any purchase or redemption of its outstanding equity securities if the gross consideration for the purchase or redemption, when combined with the net consideration paid for all such purchases or redemptions during the preceding 12 months, is equal to 10% or more of their consolidated net worth. The Federal Reserve may disapprove such a purchase or redemption if it determines that the proposal would constitute an unsafe or unsound practice or would violate any law, regulation, Federal Reserve order or any condition imposed by, or written agreement with, the Federal Reserve. This notification requirement does not apply to any company that meets the well-capitalized standard for commercial banks, has a safety and soundness examination rating of at least a "2" and is not subject to any unresolved supervisory issues. As of December 31, 2006, Ameris met these requirements.

Capital Adequacy

We must comply with the Federal Reserve's established capital adequacy standards, and our Bank is required to comply with the capital adequacy standards established by the FDIC. The Federal Reserve has promulgated two basic measures of capital adequacy for bank holding companies: a risk-based measure and a leverage measure. A bank holding company must satisfy all applicable capital standards to be considered in compliance.

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1,605,600 1,690,400 3,552

Atlantic Power Corp.

59,024 50,628 101,003

Atlas Energy LP

1,495,297 2,454,373 97,964
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Central Vermont Public Service Corp.

1,270,255 1,342,400 290,000
Dragon Oil plc
1,777,859 2,061,553 70,000
Dynegy Inc.
321,650 193,900 60,000
El Paso Corp.
1,457,649 1,594,200 151,400
Endesa SA
5,230,833 3,105,792 7,000
Ensco plc, ADR
374,850 328,440 2,500
EXCO Resources Inc.
30,100 26,125 1,000
Grande Cache Coal Corp.
9,825 9,728 19,500
Heritage Oil plc
99,825 58,295 1,000
Newave Energy Holding SA
59,846 59,193 75,000
NRG Energy Inc.
1,751,497 1,359,000 1,000
Origin Energy Ltd.
15,738 13,644 100,000
Progress Energy Inc.
4,465,468 5,602,000 242,000
Southern Union Co.
9,593,737 10,190,620 1,400
Walter Energy Inc.

3,423,795 3,438,536 40,000

Complete Production Services Inc.

90,952 84,784 100,000

 $We stern Zagros\ Resources\ Ltd.$

303,795 65,767

33,437,595 33,729,378

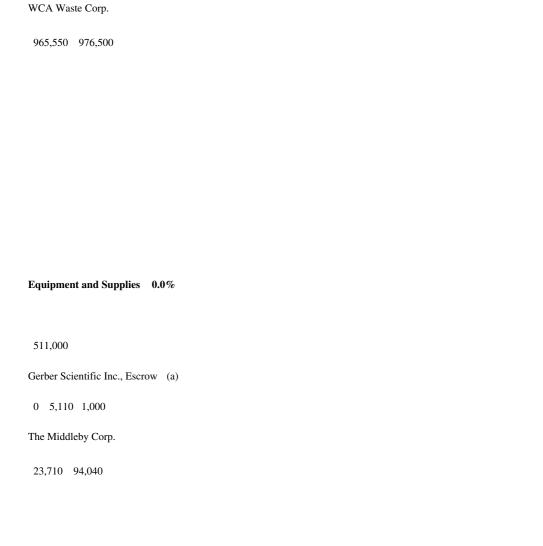
Entertainment 0.1%

42,000

Take-Two Interactive Software Inc.

321,390 569,100

Environmental Control 0.2%



150,000

23,710 99,150

Financial Services 4.1%

5,000

CNinsure Inc., ADR

77,552 34,600 50,000

Delphi Financial Group Inc., Cl. A

2,202,120 2,215,000 94,000

First Niagara Financial Group Inc.

1,314,911 811,220 160,000

Harleysville Group Inc.

9,462,434 9,051,200 1,000

NYSE Euronext

34,700 26,100 240,000

SLM Corp.

3,499,530 3,216,000 72,500

The Charles Schwab Corp.

1,330,133 816,350 30,000

Transatlantic Holdings Inc.

1,579,962 1,641,900

19,501,342 17,812,370

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011

Shares		Cost	Market Value
	COMMON STOCKS (Continued)		
	Food and Beverage 2.2%		
28,000	Beam Inc.	\$ 1,239,549	\$ 1,434,440
200,000	China Huiyuan Juice Group Ltd.	180,252	67,983
1,705,000	Parmalat SpA	6,079,644	2,934,899
22,000	Ralcorp Holdings Inc.	1,790,327	1,881,000
1,000	Reddy Ice Holdings Inc.	739	240
180,271	Sara Lee Corp.	3,169,513	3,410,727
		12,460,024	9,729,289
	Health Care 12.0%		
1,000	Actelion Ltd.	47,364	34,334
3,000	AMAG Pharmaceuticals Inc.	43,128	56,730
50,000	American Dental Partners Inc.	933,324	941,500
11,000	ArthroCare Corp.	66,679	348,480
800	Biogen Idec Inc.	43,889	88,040
2,000	Enzon Pharmaceuticals Inc.	17,870	13,400
6,000	Gilead Sciences Inc.	238,465	245,580
6,600	Grifols SA, ADR	48,000	36,498
300,000	Healthspring Inc.	16,194,762	16,362,000
44,500	Indevus Pharmaceuticals Inc., Escrow (a)	0	48,950
6,000	Medco Health Solutions Inc.	325,534	335,400
171,000	Pharmasset Inc.	23,000,384	21,922,200
750,000	Q-Med AB, Escrow (a)	0	0
240,000	Smith & Nephew plc SonoSite Inc.	2,653,926	2,331,346
100,000		5,365,450	5,386,000
1,400	Synageva BioPharma Corp.	25,025	37,282
53,450 12,000	Synovis Life Technologies Inc. Synthes Inc. (b)	1,490,787 2,040,581	1,487,514 2,012,137
24,000	WuXi PharmaTech Cayman Inc., ADR	405,739	264,960
		52,940,907	51,952,351
	Hotels and Gaming 0.0%		
1,000	MGM Resorts International	2,620	10,430
2,400	Sonesta International Hotels Corp., Cl. A	73,739	73,680
		76,359	84,110
	Machinery 0.8%		
1,138,700	Kverneland ASA	2,035,893	2,027,664
50,000	Xylem Inc.	1,492,670	1,284,500
		3,528,563	3,312,164
	Materials 4.4%		
6,000	CIMPOR - Cimentos de Portugal SGPS SA	45,956	41,289
600,000	Temple-Inland Inc.	18,840,448	19,026,000
	•		

		18,886,404	19,067,289
	Media 0.0%		
45,000	APN News & Media Ltd.	212,514	32,678
	Metals and Mining 0.4%		
100,000	Anvil Mining Ltd.	772,941	720,491
28,000	Camino Minerals Corp.	5,242	3,710
33,000	Commercial Metals Co.	464,433	456,390
10,000	Forsys Metals Corp.	52,017	7,166
5,000	Jaguar Mining Inc.	37,363	31,900
5,000	Lonmin plc	73,737	76,097
3,000	Lundin Mining Corp.	19,977	11,396
10,000	Pilot Gold Inc.	30,586	12,663
3,000	Quadra FNX Mining Ltd.	45,736	44,407
10,000	Vulcan Materials Co.	389,448	393,500
8,000	Xstrata plc	47,711	121,506
		1,939,191	1,879,226
		1,707,171	1,079,220
Shares		Cost	Market Value
136,000	Publishing 0.0% SCMP Group Ltd.	\$ 48,079	\$ 25,391
130,000	SCIVIL Group Eta.	\$ 40,079	φ 25,591
	Real Estate 0.0%		
5,000	ECO Business-Immobilien AG	39,976	30,156
	Retail 0.9%		
90,000	99 Cents Only Stores	1,956,181	1,975,500
4,500	Casey s General Stores Inc.	168,547	231,795
20,000	Charming Shoppes Inc.	92,978	98,000
2,000	Dollar Thrifty Automotive Group Inc.	112,937	140,520
270,000	J. Crew Group Inc., Escrow (a)	0	0
47,000	McCormick & Schmick s Seafood Restaurants Inc.	406,815	410,780
1,000	Morton s Restaurant Group Inc.	6,845	6,880
2,000	Regis Corp.	37,316	33,100
100,000	Winn-Dixie Stores Inc.	932,054	938,000
		3,713,673	3,834,575
400,000	Semiconductors 0.5% Advanced Analogic Technologies Inc.	2,319,626	2,312,000
2,500	LTX-Credence Corp.	18,894	13,375
		2,338,520	2,325,375
10,000	Specialty Chemicals 0.2% Ashland Inc.	90,356	571,600
1,000	Ashiand file. SGL Carbon SE	57,689	49,298
1,000	SOL Carbon SE	37,089	49,298
		148,045	620,898
	Telecommunications 0.9%		
11,000	AboveNet Inc.	629,114	715,110
700,000	Asia Satellite Telecommunications Holdings Ltd.	1,556,319	1,406,021
12,000	BCE Inc.	249,753	500,040
39,000	CenturyLink Inc.	1,505,790	1,450,800
37,000	Centul years inc.	1,303,790	1,430,600

		3,940,976	4,071,971
	Transportation 0.2%		
14,019	Kirby Corp.	819,854	923,037
	Wireless Telecommunications Services 0.4%		
46.000	Motorola Mobility Holdings Inc.	1,754,155	1,784,800
10,000	Motoroid Moonity Holdings Inc.	1,73 1,133	1,701,000
	TOTAL COMMON STOCKS	272,214,598	264,222,648
	TOTAL COMMON STOCKS	272,211,370	201,222,010
	RIGHTS 0.2%		
	Health Care 0.2%		
187,200	Adolor Corp.,		
107,200	expire 07/01/19	0	97,344
201,600	American Medical Alert Corp. (a)	0	2,016
80,700	Clinical Data Inc., CVR,		
	expire 04/14/18 (a)	0	76,665
390,000	Sanofi, CVR,		
	expire 12/31/20	646,125	468,000
	TOTAL RIGHTS	646,125	644,025
	WARRANTS 0.0%		
	Metals and Mining 0.0%		
220	Kinross Gold Corp., Cl. D,		
	expire 09/17/14	1,048	313
Principal			
Amount			
	CONVERTIBLE CORPORATE BONDS 1.0%		
	Aerospace 0.1%		
\$ 500,000	GenCorp Inc., Sub. Deb. Cv.,		
	4.063%, 12/31/39	389,929	453,125

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011

Principal Amount		Cost	Market Value
	CONVERTIBLE CORPORATE BONDS (Continued)		
	Computer Hardware 0.9%		
\$ 4,000,000	SanDisk Corp., Cv., 1.000%, 05/15/13	\$ 3,731,953	\$ 3,915,000
	TOTAL CONVERTIBLE CORPORATE BONDS	4,121,882	4,368,125
	U.S. GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS 38.0%		
165,209,000	U.S. Treasury Bills, 0.000% to 0.055% , 02/23/12 to 06/21/12 (c)(d)	165,191,428	165,191,922
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	100.0%	\$ 442,175,081	434,427,033
SECURITIES SOLD SHOI (Proceeds received \$814,707)			(923,011) Unrealized
		Settlement Date	Appreciation/ Depreciation
	FORWARD FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTRACTS		
5,000,000(d)(e)	Deliver Euros in exchange for United States Dollar 6,472,479	01/27/12	67,022
4,000,000(f)	Deliver British Pounds in exchange for United States Dollar 6,210,375	01/27/12	55,185
	TOTAL FORWARD FOREIGN EXCHANGE CONTRACTS		122,207
Notional Amount		Termination Date	
	EQUITY CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE SWAP AGREEMEN	TS	
\$ 257,337		0.512-11.2	
(100,000 Shares) 584,563	Gulf Keystone Petroleum Ltd.	06/27/12	37,611
(45,000 Shares)	Hamworthy plc	11/27/12	(8,279)
	TOTAL EQUITY CONTRACT FOR DIFFERENCE SWAP AGR	EEMENTS	29,332
Other Assets and Liabilities	s (Net)		4,099,481
PREFERRED STOCK (2,879,758 preferred shares o			(143,987,900)
NET ASSETS COMMON (21,078,689 common shares			\$ 293,767,142

\$13.94

NET ASSET VALUE PER COMMON SHARE

 $($293,767,142 \div 21,078,689 \text{ shares outstanding})$

Shares		Proceeds	Market Value
	SECURITIES SOLD SHORT (0.2)%		
	Transportation (0.2)%		
14,019	Kirby Corp.	\$ 814,707	\$ 923,011

- (a) Security fair valued under procedures established by the Board of Trustees. The procedures may include reviewing available financial information about the company and reviewing the valuation of comparable securities and other factors on a regular basis. At December 31, 2011, the market value of the fair valued security amounted to \$372,141 or 0.09% of total investments.
- (b) Security exempt from registration under Rule 144A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. This security may be resold in transactions exempt from registration, normally to qualified institutional buyers. At December 31, 2011, the market value of the Rule 144A security amounted to \$2,012,137 or 0.46% of total investments.
- (c) At December 31, 2011, \$2,000,000 of the principal amount was pledged as collateral for a security sold short held at Pershing, and \$28,300,000 of the principal amount was pledged as collateral for forward foreign exchange contracts held at State Street Bank.
- (d) At December 31, 2011, \$250,000 of the principal amount was pledged as collateral for equity contract for difference swap agreements.
- (e) Principal amount denoted in Euros.
- Principal amount denoted in British Pounds.
 Non-income producing security.
 Represents annualized yield at date of purchase.
- ADR American Depositary Receipt
- CVR Contingent Value Right

