WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMEN	TINC
Form 10-Q	
July 27, 2017	

UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTI	ON 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017 or	ON 12 OP 15 (1) OF THE
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTI	ON 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from to	
Commission file number 001-16131	
WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.	
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware	04-2693383
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
1241 East Main Street	
Stamford, CT 06902	
(203) 352-8600	

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code,

of Registrant's principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

At July 25, 2017 the number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's Class A common stock, par value \$.01 per share, was 39,152,845 and the number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's Class B common stock, par value \$.01 per share, was 37,949,438.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net revenues	\$ 214,586	\$ 198,994	\$ 403,030	\$ 370,094
Cost of revenues	136,387	132,020	245,540	225,354
Selling, general and administrative expenses	61,127	59,435	129,561	109,610
Depreciation and amortization	6,377	5,966	13,245	11,553
Operating income	10,695	1,573	14,684	23,577
Interest expense	3,639	601	7,165	1,194
Investment income, net	736	643	1,597	1,253
Other (expense) income, net	(17)	(588)	47	(1,244)
Income before income taxes	7,775	1,027	9,163	22,392
Provision for income taxes	2,690	165	3,190	7,645
Net income	\$ 5,085	\$ 862	\$ 5,973	\$ 14,747
Earnings per share: basic	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.19
Earnings per share: diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.19
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	76,455	75,952	76,448	75,945
Diluted	78,563	77,429	78,374	77,304
Dividends declared per common share (Class A and B)	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.24

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mo	onths		
	Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	\$ 5,085	\$ 862	\$ 5,973	\$ 14,747
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	32	(118)	77	(105)
Unrealized holding (losses) gains on available-for-sale securities (net of tax				
(benefit) expense of (\$15) and \$38, and (\$37) and \$168, respectively)	(25)	61	(61)	274
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	7	(57)	16	169
Comprehensive income	\$ 5,092	\$ 805	\$ 5,989	\$ 14,916

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	As of June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 132,815	•
Short-term investments, net	129,448	55,164
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts and returns		
of \$8,332 and \$8,259, respectively)	55,548	53,155
Inventory	8,375	6,531
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	27,665	22,480
Total current assets	353,851	349,306
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	131,552	132,631
FEATURE FILM PRODUCTION ASSETS, NET	29,117	27,137
TELEVISION PRODUCTION ASSETS, NET	9,408	12,508
INVESTMENT SECURITIES	25,087	24,957
NON-CURRENT DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS	32,568	32,556
OTHER ASSETS, NET	17,753	21,808
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 599,336	\$ 600,903
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 7,230	\$ 6,121
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	60,396	70,360
Deferred income	57,749	56,653
Total current liabilities	125,375	133,134
LONG-TERM DEBT	33,290	35,596
CONVERTIBLE DEBT	175,429	161,008
NON-CURRENT INCOME TAX LIABILITIES	618	725
NON-CURRENT DEFERRED INCOME	22,303	30,697
Total liabilities	357,015	361,160
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
	385	385

Class A common stock: (\$.01 par value; 180,000,000 shares authorized;

38,507,281 and 38,455,266 shares issued and outstanding as of

June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)

Class B convertible common stock: (\$.01 par value; 60,000,000 shares authorized;

37,949,438 and 37,949,438 shares issued and outstanding as of

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively)	379	379
Additional paid-in capital	418,3	331 403,387
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,911	2,895
Accumulated deficit	(179,	685) (167,303)
Total stockholders' equity	242,3	321 239,743
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EOUI	TY \$ 599.3	336 \$ 600,903

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

		G . 1				Accumulated	l	
	Commo	n Stock			Additional	Other		
	Class A		Class B		Paid - in	Comprehensi	iv&ccumulated	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31,								
2016	38,455	\$ 385	37,949	\$ 379	\$ 403,387	\$ 2,895	\$ (167,303)	\$ 239,743
Net income	_			_	_		5,973	5,973
Other comprehensive								
income	_	_	_	_	_	16	_	16
Stock issuances, net	52	_	_	_	767		_	767
Debt discount on								
convertible debt, net (See								
Note 13)	—	_			2,487			2,487
Purchase of convertible								
note hedge (See Note 13)	_	_	_	_	(2,558)		_	(2,558)
Proceeds from issuance								
of warrants (See Note								
13)	_	_		_	1,460	_	_	1,460
Cash dividends declared	—	_			6		(18,355)	(18,349)
Stock-based								
compensation	_	_		_	12,782	_	_	12,782
Balance, June 30, 2017	38,507	\$ 385	37,949	\$ 379	\$ 418,331	\$ 2,911	\$ (179,685)	\$ 242,321

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months June 30,	s Ended
	2017	2016
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 5,973	\$ 14,747
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Amortization and impairments of feature film production assets	5,803	2,701
Amortization of television production assets	10,721	17,569
Depreciation and amortization	16,605	13,932
Services provided in exchange for equity instruments	(1,394)	(1,705)
Equity in earnings of affiliate, net of dividends received	23	(90)
Other amortization	3,161	1,154
Stock-based compensation	12,782	9,589
Provision for (recovery from) doubtful accounts	272	(167)
(Benefit from) provision for deferred income taxes	(12)	2,138
Other non-cash adjustments	121	278
Cash (used in)/provided by changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(2,588)	3,225
Inventory	(1,844)	(1,207)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(5,432)	(11,996)
Feature film production assets	(7,783)	(5,023)
Television production assets	(7,621)	(15,122)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(9,087)	(10,414)
Deferred income	(5,904)	(16,830)
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,796	2,779
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchases of property and equipment and other assets	(12,462)	
Purchases of short-term investments	(88,696)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	13,660	400
Purchase of investment securities	(116)	(1,250)
Net cash used in investing activities	(87,614)	(16,383)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repayment of long-term debt	(2,580)	(2,208)

Dividends paid	(18,349)	(18,229)
Proceeds from borrowings under credit facilities	1,383	11,583
Proceeds from borrowings on convertible notes, net of issuance costs	14,534	
Proceeds from issuance of warrants	1,460	
Purchase of convertible note hedge	(2,558)	
Taxes paid related to net settlement upon vesting of equity awards	(56)	(47)
Proceeds from issuance of stock	823	673
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment arrangements		6
Net cash used in financing activities	(5,343)	(8,222)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(79,161)	(21,826)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	211,976	38,019
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 132,815	\$ 16,193
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING TRANSACTIONS:		
Non-cash purchase of property and equipment	\$ 1,993	\$ 768

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Business Description

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of WWE. "WWE" refers to World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise requires. References to "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to WWE. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are unaudited. All adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows at the dates and for the periods presented have been included. The results of operations of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year. All intercompany balances are eliminated in consolidation.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted from these interim financial statements; these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Certain reclassifications have been made to the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows in the prior year to conform to the current year presentation pursuant to our adoption of a new accounting standard as of January 1, 2017 related to share-based payment award accounting simplifications. See Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, for further details.

We are an integrated media and entertainment company, principally engaged in the production and distribution of content through various channels, including our premium over-the-top WWE Network, television rights agreements, pay-per-view event programming, live events, feature films, licensing of various WWE themed products, and the sale of consumer products featuring our brands. Our operations are organized around the following four principal activities:

Media Division:

Network

· Revenues consist principally of subscriptions to WWE Network, fees for viewing our pay-per-view programming, and advertising fees.

Television

· Revenues consist principally of television rights fees and advertising.

Home Entertainment

· Revenues consist principally of sales of WWE produced content via home entertainment platforms, including DVD, Blu-Ray, and subscription and transactional on-demand outlets.

Digital Media

· Revenues consist principally of advertising sales on our websites and third party websites including YouTube, and sales of various broadband and mobile content.

Live Events:

· Revenues consist principally of ticket sales and travel packages for live events. Consumer Products Division:

Licensing

· Revenues consist principally of royalties or license fees related to various WWE themed products such as video games, toys, and apparel.

Venue Merchandise

· Revenues consist of sales of merchandise at our live events.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

WWEShop

· Revenues consist of sales of merchandise on our websites, including through our WWEShop Internet storefront and on distribution platforms, including Amazon.

WWE Studios:

- · Revenues consist of amounts earned from investing in, producing, and/or distributing filmed entertainment.
- 2. Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no significant changes to our accounting policies that were previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, or in the methodology used in formulating these significant judgments and estimates that affect the application of these policies.

Cost of Revenues

Included within Costs of revenues are the following:

	Three M	onths		
	Ended		Six Month	ns Ended
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Amortization and impairment of feature film assets	\$ 3,072	\$ 1,595	\$ 5,803	\$ 2,701
Amortization of television production assets	5,105	9,438	10,721	17,569
Amortization of WWE Network content delivery and technology assets	1,691	1,230	3,355	2,379
Total amortization and impairment included in cost of revenues	\$ 9,868	\$ 12,263	\$ 19,879	\$ 22,649
Costs to produce our live event programming are expensed when the even	nt is first br	oadcast, an	d are not inc	cluded in
the amortization table noted above.				

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2017-09, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) Scope of Modification Accounting." The ASU provides guidance on the various types of changes which would trigger modification accounting for share-based payment awards. In summary, an entity would not apply modification accounting if the fair value, vesting conditions, and classification of the awards are the same immediately before and after the modification. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods, which for the Company will be effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in any interim period for which financial statements have not yet been issued. The amendments are to be applied prospectively to an award modified on or after the adoption date, consequently the impact will be dependent on whether the Company modifies any of its share-based payment awards and the nature of such modifications

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, "Business Combinations (Topic 805) Clarifying the Definition of a Business". The amendments in this ASU clarifies the definition of a business with the objective of adding guidance to assist entities with evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The definition of a business affects many areas of accounting including acquisitions, disposals, goodwill, and consolidation. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, which for the Company will be effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2018. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this new standard will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments," which addresses eight specific cash flow issues and is intended to reduce diversity in practice in how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, which for the Company will be effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The amendments in the ASU should be applied using a retrospective transition method to each period presented. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard and does not expect it to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, "Compensation-Stock Compensation (Topic 718) Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting." This update simplifies several aspects of the accounting for employee share-based payment transactions, including the accounting for income taxes, forfeitures, and statutory tax withholding requirements, as well as classification in the statement of cash flows. The update contains various amendments, each requiring a specific method of adoption, and designates whether each amendment should be adopted using a retrospective, modified retrospective, or prospective transition method. The new guidance was adopted on January 1, 2017. The impact of adoption of the update is summarized below:

