

ARES CAPITAL CORP  
Form POS 8C  
January 25, 2010

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 25, 2010

Registration No. 333-158211

**U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

**FORM N-2**

REGISTRATION STATEMENT

*UNDER*

*THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933*

o PRE-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO.

ý POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 2

**ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

**280 Park Avenue, 22<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Building East  
New York, New York 10017**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code: **(212) 750-7300**

**Joshua M. Bloomstein  
Ares Capital Corporation  
280 Park Avenue, 22<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Building East  
New York, New York 10017  
(212) 750-7300**

(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

*Copies of information to:*

**Monica J. Shilling  
Proskauer Rose LLP  
2049 Century Park East, 32<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Los Angeles, CA 90067-3206  
(310) 557-2900**

**Approximate Date of Proposed Public Offering:** From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box. ý

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

ý

when declared effective pursuant to section 8(c).

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If appropriate, check the following box:

- This post-effective amendment designates a new effective date for a previously filed post-effective amendment registration statement.
- This form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act and the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering is \_\_\_\_\_.

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee(2)
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share(3)(4)				
Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value per share(3)				
Subscription Rights(3)				
Warrants(5)				
Debt Securities(6)				
<b>Total</b>			\$1,000,000,000(7)	\$59,675

- (1) Estimated pursuant to Rule 457(o) solely for the purpose of determining the registration fee. The proposed maximum offering price per security will be determined from time to time, by the Registrant in connection with the sale by the Registrant of the securities registered under this registration statement.
- (2) Prior to the initial filing of this registration statement, \$600,000,000 aggregate principal amount of securities remained registered and unsold pursuant to Registration Statement No. 333-149139, which was initially filed by the Registrant on February 11, 2008. Pursuant to Rule 457(p), the entire fee of \$22,320 required in connection with the initial registration of \$400,000,000 aggregate principal amount of securities under this registration statement was offset against the \$23,580 filing fee associated with the unsold securities registered under Registration Statement No. 333-149139, with \$1,260 remaining. Pursuant to Rule 457(p), \$1,260 of the fees required under this registration statement in connection with the registration of an additional \$600,000,000 aggregate principal amount of securities is offset against the remaining \$1,260 filing fee associated with the unsold securities registered under Registration Statement No. 333-149139 and an additional \$36,095 is being paid in connection herewith.
- (3) Subject to Note 7 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of common stock or preferred stock, or subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock as may be sold, from time to time separately or as units in combination with other securities registered hereunder.
- (4) Includes such indeterminate number of shares of common stock as may, from time to time, be issued upon conversion or exchange of other securities registered hereunder, to the extent any such securities are, by their terms, convertible or exchangeable for common stock.
- (5) Subject to Note 7 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of warrants as may be sold, from time to time separately or as units in combination with other securities registered hereunder, representing rights to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities.
- (6) Subject to Note 7 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate principal amount of debt securities as may be sold, from time to time separately or as units in combination with other securities registered hereunder. If any debt securities are issued at an original issue discount, then the offering price shall be in such greater principal amount as shall result in an aggregate price to investors not to exceed \$1,000,000,000.
- (7) In no event will the aggregate offering price of all securities issued from time to time pursuant to this registration statement exceed \$1,000,000,000.

**THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR UNTIL THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.**

**The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.**

**Subject to Completion, dated January 25, 2010**

**PROSPECTUS**

**\$1,000,000,000**

**Common Stock  
Preferred Stock  
Debt Securities  
Subscription Rights  
Warrants**

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Ares Capital Corporation is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. To a lesser extent, we also make equity investments.

We are externally managed by Ares Capital Management LLC, an affiliate of Ares Management LLC, a global alternative asset manager and a Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registered investment adviser with approximately \$33 billion of total committed capital as of December 31, 2009. Ares Operations LLC, an affiliate of Ares Management LLC, provides the administrative services necessary for us to operate.

Our common stock is traded on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "ARCC." On January 22, 2010, the last reported sales price of our common stock on The NASDAQ Global Select Market was \$12.77 per share. The net asset value per share of our common stock at September 30, 2009 (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus on which we determined net asset value) was \$11.16.

**Investing in our securities involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 26 of this prospectus, including the risk of leverage.**

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our common stock or warrants representing rights to purchase shares of our common stock, preferred stock or debt securities, separately or as units comprised of any combination of the foregoing, which we refer to, collectively, as the "securities." The preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights and warrants offered hereby may be convertible or exchangeable into shares of our common stock. The securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. In the event we offer common stock, the offering price per share of our common stock less any underwriting commissions or discounts will generally not be less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time we make the offering. However, we may issue shares of our common stock pursuant to this prospectus at a price per share that is less than our net asset value per share (a) in connection with a rights offering to our existing stockholders, (b) with the prior approval of the majority of our common stockholders or (c) under such circumstances as the SEC may permit. This prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement concisely provide important information about us that you should know before investing in our securities. Please read this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. This information is available free of charge by calling us collect at (310) 201-4200 or on our website at [www.arescapitalcorp.com](http://www.arescapitalcorp.com). The SEC also maintains a website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) that contains such information.

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Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

The date of this prospectus is \_\_\_\_\_, 2010.

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You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement, as applicable. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

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**ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS**

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the SEC, using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our common stock or warrants representing rights to purchase shares of our common stock, preferred stock or debt securities, separately or as units comprised of any combination of the foregoing, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. As of the date of this registration statement, we had offered \$115,069,149 of the \$1,000,000,000 of securities covered by this registration statement. Please carefully read this prospectus and the prospectus supplement together with any exhibits and the additional information described under the headings "Available Information" and "Risk Factors" before you make an investment decision.

## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*This summary highlights some of the information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus. Except where the context suggests otherwise, the terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company" and "Ares Capital" refer to Ares Capital Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries; "Ares Capital Management" or "investment adviser" refers to Ares Capital Management LLC; "Ares Operations" refers to Ares Operations LLC; and "Ares" refers to Ares Partners Management Company LLC and its affiliated companies (other than portfolio companies of its affiliated funds), including Ares Management LLC, which we also refer to as "Ares Management."*

*Other than as specifically set forth herein, information presented with respect to Ares Capital does not reflect the consummation of the Allied Acquisition (as defined below), and any investment decision you make should be made independent of the consummation of the Allied Acquisition. We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the Allied Acquisition is consummated.*

## THE COMPANY

Ares Capital, a Maryland corporation, is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company, or a "BDC," under the Investment Company Act of 1940, or the "Investment Company Act." We were founded on April 16, 2004, were initially funded on June 23, 2004 and completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004. Ares Capital's investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in U.S. middle-market companies, where we believe the supply of primary capital is limited and the investment opportunities are most attractive. However, we may from time to time invest in larger companies. In this prospectus, we generally use the term "middle market" to refer to companies with annual EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) of between \$10 million and \$250 million. As discussed in "Recent Developments" below, on October 26, 2009, we entered into a definitive agreement (the "Merger Agreement") under which we have agreed, subject to the satisfaction of certain closing conditions, to acquire Allied Capital Corporation ("Allied Capital") in an all stock transaction, which we refer to as the "Allied Acquisition." The Allied Acquisition will be completed in two parts: first, our wholly owned subsidiary, which we refer to as the "merger subsidiary," will merge with and into Allied Capital and second, Allied Capital will merge with and into Ares Capital, which we refer to as the "subsequent combination." We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the Allied Acquisition is consummated.

We invest primarily in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component like warrants. First and second lien senior loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. These loans also have the benefit of security interests on the assets of the portfolio company, which may rank ahead of or be junior to other security interests. Mezzanine debt is subordinated to senior loans and is generally unsecured. Our debt investments have ranged between \$10 million and \$100 million each,

although the investment sizes may be more or less than the targeted range. Our investment sizes are expected to grow with our capital availability and, if completed, upon consummation of the Allied Acquisition. To a lesser extent, we also make equity investments. Each of our equity investments have generally been less than \$20 million, but may grow with our capital availability and are usually made in conjunction with loans we make to these portfolio companies.

The proportion of these investments will change over time given our views on, among other things, the economic and credit environment we are operating in. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In such situations, while we may initially agree to fund up to a certain dollar amount of an investment, we may syndicate a portion of such amount to third parties, such that we make a smaller investment than what was reflected in our original commitment.

The first and second lien senior loans generally have stated terms of three to 10 years and the mezzanine debt investments generally have stated terms of up to 10 years, but the expected average life of such first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt is generally between three and seven years. However, we may invest in securities with any maturity or duration. The debt that we invest in typically is not initially rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service or lower than "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's). We may invest without limit in debt of any rating, as well as debt that has not been rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

We believe that our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is able to leverage Ares' current investment platform, resources and existing relationships with financial sponsors, financial institutions, hedge funds and other investment firms to provide us with attractive investments. In addition to deal flow, the Ares investment platform assists our investment adviser in analyzing, structuring and monitoring investments. Ares has been in existence for more than 12 years and its senior principals have an average of over 20 years experience investing in senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and private equity securities. The Company has access to the Ares staff of approximately 110 investment professionals and to over 150 administrative professionals employed by Ares who provide assistance in accounting, legal, compliance, operations, technology and investor relations.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of eligible portfolio companies, we also may invest up to 30% of our portfolio in opportunistic investments of non-eligible portfolio companies. Specifically, as part of this 30% basket, we may invest in debt of middle-market companies located outside of the United States, in investment funds that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions to the Investment Company Act, in advisers to similar investment funds and in debt and equity of public companies that do not meet the definition of eligible portfolio companies because their market capitalization of publicly traded equity securities exceeds the levels provided for in the Investment Company Act. We expect that these public companies generally will have debt that may be non-investment grade. From time to time we may also invest in high yield bonds, which, depending on the issuer, may or may not be included in the 30% basket.

In addition to making investments in the Ares Capital portfolio, our portfolio company, Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P. ("IHAM"), manages three unconsolidated senior debt funds, Ivy Hill Middle Market Credit Fund, Ltd. ("Ivy Hill I"), Ivy Hill Middle Market Credit Fund II, Ltd. ("Ivy Hill II") and Ivy Hill Senior Debt Fund, L.P. and related vehicles ("Ivy Hill SDF" and, together with Ivy Hill I and Ivy Hill II, the "Ivy Hill Funds") and serves as the sub-adviser/sub-manager for four others: CoLTS 2005-1 Ltd., CoLTS 2005-2 Ltd. and CoLTS 2007-1 Ltd., or collectively, the "CoLTS Funds," and FirstLight Financial Corporation, or "FirstLight." As of December 31, 2009, IHAM had total committed capital under management of over \$2.3 billion.



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We and GE Commercial Finance Investment Advisory Services LLC also co-manage an unconsolidated senior debt fund: the Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC (formerly known as the Unitranche Fund LLC), or the "SL Fund."

### About Ares

Founded in 1997, Ares is a global alternative asset manager and SEC registered investment adviser with approximately \$33 billion of total committed capital and over 250 employees as of December 31, 2009.

Ares specializes in originating and managing assets in both the leveraged finance and private equity markets. Ares' leveraged finance activities include the origination, acquisition and management of senior loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and special situation investments. Ares' private equity activities focus on providing flexible, junior capital to middle-market companies. Ares has the ability to invest across a capital structure, from senior floating rate debt to common equity. This flexibility, combined with Ares' "buy and hold" philosophy, enables Ares to structure an investment to meet the specific needs of a company rather than the less flexible demands of the public markets.

Ares is comprised of the following groups:

**Private Debt Group.** The Ares Private Debt Group manages the assets of Ares Capital and Ares' private debt middle market financing business in Europe, Ares Capital Europe ("ACE"). The Private Debt Group focuses primarily on non-syndicated first and second lien senior loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases may include an equity component. The Private Debt Group also makes equity investments in private middle-market companies, usually in conjunction with loans.

**Capital Markets Group.** The Ares Capital Markets Group manages a variety of funds and investment vehicles that managed approximately \$18 billion of committed capital as of December 31, 2009, focusing primarily on syndicated senior secured loans, high yield bonds, distressed debt, other liquid fixed income investments and other publicly traded debt securities.

**Private Equity Group.** The Ares Private Equity Group manages Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund L.P., Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund II, L.P. and Ares Corporate Opportunities Fund III, L.P. (collectively referred to as "ACOF"), which together managed approximately \$6 billion of committed capital as of December 31, 2009. ACOF generally makes private equity investments in companies substantially larger than the private equity investments anticipated to be made by the Company. In particular, the Private Equity Group generally focuses on control-oriented equity investments in under-capitalized companies or companies with capital structure issues.

Ares' senior principals have been working together as a group for many years and have an average of over 20 years of experience in leveraged finance, private equity, distressed debt, investment banking and capital markets. They are backed by a large team of highly disciplined professionals. Ares' rigorous investment approach is based upon an intensive, independent financial analysis, with a focus on preservation of capital, diversification and active portfolio management. These fundamentals underlie Ares' investment strategy and have resulted in large pension funds, banks, insurance companies, endowments and high net worth individuals investing in Ares' funds.

### Ares Capital Management

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, is served by a dedicated origination and transaction development team of approximately 34 investment professionals led by the partners of Ares Capital Management, Michael Arougheti, Eric Beckman, Kipp deVeer, Mitchell Goldstein and Michael Smith. Ares Capital Management leverages off of Ares' entire investment platform and benefits from

the significant capital markets, trading and research expertise of all of Ares' investment professionals. Ares funds currently hold over 700 investments in over 30 different industries. Ares Capital Management's investment committee has nine members, including the partners of Ares Capital Management and Senior Partners of Ares' Capital Markets Group and Private Equity Group.

## **MARKET OPPORTUNITY**

We believe there are opportunities for us to invest in middle-market companies for the following reasons:

We believe that as of the date of this prospectus, the recent dislocation in the credit markets has resulted in reduced competition, a widening of interest spreads, increased fees and generally more conservative capital structures and deal terms. Although secondary loan prices have rebounded from historic lows, attractive opportunities to purchase debt in the secondary market continue to exist in certain situations.

We believe that many senior lenders have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, commercial and investment banks are severely limited in their ability to underwrite new financings as they seek to replenish their capital bases and reduce leverage, resulting in opportunities for alternative funding sources.

We believe there is increased demand among private middle-market companies for primary capital. Many middle market firms have faced increased difficulty raising debt in the capital markets, as commercial and investment banks are capital-constrained and largely unable to underwrite and syndicate bank loans and high yield securities, particularly for middle market issuers.

We believe there is a large pool of uninvested private equity capital for middle-market companies. We expect private equity firms will seek to leverage their investments by combining equity capital with senior secured loans and mezzanine debt from other sources.

We believe that as of the date of this prospectus, the recent economic downturn has resulted (and will continue to result) in defaults and covenant breaches by middle-market companies, which will require new junior capital to shore up liquidity or provide new capital through restructuring.

A high volume of senior secured and high yield debt was originated in the calendar years 2004 through 2007 and will come due in the near term and, accordingly, we believe that new financing opportunities will increase as many leveraged companies seek to refinance in the near term.

## **COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle-market companies:

### **Existing Investment Platform**

As of December 31, 2009, Ares managed approximately \$33 billion of committed capital in the related asset classes of syndicated loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt and private equity. We believe Ares' current investment platform provides a competitive advantage in terms of access to origination and marketing activities and diligence for Ares Capital. Specifically, the Ares platform provides the Company an advantage through its deal flow generation and investment evaluation process. Ares Capital's asset management platform also provides additional market information, company knowledge and industry insight that benefits the investment and due diligence process. Ares'

professionals maintain extensive financial sponsor and intermediary relationships, which provide valuable insight and access to transactions and information.

### **Seasoned Management Team**

Ares' senior professionals have an average of over 20 years of experience in leveraged finance, including substantial experience in investing in leveraged loans, high yield bonds, mezzanine debt, distressed debt and private equity securities. Ares Capital Management's investment professionals and members of its investment committee also have significant experience investing across market cycles. As a result of Ares' extensive investment experience and the history of its seasoned management team, Ares has developed a strong reputation across U.S. and European capital markets. We believe that Ares' long history in the leveraged loan market and the extensive experience of the principals investing across market cycles provides Ares Capital Management with a competitive advantage in identifying, investing in, and managing a portfolio of investments in middle-market companies.

### **Experience and Focus on Middle-Market Companies**

Ares has historically focused on investments in middle-market companies and we benefit from this experience. In sourcing and analyzing deals, our investment adviser uses Ares' extensive network of relationships with intermediaries focused on middle-market companies to attract well-positioned prospective portfolio company investments. Our investment adviser works closely with the Ares investment professionals, who oversee a portfolio of investments in over 700 companies, and provide access to an extensive network of relationships and special insights into industry trends and the state of the capital markets.

### **Disciplined Investment Philosophy**

In making its investment decisions, our investment adviser has adopted Ares' long-standing, consistent credit-based investment approach that was developed over 18 years ago by its founders. Specifically, Ares Capital Management's investment philosophy, portfolio construction and portfolio management involve an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment, financial markets and company-specific research and analysis. Its investment approach emphasizes capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk.

### **Extensive Industry Focus**

We concentrate our investing activities in industries with a history of predictable and dependable cash flows and in which the Ares investment professionals have had extensive investment experience. Since its inception in 1997, Ares investment professionals have invested in over 30 different industries. Ares investment professionals have developed long-term relationships with management teams and management consultants in these industries, and have accumulated substantial information concerning these industries and identified potential trends within these industries. The experience of Ares' investment professionals investing across these industries throughout various stages of the economic cycle provides our investment adviser with access to market insights and investment opportunities.