Geographic Diversification	% of Market Value	Market Value
Long Positions		
North America	94.6%	\$ 411,254,956
Europe	4.3	18,544,756
Asia/Pacific	0.6	2,565,768
Africa/Middle East	0.5	2,061,553
Total Investments	100.0%	\$ 434,427,033
Short Positions		
North America	(0.2)%	\$ (923,011)

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

December 31, 2011

Assets:		
Investments, at value (cost \$442,175,081)	\$	434,427,033
Foreign currency, at value (cost \$1,609,745)	Ψ	1,615,007
Cash		9,397
Deposit at brokers (including \$814,707 proceeds from short sales)		914,599
Receivable for investments sold		3,061,713
Dividends and interest receivable		214,726
Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts		122,207
Unrealized appreciation on swap contracts		37,611
Deferred offering expense		606,050
Total Assets		441,008,343
Liabilities:		
Securities sold short, at value		923,011
Payable for investments purchased		496,374
Distributions payable		139,988
Payable for investment advisory fees		1,501,562
Payable for payroll expenses		36,929
Payable for accounting fees		3,750
Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares, callable and mandatory redemption on 03/26/18 (See Notes 2 and 5)		143,987,900
Unrealized depreciation on swap contracts		8,279
Other accrued expenses		143,408
Total Liabilities		147,241,201
Net Assets Attributable to Common Shareholders	\$	293,767,142
Net Assets Attributable to Common Shareholders Consist of:		
Paid-in capital	\$	303,048,450
Accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income		(231,697)
Accumulated net realized gain on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short, and foreign currency transactions		(1,344,809)
Net unrealized depreciation on investments		(7,748,048)
Net unrealized appreciation on swap contracts		29,332
Net unrealized depreciation on securities sold short		(108,304)
Net unrealized appreciation on foreign currency translations		122,218
Net Assets	\$	293,767,142
Net Asset Value per Common Share:		
(\$293,767,142 ÷ 21,078,689 shares outstanding at \$0.001 par value; unlimited number of shares authorized)		\$13.94
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS		

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Investment Income:	
Dividends (net of foreign withholding taxes of \$98,617)	\$ 3,366,394
Interest	339,493
Total Investment Income	3,705,887

Expenses:

Investment advisory fees	3,589,863
Interest expense on preferred shares	10,396,774
Offering expense for issuance of preferred shares	586,690
Shareholder communications expenses	143,974
Trustees fees	133,608
Payroll expenses	109,431
Legal and audit fees	84,356
Custodian fees	71,671
Dividend expense on securities sold short	58,241
Accounting fees	45,000
Shareholder services fees	19,595
Interest expense	110
Miscellaneous expenses	104,788
wiscenarcous expenses	104,788
Total Expenses	15,344,101
Net Investment Loss	(11,638,214)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Investments, Swap Contracts, Securities Sold Short, and Foreign Currency:	
Net realized gain on investments	18,721,599
Net realized gain on swap contracts	10,276
Net realized gain on securities sold short	463,525
Net realized gain on foreign currency transactions	792,367
ive realized gain on foreign currency transactions	192,301
Net realized gain on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short, and foreign currency transactions	19,987,767
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation:	
on investments	(4,193,363)
on swap contracts	33,997
on securities sold short	(108,304)
on foreign currency translations	(122,495)
on foreign currency dunistations	(122,190)
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short, and foreign currency	
translations	(4,390,165)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Investments, Swap Contracts, Securities Sold Short, and Foreign Currency	15,597,602
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	3,959,388
The mercuse in The Assets Acounting from Operations	3,737,300
Net Increase in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shareholders Resulting from Operations	\$ 3,959,388

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON SHAREHOLDERS

Operations:		Year Ended ember 31, 2011	Year Ended December 31, 2010	
Net investment loss	\$	(11,638,214)	\$	(11,769,730)
Net realized gain on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short, and foreign currency transactions	Ψ	19,987,767	Ψ	14,225,755
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short,		15,501,101		11,220,700
and foreign currency translations		(4,390,165)		7,270,340
Net Increase in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shareholders Resulting from Operations		3,959,388		9,726,365
Distributions to Common Shareholders: Net investment income		(330,374)		
Net realized short-term gain		(8,220,176)		(563,444)
Net realized long-term gain		(47,463)		(303,111)
Return of capital		(18,441,946)		(26,544,152)
Total Distributions to Common Shareholders		(27,039,959)		(27,107,596)
Fund Share Transactions:				
Net decrease from repurchase of common shares		(1,133,250)		(134,536)
Recapture of gain on sale of Fund shares by an affiliate				10,388
Net Decrease in Net Assets from Fund Share Transactions		(1,133,250)		(124,148)
Net Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Common Shareholders		(24,213,821)		(17,505,379)
Net Assets Attributable to Common Shareholders:				
Beginning of period		317,980,963		335,486,342
End of period (including undistributed net investment income of \$0 and \$0, respectively)	\$	293,767,142	\$	317,980,963

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Net Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	3,959,388
Adjustments to December Not Increase in Not Assets Desulting from Operations to Not Cook from Operating Activities.		
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations to Net Cash from Operating Activities: Purchase of investment securities	(1,170,131,405)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities Proceeds from sales of investment securities		1,214,059,454
Proceeds from short sales of investment securities Proceeds from short sales of investment securities		1,278,232
Net sales of short-term investment securities		(51,560,550)
Net realized gain on investments		(18,721,599)
Net realized gain on securities sold short		(463,525)
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments and swap contracts		4,159,366
Net amortization of premium/(discount)		(267,042)
Increase in receivable in unrealized appreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts		(218,313)
Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on securities sold short contracts		108,304
Decrease in receivable for investments sold		4,758,568
Decrease in payable for investments purchased		(6,599,049)
Increase in deposit at broker		(914,599)
Decrease in dividends and interest receivable		243,048
Decrease in deferred offering expense		47,053
Decrease in prepaid expense		11.181
Decrease in payable for investment advisory fees		(1,994,211)
Increase in payable for payroll expenses		5.777
Decrease in payable for accounting fees		(3,750)
Increase in other accrued expenses		19,552
		,
Net cash used in operating activities		(22,224,120)
Repayment of Series A 8.50% Cumulative Preferred Shares		(96,012,100)
Issuance of Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares, callable and mandatory redemption on 03/26/18		143,987,900
Increase in distributions payable		26,640
Distributions to Common Shareholders		(27,039,959)
Decrease in payable for Fund shares repurchased		(134,536)
Decrease from repurchase of common shares		(1,133,250)
Net cash from financing activities		19,694,695
Tet cash from maneing activities		17,074,075
Net decrease in cash		(2,529,425)
		,
Cash (including foreign currency):		
Beginning of period		4,153,829
End of period	\$	1.624.404
	7	-,,

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Selected data for a share of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each period:

	2011	Year Ended December 31, 2010 2009		2008	Period Ended December 31, 2007 (g)	
Operating Performance:						
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 15.02	\$ 15.84	\$ 16.20	\$ 18.50	\$	19.06(h)
Net investment income/(loss)	(0.55)	(0.56)	(0.54)	0.18		0.37
Net realized and unrealized gain/(loss) on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short, and foreign	0.74	1.02	1.46	(0.00)		0.27
currency transactions	0.74	1.02	1.46	(0.89)		0.27
Total from investment operations	0.19	0.46	0.92	(0.71)		0.64
Distributions to Common Shareholders:						
Net investment income	(0.02)			(0.18)		(0.30)
Net realized gain	(0.39)	(0.03)		(0.43)		(0.90)
Return of capital	(0.87)	(1.25)	(1.28)	(0.99)		, ,
Total distributions to common shareholders	(1.28)	(1.28)	(1.28)	(1.60)		(1.20)
Common Share Transactions:						
Increase in net asset value from common share						
transactions				0.01		0.00(f)
Increase/(decrease) in net asset value from repurchase of						
common shares	0.01	(0.00)(f)	(0.00)(f)			
Recapture of gain on sale of Fund shares by an affiliate		0.00(f)				
Total fund share transactions	0.01	0.00(f)	0.00(f)	0.01		0.00(f)
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 13.94	\$ 15.02	\$ 15.84	\$ 16.20	\$	18.50
NAV total return	1.26%	3.07%	5.90%	(4.06)%		3.35%**
Market value, end of period	\$ 11.80	\$ 13.37	\$ 14.41	\$ 13.14	\$	15.96
Investment total return	(2.51)%	1.72%	20.03%	(8.39)%		(14.55)%***

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

Selected data for a share of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each period.

	2011	Year Ended Do	ecember 31, 2009	2008	Period Ended December 31, 2007 (g)
Ratios to Average Net Assets and Supplemental					(g)
Data:					
Net assets including liquidation value of preferred					
shares, end of period (in 000 s)	\$ 437,755	\$ 413,993	\$ 431,498		
Net assets attributable to common shares, end of					
period (in 000 s)	\$ 293,767	\$ 317,981	\$ 335,486	\$ 343,657	\$ 394,017
Ratio of net investment income to average net					
assets attributable to common shares including					
interest and offering costs (a)(b)	(3.71)%	(3.60)%	(3.35)%	1.02%	2.12%(i)
Ratio of operating expenses including interest,					
dividends on securities sold short, and offering					
costs to average net assets attributable to common					
shares (a)(b)	4.89%	4.39%	4.67%	0.67%	0.64%(i)
Ratio of operating expenses excluding the effect					
of dividends on securities sold short to average net					
assets attributable to common shares	4.87%	4.39%	4.67%	0.67%	0.64%(i)
Ratio of operating expenses excluding interest,					
dividends on securities sold short, and offering					
costs to average net assets attributable to common					
shares	1.56%*	1.89%*	2.53%	0.65%	0.62%(i)
Portfolio turnover rate	336%	365%	371%	334%	177%
Preferred Stock:					
8.500% Series A Cumulative Preferred					
Shares (c)					
Liquidation value, end of period (in 000 s)		\$ 96,012	\$ 96,012		
Total shares outstanding (in 000 s)		1,920	1,920		
Liquidation preference per share		\$ 50.00	\$ 50.00		
Average market value (d)		\$ 53.05	\$ 53.40		
Asset coverage per share		\$ 215.59	\$ 224.71		
Asset coverage		431%	449%		
Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares (e)					
Liquidation value, end of period (in 000 s)	\$ 143,988				
Total shares outstanding (in 000 s)	2,880				
Liquidation preference per share	\$ 50.00				
Average market value (d)	\$ 52.46				
Asset coverage per share	\$ 152.01				
Asset coverage	304%				

Based on net asset value per share, adjusted for reinvestment of distributions at the net asset value per share on the ex-dividend dates. Total return for a period of less than one year is not annualized.

Based on market value per share, adjusted for reinvestment of distributions at prices obtained under the Fund s dividend reinvestment plan. Total return for a period of less than one year is not annualized.

Effective in 2008, a change in accounting policy was adopted with regard to the calculation of the portfolio turnover rate to include cash proceeds due to mergers. Had this policy been adopted retroactively, the portfolio turnover rate for the period ended December 31, 2007 would have been 411%.

- * The ratio includes amortization of offering costs on preferred shares
- ** Based on net asset value per share at commencement of operations of \$19.06 per share, adjusted for reinvestment of distributions at the net asset value per share on the ex-dividend dates.
- *** Based on market value per share at initial public offering of \$20.00 per share, adjusted for reinvestments of distributions at prices obtained under the Fund s dividend reinvestment plan.
- (a) The ratios do not include a reduction for custodian fee credits on cash balances maintained with the custodian (Custodian Fee Credits). Including such Custodian Fee Credits, the expense ratios for the year ended December 31, 2008 and the period ended December 31, 2007 would have been 0.66% and 0.63%, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, there were no Custodian Fee Credits, and for the year ended December 31, 2009, the effect of Custodian Fee Credits was minimal.

The Fund incurred interest expense during the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, and during the period ended December 31, 2007. Interest expense on Preferred Shares and offering costs include amounts relating to the 8.50% Series A Preferred Shares from its issuance in 2009 to its repayment in 2011 and to the Series B Preferred Shares from its issuance in 2011 through year end (see Footnotes 2 and 5).

- (c) Series A Cumulative Preferred Shares were first issued on February 6, 2009 and were redeemed on May 31, 2011.
- (d) Based on weekly prices.
- (e) Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares were first issued on April 15, 2011.
- (f) Amount represents less than \$0.005 per share.
- (g) The Gabelli Global Deal Fund commenced investment operations on January 31, 2007.
- (h) The beginning of period NAV reflects a \$0.04 reduction for costs associated with the initial public offering.
- (i) Annualized.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization. The GDL Fund, formerly The Gabelli Global Deal Fund, is a non-diversified closed-end management investment company organized as a Delaware statutory trust on October 17, 2006 and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act). Investment operations commenced on January 31, 2007.

The Fund s primary investment objective is to achieve absolute returns in various market conditions without excessive risk of capital. The Fund will seek to achieve its objective by investing primarily in merger arbitrage transactions and, to a lesser extent, in corporate reorganizations involving stubs, spin-offs, and liquidations. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its assets in securities or hedging arrangements relating to companies involved in corporate transactions or reorganizations, giving rise to the possibility of realizing gains upon or within relatively short periods of time after the completion of such transactions or reorganizations.

The Fund may invest a high percentage of its assets in specific sectors of the market in order to achieve a potentially greater investment return. As a result, the Fund may be more susceptible to economic, political, and regulatory developments in a particular sector of the market, positive or negative, and may experience increased volatility to the Fund s NAV and a magnified effect in its total return.

2. Significant Accounting Policies. The Fund s financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), which may require the use of management estimates and assumptions. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements.