- · All excess tax benefits and deficiencies that result from the difference between the deduction for tax purposes and the compensation cost recognized for financial reporting purposes related to our share-based payment awards will be recognized as income tax benefit or expense in the income statement instead of as an adjustment to additional paid-in capital. In addition, excess tax benefits are no longer included in the calculation of diluted shares outstanding for purposes computing diluted earnings per share under the treasury stock method. The transition guidance related to these changes has been adopted by the Company on a prospective basis.
- · An entity is now required to recognize excess tax benefits regardless of whether the benefit reduces taxes payable in the current period. Under the required modified retrospective transition, the Company had no cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings at January 1, 2017, as the Company had no previously unrecognized excess tax benefits.
- · Excess tax benefits will be classified along with other income tax cash flows as an operating activity on the statement of cash flows. Prior to the update, excess tax benefits were separated from other income tax cash flows and classified as a financing activity. In fiscal year 2016 and 2015, excess tax benefits of \$893 and \$431, respectively, were recorded as part of financing cash inflows. The Company adopted these changes on a prospective basis.
- · Cash paid by an employer when directly withholding shares for tax-withholding purposes upon vesting of a share-based payment award are now classified as a financing activity on the statement of cash flows rather than as operating cash outflows. This amendment has been adopted by the Company on a retrospective basis. As a result of the retrospective adoption of this amendment, cash outflows of \$47 was reclassified in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows from "Changes in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities" to "Taxes paid related to net settlement upon vesting of equity awards " for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

- The threshold to qualify for equity classification of a share-based payment award would now permit withholding up to a maximum individual statutory tax rate in the applicable jurisdictions. The Company had no share-based payment awards receiving liability treatment under the prior rules. Therefore, the change from minimum up to a maximum statutory rate on tax withholdings had no impact on our consolidated financial statements and no cumulative effect adjustment was required.
- · The Company has elected to continue its current policy of estimating forfeitures rather than recognizing forfeitures when they occur.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-07, "Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting". The amendments eliminate the requirement to retroactively adopt the equity method of accounting when a change in ownership occurs. The amendments require that the equity method investor add the cost of acquiring the additional interest in the investee to the current basis of the investment and adopt the equity method of accounting as of the date the investment becomes qualified for equity method accounting. Therefore, upon qualifying for the equity method of accounting, no retroactive adjustment of the investment is required. This new guidance was adopted on January 1, 2017 with no material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02 "Leases (Topic 842)," which will supersede the existing guidance for lease accounting. This new standard will require lessees to recognize leases on their balance sheets, and leaves lessor accounting largely unchanged. The new standard requires a dual approach for lessee accounting under which a lessee would account for leases as finance leases or operating leases. Both finance leases and operating leases will result in the lessee recognizing a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability. For finance leases, the lessee would recognize interest expense and amortization of the right-of-use asset, and for operating leases, the lessee would recognize a straight-line total lease expense. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within those fiscal years, which for the Company will be effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. An entity will be required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new standard on our consolidated financial statements.

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities," which requires that most equity investments be measured at fair value, with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in net income (other than those accounted for under equity method of accounting). Under the new guidance, entities will no longer be able to recognize unrealized holding gains and losses on equity securities classified today as available-for-sale in other comprehensive income, and they will no longer be able to use the cost method of accounting for equity securities that do not have readily determinable fair values. However, entities will be able to elect to record equity investments without readily determinable fair values at cost, less impairment, and plus or minus subsequent adjustments for observable price changes. The guidance for classifying and measuring investments in debt securities and loans is not impacted. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017, which for the Company is effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this new standard will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-11, "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory," which requires all inventory to be measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value, except for inventory that is accounted for using the LIFO or the retail inventory method, which will be measured under existing accounting standards. The new guidance must be applied on a prospective basis and was adopted on January 1, 2017 with no material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." This standard will supersede the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition," and most industry-specific guidance. The standard requires an entity to recognize revenue in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to receive in exchange for goods or services. In addition, during 2016, the FASB has issued ASU No. 2016-08, "Principal versus Agent Considerations," ASU No. 2016-10, "Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing," ASU No. 2016-12, "Narrow Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients," and ASU No. 2016-20, "Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers," all of which clarify certain implementation guidance in ASU No. 2014-09. This standard along with the subsequent clarifications issued are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years, making it effective for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted to the original effective date for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The standard allows an entity to either apply the requirements retrospectively to all prior periods presented, or apply the requirements in the year of adoption, through a cumulative adjustment. While we are currently evaluating the impact of adoption of this new standard and clarifying guidance on our consolidated financial statements, we believe the most significant impact will be an acceleration in the timing of revenue recognition in our licensing and WWE Studios businesses. We currently record revenues from our licensed products and WWE Studios film distribution revenues after receiving statements from the licensee and/or film distributor. Under the new revenue recognition rules,

revenues will be recorded based on best estimates available in the period of sales or usage. We do not expect the impact of this change to be material on a full-year basis, but will likely impact the revenues recorded in a specific quarter as compared to previously reported periods. Based on the limited expected impacts from the standard, we intend to adopt the standard and the related modifications on January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, the cumulative effect of initially applying the guidance will be reflected as an adjustment to beginning retained earnings.

3. Segment Information

The Company currently classifies its operations into ten reportable segments. The ten reportable segments of the Company include the following: Network (which includes our pay-per-view business), Television, Home Entertainment and Digital Media, which are individual segments that comprise the Media Division; Live Events; Licensing, Venue Merchandise and WWEShop, which are individual segments that comprise the Consumer Products Division; WWE Studios, and Corporate and Other (as defined below).

The Company presents OIBDA as the primary measure of segment profit (loss). The Company defines OIBDA as operating income before depreciation and amortization, excluding feature film and television production asset amortization and impairments, as well as the amortization of costs related to content delivery and technology assets utilized for our WWE Network. The Company believes the presentation of OIBDA is relevant and useful for investors because it allows investors to view our segment performance in the same manner as the primary method used by management to evaluate segment performance and make decisions about allocating resources. Additionally, we believe that OIBDA provides a meaningful representation of operating cash flows within our segments.

We record certain costs within our Corporate and Other segment since the costs benefit the Company as a whole and are not directly attributable to our other reportable segments. These costs are presented into two categories, Corporate Support and Business Support. Corporate Support expenses primarily include our corporate general and administrative functions. Business Support expenses

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WORLD WRESTLING ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

include our sales and marketing functions, our international offices, talent development costs, including costs associated with our WWE Performance Center, and our business strategy and data analytics functions.

We do not disclose assets by segment information. In general, assets of the Company are leveraged across its reportable segments and we do not provide assets by segment information to our chief operating decision maker, as that information is not typically used in the determination of resource allocation and assessing business performance of each reportable segment.

The following tables present summarized financial information for each of the Company's reportable segments:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
	June 30,		June 30,		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Net revenues:					
Network	\$ 54,903	\$ 51,750	\$ 101,373	\$ 92,081	
Television	66,181	56,043	130,197	116,762	
Home Entertainment	3,000	3,155	5,432	6,424	
Digital Media	8,047	6,489	13,782	11,886	
Live Events	52,837	51,912	84,933	77,246	
Licensing	9,391	8,916	29,488	29,958	
Venue Merchandise	6,795	8,770	13,883	14,210	
WWEShop	8,387	7,491	16,308	14,298	
WWE Studios	3,550	3,289	4,832	5,232	
Corporate & Other	1,495	1,179	2,802	1,997	
Total net revenues	\$ 214,586	\$ 198,994	\$ 403,030	\$ 370,094	
OIBDA:					
Network	\$ 2,997	\$ (5,656)	\$ 17,283	\$ 10,104	
Television	31,824	27,204	62,658	55,511	
Home Entertainment	910	964	1,732	2,508	
Digital Media	1,491	183	986	71	

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Live Events	21,606	23,425	29,727	29,510
Licensing	4,456	3,953	17,850	18,224
Venue Merchandise	2,516	3,627	5,104	5,692
WWEShop	2,140	1,571	4,034	2,972
WWE Studios	(717)	439	(3,645)	2
Corporate & Other	(50,151)	(48,171)	(107,800)	(89,464)
Total OIBDA	\$ 17.072	\$ 7.539	\$ 27.929	\$ 35,130

Reconciliation of Total Operating Income to Total OIBDA

	Three Months						
	Ended		Six Months Ended				
	June 30,		June 30,				
	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Total operating income	\$ 10,695	\$ 1,573	\$ 14,684	\$ 23,577			
Depreciation and amortization	6,377	5,966	13,245	11,553			
Total OIBDA	\$ 17,072	\$ 7,539	\$ 27,929	\$ 35,130			

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Geographic Information

Net revenues by major geographic region are based upon the geographic location of where our content is distributed. The information below summarizes net revenues to unaffiliated customers by geographic area:

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
	2017	2016	2017	2016		
North America	\$ 159,409	\$ 149,761	\$ 305,632	\$ 279,781		
Europe/Middle East/Africa	36,620	36,142	63,205	63,748		
Asia Pacific	15,542	11,245	28,516	22,834		
Latin America	3,015	1,846	5,677	3,731		
Total net revenues	\$ 214 586	\$ 198 994	\$ 403 030	\$ 370 094		

Revenues generated from the United Kingdom, our largest international market, totaled \$23,032 and \$24,000, and \$38,712 and \$40,876 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Company's property and equipment was almost entirely located in the United States at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

4. Earnings Per Share

For purposes of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share, we used the following weighted average common shares outstanding (in thousands):

	Three Module June 30,	nths Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Net income	\$ 5,085	\$ 862	\$ 5,973	\$ 14,747		
Weighted average basic common shares outstanding	76,455	75,952	76,448	75,945		
Dilutive effect of restricted and performance stock units	2,105	1,474	1,920	1,354		
Dilutive effect of employee share purchase plan	3	3	6	5		
Weighted average dilutive common shares outstanding	78,563	77,429	78,374	77,304		
Earnings per share:						
Basic	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.19		
Diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.19		
Anti-dilutive outstanding restricted and performance stock						
units (excluded from per-share calculations)			2			

The convertible notes due 2023 had no impact on diluted earnings per share during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 since the average price of our common stock did not exceed the conversion price of \$24.91 per share.

5. Stock-based Compensation

Our 2016 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2016 Plan") provides for equity-based incentive awards as determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors as incentives and rewards to encourage officers, employees, consultants and advisors of the Company and its affiliates and to non-employee directors of the Company to participate in our long-term success.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company grants restricted stock units ("RSUs") to officers and employees under the 2016 Plan. Stock-based compensation costs associated with our RSUs are determined using the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant.

