CLEAN HARBORS INC Form 10-Q August 07, 2009 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURTIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSTION PERIOD FROM TO

Commission File Number 001-34223

# **CLEAN HARBORS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Massachusetts (State of Incorporation)

**04-2997780** (IRS Employer Identification No.)

**42 Longwater Drive, Norwell, MA** (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**02061-9149** (Zip Code)

(781) 792-5000

(Registrant s Telephone Number, Including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes o No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, \$.01 par value

26,203,037

(Class)

(Outstanding at August 5, 2009)

# CLEAN HARBORS, INC.

# **QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Page No.
ITEM 1: Unaudited Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	1
<u>Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income</u>	3
<u>Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	4
<u>Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Stockholders</u> <u>Equity</u>	5
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements	6
ITEM 2: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	23
ITEM 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	31
ITEM 4: Controls and Procedures	32
PART II: OTHER INFORMATION	34
Items No. 1 through 6	33
<u>Signatures</u>	34

# CLEAN HARBORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

#### **ASSETS**

# (in thousands)

	(	June 30, 2009 (unaudited)	December 31, 2008
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	255,407	\$ 249,524
Marketable securities		484	175
Accounts receivable, net of allowances aggregating \$5,988 and \$6,723, respectively		148,610	174,990
Unbilled accounts receivable		6,381	5,545
Deferred costs		5,691	5,877
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		10,402	13,472
Supplies inventories		27,938	26,905
Deferred tax assets		12,324	12,564
Total current assets		467,237	489,052
Property, plant and equipment:			
Land		26,832	26,399
Asset retirement costs (non-landfill)		1,767	1,761
Landfill assets		42,562	35,062
Buildings and improvements		133,494	127,466
Vehicles		46,539	33,502
Equipment		323,876	310,459
Furniture and fixtures		1,693	1,663
Construction in progress		11,405	13,206
		588,168	549,518
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		275,531	254,057
Total property, plant and equipment, net		312,637	295,461
Other assets:			
Long-term investments		6,483	6,237
Deferred financing costs		2,308	3,044
Goodwill		30,580	24,578
Permits and other intangibles, net of accumulated amortization of \$43,141 and \$40,303,			
respectively		71,056	71,754
Deferred tax assets		5,726	5,454
Other		2,553	2,756
Total other assets		118,706	113,823
Total assets	\$	898,580	\$ 898,336

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# CLEAN HARBORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)**

#### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

# (in thousands except per share amounts)

	June 30, 2009 (unaudited)	December 31, 2008
Current liabilities:		
Uncashed checks	\$ 5,019	\$ 7,733
Current portion of long-term debt	52,889	
Current portion of capital lease obligations	176	400
Accounts payable	54,939	63,885
Deferred revenue	23,566	24,190
Accrued expenses	55,911	67,901
Current portion of closure, post-closure and remedial liabilities	22,400	17,264
Total current liabilities	214,900	181,373
Other liabilities:		
Closure and post-closure liabilities, less current portion of \$8,610 and \$6,383, respectively	24,982	26,254
Remedial liabilities, less current portion of \$13,790 and \$10,881, respectively	133,456	135,007
Long-term obligations		52,870
Capital lease obligations, less current portion	259	360
Unrecognized tax benefits and other long-term liabilities	76,792	73,427
Total other liabilities	235,489	287,918
Stockholders equity:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value:		
Authorized 40,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 23,789,835 and 23,733,257		
shares, respectively	238	237
Treasury stock	(1,893)	(1,653)
Additional paid-in capital	355,026	353,950
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	4,042	(688)
Accumulated earnings	90,778	77,199
Total stockholders equity	448,191	429,045
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 898,580	\$ 898,336

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# CLEAN HARBORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

#### (in thousands except per share amounts)

		Three Mor June 2009		ded 2008	2009		nths Ended ne 30,	2008
Revenues	\$	215,337	\$	265,259	\$ 4	21,643	\$	507,768
Cost of revenues (exclusive of items shown								
separately below)		146,254		178,384	2	89,767		348,578
Selling, general and administrative expenses		37,778		43,496		75,147		82,666
Accretion of environmental liabilities		2,634		2,726		5,284		5,396
Depreciation and amortization		12,241		10,806		24,302		21,281
Income from operations		16,430		29,847		27,143		49,847
Other income (expense)		11		59		44		(45)
Interest expense, net of interest income of \$233 and \$623 for the quarter and year-to-date ending 2009 and \$1,431 and \$2,493 for the quarter and year-to-date ending 2008,								
respectively		(1,609)		(2,515)		(2,989)		(5,900)
Income before provision for income taxes		14,832		27,391		24,198		43,902
Provision for income taxes		6,208		11,404		10,619		18,993
Net income	\$	8,624	\$	15,987	\$	13,579	\$	24,909
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	0.36	\$	0.71	¢	0.57	\$	1.16
Diluted	\$ \$	0.36	\$ \$	0.71		0.57	\$	1.14
Diluted	φ	0.30	φ	0.70	φ	0.57	φ	1.14
Weighted average common shares outstanding Weighted average common shares outstanding		23,777		22,437		23,763		21,392
plus potentially dilutive common shares		23,889		22,936		23,876		21,907

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# CLEAN HARBORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### (in thousands)

		Six M Ended J		
Call flavor frame and the activities	2009	)		2008
Cash flows from operating activities:  Net income	\$	13,579	\$	24,909
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	Ф	13,379	Ф	24,909
Depreciation and amortization		24,302		21,281
Allowance for doubtful accounts		669		50
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount		790		1,076
Accretion of environmental liabilities		5,284		5,396
Changes in environmental liability estimates		(635)		(255)
Deferred income taxes		(390)		(41)
Stock-based compensation		(376)		1,785
Excess tax benefit of stock-based compensation		(65)		(2,598)
Income tax benefit related to stock option exercises		59		2,618
(Gain) loss on sale of fixed assets and assets held for sale		(44)		2,018
Environmental expenditures		(4,077)		(4,054)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions		(4,077)		(4,034)
Accounts receivable		28,109		10,370
Other current assets		4,487		3,474
Accounts payable		(8,635)		(9,144)
Other current liabilities		(14,000)		(12,631)
Net cash from operating activities		49,057		42,281
Cash flows from investing activities:		12,037		12,201
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(33,910)		(30,085)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(6,501)		(27,583)
Costs to obtain or renew permits		(741)		(1,354)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets and assets held for sale		138		65
Sales of marketable securities		100		4,350
Purchase of available-for-sale securities				(2,374)
Net cash from investing activities		(41,014)		(56,981)
Cash flows from financing activities:		, , ,		(3.7,2.7)
Change in uncashed checks		(2,761)		2,077
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		137		1,214
Remittance of shares, net		(240)		,
Proceeds from employee stock purchase plan		1,257		776
Deferred financing costs paid		(35)		
Payments on capital leases		(329)		(1,707)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net				173,570
Payment on acquired debt		(2,499)		
Excess tax benefit of stock-based compensation		65		2,598
Net cash from financing activities		(4,405)		178,528
Effect of exchange rate change on cash		2,245		(1,473)