### **Flexible Transaction Structuring**

We are flexible in structuring investments, including the types of securities in which we invest and the terms associated with such investments. The principals of Ares have extensive experience in a wide variety of securities for leveraged companies with a diverse set of terms and conditions. We believe this approach and experience enables our investment adviser to identify attractive investment opportunities throughout the economic cycle and across a company's capital structure so we can make investments consistent with our stated investment objective and preserve principal while seeking appropriate risk adjusted returns. In addition, we have the ability to provide "one stop" financing with

the ability to invest capital across the balance sheet and hold larger investments than many of our competitors. The ability to underwrite, syndicate and hold larger investments (a) increases flexibility, (b) may increase net fee income and earnings through syndication, (c) broadens market relationships and deal flow and (d) allows us to optimize our portfolio composition. We believe that the ability to provide capital at every level provides a strong value proposition to middle market borrowers and our senior debt capabilities provide superior deal origination and relative value analysis capabilities compared to traditional "mezzanine only" lenders.

### **Broad Origination Strategy**

Our investment adviser focuses on self-originating most of our investments, by identifying a broad array of investment opportunities across multiple channels. It also leverages off of the extensive relationships of the broader Ares platform, including the relationships with portfolio companies held by funds managed by IHAM, to identify investment opportunities. We believe that this allows for asset selectivity and that there is a significant relationship between proprietary deal origination and credit performance. Our focus on generating proprietary deal flow and lead investing also gives us greater control over capital structure, deal terms, pricing and documentation and results in active portfolio management of investments. Moreover, by leading the investment process, our investment adviser is able to secure controlling positions in credit tranches providing additional control in investment outcomes. Our investment adviser also has originated substantial proprietary deal flow from middle market intermediaries, which often allows us to act as the sole or principal source of institutional junior capital to the borrower.

### **OPERATING AND REGULATORY STRUCTURE**

Our investment activities are managed by Ares Capital Management and supervised by our board of directors, a majority of whom are independent of Ares and its affiliates. Ares Capital Management is an investment adviser that is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, or the "Advisers Act." Under our amended and restated investment advisory and management agreement, referred to herein as our "investment advisory and management agreement," we have agreed to pay Ares Capital Management an annual base management fee based on our total assets, as defined under the Investment Company Act (other than cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds), and an incentive fee based on our performance. See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. While we are permitted to finance investments using debt, our ability to use debt is limited in certain significant respects. See "Regulation." We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company, or a "RIC," under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or the "Code." See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

### **MARKET CONDITIONS**

Due to volatility in global markets, the availability of capital and access to capital markets has been limited over the last two years. We responded to recent constraints on raising new capital by pursuing other avenues of liquidity and growth, such as adjusting the pace of our investments, becoming more selective in evaluating investment opportunities, pursuing asset sales, developing our third-party asset management capabilities and/or recycling lower yielding investments. We also intend to continue pursuing opportunities to manage third-party funds. As the global liquidity situation and market conditions evolve, we will continue to monitor and adjust our approach to funding accordingly. However, given the unprecedented nature of the volatility in the global markets, there can be no assurances that these activities will be successful. While levels of market disruption and volatility appear to be improving, there can be no assurance that they will not worsen. If they do, we could face

materially higher financing costs. Consequently, our operating strategy could be materially and adversely affected.

Consistent with the depressed market conditions of the general economy, the stocks of BDCs as an industry have traded at near historic lows for over twelve months as a result of concerns over liquidity, credit quality, leverage restrictions and distribution requirements. As a result of the deterioration of the market, several of our peers are no longer active in the market and are winding down their investments, have defaulted on their indebtedness, have decreased their distributions to stockholders or have announced share repurchase programs. While market conditions have improved, we cannot assure you that the market pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business."

## **LIQUIDITY**

We are party to the Revolving Credit Facility (as defined herein) that provides for up to \$690.0 million of borrowings (comprised of \$615.0 million on a stand-alone basis and an additional \$75.0 million in commitments contingent upon the closing of the Allied Acquisition) and up to \$897.5 million prior to the closing of the Allied Acquisition, or \$1.05 billion after the closing of the Allied Acquisition, if we exercise the "accordion" feature, expires on January 22, 2013.

In addition, our wholly owned subsidiary Ares Capital CP (as defined herein) is party to the CP Funding Facility (as defined herein) that provides for up to \$400.0 million of borrowings, and which expires on January 22, 2013 (with two one year extension options, subject to mutual consent). We use the term "Facilities" to refer to the Revolving Credit Facility and the CP Funding Facility. As of January 22, 2010, we had \$315.3 million available for borrowing under our Facilities. As of January 22, 2010, we also had outstanding \$273.8 million of CLO Notes (as defined herein) that mature on December 20, 2019. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources."

## **RISK FACTORS**

Investing in Ares Capital involves risks. The following is a summary of certain risks that you should carefully consider before investing in our securities. In addition, see "Risk Factors" beginning on page 25 for a more detailed discussion of the factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our securities.

### **Risks Relating to Our Business**

Capital markets have recently been in a period of disruption and instability. These market conditions have materially and adversely affected debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which has had, and may in the future have, a negative impact on our business and operations.

A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.

We are dependent upon Ares Capital Management's key personnel for our future success and upon their access to Ares' investment professionals.

Our financial condition and results of operations depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively.

Our ability to grow depends on our ability to raise capital.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

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We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us.

In addition to regulatory requirements that restrict our ability to raise capital, the Facilities and the CLO Notes contain various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the Facilities and the CLO Notes, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes regardless of whether we continue to qualify as a RIC.

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions under applicable tax rules if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

We may in the future determine to fund a portion of our investments with preferred stock, which would magnify the potential for gain or loss and the risks of investing in us in the same way as our borrowings.

We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

Many of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded and, as a result, there is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns.

Our investment adviser's liability is limited under the investment advisory and management agreement, and we are required to indemnify our investment adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

We may be obligated to pay our investment adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, or changes in the interpretation thereof, and any failure by us to comply with laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business.

We may not replicate Ares' historical success and our ability to enter into transactions with Ares and our other affiliates is restricted.

We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition.

### Risks Relating to Our Investments

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Price declines and illiquidity in the corporate debt markets have adversely affected, and may in the future adversely affect, the fair value of our portfolio investments, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Investments in privately held middle-market companies involve significant risks.

Our debt investments may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investment.

Investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk.

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There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

When we are a debt or minority equity investor in a portfolio company, we may not be in a position to exert influence on the entity, and management of the company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

Our portfolio companies may be highly leveraged.

Our investment adviser's incentive fee may induce Ares Capital Management to make certain investments, including speculative investments.

Our investments in foreign debt may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments. We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.

We may initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus primarily in high-quality short-term investments, which will generate lower rates of return than those expected from the interest generated on first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt.

### **Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition**

Consummation of the Allied Acquisition will cause immediate dilution to our stockholders' voting interests in us and may cause immediate dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock.

We may be unable to realize the benefits anticipated by the Allied Acquisition, including estimated cost savings and synergies, or it may take longer than anticipated to achieve such benefits.

Our inability to obtain rating agency confirmation and the third party consents of financing providers to us and Allied Capital necessary to complete the transaction could delay or prevent the completion of the Allied Acquisition.

The Allied Acquisition or subsequent combination may trigger certain "change of control" provisions and other restrictions in certain of our and Allied Capital's contracts and the failure to obtain any required consents or waivers could adversely impact the combined company.

Several lawsuits have been filed against Allied Capital, members of Allied Capital's board of directors, us and the merger subsidiary challenging the Allied Acquisition. An adverse ruling in any such lawsuit may prevent the Allied Acquisition from becoming effective within the expected timeframe, or at all. If the Allied Acquisition is consummated, these lawsuits and other legal proceedings could have a material impact on the results of operations, cash flows or financial condition of the combined company.

If the Allied Acquisition does not close, we won't benefit from the expenses incurred in its pursuit.



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Termination of the Merger Agreement could negatively impact us.

Under certain circumstances, we and Allied Capital are obligated to pay each other a termination fee upon termination of the Merger Agreement.

The market price of our common stock after the Allied Acquisition may be affected by factors different from those affecting our common stock currently.

**Risks Relating to Offerings Pursuant to this Prospectus**

Our shares of common stock have recently traded at a discount from net asset value and may do so again in the future, which could limit our ability to raise additional equity capital.

There is a risk that investors in our equity securities may not receive dividends or that our dividends may not grow over time and that investors in our debt securities may not receive all of the interest income to which they are entitled.

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and of our charter and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

Investing in our securities may involve an above average degree of risk.

The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

The net asset value per share of our common stock may be diluted if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock.

Your interest in us may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in any rights offering. In addition, if the subscription price is less than our net asset value per share, then you will experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of your shares.

Investors in offerings of our common stock will likely incur immediate dilution upon the closing of such offering.

Our stockholders will experience dilution in their ownership percentage if they do not participate in our dividend reinvestment plan.

You may receive shares of our common stock as dividends, which could result in adverse tax consequences to you.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

The trading market or market value of our publicly issued debt securities may fluctuate.

Terms relating to redemption may materially adversely affect your return on any debt securities that we may issue.

Our credit ratings may not reflect all risks of an investment in our debt securities.

**RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

**Allied Acquisition**

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On October 26, 2009, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Allied Capital in an all stock transaction valued at \$862 million, or approximately \$4.61 per Allied Capital share as of January 20, 2010. The boards of directors of both companies have each unanimously approved the Allied Acquisition.

Allied Capital is an internally managed BDC. Allied Capital invests in primarily private middle-market companies in a variety of industries through long-term debt and equity capital instruments.

While there can be no assurances as to the exact timing, or that the Allied Acquisition will be completed at all, we are working to complete the Allied Acquisition in the first quarter of 2010. The consummation of the Allied Acquisition is subject to certain conditions, including, among others, Allied Capital stockholder approval, Ares Capital stockholder approval, required regulatory approvals

(including expiration of the waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, or the "HSR Act," the early termination of which was granted on December 1, 2009), receipt of certain Ares Capital and Allied Capital lender consents and other customary closing conditions.

We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a more detailed description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the Allied Acquisition is consummated.

#### **Unitranche Fund Acquisition**

In a separate transaction, on October 30, 2009, we completed our acquisition of Allied Capital's interests in the SL Fund for \$165 million in cash. The SL Fund was formed in December 2007 to invest in "unitranche" loans of middle-market companies and has approximately \$3.6 billion of committed capital, approximately \$900 million in aggregate principal amount of which is currently funded. Of the \$2.7 billion of unfunded committed capital, approximately \$350 million would be funded by us. Since our acquisition of the SL Fund we have made one investment of \$11.6 million. Our investment entitles us to a coupon of LIBOR plus 8.0% and certain other sourcing and management fees. In addition, since we invest in the substantial majority of the subordinated certificates in the SL Fund, our underlying investment also entitles us to a substantial portion of the excess cash flows from the loan portfolio.

#### **Ivy Hill SDF Acquisition**

On December 29, 2009, we made an incremental investment in IHAM to facilitate its acquisition of Allied Capital's management rights in respect of, and interests in, the Allied Capital Senior Debt Fund (now referred to as "Ivy Hill SDF"), for approximately \$33 million in cash. Ivy Hill SDF currently has approximately \$294 million of committed capital invested primarily in first lien loans and to a lesser extent, second lien loans of middle-market companies. IHAM manages Ivy Hill SDF and receives fee income and potential equity distributions in respect of interests that it acquired in Ivy Hill SDF.

#### **Revolving Credit Facility**

On January 22, 2010, we entered into an agreement to amend and restate our senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility"). The amendment and restatement of the Revolving Credit Facility, among other things, increased the size of the facility from \$525 million to \$690 million (comprised of \$615 million in commitments on a stand-alone basis and an additional \$75 million in commitments contingent upon the closing of the Allied Acquisition), extended the maturity date to January 22, 2013 and modified pricing. Subject to certain exceptions, pricing under our prior revolving credit facility was based on LIBOR plus 1.00% or on an "alternate base rate" (which was the highest of a prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, or one month LIBOR plus 1.00%). Subject to certain exceptions, pricing under the Revolving Credit Facility is based on LIBOR plus an applicable spread of between 2.50% and 4.00% or on the "alternate base rate" plus an applicable spread of between 1.50% and 3.00%, in each case based on a pricing grid depending on our credit rating. The effective LIBOR spread under the Revolving Credit Facility on January 22, 2010 was 3.00%. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of our assets (subject to certain exceptions, including investments held by certain of our subsidiaries).

The Revolving Credit Facility includes an "accordion" feature that allows us, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the Revolving Credit Facility to a maximum of \$897.5 million

prior to the closing of the Allied Acquisition, and up to a maximum of \$1.05 billion upon the closing of the Allied Acquisition.

#### **Amendment to CP Funding Facility**

On January 22, 2010, we combined our existing \$225 million amortizing Ares Capital CP Funding LLC facility (the "CP Funding Facility") with our existing \$200 million revolving CP Funding II LLC facility (together, the "CP Funding Facilities"), both with Wachovia Bank, National Association, into a single \$400 million revolving securitized facility. In connection with the combination, we entered into an Amended and Restated Purchase and Sale Agreement with Ares Capital CP Funding Holdings LLC, our wholly owned subsidiary ("CP Holdings"), pursuant to which we will sell to CP Holdings certain loans that we have originated or acquired, or will originate or acquire (the "Loans") from time to time, which Loans CP Holdings will subsequently sell to Ares Capital CP Funding LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of CP Holdings ("Ares Capital CP"). The CP Funding Facility is secured by all of the assets held by Ares Capital CP and the membership interest in CP Holdings.

The combined CP Funding Facility, among other things, extends the maturity date to January 22, 2013 (with two one-year extension options, subject to mutual consent). Subject to certain exceptions, the interest charged on the CP Funding Facility is based on LIBOR plus an applicable spread of between 2.25% and 3.75% or on a "base rate" (which is the higher of a prime rate, or the federal funds rate plus 0.50%) plus an applicable spread of between 1.25% to 2.75%, in each case, based on a pricing grid depending upon our credit rating. The effective LIBOR spread under the CP Funding Facility on January 22, 2010 was 2.75%.

#### **Other Investment Activity**

As of January 15, 2010, we made \$381.8 million of investments (including agreements to fund revolving credit facilities or delayed draw loans) since September 30, 2009. Of these investments, approximately 27% were made in first lien senior secured debt, 62% in senior subordinated debt and 11% in equity/other securities. Of these investments, 26% bear interest at floating rates with a weighted average stated rate of LIBOR plus 11% and 65% bear interest at fixed rates with a weighted average stated rate of 16.6%. As of January 15, 2010, we exited \$423.9 million of investments since September 30, 2009. Of these investments, approximately 31% were first lien senior secured debt, 18% were second lien senior secured debt, 48% were senior subordinated debt and 3% were equity securities. Of these investments, 43% bear interest at floating rates with a weighted average stated rate of LIBOR plus 7% and 47% bear interest at fixed rates with a weighted average stated rate of 12%.

In addition, as of January 21, 2010, we had an investment backlog and pipeline of \$137.7 million and \$214.9 million, respectively. We expect to syndicate a portion of these investments and commitments to third parties. The consummation of any of the investments in this backlog and pipeline depends upon, among other things: satisfactory completion of our due diligence investigation of the prospective portfolio company, our acceptance of the terms and structure of such investment and the execution and delivery of satisfactory transaction documentation. We cannot assure you that we will make any of these investments or that we will syndicate any portion of our investments and commitments.

#### **Other Acquisitions**

We believe that the dislocation in the credit markets has created compelling risk adjusted returns in both the primary and secondary markets. Further, the current dislocation and illiquidity in the credit markets has also increased the likelihood of further consolidation in our industry. To that end, over the past 12-18 months we have evaluated (and expect to continue to evaluate in the future) a number of potential strategic acquisition opportunities, including acquisitions of:

asset portfolios;

contracts to manage collateralized loan obligation, or CLO, vehicles and other investment vehicles;

other private and public finance companies or asset managers; and

selected secondary market assets.

For example, in June 2009 our portfolio company IHAM completed the acquisition of contracts to sub-manage approximately \$770 million of middle market loan assets in three CLO vehicles managed by affiliates of Wells Fargo & Company. IHAM also acquired certain equity interests in these three CLOs. On October 26, 2009, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire Allied Capital in an all stock transaction valued at \$648 million, or approximately \$3.47 per Allied Capital share as of October 23, 2009. See " Allied Acquisition." In addition, on October 30, 2009, we completed our acquisition of Allied Capital's interests in the SL Fund for \$165 million in cash and on December 29, 2009, we made an incremental investment in IHAM to facilitate its acquisition of Allied Capital's management rights in respect of, and interests in, Ivy Hill SDF for approximately \$33 million in cash. See " Unitranche Fund Acquisition" and " Ivy Hill SDF Acquisition."

We have been and continue to be engaged in discussions with counterparties in respect of various potential strategic acquisition and investment transactions, including potential acquisitions of other finance companies. Some of these transactions could be material to our business and, if consummated, could be difficult to integrate, result in increased leverage or dilution and/or subject us to unexpected liabilities. However, none of these discussions has progressed to the point where the consummation of any such transaction could be deemed to be probable or reasonably certain as of the date of this prospectus. Consummation of any such transaction will be subject to completion of due diligence, finalization of key business and financial terms (including price) and negotiation of final definitive documentation as well as a number of other factors and conditions including, without limitation, the approval of our board of directors (after having determined that such transaction is in the best interest of our stockholders), any required third party consents and, in certain cases, the approval of our stockholders. We cannot predict how quickly the terms of any such transaction could be finalized, if at all. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that definitive documentation for any such transaction would be executed or even if executed, that any such transaction will be consummated. In connection with evaluating potential strategic acquisition and investment transactions, we have, and may in the future, incur significant expenses for the evaluation and due diligence investigation of these potential transactions.

#### **OUR CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Our administrative offices are located at 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90067, telephone number (310) 201-4200, and our executive offices are located at 280 Park Avenue, 22nd Floor, Building East, New York, New York 10017, telephone number (212) 750-7300.