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These costs are recognized over the requisite service period using the graded vesting method, net of estimated forfeitures. RSUs have a service requirement typically over a three and one half year vesting schedule and vest in equal annual installments. We estimate forfeitures based on historical trends when recognizing compensation expense and adjust the estimate of forfeitures when they are expected to differ or as forfeitures occur. Unvested RSUs accrue dividend equivalents at the same rate as are paid on our shares of Class A common stock. The dividend equivalents are subject to the same vesting schedule as the underlying RSUs.

The following table summarizes the RSU activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017:

Weighted-

Average

Grant-Date

	Units	Fa	ir Value	
Unvested at January 1, 2017	356,761	\$	16.68	
Granted	311,223	\$	19.46	
Vested	(7,098)	\$	19.02	
Forfeited	(28,041)	\$	17.18	
Dividend equivalents	7,207	\$	18.01	
Unvested at June 30, 2017	640,052	\$	18.00	

Performance Stock Units

The Company grants performance stock units ("PSUs") to officers and employees under the 2016 Plan. Stock-based compensation costs associated with our PSUs are initially determined using the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date the awards are approved by our Compensation Committee (service inception date). The

vesting of these PSUs are subject to certain performance conditions and a service requirement of typically three and one half years. Until such time as the performance conditions are met, stock compensation costs associated with these PSUs are re-measured each reporting period based upon the fair market value of the Company's common stock and the estimated performance attainment on the reporting date. The ultimate number of PSUs that are issued to an employee is the result of the actual performance of the Company at the end of the performance period compared to the performance conditions. Stock compensation costs for our PSUs are recognized over the requisite service period using the graded vesting method, net of estimated forfeitures. We estimate forfeitures based on historical trends when recognizing compensation expense and adjust the estimate of forfeitures when they are expected to differ or as forfeitures occur. Unvested PSUs accrue dividend equivalents once the performance conditions are met at the same rate as are paid on our shares of Class A common stock. The dividend equivalents are subject to the same vesting schedule as the underlying PSUs.

The following table summarizes the PSU activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017:

Weighted-

Average

Grant-Date

Units Fair Value Unvested at January 1, 2017 2,161,311 \$ 16.39 Granted 550,460 \$ 20.37 Achievement adjustment 282,662 \$ 20.96 Forfeited (33,686)\$ 19.50 Dividend equivalents 27,364 \$ 17.87 Unvested at June 30, 2017 2,988,111 \$ 18.32

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we granted 550,460 PSUs which are subject to certain performance conditions.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, we granted 956,730 PSUs, which were subject to performance conditions. During the first quarter of 2017, it was determined that the performance conditions related to these PSUs were exceeded, which resulted in an increase of 282,662 PSUs in 2017 relating to the initial 2016 PSU grant.

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Stock-based compensation costs, which includes costs related to RSUs, PSUs and the Company's qualified employee stock purchase plan, totaled \$6,167 and \$6,429, and \$12,782 and \$9,589 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

6. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

	As of	
	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Land, buildings and improvements	\$ 131,383	\$ 130,330
Equipment	101,038	136,114
Corporate aircraft	31,277	31,277
Vehicles	244	244
	263,942	297,965
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(132,390)	(165,334)
Total	\$ 131,552	\$ 132,631

Depreciation expense for property and equipment totaled \$5,937 and \$5,655, and \$12,366 and \$10,936 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

During the second quarter of 2017, the Company removed fully depreciated assets, primarily television production equipment, that were no longer in use and reduced property and equipment cost by \$43,297, with a corresponding reduction to accumulated depreciation. This adjustment did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

7. Feature Film Production Assets, Net

Feature film production assets consisted of the following:

	As of		
	June 30,	Decen	nber 31,
	2017	2016	
In release	\$ 17,721	\$ 13	,892
Completed but not released	3,518	8,8	881
In production	6,748	3,3	887
In development	1,130	97	7
Total	\$ 29,117	\$ 27	,137

Approximately 31% of "In release" film production assets are estimated to be amortized over the next 12 months, and approximately 69% of "In release" film production assets are estimated to be amortized over the next three years. We anticipate amortizing approximately 80% of our "In release" film production assets within four years as we receive revenues associated with television distribution of our licensed films. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we amortized \$1,988 and \$1,595, and \$2,641 and \$2,701, respectively, of feature film production assets.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we released two feature films via theatrical distribution, The Resurrection of Gavin Stone and Sleight, and three films direct to DVD, Surf's Up 2: WaveMania, The Jetsons & WWE: Robo-WrestleMania! and The Marine 5: Battleground. These five films comprised \$6,628 of our "In release" feature film assets as of June 30, 2017.

We currently have three films designated as "Completed but not released" and have two films "In production." We also have capitalized certain script development costs and pre-production costs for various other film projects designated as "In development." Capitalized script development costs are evaluated at each reporting period for impairment and to determine if a project is deemed to be abandoned. We did not record any impairment charges related to abandoned projects during the periods presented.

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Unamortized feature film production assets are evaluated for impairment each reporting period. We review and revise estimates of ultimate revenue and participation costs at each reporting period to reflect the most current information available. If estimates for a film's ultimate revenue and/or costs are revised and indicate a significant decline in a film's profitability or if events or circumstances change that indicate we should assess whether the fair value of a film is less than its unamortized film costs, we calculate the film's estimated fair value using a discounted cash flows model. If fair value is less than unamortized cost, the film asset is written down to fair value.

We recorded impairment charges of \$1,084 and \$3,162 related to our feature films during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. These impairment charges represent the excess of the recorded net carrying value over the estimated fair value. We did not record any impairment charges during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 related to our feature films.

8. Television Production Assets, Net

Television production assets consisted of the following:

As of
June 30, December 31,
2017 2016

In release \$ 3,633 \$ 12,198

In production 5,775 310

Total \$ 9,408 \$ 12,508

Television production assets consist primarily of non-live event episodic television series we have produced for distribution through a variety of platforms including on our WWE Network. Amounts capitalized include development costs, production costs, production overhead and employee salaries. Costs to produce episodic programming for television or distribution on WWE Network are amortized in the proportion that revenues bear to management's estimates of the ultimate revenue expected to be recognized from exploitation, exhibition or sale.

Amortization of television production assets consisted of the following:

	Three M					
	Ended		Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,			
	2017	2016	2017	2016		
WWE Network programming	\$ 510	\$ 7,396	\$ 3,119	\$ 8,729		
Television programming	4,595	2,042	7,602	8,840		
Total	\$ 5,105	\$ 9,438	\$ 10,721	\$ 17,569		

Costs to produce our live event programming are expensed when the event is first broadcast, and are not included in the capitalized costs or amortization tables noted above.

Unamortized television production assets are evaluated for impairment each reporting period. If conditions indicate a potential impairment, and the estimated future cash flows are not sufficient to recover the unamortized asset, the asset is written down to fair value. In addition, if we determine that a program will not likely air, we will expense the remaining unamortized asset. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we did not record any impairments related to our television production assets.

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9. Investment Securities and Short-Term Investments

Investment Securities

Included within Investment Securities are the following:

	As of		
	June 30,	D	ecember 31
	2017	20)16
Equity method investment	\$ 14,584	\$	14,592
Cost method investments	10,503		10,365
Total investment securities	\$ 25,087	\$	24,957
Equity Method Investment			

In March 2015, WWE and Authentic Brands Group ("ABG") formed a joint venture to re-launch an apparel and lifestyle brand, Tapout (the "Brand"). ABG agreed to contribute certain intangible assets for the Brand, licensing contracts, systems, and other administrative functions to Tapout. The Company agreed to contribute promotional and marketing services related to the venture for a period of at least five years in exchange for a 50% interest in the profits and losses and voting interest in Tapout. The Company valued its initial investment of \$13,800 based on the fair value of the existing licensing contracts contributed by ABG. To the extent that Tapout records income or losses, we record our share proportionate to our ownership percentage, and any dividends received reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Net equity method earnings from Tapout are included as a component of Investment income, net on the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Net dividends received from Tapout are reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as a component of Equity in earnings of affiliate, net of dividends received. The Company did not record any impairment charges related to our investment in Tapout during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following table presents the net equity method earnings from Tapout and net dividends received from Tapout for the periods presented:

	Three Months		Six Mon	ths
	Ended		Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net equity method earnings from Tapout	\$ 190	\$ 415	\$ 645	\$ 837
Net dividends received from Tapout	(315)	(453)	(668)	(747)
Equity in earnings of affiliate, net of dividends received	\$ (125)	\$ (38)	\$ (23)	\$ 90

As promotional services are provided to Tapout, we record revenue and reduce the existing service obligation. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, we recorded revenues of \$672 and \$947, and \$1,394 and \$1,705, respectively, related to our fulfillment of our promotional services obligation to Tapout. The remaining service obligation as of June 30, 2017 was \$7,083, and was included in Deferred Income and Non-Current Deferred Income for \$2,760 and \$4,323, respectively.

Our known maximum exposure to loss approximates the remaining service obligation to Tapout, which was \$7,083 as of June 30, 2017. Creditors of Tapout do not have recourse against the general credit of the Company.

Cost Method Investments

The increase in the cost method investment balance since December 31, 2016 was primarily due to the addition of a new cost method investment to our portfolio. We evaluate our cost method investments for impairment if factors indicate that a significant decrease in value has occurred. The Company did not record any impairment charges on our cost method investments during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

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Short-Term Investments

Short-term investments measured at fair value consisted of the following:

	As of June	u Unrealized		As of Dec				
	Amortized	Amortized Fair				Amortized		
	Cost	Gain	(Loss)	Value	Cost	Gain	(Loss)	Value
Corporate bonds	\$ 50,259	\$ 3	\$ (90)	\$ 50,172	\$ 40,183	\$ 9	\$ (58)	\$ 40,134
U.S. Treasury securities	47,901	13	(78)	47,836	_			
Municipal bonds	19,459	15	(13)	19,461	15,075		(45)	15,030
Government agency bonds	12,020		(41)	11,979	_			_
Total	\$ 129,639	\$ 31	\$ (222)	\$ 129,448	\$ 55,258	\$ 9	\$ (103)	\$ 55,164

We classify the investments listed in the above table as available-for-sale securities. Such investments consist primarily of corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal bonds, including pre-refunded municipal bonds, and government agency bonds. These investments are stated at fair value as required by the applicable accounting guidance. Unrealized gains and losses on such securities are reflected, net of tax, as other comprehensive income (loss) in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Our corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal bonds and government agency bonds are included in Short-term investments, net on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Realized gains and losses on investments are included in earnings and are derived using the specific identification method for determining the cost of securities sold. As of June 30, 2017, contractual maturities of these short-term investments are as follows:

Maturities

Corporate bonds 3 months - 3 years
U.S. Treasury securities 3 months - 3 years
Municipal bonds 1 month - 3 years
Government agency bonds 8 months - 5 years

The following table summarizes the short-term investment activity:

Three Months
Ended
June 30,
2017
2016
2017
2016
2017
2016

Proceeds from sales and maturities of short-term investments Purchases of short-term investments \$ 2,640 \$ 400 \$ 13,660 \$ 400 \$ 27,411 \$ — \$ 88,696 \$ —

10. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is determined based on the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement based on assumptions that market participants would use to price the asset or liability. Accordingly, the framework considers markets or observable inputs as the preferred source of value followed by assumptions based on hypothetical transactions, in the absence of market inputs. The fair value should be calculated based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, not on assumptions specific to the entity. In addition, the fair value of assets and liabilities should include consideration of non-performance risk, including the Company's own credit risk.