162,355
119,538
\$ 281,893
\$ 7,289
22,564
\$ 4,272
\$ 7 22

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

# CLEAN HARBORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

#### (in thousands)

	Commo								4	Accumulated		TD . 4 . 1
	Number of Shares	I	0.01 Par alue	Treasury Stock	F	Additional Paid-in Capital	C	omprehensive Income		Other omprehensive Loss) Income	Accumulated Earnings	 Total ckholders Equity
Balance at January 1,												
2009	23,733	\$	237 \$	(1,653)	\$	353,950			\$	(688) \$		\$ 429,045
Net income							\$	13,579			13,579	13,579
Unrealized gain on												
long-term												
investments, net of								415		415		415
taxes								417		417		417
Foreign currency								4.212		4.212		4.212
translation								4,313		4,313		4,313
Comprehensive							Φ	10 200				
income Stock-based							\$	18,309				
compensation	22					(376)						(376)
Issuance of restricted	22					(370)						(370)
shares, net of shares												
remitted	(5)			(240)								(240)
Exercise of stock	(3)			(240)								(240)
options	13		1			136						137
Net tax benefit on	13		•			150						137
exercise of stock												
options						59						59
Employee stock												
purchase plan	27					1,257						1,257
Balance at June 30,						<u> </u>						,
2009	23,790	\$	238 \$	(1,893)	\$	355,026			\$	4,042 \$	90,778	\$ 448,191

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### CLEAN HARBORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (1) BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of Clean Harbors, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, Clean Harbors or the Company) and have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments which, except as described elsewhere herein, are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. The financial statements presented herein should be read in connection with the financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

In preparing the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements, the Company has reviewed, as determined necessary by the Company s management, events that have occurred after June 30, 2009, up until the issuance of the financial statements, which occurred on August 7, 2009 (See Note 16, Subsequent Events).

#### (2) RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS 141R changes how business acquisitions are accounted for and impacts financial statements both on the acquisition date and in subsequent periods. SFAS 141R is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company adopted SFAS No. 141R on January 1, 2009 and during the three and six months ended June 30, 2009, has expensed \$1.6 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, of acquisition costs that, prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 141R, would have been included as part of the purchase price. In addition, under the provisions of SFAS 141R, future reversal of the Company's current acquisition-related tax reserves of approximately \$9.8 million (excluding interest and penalties) will be recorded in earnings, rather than as an adjustment to goodwill or acquisition related other intangible assets and will affect the Company's annual effective income tax rate. Due to the expiring statutes in Canada, the Company expects that acquisition related tax reserves will decrease by \$6.9 million within the next twelve months, which will be recorded in earnings and therefore impact the effective income tax rate.

In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position FAS 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157* (FSP 157-2), which delayed the effective date of SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements* (SFAS No. 157), for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities that are recognized or disclosed in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis to fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company adopted FSP 157-2 on January 1, 2009 and it did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In April 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position SFAS No. 142-3, *Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets* (FSP SFAS No. 142-3). FSP SFAS No. 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* (SFAS No. 142). The intent of this FSP is to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS No. 141 (revised 2007), *Business Combinations* (SFAS No. 141), and other US generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Company adopted FSP SFAS No. 142-3 on January 1, 2009 and it did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In June 2008, the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force ( EITF ) reached a consensus on EITF Issue No. 08-3, *Accounting by Lessees for Maintenance Deposits under Lease Agreements* ( EITF No. 08-3 ). EITF No. 08-3 provides that all nonrefundable maintenance deposits paid by a lessee, under an arrangement accounted for as a lease, should be accounted for as a deposit. When the underlying maintenance is performed, the deposit is expensed or capitalized in accordance with the lessee s maintenance accounting policy. Once it is determined that an amount on deposit is not probable of being used to fund future maintenance expense, it is recognized as additional rent expense at that time. The Company adopted EITF No. 08-3 on January 1, 2009 and it did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations

Tah	le	οf	Con	tents
1 au	ı	OI.	-con	wiito

or cash flow.

In December 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS No. 132(R)-1, *Employers Disclosures about Postretirement Benefit Plan Assets* (FSP FAS 132(R)-1), which requires additional disclosures for employers pension and other postretirement benefit plan assets. As pension and other postretirement benefit plan assets were not included within the scope of SFAS No. 157, FSP FAS 132(R)-1 requires employers to disclose information about fair value measurements of plan assets similar to the disclosures required under SFAS No. 157, the investment policies and strategies for the major categories of plan assets, and significant concentrations of risk within plan assets. FSP FAS 132(R)-1 is effective for the Company as of December 31, 2009. As FSP FAS 132(R)-1 provides only disclosure requirements, the adoption of this standard will have no material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In April 2009, the FASB issued two FASB Staff Positions (FSP) to provide additional guidance regarding (1) measuring the fair value of financial instruments when a market becomes inactive and quoted prices may reflect distressed transactions and (2) recording impairment charges on investments in debt instruments. The FASB also issued a third FSP to require disclosure of fair values of certain financial instruments in interim financial statements. These FSPs, further described below, are effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009.

FSP SFAS No. 157-4, *Determining Whether a Market for an Asset or Liability is Active or Inactive and Determining When a Transaction is Distressed* (FSP SFAS 157-4), provides additional guidance to highlight and expand on the factors that should be considered in estimating fair value when there has been a significant decrease in market activity for an asset or liability. The Company adopted FSP SFAS 157-4 in the period ended March 31, 2009. The adoption of FSP SFAS No. 157-4 did not have a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

FSP SFAS No. 115-2 and SFAS 124-2, *Recognition and Presentation of Other-Than-Temporary Impairments* (FSP FAS 115-2/124-2), changes the method for determining whether an other-than-temporary impairment exists for debt securities and the amount of an impairment charge to be recorded in earnings. To determine whether an other-than-temporary impairment exists, an entity will assess the likelihood of selling the security prior to recovering its cost basis, rather than assessing whether it has the intent and ability to hold a security to recovery. The Company adopted FSP SFAS 115-2/124-2 in the period ended March 31, 2009, and has determined that the cumulative \$0.5 million impairment related to the fair value of its auction rate securities continues to be temporary.

