RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP

Form 10-O May 06, 2002

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-0

OUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2002

Commission file number: 1-13762

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State other jurisdiction of incorporation of organization) (IRS. Employer Identificati

225 Broadhollow Road, Melville, NY _____ (Address of principal executive office)

> (631) 694-6900 (Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) Yes X No__, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No .

The company has two classes of common stock, issued at \$.01 par value per share with 50,820,534 and 10,283,513 shares of Class A common stock and Class B common stock outstanding, respectively as of May 2, 2002

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

QUARTERLY REPORT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1 - Financial Statements

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT FOR SHARE AMOUNTS)

ASSETS:
Commercial real estate properties, at cost: Land
Building and improvements Developments in progress:
Land
Development costs
Less accumulated depreciation
Investments in real estate joint ventures
Investments in mortgage notes and notes receivable
Cash and cash equivalents
Deferred rents receivable
Prepaid expenses and other assets
Deferred leasing and loan costs
TOTAL ASSETS
LIABILITIES:
Mortgage notes payable Unsecured credit facility Senior unsecured notes Accrued expenses and other liabilities Dividends and distributions payable
TOTAL LIABILITIES
Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships
Preferred unit interest in the operating partnership
Commitments and contingencies
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized Series A preferred stock, 9,192,000 shares issued and outstanding
Series B preferred stock, 2,000,000 shares issued and outstanding
Common Stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized Class A common stock, 50,305,143 and 49,982,377 shares issued

and outstanding, respectively
Class B common stock, 10,283,513 shares issued and outstanding
Total Stockholders' Equity
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

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RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED AND IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AND SHARE AMOUNTS)	
	THR
	2002
REVENUES: Base rents Tenant escalations and reimbursements Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies Interest income on mortgage notes and notes receivable Gain on sales of real estate Investment and other income	\$ 107,16 15,33 33 1,55 53
TOTAL REVENUES	125 , 46
EXPENSES: Property operating expenses Marketing, general and administrative Interest Depreciation and amortization	42,21 7,13 20,99 26,13
TOTAL EXPENSES	96 , 48
Income before minority interests and preferred dividends and distributions	28 , 98

Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships Distributions to preferred unit holders		(5 , 12
Limited partners' minority interest in the operating partnership		(1,93
Net Income		21,46 (5,48
Net income available to common shareholders		15 , 98
Net Income available to: Class A common		12,15 3,82
Total	\$	15 , 98
Basic net income per weighted average common share:	^	
Class A common	\$. 2
Class B common Basic weighted average common shares outstanding:	\$.3
Class A common		50,013,14 10,283,51
Diluted net income per weighted average common share: Class A common	\$	2
Class B common	\$.2
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding: Class A common	E	50,350,18
Class B common	1	10,283,51

(SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

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RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED AND IN THOUSANDS)

	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
NET INCOME	\$ 21,
Depreciation and amortization	26,
Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships Limited partners' minority interest in the operating partnership Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	5, 1,
Tenant receivables Real estate tax escrows	(1,
Prepaid expenses and other assets	13,
Deferred rents receivable	(22,
Net cash provided by operating activities	32,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Increase in contract deposits and pre-acquisition costs	(9, (3,
Investments in affiliate joint ventures	(4,
Payment of leasing costs Proceeds from sales of real estate	(2,
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from issuance of common stock net of issuance costs	4.
Principal payments on secured borrowings	(2)
Increase in investments in affiliate loans and service companies	30,
Repayment of unsecured credit facility	(84) (4) (3)
Distributions to preferred unit holders Dividends to common shareholders Dividends to preferred shareholders	(27, (5,
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(94,
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(81, 121,
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 40,

(SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS)

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RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2002

(UNAUDITED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND FORMATION OF THE COMPANY

Reckson Associates Realty Corp. (the "Company") is a self-administered and self managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") engaged in the ownership, management, operation, leasing and development of commercial real estate properties, principally office and industrial buildings and also owns land for future development (collectively, the "Properties") located in the New York tri-state area (the "Tri-State Area").

The Company was incorporated in Maryland in September 1994. In June 1995, the Company completed an Initial Public Offering (the "IPO") and commenced operations.