Additionally, the accounting guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy that ranks the quality and reliability of information used in developing fair value estimates. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable data. In cases where two or more levels of inputs are used to determine fair value, a financial instrument's level is determined based on the lowest level input that is considered significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The three input levels of the fair value hierarchy are summarized as follows:

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- Level 1- Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2- Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities that are directly or indirectly observable; or
- Level 3- Unobservable inputs, such as discounted cash flow models or valuations, in which little or no market data exists.

The following assets are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the classification within the hierarchy was as follows:

	Fair Value at June 30, 2017					Fair Value at December 31, 2016						
	Total	Lev	vel 1	Level 2	Lev	vel 3	Total	Lev	vel 1	Level 2	Lev	vel 3
G 1 . 1	ф. 50.172	Ф		Φ 50 170	ф		Φ 40 124	ф		Ф 40 124	Ф	
Corporate bonds	\$ 50,172	\$		\$ 50,172	\$		\$ 40,134	\$		\$ 40,134	\$	
U.S. Treasury securities	47,836			47,836		_						_
Municipal bonds	19,461			19,461		_	15,030		_	15,030		
Government agency bonds	11,979			11,979		_	_		_			
Total	\$ 129,448	\$		\$ 129,448	\$		\$ 55,164	\$	_	\$ 55,164	\$	_

Certain financial instruments are carried at cost on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which approximates fair value due to their short-term, highly liquid nature. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, money market accounts, accounts receivable, and accounts payable approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of such instruments. The carrying amount of debt outstanding pursuant to our Film Credit Facility approximates fair value as interest rates on these instruments approximate current market rates.

We have classified our investment in corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal bonds and government agency bonds within Level 2, as their valuation requires quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and/or model-based valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market

data. The corporate bonds, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal bonds and government agency bonds are valued based on model-driven valuations. A third party service provider assists the Company with compiling market prices from a variety of industry standard data sources, security master files from large financial institutions and other third-party sources that are used to value our corporate bond, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal bond and government agency bond investments. The Company did not have any transfers between Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 fair value investments during the periods presented.

The fair value measurements of our cost method investments are classified within Level 3 as significant unobservable inputs are used to measure the fair value of these assets due to the absence of quoted market prices and inherent lack of liquidity. Significant unobservable inputs include variables such as near-term prospects of the investees, recent financing activities of the investees, and the investees' capital structure, as well as other economic variables, which reflect assumptions market participants would use in pricing these assets. Our investments are recorded at fair value only if an impairment charge is recognized. The Company did not record any impairment charges on these assets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The Company's long lived property and equipment, feature film and television production assets are required to be measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis if it is determined that indicators of impairment exist. These assets are recorded at fair value only when an impairment is recognized. The Company did not record any impairment charges on long lived property and equipment and television production assets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company classifies these assets as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy due to significant unobservable inputs.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded impairment charges of \$3,162 on feature film production assets based upon fair value measurements of \$2,697. See Note 7, Feature Film Production Assets, Net, for further discussion. We did not record any impairment charges on these assets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The Company classifies these assets as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy due to significant unobservable inputs. The Company utilizes a discounted cash flows model to determine the fair value of these impaired films where indicators of impairment exist. The significant unobservable inputs to this model are the Company's expected cash flows for the film, including projected home video sales, pay and free TV sales and international sales, and a discount rate of 13% that we estimate market participants would seek for bearing the risk associated with such assets. The Company utilizes an independent third party valuation specialist who assists us in gathering the necessary inputs used in our model.

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The fair value of the Company's long-term debt, consisting of a mortgage loan assumed in connection with a building purchase and a promissory note secured by the Company's Corporate Jet, is estimated based upon quoted price estimates for similar debt arrangements. At June 30, 2017, the face amount of the mortgage loan and promissory note approximates their fair value.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the calculation of the fair value of the debt component of the Company's convertible debt required the use of Level 3 inputs, and was determined by calculating the fair value of similar debt without the associated conversion feature, using a borrowing rate of approximately 6.40%:

 June 30, 2017
 December 31, 2016

 Carrying
 Carrying

 Fair Value
 Value (1)

 \$ 181,454
 \$ 180,597

 \$ 166,702
 \$ 166,050

(1) The carrying value of the convertible debt instrument presented in the table above represents the face value of the convertible note less unamortized debt discount.

11. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Convertible senior notes

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following:

As of June 30, December 31,

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	2017	20	16
Trade related	\$ 8,673	\$	10,118
Staff related	8,908		7,494
Management incentive compensation	9,737		21,542
Talent related	5,748		6,969
Accrued WWE Network related expenses	2,565		2,120
Accrued event and television production	6,773		7,031
Accrued legal and professional	5,423		1,952
Accrued purchases of property and equipment	1,993		2,940
Accrued other	10,576		10,194
Total	\$ 60,396	\$	70,360

Accrued other includes accruals for our international and licensing business activities, as well as other miscellaneous accruals, none of which categories individually exceeds 5% of current liabilities. The decrease in accrued expenses is primarily due to the payout of the Company's fiscal 2016 bonus, partially offset by an increase in accrued legal and professional fees primarily related to non-recurring legal matters and other contractual obligations.

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12. Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities

Long-Term Debt

Included within Long-Term Debt are the following:

	As of			
	June 30,	December 31,		
	2017	2016		
Current portion of long-term debt:				
Film Credit Facility	\$ 2,642	\$ 1,583		
Aircraft financing	4,588	4,538		
Total current portion of long-term debt	7,230	6,121		
Long-term debt:				
Aircraft financing	\$ 10,290	\$ 12,596		
Mortgage	23,000	23,000		
Total long-term debt	33,290	35,596		
Total	\$ 40,520	\$ 41,717		
Mortgage				

In September 2016, the Company acquired real property and assumed future obligations under a loan agreement, dated June 8, 2015, in the principal amount of \$23,000, which loan is secured by a mortgage on the property. The loan bears interest at the rate of 4.50% per annum and requires monthly interest only payments of \$86 until June 2018 and interest and principal payments of \$117 per month thereafter, with a balloon payment on maturity in July 2025. There is a significant yield maintenance premium for prepayments. Pursuant to the loan agreement, since the assets of WWE Real Estate, a subsidiary of the Company, represent collateral for the underlying mortgage, these assets will not be available to satisfy debts and obligations due to any other creditors of the Company.

Aircraft Financing

In August 2013, the Company entered into a \$31,568 promissory note (the "Aircraft Note") with Citizens Asset Finance, Inc., for the purchase of a 2007 Bombardier Global 5000 aircraft and refurbishments. The Aircraft Note bears interest at a rate of 2.18% per annum, is payable in monthly installments of \$406, inclusive of interest, and has a final maturity of August 7, 2020. The Aircraft Note is secured by a first priority perfected security interest in the purchased aircraft.

Credit Facilities

Revolving Credit Facility

In December 2016, in connection with the issuance of the Notes, as defined below, we entered into an amended and restated \$100,000 senior unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicated group of banks, with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. acting as Administrative Agent (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The Revolving Credit Facility has a maturity date of July 29, 2021. Applicable interest rates for the borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility are based on the Company's current consolidated leverage ratio. As of June 30, 2017, the LIBOR-based rate plus margin was 2.55%. The Company is required to pay a commitment fee calculated at a rate per annum of 0.30% on the average daily unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility. Under the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility, the Company is subject to certain financial covenants and restrictions, including restrictions on our ability to pay dividends and limitations with respect to our indebtedness, liens, mergers and acquisitions, dispositions of assets, investments, capital expenditures and transactions with affiliates.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with the Revolving Credit Facility, and had available debt capacity under the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility of \$100,000. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were no amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility.

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Film Credit Facility

In May 2015, two domestic subsidiaries of the Company, WWE Studios Finance Corporation and WWE Studios Finance Holding Corporation (collectively, the "Loan Parties") entered into a \$35,000 secured asset based revolving credit agreement, as amended, with Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and lender (the "Film Credit Facility"). Funds under the Film Credit Facility can be used for, among other things, development of films and television projects. Under the Film Credit Facility, the WWE Studios Finance Corporation is allowed to borrow amounts of up to an aggregate of \$35,000 based on a borrowing base formula. As of June 30, 2017, borrowings of \$2,642 remain outstanding under the Film Credit Facility. The Company has the intent and ability to repay the amounts outstanding under the Film Credit Facility within one year, and as such, the outstanding balance as of June 30, 2017 has been classified as a current portion of long-debt within our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Film Credit Facility has a five-year term, and it is secured by substantially all the assets of the Loan Parties. The applicable interest rate for borrowings under the Film Credit Facility is a LIBOR-based rate plus 2.50% on LIBOR-based borrowings or an alternate base rate plus 1.50% for alternate base rate borrowings, in all cases subject to adjustment downward based on the status of film projects. As of June 30, 2017, the LIBOR-based rate plus margin was 3.80%. The Loan Parties are required to pay certain fees, including a commitment fee, calculated at a rate per annum of 0.50% on the average daily unutilized portion of the Film Credit Facility. Under the terms of the Film Credit Facility, the Loan Parties are subject to certain financial covenants and restrictions, including limitations with respect to indebtedness, liens, mergers and acquisitions, dispositions of assets, investments, capital expenditures, and transactions with affiliates. As of June 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with the Film Credit Facility, and had \$7,265 of available capacity under the terms of the Film Credit Facility.

13. Convertible Debt

In December 2016, we issued \$200,000 aggregate principal amount of 3.375% convertible senior notes due 2023 and subsequently in January 2017, we issued an additional \$15,000 aggregate principal amount of such convertible notes through the partial exercise of an over-allotment option (collectively, the "Notes"). The sale of the Notes in December 2016 and January 2017 resulted in \$193,899 and \$14,534 in net proceeds, respectively, to WWE after deducting the initial purchasers' discount and the estimated offering expenses. We used \$36,658 of the net proceeds from the sale of the Notes to pay the cost of the convertible bond hedges, as described below, after such cost was partially offset by the proceeds to us from the sale of warrants in the warrant transactions, as described below. The remaining proceeds will be used to support the execution of our long-term growth strategy and for general corporate purposes.