**OFFERINGS**

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, subscription rights to purchase shares of our common stock or warrants representing rights to purchase shares of our common stock, preferred stock or debt securities, or units comprised of any combination of the foregoing, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. We will offer our securities at prices and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements to this prospectus. The offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, generally will not be less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of an offering. However, we may issue shares of our common stock pursuant to this prospectus at a price per share that is less than our net asset value per share (a) in connection with a rights offering to our existing stockholders, (b) with the prior approval of the majority of our common stockholders or (c) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. Any such issuance of shares of our common stock below net asset value may be dilutive to the net asset value of our common stock. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Offerings Pursuant to this Prospectus." As of the date of this registration statement, we had offered \$115,069,149 of the \$1,000,000,000 of securities covered by this registration statement.

We may offer our securities directly to one or more purchasers, including existing stockholders in a rights offering, through agents that we designate from time to time or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to each offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities, and will set forth any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding offerings of our securities:

Use of proceeds	Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities for general corporate purposes, which includes among other things, (a) investing in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies and market conditions and (b) repaying indebtedness. Each supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering. See "Use of Proceeds."
Distributions	We intend to distribute quarterly dividends to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. Our quarterly dividends, if any, will be determined by our board of directors. For more information, see "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions."
Taxation	We have elected to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any income and gain that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends on a timely basis. Among other things, in order to maintain our RIC status, we must meet specified income source and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, out of assets legally available for distribution. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes regardless of whether we continue to qualify as a RIC" and "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions."

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Dividend reinvestment plan	We have a dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. This is an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, then stockholders' dividends will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless they specifically "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash. Stockholders whose cash dividends are reinvested in additional shares of our common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."
The NASDAQ Global Select Market symbol	"ARCC"
Anti-takeover provisions	Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms. This structure is intended to provide us with a greater likelihood of continuity of management, which may be necessary for us to realize the full value of our investments. A staggered board of directors also may serve to deter hostile takeovers or proxy contests, as may certain other measures adopted by us. See "Description of Our Capital Stock."
Leverage	We borrow funds to make additional investments. We use this practice, which is known as "leverage," to attempt to increase returns to our common stockholders, but it involves significant risks. See "Risk Factors," "Senior Securities" and "Regulation Indebtedness and Senior Securities." With certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the Investment Company Act, equals at least 200% after such borrowing. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessments of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing.
Management arrangements	Ares Capital Management serves as our investment adviser. Ares Operations serves as our administrator. For a description of Ares Capital Management, Ares Operations, Ares and our contractual arrangements with these companies, see "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement," and "Administration Agreement."
Available information	We are required to file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. This information is available free of charge by calling us collect at (310) 201-4200 or on our website at <a href="http://www.arescapitalcorp.com">www.arescapitalcorp.com</a> . The SEC also maintains a website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a> that contains this information.



### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly, based on the assumptions set forth below. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid or to be paid by "you," "us," "the Company" or "Ares Capital," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in Ares Capital.

<b>Stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price):</b>	
Sales load paid by us	(1)
Offering expenses borne by us	(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	None (3)
<b>Total stockholder transaction expenses paid by us</b>	<b>(4)</b>
<b>Estimated annual expenses (as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock)(5):</b>	
Management fees	2.53%(6)
Incentive fees payable under investment advisory and management agreement (20% of realized capital gains and 20% of pre-incentive fee net investment income, subject to certain limitations)	2.61%(7)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	2.04%(8)
Other expenses	1.70%(9)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.03%(10)
<b>Total annual expenses (estimated)</b>	<b>8.91%(11)</b>

- 
- (1) In the event that the securities to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load. Purchases of shares of our common stock on the secondary market are not subject to sales charges, but may be subject to brokerage commissions or other charges. The table does not include any sales load (underwriting discount or commission) that stockholders may have paid in connection with their purchase of shares of our common stock.
- (2) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.
- (3) The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."
- (4) The related prospectus supplement will disclose the offering price and the total stockholder transaction expenses as a percentage of the offering price.
- (5) "Consolidated net assets attributable to common stock" equals net assets at September 30, 2009.
- (6) Our management fee is currently 1.5% of our total assets other than cash and cash equivalents (which includes assets purchased with borrowed amounts). For the purposes of this table, we have assumed that we maintain no cash or cash equivalents and that the management fee will remain at 1.5% as set forth in our current investment advisory and management agreement. We may from time to time decide it is appropriate to change the terms of the agreement. Under the Investment Company Act, any material change to our investment advisory and management agreement must be submitted to stockholders for approval. The 2.53% reflected on the table is calculated on our net assets (rather than our total assets). See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."



(7)

This item represents our investment adviser's incentive fees based on annualizing actual amounts earned on our pre-incentive fee net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and assumes that the incentive fees earned for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 will be based on the actual realized capital gains as of September 30, 2009, computed net of realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. It also assumes that this fee will remain constant although it is based on our performance and will not be paid unless we achieve certain goals. We expect to invest or otherwise utilize all of the net proceeds from securities registered under the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part pursuant to a particular prospectus supplement within three months of the date of the offering pursuant to such prospectus supplement and may have capital gains and interest income that could result in the payment of an incentive fee to our investment adviser in the first year after completion of offerings pursuant to this prospectus. Since our inception, the average quarterly incentive fee payable to our investment adviser has been approximately 0.56% of our weighted net assets (2.24% on an annualized basis). For more detailed information about incentive fees previously incurred by us, please see Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2009.

The incentive fee consists of two parts:

The first, payable quarterly in arrears, equals 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income (including interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash), subject to a 2.00% quarterly (8% annualized) hurdle rate and a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. Under this provision, in any calendar quarter, our investment adviser receives no incentive fee until our net investment income equals the hurdle rate of 2.00% but then receives, as a "catch-up," 100% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.50%. The effect of this provision is that, if pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter, our investment adviser will receive 20% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply.

The second part, payable annually in arrears, equals 20% of our realized capital gains on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of the year, if any, computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fees.

We will defer cash payment of any incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if, during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any incentive fees payable during the period) is less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period. These calculations will be adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases.

See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."

(8)

"Interest payments on borrowed funds" represents an estimate of our annualized interest expenses based on actual interest and credit facility expenses incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. During the nine months ended September 30, 2009, our average borrowings were \$865 million and cash paid for interest expense was \$15.1 million. We had outstanding borrowings of \$767.9 million at September 30, 2009. This item is based on our assumption that our borrowings and interest costs after an offering will remain similar to those prior to such offering. The prospectus supplement related to the offering of any debt securities pursuant to this prospectus will calculate this item based on the effects of our borrowings and interest costs after the issuance of such debt securities. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on, among other things, our board of directors' and our investment adviser's assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. See "Risk

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Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us."

- (9) Includes our overhead expenses, including payments under the administration agreement (as defined herein) based on our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Operations in performing its obligations under the administration agreement. Such expenses are estimated based on annualized "Other expenses" for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. See "Management Administration Agreement." The holders of shares of our common stock (and not the holders of our debt securities or preferred stock, if any) indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.
- (10) The Company's stockholders indirectly bear the expenses of underlying investment companies in which the Company invests. This amount includes the fees and expenses of investment companies in which the Company is invested as of September 30, 2009. Certain of these investment companies are subject to management fees, which generally range from 1% to 2.5% of total net assets, or incentive fees, which generally range between 15% to 25% of net profits. When applicable, fees and expenses are based on historic fees and expenses for the investment companies. For those investment companies with little or no operating history, fees and expenses are based on expected fees and expenses stated in the investment companies' offering memorandum, private placement memorandum or other similar communication without giving effect to any performance. Future fees and expenses for these investment companies may be substantially higher or lower because certain fees and expenses are based on the performance of the investment companies, which may fluctuate over time. The amount of the Company's average net assets used in calculating this percentage was based on average net assets of \$1.1 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.
- (11) "Total annual expenses" as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock are higher than the total annual expenses percentage would be for a company that is not leveraged. We borrow money to leverage and increase our total assets. The SEC requires that the "Total annual expenses" percentage be calculated as a percentage of net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any incentive fees payable during the period), rather than the total assets, including assets that have been funded with borrowed monies.

### Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that we would have no additional leverage, that none of our assets are cash or cash equivalents, and that our annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. Transaction expenses are not included in the following example. In the event that shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate this example to reflect the applicable sales load.

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5% annual return(1)	\$ 65	\$ 191	\$ 314	\$ 605

- (1) The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. The expenses you would pay, based on a \$1,000 investment and assuming a 5% annual return resulting entirely from net realized capital gains (and therefore subject to the capital gain incentive fee), and otherwise making the same assumptions in the example above, would be: 1 year, \$75; 3 years, \$220; 5 years, \$359; and 10 years, \$683. However, cash payment of the capital incentive fee would be deferred if, during the most

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recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date the payment set forth in the example is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any incentive fees payable during the period) was less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period (as adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases).

The foregoing table is to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. The incentive fee under the investment advisory and management agreement, which, assuming a 5% annual return, would either not be payable or have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the example. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses, and returns to our investors, would be higher. In addition, while the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at net asset value, if our board of directors authorizes and we declare a cash dividend, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan who have not otherwise elected to receive cash will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the valuation date for the dividend. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

**This example and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses as actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.**

**SELECTED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA OF ARES CAPITAL**

The following selected financial and other data for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, 2006 and 2005, and for the period from June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 are derived from our consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm whose report thereon is included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected financial and other data for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and other quarterly financial information is derived from our unaudited financial statements, but in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary to present fairly the results of such interim periods. Interim results as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2009. The data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities," which are included elsewhere in this prospectus.

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ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As of and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009, As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2008, 2007, 2006 and 2005 and  
As of and For the Period June 23, 2004 (inception)  
Through December 31, 2004

(dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data and as otherwise indicated)

	As of and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009	As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2008	As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2007	As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2006	As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2005	As of and For the Period June 23, 2004 (inception) Through December 31, 2004
Total Investment Income	\$ 176,008	\$ 240,461	\$ 188,874	\$ 120,020	\$ 41,851	\$ 4,381
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments, Foreign Currencies and Extinguishment of Debt	38,009	(266,447)	(4,117)	13,064	14,727	475
Total Expenses	80,391	113,221	94,751	58,458	14,569	1,666
Income Tax Expense (Benefit), Including Excise Tax	563	248	(826)	4,931	158	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ 133,063	\$ (139,455)	\$ 90,832	\$ 69,695	\$ 41,851	\$ 3,190
Per Share Data:						
Net Increase (Decrease) in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from Operations:						
Basic(1):	\$ 1.34	\$ (1.56)	\$ 1.34	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.75	\$ 0.28
Diluted(1):	\$ 1.34	\$ (1.56)	\$ 1.34	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.75	\$ 0.28
Cash Dividend Declared:	\$ 1.12	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.66	\$ 1.64	\$ 1.30	\$ 0.30
Total Assets	\$ 2,065,081	\$ 2,091,333	\$ 1,829,405	\$ 1,347,991	\$ 613,645	\$ 220,456
Total Debt	\$ 767,871	\$ 908,786	\$ 681,528	\$ 482,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 55,500
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$ 1,222,591	\$ 1,094,879	\$ 1,124,550	\$ 789,433	\$ 569,612	\$ 159,708
Other Data:						
Number of Portfolio Companies at Period End(2)	94	91	78	60	38	20
Principal Amount of Investments Purchased(3)	220,141	\$ 925,945	\$ 1,251,300	\$ 1,087,507	\$ 504,299	\$ 234,102
Principal Amount of Investments Sold and Repayments(4)	271,786	\$ 485,270	\$ 718,695	\$ 430,021	\$ 108,415	\$ 52,272
Total Return Based on Market Value(5)	91.94%	(45.25)%	(14.76)%	29.12%	(10.60)%	31.53%
Total Return Based on Net Asset Value(6)	12.02%	(11.17)%	8.98%	10.73%	12.04%	(1.80)%
Weighted Average Yield of Debt and Income Producing Equity Securities at Fair Value(7):	12.53%	12.79%	11.68%	11.95%	11.25%	12.36%
Weighted Average Yield of Debt and Income Producing Equity Securities at Amortized Cost(7):	11.70%	11.73%	11.64%	11.63%	11.40%	12.25%

(1) In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification, or "ASC," 260 (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, Earnings Per Share), the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding used in computing basic and diluted earnings per common share have been adjusted retroactively by a factor of 1.02% to recognize the bonus element associated with rights to acquire shares of common stock that we issued to stockholders of record as of March 24, 2008 in connection with a rights offering.

(2) Includes commitments to portfolio companies for which funding has yet to occur.

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- (3) The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 includes \$140.8 million of the assets purchased from Royal Bank of Canada and excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.
- (4) The information presented for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 excludes \$9.7 million of publicly traded fixed income securities.
- (5) Total return based on market value for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 equals the increase of the ending market value at September 30, 2009 of \$11.02 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2008 of \$6.33 per share, plus the declared dividends of \$1.12 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, divided by the market value at December 31, 2008. Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2008 equals the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2008 of \$6.33 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2007 of \$14.63 per share, plus the declared dividends of \$1.68 per share for the year ended December 31, 2008, divided by the market value at December 31, 2007. Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2007 equals the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2007 of \$14.63 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2006 of \$19.11 per share, plus the declared dividends of \$1.66 per share for the year ended December 31, 2007, divided by the market value at December 31, 2006. Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2006 equals the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2006 of \$19.11 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07 per share, plus the declared dividends of \$1.64 per share for the year ended December 31, 2006, divided by the market value at December 31, 2005. Total return based on market value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2005 of \$16.07 per share over the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share, plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005, divided by the market value at December 31, 2004. Total return based on market value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2004 of \$19.43 per share over the offering price of \$15.00 per share plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the offering price. Total return based on market value is not annualized. The Company's shares fluctuate in value. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- (6) Total return based on net asset value for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.12 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2008 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.68 per share for the year ended December 31, 2008, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2007 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.66 per share for the year ended December 31, 2007, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2006 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.64 per share for the year ended December 31, 2006, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the year ended December 31, 2005 equals the change in net asset value during the period (adjusted for share issuances) plus the declared dividends of \$1.30 per share for the year ended December 31, 2005, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value for the period June 23, 2004 (inception) through December 31, 2004 equals the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared dividend of \$0.30 per share (includes return of capital of \$0.01 per share) for holders of record on December 27, 2004, divided by the beginning net asset value. Total return based on net asset value is not annualized. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- (7) Weighted average yield on debt and income producing equity securities at fair value is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at fair value. Weighted average yield on debt and income producing equity securities at amortized cost is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount on accruing debt divided by (b) total income producing equity securities and debt at amortized cost.



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**SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (Unaudited)**  
**(dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)**

	2009		
	Q3	Q2	Q1
Total Investment Income	\$ 60,881	\$ 59,111	\$ 56,016
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain (losses) and incentive compensation	\$ 41,133	\$ 39,935	\$ 37,750
Incentive compensation	\$ 8,227	\$ 7,987	\$ 7,550
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain (losses)	\$ 32,906	\$ 31,948	\$ 30,200
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 30,370	\$ 2,805	\$ 4,834
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$ 63,276	\$ 34,753	\$ 35,034
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.36
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 11.16	\$ 11.21	\$ 11.20

	2008			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Total Investment Income	\$ 62,723	\$ 62,067	\$ 63,464	\$ 52,207
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain (losses) and incentive compensation	\$ 40,173	\$ 41,025	\$ 45,076	\$ 32,466
Incentive compensation	\$ 8,035	\$ 8,205	\$ 9,015	\$ 6,493
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain (losses)	\$ 32,138	\$ 32,820	\$ 36,061	\$ 25,973
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (142,638)	\$ (74,213)	\$ (32,789)	\$ (16,807)
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$ (110,500)	\$ (41,393)	\$ 3,272	\$ 9,166
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ (1.14)	\$ (0.43)	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.13
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 11.27	\$ 12.83	\$ 13.67	\$ 15.17

	2007			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Total Investment Income	\$ 53,828	\$ 47,931	\$ 47,399	\$ 39,715
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain (losses) and incentive compensation	\$ 33,677	\$ 29,875	\$ 31,220	\$ 23,699
Incentive compensation	\$ 6,573	\$ 5,966	\$ 6,229	\$ 4,755
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gain (losses)	\$ 27,104	\$ 23,909	\$ 24,991	\$ 18,944
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (16,353)	\$ (984)	\$ 8,576	\$ 4,645
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$ 10,752	\$ 22,924	\$ 33,567	\$ 23,589
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.44
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$ 15.47	\$ 15.74	\$ 15.84	\$ 15.34

**UNAUDITED SELECTED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA**

The following tables set forth unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data for Ares Capital and Allied Capital as a consolidated entity. The information as of September 30, 2009 is presented as if the Allied Acquisition had been completed on September 30, 2009 and after giving effect to certain transactions that occurred subsequent to September 30, 2009. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated operating data for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and for the year ended December 31, 2008 are presented as if the Allied Acquisition had been completed January 1, 2008. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to reflect the effect of these transactions have been made. The Allied Acquisition will be accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting as provided by ASC 805-10 (previously Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, or "SFAS," No. 141(R)), Business Combinations.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data should be read together with the respective historical audited and unaudited consolidated financial statements and financial statement notes of Allied Capital and Ares Capital in this document. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data are presented for comparative purposes only and do not necessarily indicate what the future operating results or financial position of Ares Capital will be following completion of the Allied Acquisition. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data does not include adjustments to reflect any cost savings or other operational efficiencies that may be realized as a result of the Allied Acquisition of Allied Capital and Ares Capital or any future merger related restructuring or integration expenses.

We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition.

(dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data and as otherwise indicated)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009	For the Year Ended December 31, 2008
Total Investment Income	\$ 428,258	\$ 742,705
Total Expenses	281,685	419,671
Net Investment Income Before Income Taxes	146,573	323,034
Income Tax Expense (Benefit), Including Excise Tax	4,768	2,754
Net Investment Income	141,805	320,280
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments, Foreign Currencies and Extinguishment of Debt	(534,739)	(1,519,627)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ (392,934)	\$ (1,199,347)
	As of September 30, 2009	
Total Assets	\$ 4,065,567	
Total Debt	\$ 1,676,393	
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$ 2,236,971	

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA PER SHARE DATA**

The following selected unaudited pro forma per share information for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and for the year ended December 31, 2008 reflects the Allied Acquisition and related transactions as if they had occurred on July 1, 2008. The unaudited pro forma combined net asset value per common share outstanding reflects the Allied Acquisition and related transactions as if they had occurred on September 30, 2009 and certain other transactions that occurred subsequent to September 30, 2009.

Such unaudited pro forma combined per share information is based on the historical financial statements of Ares Capital and Allied Capital and on publicly available information and certain assumptions and adjustments as discussed in the section entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements." This unaudited pro forma combined per share information is provided for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what the operating results or financial position of Ares Capital or Allied Capital would have been had the Allied Acquisition and related transactions been completed at the beginning of the periods or on the dates indicated, nor are they necessarily indicative of any future operating results or financial position. The following should be read in connection with the section entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" and other information included in or incorporated by reference into this document.

We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition.

	As of and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009				For the Year Ended December 31, 2008			
	Ares Capital	Allied Capital	Pro forma Combined Ares Capital	Per Equivalent Allied Capital Share(3)	Ares Capital	Allied Capital	Pro forma Combined Ares Capital	Per Equivalent Allied Capital Share(3)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations:								
Basic	\$ 1.34	\$ (2.89)	\$ (2.50)	\$ (0.81)	\$ (1.56)	\$ (6.01)	\$ (8.11)	\$ (2.63)
Diluted	\$ 1.34	\$ (2.89)	\$ (2.50)	\$ (0.81)	\$ (1.56)	\$ (6.01)	\$ (8.11)	\$ (2.63)
Cash Dividends Declared(1)	\$ 1.12	\$	\$ 1.12	\$ 0.36	\$ 1.68	\$ 2.60	\$ 1.68	\$ 0.55
Net Asset Value per Share(2)	\$ 11.16	\$ 6.70	\$ 13.32	\$ 4.33	\$ 11.27	\$ 9.62		

- (1) The cash dividends declared per share represent the actual dividends declared per share for the period presented. The pro forma combined dividends declared is the dividends per share as declared by Ares Capital.
- (2) The pro forma combined net asset value per share is computed by dividing the pro forma combined net assets as of September 30, 2009 by the pro forma combined number of shares outstanding.
- (3) The Allied Capital equivalent pro forma per share amount is calculated by multiplying the combined pro forma share amounts by the common stock exchange ratio of 0.325.

## RISK FACTORS

*Before you invest in our securities, you should be aware of various risks, including those described below. You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, before you decide whether to make an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, the net asset value of our common stock and the trading price of our securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.*

### RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS

**Capital markets have recently been in a period of disruption and instability. These market conditions have materially and adversely affected debt and equity capital markets in the United States, which has had, and may in the future have, a negative impact on our business and operations.**

Beginning in 2007, the U.S. capital markets entered into a period of disruption as evidenced by a lack of liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant write-offs in the financial services sector, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit market and the failure of major financial institutions. Despite actions of the U.S. federal government, these events contributed to worsening general economic conditions that materially and adversely impacted the broader financial and credit markets and reduced the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole and financial services firms in particular. While these conditions appear to be improving, they could continue for a prolonged period of time or worsen in the future. While these conditions persist, we and other companies in the financial services sector may have to access, if available, alternative markets for debt and equity capital in order to grow. Equity capital may be difficult to raise because, subject to some limited exceptions, as a BDC, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price less than net asset value without first obtaining approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors. At our 2009 annual stockholders meeting, subject to certain determinations required to be made by our board of directors, our stockholders approved our ability to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock, not exceeding 25% of our outstanding common stock at the time of such issuance, at a price below its then current net asset value per share during a period beginning on May 4, 2009 and expiring on the earlier of the anniversary of the date of the 2009 annual stockholders meeting and the date of the our 2010 annual stockholders meeting, which is expected to be held in May 2010. In addition, our ability to incur indebtedness (including by issuing preferred stock) is limited by applicable regulations such that our asset coverage, as defined in the Investment Company Act, must equal at least 200% immediately after each time we incur indebtedness. The debt capital that will be available, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions in the future. Any inability to raise capital could have a negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Moreover, recent market conditions have made, and may in the future make, it difficult to extend the maturity of or refinance our existing indebtedness and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if required. As a result, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments.

Capital markets volatility also affects our investment valuations. While most of our investments are not publicly traded, applicable accounting standards require us to assume as part of our valuation process that our investments are sold in a principal market to market participants (even if we plan on

holding an investment through its maturity). As a result, volatility in the capital markets can adversely affect our valuations.

Given the recent extreme volatility and dislocation in the capital markets, many BDCs have faced, and may in the future face, a challenging environment in which to raise capital. As a result of the recent significant changes in the capital markets affecting our ability to raise capital, the pace of our investment activity has slowed. In addition, significant changes in the capital markets, including the recent extreme volatility and disruption, has had, and may in the future have, a negative effect on the valuations of our investments and on the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. An inability to raise capital, and any required sale of our investments for liquidity purposes, could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

**A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.**

If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company under the Investment Company Act, which would subject us to additional regulatory restrictions and significantly decrease our operating flexibility. In addition, any such failure could cause an event of default under our outstanding indebtedness, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

**We are dependent upon Ares Capital Management's key personnel for our future success and upon their access to Ares' investment professionals.**

We depend on the diligence, skill and network of business contacts of Ares Capital Management's key personnel, including its investment committee. We also depend, to a significant extent, on Ares Capital Management's access to the investment professionals of Ares and the information and deal flow generated by Ares' investment professionals in the course of their investment and portfolio management activities. Our future success depends on the continued service of Ares Capital Management's key personnel, including its investment committee. The departure of any of Ares Capital Management's key personnel, including members of its investment committee, or of a significant number of the investment professionals or partners of Ares, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, we cannot assure you that Ares Capital Management will remain our investment adviser or that we will continue to have access to Ares' investment professionals or its information and deal flow.

**Our financial condition and results of operations depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively.**

Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our ability to acquire suitable investments and monitor and administer those investments, which depends, in turn, on Ares Capital Management's ability to identify, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria.

Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of Ares Capital Management's structuring of the investment process and its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us. Our executive officers and the members of Ares Capital Management's investment committee have substantial responsibilities in connection with their roles at Ares and with the other Ares funds, as well as responsibilities under the investment advisory and management agreement. They may also be called upon to provide significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies on behalf of our administrator. These demands on their time, which will increase as the number of investments grow, may distract them or slow the rate of investment. In order to grow, Ares Capital Management will need to hire, train, supervise and manage new employees. However, we cannot assure you that any such employees will be retained. Any failure to manage our future growth

effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, as we grow, we may open up new offices in new geographic regions that may increase our direct operating expenses without corresponding revenue growth.

**Our ability to grow depends on our ability to raise capital.**

We will need to periodically access the capital markets to raise cash to fund new investments. Ares has elected to be treated as a RIC and operates in a manner so as to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax treatment applicable to RICs. Among other things, in order to maintain our RIC status, we must distribute to our stockholders on a timely basis generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, and, as a result, such distributions will not be available to fund investment originations. We must continue to borrow from financial institutions and issue additional securities to fund our growth. Unfavorable economic or capital market conditions may increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or could result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. An inability to successfully access the capital markets could limit our ability to grow our business and fully execute our business strategy and could decrease our earnings, if any.

In addition, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts or issue debt securities or preferred stock such that our asset coverage, as defined in the Investment Company Act, equals at least 200% immediately after such borrowing, which, in certain circumstances, may restrict our ability to borrow or issue debt securities or preferred stock. The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessments of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing or issuance of debt securities or preferred stock. We cannot assure you that we will be able to maintain our current Facilities or obtain other lines of credit at all or on terms acceptable to us.

**Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.**

We may issue debt securities or preferred stock, which we refer to collectively as "senior securities," or borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, up to the maximum amount permitted by the Investment Company Act. Under the provisions of the Investment Company Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to incur indebtedness or issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the Investment Company Act, equals at least 200% after each such incurrence or issuance. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test, which may prohibit us from paying dividends and could prevent us from maintaining our status as a RIC or may prohibit us from repurchasing shares of our common stock. If we cannot satisfy this test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous and, depending on the nature of our leverage, repay a portion of our indebtedness. As of September 30, 2009, our asset coverage for senior securities was 259%.

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value per share of our common stock if our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. Any such sale would be dilutive to the net asset value per share of our common stock. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price which, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any commission or discount). If our common stock trades at a discount to net asset value, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise capital.

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At our 2009 annual stockholders meeting, subject to the board of directors determination described above, our stockholders approved our ability to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock, not exceeding 25% of our outstanding common stock at the time of such issuance, at a price below its then current net asset value per share during a period beginning on May 4, 2009 and expiring on the earlier of the anniversary of the date of the 2009 annual stockholders meeting and the date of our 2010 annual stockholders meeting, which is expected to be held in May 2010.

To generate cash for funding new investments, we have also securitized, and may in the future seek to securitize, our loans. To securitize loans, we may create a separate, wholly owned subsidiary and contribute or sell a pool of loans to such subsidiary (or one of its subsidiaries). Such subsidiary may then sell equity, issue debt or sell interests in the pool of loans, on a limited-recourse basis, the payments on which are generally limited to the pool of loans and the proceeds therefrom. We may also retain a portion of the equity interests in the securitized pool of loans. Any retained equity would be exposed to losses on the related pool of loans before any of the related debt securities. An inability to successfully securitize our loan portfolio could limit our ability to grow our business and fully execute our business strategy. The securitization market is subject to changing market conditions (including the recent, unprecedented dislocation of the securitization and finance markets generally) and we may not be able to access this market when we would otherwise deem appropriate. Moreover, the successful securitization of our loan portfolio might expose us to losses as the residual loans in which we do not sell interests may be those that are riskier and more apt to generate losses. The Investment Company Act may also impose restrictions on the structure of any securitization.

### **We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us.**

As of September 30, 2009, we had \$494.1 million of outstanding borrowings under our Facilities and \$273.8 million of CLO Notes (as defined herein). In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our September 30, 2009 total assets of at least 1.21%. The weighted average interest rate charged on our borrowings as of September 30, 2009 was 2.02%. We intend to continue borrowing under the Facilities in the future and we may increase the size of the Facilities or issue debt securities or other evidences of indebtedness (although there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so). Our ability to service our debt depends largely on our financial performance and is subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessments of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing.

Our Facilities and the CLO Notes impose financial and operating covenants that restrict our business activities, including limitations that could hinder our ability to finance additional loans and investments or to make the distributions required to maintain our status as a RIC. A failure to renew our Facilities or to add new or replacement debt facilities could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increase the risks associated with investing in our securities. We currently borrow under our Facilities, and in the future, may borrow from or issue debt securities to banks, insurance companies and other lenders. Holders of such debt securities have fixed dollar claims on our consolidated assets that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders or any preferred stockholders. If the value of our consolidated assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value per share of our common stock to increase more sharply than it would have had we not leveraged.

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Conversely, if the value of our consolidated assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Similarly, any increase in our consolidated income in excess of consolidated interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage, while any decrease in our consolidated income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful.

The following table illustrates the effect on return to a holder of our common stock of the leverage created by our use of borrowing at the interest rate of 2.02% and assumes (a) our total value of net assets as of September 30, 2009; (b) \$767.9 million debt outstanding as of September 30, 2009 and (c) hypothetical annual returns on our portfolio of minus 15 to plus 15 percent.

Assumed Return on Portfolio (Net of Expenses)(1)	-15%	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%	15%
Corresponding Return to Common Stockholders(2)	-27%	-18%	-10%	-1%	7%	16%	24%

(1) The assumed portfolio return is required by regulation of the SEC and is not a prediction of, and does not represent, our projected or actual performance. Actual returns may be greater or less than those appearing in the table.

(2) In order to compute the "Corresponding Return to Common Stockholders," the "Assumed Return on Portfolio" is multiplied by the total value of our assets at September 30, 2009 to obtain an assumed return to us. From this amount, the interest expense calculated by multiplying the interest rate of 2.02% times the \$767.9 million debt is subtracted to determine the return available to stockholders. The return available to stockholders is then divided by the total value of our net assets as of September 30, 2009 to determine the "Corresponding Return to Common Stockholders."

**In addition to regulatory requirements that restrict our ability to raise capital, the Facilities and the CLO Notes contain various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the Facilities and the CLO Notes, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.**

The agreements governing the Facilities and the CLO Notes require us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants. These covenants include:

restrictions on the level of indebtedness that we are permitted to incur in relation to the value of our assets;

restrictions on our ability to incur liens; and

maintenance of a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

As of the date of this prospectus, we are in compliance with the covenants of the Facilities and the CLO Notes. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. For example, depending on the condition of the public debt and equity markets and pricing levels, net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio may increase in the future. Any such increase could result in our inability to comply with our obligation to restrict the level of indebtedness that we are able to incur in relation to the value of our assets or to maintain a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

Accordingly, although we believe we will continue to be in compliance, there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with the covenants in the Facilities and the CLO Notes. Failure to comply with these covenants would result in a default under the Revolving Credit Facility, the CP Funding Facility or the CLO Notes, which, if we were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders



under the Revolving Credit Facility, the purchasers under the CP Funding Facility, or the trustee or holders of the CLO Notes, respectively, could accelerate repayment under the Revolving Credit Facility, the CP Funding Facility or the CLO Notes, respectively, and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

**We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.**

A number of entities compete with us to make the types of investments that we make in middle-market companies. We compete with other BDCs, public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies, insurance companies, high yield investors, hedge funds, and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. Some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the Investment Company Act imposes on us as a BDC and that the Code imposes on us as a RIC. We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Also, as a result of this competition, we may not be able to pursue attractive investment opportunities from time to time.

We do not seek to compete primarily based on the interest rates we offer and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that are comparable to or lower than the rates we offer. Rather, we compete with our competitors based on our existing investment platform, seasoned management team, experience and focus on middle-market companies, disciplined investment philosophy, extensive industry focus and flexible transaction structuring. For a more detailed discussion of these competitive advantages, see "Business Competitive Advantages."

We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income and increased risk of credit loss. As a result of operating in such a competitive environment, we may make investments that are on better terms to our portfolio companies than what we may have originally anticipated, which may impact our return on these investments.

**We may be subject to certain corporate-level taxes regardless of whether we continue to qualify as a RIC.**

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax treatment applicable to RICs. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on our income and gain that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends on a timely basis. To qualify as a RIC under the Code, we must meet certain income source, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. We may also be subject to certain U.S. federal excise taxes, as well as state, local and foreign taxes.

The annual distribution requirement for a RIC is satisfied if we distribute to our stockholders on a timely basis generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income for each year. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the Investment Company Act and financial covenants under our indebtedness that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to qualify as a RIC. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and, thus, may be subject to corporate-level income tax. In that event, the resulting corporate-level taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of

our distributions. Because we must make distributions to our stockholders as described above, such amounts, to the extent a stockholder is not participating in our dividend reinvestment plan, will not be available to fund investment originations. We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on any undistributed income and/or gain.

To qualify as a RIC, we must also meet certain annual income source requirements at the end of each taxable year and asset diversification requirements at the end of each calendar quarter. Failure to meet these tests may result in our having to (a) dispose of certain investments quickly or (b) raise additional capital to prevent the loss of RIC status. Because most of our investments are in private companies and are generally illiquid, any such dispositions may be at disadvantageous prices and may result in losses. Also, the rules applicable to our qualification as a RIC under the Code are complex with many areas of uncertainty. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that we have qualified or will qualify as a RIC. If we fail to qualify as a RIC for any reason and become subject to regular "C" corporation income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions. Such a failure would have a material adverse effect on us and our stockholders. See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a RIC."

**We may have difficulty paying our required distributions under applicable tax rules if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we include in income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as original issue discount, which may arise if we receive warrants in connection with the making of a loan or possibly in other circumstances, or payment-in-kind interest, which represents contractual interest added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term. Such original issue discount or increases in loan balances are included in income before we receive any corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in income certain other amounts that we will not receive in cash, including, for example, non-cash income from payment-in-kind securities, deferred payment securities and hedging and foreign currency transactions.

Since, in certain cases, we may recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty meeting the U.S. federal income tax requirement to distribute generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income to maintain our status as a RIC. Accordingly, we may have to sell some of our investments at times we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or reduce new investment originations to meet these distribution requirements. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and thus be subject to additional corporate-level taxes. See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a RIC."

If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. The investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on accrued income that we never receive as a result of a default by an entity on the obligation that resulted in the accrual of such income.

**We may in the future determine to fund a portion of our investments with preferred stock, which would magnify the potential for gain or loss and the risks of investing in us in the same way as our borrowings.**

Because preferred stock is another form of leverage and the dividends on any preferred stock we issue must be cumulative, preferred stock has the same risks to our common stockholders as borrowings. Payment of such dividends and repayment of the liquidation preference of such preferred stock must take preference over any dividends or other payments to our common stockholders, and

preferred stockholders are not subject to any of our expenses or losses and are not entitled to participate in any income or appreciation in excess of their stated preference.