The Company became the sole general partner of Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership") by contributing substantially all of the net proceeds of the IPO, in exchange for an approximate 73% interest in the Operating Partnership. All Properties acquired by the Company are held by or through the Operating Partnership. In conjunction with the IPO, the Operating Partnership executed various option and purchase agreements whereby it issued common units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("OP Units") to certain continuing investors in exchange for (i) interests in certain property partnerships, (ii) fee simple and leasehold interests in properties and development land, (iii) certain other business assets and (iv) 100% of the non-voting preferred stock of the management and construction companies. At March 31, 2002, the Company's ownership percentage in the Operating Partnership was approximately 88.4%.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the consolidated financial position of the Company and the Operating Partnership at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Operating Partnership's investments in majority owned and/or controlled real estate joint ventures are reflected in the accompanying financial statements on a consolidated basis with a reduction for the minority partners' interest. The operating results of the service companies currently conducted by Reckson Management Group, Inc., RANY Management Group, Inc. and Reckson Construction Group, Inc., in which the Operating Partnership owns a non-controlling interest are reflected in the accompanying financial statements on the equity method of accounting. The Operating Partnership also invests in real estate joint ventures where it may own less than a controlling interest. Such investments are also reflected in the accompanying financial statements on the equity method of accounting. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Limited partners' minority interest at March 31, 2002 represent an approximate 11.6% limited partnership minority interest in the Operating Partnership.

Minority partners' interests in consolidated partnerships represent a 49% interest in RT Tri-State LLC, owner of an eight property suburban office portfolio, a 40% interest in Omni Partners, L.P., owner of a 575,000 square foot suburban office property and beginning December 21, 2001, a 49% interest in Metropolitan 919 Third Avenue, LLC, owner of the property located at 919 Third Avenue, New York, NY.

The accompanying interim unaudited financial statements have been prepared by the Company's management pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in the financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") may have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The unaudited financial statements as of March 31, 2002 and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial information set forth herein. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2002. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

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The Company intends to qualify as a REIT under Section 856 through 869 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a REIT, the Company will not generally be subject to corporate Federal income taxes as long as it satisfies certain technical requirements of the Code relating to composition of its income and assets and requirements relating to distributions of taxable income to shareholders.

In October 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. Statement No. 144 provides accounting guidance for financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. Statement No. 144 supersedes Statement No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of. It also supersedes the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 30, Reporting the Results of Operations—Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions related to the disposal of a segment of a business. Statement No. 144 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company adopted Statement No. 144 on January 1, 2002. The adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the results of operations or the financial position of the Company.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

3. MORTGAGE NOTES PAYABLE

As of March 31, 2002, the Company had approximately \$748.6 million of fixed rate mortgage notes which mature at various times between 2004 and 2027. The notes are secured by 21 properties with a net carrying value of approximately \$1.5 billion and have a weighted average interest rate of approximately 7.3%.

4. SENIOR UNSECURED NOTES

As of March 31, 2002, the Operating Partnership had outstanding approximately \$449.5 million (net of issuance discounts) of senior unsecured notes (the "Senior Unsecured Notes"). The following table sets forth the Operating Partnership's Senior Unsecured Notes and other related disclosures (dollars in thousands):

		FACE				
ISSUANCE	AMOUNT		COUPON RATE	TERM	MA	
August 27, 1997	\$	150,000	7.20%	10 years	August	
March 26, 1999	\$	100,000	7.40%	5 years	March	
March 26, 1999	\$	200,000	7.75%	10 years	March	

Interest on the Senior Unsecured Notes is payable semiannually with principal and unpaid interest due on the scheduled maturity dates. In addition, the Senior Unsecured Notes issued on March 26, 1999 were issued at an aggregate discount of \$738,000. Such discount is being amortized over the term of the Senior Unsecured Notes to which they relate.

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5. UNSECURED CREDIT FACILITY

As of March 31, 2002, the Company had a three year \$575 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") from The Chase Manhattan Bank, as administrative agent, UBS Warburg LLC as syndication agent and Deutsche Bank as documentation agent. The Credit Facility matures in September 2003 and borrowings under the Credit Facility are currently priced off LIBOR plus 105 basis points.

The Company utilizes the Credit Facility primarily to finance real estate investments, fund its real estate development activities and for working capital purposes. At March 31, 2002, the Company had availability under the Credit Facility to borrow an additional \$358.0 million (of which, approximately \$25.9 million has been allocated for outstanding undrawn letters of credit), subject to compliance with certain financial covenants.

6. COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS

As of March 31, 2002, the Company owned and operated 77 office properties (inclusive of eleven office properties owned through joint ventures) comprising approximately 13.8 million square feet, 102 industrial properties comprising approximately 6.8 million square feet and two retail properties comprising approximately 20,000 square feet located in the Tri-State Area.