The Notes are governed by an Indenture between us, as issuer, and U.S. Bank, National Association, as trustee. The Notes will pay interest semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year.

Upon conversion of the Notes, we will pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our Class A common stock or a combination of cash and shares of Class A common stock, at our election, at a conversion rate of approximately 40.1405 shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Notes, which corresponds to an initial conversion price of approximately \$24.91 per share of our Class A common stock. At any time, prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding June 15, 2023, the Notes will be convertible under the following circumstances:

- a) During any calendar quarter beginning after the calendar quarter ending on December 31, 2016 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day;
- b) During the 5 business day period after any 10 consecutive trading day period (the "measurement period") in which the trading price per \$1 principal amount of Notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day;
- c) Upon the occurrence of specified corporate events; or
- d) On or after June 15, 2023 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert all or any portion of their Notes, in multiples of \$1 principal amount, at the option of the holder regardless of the foregoing circumstances.

As of June 30, 2017, the Notes are not yet convertible.

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As a result of our cash conversion option, we separately accounted for the value of the embedded conversion option as a debt discount. The value of the embedded conversion option was determined based on the estimated fair value of the debt without the conversion feature, which was determined using an expected present value technique (income approach) to estimate the fair value of similar nonconvertible debt; the debt discount is being amortized as additional non-cash interest expense over the term of the Notes using the effective interest method with an effective interest rate of 6.40% per annum. The equity component is not remeasured as long as it continues to meet the conditions for equity classification. In accounting for the transaction costs related to the Note issuances, we allocated the total amount of offering costs incurred to the debt and equity components based on their relative values. Offering costs attributable to the debt component, totaling \$5,454, are being amortized as non-cash interest expense over the term of the Notes, and offering costs attributable to the equity component, totaling \$1,110, were netted with the equity component in stockholders' equity.

The Notes consisted of the following components:

	As of June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Debt component:		
Principal	\$ 215,000	\$ 200,000
Less: Unamortized debt discount	(34,403)	(33,950)
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs	(5,168)	(5,042)
Net carrying amount	\$ 175,429	\$ 161,008
Equity component (1)	\$ 35,547	\$ 33,060

⁽¹⁾ Recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets within additional paid-in capital, net of the \$1,110 issuance costs in equity.

The following table sets forth total interest expense recognized related to the Notes:

	Three Months Ended	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2017	2017	
3.375% contractual coupon	\$ 1,814	\$ 3,604	
Amortization of debt discount	1,068	2,104	
Amortization of debt issuance costs	137	269	
Interest expense	\$ 3.019	\$ 5.977	

Convertible Note Hedge

In connection with the pricing of the Notes, and in order to reduce the potential dilution to our common stock and/or offset cash payments due upon conversion of the Notes, in December 2016 and January 2017, we entered into convertible note hedge transactions with respect to our Class A common stock (the "Note Hedge") with three separate counterparties. The Note Hedge transactions in December 2016 and January 2017 resulted in an aggregate payment to the Note Hedge counterparties of \$34,100 and \$2,558, respectively. The Note Hedge transactions cover approximately 8.03 million shares of our Class A common stock related to the December 2016 issuance and 602,107 shares of our Class A common stock related to the January 2017 issuance, and are exercisable upon conversion of the Notes. The Note Hedge will expire on December 15, 2023, unless earlier terminated. The Note Hedge transactions have been accounted for as part of additional paid-in capital.

Warrant Transactions

In connection with entering into the Note Hedge transactions described above, we also concurrently entered into separate warrant transactions (the "Warrants"), to sell warrants to acquire approximately 8.03 million shares of our Class A common stock in connection with the Note Hedge transaction in December 2016 and 602,107 shares of our Class A common stock in connection with the Note Hedge transaction in January 2017, both at an initial strike price of approximately \$31.89 per share, which represents a premium of approximately 60.0% over the last reported sale price of our Class A common stock of \$19.93 on December 12, 2016 (initial issuance date of the Notes). The Warrant transactions in December 2016 and January 2017 resulted in aggregate proceeds received of \$19,460 and \$1,460, respectively, from the sale of the Warrants to the counterparties. The Warrants transactions have been accounted for as part of additional paid-in capital.

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14. Concentration of Credit Risk

We continually monitor our position with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions that are counterparties to our financial instruments. Our accounts receivable relate principally to a limited number of distributors, including our WWE Network, television, pay-per-view, and home video distributors, and licensees that produce consumer products containing our intellectual property. We closely monitor the status of receivables with these customers and maintain allowances for anticipated losses as deemed appropriate. At June 30, 2017, our three largest receivable balances from customers were 19%, 17% and 12% of our gross accounts receivable. At December 31, 2016, our two largest receivable balances from customers 17% and 15% of our gross accounts receivable. No other customers individually exceeded 10% of our gross accounts receivable balance.

15. Income Taxes

As of June 30, 2017, we had \$32,568 of deferred tax assets, net, included in non-current income tax assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2016, we had \$32,556 of deferred tax assets, net, included in non-current income tax assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company considers all available evidence, both positive and negative, to determine whether, based on the weight of that evidence, a valuation allowance is required to reduce the net deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized in future periods. The Company believes that based on past performance, expected future taxable income and prudent and feasible tax planning strategies, it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax assets will be realized. Changes in these factors may cause us to increase our valuation allowance on deferred tax assets, which would impact our income tax expense in the period we determine that these factors have changed.

16. Film and Television Production Incentives

The Company has access to various governmental programs that are designed to promote film and television production within the United States of America and certain international jurisdictions. Incentives earned with respect to expenditures on qualifying film production activities and capital projects are recorded as an offset to the related asset balances. Incentives earned with respect to television and other production activities are recorded as an offset to production expenses. The Company recognizes these benefits when we have reasonable assurance regarding the

realizable amount of the incentives.

We recorded the following incentives during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three	
	Months	Six Months
	Ended	Ended
	June 30,	June 30,
	2017 2016	2017 2016
Television production incentives	\$ - \$ -	\$ — \$ 2,530
Feature film production incentives	23 588	483 1,412
Total	\$ 23 \$ 588	\$ 483 \$ 3 942

17. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

On October 23, 2014, a lawsuit was filed in the U. S. District Court for the District of Oregon, entitled William Albert Haynes III, on behalf of himself and others similarly situated, v. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. This complaint was amended on January 30, 2015 and alleges that the Company ignored, downplayed, and/or failed to disclose the risks associated with traumatic brain injuries suffered by WWE's performers and seeks class action status. On March 31, 2015, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the first amended class action complaint in its entirety or, if not dismissed, to transfer the lawsuit to the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut. Without addressing the merits of the Company's motion to dismiss, the Court transferred the case to Connecticut on June 25, 2015. The plaintiffs filed an objection to such transfer, which was denied on July 27, 2015. On January 16, 2015, a second lawsuit was filed in the U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, entitled Evan Singleton and Vito LoGrasso, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc., alleging many of the same

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allegations as Haynes. On February 27, 2015, the Company moved to transfer venue to the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut due to forum-selection clauses in the contracts between WWE and the plaintiffs and that motion was granted on March 23, 2015. The plaintiffs filed an amended complaint on May 22, 2015 and, following a scheduling conference in which the court ordered the plaintiffs to cure various pleading deficiencies, the plaintiffs filed a second amended complaint on June 15, 2015. On June 29, 2015, WWE moved to dismiss the second amended complaint in its entirety. On April 9, 2015, a third lawsuit was filed in the U. S. District Court for the Central District of California, entitled Russ McCullough, a/k/a "Big Russ McCullough," Ryan Sakoda, and Matthew R. Wiese a/k/a "Luther Reigns," individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc., asserting similar allegations to Haynes. The Company again moved to transfer the lawsuit to Connecticut due to forum-selection clauses in the contracts between WWE and the plaintiffs, which the California court granted on July 10, 2015. On September 21, 2015, the plaintiffs amended this complaint and, on November 16, 2015, the Company moved to dismiss the amended complaint. Each of these suits seeks unspecified actual, compensatory and punitive damages and injunctive relief, including ordering medical monitoring. The Haynes and McCullough cases purport to be class actions. On February 18, 2015, a lawsuit was filed in Tennessee state court and subsequently removed to the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Tennessee, entitled Cassandra Frazier, individually and as next of kin to her deceased husband, Nelson Lee Frazier, Jr., and as personal representative of the Estate of Nelson Lee Frazier, Jr. Deceased, v. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. A similar suit was filed in the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas entitled Michelle James, as mother and next friend of Matthew Osborne, minor child, and Teagan Osborne, a minor child v. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. These lawsuits contain many of the same allegations as the other lawsuits alleging traumatic brain injuries and further allege that the injuries contributed to these former talents' deaths. WWE moved to transfer the Frazier and Osborne lawsuits to the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut based on forum-selection clauses in the decedents' contracts with WWE, which motions were granted by the respective courts. On November 23, 2015, amended complaints were filed in Frazier and Osborne, which the Company moved to dismiss on December 16, 2015 and December 21, 2015, respectively. On November 10, 2016, the Court granted the Company's motions to dismiss the Frazier and Osborne lawsuits in their entirety. On June 29, 2015, the Company filed a declaratory judgment action in the U. S. District Court for the District of Connecticut entitled World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. v. Robert Windham, Thomas Billington, James Ware, Oreal Perras and various John and Jane Does seeking a declaration against these former performers that their threatened claims related to alleged traumatic brain injuries and/or other tort claims are time-barred. On September 21, 2015, the defendants filed a motion to dismiss this complaint, which the Company opposed. The Court previously ordered a stay of discovery in all cases pending decisions on the motions to dismiss. On January 15, 2016, the Court partially lifted the stay and permitted discovery only on three issues in the case involving Singleton and LoGrasso. Such discovery was completed by June 1, 2016. On March 21, 2016, the Court issued a memorandum of decision granting in part and denying in part the Company's motions to dismiss the Haynes, Singleton/LoGrasso, and McCullough lawsuits. The Court granted the Company's motions to dismiss the Haynes and McCullough lawsuits in their entirety and granted the Company's motion to dismiss all claims in the Singleton/LoGrasso lawsuit except for the claim of fraud by omission. On March 22, 2016, the Court issued an order dismissing the Windham lawsuit based on

