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	(Mark	c One)							
	[X]	ANNUAL REPORT ACT OF 1934	PURSUANT TO	O SECTIO	N 13 OR 15(c	l) OF	THE SECU	JRITIES	EXCHANGE
		For the fiscal	year ended	Decembe	r 31, 2001				
	[_]	TRANSITION REPO OF 1934	NRT UNDER SI	ECTION 1	3 OR 15(d) C	DF THE	SECURITI	IES EXCH	IANGE ACT
		For the transit	ion period	from		_ to			
(Commi	ssion File No.:	333-4616	0					
			Ame	erican A	mmunition, I	inc.			
Form 10KSB March 29, 2002	(Name	e of small B	business	registrant	in it	s charter	c)		
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F	Regis	strant's telepho	one number:	(305) 8	35-7400				
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Check whether the registrant (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-B contained in this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. [X]

State registrant's revenues for its most recent fiscal year. \$427,529

The aggregate market value of the voting common equity held by non-affiliates as of March 27, 2002 was \$13,352,834.84 based upon 50,327,056 shares outstanding of which 23,633,336 was held by non-affiliates and a share price of \$0.565. No non-voting common equity is outstanding.

PART I

Item 1. Description of Business

Business Development

Certain statements contained in this annual filing, including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes", "anticipates", "expects" and words of similar import, constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Such factors include, among others, the following: international, national and local general economic and market conditions: demographic changes; the ability of the Company to sustain, manage or forecast its growth; the ability of the Company to successfully make and integrate acquisitions; raw material costs and availability; new product development and introduction; existing government regulations and changes in, or the failure to comply with, government regulations; adverse publicity; competition; the loss of significant customers or suppliers; fluctuations and difficulty in forecasting operating results; changes in business strategy or development plans; business disruptions; the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; the ability to protect technology; and other factors referenced in this and previous filings.

Given these uncertainties, readers of this Form 10-KSB and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any obligation

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to update any such factors or to publicly announce the result of any revisions to any of the forward- looking statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

American Ammunition, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on February 1, 2000 in the State of California as FirsTelevision.com. It subsequently changed its corporate name to FBI Fresh Burgers International with a business plan of marketing the concept of a national "fast food" restaurant chain to children and young adults, with a menu of fresh burgers, fries and sandwiches.

On September 29, 2001, the Company, F&F Equipment, Inc. d/b/a American Ammunition ("AA") and the individual shareholders of AA entered into a share exchange agreement whereby the shareholders of AA exchanged 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of AA for 21,000,000 post- forward split shares of restricted common stock of the Company. AA then became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The acquisition of AA, on September 29, 2001, by the Company effected a change in control and was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition" whereby AA is the accounting acquiror for financial statement purposes. Accordingly, for all periods subsequent to the September 29, 2001 change in control transaction, the financial statements of the Company reflect the historical financial statements of AA from its inception on October 4, 1983 and the operations of the Company subsequent to September 29, 2001.

Concurrent with the September 29, 2001 reverse acquisition transaction, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to change the Company's name to American Ammunition, Inc. and modified the Company's capital structure to allow for the issuance of up to 320,000,000 total equity shares consisting of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 300,000,000 shares of common stock. Both classes of stock have a par value of \$0.001 per share.

On October 9, 2001, the Company effected a three (3) for one (1) forward stock split. This action caused the then issued and outstanding shares to increase from 2,990,400 to 8,971,200 on the action date. The effect of this action is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as of the first day of the first period presented.

AA was incorporated on October 4, 1983 under the laws of the State of Florida. The Company was formed to engage principally in the "import, export, retail & wholesale of firearms equipment, ammunition & other devices and for the purpose of transacting any and/or all lawful business."

The Company relied upon Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder ("Rule 506") for recent issuances of its unregistered securities. In each instance, such reliance was based upon the fact that (i) the issuance of the shares did not involve a public offering, (ii) there were no more than thirty-five (35) investors (excluding "accredited investors"), (iii) each investor who was not an accredited investor either alone or with his purchaser representative(s) has such knowledge and experience in financial and business matters that he is capable of evaluating the merits and risks of the prospective investment, or the issuer reasonably believes immediately prior to making any sale that such purchaser comes within this description, (iv) the offers and sales were made in compliance with Rules 501 and 502, (v) the

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securities were subject to Rule 144 limitations on resale and (vi) each of the parties was a sophisticated purchaser and had full access to the information on the Company necessary to make an informed investment decision by virtue of the due diligence conducted by the purchaser or available to the purchaser prior to

the transaction (the "506 Exemption").

In March and May 2001, the Company issued an aggregate 496,200 post-reverse split shares (165,400 pre-forward split shares) of common stock, pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form SB-2, to various individuals providing investment, financial and acquisition consulting services to the Company. These transactions were cumulatively valued at approximately \$165,400, which approximates the "fair value" of the services provided. These amounts are charged to operations in the accompanying pre-acquisition consolidated financial statements.

In September 2001, the Company issued 2,625,000 post-reverse split shares (875,000 pre- forward split shares) of common stock, pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form SB-2, to six individuals providing investment and financial consulting services to the Company. These transactions were cumulatively valued at approximately \$875,000, which approximates the "fair value" of the services provided. These amounts are charged to operations in the accompanying pre-acquisition consolidated financial statements.

In September 2001 the Company issued 21,000,000 shares of its common stock to nineteen (19) shareholders of AA pursuant to a share exchange agreement. The shares were valued at \$3,998,650. The transaction resulted in AA becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company in a transaction that was treated as a reverse merger for accounting purposes. Of such shares, the current officers and directors of the Company were issued a total of 15,750,000 shares. For such offering the Company relied upon the 506 Exemption.

In September and October 2001, the Company issued 222,600 shares of \$5.00 Series A Convertible Preferred Stock valued at \$1,113,000 through an ongoing private placement. The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock provides for cumulative dividends at a rate of 8% per year, payable quarterly, in cash or shares of the Company's common stock at the Company's election. Each share of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock is convertible into 11 shares of the Company's common stock at any time after 6 months after the date of issuance and prior to notice of redemption at the option of the holder, subject to adjustments for customary anti-dilution events (the "Series A Convertible Preferred Stock"). Of such shares, the Robert I. Escobio Family Trust acquired 2,000 shares. Mr. Escobio is a former director of the Company. For such offering, the Company relied upon the 506 Exemption. All investors were accredited.

In September 2001, a creditor, Key Packaging Company, agreed to convert \$10,000 of debt due from the Company into 2,000 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred stock. For such offering, the Company relied upon the 506 Exemption.

In September 2001, a principal shareholder, Andres Fernandez, converted \$7,553,600 of unsecured debt due to him by the Company into 1,510,720 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. Mr. Fernandez is a current officer and director of the Company. For such offering, the Company relied upon the 506 Exemption.

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In December 2001, the Company issued 222,222 shares of its restricted common stock to Forus Investments, Inc. ("Forus") in exchange for cancellation of a debt by the Company in favor of Forus in the amount of \$100,000. In March 2002, the Company issued an additional 277,777 shares of its restricted common

stock to Forus in exchange for cancellation of the remaining \$100,000 principal and \$25,000 interest outstanding, thereby satisfying the note in full. For such offering, the Company relied upon the 506 Exemption.

In December 2001, the Company issued 535,272 shares of its restricted common stock to Olin Corporation ("Olin") in exchange for cancellation of a debt by the Company in favor of Olin in the amount of \$242,872.40. For such offering, the Company relied upon the 506 Exemption.

See (b) "Business of Registrant" immediately below for a description of the Company's business.

Business of Registrant

General

The Company changed its name to American Ammunition, Inc. on September 26, 2001 and currently is quoted on the OTC-BB under the symbol "AAMI".

On September 29, 2001, the Company entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with AA whereby 100% of the shares of AA were acquired by the Company in exchange for shares of the Company's common stock. A new Board of Directors consisting of AA directors took control of the Company. AA is the sole operating subsidiary of the Company after the effective date of the Share Exchange Agreement.

The Company's principal executive offices are located at 3545 NW 71st Street, Miami, Florida 33147; and its telephone number is (305) 835-7400.

The Company had minimal operations until September 2001 when it acquired AA and since such acquisition is engaged principally in the manufacture and sale of ammunition for retail and wholesale sales. American Ammo is an established small arms munitions manufacturer with an existing distribution network. The ammunition market is dominated by three major manufacturers; however, the Company is poised to enter and impact the growing ammunition market with its technologically advanced manufacturing equipment and techniques. The Company is an approved Department of Defense contractor.

The Company began as an assembler and re-loader of ammunition in several calibers. As the Company grew, management realized that the only way to break into the industry was to become a vertically integrated manufacturer. Its founders then invested heavily in research and development, equipment, and technology and focused on increasing its market share. As a result, the Company continued manufacturing its initial calibers along with special order ammunition for the Department of Defense. Further streamlining of the operations resulted in the manufacture of the current ammunition product line: 9mm, .45auto, ..380auto, .32auto, .40S&W, 38Spl, and 30carbine. Management has identified these products as having the largest share of the market for the next several years.