Security Valuation. Portfolio securities listed or traded on a nationally recognized securities exchange or traded in the U.S. over-the-counter market for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the last quoted sale price or a market sofficial closing price as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued. If there were no sales that day, the security is valued at the average of the closing bid and asked prices or, if there were no asked prices quoted on that day, then the security is valued at the closing bid price on that day. If no bid or asked prices are quoted on such day, the security is valued at the most recently available price or, if the Board of Trustees (the Board) so determines, by such other method as the Board shall determine in good faith to reflect its fair market value. Portfolio securities traded on more than one national securities exchange or market are valued according to the broadest and most representative market, as determined by Gabelli Funds, LLC (the Adviser).

Portfolio securities primarily traded on a foreign market are generally valued at the preceding closing values of such securities on the relevant market, but may be fair valued pursuant to procedures established by the Board if market conditions change significantly after the close of the foreign market, but prior to the close of business on the day the securities are being valued. Debt instruments with remaining maturities of sixty days or less that are not credit impaired are valued at amortized cost, unless the Board determines such amount does not reflect the securities fair value, in which case these securities will be fair valued as determined by the Board. Debt instruments having a maturity greater than sixty days for which market quotations are readily available are valued at the average of the latest bid and asked prices. If there were no asked prices quoted on such day, the security is valued using the closing bid price. U.S. government obligations with maturities greater than sixty days are normally valued using a model that incorporates market observable data such as reported sales of similar securities, broker quotes, yields, bids, offers, and reference data. Certain securities are valued principally using dealer quotations.

Securities and assets for which market quotations are not readily available are fair valued as determined by the Board. Fair valuation methodologies and procedures may include, but are not limited to: analysis and review of available financial and nonfinancial information about the company; comparisons with the valuation and changes in valuation of similar securities, including a comparison of foreign securities with the equivalent U.S. dollar value ADR securities at the close of the U.S. exchange; and evaluation of any other information that could be indicative of the value of the security.

The inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value of the Fund s investments are summarized into three levels as described in the hierarchy below:

Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities;

Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.); and

Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund s determinations as to the fair value of investments).

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

A financial instrument s level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input both individually and in the aggregate that is significant to the fair value measurement. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. The summary of the Fund s investments in securities and other financial instruments by inputs used to value the Fund s investments as of December 31, 2011 is as follows:

		Level 1 Quoted Prices	Oth	Aluation Inputs Level 2 ner Significant ervable Inputs	Sig	evel 3 mificant rvable Inputs		Total rket Value : 12/31/11
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES:								
ASSETS (Market Value):								
Common Stocks:								
Equipment and Supplies	\$	94,040			\$	5,110	\$	99,150
Health Care		51,903,401				48,950		51,952,351
Retail		3,834,575				0		3,834,575
Other Industries (a)	2	08,336,572					2	08,336,572
Total Common Stocks	2	64,168,588				54,060	2	64,222,648
Rights (a)		468,000				176,025		644,025
Warrants (a)		313						313
Convertible Corporate Bonds (a)			\$	4,368,125				4,368,125
U.S. Government Obligations				165,191,922				65,191,922
TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES ASSETS	\$ 2	64,636,901	\$	169,560,047	\$	230,085	\$ 4	34,427,033
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES:								
LIABILITIES (Market Value):								
Common Stocks Sold Short (a)	\$	(923,011)	\$		\$		\$	(923,011)
TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN								
SECURITIES LIABILITIES	\$	(923,011)	\$		\$		\$	(923,011)
OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:								
ASSETS (Unrealized Appreciation): *								
EQUITY CONTRACT								
Contract for Difference Swap Agreement	\$		\$	37,611	\$		\$	37,611
FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE CONTRACTS								
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts				122,207				122,207
LIABILITIES (Unrealized Depreciation): *								
EQUITY CONTRACT								
Contract for Difference Swap Agreement				(8,279)				(8,279)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	\$		\$	151,539	\$		\$	151,539

⁽a) Please refer to the Schedule of Investments (SOI) for the industry classifications of these portfolio holdings.

The Fund did not have significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the year ended December 31, 2011. The Fund s policy is to recognize transfers among Levels as of the beginning of the reporting period.

The following table reconciles Level 3 investments for which significant unobservable inputs were used to determine fair value:

Balance	Accrued	Realized	Change in Pur	rchases	Sales	Transfer	ransfers	Balance	Net change in
as of	discounts/	gain/	unrealized			into	out	as of	unrealized
12/31/10	(premiums)	(loss)	appreciation/			Level 3	of	12/31/11	appreciation/
			depreciation]	Level 3		depreciation
									during the

^{*} Other financial instruments are derivatives reflected in the SOI, such as futures, forwards, and swaps, which are valued at the unrealized appreciation/depreciation of the instrument.

								inv sti	eriod on Level 3 restments Il held at 2/31/11
INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES:									
ASSETS (Market Value):									
Common Stocks:									
Energy and Utilities	\$	\$ \$ 28,000	\$	\$ 0	\$ (28,000)	\$ \$	\$	\$	
Equipment and Supplies			5,110	0			5,110		5,110
Financial Services		99,113		0	(99,113)				
Health Care	48,950						48,950		
Retail				0			0		
Total Common Stocks	48,950	127,113	5,110	0	(127,113)		54,060		5,110
Rights:									
Health Care			176,025	0			176,025		176,025
TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES	\$ 48,950	\$ \$ 127,113	\$ 181,135	\$ 0	\$ (127,113)	\$ \$	\$ 230,085	\$	181,135

Net change in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments is included in the related amounts in the Statement of Operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-04 Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). ASU 2011-04 includes common requirements for measurement of and disclosure about fair value between U.S. GAAP and IFRS. ASU 2011-04 will require reporting entities to disclose the following information for fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy: quantitative information about the unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement, the valuation processes used by the reporting entity, and a narrative description of the sensitivity of the fair value measurement to changes in unobservable inputs and the interrelationships between those unobservable inputs. In addition, ASU 2011-04 will require reporting entities to make disclosures about amounts and reasons for all transfers into and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements. The new and revised disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. At this time, management is evaluating the implications of ASU 2011-04 and its impact on the financial statements.

Merger Arbitrage Risk. The principal risk associated with the Fund s investment strategy is that certain of the proposed reorganizations in which the Fund invests may involve a longer time frame than originally contemplated or be renegotiated or terminated, in which case losses may be realized. The Fund invests all or a portion of its assets to seek short-term capital appreciation. This can be expected to increase the portfolio turnover rate and cause increased brokerage commission costs.

Derivative Financial Instruments.

The Fund may engage in various portfolio investment strategies by investing in a number of derivative financial instruments for the purposes of increasing the income of the Fund, hedging against changes in the value of its portfolio securities and in the value of securities it intends to purchase, or hedging against a specific transaction with respect to either the currency in which the transaction is denominated or another currency. Investing in certain derivative financial instruments, including participation in the options, futures, or swap markets, entails certain execution, liquidity, hedging, tax, and securities, interest, credit, or currency market risks. Losses may arise if the Adviser's prediction of movements in the direction of the securities, foreign currency, and interest rate markets is inaccurate. Losses may also arise if the counterparty does not perform its duties under a contract, or that, in the event of default, the Fund may be delayed in or prevented from obtaining payments or other contractual remedies owed to it under derivative contracts. The creditworthiness of the counterparties is closely monitored in order to minimize these risks. Participation in derivative transactions involves investment risks, transaction costs, and potential losses to which the Fund would not be subject absent the use of these strategies. The consequences of these risks, transaction costs, and losses may have a negative impact on the Fund's ability to pay distributions.

The Fund s derivative contracts held at December 31, 2011, if any, are not accounted for as hedging instruments under GAAP and are disclosed in the Schedule of Investments together with the related counterparty.

Swap Agreements. The Fund may enter into equity contract for difference swap transactions for the purpose of increasing the income of the Fund. The use of swaps is a highly specialized activity that involves investment techniques and risks different from those associated with ordinary portfolio security transactions. In an equity contract for difference swap, a set of future cash flows is exchanged between two counterparties. One of these cash flow streams will typically be based on a reference interest rate combined with the performance of a notional value of shares of a stock. The other will be based on the performance of the shares of a stock. Depending on the general state of short-term interest rates and the returns on the Fund sportfolio securities at the time an equity contract for difference swap transaction reaches its scheduled termination date, there is a risk that the Fund will not be able to obtain a replacement transaction or that the terms of the replacement will not be as favorable as on the expiring transaction.

Unrealized gains related to swaps are reported as an asset and unrealized losses are reported as a liability in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in value of swaps, including the accrual of periodic amounts of interest to be paid or received on swaps, is reported as unrealized gain or loss in the Statement of Operations. A realized gain or loss is recorded upon payment or receipt of a periodic payment or termination of swap agreements.

The Fund has entered into equity contract for difference swap agreements with The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. Details of the swaps at December 31, 2011 are reflected within the Schedule of Investments and further details are as follows:

Notio	nal Amount	Equity Security Received	Interest Rate/Equity Security Paid	Termination Date	App	Inrealized reciation/ preciation
		Market Value	One Month LIBOR plus 90 bps plus			
		Appreciation on:	Market Value Depreciation on:			
\$257,337	(100,000 Shares)	Gulf Keystone Petroleum Ltd.	Gulf Keystone Petroleum Ltd.	6/27/12	\$	37,611
			Twelve Month LIBOR plus 90 bps plus			
			Market Value Depreciation on:			
584,563	(45,000 Shares)	Hamworthy plc	Hamworthy plc	11/27/12		(8,279)
					\$	29,332

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Fund s volume of activity in equity contract for difference swap agreements during the year ended December 31, 2011 had an average monthly notional amount of approximately \$399,714.

There are several risks in connection with the use of futures contracts as a hedging instrument. The change in value of futures contracts primarily corresponds with the value of their underlying instruments, which may not correlate with the change in value of the hedged investments. In addition, there is the risk that the Fund may not be able to enter into a closing transaction because of an illiquid secondary market. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund held no investments in futures contracts.

Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts. The Fund may engage in forward foreign exchange contracts for the purpose of hedging a specific transaction with respect to either the currency in which the transaction is denominated or another currency as deemed appropriate by the Adviser. Forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at the forward rate and are marked-to-market daily. The change in market value is included in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on foreign currency translations. When the contract is closed, the Fund records a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed.

The use of forward foreign exchange contracts does not eliminate fluctuations in the underlying prices of the Fund s portfolio securities, but it does establish a rate of exchange that can be achieved in the future. Although forward foreign exchange contracts limit the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, they also limit any potential gain that might result should the value of the currency increase. Forward foreign exchange contracts at December 31, 2011 are reflected within the Schedule of Investments.

The Fund s volume of activity in forward foreign currency contracts during the year ended December 31, 2011 had an average monthly notional amount of approximately \$27,049,335.

Fair Values of Derivative Instruments as of December 31, 2011:

The following table presents the value of derivatives held as of December 31, 2011 by their primary underlying risk exposure and respective location on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities:

Derivative Contracts	Statement of Assets and Liabilities Location	Fair Value
Assets:		
Forward Currency Exchange Contracts	Assets, Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign exchange contracts	\$ 122,207
Equity Contracts	Assets, Unrealized appreciation on swap contracts	37,611
Liabilities:		
Equity Contracts	Liabilities, Unrealized depreciation on swap contracts	(8,279)
Total		\$ 151.539

Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Statement of Operations during the Year Ended December 31, 2011:

The following table presents the effect of derivatives on the Statement of Operations during the year ended December 31, 2011 by primary risk exposure:

			Ch	ange in
			Un	realized
	Realized	gain/(loss)	Appr	eciation on
	O	on	Derivativ	es Recognized
Derivative Contracts	Derivatives Reco	gnized in Income	in	Income
Equity Contracts	\$	10,276	\$	33,997
Forward Currency Exchange Contracts		(586)		218,313

Total \$ 9,690 \$ 252,310

Securities Sold Short. The Fund may enter into short sale transactions. Short selling involves selling securities that may or may not be owned and, at times, borrowing the same securities for delivery to the purchaser, with an obligation to replace such borrowed securities at a later date. The proceeds received from short sales are recorded as liabilities and the Fund records an unrealized gain or loss to the extent of the difference between the proceeds received and the value of an open short position on the day of determination.

The Fund records a realized gain or loss when the short position is closed out. By entering into a short sale, the Fund bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the security sold short. Dividends on short sales are recorded as an expense by the Fund on the ex-dividend date and interest expense is recorded on the accrual basis. The broker retains collateral for the value of the open positions, which is adjusted periodically as the value of the position fluctuates. Securities sold short at December 31, 2011 are reflected within the Schedule of Investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares. For financial reporting purposes only, the liquidation value of preferred shares that have a mandatory call date is classified as a liability within the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and the dividends paid on these preferred shares are included as a component of Interest expense on preferred shares within the Statement of Operations. Offering costs are amortized over the life of the preferred shares.

Foreign Currency Translations. The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currencies, investments, and other assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars at current exchange rates. Purchases and sales of investment securities, income, and expenses are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Unrealized gains and losses that result from changes in foreign exchange rates and/ or changes in market prices of securities have been included in unrealized appreciation/depreciation on investments and foreign currency translations. Net realized foreign currency gains and losses resulting from changes in exchange rates include foreign currency gains and losses between trade date and settlement date on investment securities transactions, foreign currency transactions, and the difference between the amounts of interest and dividends recorded on the books of the Fund and the amounts actually received. The portion of foreign currency gains and losses related to fluctuation in exchange rates between the initial purchase trade date and subsequent sale trade date is included in realized gain/(loss) on investments.

Foreign Securities. The Fund may directly purchase securities of foreign issuers. Investing in securities of foreign issuers involves special risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers. The risks include possible revaluation of currencies, the inability to repatriate funds, less complete financial information about companies, and possible future adverse political and economic developments. Moreover, securities of many foreign issuers and their markets may be less liquid and their prices more volatile than securities of comparable U.S. issuers.