the Court's memorandum of decision on the motions to dismiss. On April 4, 2016, the Company filed a motion for reconsideration with respect to the Court's decision not to dismiss the fraud by omission claim in the Singleton/LoGrasso lawsuit and, on April 5, 2016, the Company filed a motion for reconsideration with respect to the Court dismissal of the Windham lawsuit. On July 21, 2016, the Court denied the Company's motion in the Singleton/LoGrasso lawsuit and granted in part the Company's motion in the Windham lawsuit. On April 20, 2016, the plaintiffs filed notices of appeal of the Haynes and McCullough lawsuits. On April 27, 2016, the Company moved to dismiss the appeals for lack of appellate jurisdiction, which motions were granted and the appeals were dismissed with leave to appeal upon the resolution of all of the consolidated cases. The Company has filed a motion for summary judgment on the sole remaining claim in the Singleton/LoGrasso lawsuit. Lastly, on July 18, 2016, a lawsuit was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut, entitled Joseph M. Laurinaitis, et al. vs. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. and Vincent K. McMahon, individually and as the trustee of certain trusts. This lawsuit contains many of the same allegations as the other lawsuits alleging traumatic brain injuries and further alleges, among other things, that the plaintiffs were misclassified as independent contractors rather than employees denying them, among other things, rights and benefits under the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA), the National Labor Relations Act (NLRA), the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), federal tax law, and various state Worker's Compensation laws. This lawsuit also alleges that the booking contracts and other agreements between the plaintiffs and the Company are unconscionable and should be declared void, entitling the plaintiffs to certain damages relating to the Company's use of their intellectual property. The lawsuit alleges claims for violation of RICO, unjust enrichment, and an accounting against Mr. McMahon. The Company and Mr. McMahon moved to dismiss this complaint on October 19, 2016. On November 9, 2016, the Laurinaitis plaintiffs filed an amended complaint. On December 23, 2016, the Company and Mr. McMahon moved to dismiss the amended complaint. The Company believes all claims and threatened claims against the Company in these various lawsuits are being prompted by the same plaintiffs' lawyer and are without merit. The Company intends to continue to defend itself against these lawsuits vigorously.

On August 9, 2016, a lawsuit was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Connecticut entitled Marcus Bagwell, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated v. World Wrestling Entertainment, Inc. The lawsuit alleges claims for breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment and violations of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act, C.G.S. §42-110a,

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et seq., principally arising from WWE's alleged failure to pay royalties for streaming video on WWE Network. On September 7, 2016, a motion for leave to amend was filed along with a proposed amended complaint that, among other things, sought to add Scott Levy as an individual plaintiff and WCW, Inc. as a defendant. On November 4, 2016, the Court granted plaintiffs' motion for leave to amend and plaintiffs filed their amended complaint on November 7, 2016. On December 2, 2016, the Company moved to dismiss the amended complaint. On May 5, 2017, the Court granted in part and denied in part the Company's motion to dismiss. The Court dismissed plaintiff's declaratory judgment, unjust enrichment and successor liability claims, as well as all claims asserted against WCW, Inc. The Court also granted plaintiffs leave to file a second amended complaint, which plaintiffs filed on May 19, 2017. Plaintiffs then sought leave to file a third amended complain to correct certain errors by plaintiffs' counsel, which the Court granted and plaintiffs filed their third amended complaint on June 15, 2017. The third amended complaint continues to assert claims for breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, and violations of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act, C.G.S. §42-110a, et seq. against WWE. The Company believes all claims against the Company in this lawsuit are without merit and intends to continue to defend itself vigorously.

In addition to the foregoing, from time to time we become a party to other lawsuits and claims. By its nature, the outcome of litigation is not known, but the Company does not currently expect this ordinary course litigation to have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report.

Our operations are organized around the following four principal activities:

Media Division:

Network

· Revenues consist principally of subscriptions to WWE Network, fees for viewing our pay-per-view programming, and advertising fees.

Television

· Revenues consist principally of television rights fees and advertising.

Home Entertainment

· Revenues consist principally of sales of WWE produced content via home entertainment platforms, including DVD, Blu-Ray, and subscription and transactional on-demand outlets.

Digital Media

· Revenues consist principally of advertising sales on our websites and third party websites including YouTube, and sales of various broadband and mobile content.

Live Events:

· Revenues consist principally of ticket sales and travel packages for live events.

Consumer Products Division:

Licensing

· Revenues consist principally of royalties or license fees related to various WWE themed products such as video games, toys and apparel.

Venue Merchandise

· Revenues consist of sales of merchandise at our live events.

WWEShop

· Revenues consist of sales of merchandise on our websites, including through our WWEShop Internet storefront and on distribution platforms, including Amazon.

WWE Studios:

- · Revenues consist of amounts earned from investing in, producing, and/or distributing filmed entertainment. Corporate & Other:
- · Revenues consist of amounts earned from talent appearances. Expenses are presented into two categories comprised of Corporate Support and Business Support. Corporate Support expenses primarily include our corporate general and

administrative functions. Business Support expenses include our sales and marketing functions, include our international offices, and talent development function, including the costs associated with our WWE Performance Center, as well as business strategy and data analytics support.

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Results of Operations

The Company presents OIBDA as the primary measure of segment profit (loss). As a means to summarize the OIBDA measure, we also present total consolidated OIBDA, divisional OIBDA for certain groupings of our segments (discussed further below) and OIBDA as a percentage of revenues. The Company defines OIBDA as operating income before depreciation and amortization (excluding feature film and television production asset amortization and impairments, as well as the amortization of costs related to content delivery and technology assets utilized for our WWE Network). The Company believes the presentation of OIBDA is relevant and useful for investors because it allows investors to view our segment performance in the same manner as the primary method used by management to evaluate segment performance and make decisions about allocating resources. Additionally, we believe that OIBDA provides a meaningful representation of operating cash flows within our segments.

OIBDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and may be different than similarly-titled non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. A limitation of OIBDA is that it excludes depreciation and amortization, which represents the periodic charge for certain fixed assets and intangible assets used in generating revenues for our business. OIBDA should not be regarded as an alternative to operating income or net income as an indicator of operating performance, or to the statement of cash flows as a measure of liquidity, nor should it be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. We believe that operating income is the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure to OIBDA. See Note 3, Segment Information, in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for a reconciliation of OIBDA to operating income for the periods presented.

We record certain costs within our Corporate and Other segment since the costs benefit the Company as a whole and are not directly attributable to our other reportable segments. These costs are presented into two categories, Corporate Support and Business Support. Corporate Support expenses primarily include our corporate general and administrative functions. Business Support expenses include our sales and marketing functions, our international offices, talent development costs, including costs associated with our WWE Performance Center, and our business strategy and data analytics functions. Revenues from transactions between our operating segments are not material.

While the reporting of our financial results is done at a segment level, we provide divisional sub-totals for revenues and OIBDA for our Media and Consumer Products Divisions. The Media Division is comprised of our Network, Television, Home Entertainment and Digital Media segments and represents the monetization of WWE content assets across various distribution channels. The Consumer Products Division is comprised of our Licensing, Venue Merchandise and WWEShop segments, which derive their revenues from the monetization of our intellectual property through royalties, license fees and the sale of WWE branded merchandise. We believe the divisional construct is relevant as we continually evaluate the best manner to exploit our content and intellectual property through various channels in a rapidly changing media landscape.

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Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2016 (dollars in millions)

Summary

The following tables present our consolidated results followed by our OIBDA results:

	Three M Ended June 30,	Increase		
	2017	2016	(decre	ease)
Net revenues			`	
Media Division:				
Network	\$ 54.9	\$ 51.8	6	%
Television	66.2	56.1	18	%
Home Entertainment	3.0	3.1	(3)	%
Digital Media	8.1	6.5	25	%
Total Media Division	132.2	117.5	13	%
Live Events	52.8	51.9	2	%
Consumer Products Division:				
Licensing	9.4	9.0	4	%
Venue Merchandise	6.8	8.7	(22)	%
WWEShop	8.4	7.5	12	%
Total Consumer Products Division	24.6	25.2	(2)	%
WWE Studios	3.5	3.2	9	%
Corporate & Other	1.5	1.2	25	%
Total net revenues (1)	214.6	199.0	8	%
Cost of revenues				
Media Division:				
Network	47.6	53.6	(11)	%
Television	34.2	27.7	23	%
Home Entertainment	1.6	1.7	(6)	%
Digital Media	2.9	2.8	4	%
Total Media Division	86.3	85.8	1	%
Live Events	30.5	27.7	10	%
Consumer Products Division:				
Licensing	2.6	2.6		%
Venue Merchandise	3.8	4.7	(19)	%
WWEShop	5.7	5.2	10	%
Total Consumer Products Division	12.1	12.5	(3)	%
WWE Studios	3.3	1.8	83	%
Corporate & Other	4.2	4.2		%

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Total cost of revenues (2)	136.4	132.0	3	%
Selling, general and administrative expenses				
Corporate & Other (3)	47.5	45.1	5	%
All other segments	13.7	14.4	(5)	%
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	61.2	59.5	3	%
Depreciation and amortization	6.3	6.0	5	%
Operating income	10.7	1.5	613	%
Interest expense (4)	3.7	0.6	517	%
Investment and other income, net	0.8		100	%
Income before income taxes	7.8	0.9	767	%
Provision for income taxes	2.7	0.1	2,600	%
Net income	\$ 5.1	\$ 0.8	538	%

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- (1) Our consolidated net revenues increased by \$15.6 million, or 8%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. This increase was primarily driven by \$5.2 million in incremental revenues associated with the contractual escalation of our distribution agreements and \$3.2 million of increased subscription revenues related to the growth of our WWE Network and \$2.8 million due to the impact of our licensed reality based television series. For further analysis, refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of our business segments.
- (2) Our consolidated cost of revenues increased by \$4.4 million, or 3%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. The \$2.8 million increase in cost of revenues in the Live Events segment was driven by an increased number of events. In the current year quarter, we incurred \$2.6 million of additional production related costs in our Television segment due to the impact of our licensed reality based television series. We also recorded \$1.1 million in film impairment charges due to revised ultimate profit expectations for several of our feature films. These increases were offset by a \$6.4 million reduction in programming costs in our Network segment. For further analysis, refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of our business segments.
- (3) Refer to the Corporate & Other section within MD&A for a detailed analysis of the changes.

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(4) Interest expense increased by \$3.1 million in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, as the convertible notes and assumed mortgage were entered into during the second half of 2016.