FSP FAS No. 107-1 and APB 28-1, *Interim Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments* (FSP No. 107-1), expands the fair value disclosures required for all financial instruments within the scope of SFAS No. 107, *Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments*, to interim financial statements. The provisions of this FSP are effective for periods ending after June 15, 2009, and can only be early adopted for periods ended after March 15, 2009 with an entity s simultaneous adoption of FSP SFAS 157-4 and FSP FAS 115-2. The Company adopted FSP No. 107-1 in the period ended June 30, 2009. The adoption of FSP No. 107-1 only impacts quarterly disclosure requirements and therefore did not have an impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In May 2009 the FASB issued SFAS No. 165, *Subsequent Events* (SFAS 165), which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued. The Company adopted SFAS 165 in the period ended June 30, 2009 and it did not have an impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

In June 2009, the FASB approved its Accounting Standards Codification (Codification) as the single source of authoritative United States accounting and reporting standards applicable for all non-governmental entities, with the exception of the SEC and its staff. The Codification, which changes the referencing of financial standards, is effective for interim or annual financial periods ending after September 15, 2009. Therefore, in the third quarter of this year, all references made to US GAAP will use the new Codification numbering system prescribed by the FASB. As the Codification is not intended to change or alter existing US GAAP, it is not expected to have any impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flow.

#### (3) BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On February 27, 2009, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of privately-held EnviroSORT Inc. (EnviroSORT) for a preliminary purchase price of \$9.6 million. The preliminary purchase price included the assumption of \$2.5 million of debt and \$0.2 million of preliminary post-closing adjustments. The Company paid down the balance of the

#### **Table of Contents**

\$2.5 million assumed debt on the acquisition date. The acquisition of EnviroSORT is expected to complement and expand the Company s operations in Western Canada. The preliminary purchase price is subject to post-closing adjustments which are based upon the amount by which EnviroSORT s net working capital, as of the closing date, was greater or less than \$0.5 million. The Company has recorded \$5.0 million of goodwill to the Technical Services segment, but that amount is preliminary pending the final fair value determinations. The balance of any goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Acquisition-related costs of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million were included in selling, general, and administrative expenses for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company finalized the purchase accounting for the March 2008 acquisitions of two solvent recycling facilities from Safety-Kleen Systems, Inc. and of Universal Environmental, Inc. There were no material adjustments to the purchase price of the solvent recycling facilities after December 31, 2008. Additional acquisition costs of \$0.1 million were recorded against the purchase price of Universal Environmental, Inc., resulting in a final purchase price of \$15.1 million. These additional acquisition costs resulted in an increase of \$0.1 million to goodwill. The working capital adjustment was also finalized and resulted in an increase of less than \$0.1 million owed to the seller.

#### (4) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company s financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, receivables, trade payables, auction rate securities and long-term debt. The estimated fair value of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and trade payables approximate their carrying value due to the short maturity of these instruments. As of June 30, 2009, the Company held certain auction rate securities and marketable securities that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The auction rate securities are classified as available for sale and the fair value of these securities as of June 30, 2009 was estimated utilizing a discounted cash flow analysis. The discounted cash flow analysis considered, among other items, the collateralization underlying the security investments, the creditworthiness of the counterparty, the timing of expected future cash flows, and the expectation of the next time the security is expected to have a successful auction. The auction rate securities were also compared, when possible, to other observable market data with similar characteristics to the securities held by the Company.

As of June 30, 2009, all of the Company s auction rate securities continue to have AAA underlying ratings. The underlying assets of the Company s auction rate securities are student loans, which are substantially insured by the Federal Family Education Loan Program. The Company attributes the decline in the fair value of the securities from the original cost basis to external liquidity issues rather than credit issues. During the six month period ended June 30, 2009, the Company recorded an unrealized pre-tax gain of \$0.2 million which is included in accumulated other comprehensive income. The Company assessed the decline in value to be temporary because the Company does not intend to sell the securities and it is more likely than not that it will not have to sell the securities before their recovery. In addition, as of June 30, 2009, the Company continued to earn interest on all of its auction rate securities.

The Company s assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis subject to the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurement* (SFAS 157), at June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands):

<b>Quoted Prices in</b>			
<b>Active Markets</b>	Significant Other	Significant	
for Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
Assets	Inputs	Inputs	Balance at
(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	June 30, 200

Auction rate securities	\$ \$	\$ 6,483 \$	6,483
Marketable securities	\$ 484 \$	\$ \$	484

The following table presents the Company s long-term investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) as defined in SFAS 157 at June 30, 2009 (in thousands):

	2009
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 6,237
Total unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income	246
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$ 6,483

#### (5) GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The goodwill balance as of June 30, 2009 increased \$6.0 million from December 31, 2008 to \$30.6 million. The

# Table of Contents

increase was primarily attributed to the acquisition of EnviroSORT and final purchase price acquisition costs related to Universal Environmental, Inc. The goodwill related to EnviroSORT includes estimates that are subject to change based upon final fair value determinations. Below is a summary of amortizable other intangible assets (in thousands):

	Cost	June 3 cumulated nortization	30, 20	09 Net	Weighted Average Amortization Period (in years)	Cost	 December cumulated nortization	r 31,	2008 Net	Weighted Average Amortization Period (in years)
Permits	\$ 96,515	\$ 35,407	\$	61,108	16.9 \$	94,446	\$ 33,458	\$	60,988	17.2
Customer lists and other intangible	17.602	7.724		0.040	6.2	17 (11	6.045		10.777	(2
assets	17,682	7,734		9,948	6.3	17,611	6,845		10,766	6.2
	\$ 114,197	\$ 43,141	\$	71,056	13.7 \$	112,057	\$ 40,303	\$	71,754	13.6

#### (6) ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2009	nber 31, 2008
Insurance	\$ 16,512	\$ 15,361
Interest	1,278	1,280
Accrued disposal costs	1,763	2,305
Accrued compensation and benefits	14,723	22,952
Other items	21,635	26,003
	\$ 55,911	\$ 67,901

# (7) CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITIES

The changes to closure and post-closure liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	Landfill Retirement Liability	Non-Landfill Retirement Liability	Total
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 25,269	\$ 7,368	\$ 32,637
New asset retirement obligations	876		876
Accretion	1,514	460	1,974
Changes in estimate recorded to statement of income	(668)	(3)	(671)
Settlement of obligations	(990)	(337)	(1,327)
Currency translation and other	87	16	103

All of the landfill facilities included in the above were active as of June 30, 2009.