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The Company's Equipment and Production Line Capabilities

American Ammo owns all the equipment necessary to take the raw material from cup, lead, primer and powder, to the finished product – a finished, loaded round. The process of manufacturing diverse calibers of ammunition is extremely complex and requires tolerances of +/-.0005" to be maintained throughout the process.

The Company's technology and the equipment enable it to produce a large variety of handgun and rifle ammunition. American Ammo has a state of the art machine shop and maintains its own testing and quality assurance equipment and program. Ammunition is a performance - based product. Therefore, after the manufacturing process is complete, the ammunition must comply with specific protocols such as velocity, accuracy, and pressure. The Company purchases raw materials in bulk and strives to take advantage of prepayment discounts to produce significant savings in the manufacturing process. There are and have been instances when discounts have been and may be missed due to cash flow restrictions.

The Company is evaluating the addition of several products to its existing production lines, including the addition of high speed projectile forming machines to supplement the existing casting machines. This addition would effectively double or triple projectile production capacity, while improving projectile quality and performance. The Company also is making provisions to increase other aspects of production capacity which would complement long term goals of both production volume and product diversity.

On October 26, 2000, the Company's equipment and production lines were appraised at \$17,000,000.00 as the Fair Market Value, In-Place, In-Use for the seven bullet manufacturing lines, machine shop and support equipment by Arnold Stewart, ASA, 5761 NW 3th Avenue, Miami, Florida 33142. Such production includes the metallurgical process of case making.

Business Strategy

American Ammo is an autonomous manufacturer of ammunition, with the technology and equipment to take advantage of the growing market. It has developed what it believes is an excellent reputation within the industry.

The barrier to entry into the ammunition market is extremely high; however, American Ammo is an established small arms munitions manufacturer, with an existing distribution network. The Company manufactures its ammunition by creating most of the components itself. Its manufacturing equipment and techniques are technologically advanced and the Company is poised to enter and impact what it perceives as a growing market.

In management's opinion, the ammunition market has grown each year and it appears that supply is not keeping up with demand, thus allowing for companies like American Ammo to make a significant impact in sales through distributors in commercial markets and in addition sales to government agencies, the military and exports. American Ammo has been seeking additional capital

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to allow it to enlarge its operations to take advantage of its technological capacities, equipment and the existing marketplace.

Marketing and Sales Distribution

American Ammo currently has agreements with sixteen (16) national distributors throughout the United States to diversify its sales base. Ellett Brothers, Inc. accounts for thirty-two percent (32%) and fifty-one percent (51%) of the Company's total sales for fiscal year 2000 and 2001, respectively. The Company plans to continue to aggressively pursue new customers through promotions, advertising and trade shows. It intends to solicit original

equipment manufacturer subcontract work from the three (3) major manufacturers; seek additional means of commercial distribution; seek further Department of Defense and Law Enforcement contracts; solicit further Export sales; and increase its dealings with Mass Merchandisers/Chain stores.

American Ammo has been certified by the United States Small Business Administration as a "qualified HUBZone small business concern." Under this program, small businesses can qualify for special set-aside contracts, get up to a 10% edge in competitive contract bidding or even be the sole-source bidder in some cases. The program's name signifies the effort to promote businesses in "historically under-utilized business zones," generally blighted areas and its purpose is to create jobs for those who live in such areas as well.

The Company also is aggressively marketing its unique manufacturing flexibility to numerous DOD and commercial munitions manufacturers as subcontractors allowing prime contractors to reap the benefits of its "HUBZone certification", thereby allowing such prime contractors to comply with FAR requirements for the use of "small and under-utilized minority business" in fulfilling government contracts.

The Small Business Reauthorization Act of 1997 increased the overall government agencies' procurement goals for small business to 23% and calls for HUBZone contracts to increase from 1.5% of these procurements to 3% by 2003.

Pricing and Value

The Company strives to price its products competitively at a price lower than any of the "big three" manufacturers (Remington, Federal, and Winchester). The Company capitalizes on the fact that the "big three" have very large corporate infrastructures and, in management's opinion, have to pay much higher labor costs to their plant personnel. This pricing strategy permits the distributor to purchase the Company's product, add a significant profit and sell such product at a retail price that is lower than that at which the distributor can purchase the competitors' product. The Company believes that this strategy can have a significant impact on the market and increase the Company's market share.

Advertising & Promotion

American Ammo intends to gear its advertising towards magazine and print media, focused on the gun and ammo, handgun and shooting markets. It is believed that such advertising will result

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in greater name recognition among individual consumers. Currently, the Company's sales are generated with very little advertising and it is believed that such advertising could significantly improve retail/mass merchandiser sales and increase market share.

Status of Publicly Announced Products and Services

Aircraft Bullet

The Company was assigned a serial number (60/325,046) from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office for its provisional patent application filed on September 26, 2001 for a bullet that will not pierce an aircraft fuselage but will penetrate human soft tissue. The product has been specifically designed for use

inside the cabin of a commercial aircraft; however, it has additional applications for use in nuclear power plants, at hazardous materials storage facilities, and for home defense.

The Company departed completely from standard ballistics for the design of this projectile to meet what American Ammo perceives as a growing and unfilled need. Two of the basic design criteria in ballistics are penetration and expansion of the projectile. In this design, these two factors have been controlled to meet the specific requirements of weapons discharged inside an aircraft cabin, while insuring fuselage integrity. This design is a new concept in close quarter ammunition: a bullet capable of incapacitating an assailant without damaging surrounding structure.

Design and material selection allows for the inverted expansion and aft internal collapse of the projectile mass. Upon impact with the aircraft fuselage, the bullet (projectile) internally collapses; therefore not allowing for the transfer of kinetic energy forward or penetration above that required for soft tissue penetration. Testing has been successful using test sections of various commercial airliner fuselages as well as ballistic testing using both ordinance gelatin and bovine tissue. This performance criterion is accomplished without sacrificing the standard velocity and accuracy of the caliber being used. A video of those tests can be viewed on the Company's website at www.a-merc.com in the New Product Section. The Company believes that these research and development efforts will provide a new product to the public safety and security marketplace.

Competition

The Company faces competition from large, well-established companies with considerably greater financial, marketing, sales and technical resources than those available to the Company. Additionally, many of the Company's present and potential competitors have capabilities that may allow such competitors to offer its products at prices which may compete with the Company's products. The Company's products could be made uneconomical by the introduction of new products, changes affecting the cost of packaging and shipping, or marketing or pricing actions by one or more of the Company's competitors. The Company's business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by one or more of such developments. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully against current or future competitors or that competition will not have an material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

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The market for small arms ammunition is becoming increasingly competitive. Companies such as Remington, Federal and Winchester are all better equipped, more experienced and better financed than the Company.

For years the large manufacturers have supplied the component parts of the manufacturing process to smaller companies to assemble and distribute. A company making its own components, can produce and market a quality lower cost product. This concept, coupled with technology and progressive and environmentally sound manufacturing practices (i.e. cans and recycled plastic packaging), has resulted in a quality, affordable product reaching the marketplace.

The U.S. Market for Firearms and Ammunition, Economic Analysis of Markets, Manufacturers and Importers states that, "In 1999 sales for small arms and

handgun ammunition exceeded \$10 billion. Only five (5) companies in the United States shared 90% of the market. They include Olin Corporation's Winchester Ammunition Division, Remington Arms and Federal Cartridge Company, Blount and American Ammo."

The Company believes it is feasible to increase its production capacity by 50% to 100% over the next 3 years utilizing existing equipment by increasing only labor, material and other incidental costs. Management bases this prediction on the fact that the Company had reduced sales in fiscal 2001 due to a lack of funding. The Company has already received significant bank and private placement funding in fiscal 2002 (as of the date of this report) to ramp up operations thereby significantly increasing its presence in the market.

The U.S. Market for Firearms and Ammunition, Economic Analysis of Markets, Manufacturers and Importers states that, "Domestic consumption of commercial ammunition exhibited strong growth rates between 1991 and 1996, much in the same manner as the products in which they are used. In 1998 the United States Federal Government purchased \$1,687,658,000; U.S. Exports of small arms ammunition were \$1,618,000,000 and U.S. commercial consumption totaled \$758,000,000."

Sources and Availability of Raw Materials

The Company manufactures its ammunition by creating most of the components itself. The materials needed to produce the Company's ammunition products are widely available from numerous third parties. No shortage of materials is expected in the foreseeable future.

Dependence on one or few customers

The Company currently has agreements with sixteen national distributors throughout the United States to diversify its sales base and plans to continue to aggressively pursue new customers through promotions, advertising and trade shows. It intends to solicit original equipment manufacturer subcontract work from the three major manufacturers; seek additional means of commercial distribution; seek further Department of Defense and Law Enforcement contracts; solicit further Export sales; and increase its dealings with Mass Merchandisers/Chain stores.