Foreign Taxes. The Fund may be subject to foreign taxes on income, gains on investments, or currency repatriation, a portion of which may be recoverable. The Fund will accrue such taxes and recoveries as applicable, based upon its current interpretation of tax rules and regulations that exist in the markets in which it invests.

Securities Transactions and Investment Income. Securities transactions are accounted for on the trade date with realized gain or loss on investments determined by using the identified cost method. Interest income (including amortization of premium and accretion of discount) is recorded on the accrual basis. Premiums and discounts on debt securities are amortized using the effective yield to maturity method. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, except for certain dividends from foreign securities that are recorded as soon after the ex-dividend date as the Fund becomes aware of such dividends.

Custodian Fee Credits and Interest Expense. When cash balances are maintained in the custody account, the Fund receives credits which are used to offset custodian fees. The gross expenses paid under the custody arrangement are included in custodian fees in the Statement of Operations with the corresponding expense offset, if any, shown as Custodian fee credits. When cash balances are overdrawn, the Fund is charged an overdraft fee equal to 110% of the 90 day Treasury Bill rate on outstanding balances. This amount, if any, would be included in the Statement of Operations.

Distributions to Shareholders. Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Distributions to shareholders are based on income and capital gains as determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from income and capital gains as determined under GAAP. See Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares above for discussion of GAAP treatment. The distributions on these Preferred Shares are treated as dividends for tax purposes. These differences are also due to differing treatments of income and gains on various investment securities and foreign currency transactions held by the Fund, timing differences, and differing characterizations of distributions made by the Fund. Distributions from net investment income for federal income tax purposes include net realized gains on foreign currency transactions. These book/tax differences are either temporary or permanent in nature. To the extent these differences are permanent, adjustments are made to the appropriate capital accounts in the period when the differences arise. Permanent differences were primarily due to the tax treatment of currency gains and losses, reclassifications of gains on investments in passive foreign investment companies, capital gain adjustments on sale of investments in real estate investment trusts, recharacterization of distributions, disallowed expenses related to the offering expense on preferred shares, and tax treatment of swap gains and losses. These reclassifications have no impact on the NAV of the Fund. For the year ended December 31, 2011, reclassifications were made to decrease accumulated distributions in excess of net investment income by \$11,777,377 and decrease accumulated net realized gain on investments, swap contracts, securities sold short, and foreign currency transactions by \$11,192,160, with an offsetting adjustment to paid-in capital.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Fund declared and paid quarterly distributions from net investment income, capital gains, and paid-in capital. The actual sources of the distribution are determined after the end of the year. Distributions during the year may be made in excess of required distributions. To the extent such distributions were made from current earnings and profits, they are considered ordinary income or long-term capital gains. This may restrict the Fund s ability to pass through to shareholders all of its net realized long-term capital gains as a Capital Gain Dividend, subject to the maximum federal income tax rate of 15%, and may cause such gains to be treated as ordinary income subject to a maximum federal income tax rate of 35%. Any paid-in capital that is a component of a distribution and is not sourced from net investment income or realized gains of the Fund should not be considered as yield or total return on an investment from the Fund, respectively.

The tax character of distributions paid during the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was as follows:

			Year I	Ended
	Year December	Ended r 31, 2011	December	31, 2010
	Common	Preferred	Common	Preferred
Distributions paid from:				
Ordinary income				
(inclusive of short-term capital gains)	\$ 8,550,550	\$ 10,396,774	\$ 563,444	\$ 8,183,698
Long-term capital gain	47,463			
Return of capital	18,441,946		26,544,152	
Total distributions paid	\$ 27,039,959	\$ 10,396,774	\$ 27,107,596	\$ 8,183,698

Provision for Income Taxes. The Fund intends to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code). It is the policy of the Fund to comply with the requirements of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute substantially all of its net investment company taxable income and net capital gains. Therefore, no provision for federal income taxes is required.

As of December 31, 2011, the components of accumulated earnings/losses on a tax basis were as follows:

Net unrealized depreciation on investments, swap contracts, and	
foreign currency translations	\$ (9,141,320)
Other temporary differences*	(139,988)
Total	\$ (9,281,308)

At December 31, 2011, the temporary difference between book basis and tax basis net unrealized depreciation on investments was primarily due to deferral of losses from wash sales for tax purposes and basis adjustments on investments in partnerships.

The following summarizes the tax cost of investments and the related net unrealized depreciation at December 31, 2011:

^{*}Other temporary differences are primarily due to adjustments on preferred share class distribution payables.

Under the Regulated Investment Company Modernization Act of 2010, the Fund will be permitted to carry forward for an unlimited period capital losses incurred in years beginning after December 22, 2010. As a result of the rule, post-enactment capital losses that are carried forward will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses rather than being considered all short-term as under previous law.

	Cost/ (Proceeds)	Gross Unrealized Appreciation	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Net Unrealized Depreciation
Investments	\$ 443,460,018	\$ 9,097,951	\$ (18,130,936)	\$ (9,032,985)
Short sales	(814,707)		(108,304)	(108,304)
	\$ 442,645,311	\$ 9,097,951	\$ (18,239,240)	\$ (9,141,289)

The Fund is required to evaluate tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Fund s tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are more-likely-than-not of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Income tax and related interest and penalties would be recognized by the Fund as tax expense in the Statement of Operations if the tax positions were deemed not to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund did not incur any income tax, interest, or penalties. As of December 31, 2011, the Adviser has reviewed all open tax years and concluded that there was no impact to the Fund s net assets or results of operations. Tax years ended December 31, 2008 through December 31, 2011 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and state taxing authorities. On an ongoing basis, the Adviser will monitor the Fund s tax positions to determine if adjustments to this conclusion are necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. Agreements and Transactions with Affiliates. The Fund has entered into an investment advisory agreement (the Advisory Agreement) with the Adviser which provides that the Fund will pay the Adviser a base fee, computed weekly and paid monthly, equal on an annual basis to 0.50% of the value of the Fund s average weekly managed assets. Managed assets consist of all of the assets of the Fund without deduction for borrowings, repurchase transactions, and other leveraging techniques, the liquidation value of any outstanding preferred shares, or other liabilities except for certain ordinary course expenses. In addition, the Fund may pay the Adviser an annual performance fee at a calendar year end if the Fund s total return on its managed assets during the year exceeds the total return of the 3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index (the T-Bill Index) during the same period. For every four basis points that the Fund s total return exceeds the T-Bill Index, the Fund will accrue weekly and pay annually one basis point performance fee up to a maximum performance fee of 150 basis points. Under the performance fee arrangement, the annual rate of the total fees paid to the Adviser can range from 0.50% to 2.00% of the average weekly managed assets. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund accrued a \$1,315,206 performance fee to the Adviser. In accordance with the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser provides a continuous investment program for the Fund s portfolio and oversees the administration of all aspects of the Fund s business and affairs.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund paid brokerage commissions on security trades of \$529,259 to Gabelli & Company, Inc. (Gabelli & Co.), an affiliate of the Adviser.

The cost of calculating the Fund s NAV per share is a Fund expense pursuant to the Advisory Agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund paid or accrued \$45,000 to the Advisor in connection with the cost of computing the Fund s NAV.

As per the approval of the Board, the Fund compensates officers of the Fund, who are employed by the Fund and are not employed by the Adviser (although the officers may receive incentive based variable compensation from affiliates of the Adviser) and pays its allocated portion of the cost of the Fund s Chief Compliance Officer. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund paid or accrued \$109,431 in payroll expenses in the Statement of Operations.

The Fund pays each Trustee who is not considered an affiliated person an annual retainer of \$9,000 plus \$2,000 for each Board meeting attended. Each Trustee is reimbursed by the Fund for any out of pocket expenses incurred in attending meetings. All Board committee members receive \$1,000 per meeting attended, the Audit Committee Chairman receives an annual fee of \$3,000, the Nominating Committee Chairman and the Lead Trustee each receive an annual fee of \$2,000. A Trustee may receive a single meeting fee, allocated among the participating funds, for participation in certain meetings held on behalf of multiple funds. Trustees who are directors or employees of the Adviser or an affiliated company receive no compensation or expense reimbursement from the Fund.

- **4. Portfolio Securities.** Purchases and sales of securities during the year ended December 31, 2011, other than short-term securities and U.S. Government obligations, aggregated \$1,128,591,199 and \$1,186,932,274, respectively.
- **5.** Capital. The Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares of beneficial interest (par value \$0.001). The Board has authorized the repurchase of the Fund s common shares on the open market when its shares are trading at a discount of 7.5% or more (or such other percentage as the Board may determine from time to time) from the NAV per share.

Transactions in shares of beneficial interest for the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows:

	Yea	Year Ended		Ended
	Decemb	December 31, 2011		er 31, 2010
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Shares repurchased	89,021	\$ 1,133,250	10,100	\$ 134,536

The Fund filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which became effective August 6, 2008. Under this shelf registration statement, on February 10, 2009, the Fund issued 1,920,242 Series A 8.50% Cumulative Callable Preferred Shares (liquidation preference, \$50 per share) (Series A Preferred Shares), \$0.001 par value, and received \$95,532,039 (after solicitation fees paid to Gabelli & Company, Inc. as dealer manager of \$480,061). On May 31, 2011, the Fund called all 1,697,246 outstanding Series A Preferred Shares at the redemption price of \$50 plus accumulated and unpaid dividends to the redemption date of \$0.7674 per share.

Also under this shelf registration statement, the Fund completed an additional rights offering whereby three transferable rights were issued for each Series A Preferred Share held as of March 1, 2011. On April 15, 2011, the Fund issued 2,879,758 Series B Cumulative Puttable and Callable Preferred Shares (liquidation preference, \$50 per share) (Series B Preferred Shares),

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

\$0.001 par value, upon the submission of two rights and either \$50 or one share of Series A Preferred Shares. The cash proceeds to the Fund from the exercise of the rights totaled \$132,550,124 (after deduction of solicitation fees paid to Gabelli & Company, Inc. as dealer manager of \$287,976). In addition, subscribing shareholders surrendered 222,996 Series A Preferred Shares at the \$50 liquidation preference value totaling \$11,149,800 to acquire Series B Preferred Shares.

The Fund retired all Series A Preferred Shares.

The Series B Preferred Shares pay quarterly distributions in March, June, September, and December of each year at an annual dividend rate of 7.00% for the dividend periods ending on or prior to March 26, 2012. The annual dividend rate thereafter will be reset by the Board and publicly announced in notices at least sixty days prior to (a) March 26, 2012 for the four dividend periods ending March 26, 2013, (b) March 26, 2013 for the eight dividend periods ending March 26, 2015, and (c) March 26, 2015 for all remaining dividend periods prior to the mandatory redemption date of March 26, 2018. The Series B Preferred Shares may be put back to the Fund during a period after the announcement of a new rate, and may be redeemed by the Fund at any time three years after the issuance date of the Series B Preferred Shares. Each reset date will take into account interest rates for debt securities with similar timeframes to put or maturity and annual dividend rates may be lower than 7.00%, but not less than 3.00% annually. At December 31, 2011, there were 2,879,758 Series B Preferred Shares outstanding and accrued dividends amounted to \$139,988.

- **6. Indemnifications.** The Fund enters into contracts that contain a variety of indemnifications. The Fund s maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown. However, the Fund has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts. Management has reviewed the Fund s existing contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote.
- 7. Other Matters. On April 24, 2008, the Adviser entered into a settlement with the SEC to resolve an inquiry regarding prior frequent trading in shares of the GAMCO Global Growth Fund (the Global Growth Fund) by one investor who was banned from the Global Growth Fund in August 2002. Under the terms of the settlement, the Adviser, without admitting or denying the SEC s findings and allegations, paid \$16 million (which included a \$5 million civil monetary penalty). On the same day, the SEC filed a civil action in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of the Adviser, alleging violations of certain federal securities laws arising from the same matter. The officer, who also is an officer of the Global Growth Fund and other funds in the Gabelli/GAMCO complex, including this Fund, denies the allegations and is continuing in his positions with the Adviser and the funds. The settlement by the Adviser did not have, and the resolution of the action against the officer is not expected to have, a material adverse impact on the Adviser or its ability to fulfill its obligations under the Advisory Agreement.
- **8. Subsequent Events.** On January 24, 2012, the Board reset the annual dividend rate at 3.00% on the Series B Preferred Shares for the next four dividend periods after March 26, 2012.

Management has evaluated the impact on the Fund of all other subsequent events occurring through the date the financial statements were issued and has determined that there were no other subsequent events requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Trustees of

The GDL Fund

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, of The GDL Fund (the Fund), as of December 31, 2011, and the related statement of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2011, by correspondence with the Fund's custodian and brokers, or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The GDL Fund at December 31, 2011, the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and its financial highlights for each of the periods indicated therein, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

February 28, 2012

ADDITIONAL FUND INFORMATION (Unaudited)

The business and affairs of the Fund are managed under the direction of the Fund s Board of Trustees. Information pertaining to the Trustees and officers of the Fund is set forth below. The Fund s Statement of Additional Information includes additional information about the Fund s Trustees and is available without charge, upon request, by calling 800-GABELLI (800-422-3554) or by writing to The GDL Fund at One Corporate Center, Rye, NY 10580-1422.