New asset retirement obligations incurred in 2009 are being discounted at the credit-adjusted risk-free rate of 10.57% and inflated at a rate of 1.02%.

#### (8) REMEDIAL LIABILITIES

The changes to remedial liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

		Remedial Liabilities for Landfill Sites	Remedial Liabilities (Including Remedial Superfund) for Liabilities for Non-Landfill Inactive Sites Operations					Total	
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$	5,112	\$	90,291	\$	50,485	\$	145,888	
Accretion		123		2,093		1,094		3,310	
Changes in estimate recorded to									
statement of income		(1)		(29)		66		36	
Settlement of obligations		(46)		(1,493)		(1,211)		(2,750)	
Currency translation and other		122		24		616		762	
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$	5,310	\$	90,886	\$	51,050	\$	147,246	

#### (9) FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

The following table is a summary of the Company s financing arrangements (in thousands):

	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Senior secured notes, at 11.25%, due July 15, 2012	\$ 23,032	\$ 23,032
Revolving facility, due December 1, 2010		
Synthetic letter of credit facility, due December 1, 2010		
Term loan, at 2.81% and 2.97% on June 30, 2009 and December 31,		
2008, respectively, due December 1, 2010	30,000	30,000
Less unamortized issue discount	(143)	(162)
Less debt classified as current	(52,889)	
Long-term obligations	\$	\$ 52,870

At June 30, 2009, the revolving facility had \$26.2 million available to borrow, and \$43.8 million of letters of credit outstanding (which included a contingency related to the acquisition of Eveready Inc. on July 31, 2009 of CDN \$5.0 million that was released at the beginning of August 2009, thereby reducing these letters of credit outstanding). The synthetic line of credit facility had \$48.0 million of letters of credit outstanding. The financing arrangements and principal terms of each are discussed further in the Company s 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The fair value of the Company s outstanding senior secured notes is based on quoted market price and was \$21.9 million and \$22.2 million at June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, respectively.

On July 24, 2009, the Company repaid the \$30.0 million term loan due in 2010. On July 31, 2009, the Company discharged its \$23.0 million of outstanding senior secured notes by calling such notes for redemption on August 31, 2009 and depositing with the trustee the redemption price of \$23.7 million and accrued interest of \$0.3 million through the redemption date. The \$30.0 million term loan and the \$22.9 million (net of \$0.1 million discount) of senior secured notes were both classified in the June 30, 2009 consolidated balance sheet as current portion of long-term debt. On July 31, 2009, the Company also replaced its previous \$70.0 million revolving credit facility and \$50.0 million synthetic letter of credit facility with a new revolving credit facility which will allow the Company to borrow or obtain letters of credit for up to \$120.0 million (with a \$110.0 million sub-limit for letters of credit). In connection with such transactions, in the third quarter the Company will record to loss on early extinguishment of debt an aggregate of \$1.5 million, consisting of a \$0.7 million prepayment penalty required by the indenture in connection with such redemption as well as non-cash expenses of \$0.7 million related to unamortized financing costs and \$0.1 million of unamortized discount on the senior secured notes.

<b>m</b>	. 1		c	$\sim$			
Tal	hl	e	Ωt	( :(	าท	te	nts

#### (10) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Legal and Administrative Proceedings

The Company s waste management services are regulated by federal, state, provincial and local laws enacted to regulate discharge of materials into the environment, remediation of contaminated soil and groundwater or otherwise protect the environment. This ongoing regulation results in the Company frequently becoming a party to legal or administrative proceedings involving all levels of governmental authorities and other interested parties. The issues involved in such proceedings generally relate to applications for permits and licenses by the Company and conformity with legal requirements, alleged violations of existing permits and licenses, or alleged responsibility arising under federal or state Superfund laws to remediate contamination at properties owned either by the Company or by other parties ( third party sites ) to which either the Company or prior owners of certain of the Company s facilities shipped wastes.

The Company records actual or potential liabilities related to legal or administrative proceedings in accordance with SFAS No. 5. At June 30, 2009, the Company had recorded \$25.6 million of reserves in the Company s financial statements for actual or potential liabilities related to the legal and administrative proceedings in which the Company was then involved, the principal of which are described below, and the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that the amount of such potential liabilities could be as much as \$3.7 million more. The Company periodically adjusts the aggregate amount of such reserves when such actual or potential liabilities are paid or otherwise discharged, new claims arise, or additional relevant information about existing or potential claims becomes available.

As of June 30, 2009, the principal legal and administrative proceedings in which the Company was involved were as follows:

Ville Mercier. In September 2002, the Company acquired the stock of a subsidiary (the Mercier Subsidiary) which owns a hazardous waste incinerator in Ville Mercier, Quebec (the Mercier Facility). The property adjacent to the Mercier Facility, which is also owned by the Mercier Subsidiary, is now contaminated as a result of actions dating back to 1968, when the Government of Quebec issued to a company unrelated to the Mercier Subsidiary two permits to dump organic liquids into lagoons on the property. By 1972, groundwater contamination had been identified, and the Quebec government provided an alternate water supply to the municipality of Ville Mercier.

In 1999, Ville Mercier and three neighboring municipalities filed separate legal proceedings against the Mercier Subsidiary and the Government of Quebec. The lawsuits assert that the defendants are jointly and severally responsible for the contamination of groundwater in the region, which they claim caused each municipality to incur additional costs to supply drinking water for their citizens since the 1970 s and early 1980 s. The four municipalities claim a total of \$1.6 million (CDN) as damages for additional costs to obtain drinking water supplies and seek an injunctive order to obligate the defendants to remediate the groundwater in the region. The Quebec Government also sued the Mercier Subsidiary to recover approximately \$17.4 million (CDN) of alleged past costs for constructing and operating a treatment system and providing alternative drinking water supplies.