The Company also owns approximately 254 acres of land in 12 separate parcels of which the Company can develop approximately two million square feet of office space and approximately 450,000 square feet of industrial space. On April 1, 2002, the Company paid approximately \$23.8 million to acquire an additional 52.7

acres of land located in Valhalla, NY on which the Company can develop approximately 875,000 square feet of office space. The Company financed this acquisition in part from the sales proceeds of an office property being held by a qualified intermediary for the purposes of an exchange of real property pursuant to Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and from an advance under the Credit Facility. In addition, the Company owns a 32 acre land parcel in Rye Brook, NY which is under contract for sale for approximately \$22.3 million. The closing is scheduled to occur during 2002.

The Company also owns a 357,000 square foot office building in Orlando, Florida and has invested approximately \$17.0 million in a note receivable secured by a partnership interest in Omni Partners, L.P., owner of the Omni, a 575,000 square foot Class A office property located in Uniondale, NY and \$36.5 million under three notes which bear interest at rates ranging from 10.5% to 12% per annum and are secured by a minority partner's preferred unit interest in the Operating Partnership and certain real property.

On December 21, 2001, the Company formed a joint venture with the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") whereby NYSTRS acquired a 49% indirect interest in the property located at 919 Third Avenue, New York, NY for \$220.5 million which included \$122.1 million of its proportionate share of secured mortgage debt and approximately \$98.4 million of cash which was then distributed to the Company. On January 4, 2002, net proceeds from this sale were used primarily to repay borrowings under the Credit Facility and for working capital purposes.

In addition, the Company has entered into a contract to sell, for approximately \$18.5 million, two Class A office properties located in Westchester County, NY aggregating approximately 157,000 square feet. The closing is scheduled to occur during the second quarter of 2002.

7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

An OP Unit and a share of Class A common stock have essentially the same economic characteristics as they effectively share equally in the net income or loss and distributions of the Operating Partnership. Subject to certain holding periods OP Units may either be redeemed for cash or, at the election of the Company, exchanged for shares of Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, approximately 11,303 Series B preferred units of the Operating Partnership, with a liquidation preference value of approximately \$11.3 million, were exchanged for 451,934 OP Units at a price of \$25.01 per OP Unit.

The Company currently has issued and outstanding 10,283,513 shares of Class B Exchangeable Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Class B common stock"). The shares of Class B common stock currently receive an annual dividend of \$2.5968 per share, which is subject to adjustment annually based on a formula which measures increases or decreases in the Company's Funds From Operations, as defined, over a base year.

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The shares of Class B common stock are exchangeable at any time, at the option of the holder, into an equal number of shares of Class A common stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Company subject to customary antidilution adjustments. The Company, at its option, may redeem any or all of the Class B common stock in exchange for an equal number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock at

any time following November 23, 2003.

During March 2002, the Board of Directors of the Company declared the following dividends on the Company's securities:

SECURITY	DIVIDEND / DISTRIBUTION	RECORD DATE 	PAYMENT DATE 	THREE MONT ENDED
Class A common stock Class B common stock Series A preferred stock Series B preferred stock	\$.4246	April 5, 2002	April 17, 2002	March 31, 2
	\$.6492	April 12, 2002	April 30, 2002	April 30, 2
	\$.4766	April 12, 2002	April 30, 2002	April 30, 2
	\$.553125	April 12, 2002	April 30, 2002	April 30, 2

The Board of Directors of the Company has authorized the purchase of up to an additional five million shares of the Company's Class B common stock and/or its Class A common stock. Transactions conducted on the New York Stock Exchange will be effected in accordance with the safe harbor provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and may be terminated by the Company at any time. Previously, under the Company's prior stock buy-back program, the Company had purchased and retired 1,410,804 shares of Class B common stock at an average price of \$21.48 per Class B share and 61,704 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$23.03 per Class A share for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$31.7 million. In addition, the Board of Directors of the Company has formed a pricing committee to consider purchases of the Company's outstanding preferred securities.

The Company currently has issued and outstanding 9,192,000 shares of 7.625% Series A Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (the "Series A preferred stock"). The Series A preferred stock is redeemable by the Company on or after April 13, 2003 at a price of approximately \$25.95 per share with such price decreasing, at annual intervals, to \$25.00 per share over a five year period. In addition, the Series A preferred stock, at the option of the holder, is convertible anytime into the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$28.51 per share.

The Company currently has issued and outstanding two million shares of Series B Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (the "Series B preferred stock"). The Series B preferred stock is redeemable by the Company as follows: (i) on or after March 2, 2002 to and including June 2, 2003, at an amount which provides an annual rate of return in respect of such shares of 15%, (ii) on or after June 3, 2003 to and including June 2, 2004, \$25.50 per share and (iii) on or after June 3, 2004 and thereafter, \$25.00 per share. In addition, the Series B preferred stock, at the option of the holder, is convertible at anytime into the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$26.05 per share. The Series B preferred stock currently accumulates dividends at a rate of 8.85% per annum.