**We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.**

General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments and investment opportunities and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on our investment objective and rate of return on invested capital. Because we borrow money and may issue debt securities or preferred stock to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds or pay interest or dividends on such debt securities or preferred stock and the rate at which we invest these funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. Trading prices for debt that pays a fixed rate of return tend to fall as interest rates rise. Trading prices tend to fluctuate more for fixed-rate securities that have longer maturities. We have entered into certain hedging transactions, such as interest rate swap agreements, to mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, and we may continue to do so in the future. However, we cannot assure you that such transactions will be successful in mitigating our exposure to credit risk. Hedging transactions may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments. Although we have no policy governing the maturities of our investments, under current market conditions we expect that we will invest in a portfolio of debt generally having maturities of up to 10 years. This means that we are subject to greater risk (other things being equal) than a fund invested solely in shorter-term securities. A decline in the prices of the debt we own could adversely affect the trading price of our shares. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock.

**Many of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded and, as a result, there is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.**

A large percentage of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded. The fair value of investments that are not publicly traded may not be readily determinable. We value these investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors based on the input of our management and audit committee and independent valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of the board to assist in the valuation of each portfolio investment without a readily available market quotation at least once during a trailing six-month period. The valuation process is conducted at the end of each fiscal quarter, with approximately 50% (based on value) of our valuations of portfolio companies without readily available market quotations subject to review by an independent valuation firm each quarter. However, we may use additional independent valuation firms to value our investments more frequently as determined in good faith by our board of directors to the extent necessary to reflect significant events affecting the value of our investments. The types of factors that may be considered in valuing our investments include the enterprise value of the portfolio company, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow and other relevant factors. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private investments and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these investments existed and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Our net asset value per share could be adversely affected if our determinations regarding the fair value of these investments are materially higher than the values that we realize upon disposition of such investments.

**The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.**

As we generally make investments in private companies, substantially all of these investments are subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or are otherwise less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments. In addition, we may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we or an affiliated manager of Ares has material non-public information regarding such portfolio company.

**We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.**

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the interest rates payable on the debt investments we make, the default rates on such investments, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses and the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

**There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns.**

Certain of our executive officers and directors, and members of the investment committee of our investment adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of other entities and affiliates of our investment adviser and investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our or our stockholders' best interests or that may require them to devote time to services for other entities, which could interfere with the time available to provide services to us. For example, Messrs. Ressler, Rosenthal, Kissick and Sachs each will continue to have significant responsibilities for other Ares funds. Messrs. Ressler and Rosenthal are required to devote a substantial majority of their business time, and Mr. Kissick is required to devote a majority of his business time, to the affairs of ACOF. However, Ares believes that the efforts of Messrs. Ressler, Rosenthal and Kissick relative to Ares Capital and ACOF are synergistic with and beneficial to the affairs of each of Ares Capital and ACOF.

Although other Ares funds generally have different primary investment objectives than Ares Capital, they may from time to time invest in asset classes similar to those targeted by Ares Capital. In addition, Ares is not restricted from raising an investment fund with investment objectives similar to that of Ares Capital. Any such funds may also, from time to time, invest in asset classes similar to those targeted by Ares Capital. Ares Capital Management endeavors to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, and in any event consistent with any fiduciary duties owed to Ares Capital. Nevertheless, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by investment funds managed by investment managers affiliated with Ares Capital Management. In addition, there may be conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities among us and the funds managed by us or one or more of our controlled affiliates, including IHAM, or among the funds they manage. We may or may not participate in investments made by funds managed by us or one or more of our controlled affiliates.

We have from time to time sold assets to certain funds managed by IHAM and, as part of our investment strategy, we may offer to sell additional assets to funds managed by us and/or one or more of our controlled affiliates or we may purchase assets from funds managed by us and/or one or more of our controlled affiliates. In addition, funds managed by us or one or more of our controlled affiliates may offer assets to or may purchase assets from one another. While assets may be sold or purchased at prices that are consistent with those that could be obtained from third parties in the marketplace, and

although these types of transactions generally require approval of one or more independent parties, there is an inherent conflict of interest in such transactions between us and funds managed by us or one of our controlled affiliates.

We pay management and incentive fees to Ares Capital Management, and reimburse Ares Capital Management for certain expenses it incurs. In addition, investors in our common stock will invest on a gross basis and receive distributions on a net basis after expenses, resulting in, among other things, a lower rate of return than one might achieve through direct investments.

Ares Capital Management's management fee is based on a percentage of our total assets (other than cash or cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) and Ares Capital Management may have conflicts of interest in connection with decisions that could affect our total assets, such as decisions as to whether to incur indebtedness or to engage in the Allied Acquisition.

The part of the incentive fee payable by us that relates to our pre-incentive fee net investment income is computed and paid on income that may include interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible.

Our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, also has financial interests in the Allied Acquisition that are different from, and/or in addition to, the interests of our stockholders. For example, Ares Capital Management's management fee is based on a percentage of Ares Capital's total assets. Because total assets under management will increase as a result of the Allied Acquisition, the dollar amount of Ares Capital Management's management fee will increase as a result of the Allied Acquisition. In addition, the incentive fee payable by us to Ares Capital Management may be positively impacted as a result of the Allied Acquisition. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."

Our investment advisory and management agreement renews for successive annual periods if approved by our board of directors or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities, including, in either case, approval by a majority of our directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act. However, both we and Ares Capital Management have the right to terminate the agreement without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Moreover, conflicts of interest may arise if our investment adviser seeks to change the terms of our investment advisory and management agreement, including, for example, the terms for compensation. While any material change to the investment advisory and management agreement must be submitted to stockholders for approval under the Investment Company Act, we may from time to time decide it is appropriate to seek stockholder approval to change the terms of the agreement.

Pursuant to a separate amended and restated administration agreement, referred to herein as our "administration agreement," Ares Operations, an affiliate of Ares Capital Management, furnishes us with administrative services and we pay Ares Operations our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Operations in performing its obligations under the administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the cost of our officers and their respective staffs.

Our portfolio company, IHAM, is party to a services agreement, referred to herein as the "services agreement," with Ares Capital Management, pursuant to which Ares Capital Management provides IHAM with the facilities, investment advisory services and administrative services necessary for the operations of IHAM. IHAM reimburses Ares Capital Management for the costs associated with such services, including Ares Capital Management's allocable portion of overhead and the cost of its officers and respective staff in performing its obligations under the services agreement.

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We rent office space directly from a third party pursuant to a lease that expires on February 27, 2011. In addition, we have entered into a sublease with Ares Management whereby Ares Management subleases approximately 25% of the office space for a fixed rent equal to 25% of the basic annual rent payable by us under this lease, plus certain additional costs and expenses.

As a result of the arrangements described above, there may be times when the management team of Ares Management has interests that differ from those of our stockholders, giving rise to a conflict.

Our stockholders may have conflicting investment, tax and other objectives with respect to their investments in us. The conflicting interests of individual stockholders may relate to or arise from, among other things, the nature of our investments, the structure or the acquisition of our investments, and the timing of disposition of our investments. As a consequence, conflicts of interest may arise in connection with decisions made by our investment adviser, including with respect to the nature or structuring of our investments, that may be more beneficial for one stockholder than for another stockholder, especially with respect to stockholders' individual tax situations. In selecting and structuring investments appropriate for us, our investment adviser will consider the investment and tax objectives of the Company and our stockholders, as a whole, not the investment, tax or other objectives of any stockholder individually.

**Our investment adviser's liability is limited under the investment advisory and management agreement, and we are required to indemnify our investment adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.**

Our investment adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the investment advisory and management agreement, and it will not be responsible for any action of our board of directors in declining to follow our investment adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the investment advisory and management agreement, our investment adviser and its managing members, officers and employees will not be liable to us for their acts under the investment advisory and management agreement, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. We have agreed to indemnify, defend and protect our investment adviser and its managing members, officers and employees with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses resulting from acts of our investment adviser not arising out of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties under the investment advisory and management agreement. These protections may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Investments Our investment adviser's incentive fee may induce Ares Capital Management to make certain investments, including speculative investments."

**We may be obligated to pay our investment adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.**

Our investment adviser is entitled to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter in an amount equal to a percentage of the excess of our pre-incentive fee net investment income for that quarter (before deducting incentive compensation, net operating losses and certain other items) above a threshold return for that quarter. Our pre-incentive fee net investment income for incentive compensation purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses or depreciation that we may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses or depreciation result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay our manager incentive compensation for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

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Under the investment advisory and management agreement, we will defer cash payment of any incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if, during the most recent four full calendar quarter periods ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any incentive fees payable during the period) is less than 8.0% of our net assets at the beginning of such period. These calculations will be adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases. Any deferred incentive fees will be carried over for payment in subsequent calculation periods to the extent such payment can then be made under the investment advisory and management agreement.

### **Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, or changes in the interpretation thereof, and any failure by us to comply with laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business.**

We and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation by laws at the local, state and federal levels. These laws and regulations, as well as their interpretation, may be changed from time to time. Accordingly, any change in these laws or regulations, or their interpretation, or any failure by us to comply with these laws or regulations may adversely affect our business.

### **We may not replicate Ares' historical success and our ability to enter into transactions with Ares and our other affiliates is restricted.**

Our primary focus in making investments differs from those of other private funds that are or have been managed by Ares' investment professionals. Further, investors in Ares Capital are not acquiring an interest in other Ares managed funds. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that Ares Capital will replicate Ares' historical success, and we caution you that our investment returns could be substantially lower than the returns achieved by those private funds.

Further, we and certain of our controlled affiliates are prohibited under the Investment Company Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our upstream affiliates, our investment adviser and its affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of our outstanding voting securities is our upstream affiliate for purposes of the Investment Company Act and we are generally prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such affiliate, absent the prior approval of our independent directors. The Investment Company Act also prohibits "joint" transactions with an upstream affiliate, or our investment adviser or its affiliates, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of our independent directors. In addition, we and certain of our controlled affiliates are prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to, or entering into joint transactions with, our investment adviser and its affiliates, or any person who owns more than 25% of our voting securities or is otherwise deemed to control, be controlled by, or be under common control with us, absent the prior approval of the SEC through an exemptive order (other than in certain limited situations pursuant to current regulatory guidance). The analysis of whether a particular transaction constitutes a joint transaction requires a review of the relevant facts and circumstances then existing.

We have applied for an exemptive order from the SEC that would permit us and certain of our controlled affiliates to co-invest with funds managed by Ares. Any such order will be subject to certain terms and conditions and there can be no assurance that such order will be granted by the SEC. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that we or our controlled affiliates will be permitted to co-invest with funds managed by Ares, other than in the limited circumstances currently permitted by regulatory guidance or in the absence of a joint transaction.

**We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition.**

While there can be no assurances as to the exact timing, or that the Allied Acquisition will be completed at all, we are working to complete the Allied Acquisition in the first quarter of 2010. The consummation of the Allied Acquisition is subject to certain conditions, including, among others, Allied Capital stockholder approval, our stockholder approval, required regulatory approvals (including expiration of the waiting period under the HSR Act, the early termination of which was granted on December 1, 2009), receipt of certain of our and Allied Capital's lender consents and other customary closing conditions. We intend to consummate the Allied Acquisition as soon as possible; however, we cannot assure you that the conditions required to consummate the Allied Acquisition will be satisfied or waived on the anticipated schedule, or at all. If the Allied Acquisition is not completed, we will have incurred substantial expenses for which no ultimate benefit will have been received. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition If the Allied Acquisition does not close, we won't benefit from the expenses incurred in its pursuit." In addition, the Merger Agreement provides for the payment by us to Allied Capital of a reverse termination fee of \$30 million under certain circumstances (\$30 million if Ares Capital stockholders do not approve the issuance of shares of Ares Capital common stock in the merger). See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition Under certain circumstances, we and Allied Capital are obligated to pay each other a termination fee upon termination of the Merger Agreement." See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the Allied Acquisition is consummated. Any investment decision you make should be made independent of the consummation of the Allied Acquisition.

**RISKS RELATING TO OUR INVESTMENTS**

**Price declines and illiquidity in the corporate debt markets have adversely affected, and may in the future adversely affect, the fair value of our portfolio investments, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation.**

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of our board of directors. We may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments: the enterprise value of a portfolio company (an estimate of the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to publicly traded securities, changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future and other relevant factors. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments are recorded as unrealized depreciation. Unprecedented declines in prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets resulted in significant net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio in the recent past. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio has reduced our net asset value by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer additional unrealized losses in future periods, which could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.



**Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.**

As of the date of this prospectus, the economy recently has been in the midst of a recession and in the difficult part of a credit cycle with industry defaults increasing. Many of our portfolio companies may be materially and adversely affected by the credit cycle and, in turn, may be unable to satisfy their financial obligations (including their loans to us) over the coming months.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay our loans during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets may increase and the value of our portfolio may decrease during these periods if we are required to write down the values of our investments. Adverse economic conditions also may decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, acceleration of the time when the loans are due and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross defaults under other agreements and jeopardize our portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt that we hold and the value of any equity securities we own. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting portfolio company.

**Investments in privately held middle-market companies involve significant risks.**

We primarily invest in privately held U.S. middle-market companies. Investments in privately held middle-market companies involve a number of significant risks, including the following:

these companies may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees we may have obtained in connection with our investment;

they typically have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

they typically depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

there is generally little public information about these companies. These companies and their financial information are not subject to the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 and other rules that govern public companies, and we may be unable to uncover all material information about these companies, which may prevent us from making a fully informed investment decision and cause us to lose money on our investments;

they generally have less predictable operating results, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position. In addition, our executive officers, directors and our investment adviser may, in the ordinary course of business, be named as defendants in litigation arising from our investments in the portfolio companies; and

they may have difficulty accessing the capital markets to meet future capital needs.

**Our debt investments may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investment.**

The debt that we invest in is typically not initially rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service or lower than "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's). Indebtedness of below investment grade quality is regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Our mezzanine investments may result in an above average amount of risk and volatility or loss of principal. We also invest in assets other than mezzanine investments, including first and second lien loans, high-yield securities, U.S. government securities, credit derivatives and other structured securities and certain direct equity investments. These investments will entail additional risks that could adversely affect our investment returns. In addition, to the extent interest payments associated with such debt are deferred, such debt will be subject to greater fluctuations in value based on changes in interest rates. Also, such debt could subject us to phantom income, and since we generally do not receive any cash prior to maturity of the debt, the investment is of greater risk.

**Investments in equity securities involve a substantial degree of risk.**

We may purchase common and other equity securities. Although common stocks have historically generated higher average total returns than fixed income securities over the long term, common stocks also have experienced significantly more volatility in those returns and in recent years have significantly under performed relative to fixed income securities. The equity securities we acquire may fail to appreciate and may decline in value or become worthless and our ability to recover our investment will depend on our portfolio company's success. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including:

any equity investment we make in a portfolio company could be subject to further dilution as a result of the issuance of additional equity interests and to serious risks as a junior security that will be subordinate to all indebtedness or senior securities in the event that the issuer is unable to meet its obligations or becomes subject to a bankruptcy process;

to the extent that the portfolio company requires additional capital and is unable to obtain it, we may not recover our investment in equity securities; and

in some cases, equity securities in which we invest will not pay current dividends, and our ability to realize a return on our investment, as well as to recover our investment, will be dependent on the success of our portfolio companies. Even if the portfolio companies are successful, our ability to realize the value of our investment may be dependent on the occurrence of a liquidity event, such as a public offering or the sale of the portfolio company. It is likely to take a significant amount of time before a liquidity event occurs or we can sell our equity investments. In addition, the equity securities we receive or invest in may be subject to restrictions on resale during periods in which it could be advantageous to sell.

There are special risks associated with investing in preferred securities, including:

preferred securities may include provisions that permit the issuer, at its discretion, to defer distributions for a stated period without any adverse consequences to the issuer. If we own a preferred security that is deferring its distributions, we may be required to report income for tax purposes although it has not yet received such income;

preferred securities are subordinated to debt in terms of priority to corporate income and liquidation payments, and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than debt;

preferred securities may be substantially less liquid than many other securities, such as common stocks or U.S. government securities; and

generally, preferred security holders have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company, subject to limited exceptions.

Additionally, when we invest in first and second lien senior loans or mezzanine debt, we may acquire warrants or other equity securities as well. Our goal is ultimately to dispose of such equity interests and realize gains upon our disposition of such interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience.

We may invest, to the extent permitted by law, in the equity securities of investment funds that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions to the Investment Company Act and in advisers to similar investment funds, and, to the extent we so invest, will bear our ratable share of any such company's expenses, including management and performance fees. We will also remain obligated to pay management and incentive fees to Ares Capital Management with respect to the assets invested in the securities and instruments of such companies. With respect to each of these investments, each of our common stockholders will bear his or her share of the management and incentive fee of Ares Capital Management as well as indirectly bearing the management and performance fees and other expenses of any such investment funds or advisers.

**There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.**

If one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, even though we may have structured our interest as senior debt, depending on the facts and circumstances, a bankruptcy court might recharacterize our debt holding as an equity investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In addition, lenders can be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by them where they become too involved in the borrower's business or exercise control over the borrower. For example, we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, if, among other things, we actually render significant managerial assistance.

**Our portfolio companies may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.**

Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt, or issue other equity securities, that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments. By their terms, such instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of dividends, interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of our investments. These debt instruments usually prohibit the portfolio companies from paying interest on or repaying our investments in the event and during the continuance of a default under such debt. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of securities ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company typically are entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying such holders, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of securities ranking equally with our investments, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other security holders in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing any junior priority loans we make to our portfolio companies may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more intercreditor agreements that we enter into with the holders of senior debt. Under such an intercreditor agreement, at any time that senior obligations are outstanding, we may forfeit certain rights with respect to the collateral to the holders of the senior obligations. These rights may include the right to

commence enforcement proceedings against the collateral, the right to control the conduct of such enforcement proceedings, the right to approve amendments to collateral documents, the right to release liens on the collateral and the right to waive past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct such actions, even if as a result our rights as junior lenders are adversely affected.