On September 26, 2007, the Quebec Minister of Sustainable Development, Environment and Parks issued a Notice pursuant to Section 115.1 of the Environment Quality Act, superseding Notices issued in 1992, which are the subject of the pending litigation. The more recent Notice notifies the Mercier Subsidiary that, if the Mercier Subsidiary does not take certain remedial measures at the site, the Minister intends to undertake those measures at the site and claim direct and indirect costs related to such measures. The Mercier Subsidiary continues to assert that

it has no responsibility for the groundwater contamination in the region and will contest any action by the Ministry to impose costs for remedial measures on the Mercier Subsidiary. The Company also continues to pursue settlement options. At June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the Company had accrued \$11.5 million and \$10.6 million, respectively, for remedial liabilities relating to the Ville Mercier legal proceedings. The increase resulted primarily from a foreign exchange rate adjustment due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar and interest accretion.

CH El Dorado. In August 2006, the Company purchased all of the outstanding membership interests in Teris LLC ( Teris ) and changed the name of Teris to Clean Harbors El Dorado, LLC ( CH El Dorado ). At the time of the acquisition,

#### Table of Contents

Teris was, and CH El Dorado now is, involved in certain legal proceedings arising from a fire on January 2, 2005, at the incineration facility owned and operated by Teris in El Dorado, Arkansas.

CH El Dorado is defending vigorously the claims asserted against Teris in those proceedings, and the Company believes that the resolution of those proceedings will not have a materially adverse affect on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows. In addition to CH El Dorado s defenses to the lawsuits, the Company will be entitled to rely upon an indemnification from the seller of the membership interests in Teris which is contained in the purchase agreement for those interests. Under that agreement, the seller agreed to indemnify (without any deductible amount) the Company against any damages which the Company might suffer as a result of the lawsuits to the extent that such damages are not fully covered by insurance or the reserves which Teris had established on its books prior to the acquisition. The seller s parent also guaranteed the indemnification obligation of the seller to the Company.

Deer Trail, Colorado Facility. Since April 5, 2006, the Company has been involved in various legal proceedings which have arisen as a result of the issuance by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment ( CDPHE ) of a radioactive materials license ( RAD License ) to a Company subsidiary, Clean Harbors Deer Trail, LLC ( CHDT ) to accept certain low level radioactive materials known as NORM/TENORM wastes for disposal. Adams County, the county where the CHDT facility is located, filed two suits against the CDPHE in Colorado effectively seeking to invalidate the license. The two suits filed in 2006 were both dismissed and those dismissals were upheld by the Colorado Court of Appeals. Adams County appealed those rulings to the Colorado Supreme Court, where they are now pending. Adams County filed a third suit directly against CHDT in 2007 again attempting to invalidate the license. That suit was also dismissed on November 14, 2008, and Adams County has now appealed that dismissal to the Colorado Court of Appeals. The Company continues to believe that the grounds asserted by the County are factually and legally baseless and will contest the appeal vigorously. The Company has not recorded any liability for this matter on the basis that such liability is currently neither probable nor estimable.

#### Superfund Proceedings

As of June 30, 2009, the Company has been notified that either the Company or the prior owners of certain of the Company s facilities for which the Company may have certain indemnification obligations have been identified as potentially responsible parties (PRPs) or potential PRPs in connection with 59 sites which are subject to or are proposed to become subject to proceedings under federal or state Superfund laws. Of the 59 sites, two involve facilities that are now owned by the Company and 57 involve third party sites to which either the Company or the prior owners shipped wastes. In connection with each site, the Company has estimated the extent, if any, to which it may be subject, either directly or as a result of any such indemnification provisions, for cleanup and remediation costs, related legal and consulting costs associated with PRP investigations, settlements, and related legal and administrative proceedings. The amount of such actual and potential liability is inherently difficult to estimate because of, among other relevant factors, uncertainties as to the legal liability (if any) of the Company or the prior owners of certain of the Company s facilities to contribute a portion of the cleanup costs, the assumptions that must be made in calculating the estimated cost and timing of remediation, the identification of other PRPs and their respective capability and obligation to contribute to remediation efforts, and the existence and legal standing of indemnification agreements (if any) with prior owners, which may either benefit the Company or subject the Company to potential indemnification obligations.

The Company s potential liability for cleanup costs at the two facilities now owned by the Company and at 35 (the Listed Third Party Sites ) of the 57 third party sites arose out of the Company s 2002 acquisition of substantially all of the assets (the CSD assets ) of the Chemical Services Division of Safety-Kleen Corp. As part of the purchase price for the CSD assets, the Company became liable as the owner of these two facilities and also agreed to indemnify the prior owners of the CSD assets against their share of certain cleanup costs for the Listed Third Party Sites payable to governmental entities under federal or state Superfund laws. Of the 35 Listed Third Party Sites, 18 are currently requiring expenditures on remediation, ten are now settled, six are not currently requiring expenditures on remediation, and at one site the Company is contesting the prior owner s liability with the PRP group. The status of the two facilities owned by the Company (the Wichita Property and the

BR Facility) and two of the Listed Third Party Sites (the Breslube-Penn and Casmalia Sites) are further described below. Also further described below are one third party site (the Marine Shale Site) at which the Company has been named a PRP as

#### Table of Contents

a result of its acquisition of the CSD assets but disputes that it has any cleanup or related liabilities, certain of the other third party sites which are not related to the Company s acquisition of the CSD assets, and certain notifications which the Company has received about other third party sites.

Wichita Property. The Company acquired in 2002 as part of the CSD assets a service center located in Wichita, Kansas (the Wichita Property). The Wichita Property is one of several properties located within the boundaries of a 1,400 acre state-designated Superfund site in an old industrial section of Wichita known as the North Industrial Corridor Site. Along with numerous other PRPs, the former owner executed a consent decree relating to such site with the EPA, and the Company is continuing its ongoing remediation program for the Wichita Property in accordance with that consent decree. The Company also acquired rights under an indemnification agreement between the former owner and an earlier owner of the Wichita Property, which the Company anticipates but cannot guarantee will be available to reimburse certain such cleanup costs.