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Research and Development

The Company believes that research and development is an important factor in its future growth. The small arms ammunition industry is closely linked to the latest technological advances. Therefore, the Company must continually invest in the technology to provide the best quality product to the public and to effectively compete with other companies in the industry. No assurance can be made that the Company will have sufficient funds to purchase technological advances as they become available.

Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks

The Company intends to protect its original intellectual property with patents, copyrights and/or trademarks as appropriate.

The Company's headstamp "A-MERC" was registered as a trademark on May 10,1994.

The Company was assigned a serial number (60/325,046) from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office for its provisional patent application filed on September 26, 2001 for a bullet that will not pierce an aircraft fuselage but will penetrate human soft tissue.

Governmental Regulation

In accordance with the provisions of Title 1, Gun Control Act of 1968, and the regulations issued thereunder [27 CFR Part 178], the Company is required to be licensed to engage in the importing of firearms other than destructive devices and as the manufacturer of ammunition for firearms. Such licensing is subject to limitations in Chapter 44, Title 18, United States Code and the regulations issued thereunder.

In accordance with these requirements, the Company carries two licenses issued by the Department of Treasury, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms:

License No. 1-59-025-06-3D 69152 for "06 - Manufacturer of Ammunition for Firearms", which license expires on April 1, 2003; and

License No. 1-59-025-08-3D-69454 for "08-Importer of Firearm other than Destructive Devices", which license expires on April 1, 2003.

In the event such licenses were not renewed for any reason, the Company would be precluded from continuing its operations.

The Company is not aware of any other license requirements or government regulation at a state or federal level specific to their business and believes that it in full compliance with its existing licenses.

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Effect of Probable Governmental Regulation on the Business

The Company is not aware of any pending legislation at either the state or federal level that would change the requirements under which it is licensed and is not aware of any reason why the existing licenses cannot be renewed at their expiration dates. There can be no assurance that legislation will not be proposed and enacted at some time in the future that would preclude the Company from continuing its operations. Should such legislation be enacted, and should the Company be precluded from continuing its operations, it would have a materially adverse effect upon the Company's business and future.

Cost and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Laws

As a manufacturer, the Company is subject to general local, state and federal regulations governing environmental concerns. Management believes that the Company has always been and continues to be in compliance with all such laws.

Special precautions have been taken by the Company to ensure that adequate ventilation exists for the portion of the Company's operations that utilize lead and/or brass. Additionally, the Company's gunpowder supply is humidity and temperature controlled in a secure facility.

Employees

At December 31, 2001, the Company employed thirty-seven (37) persons. None of these employees are represented by a labor union for purposes of collective bargaining. The Company considers its relations with its employees to be excellent. The Company may employ additional personnel, as necessary, to accommodate future sales and production requirements.

Item 2. Description of Property

The Company maintains its executive offices at 3545 NW 71st Street, Miami, FL 33147. Its telephone number is (305) 835-7400 and its facsimile number is (305) 694-0037.

The Company leases 24,000 square feet of warehouse space, owned by the family of one of its officers and directors, Andres Fernandez, at a rate of \$3,931 per month plus applicable sales taxes. This equates to a rate per square for of \$2.71 per year. Management believes comparable rentals in the area average about \$4.50 per square foot. The Company is operating under a five-year lease agreement expiring on October 31, 2003 that contains a clause that the lease may be renewed for an additional ten (10) year period upon written notification to the lessor no later than 120 days prior to the scheduled expiration date at a rental rate based upon the fair market value for similar space in a similar location at the time of renewal. This facility is used as the Company's production facility and headquarters.

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Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not a party to any pending litigation at this time nor is any of its property subject to any pending legal proceedings.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Part II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters.

a) Market Information.

The common stock of the Company currently is quoted on the Over the Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "AAMI" and has been since October 23, 2001. Prior to that time, it was approved for trading under symbol "FBIB," although it never traded under that symbol. The ask/high and bid/low information for each quarter since October 23, 2001 are as follows:

Quarter	Ask/High	Bid/Low
09/01/2001-12/31/2001	1.75	0.53

Please note that over-the-counter market quotations have been provided herein. The quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail markup, mark-down or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

(b) Holders.

As of December 31, 2001 the Company had fifty-two (52) shareholders of record of its 26,850,000 outstanding shares of common stock, 23,728,800 of which are restricted Rule 144 shares and 3,121,200 of which are free-trading. Of the Rule 144 shares, 0 shares have been held by affiliates of the Company for more than one (1) year.

(c) Dividends.

The Company has never paid or declared any dividends on its common stock and does not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

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Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis

(a) Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements contained in this annual filing, including, without limitation, statements containing the words "believes", "anticipates", "expects" and words of similar import, constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Such factors include, among others, the following: international, national and local general economic and market conditions: demographic changes; the ability of the Company to sustain, manage or forecast its growth; the ability of the Company to successfully make and integrate acquisitions; raw material costs and availability; new product development and introduction; existing government regulations and changes in, or the failure to comply with, government regulations; adverse publicity; competition; the loss of significant customers or suppliers; fluctuations and difficulty in forecasting operating results; changes in business strategy or development plans; business disruptions; the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; the ability to protect technology; and other factors referenced in this and previous filings.

Given these uncertainties, readers of this Form 10-KSB and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any such factors or to publicly announce the result of any revisions to any of the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

(b) Summary

American Ammunition, Inc. (AAI or Company) was incorporated on February 1, 2000 in the State of California as FirsTelevision.com. AAI subsequently changed its corporate name to FBI Fresh Burgers International with a business plan of marketing the concept of a national "fast food" restaurant chain to children and young adults, with a menu of fresh burgers, fries and sandwiches. However, there was no assurance that this business concept would be successful.

On September 29, 2001, the Company, F&F Equipment, Inc. (F&F) and the

individual shareholders of F&F entered into an "Agreement For The Exchange Of Common Stock" (Exchange Agreement) whereby the shareholders of F&F exchanged 100.0% of the issued and outstanding stock of F&F for 21,000,000 post-forward split shares of restricted, unregistered common stock of the Company. F&F Equipment, Inc. then became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The acquisition of F&F Equipment, Inc., on September 29, 2001, by the Company effected a change in control and was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition" whereby F&F Equipment, Inc. is the accounting acquiror for financial statement purposes. Accordingly, for all periods subsequent to the September 29, 2001 change in control transaction, the financial statements of the Company reflect the historical financial statements of F&F Equipment, Inc. from its inception on October 4, 1983 and the operations of the Company subsequent to September 29, 2001.

Concurrent with the September 29, 2001 reverse acquisition transaction, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to change the Company's name to American Ammunition, Inc. and modified the Company's capital structure to allow for the issuance of up to 320,000,000 total equity shares consisting of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 300,000,000 shares of common stock. Both classes of stock have a par value of \$0.001 per share.

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On October 9, 2001, the Company effected a three (3) for one (1) forward stock split. This action caused the then issued and outstanding shares to increase from 2,990,400 to 8,971,200 on the action date. The effect of this action is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as of the first day of the first period presented.

F&F Equipment, Inc.(Company) was incorporated on October 4, 1983 under the laws of the State of Florida. The Company was formed to engage principally in the "import, export, retail & wholesale of firearms equipment, ammunition & other devices and for the purpose of transacting any and/or all lawful business." The Company conducts its business operations under the assumed name of "American Ammunition".

The Company and its subsidiary have a year-end of December 31 and uses the accrual method of accounting.

All discussions in this section pertain to the historical operations of F&F Equipment, Inc. as the accounting successor to the September

(c) Results of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2001 compared to Year ended December 31, 2000

The Company's operations were hampered during 2001 as a result of on-going litigation between the Company and it's financial lending institution. As the Company was unable to access credit lines for working capital, it was unable to offer selling terms comparable to its competitors and, accordingly, experienced a significant reduction in sales from prior years. This litigation was settled during June 2001 and the Company negotiated a new working capital note with a different financial institution which provided liquidity for the remainder of 2001.

During the year ended December 31, 2001, the Company experienced revenues of approximately \$428,000 as compared to approximately \$1,716,000 for the year

ended December 31, 2000.

The Company experienced costs of goods sold of approximately \$1,629,000 and \$2,026,000 for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The Company experiences variable costs in the area of material consumption and direct labor. The Company has recognized depreciation expense on production equipment of approximately \$629,000 and \$617,000, respectively, in the above cost of goods expense totals. These depreciation levels are anticipated to remain fairly constant for future periods unless the Company is successful in its plans to expand production.

Due to the lack of liquidity, the Company has been unable to reach its break-even point. This situation has generated a negative gross profit of approximately (\$1,201,000), or (280.97%) for the year ended December 31, 2001 and approximately (\$310,000), or (18.07%). The Company anticipates that with adequate liquidity, it will be able to generate a positive gross profit during Calendar 2002.