	Three Months					
	Ended					
	June 30,		Increa	se		
	2017	2016	(decrease)			
OIBDA						
Media Division:						
Network	\$ 3.0	\$ (5.7)	153	%		
Television	31.8	27.2	17	%		
Home Entertainment	0.9	1.0	(10)	%		
Digital Media	1.5	0.2	650	%		
Total Media Division	37.2	22.7	64	%		
Live Events	21.6	23.4	(8)	%		
Consumer Products Division:						
Licensing	4.5	3.9	15	%		
Venue Merchandise	2.5	3.7	(32)	%		
WWEShop	2.1	1.6	31	%		
Total Consumer Products Division	9.1	9.2	(1)	%		
WWE Studios	(0.7)	0.4	(275)	%		
Corporate & Other	(50.2)	(48.2)	4	%		
Total OIBDA	\$ 17.0	\$ 7.5	127	%		

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2017		2016	
		% of		% of
Reconciliation of Operating Income to OIBDA		Rev		Rev
Media Division:				
Operating income	\$ 34.3	16 %	\$ 19.9	10 %
Depreciation and amortization	2.9	1 %	2.8	1 %
Media Division OIBDA	\$ 37.2	17 %	\$ 22.7	11 %
Consumer Products Division:				
Operating income	\$ 9.1	4 %	\$ 9.2	5 %
Depreciation and amortization	_	—%	_	—%
Consumer Products Division OIBDA	\$ 9.1	4 %	\$ 9.2	5 %
Consolidated:				
Operating income	\$ 10.7	5 %	\$ 1.5	1 %
Depreciation and amortization	6.3	3 %	6.0	3 %
Total OIBDA	\$ 17.0	8 %	\$ 7.5	4 %

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Media Division

The following tables present the performance results and key drivers for our segments within our Media division (dollars in millions, except where noted):

	Three Months Ended				
	June 30,		Increase		
	2017	2016	(decrease)		
Revenues-Media Division					
Network	\$ 54.9	\$ 51.8	6 %		
Subscriptions	\$ 49.1	\$ 45.9	7 %		
Pay-per-view	\$ 5.8	\$ 5.9	(2) %		
Monthly subscription price (dollars) (1)	\$ 9.99	\$ 9.99	%		
Number of paid subscribers at period end	1,567,900	1,510,600	4 %		
Domestic	1,157,800	1,129,900	2 %		
International (2)	410,100	380,700	8 %		
Number of average paid subscribers	1,634,400	1,517,400	8 %		
Television	\$ 66.2	\$ 56.1	18 %		
Home Entertainment	\$ 3.0	\$ 3.1	(3) %		
Gross units shipped	319,400	417,200	(23) %		
Digital Media	\$ 8.1	\$ 6.5	25 %		
Total	\$ 132.2	\$ 117.5	13 %		

- (1) This is our pricing for our domestic subscribers. In certain international territories, subscribers can access WWE Network by other means and/or subscription pricing may vary.
- (2) Metrics reflect subscribers who are direct customers of WWE Network and estimated subscribers under licensed partner agreements, which have different economic terms for WWE Network.

	Three M	Ionths E	Inded			
	June 30	,			Increa	ase
	2017		2016		(decre	ease)
		% of		% of		
OIBDA - Media Division		Rev		Rev		
Network	\$ 3.0	5 %	\$ (5.7)	(11)%	153	%
Television	\$ 31.8	48 %	\$ 27.2	48 %	17	%
Home Entertainment	\$ 0.9	30 %	\$ 1.0	32 %	(10)	%
Digital Media	\$ 1.5	19 %	\$ 0.2	3 %	650	%

Network revenues, which include revenues generated by WWE Network and pay-per-view, increased by \$3.1 million, or 6%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. WWE Network subscription revenues increased by \$3.2 million, or 7%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, driven primarily by the increase in paid subscribers. During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, WWE Network had an average of 1,634,400 paid subscribers, compared to an average of 1,517,400 subscribers in the prior year quarter. During the quarter, there were 598,200 gross additions to WWE Network's subscriber base, offset by churn of 603,800 subscribers. Gross additions include unique new subscribers and win-backs (subscribers that previously churned out and subsequently renewed their subscription). The subscription pricing of WWE Network at June 30, 2017 is \$9.99 per month with no minimum commitment. Pay-per-view revenues decreased slightly in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. This decline was primarily attributable to the continued growth and expansion of WWE Network, partially offset by one additional event. The increase in Network OIBDA as a percentage of revenues in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter was due to lower programming related costs of \$6.4 million driven by the timing of original content, including Camp WWE and Swerved Season 2, which premiered in the prior year quarter.

Television revenues, which include revenues generated from television rights fees and advertising, increased by \$10.1 million, or 18%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. This increase was the result of contractual increases of \$5.2 million associated with distribution agreements and the impact of our licensed reality based series, Total Divas. There were six new episodes of this series in the current year quarter as compared to three episodes in the prior year quarter, which resulted in an increase in revenues of \$2.8 million. Television OIBDA as a percentage of revenues was essentially unchanged in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, as increased revenues were offset by \$2.6 million of additional production costs related to our licensed reality based series, and costs associated with the use of additional production elements on our weekly live episodic shows, Raw and Smackdown Live.

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Home Entertainment revenues, which include revenues generated from the sale of WWE produced content via home entertainment platforms such as DVD and Blu-Ray discs and digital downloads, decreased slightly in the current year quarter compared to the prior year quarter. The decrease was driven primarily by a 23% decline in units shipped, mostly offset by lower DVD and Blu-Ray returns of \$0.8 million and the impact of a 4% increase in the average price per unit sold. Home Entertainment OIBDA as a percentage of revenues was essentially unchanged in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter.

Digital Media revenues increased by \$1.6 million, or 25%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, primarily due to increased advertising revenues. The increase in Digital Media OIBDA as a percentage of revenues in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter was primarily driven by the impact of the increase in revenues.

Live Events

The following tables present the performance results and key drivers for our Live Events segment (dollars in millions, except where noted):

	Three Months Ended			
	June 30,		Increase	
	2017	2016	(decr	ease)
Revenues- Live Events				
Live events	\$ 50.1	\$ 49.3	2	%
North America	\$ 37.3	\$ 38.3	(3)	%
International	\$ 12.8	\$ 11.0	16	%
Total live event attendance (1)	586,300	562,200	4	%
Number of North American events (1)	66	62	6	%
Average North American attendance (1)	6,400	6,600	(3)	%
Average North American ticket price (dollars) (1)	\$ 77.60	\$ 81.66	(5)	%
Number of international events (1)	26	19	37	%
Average international attendance (1)	6,300	8,000	(21)	%
Average international ticket price (dollars) (1)	\$ 72.75	\$ 64.98	12	%
Travel packages	\$ 2.7	\$ 2.6	4	%
Total	\$ 52.8	\$ 51.9	2	%

⁽¹⁾ Metrics above exclude the events for our NXT brand. This is an emerging brand that typically conducts their events in smaller venues with lower ticket prices. We conducted 51 NXT events with paid attendance of 52,100 and average ticket prices of \$43.54 in the current year quarter as compared to 53 events with paid attendance of 56,200 and average ticket prices of \$25.26 in the prior year quarter.

	Three Mon June 30,	Increase		
	2017	2016	(decrease	e)
OIBDA-Live Events			`	_
Live events	\$ 20.0	\$ 21.9	(9) %	
Travel packages	1.6	1.5	7 %	
Total	\$ 21.6	\$ 23.4	(8) %	
OIBDA as a percentage of revenues	41 %	45 %		

Live Events revenues, which include revenues from ticket sales and travel packages, increased by \$0.9 million, or 2%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. Revenues from our North America live events business decreased by \$0.9 million, or 2%, primarily due to a decline of \$2.2 million resulting from lower WrestleMania ticket sales due to a reduction in stadium capacity in the current year, partially offset by increased revenues of \$1.0 million due to the impact of four additional events. Revenues from our international live events business increased by \$1.8 million, or 16%, primarily due to higher average ticket prices due to changes in the mix of territories, which increased revenues by \$1.3 million, and \$0.8 million due to holding seven additional events. The decrease in Live Events OIBDA as a percentage of revenues in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter was driven by lower ticket revenue from WrestleMania and increased costs driven by the mix of territories in which we performed.

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Consumer Products Division

The following tables present the performance results and key drivers for our Consumer Products division (dollars in millions, except where noted):

	Three Mo Ended June 30,	onths	Increa	ase
	2017	2016	(decre	ease)
Revenues-Consumer Products Division				
Licensing	\$ 9.4	\$ 9.0	4	%
Venue Merchandise	6.8	8.7	(22)	%
Domestic per capita spending (dollars)	\$ 10.34	\$ 13.29	(22)	%
WWEShop	8.4	7.5	12	%
Average WWEShop revenues per order (dollars)	\$ 45.98	\$ 44.40	4	%
Total	\$ 24.6	\$ 25.2	(2)	%

	Three Months Ended						
	June 3	Increase					
	2017 2016				(decrease)		
		% of		% of			
OIBDA - Consumer Products Division		Rev		Rev			
Licensing	\$ 4.5	48 %	\$ 3.9	43 %	15	%	
Venue Merchandise	\$ 2.5	37 %	\$ 3.7	43 %	(32)	%	
WWEShop	\$ 2.1	25 %	\$ 1.6	21 %	31	%	

Licensing revenues increased by \$0.4 million, or 4%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, primarily driven by higher sales of the Company's mobile video game, WWE SuperCard. The increase in Licensing OIBDA as a percentage of revenues in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter was driven by lower promotional costs.

Venue Merchandise revenues decreased by \$1.9 million, or 22%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, primarily due to a decline of \$1.6 million resulting from a smaller WrestleMania venue in the current year. The decrease in Venue Merchandise OIBDA as a percentage of revenues in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter was driven by product mix and lower revenues at WrestleMania.

WWEShop revenues increased by \$0.9 million, or 12%, in the current year quarter compared to the prior year quarter, due to a 6% increase in the volume of online merchandise orders to 178,400 orders. Orders increased primarily due to the impact of additional distribution channels, including in international territories, continued marketing efforts and a broader assortment of products offered. Also contributing to this increase in revenues was a 4% increase in the average revenue per order to \$45.98 in the current year quarter. The increase in WWEShop OIBDA as a percentage of revenues in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter was due to leveraging our fixed costs and changes in product mix.

WWE Studios

WWE Studios revenues increased by \$0.3 million, or 9%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. The change in film revenue is reflective of both the timing of our film releases and the performance of released films. We released two films, The Marine 5: Battleground and Sleight in the current year quarter as compared to one feature film in the prior year quarter. As we typically participate in a film's results subsequent to our distributor's recoupment of costs, there is a lag between a film's release and its impact on revenue. WWE Studios OIBDA decreased by \$1.1 million in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, primarily driven by the impairment charges recorded during the current year, as discussed below.