BR Facility. The Company acquired in 2002 as part of the CSD assets a former hazardous waste incinerator and landfill in Baton Rouge (BR Facility), for which operations had been previously discontinued by the prior owner. In September 2007, the EPA issued a Special Notice Letter to the Company related to the Devil s Swamp Lake Site (Devil s Swamp) in East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana. Devil s Swamp includes a lake located downstream of an outfall ditch where wastewater and stormwater have been discharged, and Devil s Swamp is proposed to be included on the National Priorities List due to the presence of Contaminants of Concern (COC) cited by the EPA. These COCs include substances of the kind found in wastewater and stormwater discharged from the BR Facility in past operations. The EPA originally requested COC generators to submit a good faith offer to conduct a remedial investigation feasibility study directed towards the eventual remediation of the site. The Company is currently performing corrective actions at the BR Facility under an order issued by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (the LDEQ). The Company cannot presently estimate the potential additional liability for the Devil s Swamp cleanup until a final remedy is selected by the EPA.

Breslube-Penn Site. At one of these 35 Listed Third Party Sites, the Breslube-Penn Site, the EPA brought suit in 1997 in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania against a large number of PRPs for recovery of the EPA s response costs in connection with that site. The named defendants are alleged to be jointly and severally liable for the remediation of the site and all response costs associated with the site. One of the prior owners, GSX Chemical Services of Ohio (GSX), was a named defendant in the original complaint. In 2006, the EPA filed an amended complaint naming the Company as defendant, alleging that the Company was the successor in interest to the liability of GSX.

Casmalia Site. At one of these 35 Listed Third Party Sites, the Casmalia Resources Hazardous Waste Management Facility (the Casmalia Site ) in Santa Barbara County, California, the Company received from the EPA a request for information in May 2007. In that request, the EPA is seeking information about the extent to which, if at all, the prior owner transported or arranged for disposal of waste at the Casmalia Site. The Company has not recorded any liability for this new matter on the basis that such transporter or arranger liability is currently neither probable nor estimable.

Marine Shale Site. Prior to 1996, Marine Shale Processors, Inc. (Marine Shale) operated a kiln in Amelia, Louisiana which incinerated waste producing a vitrified aggregate as a by-product. Marine Shale contended that its operation recycled waste into a useful product, i.e., vitrified aggregate, and therefore was exempt from regulation under the RCRA and permitting requirements as a hazardous waste incinerator under applicable federal and state environmental laws. The EPA contended that Marine Shale was a sham-recycler subject to the regulation and permitting requirements as a hazardous waste incinerator under RCRA, that its vitrified aggregate by-product was a hazardous waste, and that Marine Shale s continued operation without required permits was illegal. Litigation between the EPA and Marine Shale began in 1990 and continued until July 1996, when the U.S. Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals ordered Marine Shale to shutdown its operations.

On May 11, 2007, the EPA and the LDEQ issued a Special Notice to the Company and other PRPs, seeking a good faith offer to address site remediation at the former Marine Shale facility. Certain of the former owners of the CSD assets were major customers of Marine Shale, but Marine Shale was not included as a Listed Third Party Site in connection with the Company s acquisition of the CSD assets and the Company was never a customer of Marine Shale. Although the Company believes that it is not liable (either directly or under any indemnification obligation) for cleanup costs at the Marine Shale

13

#### Table of Contents

site, the Company elected to join with other parties which had been notified that are potentially PRPs in connection with Marine Shale site to form a group (the Site Group) to retain common counsel and participate in further negotiations with the EPA and the LDEQ regarding a remedial investigation feasibility study directed towards the eventual remediation of the Marine Shale site.

The Site Group made a good faith settlement offer to the EPA on November 29, 2007, and negotiations among the EPA, the LDEQ and the Site Group with respect to the Marine Shale site are ongoing. As of both June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, the amount of the Company s remaining reserves relating to the Marine Shale site was \$3.8 million.

Certain Other Third Party Sites. At 14 of the 57 third party sites, the Company has an indemnification agreement with ChemWaste, a former subsidiary of Waste Management, Inc. and the prior owner. The agreement indemnifies the Company with respect to any liability at the 14 sites for waste disposed prior to the Company s acquisition of the sites. Accordingly, Waste Management is paying all costs of defending those subsidiaries in those 14 cases, including legal fees and settlement costs. However, there can be no guarantee that the Company s ultimate liabilities for these sites will not materially exceed the amount recorded or that indemnities applicable to any of these sites will be available to pay all or a portion of related costs. The Company does not have an indemnity agreement with respect to any of the other remaining sites not discussed above, however the Company believes that its additional potential liability, if any, to contribute to the cleanup of such remaining sites will not, in the aggregate, exceed \$100,000.

Other Notifications. Between September 2004 and May 2006, the Company also received notices from certain of the prior owners of the CSD assets seeking indemnification from the Company at five third party sites which are not included in the 57 third party sites described above that have been designated as Superfund sites or potential Superfund sites and for which those prior owners have been identified as PRPs or potential PRPs. The Company has responded to such letters asserting that the Company has no obligation to indemnify those prior owners for any cleanup and related costs (if any) which they may incur in connection with these five sites. The Company intends to assist those prior owners by providing information that is now in the Company s possession with respect to those five sites and, if appropriate to participate in negotiations with the government agencies and PRP groups involved. The Company has also investigated the sites to determine the existence of potential liabilities independent from the liability of those former owners, and concluded that at this time the Company is not liable for any portion of the potential cleanup of the five sites, and therefore has not established a reserve.

#### Federal, State and Provincial Enforcement Actions

From time to time, the Company pays fines or penalties in regulatory proceedings relating primarily to waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities. As of June 30, 2009, there were three proceedings for which the Company reasonably believes that the sanctions could equal or exceed \$100,000. The Company does not believe that the fines or other penalties in these or any of the other regulatory proceedings will, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations. One of such other regulatory proceedings is further described below.

Thorold Fire. On February 19, 2007, an explosion and fire occurred at the Company s Thorold facility in Ontario during non-business hours destroying a storage warehouse and damaging several nearby buildings on site. No employee casualties or injuries were reported. On October 23, 2007 the Ontario Ministry of the Environment announced that it had concluded its investigation into the fire and that there were no grounds to initiate action against the Company. This action by the Ontario Ministry of the Environment followed a prior pronouncement by the provincial Ministry of Health that there were no long-term health impacts from the fire. Despite the earlier pronouncements, on February 12, 2009 the Ontario Ministry of the Environment initiated proceedings against one of the Company s Canadian subsidiaries in the Ontario Court of Justice alleging three violations of the Environmental Protection Act. The Company is evaluating this matter and cannot presently estimate the

		4. 1			
poten	tıal	lial	าป	1fs	J
DOLLI	паі	ша	נוט	uυ	

### (11) INCOME TAXES

The Company s effective tax rates for the three and six months ended June 30, 2009 were 41.8 percent and 43.9 percent, respectively, compared to 41.6 percent and 43.3 percent for the same periods in 2008. Earnings for the three and

#### Table of Contents

six months ended June 30, 2009 have decreased compared to the same periods in 2008, however, the overall permanent items that impact the effective tax rate have also decreased resulting in a consistent effective income tax rate.