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The Company experiences relatively consistent expenditure levels for executive and administrative compensation, interest expense and depreciation expense. The Company renegotiated its working capital note payable in June 2001. This note bears interest at the Wall Street Journal published prime rate plus 2.0%. The new note has payment terms as follows: For the first year (through June 28, 2002), interest only, payable monthly. Thereafter, starting on July 28, 2002, equal monthly payments of principal and interest shall be due until June 28, 2007 which payments shall represent the amount necessary to fully amortize the remaining principal balance of the note. The monthly payments shall be recalculated at the time of any change in the applicable interest rate. The note is secured by virtually all of the Company's real and personal property. A portion of the proceeds from the financing were used to pay the \$550,000 required in the Settlement and Compromise Agreement. Accordingly, the Company anticipates relatively stable interest expense, or declining levels, in future periods depending on expansion and additional equipment financing requirements. The Company does not anticipate the addition of significant additions to office and administrative personnel.

The Company experienced nominal research and development expenses during 2001 related to the development of a new patent-pending projectile for use in ammunition specifically for the public safety and security marketplace, especially in the rapidly expanding U. S. Air Marshall program.

Due to the lack of liquidity in 2001 and prior years, the Company has not developed an extensive marketing effort. Accordingly, expenditures in this area have been nominal. Due to improved liquidity during the last 1/2 of 2001 and for future periods, the Company anticipates, as internally generated funds are available, to increase its marketing efforts to boost sales.

Other general and administrative expenses increased from approximately \$87,000 during Calendar 2000 to approximately \$535,000 during Calendar 2001. The majority of this increase was a result of professional and consulting fees related to the Company's reverse acquisition transaction in September 2001, and includes approximately \$415,000 for non-cash charges related to fees and services charged to operations which were paid with common stock.

The Company also experienced non-cash income (charges) to operations resulting from a one-time gain of approximately \$755,000 for the settlement of

the litigation with its former lending institution and approximately (\$392,000) in amortization of a beneficial conversion feature discount on preferred stock with an equivalent post-conversion common stock price at an amount less than the quoted closing market price of the Company's common stock as of the sale date of the underlying convertible preferred stock.

The Company recognized a net loss of approximately (2,212,000) and (1,216,000) for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, or (0.08) and (0.05) per share.

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Year ended December 31, 2000 compared to Year ended December 31, 1999

During Calendar 2000, the Company began to incur liquidity problems as a result of actions taken by its-then lending institution. The actions taken by the lending institution led to litigation being filed by the Company against the lending institution. The result of these problems was responsible for the Company's revenues declining from approximately \$2,914,000 in Calendar 1999 to approximately \$1,716,000 Calendar 2000.

The Company experienced costs of goods sold of approximately \$2,026,000 and \$2,780,000 for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The Company experiences variable costs in the area of material consumption and direct labor. The Company has recognized depreciation expense on production equipment of approximately \$617,000 and \$591,000, respectively, in the above cost of goods expense totals. These depreciation levels are anticipated to remain fairly constant for future periods unless the Company is successful in its plans to expand production.

Due to the lack of liquidity, the Company has been unable to reach its break-even point. This situation has generated a negative gross profit of approximately (310,000), or (18.07%) for the year ended December 31, 2001 and approximately (106,000), or (3.64%).

The Company experiences relatively consistent expenditure levels for executive and administrative compensation, interest expense and depreciation expense. Interest expense during Calendar 1999 and 2000, respectively, was related to various long-term capital leases for equipment and various debt instruments which were cancelled in June 2001 as a result of aforementioned litigation. The Company does not anticipate the addition of significant additions to office and administrative personnel.

Due to the lack of liquidity in 2001 and prior years, the Company has not developed an extensive marketing effort. Accordingly, expenditures in this area have been nominal. Other general and administrative expenses declined during Calendar 2000 from approximately \$237,000 in Calendar 1999 to approximately \$87,000 during Calendar 2000.

The Company recognized a net loss of approximately (1,216,000) and (862,000) for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, or (0.05) and (0.03) per share.

(d) Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999, respectively, the Company had

working capital of approximately \$341,000, \$(8,877,760) and \$(7,956,000). The Company's working capital position improved significantly in Calendar 2001 with the settlement of litigation involving its outstanding debt to its-then financial institution and the concurrent restructuring of working capital debt into a long-term instrument.

The Company has generated (used) cash in operating activities of approximately \$(1,100,000), \$18,000 and \$405,000 during the years ended December 31, 2001, 2000 and 1999. The cash used in operating activities during 2001 was offset with cash received in the sale of Class A Convertible Preferred Stock or Common Stock. The Company anticipates that its improved liquidity position during the last half of Calendar 2001 will allow for improved sales and, accordingly, improved liquidity in future periods.

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The Company has plans to increase its production capability in the immediate future by 50% to 100%. Accordingly, this expansion will require additional capital which is anticipated to be raised in various combinations of capital leases, bank debt and/or equity offerings. At this time, the Company has no definitive budgets or timetables for such expansion and this expansion, if any, will be dependent upon market demand for the Company's products. Management is of the opinion that sufficient demand will be present, as supported by new product development and increased product marketing efforts, to justify this expansion. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain additional funding or, that such funding, if available, will be obtained on terms favorable to or affordable by the Company.

(e) Product Research and Development

The Company believes that research and development activities will allow for the development and introduction of new products into the ammunition marketplace. Over the next 12 calendar months, the Company anticipates completing the design, development and introduction of its new patent-pending projectile for use in ammunition specifically for the public safety and security marketplace, especially in the rapidly expanding U. S. Air Marshall program. Management also believes that this projectile will have wide acceptance in the home security and sport hunting markets.

Further, additional ammunition calibers and/or projectiles may be developed by the Company depending upon market research, acceptance in the marketplace of existing products and production capabilities. At this time, there are no definitive plans for the further introduction of other new products into the marketplace.

Item 7. Financial Statements

The required consolidated financial statements begin on page F-1 of this document.

AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report December 31, 2001 and 2000

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S. W. HATFIELD, CPA certified public accountants

Use our past to assist your future sm

AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

S. W. HATFIELD, CPA certified public accountants

Member: Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants Press Club of Dallas

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors and Stockholders American Ammunition, Inc. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of American Ammunition, Inc. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) (a California corporation) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition) and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post- acquisition) and the period from February 1, 2000 (date of incorporation) through December 31, 2000 (pre- acquisition). These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Ammunition, Inc. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International, Inc) as of December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition) and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and for the period from February 1, 2000 (date of

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incorporation) through December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition), in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

S. W. HATFIELD, CPA

Dallas, Texas March 12, 2002

Use our past to assist your future sm (secure mailing address) (overnight delivery/shipping address) P. O. Box 820395 9002 Green Oaks Circle, 2nd Floor Dallas, Texas 75382-0395 Dallas, Texas 75243-7212 214-342-9635 (voice) (fax) 214-342-9601 800-244-0639 SWHCPA@aol.com

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2001 and 2000

Cash on hand and in bank Accounts receivable - trade, net of factored accounts of approximately \$-0- and \$10,070 and allowance for doubtful accounts of \$-0- and \$-0-, respectively Inventory Prepaid expenses Total Current Assets	(post-acquisition) December 31, 2001		
Current Assets Cash on hand and in bank Accounts receivable - trade, net of	\$ 596,419	\$ 858	
<pre>\$-0- and \$10,070 and allowance for doubtful accounts of \$-0- and \$-0-, respectively Inventory</pre>	314,741 9,458	333,410	
Total Current Assets	920,618	394,683	
Office furniture and fixtures	50,856	6,365,802 49,699 181,814	
Accumulated depreciation	6,702,972	6,597,315 (2,097,881)	
Net Property and Equipment		4,499,434	

(

Other Assets			
Loan costs, net of accumulated amortization of			
approximately \$69,334, \$23,778 and \$-0-, respectively	-		45,556
Investment in acquisition candidate	-		-
Deposits and other	74,310		59,712
Total Other Assets	74,310		105,268
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,960,183	\$	4,999,385
		===	

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - CONTINUED December 31, 2001 and 2000

	(post-acquisi December 3 2001	1,	Dece	ember 31,
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Cash overdraft	\$	-	\$	73,234
Notes payable to a bank		-		1,143,381
Current maturities of leases payable		8,365		28,409
Accounts payable - trade	46	1,902		684,674
Accrued excise taxes payable		8,641		27,380
Accrued interest payable		1,000		3,308,038
Note payable to stockholder	10	0,000		4,007,327
Total Current Liabilities	57	9,908		9,272,443
Long-Term Liabilities				
Note payable to a bank	95	0,000		-
Capital leases payable	1	7,348		79 , 875
Total Liabilities	1,54	7,256		9,352,318