Name, Position(s) Address ¹ and Age	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ²	Number of Funds in Fund Complex Overseen by Trustee	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee ⁴
INTERESTED TRUSTEES Mario J. Gabelli, CFA Trustee and Chief	Since 2006*	27	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and Chief Investment Officer Value Portfolios of GAMCO Investors, Inc. and Chief Investment Officer- Value	Director of Morgan Group Holdings, Inc. (holding company); Chairman of the Board and Chief
Investment Officer Age: 69			Portfolios of Gabelli Funds, LLC and GAMCO Asset Management Inc.; Director/ Trustee or Chief Investment Officer of other registered investment companies in the Gabelli/GAMCO Funds	Executive Officer of LICT Corp. (multimedia and communication services company); Director of CIBL, Inc. (broadcasting and
			Complex; Chief Executive Officer of GGCP, Inc.	wireless communications); Director of RLJ Acquisition Inc. (blank check company)
Edward T. Tokar Trustee	Since 2006**	2	Senior Managing Director of Beacon Trust Company since 2004; Chief Executive Officer of Allied Capital Management LLC (1997-2004); Vice President Investments of Honeywell	Director of CH Energy Group (energy services); Trustee of Levco Series Trust Mutual Funds through 2005; Director of DB
Age: 64			International Inc. (1977-2004); Director of Teton Advisors, Inc. (financial services) (2008-2010)	Hedge Strategies Fund through March 2007; Director of Topiary Fund for Benefit Plan Investors Fund (BPI) LLC through December 2007
INDEPENDENT TRUSTER	7 9 5.			
Anthony J. Colavita	Since 2006**	35	President of the law firm of Anthony J. Colavita, P.C.	
Trustee				
Age: 76 James P. Conn	Since 2006***	19	Former Managing Director and Chief Investment	Director of First Republic Bank
Trustee			Officer of Financial Security Assurance Holdings Ltd. (insurance holding company) (1992-1998)	(banking) through January 2008 and LaQuinta Corp. (hotels) through January 2006
Age: 73				
Clarence A. Davis	Since 2006***	2	Former Chief Executive Officer of Nestor, Inc. (2007-2009); Former Chief Operating Officer (2000-2005) and Chief Financial Officer	Director of Oneida Ltd. (kitchenware); (2005-2006)
Trustee			(1999-2000) of the American Institute of Certified	Director of Telephone & Data Systems, Inc. (telephone services);
Age: 70			Public Accountants	Director of Pennichuck Corp. (water supply); Director of Sonesta International Hotels Corp. (hotels); (2005-2006)
Mario d Urso	Since 2006*	5	Chairman of Mittel Capital Markets S.p.A. (2001-2008); Senator in the Italian Parliament	
Trustee			(1996-2001)	

Age: 71				
Arthur V. Ferrara Trustee Age: 81	Since 2006***	8	Former Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America (1992-1995)	
Michael J. Melarkey	Since 2006*	5	Partner in the law firm of Avansino, Melarkey, Knobel, Mulligan & McKenzie	Director of Southwest Gas Corporation (natural gas utility)
Trustee Age: 62				
Salvatore J. Zizza Trustee Age: 66	Since 2006**	29	Chairman (since 1978) of Zizza & Company, Ltd. (financial consulting); Chairman (since 2006) of Metropolitan Paper Recycling, Inc. (recycling); Chairman (since 2000) of BAM Inc. (manufacturing); Chairman (since 2009) of E-Corp English (business services)	Non-Executive Chairman and Director of Harbor BioSciences, Inc. (biotechnology); Vice Chairman and Director of Trans-Lux Corporation (business services); Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of General Employment Enterprises, Inc. (staffing); Director of Bion Environmental Technologies (technology) (2005-2008); Director of Earl Schieb Inc. (automotive painting) through April 2009.

ADDITIONAL FUND INFORMATION (Continued) (Unaudited)

Name, Position(s) Address ¹ and Age	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ²	Principal Occupation(s) During Past Five Years
OFFICERS:		
Bruce N. Alpert	Since 2006	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Gabelli Funds, LLC since 1988; Officer of all of the registered investment companies in the Gabelli/GAMCO Funds complex; Director of Teton Advisors, Inc. since 1998; Chairman of Teton Advisors, Inc. 2008 to 2010; President of Teton
President and Acting Chief Compliance Officer	Since November 2011	Advisors, Inc. since 1998; Chairman of Teton Advisors, Inc. 2008 to 2010; President of Teton Advisors, Inc. 1998 through 2008; Senior Vice President of GAMCO Investors, Inc. since 2008
Age: 60		
Agnes Mullady Treasurer and Secretary	Since 2006	President and Chief Operating Officer of the Open-End Fund Division of Gabelli Funds, LLC since September 2010; Senior Vice President of GAMCO Investors, Inc. since 2009; Vice President of Gabelli Funds, LLC since 2007; Officer of all of the registered investment companies in the
Age: 53		Gabelli/GAMCO Funds Complex
Carter W. Austin	Since 2006	Vice President and or Ombudsman of closed-end funds within the Gabelli/GAMCO Funds complex; Vice President of Gabelli Funds, LLC since 1996
Vice President		
Age: 45		
Laurissa M. Martire	Since 2010	Vice President and or Ombudsman of closed-end funds within the Gabelli/GAMCO Funds complex
Vice President		
Age: 35	Simon 2006	Via Parillant and a Control and a final and in the Catallia (CAMOOF)
David I. Schachter	Since 2006	Vice President and or Ombudsman of closed-end funds within the Gabelli/GAMCO Funds complex; Vice President of Gabelli & Company, Inc. since 1999
Vice President and Ombudsman		

Age: 58

- 1 Address: One Corporate Center, Rye, NY 10580-1422, unless otherwise noted.
- 2 The Fund s Board of Trustees is divided into three classes, each class having a term of three years. Each year the term of office of one class expires and the successor or successors elected to such class serve for a three year term. The three year term for each class expires as follows:
 - * Term expires at the Fund s 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.
 - ** Term expires at the Fund s 2013 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.
 - *** Term expires at the Fund's 2014 Annual Meeting of Shareholders or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

Each officer will hold office for an indefinite term until the date he or she resigns or retires or until his or her successor is elected and qualified.

- 3 Interested person of the Fund as defined in the 1940 Act. Mr. Gabelli is considered an interested person of the Fund because of his affiliation with the Investment Adviser and with Gabelli & Company, Inc., which is a principal underwriter for the Fund s common shares and is expected to execute portfolio transactions for the Fund. Mr. Tokar is considered an interested person of the Fund as a result of a family member s affiliation with the Adviser.
- 4 This column includes only directorships of companies required to report to the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, i.e., public companies, or other investment companies registered under the 1940 Act.
- 5 Trustees who are not interested persons are considered Independent Trustees.

Certifications

The Fund's Chief Executive Officer has certified to the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) that, as of June 15, 2011, he was not aware of any violation by the Fund of applicable NYSE corporate governance listing standards. The Fund reports to the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form N-CSR which contains certifications by the Fund's principal executive officer and principal financial officer that relate to the Fund's disclosure in such reports and that are required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the 1940 Act.

INCOME TAX INFORMATION (Unaudited)

December 31, 2011

Cash Dividends and Distributions

	Payable Date	Record Date	Total Amount Paid Per Share	Ordinary Investment Income (a)	Long-Term Capital Gains	Return of Capital (b)	Dividend Reinvestment Price
Common Shares						•	
	03/24/11	03/17/11	\$0.32000	\$0.10175		\$0.21825	\$13.4906
	06/23/11	06/16/11	0.32000	0.10175		0.21825	13.4690
	09/23/11	09/16/11	0.32000	0.10175		0.21825	12.2127
	12/16/11	12/13/11	0.32000	0.10073	\$0.00102	0.21825	11.8221
			\$1.28000	\$0.40596	\$0.00102	\$0.87302	
8.500% Series A C	umulative Preferre	d Shares					
	03/28/11	03/21/11	\$1.06250	\$1.06250			
	05/31/11		0.76740	0.76740			
			\$1.82990	\$1.82990			
7.000% Series B Cu	umulative Preferred	d Shares					
	06/27/11	06/20/11	\$0.69028	\$0.69028			
	09/26/11	09/19/11	0.87500	0.87500			
	12/27/11	12/19/11	0.87500	0.86600	\$0.00900		
			\$2.44028	\$2.43128	\$0.00900		

A Form 1099-DIV has been mailed to all shareholders of record for the distributions mentioned above, setting forth specific amounts to be included in the 2011 tax returns. Ordinary income distributions include net investment income and realized net short-term capital gains, if any. Ordinary income is reported in box 1a of Form 1099-DIV. Capital gain distributions are reported in box 2a of Form 1099-DIV.

The long-term gain distributions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 were \$21,066 or the maximum amount.

Corporate Dividends Received Deductions, Qualified Dividend Income, and U.S. Government Securities Income

The Fund paid to common shareholders ordinary income dividends of \$0.40596 per share in 2011. For the year ended December 31, 2011, 0.00% of the ordinary dividend qualified for the dividends received deduction available to corporations, and 17.28% of the ordinary income distribution was qualified dividend income and 100% of the ordinary income distribution was qualified interest income. The percentage of ordinary income dividends paid by the Fund during 2011 derived from U.S. Treasury securities was 0.23%. Such income is exempt from state and local tax in all states. However, many states, including New York and California, allow a tax exemption for a portion of the income earned only if a mutual fund has invested at least 50% of its assets at the end of each quarter of the Fund s fiscal year in U.S. Government securities. The Fund did not meet this strict requirement in 2011. The percentage of U.S. Treasury securities held as of December 31, 2011 was 38.02%.

Historical Distribution Summary

	Investment Income (c)	Short-Term Capital Gains (c)	Long-Term Capital Gains	Return of Capital (b)	Total Distributions (a)	Adjustment to Cost Basis
Common Shares				_		
2011	\$ 0.00667	\$ 0.39930	\$ 0.00102	\$ 0.87302	\$ 1.28000	\$ 0.87302
2010		0.02364		1.25636	1.28000	1.25636

2009			1.28000	1.28000	1.28000
2008	0.25080	0.42760	0.92160	1.60000	0.92160
2007	0.29820	0.90180		1.20000	
8.500% Series A Cumulative Preferred Shares					
2011	\$ 0.03000	\$ 1.79990		\$ 1.82990	
2010		4.25000		4.25000	
2009		0.51628	\$ 3.20247	3.71875	\$ 3.20247
7.000% Series B Cumulative Preferred Shares					
2011	\$ 0.03992	\$ 2.39135 \$	0.00900	\$ 2.44028	

⁽a) Total amounts may differ due to rounding.

All designations are based on financial information available as of the date of this annual report and, accordingly, are subject to change. For each item, it is the intention of the Fund to designate the maximum amount permitted under the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations thereunder.

⁽b) Non-taxable.

⁽c) Taxable as ordinary income for Federal tax purposes.

ANNUAL APPROVAL OF CONTINUANCE OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY AGREEMENT

During the six months ended December 31, 2011, the Board of Trustees of the Trust approved the continuation of the investment advisory agreement with the Adviser for the Trust on the basis of the recommendation by the trustees (the Independent Board Members) who are not interested persons of the Trust. The following paragraphs summarize the material information and factors considered by the Independent Board Members as well as their conclusions relative to such factors.

Nature, Extent, and Quality of Services. The Independent Board Members considered information regarding the portfolio management team, the team leader, the depth of the analyst pool available to the Adviser and the portfolio team, and the scope of services provided by the Adviser, and the absence of significant service problems reported to the Board. The Independent Board Members noted the experience, length of service, and reputation of the portfolio team, including the merger arbitrage area.

Investment Performance. The Independent Board Members reviewed the information regarding the investment performance of the Fund since inception in comparison with a group of global closed-end funds and a group of open-end funds employing similar portfolio strategies. The Independent Board Members noted that the Fund sperformance in comparison with the closed-end fund peer group was in the top quartile for the one year period and in the top third for the three year period. However, they also noted that the closed-end fund peer group comparison was of limited usefulness as the peer group did not contain any other funds engaged primarily in arbitrage transaction activities. The Independent Board Members noted that the Fund sperformance in comparison with the open-end fund peer group over the same periods was average.

Profitability. The Independent Board Members reviewed summary data regarding the profitability of the Fund to the Adviser and also noted that the fulcrum fee was designed so that the Adviser would likely experience higher than average profitability if the Fund substantially outperformed the T-Bill Index and that the performance to date has resulted in fee rates that have varied from the lowest fee under the formula to the highest.

Economies of Scale. The Independent Board Members noted that meaningful economies of scale could not occur in the absence of secondary offerings.

Sharing of Economies of Scale. The Independent Board Members noted that the investment management fee for the Fund did not take into account any potential economies of scale that might develop.

Service and Cost Comparisons. The Independent Board Members reviewed the Fund s expense ratios and found them to be above average within the closed-end peer group. They also compared the structure of the investment management fee with the fees for other funds managed by the Adviser and considered fees charged by an affiliated adviser for advisory services to an unregistered arbitrage fund and for sub-advisory services to another registered arbitrage fund.

Conclusions. The Independent Board Members concluded that the Fund enjoyed highly experienced portfolio management services, good ancillary services, and satisfactory performance. The Independent Board Members determined that the reference index chosen for the fulcrum fee structure was appropriate inasmuch as arbitrage performance is often measured against risk free returns, that the rate of profit sharing built into the formula was fair, that the maximum fee was not unreasonable (particularly in light of the requirement of earning the higher returns necessary for higher fee levels net of the higher fees) and that the one year measuring period was sufficient and consistent with the short-term nature of the Fund s investment program. The Independent Board Members also concluded that the fee was structured in a favorable manner to investors in relation to the performance of the Fund and in relation to other arbitrage funds of which they were aware. The Board concluded that the profitability of the Fund to the Adviser was reasonable in view of the performance necessary to achieve any particular level of profitability and potential economies of scale and potential additional profit to the Adviser and its affiliates from portfolio execution services were not a significant factor in their thinking. On the basis of the foregoing and without assigning particular weight to any single conclusion, the Independent Board Members determined to recommend approval of the Advisory Agreement to the full Board.