As of June 30, 2009 the Company s unrecognized tax benefits were \$72.0 million which included \$19.3 million of interest and \$5.7 million of penalties. As of December 31, 2008 the Company s unrecognized tax benefits were \$68.7 million which included \$17.0 million of interest and \$5.2 million of penalties.

Due to expiring statutes in Canada, the Company anticipates that total unrecognized tax benefits other than adjustments for additional accruals for interest and penalties and foreign currency translation, will decrease by approximately \$11.0 million within the next twelve months. The \$11.0 million includes interest and penalties of \$4.1 million and is related to a business combination in Canada and in accordance with SFAS 141R, will be recorded in earnings and therefore will impact the effective income tax rate.

#### (12) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the calculation of the numerator and denominator used in the computation of basic and diluted net income per common share attributable to the Company s common stockholders for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands except for per share amounts):

	Three Moi Jun	nths En e 30,	ded	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2009		2008	2009		2008			
Numerator:									
Net income for basic and diluted earning per share	\$ 8,624	\$	15,987	\$ 13,579	\$	24,909			
٠.									
Denominator:									
Basic shares outstanding	23,777		22,437	23,763		21,392			
Dilutive effect of equity-based compensation									
awards and warrants	112		499	113		515			
Dilutive shares outstanding	23,889		22,936	23,876		21,907			
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.36	\$	0.71	\$ 0.57	\$	1.16			
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.36	\$	0.70	\$ 0.57	\$	1.14			

For the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, the dilutive effect of all outstanding stock options, restricted stock and warrants is included in the above calculations. For the three- and six-month period ended June 30, 2009, excluded from the above calculation were the dilutive effects of 137 thousand outstanding performance stock awards as the performance criteria were not attained at that time and 21 thousand stock options that were not in-the-money.

#### (13) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The following table summarizes the total number and type of awards granted during the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009, as well as the related weighted-average grant-date fair values:

		Ionths End e 30, 2009		Six Mo Jun		
				Weighted- Average Grant-Date		
	Shares	]	Fair Value	Shares		Fair Value
Restricted stock awards	6,494	\$	53.07	6,494	\$	53.07
Performance stock awards				59,353		44.58
Common stock awards	2,400	\$	52.66	2,400	\$	52.66
Total awards	8,894			68,247		

### Table of Contents

The performance stock awards granted in 2009 are subject to achieving predetermined revenue and EBITDA targets for a specified period of time and service conditions. If the Company does not achieve the performance goals by December 31, 2010, the shares will be forfeited in their entirety. As of June 30, 2009, management did not believe that it was probable that the performance targets will be achieved, as it is early in the award achievement period. As a result, no compensation expense was recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2009 related to the 2009 performance stock awards.

In regards to the performance stock awards granted in 2008, management previously believed that the performance targets would be achieved and therefore recorded compensation expense during fiscal 2008 and during the first quarter of 2009. As of June 30, 2009, based on the year-to-date results of operations, management determined that it was not probable that the performance targets would be achieved therefore the cumulative expense recorded through March 31, 2009 of \$1.7 million was reversed through sales, general and administrative expenses.

(14) SEGMENT REPORTING

As of June 30, 2009, the Company had two reportable segments: Technical Services and Site Services. Performance of the segments is evaluated on several factors, of which the primary financial measure is operating income before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, restructuring, severance charges, other refinancing-related expenses, (gain) loss on disposal of assets held for sale, other (income) expense, and loss on early extinguishment of debt ( Adjusted EBITDA ). Transactions between the segments are accounted for at the Company s estimate of fair value based on similar transactions with outside customers.

The operations not managed through the Company s two operating segments are presented herein as Corporate Items. Corporate Items revenues consist of two different operations where the revenues are insignificant. Corporate Items cost of revenues represents certain central services that are not allocated to the segments for internal reporting purposes. Corporate Items selling, general and administrative expenses include typical corporate items such as legal, accounting and other items of a general corporate nature that are not allocated to the Company s two segments.

The following table reconciles third party revenues to direct revenues for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 (in thousands). Third party revenue is revenue billed to our customers by a particular segment. Direct revenue is the revenue allocated to the segment performing the provided service. The Company analyzes results of operations based on direct revenues because the Company believes that these revenues and related expenses best reflect the manner in which operations are managed.

Tachnical

Third party revenues

Direct revenues

Intersegment revenues, net

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2009

		l'echnical		Site		orporate		
		Services	,	Services		Items		Totals
Third party revenues	\$	150,692	\$	64,570	\$	75	\$	215,337
Intersegment revenues, net		7,415		(6,862)		(553)		
Direct revenues	\$	158,107	\$	57,708	\$	(478)	\$	215,337
			For t	he Three Months	Ended Iv	me 30, 2008		
	,	<b>Fechnical</b>	1011	Site		orporate		
		Services	:	Services		Items		Totals
Third party revenues	\$	179,154	\$	86,099	\$	6	\$	265,259
Intersegment revenues, net		7,348		(6,609)		(739)		,
Direct revenues	\$	186,502	\$	79,490	\$	(733)	\$	265,259
	7	<b>Technical</b>	the Six Months I		e 30, 2009 orporate			
		Services	5	Services		Items		Totals
Third party revenues	\$	294,040	\$	127,446	\$	157	\$	421,643
Intersegment revenues, net		15,132		(13,986)		(1,146)		
Direct revenues	\$	309,172	\$	113,460	\$	(989)	\$	421,643
		For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2008 Technical Site Corporate Services Services Items						

\$

\$

162,289

(11,792)

150,497

\$

\$

13

\$

(1,213)

(1,200)

345,466

13,005

358,471

\$

507,768

507,768

### Table of Contents

The following table presents information used by management by reported segment (in thousands). The Company does not allocate interest expense, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, accretion of environmental liabilities, non-recurring severance charges, (gain) loss on disposal of assets held for sale, other (income) expense, and loss on early extinguishment of debt to segments.