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Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock		
45,600 shares issued and outstanding	228,000	-
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock - \$0.001 par value		
20,000,000 shares authorized.		
1,795,320 shares allocated to Series A	_	-
Common stock - \$0.001 par value.		
300,000,000 shares authorized.		
49,975,614, 26,850,000 and 26,850,000		
shares issued and outstanding	49,976	26,850
Additional paid-in capital	14,700,771	4,974,150
Accumulated deficit	(11,565,820)	(9,353,933)
Total Stockholders' Equity	3,184,927	(4,352,933)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 4,960,183 \$	4,999,385
	=======================================	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and Period from February 1, 2000 (date of incorporation) through December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition)

	(post-	(post-acquisition)		-acquisition)
	De	ar ended cember 31, 001	E	Year ended December 31, 2000
Revenues	\$	427,529	\$ 	1,715,885
Cost of Sales				
Materials		357 , 399		1,158,662
Direct Labor		260,012		210,707
Other direct costs and expenses		382,407		39,633
Depreciation		628,925		616,982

Total Cost of Sales	1,628,743	2,025,984
Gross Profit	(1,201,214)	(310,099)
Operating Expenses		
Research and development expenses	3,963	-
Marketing and promotion expenses	4,043	4,609
Salaries, wages and related expenses	365,079	
Other operating expenses	535,450	
Interest expense Depreciation expense	453,943 10,911	12,769
Total Operating Expenses	1,373,389	905,770
Loss from Operations	(2,574,603)	(1,215,869)
Other Income (Expense)		
Settlement of litigation	754,830	-
Amortization of Beneficial Conversion		
Feature Discount on Preferred Stock	(392,114)	-
Loss before Income Taxes	(2,211,887)	(1,215,869)
Provision for Income Taxes	-	-
Net Loss	(2,211,887)	(1,215,869)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Comprehensive Loss	\$ (2,211,887)	\$ (1,215,869)
Loss per weighted-average share of common stock outstanding, computed on net loss -		
basic and fully diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.05)
Sabio and fully alfaced		
Weighted-average number of		
common shares outstanding		26,850,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and Period from February 1, 2000 (date of incorporation)

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through December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition)

	Preferred Stock			Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock Common Stock			
				Shares		pai cap	
Stock issued to founders							
at formation Effect of 3 for 1 forward split		\$		1,810,000 3,620,000		Ş	
Stock issued for services	-			140,000			
Effect of 3 for 1 forward split	-		_	280,000	280		
Issuance of common stock for acquisition of subsidiary	_		-	21,000,000	21,000		
Net loss for the year (pre-acquisition)	-		-	-	-		
Balances at December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition)	_		_	26,850,000	26,850		
Recapitalization due to reverse merger with F&F Equipment, Inc.	_		_	_	_	4,9	
Net loss for the year (post-acquisition)	_						
Balances at December 31, 2000 (post-acquisition)		Ş		26,850,000	•		

- Continued -

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and Period from February 1, 2000 (date of incorporation) through December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition)

Mandatory Con	vertible			
Preferred	Stock	Common	Stock	Addi
				pai
Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	cap

Balances at December 31, 2000 (post-acquisition)	_	\$	26,850,000 \$	26,850	\$ 4,9
Issuance of common stock for					
Consulting fees - pre-acquisition Recapitalization due to reverse	_	_	124,400	125	1
merger with F&F Equipment, Inc.	-	_	-	-	(1
Consulting fees - post-acquisition Effect of 3 for 1 forward split	_	_	916,000	916	4
on cumulative consulting fees	-	-	2,080,800	2,081	
Cash	-	-	222,222	222	
Settlement of accounts payable	-	-	535,272	535	2
Private placement of Preferred Stock	284,600	1,423,000	_	_	
Less costs of raising capital	-	-	-	_	(1
Beneficial Conversion Feature					
Discount on Preferred Stock	-	-	_	-	1,2
Conversion of shareholder debt and					
accrued interest into Preferred Stock	1,510,720	7,553,600	-	-	
Conversion of Preferred Stock to					
Common Stock Adjustment of the unamortized balance of Beneficial Conversion	(1,749,720)	(8,748,600)	19,246,920	19,247	8,7
Feature Discount as a result					
of the exercise of conversion	_	_	-	-	(8
Net loss for the year (post-acquisition)	_	_	_	-	
Balances at December 31, 2001					
(post-acquisition)	45 , 600	\$ 228,000	49,975,614 \$	49 , 976	\$14 , 7
	=========				=====

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and Period from February 1, 2000 (date of incorporation) through December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition)

(post-acquisition) (post-acquisition)

Year ended	Year ended
December 31,	December 31,
2001	2000

Net loss for the year\$ (2,211,887)\$ (1,215,869)Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities639,836638,398Depreciation and amortization639,836638,398Common stock issued for fees and services540,534-Amortization of conversion discount on preferred stock392,114-Ancounts recolvable60,41585,488Inventory13,669(49,725)Propid expenses, deposits and other (1,000)(24,056)(50,457)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts propide states(1,000)320,586Excise taxes payable - trade13,100335,427Interest payable - trade(1,000)320,586Excise taxes payable (11,000)(265,268)Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities(105,657)(265,268)Net cash used in investing activities(105,657)(265,268)Increase in cash overdraft cash received (paid) on short term loans - net Principal paid on long-term capital leases (22,5711)(24,749)Cash received on long-term cash Principal paid on long-term capital leases (22,5711)(24,749)-Cash provided by financing activities1,423,000-Increase (DECREASE) IN CASH595,561(265,599)-Net cash provided by financing activities1,401,622(8,939)-INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH595,561(256,559)2Cash at end of year\$596,419\$558 <th>Cash flows from operating activities</th> <th></th> <th></th>	Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash provided by operating activities639,836638,938Depreciation and amortization639,836638,938Common stock issued for fees and services540,534-Accrued interest converted to preferred stock240,440-Amortization of conversion discount382,114-(Increase) Decrease in60,41586,488Inventory18,669(49,725)Prepaid expenses, deposits and other(24,056)(50,457)Increase (Decrease) inAccounts payable - trade18,100335,427Interest payable(11,000)320,586Excise taxes payable	Net loss for the year	\$ (2,211,887)	\$ (1,215,869)
Depreciation and amortization639,836 (734,830)638,336 (734,830)638,336 (734,830)Common stock issued for fees and services540,534 (734,830)-Accrued interest converted to preferred stock240,440-Amortization of conversion discount392,114-on preferred stock392,114-(Increase) Decrease in60,41586,488Accounts receivable60,41586,486Inventory18,669(49,725)Prepaid expenses, deposits and other(24,056)(50,457)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts payable - trade18,100335,427Interest payable(1,000)320,586Excise taxes payable(1,100,404)17,608Turchase of property and equipment(105,657)(265,268)Net cash used in investing activities(105,657)(265,268)Increase in cash overdraft7,76073,234Cash flows from financing activities(105,657)(265,268)Increase in cash overdraft7,76073,234Cash received (paid) on short term loans - net(451,652)(14,563)Cash received on long-term loans(22,811)Principal paid on long-term loansOch received on sale of common stock100,000Cash received on sale of common stock100,000Cash provided by financing activitiesIncrease in cash provided by financing activities	Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net		
Gain on litigation settlement(754,830)-Common stock issued for fees and services540,534-Accrued interest converted to preferred stock240,440-Amortization of conversion discount392,114-on preferred stock392,114-(Increase) Decrease in60,41586,488Inventory18,669(49,725)Prepaid expenses, deposits and other(24,056)(50,457)Increase (Decrease) inAccounts payable - trade18,100325,427Interest payable(18,739)(47,240)Precise taxes payable(100,320,586Excise taxes payable(100,657)(265,268)Net cash provided by (used in) operating activitiesPurchase of property and equipment(105,657)(265,268)Net cash used in investing activitiesIncrease in cash overdraft7,76073,234Cash flows from financing activitiesIncrease in cash overdraft2,760-Principal paid on long-term loansPrincipal paid on long-term capital leases(82,571)(24,749)Cash received quipment stock104,000-Cash provided by financing activitiesIncrease in cash overdraft7,76073,234Cash received on sale of MandatoryCash provided by financing activitiesIncrease (DECREASE) IN CASH595,561(256,599)Cash at be	cash provided by operating activities		
Common stock issued for fees and services540,534-Accrued interest converted to preferred stock240,440-Amortization of conversion discount392,114-on preferred stock392,114-(Increase) Decrease in60,41586,488Inventory18,669(49,725)Prepaid expenses, deposits and other(24,056)(50,457)Increase (Decrease) in88,100335,427Accounts payable - trade18,100320,586Excise taxes payable(10,7240)200,586Excise taxes payable(101,0404)17,608Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Depreciation and amortization	639,836	638,398
Accurd interest conversed to preferred stock240,440-Amortization of conversion discount392,114-(Increase) Decrease in392,114-Accounts receivable60,41586,488Inventory18,669(49,725)Prepaid expenses, deposits and other(24,056)(50,457)Increase (Decrease) in10,000320,586Accounts payable - trade18,100335,427Interest payable(1,000)320,586Excise taxes payable(1,100,004)17,608Uncrease of property and equipment(105,657)(265,268)Net cash used in investing activities(105,657)(265,268)Net cash used in investing activities(105,657)(265,268)Increase in cash overfaft7,76073,234Cash flows from financing activities7,76073,234Increase in cash overfaft7,76073,234Principal paid on long-term loans-(42,414)Principal paid on long-term loans-(42,414)Cash received (paid) on short term loans - net(451,652)(14,533)Cash received on sale of kandatoryCash paid to acquire capitalNet cash provided by financing activities1,801,622(82,571)Net cash provided by financing activitiesIncrease in cash order active activeCash paid to acquire capitalNet cash provided by financing activitiesIncrease (Decrease	Gain on litigation settlement	(754,830)	-
Amortization of conversion discount on preferred stock392,114-(Increase) Decrease in Accounts receivable60,41586,488Inventory Prepaid expenses, deposits and other18,669(49,725)Increase (Decrease) in Accounts payable - trade18,100335,427Interest payable(18,739)(47,240)Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities(11,100,404)17,608Furchase of property and equipment(105,657)(265,268)Net cash used in investing activities(105,657)(265,268)Increase in cash overdraft Cash received (paid) on short term loans - net Principal paid on long-term loans100,000-Principal paid on long-term dapital leases Cash received on sale of Amadatory Cash received on sale of Common stock1,423,000-Net cash provided by financing activities1,423,000Increase in cash of common stock100,000Cash received on sale of Common stock1,423,000Cash received on sale of common stock1,601,622(8,939)-Net cash provided by financing activitiesINCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH595,561(256,599)-Cash at end of year\$ 596,419\$ 858-		540,534	-
on preferred stock 392,114 - (Increase) Decrease in 60,415 86,488 Inventory 18,669 (49,725) Prepaid expenses, deposits and other (24,056) (50,457) Increase (Decrease) in 18,100 335,427 Accounts payable - trade 18,100 320,566 Excise taxes payable (1,000) 320,566 Excise taxes payable (1,100,404) 17,608 Outche taxes from investing activities (105,657) (265,268) Purchase of property and equipment (105,657) (265,268) Net cash used in investing activities (105,657) (265,268) Increase in cash overdraft 7,760 73,234 Cash received (paid) on short term loans - net (451,652) (14,583) Cash received (paid) on short term loans - net (82,571) (24,749) Cash received on long-term capital leases (82,571) (24,749) Cash received on sale of Amdatory - - Cash provided by financing activities 1,423,000 - Cash received on sale of Amdatory	-	240,440	-
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Cash at end of year \$ 596,419 \$ 858	INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	595 , 561	(256,599)
	Cash at beginning of year	858	256,457
			A 050
	Cash at end of year		