**When we are a debt or minority equity investor in a portfolio company, we may not be in a position to exert influence on the entity, and management of the company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.**

We make both debt and minority equity investments; therefore, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree, and the stockholders and management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our investment.

**Our portfolio companies may be highly leveraged.**

Some of our portfolio companies may be highly leveraged, which may have adverse consequences to these companies and to us as an investor. These companies may be subject to restrictive financial and operating covenants and the leverage may impair these companies' ability to finance their future operations and capital needs. As a result, these companies' flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions and to take advantage of business opportunities may be limited. Further, a leveraged company's income and net assets will tend to increase or decrease at a greater rate than if borrowed money were not used.

**Our investment adviser's incentive fee may induce Ares Capital Management to make certain investments, including speculative investments.**

The incentive fee payable by us to Ares Capital Management may create an incentive for Ares Capital Management to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement. The way in which the incentive fee payable to our investment adviser is determined, which is calculated as a percentage of the return on invested capital, may encourage our investment adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. Under certain circumstances, the use of leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor the holders of our common stock, including investors in offerings of common stock, securities convertible into our common stock or warrants representing rights to purchase our common stock or securities convertible into our common stock pursuant to this prospectus. In addition, the investment adviser will receive the incentive fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike the portion of the incentive fee based on income, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the portion of the incentive fee based on net capital gains. As a result, the investment adviser may have a tendency to invest more in investments that are likely to result in capital gains as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns. The part of the incentive fee payable by us that relates to our pre-incentive fee net investment income will be computed and paid on income that may include interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. The investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the incentive fee it received that was based on such accrued interest that we never actually receive.

Because of the structure of the incentive fee, it is possible that we may have to pay an incentive fee in a quarter where we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-incentive fee net

investment income in excess of the hurdle rate for a quarter, we will pay the applicable incentive fee even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized capital losses. In addition, if market interest rates rise, we may be able to invest our funds in debt instruments that provide for a higher return, which would increase our pre-incentive fee net investment income and make it easier for our investment adviser to surpass the fixed hurdle rate and receive an incentive fee based on such net investment income.

**Our investments in foreign debt may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments. We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.**

Our investment strategy contemplates potential investments in debt of foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes (potentially at confiscatory levels), less liquid markets, less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although most of our investments will be U.S. dollar denominated, our investments that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation, and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective.

We have and may in the future enter into hedging transactions, which may expose us to risks associated with such transactions. We may utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Use of these hedging instruments may include counter party credit risk. Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions does not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price.

The success of our hedging transactions will depend on our ability to correctly predict movements, currencies and interest rates. Therefore, while we may enter into such transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we may not seek to establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities is likely to fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations. See also "Risk Factors Risk Relating to our Business We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates."

**We may initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus primarily in high-quality short-term investments, which will generate lower rates of return than those expected from the interest generated on first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt.**

We may initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality short-term investments. These securities may earn yields substantially lower than the income that we anticipate receiving once we are fully invested in accordance with our investment objective. As a result, we may not be able to achieve our investment objective and/or pay any dividends during this period or, if we are able to do so, such dividends may be substantially lower than the dividends that we expect to pay when our portfolio is fully invested. If we do not realize yields in excess of our expenses, we may incur operating losses and the market price of our shares may decline.

#### **RISKS RELATING TO A CONSUMMATION OF THE ALLIED ACQUISITION**

**Consummation of the Allied Acquisition will cause immediate dilution to our stockholders' voting interests in us and may cause immediate dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock.**

Upon consummation of the Allied Acquisition, each of Allied Capital's common shares issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Allied Acquisition will be converted into and become exchangeable for 0.325 of our common shares, subject to the payment of cash instead of fractional shares. If the Allied Acquisition is consummated, based on the number of our common shares issued and outstanding on the date hereof and assuming that holders of all "in-the-money" Allied Capital stock options elect to be cashed out, our stockholders will own approximately 65% of the combined company's outstanding common stock and Allied Capital stockholders will own approximately 35% of the combined company's outstanding common stock. Consequently, our stockholders should expect to exercise less influence over the management and policies of the combined company following the Allied Acquisition than they currently exercise over our management and policies.

The exchange ratio of 0.325 of a share of our common stock for each share of Allied Capital common stock was fixed on October 26, 2009, the date of the signing of the Merger Agreement, and is not subject to adjustment based on changes in the trading price of our or Allied Capital common stock before the closing of the Allied Acquisition. Any change in the market price of our common stock prior to completion of the Allied Acquisition will affect the market value of the Allied Acquisition consideration that Allied Capital common stockholders will receive upon completion of the Allied Acquisition. It is possible that the conversion of Allied Capital common shares into our common shares may result in the issuance of our common shares at a price below our net asset value per share at the time of such conversion, which would result in dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock. For a description of the impact of such an issuance, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Offerings Pursuant to this Prospectus The net asset value per share of our common stock may be diluted if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock."

We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition."

**We may be unable to realize the benefits anticipated by the Allied Acquisition, including estimated cost savings and synergies, or it may take longer than anticipated to achieve such benefits.**

The realization of certain benefits anticipated as a result of the Allied Acquisition will depend in part on the integration of Allied Capital's investment portfolio with our investment portfolio and the integration of Allied Capital's investment portfolio or business with our business. There can be no assurance that Allied Capital's business can be operated profitably or integrated successfully into our operations in a timely fashion, or at all. The dedication of management resources to such integration may detract attention from our day-to-day business and there can be no assurance that there will not be substantial costs associated with the transition process or there will not be other material adverse effects as a result of these integration efforts. Such effects, including, but not limited to, incurring unexpected costs or delays in connection with such integration and failure of Allied Capital's investment portfolio to perform as expected, could have a material adverse effect on our financial results.

We also expect to achieve certain cost savings and synergies from the Allied Acquisition when the two companies have fully integrated their portfolios. It is possible that our estimates of the potential cost savings and synergies could turn out to be incorrect. Allied Capital had significantly higher average borrowings and cash paid for interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2009. Assuming such debt remained outstanding, the combined company's annual expenses as a percentage of consolidated net assets attributable to common stock is estimated to increase for Ares Capital stockholders on a *pro forma* combined basis. In addition, the cost savings and synergies estimates also assume our ability to pay down or refinance certain portions of Allied Capital's debt and to combine our investment portfolio and business with Allied Capital's investment portfolio and business in a manner that permits those cost savings and synergies to be fully realized. If the estimates turn out to be incorrect or we are not able to successfully refinance or pay down Allied Capital's debt and combine the investment portfolios and businesses of the two companies, the anticipated cost savings and synergies may not be fully realized, or realized at all, or may take longer to realize than expected.

**Our inability to obtain rating agency confirmation and the third party consents of financing providers to us and Allied Capital necessary to complete the transaction could delay or prevent the completion of the Allied Acquisition.**

Our obligation to complete the Allied Acquisition is subject to the prior receipt of all approvals and consents required to be obtained from applicable agents, lenders, noteholders and other parties with respect to (1) the CLO Notes and (2) Allied Capital's private notes and bank facility. If the Merger Agreement is terminated because the Allied Acquisition has not occurred by June 30, 2010 by reason of the fact that such consents have not been obtained and all of our other closing conditions have been satisfied, then we will be required to pay Allied Capital a reverse termination fee of \$30 million.

We currently intend to (1) seek rating agency confirmation with respect to the CLO Notes, (2) refinance or seek consents in respect of the Allied Acquisition with respect to Allied Capital's private notes, (3) assume Allied Capital's public notes pursuant to a supplemental indenture satisfactory to the trustee thereof and (4) retire Allied Capital's bank facility.

Although we expect to obtain in a timely manner the confirmations, consents and approvals necessary to complete the pending Allied Acquisition and/or to engage in certain refinancing transactions in connection therewith, if we are unable to timely obtain such confirmations, consents, approvals or refinancings, the closing of the Allied Acquisition could be significantly delayed or the Allied Acquisition may not occur at all.

**The Allied Acquisition or subsequent combination may trigger certain "change of control" provisions and other restrictions in certain of our and Allied Capital's contracts and the failure to obtain any required consents or waivers could adversely impact the combined company.**

Certain agreements of Allied Capital and Ares Capital or their controlled affiliates, including with respect to certain managed funds of Allied Capital and its affiliates, will or may require the consent of one or more counterparties in connection with the Allied Acquisition or subsequent combination. The failure to obtain any such consent may permit such counter-parties to terminate, or otherwise increase their rights or our or Allied Capital's obligations under, any such agreement because the Allied Acquisition may violate an anti-assignment, change of control or similar provision. If this happens, we may have to seek to replace that agreement with a new agreement or seek a waiver or amendment to such agreement. We cannot assure you that we will be able to replace, amend or obtain a waiver under any such agreement on comparable terms or at all.

If any such agreement is material, the failure to obtain consents, amendments or waivers under, or to replace on similar terms or at all, any of these agreements could adversely affect the financial performance or results of operations of the combined company following the Allied Acquisition and subsequent combination, including preventing us from operating a material part of Allied Capital's business.

In addition, the consummation of the Allied Acquisition and subsequent combination may violate, conflict with, result in a breach of any provision of or the loss of any benefit under, constitute a default (or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a default) under, or result in the termination, cancellation, acceleration or other change of any right or obligation (including any payment obligation) under our or Allied Capital's agreements. Any such violation, conflict, breach, loss, default or other effect could, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations, assets or business of the combined company following completion of the Allied Acquisition and subsequent combination.

**Several lawsuits have been filed against Allied Capital, members of Allied Capital's board of directors, us and the merger subsidiary challenging the Allied Acquisition. An adverse ruling in any such lawsuit may prevent the Allied Acquisition from becoming effective within the expected timeframe, or at all. If the Allied Acquisition is consummated, these lawsuits and other legal proceedings could have a material impact on the results of operations, cash flows or financial condition of the combined company.**

We and Allied Capital are aware that a number of lawsuits have been filed by stockholders of Allied Capital challenging the Allied Acquisition. The suits are filed either as putative stockholder class actions, shareholder derivative actions or both. All of the actions assert similar claims against the members of Allied Capital's board of directors alleging that the Merger Agreement is the product of a flawed sales process and that Allied Capital's directors breached their fiduciary duties by agreeing to a structure that was not designed to maximize the value of Allied Capital's stockholders and by failing to adequately value and obtain fair consideration for Allied Capital's shares. They also claim that we (and, in several cases, the merger subsidiary, and, in several other cases, Allied Capital) aided and abetted the directors' alleged breaches of fiduciary duties. All of the actions demand, among other things, a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining the Allied Acquisition and rescinding the transaction or any part thereof that may be implemented. Such legal proceedings could delay or prevent the transaction from becoming effective within the agreed upon timeframe, or at all, and, if the Allied Acquisition is consummated, may be material to the results of operations, cash flows or financial condition of the combined company.

Allied Capital is also involved in various other legal proceedings. In addition, Allied Capital's portfolio company, Ciena, is the subject of ongoing governmental investigations, audits and reviews being conducted by the Small Business Administration, the United States Secret Service, the



U.S. Department of Agriculture and the U.S. Department of Justice. Neither we nor Allied Capital can predict the eventual outcome of these investigations, audits and reviews or other legal proceedings and the ultimate outcome of such matters could, upon consummation of the Allied Acquisition, be material to the results of operations, cash flows or financial condition of the combined company. It is possible that third parties could try to seek to impose liability against the combined company in connection with these matters.

**If the Allied Acquisition does not close, we won't benefit from the expenses incurred in its pursuit.**

The Allied Acquisition may not be completed. If the Allied Acquisition is not completed, we will have incurred substantial expenses for which no ultimate benefit will have been received. We have incurred out-of-pocket expenses in connection with the Allied Acquisition for investment banking, legal and accounting fees and financial printing and other related charges, much of which will be incurred even if the Allied Acquisition is not completed.

**Termination of the Merger Agreement could negatively impact us.**

If the Merger Agreement is terminated, there may be various consequences, including:

Our business may have been adversely impacted by the failure to pursue other beneficial opportunities due to the focus of management on the Allied Acquisition, without realizing any of the anticipated benefits of completing the Allied Acquisition;

the market price of our common stock might decline to the extent that the market price prior to termination reflects a market assumption that the Allied Acquisition will be completed; and

the payment of any reverse termination fee, if required under the circumstances, could adversely affect our financial condition and liquidity.

**Under certain circumstances, we and Allied Capital are obligated to pay each other a termination fee upon termination of the Merger Agreement.**

No assurance can be given that the Allied Acquisition will be completed. The Merger Agreement provides for the payment by Allied Capital to us of a termination fee of \$30 million if the Allied Acquisition is terminated by Allied Capital or us under certain circumstances (\$15 million if Allied Capital stockholders do not approve the Allied Acquisition and the Merger Agreement). In addition, the Merger Agreement provides for a payment by us to Allied Capital of a reverse termination fee of \$30 million under certain other circumstances. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition.

**The market price of our common stock after the Allied Acquisition may be affected by factors different from those affecting our common stock currently.**

Our business differs from that of Allied Capital in some respects and, accordingly, the results of operations of the combined company and the market price of our shares of common stock after the Allied Acquisition may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting our results of operations prior to the consummation of the Allied Acquisition.

**RISKS RELATING TO OFFERINGS PURSUANT TO THIS PROSPECTUS**

**Our shares of common stock have recently traded at a discount from net asset value and may do so again in the future, which could limit our ability to raise additional equity capital.**

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a market price that is less than the net asset value that is attributable to those shares. This characteristic of closed-end investment

companies is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. It is not possible to predict whether any shares of common stock offered hereby will trade at, above, or below net asset value. As of the date of this prospectus, the stocks of BDCs as an industry, including at times shares of our common stock, have been trading below net asset value and at near historic lows as a result of concerns over liquidity, leverage restrictions and distribution requirements. When our common stock is trading below its net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional shares of our common stock at its market price without first obtaining approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors.

**There is a risk that investors in our equity securities may not receive dividends or that our dividends may not grow over time and that investors in our debt securities may not receive all of the interest income to which they are entitled.**

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. If we declare a dividend and if more stockholders opt to receive cash distributions rather than participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, we may be forced to sell some of our investments in order to make cash dividend payments.

In addition, due to the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions. Further, if we invest a greater amount of assets in equity securities that do not pay current dividends, it could reduce the amount available for distribution. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions."

The above referenced distribution requirement may also inhibit our ability to make required interest payments to holders of our debt securities, which may cause a default under the terms of our debt securities. Such a default could materially increase our cost of raising capital, as well as cause us to incur penalties under the terms of our debt securities.

**Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and of our charter and bylaws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.**

The Maryland General Corporation Law, our charter and our bylaws contain provisions that may discourage, delay or make more difficult a change in control of Ares Capital or the removal of our directors. We are subject to the Maryland Business Combination Act, subject to any applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act. Our board of directors has adopted a resolution exempting from the Business Combination Act any business combination between us and any other person, subject to prior approval of such business combination by our board, including approval by a majority of our disinterested directors. If the resolution exempting business combinations is repealed or our board does not approve a business combination, the Business Combination Act may discourage third parties from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating such an offer. Our bylaws exempt from the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act acquisitions of our stock by any person. If we amend our bylaws to repeal the exemption from the Control Share Acquisition Act, the Control Share Acquisition Act also may make it more difficult for a third party to obtain control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating such an offer.

We have also adopted measures that may make it difficult for a third party to obtain control of us, including provisions of our charter classifying our board of directors in three classes serving staggered three-year terms, and provisions of our charter authorizing our board of directors to classify or reclassify shares of our stock in one or more classes or series, to cause the issuance of additional shares of our stock, and to amend our charter, without stockholder approval, to increase or decrease the number of shares of stock that we have authority to issue. These provisions, as well as other

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provisions of our charter and bylaws, may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders.

### **Investing in our securities may involve an above average degree of risk.**

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objective may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative and aggressive, and therefore, an investment in our securities may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

### **The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.**

The capital and credit markets have experienced a period of extreme volatility and disruption that began in 2007. The market price and liquidity of the market for shares of our common stock may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of publicly traded RICs, business development companies or other companies in our sector, which are not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;

price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market from time to time;

changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs or business development companies;

loss of RIC status;

changes in our earnings or variations in our operating results;

changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;

any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;

departure of Ares Capital Management's key personnel;

operating performance of companies comparable to us;

short-selling pressure with respect to shares of our common stock or BDCs generally;

general economic trends and other external factors; and

loss of a major funding source.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been brought against that company. If our stock price fluctuates significantly, we may be the target of securities litigation in the future. Securities litigation could result in substantial costs and divert management's attention and resources from our business.

**The net asset value per share of our common stock may be diluted if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock.**

At our 2009 Annual Stockholders Meeting, our stockholders approved two proposals designed to allow us to access the capital markets in ways that we would otherwise be unable to as a result of restrictions that, absent stockholder approval, apply to BDCs under the Investment Company Act. Specifically, our stockholders have authorized us to sell or otherwise issue (a) shares of our common stock below its then current net asset value per share in one or more offerings subject to certain

limitations (including, without limitation, that the number of shares issuable does not exceed 25% of our then outstanding common stock) and (b) warrants or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock subject to certain limitations (including, without limitation, that the number of shares issuable does not exceed 25% of our then outstanding common stock and that the exercise or conversion price thereof is not, at the date of issuance, less than the greater of the market value per share and the net asset value per share of our common stock). Any decision to sell shares of our common stock below its then current net asset value per share or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock would be subject to the determination by our board of directors that such issuance is in our and our stockholders' best interests.