AUTOMATIC DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT

AND VOLUNTARY CASH PURCHASE PLANS

Enrollment in the Plan

It is the policy of The GDL Fund to automatically reinvest dividends payable to common shareholders. As a registered shareholder you automatically become a participant in the Fund's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the Plan). The Plan authorizes the Fund to credit common shares to participants upon an income dividend or a capital gains distribution regardless of whether the shares are trading at a discount or a premium to net asset value. All distributions to shareholders whose shares are registered in their own names will be automatically reinvested pursuant to the Plan in additional shares of the Fund. Plan participants may send their share certificates to American Stock Transfer (AST) to be held in their dividend reinvestment account. Registered shareholders wishing to receive their distributions in cash must submit this request in writing to:

The GDL Fund

c/o American Stock Transfer

6201 15th Avenue

Brooklyn, NY 11219

Shareholders requesting this cash election must include the shareholder s name and address as they appear on the share certificate. Shareholders with additional questions regarding the Plan or requesting a copy of the terms of the Plan, may contact AST at (888) 422-3262.

If your shares are held in the name of a broker, bank, or nominee, you should contact such institution. If such institution is not participating in the Plan, your account will be credited with a cash dividend. In order to participate in the Plan through such institution, it may be necessary for you to have your shares taken out of street name and re-registered in your own name. Once registered in your own name your distributions will be automatically reinvested. Certain brokers participate in the Plan. Shareholders holding shares in street name at participating institutions will have dividends automatically reinvested. Shareholders wishing a cash dividend at such institution must contact their broker to make this change.

The number of common shares distributed to participants in the Plan in lieu of cash dividends is determined in the following manner. Under the Plan, whenever the market price of the Fund s common shares is equal to or exceeds net asset value at the time shares are valued for purposes of determining the number of shares equivalent to the cash dividends or capital gains distribution, participants are issued common shares valued at the greater of (i) the net asset value as most recently determined or (ii) 95% of the then current market price of the Fund s common shares. The valuation date is the dividend or distribution payment date or, if that date is not a NYSE Amex trading day, the next trading day. If the net asset value of the common shares at the time of valuation exceeds the market price of the common shares, participants will receive common shares from the Fund valued at market price. If the Fund should declare a dividend or capital gains distribution payable only in cash, AST will buy common shares in the open market, or on the NYSE Amex, or elsewhere, for the participants accounts, except that AST will endeavor to terminate purchases in the open market and cause the Fund to issue shares at net asset value if, following the commencement of such purchases, the market value of the common shares exceeds the then current net asset value.

The automatic reinvestment of dividends and capital gains distributions will not relieve participants of any income tax which may be payable on such distributions. A participant in the Plan will be treated for federal income tax purposes as having received, on a dividend payment date, a dividend or distribution in an amount equal to the cash the participant could have received instead of shares.

Voluntary Cash Purchase Plan

The Voluntary Cash Purchase Plan is yet another vehicle for our shareholders to increase their investment in the Fund. In order to participate in the Voluntary Cash Purchase Plan, shareholders must have their shares registered in their own name.

Participants in the Voluntary Cash Purchase Plan have the option of making additional cash payments to AST for investments in the Fund s common shares at the then current market price. Shareholders may send an amount from \$250 to \$10,000. AST will use these funds to purchase shares in the open market on or about the 1st and 15th of each month. AST will charge each shareholder who participates a pro rata share of the brokerage commissions. Brokerage charges for such purchases are expected to be less than the usual brokerage charge for such transactions. It is suggested that any voluntary cash payments be sent to American Stock Transfer, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, NY 11219 such that AST receives such payments approximately 10 days before the investment date. Funds not received at least five days before the investment date shall

be held for investment until the next purchase date. A payment may be withdrawn without charge if notice is received by AST at least 48 hours before such payment is to be invested.

Shareholders wishing to liquidate shares held at AST must do so in writing or by telephone. Please submit your request to the above mentioned address or telephone number. Include in your request your name, address, and account number. The cost to liquidate shares is \$1.00 per transaction as well as the brokerage commission incurred. Brokerage charges are expected to be less than the usual brokerage charge for such transactions.

For more information regarding the Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Voluntary Cash Purchase Plan, brochures are available by calling (914) 921-5070 or by writing directly to the Fund.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan as applied to any voluntary cash payments made and any dividend or distribution paid subsequent to written notice of the change sent to the members of the Plan at least 90 days before the record date for such dividend or distribution. The Plan also may be amended or terminated by AST on at least 90 days written notice to participants in the Plan.

AND YOUR PERSONAL PRIVACY

Who are we?

The GDL Fund is a closed-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940. We are managed by Gabelli Funds, LLC, which is affiliated with GAMCO Investors, Inc. GAMCO Investors, Inc. is a publicly held company that has subsidiaries that provide investment advisory or brokerage services for a variety of clients.

What kind of non-public information do we collect about you if you become a Fund shareholder?

When you purchase shares of the Fund on the New York Stock Exchange, you have the option of registering directly with our transfer agent in order, for example, to participate in our dividend reinvestment plan.

Information you give us on your application form. This could include your name, address, telephone number, social security number, bank account number, and other information.

Information about your transactions with us. This would include information about the shares that you buy or sell; it may also include information about whether you sell or exercise rights that we have issued from time to time. If we hire someone else to provide services like a transfer agent we will also have information about the transactions that you conduct through them.

What information do we disclose and to whom do we disclose it?

We do not disclose any non-public personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone other than our affiliates, our service providers who need to know such information, and as otherwise permitted by law. If you want to find out what the law permits, you can read the privacy rules adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission. They are in volume 17 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 248. The Commission often posts information about its regulations on its website, www.sec.gov.

What do we do to protect your personal information?

We restrict access to non-public personal information about you to the people who need to know that information in order to provide services to you or the Fund and to ensure that we are complying with the laws governing the securities business. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to keep your personal information confidential.

TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS

THE GDL FUND

One Corporate Center, Rye, NY 10580-1422

Trustees
Mario J. Gabelli, CFA
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer,
GAMCO Investors, Inc.
Anthony J. Colavita
President,
Anthony J. Colavita, P.C.
James P. Conn
Former Managing Director &
Chief Investment Officer,
Financial Security Assurance Holdings Ltd.
Clarence A. Davis
Former Chief Executive Officer,
Nestor, Inc.
Mario d Urso
Former Italian Senator
Arthur V. Ferrara
Former Chairman & Chief Executive Officer,
Guardian Life Insurance Company of America
Michael J. Melarkey
Attorney-at-Law,
Avansino, Melarkey, Knobel & Mulligan

Edward T. Tokar

Senior Managing Director,
Beacon Trust Company
Salvatore J. Zizza
Chairman, Zizza & Co., Ltd.
Officers
Bruce N. Alpert
President and Acting Chief Compliance Officer
Agnes Mullady
Treasurer & Secretary
Carter W. Austin
Vice President
Laurissa M. Martire
Vice President
David I. Schachter
Vice President & Ombudsman
Investment Adviser
Gabelli Funds, LLC
One Corporate Center
Rye, New York 10580-1422
Custodian
The Bank of New York Mellon
Counsel
Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP
Transfer Agent and Registrar
American Stock Transfer and Trust Company
Stock Exchange Listing

7.00% Common Preferred

NYSE Symbol: GDL GDL PrB Shares Outstanding: 21,078,689 2,879,758

The Net Asset Value per share appears in the Publicly Traded Funds column, under the heading Specialized Equity Funds, in Monday s The Wall Street Journal. It is also listed in Barron s Mutual Funds/Closed End Funds section under the heading Specialized Equity Funds.

The Net Asset Value per share may be obtained each day by calling (914) 921-5070 or visiting www.gabelli.com.

The NASDAQ symbol for the Net Asset Value is XGDLX.

For general information about the Gabelli Funds, call **800-GABELLI** (800-422-3554), fax us at 914-921-5118, visit Gabelli Funds Internet homepage at: **www.gabelli.com**, or e-mail us at: closedend@gabelli.com

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, that the Fund may, from time to time, purchase its common shares in the open market when the Fund s shares are trading at a discount of 7.5% or more from the net asset value of the shares. The Fund may also, from time to time, purchase its preferred shares in the open market when the preferred shares are trading at a discount to the liquidation value.

Item 2. Code of Ethics.

- (a) The registrant, as of the end of the period covered by this report, has adopted a code of ethics that applies to the registrant s principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, regardless of whether these individuals are employed by the registrant or a third party.
- (c) There have been no amendments, during the period covered by this report, to a provision of the code of ethics that applies to the registrant s principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, regardless of whether these individuals are employed by the registrant or a third party, and that relates to any element of the code of ethics description.
- (d) The registrant has not granted any waivers, including an implicit waiver, from a provision of the code of ethics that applies to the registrant s principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, regardless of whether these individuals are employed by the registrant or a third party, that relates to one or more of the items set forth in paragraph (b) of this item s instructions.

Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.

As of the end of the period covered by the report, the registrant s Board of Directors has determined that Salvatore J. Zizza is qualified to serve as an audit committee financial expert serving on its audit committee and that he is independent, as defined by Item 3 of Form N-CSR.

Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services. Audit Fees

(a) The aggregate fees billed for each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for the audit of the registrant s annual financial statements or services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years are \$20,000 for 2010 and \$20,000 for 2011.

Audit-Related Fees

(b) The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for assurance and related services by the principal accountant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the registrant s financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of this Item are \$0 for 2010 and \$0 for 2011.

Tax Fees

(c) The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning are \$3,100 for 2010 and \$3,200 for 2011. Tax fees represent tax compliance services provided in connection with the review of the Registrant s tax return.

All Other Fees

- (d) The aggregate fees billed in each of the last two fiscal years for products and services provided by the principal accountant, other than the services reported in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this Item are \$0 for 2010 and \$0 for 2011.
- (e)(1) Disclose the audit committee s pre-approval policies and procedures described in paragraph (c)(7) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X. Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures. The Audit Committee (Committee) of the registrant is responsible for pre-approving (i) all audit and permissible non-audit services to be provided by the independent auditors to the registrant and (ii) all permissible non-audit services to be provided by the independent auditors to the Adviser, Gabelli Funds, LLC, and any affiliate of Gabelli Funds, LLC (Gabelli) that provides services to the registrant (a Covered Services Provider) if the independent auditors engagement related directly to the operations and financial reporting of the registrant. The Committee may delegate its responsibility to pre-approve any such audit and permissible non-audit services to the Chairperson of the Committee, and the Chairperson must report to the Committee, at its next regularly scheduled meeting after the Chairperson of such services, his or her decision(s). The Committee may also establish detailed pre-approval policies and procedures for pre-approval of such services in accordance with applicable laws, including the delegation of some or all of the Committee s pre-approval responsibilities to the other persons (other than Gabelli or the registrant s officers). Pre-approval by the Committee of any permissible non-audit services is not required so long as: (i) the permissible non-audit services were not recognized by the registrant at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and (ii) such services are promptly brought to the attention of the Committee and approved by the Committee or Chairperson prior to the completion of the audit.
 - (e)(2) The percentage of services described in each of paragraphs (b) through (d) of this Item that were approved by the audit committee pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X are as follows:
- (b) N/A
- (c) 0%
- (d) N/A
 - (f) The percentage of hours expended on the principal accountant s engagement to audit the registrant s financial statements for the most recent fiscal year that were attributed to work performed by persons other than the principal accountant s full-time, permanent employees was 0%.

- (g) The aggregate non-audit fees billed by the registrant s accountant for services rendered to the registrant, and rendered to the registrant s investment adviser (not including any sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment adviser), and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant for each of the last two fiscal years of the registrant was \$8,100 for 2010 and \$49,500 for 2011.
- (h) The registrant s audit committee of the board of directors has considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant s investment adviser (not including any sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment adviser), and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant s independence.

Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed registrants.

The registrant has a separately designated audit committee consisting of the following members: Anthony J. Colavita, Clarence Davis and Salvatore J. Zizza.

Item 6. Investments.

- (a) Schedule of Investments in securities of unaffiliated issuers as of the close of the reporting period is included as part of the report to shareholders filed under Item 1 of this form.
- (b) Not applicable.

Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment Companies. The Proxy Voting Policies are attached herewith.

The Voting of Proxies on Behalf of Clients

Rules 204(4)-2 and 204-2 under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and Rule 30b1-4 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 require investment advisers to adopt written policies and procedures governing the voting of proxies on behalf of their clients.

These procedures will be used by GAMCO Asset Management Inc., Gabelli Funds, LLC, Gabelli Securities, Inc., and Teton Advisors, Inc. (collectively, the Advisers) to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities held by their clients, including the procedures that the Advisers use when a vote presents a conflict between the interests of the shareholders of an investment company managed by one of the Advisers, on the one hand, and those of the Advisers; the principal underwriter; or any affiliated person of the investment company, the Advisers, or the principal underwriter. These procedures will not apply where the Advisers do not have voting discretion or where the Advisers have agreed to with a client to vote the client s proxies in accordance with specific guidelines or procedures supplied by the client (to the extent permitted by ERISA).

I. Proxy Voting Committee

The Proxy Voting Committee was originally formed in April 1989 for the purpose of formulating guidelines and reviewing proxy statements within the parameters set by the substantive proxy voting guidelines originally published in 1988 and updated periodically, a copy of which are appended as Exhibit A. The Committee will include representatives of Research, Administration, Legal, and the Advisers. Additional or replacement members of the Committee will be nominated by the Chairman and voted upon by the entire Committee.

Meetings are held as needed basis to form views on the manner in which the Advisers should vote proxies on behalf of their clients.