- Continued -

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 (post-acquisition) and Period from February 1, 2000 (date of incorporation) through December 31, 2000 (pre-acquisition)

	(post-	acquisition)	(post-a	acquisition)
	De	ear ended ecember 31, 2001		cember 31,
Supplemental disclosure of interest and income taxes paid				
Interest paid for the period	\$	214,503	\$	108,993
	====			
Income taxes paid for the period	\$	-	\$	-
	====			
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities Conversion of debt and accrued interest				
payable to a shareholder into preferred stock	\$	7,553,600	\$	-
	====	============		
Payment of accounts payable with				
issuance of common stock	\$	240,872	\$	-
	====		======	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note A - Organization and Description of Business

American Ammunition, Inc. (AAI or Company) was incorporated on February 1, 2000 in the State of California as FirsTelevision.com. AAI subsequently changed its corporate name to FBI Fresh Burgers International with a business plan of marketing the concept of a national "fast food" restaurant chain to children and young adults, with a menu of fresh burgers, fries and sandwiches. However, there was no assurance that this business concept would be successful.

On September 29, 2001, the Company, F&F Equipment, Inc. (F&F) and the individual shareholders of F&F entered into an "Agreement For The Exchange Of Common Stock" (Exchange Agreement) whereby the shareholders of F&F exchanged 100.0% of the issued and outstanding stock of F&F for 21,000,000 post-forward split shares of restricted, unregistered common stock of the Company. F&F Equipment, Inc. then became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The acquisition of F&F Equipment, Inc., on September 29, 2001, by the Company effected a change in control and was accounted for as a "reverse acquisition" whereby F&F Equipment, Inc. is the accounting acquiror for financial statement purposes. Accordingly, for all periods subsequent to the September 29, 2001 change in control transaction, the financial statements of the Company reflect the historical financial statements of F&F Equipment, Inc. from its inception on October 4, 1983 and the operations of the Company subsequent to September 29, 2001.

Concurrent with the September 29, 2001 reverse acquisition transaction, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to change the Company's name to American Ammunition, Inc. and modified the Company's capital structure to allow for the issuance of up to 320,000,000 total equity shares consisting of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 300,000,000 shares of common stock. Both classes of stock have a par value of \$0.001 per share.

On October 9, 2001, the Company effected a three (3) for one (1) forward stock split. This action caused the then issued and outstanding shares to increase from 2,990,400 to 8,971,200 on the action date. The effect of this action is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as of the first day of the first period presented.

F&F Equipment, Inc.(Company) was incorporated on October 4, 1983 under the laws of the State of Florida. The Company was formed to engage principally in the "import, export, retail & wholesale of firearms equipment, ammunition & other devices and for the purpose of transacting any and/or all lawful business." The Company conducts its business operations under the assumed name of "American Ammunition".

The Company and its subsidiary have a year-end of December 31 and use the accrual method of accounting.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements contain the accounts of American Ammunition, Inc. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, F&F Equipment, Inc. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The consolidated entities are collectively referred to as "Company".

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Cash and cash equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flows purposes, the Company considers all cash on hand and in banks, including accounts in book overdraft positions, certificates of deposit and other highly-liquid investments with maturities of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Cash overdraft positions may occur from time to time due to the timing of making bank deposits and releasing checks, in accordance with the Company's cash management policies.

2. Accounts receivable

In the normal course of business, the Company extends unsecured credit to virtually all of its customers which are located throughout the United States. Because of the credit risk involved, management has provided an allowance for doubtful accounts which reflects its opinion of amounts which will eventually become uncollectible. In the event of complete non-performance, the maximum exposure to the Company is the recorded amount of trade accounts receivable shown on the balance sheet at the date of non-performance.

3. Inventory

Inventory consists of raw materials, work-in-process and finished goods related to the production and sale of small arms ammunition. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method.

4. Property, plant and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at historical cost. These costs are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the individual assets using the straight-line method, generally three to ten years.

Gains and losses from disposition of property and equipment are recognized as incurred and are included in operations.

5 Loan costs

Amounts paid for origination fees related to loans payable are amortized over the scheduled maturity of the corresponding debt.

6. Income Taxes

The Company uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. At December 31, 2001 and 2000, the deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability accounts, as recorded when material to the financial statements, are entirely the result of temporary differences. Temporary differences represent differences in the recognition of assets and liabilities for tax and financial reporting purposes, primarily accumulated depreciation and amortization, allowance for doubtful accounts and vacation accruals.

As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the deferred tax asset related to the Company's net operating loss carryforward is fully reserved. If these carryforwards are not utilized, they will begin to expire in 2005.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

7. Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents (primarily outstanding options and warrants). Common stock equivalents represent the dilutive effect of the assumed exercise of the outstanding stock options and warrants, using the treasury stock method. The calculation of fully diluted earnings (loss) per share assumes the dilutive effect of the exercise of outstanding options and warrants at either the beginning of the respective period presented or the date of issuance, whichever is later. As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, the Company had no warrants and/or options outstanding.

8. Advertising

The Company does not conduct any direct response advertising activities. For non-direct response advertising, the Company charges the costs of these efforts to operations at the first time the related advertising is published.

Note C - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and notes payable, as applicable, approximates fair value due to the short term nature of these items and/or the current interest rates payable in relation to current market conditions.

Note D - Inventory

As of December 31, 2001 and 2000, inventory consisted of the following components:

	(post-acquisition)	(post-acquisition)	(pre-acquisition)
	December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
	2001	2000	2000
Raw materials	\$ 82,454	\$ 109,467	\$ -
Work in process	197,704	196,935	-
Finished goods	34,583	27,008	-
Totals	\$ 314,741	\$ 333,410	\$ – =======

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note E - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following components:

		(post-acquisition) December 31, 2000	Estimated useful life
Manufacturing equipment Office furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	\$6,470,064 50,856 182,052	\$6,365,802 49,699 181,814	10 years 7 years 20 years
Accumulated depreciation	6,702,972 (2,737,717)	6,597,315 (2,097,881) 	
Net property and equipment	\$3,965,255 =======	\$4,499,434	

Total depreciation expense charged to operations for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000 was approximately \$639,836 and \$629,751, respectively.