If we were to sell shares of our common stock below its then current net asset value per share, such sales would result in an immediate dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock. This dilution would occur as a result of the sale of shares at a price below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock and a proportionately greater decrease in the stockholders' interest in our earnings and assets and their voting interest in us than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance. Because the number of shares of common stock that could be so issued and the timing of any issuance is not currently known, the actual dilutive effect cannot be predicted.

In addition, if we issue warrants or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock, subject to certain limitations, the exercise or conversion price per share could be less than net asset value per share at the time of exercise or conversion (including through the operation of anti-dilution protections). Because we would incur expenses in connection with any issuance of such securities, such issuance could result in a dilution of the net asset value per share at the time of exercise or conversion. This dilution would include reduction in net asset value per share as a result of the proportionately greater decrease in the stockholders' interest in our earnings and assets and their voting interest than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance.

Further, if current stockholders of the Company do not purchase any shares to maintain their percentage interest, regardless of whether such offering is above or below the then current net asset value per share, their voting power will be diluted. For additional information and hypothetical examples of these risks, see "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value" and the prospectus supplement pursuant to which such sale is made.

In addition, our common stock will suffer immediate dilution of their voting power if the Allied Acquisition is consummated. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to a Consummation of the Allied Acquisition Consummation of the Allied Acquisition will cause immediate dilution to our stockholders' voting interests in us and may cause immediate dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock."

**Your interest in us may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in any rights offering. In addition, if the subscription price is less than our net asset value per share, then you will experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of your shares.**

In the event we issue subscription rights, stockholders who do not fully exercise their subscription rights should expect that they will, at the completion of a rights offering pursuant to this prospectus, own a smaller proportional interest in us than would otherwise be the case if they fully exercised their rights. We cannot state precisely the amount of any such dilution in share ownership because we do not know at this time what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of such rights offering.

In addition, if the subscription price is less than the net asset value per share of our common stock, then our stockholders would experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of their shares as a result of the offering. The amount of any decrease in net asset value is not predictable because it is not known at this time what the subscription price and net asset value per share will be on

the expiration date of a rights offering or what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of such rights offering. Such dilution could be substantial. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Offerings Pursuant to this Prospectus The net asset value per share of our common stock and our stockholders' voting interests in us may be diluted if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or securities to subscribe for or convertible into shares of our common stock" and "Sales of Common Stock Below Net Asset Value."

**Investors in offerings of our common stock will likely incur immediate dilution upon the closing of such offering.**

We generally expect the public offering price of any offering of shares of our common stock to be higher than the book value per share of our outstanding common stock (unless we offer shares pursuant to a rights offering or after obtaining prior approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors). Accordingly, investors purchasing shares of common stock in offerings pursuant to this prospectus may pay a price per share that exceeds the tangible book value per share after such offering.

**Our stockholders will experience dilution in their ownership percentage if they do not participate in our dividend reinvestment plan.**

All dividends declared in cash payable to stockholders that are participants in our dividend reinvestment plan are automatically reinvested in shares of our common stock. As a result, our stockholders that do not participate in our dividend reinvestment plan will experience dilution in their ownership percentage of our common stock over time.

**You may receive shares of our common stock as dividends, which could result in adverse tax consequences to you.**

In order to satisfy the annual distribution requirement applicable to RICs, we have the ability to declare a large portion of a dividend in shares of our common stock instead of in cash. As long as a portion of such dividend is paid in cash (which portion can be as low as 10% for our taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2011) and certain requirements are met, the entire distribution would be treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a stockholder would be taxed on 100% of the dividend in the same manner as a cash dividend, even though most of the dividend was paid in shares of our common stock.

**Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.**

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, or the availability of such common stock for sale, could adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our common stock. If this occurs and continues, it could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of securities should we desire to do so.

**The trading market or market value of our publicly issued debt securities may fluctuate.**

Upon issuance, our publicly issued debt securities will not have an established trading market. We cannot assure you that a trading market for our publicly issued debt securities will ever develop or be maintained if developed. In addition to our creditworthiness, many factors may materially adversely affect the trading market for, and market value of, our publicly issued debt securities. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

the time remaining to the maturity of these debt securities;

the outstanding principal amount of debt securities with terms identical to these debt securities;

the ratings assigned by national statistical ratings agencies;

the general economic environment;

the supply of debt securities trading in the secondary market, if any;

the redemption or repayment features, if any, of these debt securities;

the level, direction and volatility of market interest rates generally; and

market rates of interest higher or lower than rates borne by the debt securities.

You should also be aware that there may be a limited number of buyers when you decide to sell your debt securities. This too may materially adversely affect the market value of the debt securities or the trading market for the debt securities.

**Terms relating to redemption may materially adversely affect your return on any debt securities that we may issue.**

If your debt securities are redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your debt securities at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on your debt securities. In addition, if your debt securities are subject to mandatory redemption, we may be required to redeem your debt securities also at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on your debt securities. In this circumstance, you may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as your debt securities being redeemed.

**Our credit ratings may not reflect all risks of an investment in our debt securities.**

Our credit ratings are an assessment by third parties of our ability to pay our obligations. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of our debt securities. Our credit ratings, however, may not reflect the potential impact of risks related to market conditions generally or other factors discussed above on the market value of or trading market for the publicly issued debt securities.

### **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Some of the statements in this prospectus constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus involve a number of risks and uncertainties, including statements concerning:

the Allied Acquisition;

our, or our portfolio companies', future business, operations, operating results or prospects;

the return or impact of current and future investments;

the impact of a protracted decline in the liquidity of credit markets on our business;

the impact of fluctuations in interest rates on our business;

the valuation of our investments in portfolio companies, particularly those having no liquid trading market;

our ability to recover unrealized losses;

market conditions and our ability to access alternative debt markets and additional debt and equity capital;

our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;

the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;

the financial condition of and ability of our current and prospective portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;

our expected financings and investments;

our ability to successfully integrate any acquisitions;

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;

the timing, form and amount of any dividend distributions;

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies; and



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the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments.

We use words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends," "will," "should," "may" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements include these words. Our actual results and condition could differ materially from those implied or expressed in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

The forward-looking statements included in this prospectus have been based on information available to us on the date of this prospectus, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed or in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

The forward-looking statements in this prospectus are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Exchange Act.

**UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Merger Agreement provides that the holders of Allied Capital common stock will be entitled to receive 0.325 shares of our common stock for each share of Allied Capital common stock held by them immediately prior to the effective time. This is estimated to result in approximately 58.3 million shares of our common stock being issued in connection with the Allied Acquisition (assuming that holders of all "in-the-money" Allied Capital stock options elect to be cashed out). The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and the related notes of both us and Allied Capital, which are included elsewhere in this document. See "Index to Financial Statements."

The following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information and explanatory notes illustrate the effect of the Allied Acquisition on our financial position and results of operations based upon the companies' respective historical financial positions and results of operations under the acquisition method of accounting with us treated as the acquirer.

In accordance with GAAP, the assets and liabilities of Allied Capital will be recorded by us at their estimated fair values as of the date the Allied Acquisition is completed. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information of us and Allied Capital reflects the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2009 and the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated income statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and the year ended December 31, 2008. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2009 assumes the Allied Acquisition took place on that date. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and the year ended December 31, 2008 assumes the Allied Acquisition took place on January 1, 2008. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet also reflects the impact of certain transactions that occurred subsequent to September 30, 2009.

*The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and does not indicate the results of operations or the combined financial position that would have resulted had the Allied Acquisition and subsequent combination been completed at the beginning of the applicable period presented, nor the impact of expense efficiencies, asset dispositions, share repurchases and other factors. In addition, as explained in more detail in the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information, the allocation of the pro forma purchase price reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information involves estimates, is subject to adjustment and may vary significantly from the actual purchase price allocation that will be recorded upon completion of the Allied Acquisition.*

We cannot assure you that the Allied Acquisition will be consummated as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending Allied Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the Allied Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to consummate the Allied Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to consummate the Allied Acquisition.

**Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet**  
**As of September 30, 2009**  
**Unaudited**  
**(in thousands, except share and per share data)**

	Actual Ares Capital	Adjusted Allied Capital(A)*	Pro Forma Adjustments*	Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
<b>Assets and Liabilities Data:</b>				
Investments	\$ 1,967,724	\$ 2,151,838	\$ (258,326)(B)	\$ 3,861,236
Cash and cash equivalents	61,469	356,651	(52,137)(C) (320,779)(B)	45,204
Other assets	35,888	153,113	(29,874)(B)	159,127
Total assets	\$ 2,065,081	\$ 2,661,602	\$ (661,116)	\$ 4,065,567
Debt	\$ 767,871	\$ 1,425,953	\$ (229,283)(B) (288,148)(B)	\$ 1,676,393
Other liabilities	74,619	45,084	32,500 (B)	152,203
Total liabilities	842,490	1,471,037	(484,931)	1,828,596
Stockholders' equity	1,222,591	1,190,565	(258,326)(B) (52,137)(C) (49,738)(B) (15,393)(B) (29,874)(B) 229,283 (B)	2,236,971
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,065,081	\$ 2,661,602	\$ (661,116)	\$ 4,065,567
Total shares outstanding	109,592,728	179,361,775	58,292,577	167,885,305
Net assets per share	\$ 11.16	\$ 6.64	\$ (4.43)	\$ 13.32

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\*

Please see Note 3 of the accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements on page 75.

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations**  
**For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009**  
**Unaudited**  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Actual Ares Capital	Actual Allied Capital	Pro Forma Adjustments*	Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
<b>Performance Data:</b>				
Interest and dividend income	\$ 166,842	\$ 230,017	\$ (D)	396,859
Fees and other income	9,166	22,233		31,399
Total investment income	176,008	252,250		428,258
Interest and credit facility fees	18,603	129,023	(E)	147,626
Base management fees	22,502		33,756 (F)	56,258
Incentive management fees	23,764		(G)	23,764
Other expenses	15,522	63,690	(25,175)(H)	54,037
Total expenses	80,391	192,713	8,581	281,685
Net investment income before taxes	95,617	59,537	(8,581)	146,573
Income taxes	563	4,205		4,768
Net investment income	95,054	55,332	(8,581)	141,805
Net realized gains (losses)	(4,232)	(158,255)		(162,487)
Net unrealized gains (losses)	15,698	(380,528)		(364,830)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	11,466	(538,783)		(527,317)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	26,543	83,532		110,075
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(117,497)		(117,497)
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity	\$ 133,063	\$ (517,416)	\$ (8,581)	\$ (392,934)
Weighted average shares outstanding	99,066,652	178,814,954	58,292,577 (I)	157,359,229
Earnings (loss) per share	\$ 1.34	\$ (2.89)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (2.50)

\*

Please see Note 3 of the accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements on page 75.

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.



**Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2008**  
**Unaudited**  
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Actual Ares Capital	Actual Allied Capital	Pro Forma Adjustments*	Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
<b>Performance Data:</b>				
Interest and dividend income	\$ 212,675	\$ 457,418	\$ (D)	\$ 670,093
Fees and other income	27,786	44,826		72,612
Total investment income	240,461	502,244		742,705
Interest and credit facility fees	36,515	148,930	(E)	185,445
Base management fees	30,463		68,777 (F)	99,240
Incentive management fees	31,748		16,358 (G)	48,106
Other expenses	14,495	137,634	(65,249)(H)	86,880
Total expenses	113,221	286,564	19,886	419,671
Net investment income before taxes	127,240	215,680	(19,886)	323,034
Income taxes	248	2,506		2,754
Net investment income	126,992	213,174	(19,886)	320,280
Net realized gains (losses)	6,371	(129,418)		(123,047)
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(272,818)	(1,123,762)		(1,396,580)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(266,447)	(1,253,180)		(1,519,627)
Gain on extinguishment of debt				
Loss on extinguishment of debt				
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity	\$ (139,455)	\$ (1,040,006)	\$ (19,886)	\$ (1,199,347)
Weighted average shares outstanding	89,666,243	172,996,114	58,292,577 (I)	147,958,820
Earnings (loss) per share	\$ (1.56)	\$ (6.01)	\$ (0.34)	\$ (8.11)

\*

Please see Note 3 of the accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements on page 75.

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.



## Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries

**Pro Forma Schedule of Investments**  
**Unaudited**  
**As of September 30, 2009**  
**(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)**

Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Ares Capital Cost	Ares Capital Fair Value
<b>Financial</b>								
AGILE Fund I, LLC(4)	Investment company	Member interest			\$ 665	\$ 417	\$ 665	\$ 417
AllBridge Financial, LLC(4)	Investment company	Senior secured loan (6.6%, due 12/09)			1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
		Common equity			40,118	15,523	40,118	15,523
Allied Capital Senior Debt Fund, L.P.(4)(6)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			31,800	33,044	31,800	33,044
BB&T Capital Partners/Windsor Mezzanine Fund, LLC(5)	Investment company	Member interest			11,789	10,009	11,789	10,009
Calder Capital Partners, LLC(4)	Investment company	Senior secured loan (12.5%, due 5/09)(3)			4,496	1,100	4,496	1,100
		Member interest			2,453		2,453	
Callidus Capital Corporation(4)	Investment company	Senior subordinated note (18.0%, due 8/13)(2)			20,939	15,165	20,939	15,165
		Common stock (100 shares)						
Callidus Debt Partners CDO Fund I, Ltd.	Investment company	Class C notes (12.9%, due 12/13)(3)			19,527	2,935	19,527	2,935
		Class D notes (17.0%, due 12/13)(3)			9,454		9,454	
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund III, Ltd.	Investment company	Preferred stock (23,600,000 shares)			20,138	2,199	20,138	2,199
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund IV, Ltd.	Investment company	Class D notes (5.1%, due 4/20)			2,160	1,653	2,160	1,653
		Income notes (0.0%)			14,868	4,366	14,868	4,366
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund V, Ltd.	Investment company	Income notes (2.6%)			13,521	4,625	13,521	4,625
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund VI, Ltd.	Investment company	Class D notes (6.5%, due 10/21)			7,602	3,833	7,602	3,833
		Income notes (0.0%)			29,144	4,155	29,144	4,155
Callidus Debt Partners CLO Fund VII, Ltd.	Investment company	Income notes (0.0%)			24,824	5,431	24,824	5,431
Callidus MAPS CLO Fund I LLC	Investment company	Class E notes (5.8%, due 12/17)			17,000	11,400	17,000	11,400
		Income notes (0.0%)			41,176	13,662	41,176	13,662
Callidus MAPS CLO Fund II, Ltd.	Investment company	Class D notes (4.8%, due 7/22)			3,785	3,068	3,785	3,068
		Income notes (0.9%)			18,109	4,819	18,109	4,819



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Carador PLC(5)	Investment company	Ordinary shares (7,110,525 shares)	\$ 9,033	\$ 2,311	9,033	2,311
Catterton Partners VI, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			3,287	1,789
					3,287	1,789

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
CIC Flex, LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership units (0.69 units)	41	41			41	41
Ciena Capital LLC(4)	Investment banking services	Senior secured loan (5.5%, due 3/09)(3)			319,031	102,232	319,031	102,232
		Class B equity interest			119,436		119,436	
		Class C equity interest			109,097		109,097	
Commercial Credit Group, Inc.	Commercial equipment finance and leasing company	Senior subordinated note (15.0%, due 6/15)			21,970	21,970	21,970	21,970
		Preferred stock (64,679 shares) Warrants			15,543	6,212	15,543	6,212
Cortec Group Fund IV, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			6,572	3,812	6,572	3,812
Covestia Capital Partners, LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership units	1,059	1,059			1,059	1,059
Direct Capital Corporation(4)	Commercial equipment finance and leasing company	Senior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/14)(3)			8,175	8,573	8,175	8,573
		Senior subordinated note (16.0%, due 3/13)(3)			55,496	7,139	55,496	7,139
		Common stock (2,317,020 shares)			25,732		25,732	
Dryden XVIII Leveraged Loan 2007 Limited	Investment company	Class B notes (5.0%, due 10/19)(3)			7,872	2,355	7,872	2,355
		Income notes (0.0%)			23,164	2,415	23,164	2,415
Dynamic India Fund IV	Investment company	Common equity			9,350	7,982	9,350	7,982
eCentury Capital Partners, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			7,274		7,274	
Fidus Mezzanine Capital, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			12,828	7,804	12,828	7,804
Financial Pacific Company(4)	Commercial equipment finance and leasing company	Senior subordinated loan (17.0%, due 2/12)(2)			58,861	41,417	58,861	41,417
		Junior subordinated loan (20.0% due 8/12)(2)			10,009		10,009	
		Preferred stock (9,458 shares)			8,865		8,865	
		Common stock (12,711 shares)			12,783		12,783	
Firstlight Financial Corporation(5)	Investment company	Senior subordinated note (1.0%, due 12/16)(2)	72,871	54,670			72,871	54,670
		Common stock (40,000 shares)	40,000				40,000	
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.(4)	Investment partnership	Member interest	3,586	11,088			3,586	11,088
Ivy Hill Middle Market Credit Fund, Ltd.(4)	Investment company	Class B deferrable interest notes (6.7%, due 11/18)	40,000	36,800			40,000	36,800
		Subordinated notes (due 11/18)	15,681	14,113			15,681	14,113
Imperial Capital Group, LLC and Imperial Capital Private Opportunities, LP(5)	Investment banking services	Limited partnership interest	3,094	3,094			3,094	3,094

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		Common units (10,551 units)	15,000	20,003	15,000	20,003
Knightsbridge CLO 2007-1 Ltd.(4)	Investment company	Class E notes (9.5%, due 1/22)	18,700	11,160	18,700	11,160
		Income notes (13.3%)	38,746	22,640	38,746	22,640