In general, the Director of Proxy Voting Services, using the Proxy Guidelines, recommendations of Institutional Shareholder Corporate Governance Service (ISS), other third-party services and the analysts of Gabelli & Company, Inc., will determine how to vote on each issue. For non-controversial matters, the Director of Proxy Voting Services may vote the proxy if the vote is (1) consistent with the recommendations of the issuer's Board of Directors and not contrary to the Proxy Guidelines; (2) consistent with the recommendations of the issuer's Board of Directors and is a non-controversial issue not covered by the Proxy Guidelines; or (3) the vote is contrary to the recommendations of the Board of Directors but is consistent with the Proxy Guidelines. In those instances, the Director of Proxy Voting Services or the Chairman of the Committee may sign and date the proxy statement indicating how each issue will be voted.

All matters identified by the Chairman of the Committee, the Director of Proxy Voting Services or the Legal Department as controversial, taking into account the

recommendations of ISS or other third party services and the analysts of Gabelli & Company, Inc., will be presented to the Proxy Voting Committee. If the Chairman of the Committee, the Director of Proxy Voting Services or the Legal Department has identified the matter as one that (1) is controversial; (2) would benefit from deliberation by the Proxy Voting Committee; or (3) may give rise to a conflict of interest between the Advisers and their clients, the Chairman of the Committee will initially determine what vote to recommend that the Advisers should cast and the matter will go before the Committee.

A. Conflicts of Interest.

The Advisers have implemented these proxy voting procedures in order to prevent conflicts of interest from influencing their proxy voting decisions. By following the Proxy Guidelines, as well as the recommendations of ISS, other third-party services and the analysts of Gabelli & Company, the Advisers are able to avoid, wherever possible, the influence of potential conflicts of interest. Nevertheless, circumstances may arise in which one or more of the Advisers are faced with a conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest in connection with its vote. In general, a conflict of interest may arise when an Adviser knowingly does business with an issuer, and may appear to have a material conflict between its own interests and the interests of the shareholders of an investment company managed by one of the Advisers regarding how the proxy is to be voted. A conflict also may exist when an Adviser has actual knowledge of a material business arrangement between an issuer and an affiliate of the Adviser.

In practical terms, a conflict of interest may arise, for example, when a proxy is voted for a company that is a client of one of the Advisers, such as GAMCO Asset Management Inc. A conflict also may arise when a client of one of the Advisers has made a shareholder proposal in a proxy to be voted upon by one or more of the Advisers. The Director of Proxy Voting Services, together with the Legal Department, will scrutinize all proxies for these or other situations that may give rise to a conflict of interest with respect to the voting of proxies.

B. Operation of Proxy Voting Committee

For matters submitted to the Committee, each member of the Committee will receive, prior to the meeting, a copy of the proxy statement, any relevant third party research, a summary of any views provided by the Chief Investment Officer and any recommendations by Gabelli & Company, Inc. analysts. The Chief Investment Officer or the Gabelli & Company, Inc. analysts may be invited to present their viewpoints. If the Director of Proxy Voting Services or the Legal Department believe that the matter before the committee is one with respect to which a conflict of interest may exist between the Advisers and their clients, counsel will

provide an opinion to the Committee concerning the conflict. If the matter is one in which the interests of the clients of one or more of Advisers may diverge, counsel will so advise and the Committee may make different recommendations as to different clients. For any matters where the recommendation may trigger appraisal rights, counsel will provide an opinion concerning the likely risks and merits of such an appraisal action.

Each matter submitted to the Committee will be determined by the vote of a majority of the members present at the meeting. Should the vote concerning one or more recommendations be tied in a vote of the Committee, the Chairman of the Committee will cast the deciding vote. The Committee will notify the proxy department of its decisions and the proxies will be voted accordingly.

Although the Proxy Guidelines express the normal preferences for the voting of any shares not covered by a contrary investment guideline provided by the client, the Committee is not bound by the preferences set forth in the Proxy Guidelines and will review each matter on its own merits. Written minutes of all Proxy Voting Committee meetings will be maintained. The Advisers subscribe to ISS, which supplies current information on companies, matters being voted on, regulations, trends in proxy voting and information on corporate governance issues.

If the vote cast either by the analyst or as a result of the deliberations of the Proxy Voting Committee runs contrary to the recommendation of the Board of Directors of the issuer, the matter will be referred to legal counsel to determine whether an amendment to the most recently filed Schedule 13D is appropriate.

II. Social Issues and Other Client Guidelines

If a client has provided special instructions relating to the voting of proxies, they should be noted in the client s account file and forwarded to the proxy department. This is the responsibility of the investment professional or sales assistant for the client. In accordance with Department of Labor guidelines, the Advisers policy is to vote on behalf of ERISA accounts in the best interest of the plan participants with regard to social issues that carry an economic impact. Where an account is not governed by ERISA, the Advisers will vote shares held on behalf of the client in a manner consistent with any individual investment/voting guidelines provided by the client. Otherwise the Advisers will abstain with respect to those shares.

III. Client Retention of Voting Rights

If a client chooses to retain the right to vote proxies or if there is any change in voting authority, the following should be notified by the investment professional or sales assistant for the client.

Operations

Legal Department

Proxy Department

Investment professional assigned to the account

In the event that the Board of Directors (or a Committee thereof) of one or more of the investment companies managed by one of the Advisers has retained direct voting control over any security, the Proxy Voting Department will provide each Board Member (or Committee member) with a copy of the proxy statement together with any other relevant information including recommendations of ISS or other third-party services.

IV. Voting Records

The Proxy Voting Department will retain a record of matters voted upon by the Advisers for their clients. The Advisers will supply information on how an account voted its proxies upon request.

A letter is sent to the custodians for all clients for which the Advisers have voting responsibility instructing them to forward all proxy materials to:

[Adviser name]

Attn: Proxy Voting Department

One Corporate Center

Rye, New York 10580-1433

The sales assistant sends the letters to the custodians along with the trading/DTC instructions. Proxy voting records will be retained in compliance with Rule 204-2 under the Investment Advisers Act.

V. Voting Procedures

1. Custodian banks, outside brokerage firms and clearing firms are responsible for forwarding proxies directly to the Advisers.

Proxies are received in one of two forms:

Shareholder Vote Authorization Forms (VAFs) Issued by Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. (Broadridge) VAFs must be voted through the issuing institution causing a time lag. Broadridge is an outside service contracted by the various institutions to issue proxy materials.

Proxy cards which may be voted directly.

- 2. Upon receipt of the proxy, the number of shares each form represents is logged into the proxy system according to security.
- 3. In the case of a discrepancy such as an incorrect number of shares, an improperly signed or dated card, wrong class of security, etc., the issuing custodian is notified by phone. A corrected proxy is requested. Any arrangements are made to insure that a

proper proxy is received in time to be voted (overnight delivery, fax, etc.). When securities are out on loan on record date, the custodian is requested to supply written verification.

4. Upon receipt of instructions from the proxy committee (see Administrative), the votes are cast and recorded for each account on an individual basis.

Records have been maintained on the Proxy Edge system. The system is backed up regularly.

Proxy Edge records include:

Security Name and Cusip Number

Date and Type of Meeting (Annual, Special, Contest)

Client Name

Adviser or Fund Account Number

Directors Recommendation

How GAMCO voted for the client on each issue

- 5. VAFs are kept alphabetically by security. Records for the current proxy season are located in the Proxy Voting Department office. In preparation for the upcoming season, files are transferred to an offsite storage facility during January/February.
- 6. Shareholder Vote Authorization Forms issued by Broadridge are always sent directly to a specific individual at Broadridge.
- 7. If a proxy card or VAF is received too late to be voted in the conventional matter, every attempt is made to vote on one of the following manners:

VAFs can be faxed to Broadridge up until the time of the meeting. This is followed up by mailing the original form.

When a solicitor has been retained, the solicitor is called. At the solicitor s direction, the proxy is faxed.

- 8. In the case of a proxy contest, records are maintained for each opposing entity.
- 9. Voting in Person
- a) At times it may be necessary to vote the shares in person. In this case, a legal proxy is obtained in the following manner:

Banks and brokerage firms using the services at Broadridge:

The back of the VAF is stamped indicating that we wish to vote in person. The forms are then sent overnight to Broadridge. Broadridge issues individual legal proxies and

sends them back via overnight (or the Adviser can pay messenger charges). A lead-time of at least two weeks prior to the meeting is needed to
do this. Alternatively, the procedures detailed below for banks not using Broadridge may be implemented.

Banks and brokerage firms issuing proxies directly: The bank is called and/or faxed and a legal proxy is requested.

All legal proxies should appoint:

Representative of [Adviser name] with full power of substitution.

b) The legal proxies are given to the person attending the meeting along with the following supplemental material:

A limited Power of Attorney appointing the attendee an Adviser representative.

A list of all shares being voted by custodian only. Client names and account numbers are not included. This list must be presented, along with the proxies, to the Inspectors of Elections and/or tabulator at least one-half hour prior to the scheduled start of the meeting. The tabulator must—qualify—the votes (i.e. determine if the vote have previously been cast, if the votes have been rescinded, etc. vote have previously been cast, etc.).

A sample ERISA and Individual contract.

A sample of the annual authorization to vote proxies form.

A copy of our most recent Schedule 13D filing (if applicable).

6

Appendix A

Proxy Guidelines

PROXY VOTING GUIDELINES

GENERAL POLICY STATEMENT

It is the policy of **GAMCO Investors, Inc.** to vote in the best economic interests of our clients. As we state in our Magna Carta of Shareholders Rights, established in May 1988, we are neither *for* nor *against* management. We are for shareholders.

At our first proxy committee meeting in 1989, it was decided that each proxy statement should be evaluated on its own merits within the framework first established by our Magna Carta of Shareholders Rights. The attached guidelines serve to enhance that broad framework.

We do not consider any issue routine. We take into consideration all of our research on the company, its directors, and their short and long-term goals for the company. In cases where issues that we generally do not approve of are combined with other issues, the negative aspects of the issues will be factored into the evaluation of the overall proposals but will not necessitate a vote in opposition to the overall proposals.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The advisers do not consider the election of the Board of Directors a routine issue. Each slate of directors is evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Factors taken into consideration include:

Historical responsiveness to shareholders This may include such areas as:

- -Paying greenmail
- -Failure to adopt shareholder resolutions receiving a majority of shareholder votes

Qualifications

Nominating committee in place

Number of outside directors on the board

Attendance at meetings

Overall performance

SELECTION OF AUDITORS

In general, we support the Board of Directors recommendation for auditors.

BLANK CHECK PREFERRED STOCK

We oppose the issuance of blank check preferred stock.

Blank check preferred stock allows the company to issue stock and establish dividends, voting rights, etc. without further shareholder approval.

CLASSIFIED BOARD

A classified board is one where the directors are divided into classes with overlapping terms. A different class is elected at each annual meeting.

While a classified board promotes continuity of directors facilitating long range planning, we feel directors should be accountable to shareholders on an annual basis. We will look at this proposal on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration the board s historical responsiveness to the rights of shareholders.

Where a classified board is in place we will generally not support attempts to change to an annually elected board.

When an annually elected board is in place, we generally will not support attempts to classify the board.

INCREASE AUTHORIZED COMMON STOCK

The request to increase the amount of outstanding shares is considered on a case-by-case basis.

Factors taken into consideration include:

Future use of additional shares

- -Stock split
- -Stock option or other executive compensation plan
- -Finance growth of company/strengthen balance sheet
- -Aid in restructuring
- -Improve credit rating
- -Implement a poison pill or other takeover defense

Amount of stock currently authorized but not yet issued or reserved for stock option plans

Amount of additional stock to be authorized and its dilutive effect

We will support this proposal if a detailed and verifiable plan for the use of the additional shares is contained in the proxy statement.

CONFIDENTIAL BALLOT

We support the idea that a shareholder s identity and vote should be treated with confidentiality.

However, we look at this issue on a case-by-case basis.

In order to promote confidentiality in the voting process, we endorse the use of independent Inspectors of Election.

CUMULATIVE VOTING

In general, we support cumulative voting.

Cumulative voting is a process by which a shareholder may multiply the number of directors being elected by the number of shares held on record date and cast the total number for one candidate or allocate the voting among two or more candidates.

Where cumulative voting is in place, we will vote against any proposal to rescind this shareholder right.

Cumulative voting may result in a minority block of stock gaining representation on the board. When a proposal is made to institute cumulative voting, the proposal will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis. While we feel that each board member should represent all shareholders, cumulative voting provides minority shareholders an opportunity to have their views represented.

DIRECTOR LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION

We support efforts to attract the best possible directors by limiting the liability and increasing the indemnification of directors, except in the case of insider dealing.

EQUAL ACCESS TO THE PROXY

The SEC s rules provide for shareholder resolutions. However, the resolutions are limited in scope and there is a 500 word limit on proponents written arguments. Management has no such limitations. While we support equal access to the proxy, we would look at such variables as length of time required to respond, percentage of ownership, etc.

FAIR PRICE PROVISIONS

Charter provisions requiring a bidder to pay all shareholders a fair price are intended to prevent two-tier tender offers that may be abusive. Typically, these provisions do not apply to board-approved transactions.

We support fair price provisions because we feel all shareholders should be entitled to receive the same benefits.

Reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

GOLDEN PARACHUTES

Golden parachutes are severance payments to top executives who are terminated or demoted after a takeover.

We support any proposal that would assure management of its own welfare so that they may continue to make decisions in the best interest of the company and shareholders even if the decision results in them losing their job. We do not, however, support excessive golden parachutes. Therefore, each proposal will be decided on a case-by- case basis.

Note: Congress has imposed a tax on any parachute that is more than three times the executive s average annual compensation.