Included in the amounts reflected in the accompanying balance sheet are the following fixed assets on long-term capital leases:

	(post-acquisition) December 31, 2001	(post-acquisition) December 31, 2000
Manufacturing and processing equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$153,400 (39,179)	\$153,400 (23,839)
	\$114,221	\$129,561 =======

Note F - Notes payable to a Bank

Notes payable to a Bank consist of the following at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively:

\$200,000 line of credit payable to a bank. Interest at the Bank's prime rate plus 1.50% or 2.00%, respectively. (11.00 % at December 31, 2000). Interest payable monthly. Advances and accrued, but unpaid, interest mature on the 60th day following funding. Agreement is renegotiable annually on the anniversary date in November of each calendar year. Collateralized by all accounts receivable, inventory and fixed assets of the Company and the personal guaranty of the Company's President.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note F - Notes payable to a Bank - Continued

Notes payable to a Bank consist of the following at December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively:

(post-acquisition) (pos December 31, 2001

\$250,000 installment note payable to a bank. Interest at the Wall Street Journal published prime rate plus 2.0% (11.00% at December 31, 2000). Payable in monthly installments of approximately \$2,083, plus accrued interest. Final payment due in December 2009. Collateralized by all accounts receivable, inventory and fixed assets of the Company, the personal guaranty of the Company's President and a mortgage on the Company's corporate offices and manufacturing facility owned by the Company's stockholder.

\$738,090 (originally \$1,000,000) installment note payable to

a bank. Interest at the Wall Street Journal published prime rate plus 2.50% (11.0% at December 31, 2000). Payable in monthly installments of approximately \$7,530, plus accrued interest. Final payment due in March 2008. Collateralized by all accounts receivable, inventory and fixed assets of the Company and the personal guaranty of the Company's President.

Total notes payable to a bank

As of December 31, 2000, the Company was operating under a bank approved moratorium on the payment of principal and interest on all of the above listed notes payable. During 2001, the Company and its President commenced litigation against the lending institution and , on June 29, 2001, the Company and the Bank executed a Settlement and Compromise Agreement whereby all loans and debts of the Company to the Bank were settled and cancelled for a one-time cash payment of \$550,000. Accordingly, due to the circumstances surrounding the final settlement and retirement of these loans, they were classified as "current" on December 31, 2000 in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The source of funds for the \$550,000 settlement came from a new \$950,000 note payable to another financial institution.

As a result of this settlement, the Company recognized a one-time gain on the settlement of approximately \$754,830.

AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note G - Capital Leases Payable

Capital leases payable consist of the following as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively:

(post-acquisition) (pos December 31, 2001

Three and six capital leases, respectively, payable to various equipment financing companies. Interest, at December 31, 2001, ranging between 11.37% and 14.05%. Payable in aggregate monthly installments of approximately \$935, including accrued interest, as of December 31, 2001. Final

\$____\$

maturities occur between September 2004 and December 2004. Collateralized the underlying leased manufacturing equipment.

Less current maturities

Long-term portion

Future maturities of capital leases payable are as follows:

Year ending December 31	Amount
2002 2003 2004	\$ 8,365 9,507 7,841
Totals	\$25,713 ======

Note H - Loan payable to Stockholder

(post-acquisition)	(pos
December 31,	
2001	

\$ 25,713 \$

\$ 17,348

(8,365) _____

==

\$

\$4,007,327 note payable to the Company's stockholder. Interest at 8.0%. Principal and accrued interest payable at maturity. Maturity at December 31 annually and automatically renews for an equivalent annual period unless called by the Stockholder at least 90 days prior to maturity. Unsecured. Converted to preferred stock during 2001.

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\$

AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note I - Long-Term Debt Payable to a Bank

On June 28, 2001, in anticipation of the settlement of litigation with a financial institution, the Company executed a new \$950,000 note payable to another financial institution. This new note bears interest at the Wall Street Journal published prime rate plus 2.0%. The new note has payment terms as follows: For the first year (through June 28, 2002), interest only, payable monthly. Thereafter, starting on July 28, 2002, equal monthly payments of principal and interest shall be due until June 28, 2007 which payments shall represent the amount necessary to fully amortize the remaining principal balance of the note. The monthly payments shall be recalculated at the time of any change in the applicable interest rate. The note is secured by virtually all of the Company's real and personal property. A portion of the proceeds from the financing were used to pay the \$550,000 required in the Settlement and Compromise Agreement.

Note J - Preferred Stock Transactions

In September and October 2001, the Company issued 222,600 shares of \$5.00 Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (Series A Preferred Stock) for total proceeds of approximately \$1,113,000 through an ongoing private placement. The Series A Convertible Preferred Stock provides for cumulative dividends at a rate of 8.0% per year, payable quarterly, in cash or shares of the Company's common stock at the Company's election. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock is convertible into 11 shares of the Company's common stock at any time after 6 months of the date of issue and prior to the notice of redemption at the option of the holder, subject to adjustments for customary anti- dilution events.

In September 2001, the Company's principal shareholder converted approximately \$4,007,327 of unsecured debt and approximately \$3,546,273 of cumulative and unpaid accrued interest into 1,510,710 shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

In September 2001, a creditor of the Company agreed to convert approximately \$10,000 of trade accounts payable into 2,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

In February 2002, certain holders of the Series A Preferred Stock notified the Company of their intent to exercise the conversion features on 1,749,720 issued and outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock into 19,246,920 shares of common stock. Due to the timing of the conversion in relation to the Company's year-end and the first available date for such conversion, the effect of the conversion exercise is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as if the conversion had occurred on December 31, 2001.

In conjunction with the issuance of certain shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, certain shares were issued with an equivalent per share value of common stock below the ending quoted market price of the Company's common stock on the issue date. This difference created a Beneficial Conversion Feature Discount of approximately \$1,207,993. This discount was then amortized over the unexpired time period between the date of issue of the eligible shares and the initial eligible conversion date. Approximately \$392,114 was amortized to operations and the unamortized balance was reclassified to additional paid-in capital on December 31, 2001 as a result of the February 2002 conversion exercise.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC.

(formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note K - Common Stock Transactions

Concurrent with the September 29, 2001 reverse acquisition transaction, the Company amended its Articles of Incorporation to change the Company's name to American Ammunition, Inc. and modified the Company's capital structure to allow for the issuance of up to 320,000,000 total equity shares consisting of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 300,000,000 shares of common stock. Both classes of stock have a par value of \$0.001 per share.

On October 9, 2001, the Company effected a three (3) for one (1) forward stock split. This action caused the then issued and outstanding shares to increase from 2,990,400 to 8,971,200 on the action date. The effect of this action is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as of the first day of the first period presented.

In February 2000, the Company issued 5,430,000 post-forward split shares (1,810,000 pre-forward split shares) of restricted, unregistered common stock to its founders for administrative services and services related to the development and implementation of the Company's business plan, in effect at the time. These transactions were cumulatively valued at approximately \$1,810, which approximates the "fair value" of the services provided. These amounts are charged to operations in the accompanying pre-acquisition consolidated financial statements.

In June 2000, the Company issued 420,000 post-forward split shares (140,000 pre-forward split shares) of restricted, unregistered common stock to two unrelated individuals for services related to the implementation of the Company's business plan, in effect at the time. These transactions were cumulatively valued at approximately \$140, which approximates the "fair value" of the services provided. These amounts are charged to operations in the accompanying pre-acquisition consolidated financial statements.

In March and May 2001, the Company issued an aggregate 496,200 post-reverse split shares (165,400 pre-forward split shares) of common stock, pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form SB-2, to various individuals providing investment, financial and acquisition consulting services to the Company. These transactions were cumulatively valued at approximately \$165,400, which approximates the "fair value" of the services provided. These amounts are charged to operations in the accompanying pre-acquisition consolidated financial statements.

In September 2001, the Company issued 2,625,000 post-reverse split shares (875,000 pre-forward split shares) of common stock, pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form SB-2, to six individuals providing investment and financial consulting services to the Company. These transactions were cumulatively valued at approximately \$875,000, which approximates the "fair value" of the services provided. These amounts are charged to operations in the accompanying pre-acquisition consolidated financial statements.

In September 2001, the Company issued an aggregate 21,000,000 post-forward split shares of restricted, unregistered common stock to the shareholders of F&F Equipment, Inc. in exchange for 100.0% of the issued and outstanding stock of F&F Equipment, Inc. F&F Equipment, Inc. became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as a result of this transaction.