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Knightsbridge CLO 2008-1 Ltd.(4)	Investment company	Class C notes (7.8%, due 6/18)			12,800	12,246	12,800	12,246
		Class D notes (8.8%, due 6/18)			8,000	7,080	8,000	7,080
		Class E notes (5.3%, due 6/18)			11,081	9,798	11,081	9,798
		Income notes (21.2%)			21,327	20,112	21,327	20,112
Kodiak Fund LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			9,332	900	9,332	900
Novak Biddle Venture Partners III, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			2,018	1,037	2,018	1,037
Pangaea CLO 2007-1 Ltd.	Investment company	Class D notes (5.3%, due 1/21)			11,985	7,795	11,985	7,795
Partnership Capital Growth Fund I, LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	2,711	2,711			2,711	2,711
SPP Mezzanine Funding II, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			7,605	6,987	7,605	6,987
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC(4)(6)	Private debt fund	Subordinated certificates (8.4%)			165,248	165,000	165,248	165,000
		Member interest			1		1	
Trivergence Capital Partners, LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	1,672	1,672			1,672	1,672
VSC Investors LLC	Investment company	Member interest	635	635			635	635
Webster Capital II, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			1,338	809	1,338	809
Total			205,383	148,197	1,478,405	617,979	1,683,788	766,176
<b>Business Services</b>								
BenefitMall Holdings, Inc.	Employee benefits broker services company	Senior subordinated note (18.0%, due 6/14)(2)			40,250	40,250	40,250	40,250
		Common stock (39,274,290 shares)			39,274	73,729	39,274	73,729
		Warrants						
Booz Allen Hamilton, Inc.	Strategy and technology consulting services	Senior secured loan (7.5%, due 7/15)	728	743			728	743
		Senior subordinated loan (13.0%, due 7/16)(2)	22,416	22,650			22,416	22,650
CitiPostal Inc.(4)	Document storage and management services	Senior secured revolving loan (3.7%, due 12/13)			683	683	683	683
		Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/13)(2)			51,001	51,001	51,001	51,001
		Senior subordinated note (16.0%, due 12/15)(2)			10,265	10,265	10,265	10,265
		Common stock (37,024 shares)			12,726	1,124	12,726	1,124
					87,286	69,000	87,286	69,000

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Cook Inlet Alternative Risk, LLC	Risk management services	Senior secured loan (10.8%, due 4/13)				
		Member interest	552		552	
Digital VideoStream, LLC	Media content supply chain services company	Senior secured loan (11.0%, due 2/12)(2)	13,155	12,825	13,155	12,825
		Convertible subordinated note (10.0%, due 2/16)(2)	4,883	4,883	4,883	4,883
Diversified Mercury Communications, LLC	Business media consulting services	Senior secured loan (4.5%, due 3/13)	2,803	2,525	2,803	2,525

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Higginbotham Insurance Agency, Inc.(6)	Insurance agency	Junior secured loan (11.5%, due 8/13)			27,174	27,174	27,174	27,174
		Subordinated note (16.0%, due 8/14)			25,955	25,955	25,955	25,955
		Common stock (23,695 shares) Warrants			23,695	12,355	23,695	12,355
Impact Innovations Group, LLC(4)	Management consulting services	Member interest				322		322
Investor Group Services, LLC(5)	Financial consulting services	Member interest		500				500
Market Track Holdings, LLC	Business media consulting services company	Senior secured revolving loan (8.0%, due 6/14)			2,450	2,392	2,450	2,392
		Junior subordinated loan (15.9%, due 6/14)(2)			24,504	23,166	24,504	23,166
Multi-Ad Services, Inc.(5)	Marketing services and software provider	Senior secured loan (11.3%, due 11/11)			2,491	2,488	2,491	2,488
		Preferred equity			1,737	1,206	1,737	1,206
MVL Group, Inc.(4)	Marketing research provider	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 7/12)			25,256	25,256	25,256	25,256
		Senior subordinated loan (14.5%, due 7/12)(2)			41,402	36,021	41,402	36,021
		Junior subordinated note (8.0%, due 7/12)(3)			139		139	
		Common stock (560,716 shares)			555		555	
PC Helps Support, LLC	Technology support provider	Senior secured loan (4.3%, due 12/13)			8,210	7,763	8,210	7,763
		Junior subordinated loan (12.8%, due 12/13)			27,013	25,572	27,013	25,572
Pendum Acquisition, Inc.(5)	Outsourced provider of ATM services	Common stock (8,872 shares)						
Pillar Holdings LLC and PHL Holding Co.(5)	Mortgage services	Senior secured revolving loan (5.8%, due 11/13)	1,313	1,313			1,313	1,313
		Senior secured loan (14.5%, due 5/14)	7,375	7,375			7,375	7,375
		Senior secured loan (5.8%, due 11/13)	27,452	27,452			27,452	27,452
		Common stock (84.78 shares)	3,768	7,234			3,768	7,234
Primis Marketing Group, Inc. and Primis Holdings, LLC(5)	Database marketing services	Senior subordinated note (15.5%, due 2/13)(2)(3)	10,222	511			10,222	511
		Preferred units (4,000 units)	3,600				3,600	
		Common units (4,000,000 units)	400				400	
Prommis Solutions LLC, E-Default Services, LLC, Statewide Tax and Title Services, LLC and Statewide Publishing Services, LLC (formerly known as MR Processing Holding Corp.)	Bankruptcy and foreclosure processing services	Senior subordinated note (13.5%, due 2/14)(2)	52,892	51,834			52,892	51,834
		Preferred stock (30,000 shares)	3,000	6,221			3,000	6,221

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Promo Works, LLC	Marketing services	Senior secured loan (12.3%, due 12/11)		22,994	20,312	22,994	20,312
R2 Acquisition Corp.	Marketing services	Common stock (250,000 shares)	250	250		250	250

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
SGT India Private Limited(5)	Technology consulting services	Common stock (150,596 shares)			4,158		4,158	
Summit Business Media, LLC	Business media consulting services	Junior secured loan (15.0%, due 11/13)(2)(3)	10,276	1,600			10,276	1,600
Summit Energy Services, Inc.	Energy management consulting services	Common stock (415,982 shares)			1,861	2,150	1,861	2,150
Venturehouse-Cibernet Investors, LLC	Financial settlement services for intercarrier wireless roaming	Equity interest						
VSS-Tranzact Holdings, LLC(5)	Management consulting services	Member interest	10,000	6,000			10,000	6,000
Total			153,692	133,683	502,472	478,417	656,164	612,100
<b>Healthcare</b>								
Air Medical Group Holdings LLC(5)	Medical escort services	Senior secured revolving loan (4.3%, due 3/11)			4,642	4,456	4,642	4,456
		Preferred stock			2,993	20,000	2,993	20,000
American Renal Associates, Inc.	Dialysis provider	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/10)	1,082	1,082			1,082	1,082
		Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/11)	10,401	10,401			10,401	10,401
Axiom Healthcare Pharmacy, Inc.	Specialty pharmacy provider	Senior subordinated note (8.0%, due 3/15)(2)			2,975	2,380	2,975	2,380
Capella Healthcare, Inc.	Acute care hospital operator	Junior secured loan (13.0%, due 2/16)	85,000	82,450			85,000	82,450
CT Technologies Intermediate Holdings, Inc. and CT Technologies Holdings, LLC(5)	Healthcare analysis services	Preferred stock (7,427 shares)	7,427	7,055			7,427	7,055
		Common stock (11,225 shares)	4,000	8,134			4,000	8,134
DSI Renal, Inc.	Dialysis provider	Senior secured revolving loan (5.3%, due 3/13)	7,890	6,788			7,890	6,788
		Senior secured loan (5.3%, due 4/14)	12,161	14,472			12,161	14,472
		Senior subordinated note (16.0%, due 4/14)(2)	77,114	59,840			77,114	59,840
GC Merger Sub I, Inc.	Drug testing services	Senior secured loan (4.3%, due 12/14)	22,320	20,064			22,320	20,064
HCP Acquisition Holdings, LLC(4)	Healthcare compliance advisory services	Class A units (10,062,095 units)	10,062	7,194			10,062	7,194
Heartland Dental Care, Inc.	Dental services	Senior subordinated note (14.3%, due 8/13)(2)	32,717	32,717			32,717	32,717



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Insight Pharmaceuticals Corporation(4)	OTC drug products manufacturer	Senior subordinated note (15.0%, due 9/12)(2)	54,100	52,098	54,100	52,098
		Common stock (155,000 shares)	40,413	10,419	40,413	10,419
Magnacare Holdings, Inc., Magnacare Administrative Services, LLC, and Magnacare, LLC	Healthcare professional provider	Senior subordinated note (14.8%, due 12/12)(2)	3,241	4,646	3,241	4,646

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
MPBP Holdings, Inc., Cohr Holdings, Inc., and MPBP Acquisition Co., Inc.	Healthcare equipment services	Senior secured loan (due 1/14)	512	489			512	489
		Junior secured loan (6.5%, due 1/14)	32,000	8,000			32,000	8,000
		Common stock (50,000 shares)	5,000				5,000	
MWD Acquisition Sub, Inc.	Dental services	Junior secured loan (6.5%, due 5/12)	5,000	4,350			5,000	4,350
OnCURE Medical Corp.	Radiation oncology care provider	Senior secured loan (3.8%, due 8/09)	3,076	2,707			3,076	2,707
		Senior subordinated note (12.5%, due 8/13)(2)	32,542	29,288			32,542	29,288
		Common stock (857,143 shares)	3,000	3,000			3,000	3,000
Passport Health Communications, Inc., Passport Holding Corp, and Prism Holding Corp.	Healthcare technology provider	Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 5/14)	24,471	23,981			24,471	23,981
		Series A preferred stock (1,594,457 shares)	9,900	9,900			9,900	9,900
		Common stock (16,106 shares)	100	100			100	100
PG Mergersub, Inc.	Provider of patient surveys, management reports and national databases for the integrated healthcare delivery system	Senior subordinated note (12.5%, due 3/16)	3,935	3,920			3,935	3,920
		Preferred stock (333 shares)	333	334			333	334
		Common stock (16,667 shares)	167	167			167	167
Reed Group, Ltd.	Medical disability management services provider	Senior secured loan (6.4%, due 12/13)			11,929	9,530	11,929	9,530
		Senior subordinated loan (15.8%, due 12/13)(2)			19,013	14,924	19,013	14,924
		Common equity			1,800		1,800	
Regency Healthcare Group, LLC(5)	Hospice provider	Preferred member interest			1,302	1,841	1,302	1,841
The Schumacher Group of Delaware, Inc.	Outsourced physician service provider	Senior subordinated note (12.1%, due 7/12)(2)	36,138	36,138			36,138	36,138
Soteria Imaging Services, LLC(5)	Outpatient medical imaging provider	Junior secured loan (11.3%, due 11/10)			4,204	4,154	4,204	4,154
		Preferred member interest			1,881	1,283	1,881	1,283
Triad Laboratory Alliance, LLC	Laboratory services	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/11)	4,116	4,282			4,116	4,282
		Senior subordinated note (13.8%, due 12/12)(2)	15,534	15,068			15,534	15,068
VOTC Acquisition Corp.	Radiation oncology care provider	Senior secured loan (13.0%, due 7/12)(2)	17,329	17,329			17,329	17,329
			8,748	3,800			8,748	3,800

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Series E preferred shares  
(3,888,222 shares)

Total	475,316	417,696	145,252	121,085	620,568	538,781
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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Ares Capital Cost	Ares Capital Fair Value
<b>Services Other</b>								
3SI Security Systems, Inc.	Cash protection systems provider	Senior subordinated note (16.0%, due 8/13)(3)			20,443	14,865	20,443	14,865
		Subordinated loan (18.0%, due 8/13)(2)(3)			9,030		9,030	
American Residential Services, LLC	Plumbing, heating and air-conditioning services	Junior secured loan (12.0%, due 4/15)(2)	20,505	19,685			20,505	19,685
Avborne, Inc.(4)	Maintenance, repair and overhaul service provider	Preferred stock (12,500 shares)				904		904
		Common stock (27,500 shares)						
Avborne Heavy Maintenance, Inc.(4)	Maintenance, repair and overhaul service provider	Common stock (2,750 shares)						
Aviation Properties Corporation(4)	Aviation services	Common stock (100 shares)			93		93	
Coverall North America, Inc.(4)	Commercial janitorial service provider	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 7/11)			31,565	31,565	31,565	31,565
		Senior subordinated note (15.0%, due 7/11)(2)			5,553	5,553	5,553	5,553
		Common stock (763,333 shares)			14,362	21,261	14,362	21,261
Diversified Collection Services, Inc.	Collections services	Senior secured loan (9.50%, due 8/11)	12,983	14,714			12,983	14,714
		Senior secured loan (13.8%, due 2/11)	1,931	1,931			1,931	1,931
		Senior secured loan (13.8%, due 8/11)	7,492	7,492			7,492	7,492
		Preferred stock (14,927 shares)	169	264			169	264
		Common stock (592,820 shares)	295	286	734	920	1,029	1,206
Driven Brands, Inc.(5)	Automotive aftermarket service provider	Subordinated notes (15.0%, due 7/15)			42,840	41,538	42,840	41,538
		Subordinated loan (18.0%, due 7/15)(2)			46,637	44,860	46,637	44,860
		Common stock (3,772,098 shares)			9,516	2,500	9,516	2,500
Freedom Financial Network, LLC	Debt relief consulting services	Senior subordinated note (13.5%, due 2/14)			5,953	6,000	5,953	6,000
GCA Services Group, Inc.	Custodial services	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/11)	37,788	37,889			37,788	37,889
Growing Family, Inc. and GFH Holdings, LLC	Photography services	Senior secured revolving loan (10.5%, due 8/11)(2)(3)	1,513	454			1,513	454
		Senior secured loan (13.0%, due 8/11)(2)(3)	11,188	3,356			11,188	3,356
		Senior secured loan (11.3%, due 8/11)(3)	372	111			372	111
		Senior secured loan (15.5%, due 8/11)(2)(3)	3,722	1,117			3,722	1,117
			872				872	

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Common stock (552,430 shares)

NPA Acquisition, LLC	Powersport vehicle auction operator	Junior secured loan (7.0%, due 2/13)	12,000	12,000		12,000	12,000
		Common units (1,709 shares)	1,000	2,300		1,000	2,300

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Tradesmen International, Inc.	Construction labor support	Junior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/12)			39,793	18,347	39,793	18,347
Trover Solutions, Inc.	Healthcare collections services	Junior subordinated loan (12.0%, due 11/12)(2)			56,510	52,568	56,510	52,568
United Road Towing, Inc.	Towing company	Junior secured loan (11.8%, due 1/14)			18,988	18,792	18,988	18,792
Web Services Company, LLC	Laundry service and equipment provider	Senior secured loan (5.3%, due 8/14)	4,582	4,802			4,582	4,802
		Senior subordinated loan (14.0%, due 8/16)(2)	43,743	41,556			43,743	41,556
<b>Total</b>			<b>160,155</b>	<b>147,957</b>	<b>302,017</b>	<b>259,673</b>	<b>462,172</b>	<b>407,630</b>
<b>Consumer Products Non-Durable</b>								
Augusta Sportswear Group, Inc.(6)	Team apparel manufacturer	Common stock (2,500 shares)			2,500	1,523	2,500	1,523
Bushnell, Inc.	Sports optics manufacturer	Junior secured loan (6.8%, due 2/14)			40,161	30,204	40,161	30,204
CR Holding, Inc.(4)(6)	Cleaning products manufacturer	Senior subordinated note (16.6%, due 2/13)(2)(3)			40,510	10,271	40,510	10,271
		Common stock (32,090,696 shares)			28,744		28,744	
Gilchrist & Soames, Inc.	Personal care manufacturer	Senior subordinated loan (13.4%, due 10/13)			25,186	23,101	25,186	23,101
The Homax Group, Inc.(6)	Home improvement products manufacturer	Senior secured loan (6.2%, due 10/12)(2)			9,997	9,059	9,997	9,059
		Senior secured revolver (8.0% due 10/12)(2)			75	109	75	109
		Senior subordinated note (14.5%, due 4/14)(2)			13,619	4,945	13,619	4,945
		Preferred stock (76 shares)			76		76	
		Common stock (24 shares)			5		5	
		Warrants			954		954	
Innovative Brands, LLC	Consumer products and personal care manufacturer	Senior secured loan (15.5%, due 9/11)	17,421	17,421			17,421	17,421
Making Memories Wholesale, Inc.(4)	Scrapbooking branded products manufacturer	Senior secured loan (10.0%, due 8/14)	7,869	9,875			7,869	9,875
		Senior secured loan (15.0%, due 8/14)(2)	4,070	3,025			4,070	3,025
		Common stock (100 shares)						
Progressive International Corporation(5)(6)	Kitchenware manufacturer	Preferred stock (500 shares)			500	5,847	500	5,847
		Common stock (197 shares)			13	153	13	153
		Warrants						
Shoes for Crews, LLC	Safety footwear and slip-related	Senior secured loan (5.5%, due 7/10)	304	302			304	302

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mat manufacturer

The Step2 Company, LLC	Toy manufacturer	Senior secured loan (11.0%, due 4/12)(2)	94,396	89,550	94,396	89,550
		Equity interests	2,156	1,528	2,156	1,528

See accompanying notes to pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Company	Description	Investment	Ares Capital		Allied Capital		Pro Forma Ares Capital	
			Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
The Thymes, LLC(4)	Cosmetic products manufacturer	Preferred stock (8.0%, 6,283 shares)(2)	6,283	5,654			6,283	5,654
		Common stock (5,400 shares)						
Wear Me Apparel, LLC(5)(6)	Clothing manufacturer	Senior subordinated note (17.5%, due 4/13)(2)(3)	24,110	18,083	127,316	71,345	151,426	89,428
		Subordinated note (9.0%, due 4/14)(3)			11,243		11,243	
		Common stock (10,086 shares)	10,000		39,549		49,549	