ANTI-GREENMAIL PROPOSALS

We do not support greenmail. An offer extended to one shareholder should be extended to all shareholders equally across the board.

LIMIT SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS TO CALL SPECIAL MEETINGS

We support the right of shareholders to call a special meeting.

CONSIDERATION OF NONFINANCIAL EFFECTS OF A MERGER

This proposal releases the directors from only looking at the financial effects of a merger and allows them the opportunity to consider the merger s effects on employees, the community, and consumers.

As a fiduciary, we are obligated to vote in the best economic interests of our clients. In general, this proposal does not allow us to do that. Therefore, we generally cannot support this proposal.

Reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

MERGERS, BUYOUTS, SPIN-OFFS, RESTRUCTURINGS

Each of the above is considered on a case-by-case basis. According to the Department of Labor, we are not required to vote for a proposal simply because the offering price is at a premium to the current market price. We may take into consideration the long term interests of the shareholders.

MILITARY ISSUES

Shareholder proposals regarding military production must be evaluated on a purely economic set of criteria for our **ERISA** clients. As such, decisions will be made on a case-by-case basis.

In voting on this proposal for our non-**ERISA** clients, we will vote according to the client s direction when applicable. Where no direction has been given, we will vote in the best economic interests of our clients. It is not our duty to impose our social judgment on others.

NORTHERN IRELAND

Shareholder proposals requesting the signing of the MacBride principles for the purpose of countering the discrimination of Catholics in hiring practices must be evaluated on a purely economic set of criteria for our **ERISA** clients. As such, decisions will be made on a case-by-case basis.

In voting on this proposal for our non-ERISA clients, we will vote according to client direction when applicable. Where no direction has been given, we will vote in the best economic interests of our clients. It is not our duty to impose our social judgment on others.

OPT OUT OF STATE ANTI-TAKEOVER LAW

This shareholder proposal requests that a company opt out of the coverage of the state stakeover statutes. Example: Delaware law requires that a buyer must acquire at least 85% of the company s stock before the buyer can exercise control unless the board approves.

We consider this on a case-by-case basis. Our decision will be based on the following:

State of Incorporation

Management history of responsiveness to shareholders

Other mitigating factors

POISON PILL

In general, we do not endorse poison pills.

In certain cases where management has a history of being responsive to the needs of shareholders and the stock is very liquid, we will reconsider this position.

REINCORPORATION

Generally, we support reincorporation for well-defined business reasons. We oppose reincorporation if proposed solely for the purpose of reincorporating in a state with more stringent anti-takeover statutes that may negatively impact the value of the stock.

STOCK OPTION PLANS

Stock option plans are an excellent way to attract, hold and motivate directors and employees. However, each stock option plan must be evaluated on its own merits, taking into consideration the following:

Dilution of voting power or earnings per share by more than 10%

Kind of stock to be awarded, to whom, when and how much

Method of payment

Amount of stock already authorized but not yet issued under existing stock option plans

SUPERMAJORITY VOTE REQUIREMENTS

Supermajority vote requirements in a company s charter or bylaws require a level of voting approval in excess of a simple majority of the outstanding shares. In general, we oppose supermajority-voting requirements. Supermajority requirements often exceed the average level of shareholder participation. We support proposals approvals by a simple majority of the shares voting.

LIMIT SHAREHOLDERS RIGHT TO ACT BY WRITTEN CONSENT

Written consent allows shareholders to initiate and carry on a shareholder action without having to wait until the next annual meeting or to call a special meeting. It permits action to be taken by the written consent of the same percentage of the shares that would be required to effect proposed action at a shareholder meeting.

Reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Management Investment Companies. PORTFOLIO MANAGER

Mr. Mario J. Gabelli, CFA, is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of The GDL Fund, (the Fund). Mr. Gabelli has served as Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and Chief Investment Officer -Value Portfolios of GAMCO Investors, Inc. and its affiliates since their organization.

MANAGEMENT OF OTHER ACCOUNTS

The table below shows the number of other accounts managed by Mario J. Gabelli and the total assets in each of the following categories: registered investment companies, other paid investment vehicles and other accounts as of December 31, 2011. For each category, the table also shows the number of accounts and the total assets in the accounts with respect to which the advisory fee is based on account performance.

Name of Portfolio Manager	Type of Accounts	Total No. of Accounts Managed	Total Assets	No. of Accounts where Advisory Fee is Based on Performance	Total Assets in Accounts where Advisory Fee is Based on Performance
1. Mario J. Gabelli	Registered	Ç			
	Investment	26	17 OD	7	2.00
	Companies:	26	17.8B	7	3.8B
	Other Pooled				
	Investment Vehicles:	16	604.9M	13	551.7M
	Other	10	004.9W	13	JJ1./W
	Accounts:	1,766	13.4B	9	1.4B

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

As reflected above, Mr. Gabelli manages accounts in addition to the Fund. Actual or apparent conflicts of interest may arise when a Portfolio Manager also has day-to-day management responsibilities with respect to one or more other accounts. These potential conflicts include:

ALLOCATION OF LIMITED TIME AND ATTENTION. As indicated above, Mr. Gabelli manages multiple accounts. As a result, he will not be able to devote all of his time to management of the Fund. Mr. Gabelli, therefore, may not be able to formulate as complete a strategy or identify equally attractive investment opportunities for each of those accounts as might be the case if he were to devote all of his attention to the management of only the Fund.

ALLOCATION OF LIMITED INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES. As indicated above, Mr. Gabelli manages managed accounts with investment strategies and/or policies that are similar to the Fund. In these cases, if the he identifies an investment opportunity that may be suitable for multiple accounts, a Fund may not be able to take full advantage of that opportunity because the opportunity may be allocated among all or many of these accounts or other accounts managed primarily by other Portfolio Managers of the Adviser, and their affiliates. In addition, in the event Mr. Gabelli determines to purchase a security for more than one account in an aggregate amount that may influence the market price of the security, accounts that purchased or sold the security first may receive a more favorable price than accounts that made subsequent transactions.

SELECTION OF BROKER/DEALERS. Because of Mr. Gabelli s position with the Distributor and his indirect majority ownership interest in the Distributor, he may have an incentive to use the Distributor to execute portfolio transactions for a Fund.

PURSUIT OF DIFFERING STRATEGIES. At times, Mr. Gabelli may determine that an investment opportunity may be appropriate for only some of the accounts for which he exercises investment responsibility, or may decide that certain of the funds or accounts should take differing positions with respect to a particular security. In these cases, he may execute differing or opposite transactions for one or more accounts which may affect the market price of the security or the execution of the transaction, or both, to the detriment of one or more other accounts.

VARIATION IN COMPENSATION. A conflict of interest may arise where the financial or other benefits available to Mr. Gabelli differ among the accounts that he manages. If the structure of the Adviser s management

fee or the Portfolio Manager s compensation differs among accounts (such as where certain accounts pay higher management fees or performance-based management fees), the Portfolio Manager may be motivated to favor certain accounts over others. The Portfolio Manager also may be motivated to favor accounts in which he has an investment interest, or in which the Adviser, or their affiliates have investment interests. Similarly, the desire to maintain assets under management or to enhance a Portfolio Manager s performance record or to derive other rewards, financial or otherwise, could influence the Portfolio Manager in affording preferential treatment to those accounts that could most significantly benefit the Portfolio Manager. For example, as reflected above, if Mr. Gabelli manages accounts which have performance fee arrangements, certain portions of his compensation will depend on the achievement of performance milestones on those accounts. Mr. Gabelli could be incented to afford preferential treatment to those accounts and thereby by subject to a potential conflict of interest.

The Adviser, and the Funds have adopted compliance policies and procedures that are designed to address the various conflicts of interest that may arise for the Adviser and their staff members. However, there is no guarantee that such policies and procedures will be able to detect and prevent every situation in which an actual or potential conflict may arise.

COMPENSATION STRUCTURE FOR MARIO J. GABELLI

Mr. Gabelli receives incentive-based variable compensation based on a percentage of net revenues received by the Adviser for managing the Fund. Net revenues are determined by deducting from gross investment management fees the firm s expenses (other than Mr. Gabelli s compensation) allocable to this Fund. Five closed-end registered investment companies managed by Mr. Gabelli have arrangements whereby the Adviser will only receive its investment advisory fee attributable to the liquidation value of outstanding preferred stock (and Mr. Gabelli would only receive his percentage of such advisory fee) if certain performance levels are met. Additionally, he receives similar incentive based variable compensation for managing other accounts within the firm and its affiliates. This method of compensation is based on the premise that superior long-term performance in managing a portfolio should be rewarded with higher compensation as a result of growth of assets through appreciation and net investment activity. The level of compensation is not determined with specific reference to the performance of any account against any specific benchmark. One of the other registered investment companies managed by Mr. Gabelli has a performance (fulcrum) fee arrangement for which his compensation is adjusted up or down based on the performance of the investment company relative to an index. Mr. Gabelli manages other accounts with performance fees. Compensation for managing these accounts has two components. One component is based on a percentage of net revenues to the investment adviser for managing the account. The second component is based on absolute performance of the account, with respect to which a percentage of such performance fee is paid to Mr. Gabelli. As an executive officer of the Adviser's parent company, GBL, Mr. Gabelli also receives ten percent of the net operating profits of the parent company. He receives no base salary, no annual bonus, and no stock options.

OWNERSHIP OF SHARES IN THE FUND

Mario J. Gabelli owned over \$1,000,000 of shares of the Fund as of December 31, 2011.

(b) Not applicable.

Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers. REGISTRANT PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

	(a) Total Number of		(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of	
	Shares (or Units)	(b)	Purchased as Part of	Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs Common 21,131,897	
Period Month #1	Purchased Common N/A	Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit) Common	Publicly Announced Plans or Programs Common		
07/01/11	Preferred Series B N/A	N/A	N/A	Preferred Series B 2,879,758	
through		Preferred Series B N/ A	Preferred Series B N/A		
07/31/11					
Month #2	Common 13,234	Common \$12.7383	Common 13,234	Common 21,131,897	
08/01/11	Preferred Series B N/A	Preferred Series B N/	Preferred Series B	13,234 = 21,118,663	
through 08/31/11		A	N/A	Preferred Series B 2,879,758	
Month #3	Common 14,974	Common \$12.1983	Common 14,974	Common 21,118,663	
09/01/11	Preferred Series B N/A	Preferred	Preferred	14,974 = 21,103,689	
through 09/30/11		Series B N/ A	Series B N/A	Preferred Series B 2,879,758	
Month #4	Common N/A	Common N/A	Common N/A	Common 21,103,689	
10/01/11	Preferred Series B N/A	D (1	D.C. I	D (10 ' D	
through 10/31/11		Preferred Series B N/ A	Preferred Series B N/A	Preferred Series B 2,879,758	
Month #5	Common 25,000	Common \$12.1583	Common 25,000	Common 21,103,689	
11/01/11	Preferred Series B N/A	Preferred Series B N/	Preferred Series B	25,000 = 21,078,689	
through 11/30/11		A A	N/A	Preferred Series B 2,879,758	
Month #6	Common N/A	Common N/A	Common N/A	Common 21,078,689	
12/01/11	Preferred Series B N/A	Duafamad	Preferred	Preferred Series B	
through 12/31/11		Preferred Series B N/ A	Series B N/A	2,879,758	
Total	Common 53,208	Common \$12.3649	Common 53,208	N/A	
	Preferred Series B N/A				

Preferred Preferred Series B N/ Series B N/A N/A

Footnote columns (c) and (d) of the table, by disclosing the following information in the aggregate for all plans or programs publicly announced:

- a. The date each plan or program was announced The notice of the potential repurchase of common and preferred shares occurs quarterly in the Fund s quarterly report in accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.
- b. The dollar amount (or share or unit amount) approved Any or all common shares outstanding may be repurchased when the Fund s common shares are trading at a discount of 7.5% or more from the net asset value of the shares.

Any or all preferred shares outstanding may be repurchased when the Fund s preferred shares are trading at a discount to the liquidation value of \$50.00.

- c. The expiration date (if any) of each plan or program The Fund's repurchase plans are ongoing.
- d. Each plan or program that has expired during the period covered by the table The Fund s repurchase plans are ongoing.

e. Each plan or program the registrant has determined to terminate prior to expiration, or under which the registrant does not intend to make further purchases. The Fund s repurchase plans are ongoing.

Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which the shareholders may recommend nominees to the registrant s Board of Directors, where those changes were implemented after the registrant last provided disclosure in response to the requirements of Item 407(c)(2)(iv) of Regulation S-K (17 CFR 229.407) (as required by Item 22(b)(15) of Schedule 14A (17 CFR 240.14a-101)), or this Item.

Item 11. Controls and Procedures.

- (a) The registrant s principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act) (17 CFR 270.30a-3(c))) are effective, as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of the report that includes the disclosure required by this paragraph, based on their evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(b)) and Rules 13a-15(b) or 15d-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (17 CFR 240.13a-15(b) or 240.15d-15(b)).
- (b) There were no changes in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act (17 CFR 270.30a-3(d)) that occurred during the registrant s second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 12. Exhibits.

- (a)(1) Code of ethics, or any amendment thereto, that is the subject of disclosure required by Item 2 is attached hereto.
- (a)(2) Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(a) under the 1940 Act and Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.
- (a)(3) Not applicable.
- (b) Certifications pursuant to Rule 30a-2(b) under the 1940 Act and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 are attached hereto.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused
this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date 3/9/12

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By (Signature and Title)*

/s/ Bruce N. Alpert

Bruce N. Alpert, Principal Executive Officer

Date 3/9/12

By (Signature and Title)* /s/ Agnes Mullady
Agnes Mullady, Principal Financial Officer

and Treasurer

Date 3/9/12

^{*} Print the name and title of each signing officer under his or her signature.