In December 2001, the Company issued 222,222 shares of post-forward split shares of restricted, unregistered common stock to an unrelated entity in exchange for

the cancellation of \$100,000 of short-term debt. In March 2002, the Company issued an additional 277,777 shares of restricted, unregistered common stock in payment for \$100,000 in short-term debt payable and \$25,000 in agreed-upon interest payable to a shareholder, thereby satisfying all outstanding short-term debt in full.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note K - Common Stock Transactions - Continued

In December 2001, the Company issued 535,272 shares of restricted, unregistered common stock to a creditor in settlement of approximately \$242,872 in open trade accounts payable.

Note L - Related Party Transactions

The Company leases its corporate office and manufacturing facility from its controlling stockholder under a long- term operating lease agreement. The lease requires a monthly payment of approximately \$3,931, plus applicable sales taxes. Further, the Company is responsible for all utilities and maintenance expenses. The lease expires on October 31, 2003 and contains a clause that the lease may be renewed for an additional ten year period upon written notification to the lessor no later than 120 days prior to the scheduled expiration date at a rental rate based upon the fair value for similar space in a similar location.

On January 1, 1998, the Company's controlling stockholder contributed various manufacturing equipment to the Company. This transaction was valued at an agreed-upon value of approximately \$5,000,000, which was substantially less than original founders cost. As of October 25, 2000, in conjunction with a proposed sale-leaseback transaction, the Company received an independent appraisal on its manufacturing equipment with an appraised value of approximately \$17,000,000 at a utilization rate of 90,000,000 rounds of small-arms ammunition produced per annual period.

Note M - Income Taxes

The components of income tax (benefit) expense for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, are as follows:

	Ye	acquisition) ar ended ember 31, 2001	Year	equisition) e ended ember 31, 2000
Federal: Current Deferred	Ş	-	Ş	-

	-	=
State:		
Current	_	_
Deferred	-	-
	-	-
Total	\$	\$ -
		======

As of December 31, 2001, the Company has a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$5,800,000 to offset future taxable income. Subject to current regulations, components of this carryforward will begin to expire in 2003. The amount and availability of the net operating loss carryforwards may be subject to limitations set forth by the Internal Revenue Code. Factors such as the number of shares ultimately issued within a three year look-back period; whether there is a deemed more than 50 percent change in control; the applicable long-term tax exempt bond rate; continuity of historical business; and subsequent income of the Company all enter into the annual computation of allowable annual utilization of the carryforwards.

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note M - Income Taxes - Continued

The Company's income tax expense (benefit) for the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, differed from the statutory federal rate of 34 percent as follows:

	7	z-acquisition) Year ended ecember 31, 2001		st-acquisition Year ended ecember 31, 2000
Statutory rate applied to loss before income taxes Increase (decrease) in income taxes resulting from: State income taxes Other, including reserve for deferred tax asset	\$	(752,000) _ 752,000	\$	(413,000) 413,000
Income tax expense	\$ ====		\$ ===	

Temporary differences, consisting primarily of statutory differences in the depreciable lives for property and equipment, between the financial statement

carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively:

	(post-acquisition) Year ended December 31, 2001	(post-acquisition Year ended December 31, 2000
Deferred tax assets - long-term Net operating loss carryforwards Deferred tax liabilities - long-term	\$ 1,980,000	\$ 1,230,000
Statutory depreciation differences Less valuation allowance	(250,000) 1,730,000 (1,730,000)	(280,000) 950,000 (950,000)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$	\$

During the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, the valuation allowance increased (decreased) by approximately \$780,000 and \$(70,000).

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AMERICAN AMMUNITION, INC. (formerly FBI Fresh Burgers International)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Note N - Contingencies

In May 1998, the Company entered into a \$500,000 accounts receivable factoring facility with its then financial institution. The facility provided for the purchase of various trade accounts receivable by the bank from the Company at 80.0% of the face value of the underlying invoice. The Company paid a discount fee of 1.5% for invoices settled between 1 and 30 days of invoice date, 3.0% for invoices settled between 31 and 60 days of invoice date and an additional 1.5% for each additional 30 days thereafter. All accounts receivable invoices were factored with full recourse to the Company and the Company bears all credit risk associated with the factored invoices. At December 31, 2000 the Company was at risk for approximately \$10,070 of factored invoices. The Company experienced no losses related to the factoring agreement. This Agreement was terminated in conjunction with the execution of the Settlement and Compromise Agreement on June 29, 2001.

Note O - Significant Customers

During the years ended December 31, 2001 and 2000, respectively, the Company had a single customer responsible for approximately 51% and 32% of total sales.

There were no other customers responsible for more than 10.0% of total net sales during 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Item 8. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

On January 29, 2002 the Company notified its accountants, Roger G. Castro, CPA that they were being dismissed as the Company's independent auditors. The stated reasons were that the Registrant wanted to retain the auditor of its wholly-owned subsidiary, needed to consolidate the audits of the parent and subsidiary to comply with SEC requirements and did not want to engage the services of more than one (1) auditor. The Company's Board of Directors made the decision to change accountants.

During the Registrant's past two (2) fiscal years and during any subsequent interim period preceding the date of dismissal, the Company has had no disagreements with Roger G. Castro, CPA on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure.

The report of Roger G. Castro, CPA on the financial statements for the past two (2) fiscal years did not contain an adverse opinion nor a disclaimer of opinion nor was the report qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles.

On January 29, 2002 the Company provided Roger G. Castro, CPA with a copy of this disclosure and requested that it furnish a letter to the Company, addressed to the SEC, stating that it agreed with the statements made herein or the reasons why it disagreed. On January 29, 2002, the Company received a letter from Roger G. Castro, CPA that it agreed with the statements contained herein.

On January 29, 2002, the Company engaged the firm of S.W. Hatfield, CPA, P.O. Box 820392, Dallas, TX 75382 as the Company's independent auditors. Such appointment was accepted by S.W. Hatfield, President of the firm. Prior to such engagement, the Registrant had not consulted S.W. Hatfield, CPA on any prior matters, including any matters relative to the application of accounting principles or any subject of disagreement with Roger G. Castro, CPA.

PART III

Item 9. Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons; Compliance
with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

(a) Set forth below are the names, ages, positions, with the Company and business experiences of the executive officers and directors of the Company.

Name	Age	Position(s) with Company
J.A. Fernandez, Sr.	65	Chairman of the Board and Director of Sales
Andres F. Fernandez	36	President and Chief Executive Officer
Emilio D. Jara	37	Vice-President of Operations, Secretary and Director
Amelia Fernandez	65	Vice President and Director
Maria A. Fernandez	42	Director
Len Hale	57	Director

All directors hold office until the next annual meeting of the Company's shareholders and until their successors have been elected and qualify. Officers serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors. The officers and directors will devote such time and effort to the business and affairs of the Company as may be necessary to perform their responsibilities as executive officers and/or directors of the Company.

Family Relationships

J.A. Fernandez, Sr. and Amelia Fernandez are the father and mother of Andres and Maria Fernandez. There are no other family relationships between or among the executive officers and directors of the Company.

Business Experience

J. A. Fernandez, Sr., age 65, currently serves as the Chairman of the Board and Director or Sales. He has been employed by the Company since its inception in 1983. Mr. Fernandez is the patriarch of what began as a family business and is responsible for the sales activities of the Company. Mr. Fernandez has over 40 years experience in diverse industries including aerospace, advanced polymer manufacturing, munitions, mining and processing of gemstones and metal ores and has utilized such experience for the growth and development of the Company. He is fluent in Spanish.

Andres Fernandez, age 36, currently serves as President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Fernandez has served in each of these capacities since September 2001. He has been employed by the company for over a decade. Mr. Fernandez is responsible for day to day operations and has been a driving force behind the Company and its success in becoming a vertically integrated manufacturer. He studied physics and calculus at St. Thomas University, FL and at the University of Miami, FL. He is a licensed pilot, having graduated from the American Institute of Aeronautics, FL, and received his certificate as a private pilot (fixed wing) as well as private helicopter (rotary)in 1989. In 1989, Mr. Fernandez graduated from the Institute of Public Service (Pan Am), GA as a tactical rappel instructor. In 1990, he graduated from Omni Explosives, TN with a specialty in

tactical explosives. Mr. Fernandez was certified by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement Academy in special operations/entry techniques in 1990. He has served as a tactical advisor to U.S. Treasury Department, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms, U.S. Customs Service, and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement. He has received numerous commendations and letters of appreciation. He also served on the Board of Veterans Affairs (Hialeah , FL) from 1990 to 1991. He is fluent in Spanish.

Emilio Jara, age 37, currently serves as Vice President of Operations, Secretary and a Director. Mr. Jara has served in each of these capacities since September 2001. He has been employed with the Company since 1988. He has been an integral part of the Company's technological growth. His abilities have contributed to the Company's research and development and subsequent increase in the number of production lines. Mr. Jara is extremely well versed in metallurgical and ballistic issues. He studied business administration at Miami-Dade Community College (1984/1985). In 1989, he graduated from the Institute of Public Service (Pan Am), GA as a Tactic