	For the Thi Ended J	 	For the Si Ended J			
	2009	2008		2009		2008
Adjusted EBITDA:						
Technical Services	\$ 40,717	\$ 47,560	\$	75,984	\$	87,787
Site Services	7,883	15,284		13,780		23,169
Corporate Items	(17,295)	(19,465)		(33,035)		(34,432)
Total	31,305	43,379		56,729		76,524
Reconciliation to Consolidated Statements of						
Income:						
Accretion of environmental liabilities	2,634	2,726		5,284		5,396
Depreciation and amortization	12,241	10,806		24,302		21,281
Income from operations	16,430	29,847		27,143		49,847
Other (income) expense	(11)	(59)		(44)		45
Interest expense, net of interest income	1,609	2,515		2,989		5,900
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 14,832	\$ 27,391	\$	24,198	\$	43,902

The following table presents assets by reported segment and in the aggregate (in thousands):

	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
Property, plant and equipment, net		
Technical Services	\$ 251,043	\$ 232,912
Site Services	34,797	31,982
Corporate or other assets	26,797	30,567
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 312,637	\$ 295,461
Intangible assets:		
Technical Services		
Goodwill	\$ 28,306	\$ 22,417
Permits and other intangibles, net	62,848	63,003
Total Technical Services	91,154	85,420
Site Services		
Goodwill	2,274	2,161
Permits and other intangibles, net	8,208	8,751
Total Site Services	10,482	10,912
Total	\$ 101,636	\$ 96,332

The following table presents the total assets by reported segment (in thousands):

June 30, December 31, 2009 2008

Technical Services	\$ 458,543 \$	441,422
Site Services	58,607	53,677
Corporate Items	381,430	403,237
Total	\$ 898,580 \$	898,336

The following table presents the total assets by geographical area (in thousands):

	June 30, 2009	December 31, 2008
United States	\$ 759,770	\$ 771,751
Canada	138,810	126,585
Total	\$ 898,580	\$ 898,336

## Table of Contents

(15) GUARANTOR AND NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES

On June 30, 2004, \$150.0 million of senior secured notes were issued by the parent company, Clean Harbors, Inc., and were guaranteed by all of the parent s wholly-owned subsidiaries organized in the United States. As of June 30, 2009, the principal balance of the outstanding senior secured notes was \$23.0 million. The notes were not guaranteed by the Company s Canadian, Mexican and Puerto Rican wholly-owned subsidiaries. The following presents condensed consolidating financial statements for the parent company, the guarantor subsidiaries and the non-guarantor subsidiaries, respectively.

Following is the condensed consolidating balance sheet at June 30, 2009 (in thousands):

	11.	Clean	τ	J.S. Guarantor Subsidiaries	Foreign on-Guarantor		Consolidating	Total
Assets:	П	arbors, Inc.		Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries		Adjustments	1 otai
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	126,802	\$	76,313	\$ 52,292	\$		\$ 255,407
Intercompany receivables		,		,	73,226	_	(73,226)	
Other current assets		12,352		171,445	28,033		, ,	211,830
Property, plant and equipment, net				276,562	36,075			312,637
Investments in subsidiaries		449,712		172,113	91,654		(713,479)	
Intercompany note receivable				103,164	3,701		(106,865)	
Other long-term assets		14,675		73,519	30,512			118,706
Total assets	\$	603,541	\$	873,116	\$ 315,493	\$	(893,570)	\$ 898,580
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity:								
Current liabilities	\$	54,514	\$	142,803	\$ 17,583	\$		\$ 214,900
Intercompany payables		41,301		31,925			(73,226)	
Closure, post-closure and remedial								
liabilities, net				142,438	16,000			158,438
Capital lease obligations, net				198	61			259
Intercompany note payable		3,701			103,164		(106,865)	
Other long-term liabilities		55,834		3,951	17,007			76,792
Total liabilities		155,350		321,315	153,815		(180,091)	450,389
Stockholders equity		448,191		551,801	161,678		(713,479)	448,191
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	603,541	\$	873,116	\$ 315,493	\$	(893,570)	\$ 898,580

## Table of Contents

Following is the condensed consolidating balance sheet at December 31, 2008 (in thousands):

	H	Clean Harbors, Inc.		J.S. Guarantor Subsidiaries				Consolidating Adjustments	Total
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	121,894	\$	67,934	\$	59,696	\$		\$ 249,524
Intercompany receivables						72,072		(72,072)	
Other current assets		20,970		196,914		21,644			239,528
Property, plant and equipment, net				264,160		31,301			295,461
Investments in subsidiaries		418,048		169,135		91,654		(678,837)	
Intercompany note receivable				98,039		3,701		(101,740)	
Other long-term assets		14,650		75,005		24,168			113,823
Total assets	\$	575,562	\$	871,187	\$	304,236	\$	(852,649)	\$ 898,336
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity:									
Current liabilities	\$	1,627	\$	163,928	\$	15,818	\$		\$ 181,373
Intercompany payables		34,552		37,520				(72,072)	
Closure, post-closure and remedial									
liabilities, net				145,650		15,611			161,261
Long-term obligations		52,870							52,870
Capital lease obligations, net				270		90			360
Intercompany note payable		3,701				98,039		(101,740)	
Other long-term liabilities		53,766		3,867		15,794			73,427
Total liabilities		146,516		351,235		145,352		(173,812)	469,291
Stockholders equity		429,046		519,952		158,884		(678,837)	429,045
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	575,562	\$	871,187	\$	304,236	\$	(852,649)	\$ 898,336

Following is the consolidating statement of income for the three months ended June 30, 2009 (in thousands):

	Clean Harbors, Inc.		U.S. Guarantor Subsidiaries	 Foreign n-Guarantor ubsidiaries	onsolidating djustments	Total
Revenues	\$	\$	185,873	\$ 29,739	\$ (275) \$	215,337
Cost of revenues			128,617	17,912	(275)	146,254
Selling, general and administrative expenses			27,932	9,846		37,778
Accretion of environmental liabilities			2,390	244		2,634
Depreciation and amortization			10,909	1,332		12,241
Income from operations			16,025	405		16,430
Other income (expense)			21	(10)		11
Interest (expense) income	(1,33	66)	(312)	39		(1,609)
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	16,53	0	1,459		(17,989)	
Intercompany dividend income (expense)				2,931	(2,931)	
Intercompany interest income (expense)			2,827	(2,827)		