At June 30, 2017, the Company had \$29.1 million (net of accumulated amortization and impairment charges) of Feature Film Production Assets capitalized on its Consolidated Balance Sheet, of which \$17.7 million is for films in-release, \$6.7 million is for films in production, and the remaining \$4.7 million is for films that are completed, pending release, or developmental projects. We review and revise estimates of ultimate revenue and participation costs at the end of each reporting quarter to reflect the most current information available. If estimates for a film's ultimate revenue and/or costs are revised and indicate a significant decline in a film's profitability, or if events or circumstances change that would indicate we should assess whether the fair value of a film is less than its unamortized film costs, we calculate the film's estimated fair value using a discounted cash flows model. If fair value is less than unamortized cost, the film asset is written down to fair value. We recorded impairment charges of \$1.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017. We did not record any impairment charges related to our feature films in the prior year quarter.

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Corporate and Other

We record certain costs within our Corporate and Other segment since the costs benefit the Company as a whole and are not directly attributable to our other reportable segments. These costs are categorized and presented into two categories, Corporate Support and Business Support. Corporate Support expenses primarily include our corporate general and administrative functions. Business Support expenses include our sales and marketing functions, our international sales offices, talent development costs, including costs associated with our WWE Performance Center, and our business strategy and data analytics functions. These costs benefit the Company as a whole and are therefore not allocated to individual businesses. The presentation of Corporate and Other expenses in these two categories provides further details on the primary composition of our Selling, general and administrative expenses as presented in our Consolidated Statements of Operations as the majority of Selling, general and administrative expenses are comprised of expenses from our Corporate and Other segment.

The following table presents the financial results for our Corporate and Other segment (dollars in millions):

	For the 2017	thre	e months	end	ed June 3	80,	2016							
	Corpor Suppor		Busines Suppor		Total Corpora & Othe		Corpora Support		Busines Suppor		Total Corpora & Other		Incre (Dec	ease rease)
Corporate & Other revenue	\$ —		\$ 1.5		\$ 1.5		\$ —		\$ 1.2		\$ 1.2		25	%
Corporate & Other														
expenses:														
Staff related	\$ 6.8		\$ 10.3		\$ 17.1		\$ 6.9		\$ 8.9		\$ 15.8		8	%
Management incentive														
compensation	3.0		4.4		7.4		3.6		4.2		7.8		(5)	%
Legal, accounting and														
other professional	4.7		2.6		7.3		5.1		2.0		7.1		3	%
Travel and entertainment														
expenses	(0.2)		2.0		1.8		(0.2)		1.5		1.3		38	%
Advertising, marketing														
and promotion	0.5		2.5		3.0		0.4		2.6		3.0		_	%
Corporate insurance	0.7		0.4		1.1		0.7		0.2		0.9		22	%
Bad debt expense	0.1		_		0.1		(0.1)				(0.1)		200	%
Talent related expenses (1)	_		6.1		6.1		_		5.6		5.6		9	%
Other expenses	4.5		3.3		7.8		4.7		3.3		8.0		(2)	%
Corporate & Other														
expenses	\$ 20.1		\$ 31.6		\$ 51.7		\$ 21.1		\$ 28.3		\$ 49.4		5	%
	9	%	15	%	24	%	11	%	14	%	25	%		

Corporate & Other as a percentage of net revenues

OIBDA - Corporate &

Other \$ (20.1) \$ (30.1) \$ (50.2) \$ (21.1) \$ (27.1) \$ (48.2) 4 %

(1) Talent related expenses within Business Support include costs associated with our WWE Performance Center, talent appearances and certain talent support costs. Talent costs associated with specific revenue streams are excluded from the above amounts and included within applicable business segments.

Corporate and Other expenses increased by \$2.3 million, or 5%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter. This increase is primarily due to higher staff related costs of \$1.3 million due to increased headcount and talent related costs of \$0.5 million in support of talent development.

Depreciation and Amortization

(dollars in millions)

Three Months

Ended

June 30, Increase 2017 2016 (decrease)

Depreciation and amortization \$ 6.3 \$ 6.0 5 %

Depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$0.3 million, or 5%, in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, primarily driven by prior year capital expenditures.

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Interest Expense

Interest expense

(dollars in millions)

Three Months
Ended
June 30, Increase
2017 2016 (decrease)
\$ 3.7 \$ 0.6 517 %

Interest expense, which relates primarily to interest and amortization associated with our convertible notes, our debt facilities, assumed mortgage and aircraft financing, increased by \$3.1 million in the current year quarter as compared to the prior year quarter, as the convertible notes and assumed mortgage were entered into during the second half of 2016.

Investment and Other Income (Expense), Net

(dollars in millions)

Investment income, net

Other income (expense), net

Three Months
Ended
June 30, Increase
2017 2016 (decrease)
\$ 0.8 \$ 0.6 33 %
\$ — \$ (0.6) 100 %

Investment income, net during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 includes \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, of equity method earnings, representing our pro-rata portion from an equity method investment. Investment income, net also includes income of \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million from our short term investment instruments during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Other income (expense), net is primarily comprised of rental income, offset by state excise taxes and realized foreign currency translation losses.

Income Taxes

(dollars in millions)

Three Months

Ended

 June 30,
 Increase

 2017
 2016
 (decrease)

 \$ 2.7
 \$ 0.1
 2,600 %

Provision for income taxes

Effective tax rate 35 % 16 %

The effective tax rate was 35% in the current year quarter as compared to 16% in the prior year quarter.

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Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

(dollars in millions)

Summary

The following tables present our consolidated results followed by our OIBDA results:

	Six Mon June 30,	Increase		
	2017	2016	(decr	
Net revenues				,
Media Division:				
Network	\$ 101.4	\$ 92.1	10	%
Television	130.2	116.8	11	%
Home Entertainment	5.4	6.4	(16)	%
Digital Media	13.8	11.9	16	%
Total Media Division	250.8	227.2	10	%
Live Events	84.9	77.2	10	%
Consumer Products Division:				
Licensing	29.5	30.0	(2)	%
Venue Merchandise	13.9	14.2	(2)	%
WWEShop	16.3	14.3	14	%
Total Consumer Products Division	59.7	58.5	2	%
WWE Studios	4.8	5.2	(8)	%
Corporate & Other	2.8	2.0	40	%
Total net revenues (1)	403.0	370.1	9	%
Cost of revenues				
Media Division:				
Network	75.9	75.5	1	%
Television	66.7	59.6	12	%
Home Entertainment	2.8	3.1	(10)	%
Digital Media	5.6	5.3	6	%
Total Media Division	151.0	143.5	5	%
Live Events	53.4	46.0	16	%
Consumer Products Division:				
Licensing	7.3	7.8	(6)	%
Venue Merchandise	7.9	7.7	3	%
WWEShop	11.0	10.1	9	%
Total Consumer Products Division	26.2	25.6	2	%
WWE Studios	6.0	2.9	107	%
Corporate & Other	8.9	7.4	20	%
Total cost of revenues (2)	245.5	225.4	9	%

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Selling, general and administrative expenses					
Corporate & Other (3)	101.7	84.1	21	%	
All other segments	27.9	25.5	9	%	
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	129.6	109.6	18	%	
Depreciation and amortization	13.2	11.6	14	%	
Operating income	14.7	23.5	(37)	%	
Interest expense (4)	7.2	1.2	500	%	
Investment and other income, net	1.7	_	100	%	
Income before income taxes	9.2	22.3	(59)	%	
Provision for income taxes	3.2	7.6	(58)	%	
Net income	\$ 6.0	\$ 14.7	(59)	%	

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- (1) Our consolidated net revenues increased by \$32.9 million, or 9%, in the current year period as compared to the prior year period. This increase was primarily driven by \$10.3 million in incremental revenues associated with the contractual escalation of our distribution agreements, \$8.7 million of increased subscription revenues related to the growth of our WWE Network and the impact of 28 additional events, which contributed \$7.7 million to our live events revenues. For further analysis, refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of our business segments.
- (2) Our consolidated cost of revenues increased by \$20.1 million, or 9%, in the current year period as compared to the prior year period. The \$7.4 million increase in cost of revenues in the Live Events segment was driven by an increased number of events. In the current year period, we incurred an additional \$7.0 million of costs in our Television segment, primarily associated with the use of additional production elements on our weekly live episodic shows. We also recorded \$3.2 million in film impairment charges due to revised ultimate profit expectations for several of our feature films. For further analysis, refer to Management's Discussion and Analysis of our business segments.
- (3) Refer to the Corporate & Other section within MD&A for a detailed analysis of the changes.
- (4) Interest expense increased by \$6.0 million in the current year period as compared to the prior year period, as the convertible notes and assumed mortgage were entered into during the second half of 2016.

	Six Month			
	June 30,	Increase		
	2017	2016	(decre	ase)
OIBDA				
Media Division:				
Network	\$ 17.3	\$ 10.1	71	%
Television	62.6	55.5	13	%
Home Entertainment	1.7	2.5	(32)	%
Digital Media	1.0	0.1	900	%
Total Media Division	82.6	68.2	21	%
Live Events	29.7	29.5	1	%
Consumer Products Division:				
Licensing	17.9	18.2	(2)	%
Venue Merchandise	5.1	5.7	(11)	%
WWEShop	4.0	3.0	33	%
Total Consumer Products Division	27.0	26.9	0	%
WWE Studios	(3.6)	_	(100)	%
Corporate & Other	(107.8)	(89.5)	20	%
Total OIBDA	\$ 27.9	\$ 35.1	(21)	%

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	June 30,				
	2017		2016		
		% of		% of	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to OIBDA		Rev		Rev	
Media Division:					
Operating income	\$ 76.6	19 %	\$ 62.8	17 %	
Depreciation and amortization	6.0	1 %	5.4	1 %	
Media Division OIBDA	\$ 82.6	20 %	\$ 68.2	18 %	
Consumer Products Division:					
Operating income	\$ 27.0	7 %	\$ 26.9	7 %	
Depreciation and amortization		—%	_	—%	
Consumer Products Division OIBDA	\$ 27.0	7 %	\$ 26.9	7 %	
Consolidated:					
Operating income	\$ 14.7	4 %	\$ 23.5	6 %	
Depreciation and amortization	13.2	3 %	11.6	3 %	
Total OIBDA	\$ 27.9	7 %	\$ 35.1	9 %	

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Media Division

The following tables present the performance results and key drivers for our segments within our Media division (dollars in millions, except where noted):