Basic net income per share on the Company's Class A common stock was calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding of 50,013,140 and 45,483,544 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Basic net income per share on the Company's Class B common stock was calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding of 10,283,513 for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

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The following table sets forth the Company's reconciliation of numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted net income per weighted average common share and the computation of basic and diluted net income per weighted average share for the Company's Class A common stock (in thousands except for earnings per share data):

Numerator:

Class B shareholders Dividends to preferred snareholders and income allocated to class B shareholders
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per Class A common share
Add back:
Denominator:
Denominator for basic net income per share - weighted average Class A common shares
Effect of dilutive securities: Common stock equivalents
Common Stock equivalents
Denominator for diluted net income per Class A common share - adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversions
Basic net income per Class A common share:
Net income per Class A common share
Diluted net income per Class A common share:
Diluted net income per Class A common share

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The following table sets forth the Company's reconciliation of numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted net income per weighted average common share and the computation of basic and diluted net income per weighted average share for the Company's Class B common stock (in thousands except for earnings per share data):

Numerator:

Income before dividends to preferred shareholders and income allocated to Class A shareholders
Income allocated to Class A common shareholders
Numerator for basic net income per Class B common share
Add back:
Income allocated to Class A common shareholders
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B common share
Denominator:
Denominator for basic net income per share - weighted average Class B common shares
Effect of dilutive securities:
Weighted average Class A common shares outstanding
Common stock equivalents
Denominator for diluted net income per Class B common share-adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversions
Basic net income per Class B common share: Net income per Class B common share

Diluted net income per Class B common share:

8.	SUPPLEMENTAL	DISCLOSURES	OF CASI	H FLOWS	INFORMATION	I (in	thousands)	
	Cash paid	d during the	period	for in	terest	• • • •		•
	Interest	capitalized	during	the pe	riod			•

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9. SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

The Company owns all of the interests in its real estate properties by or through the Operating Partnership. The Company's portfolio consists of Class A office properties located within the New York City metropolitan area and Class A suburban office and industrial properties located and operated within the Tri-State Area (the "Core Portfolio"). The Company's portfolio also includes one office property located in Orlando, Florida. The Company has managing directors who report directly to the Co-Presidents and Chief Financial Officer who have been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Makers because of their final authority over resource allocation, decisions and performance assessment.

In addition, the Company does not consider (i) interest incurred on its Credit Facility and Senior Unsecured Notes and (ii) the operating performance of the office property located in Orlando, Florida as part of its Core Portfolio's property operating performance.

The following table sets forth the components of the Company's revenues and expenses and other related disclosures for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 (in thousands):

				Three mont		
		March 31, 2002				
				CONSOLIDATED TOTALS	Core Portfo	
REVENUES: Base rents, tenant escalations and reimbursements	. \$ 120,1	98 \$	2,307	\$ 122 , 505	\$ 120	
Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures and service companies	•		·	335	,	
Other income		52		2,627		
Total Revenues	. 121,1		4,317	,	121	
EXPENSES:						
Property operating expenses				42,212	40	
Marketing, general and administrative			•	7,139	4	
Interest	•			20,996	12	
Depreciation and amortization	. 24,5		1,539	26,136	21	
Total Expenses		85		96,483	79 	
<pre>Income (loss) before minority interests and preferred dividends and distributions</pre>	. \$ 37,5	65 \$	(8,581)	\$ 28,984	\$ 41	
	======	== ==		========	=====	
Total assets	. \$2,660,4	19 \$	254,127	\$2,914,546	\$2,642	

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10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 1997, the Company formed FrontLine Capital Group, formerly Reckson Service Industries, Inc., ("FrontLine") and Reckson Strategic Venture Partners, LLC ("RSVP"). RSVP is a real estate venture capital fund which invests primarily in real estate and real estate operating companies outside the Company's core office and industrial focus and whose common equity is held indirectly by FrontLine. In connection with the formation and spin-off of FrontLine, the Operating Partnership established an unsecured credit facility with FrontLine (the "FrontLine Facility") in the amount of \$100 million for FrontLine to use in its investment activities, operations and other general corporate purposes. The Company has advanced approximately \$93.4 million under the FrontLine Facility.

The Operating Partnership also approved the funding of investments of up to \$100 million relating to RSVP (the "RSVP Commitment"), through RSVP-controlled joint ventures (for REIT-qualified investments) or advances made to FrontLine under an unsecured loan facility (the "RSVP Facility") having terms similar to the FrontLine Facility (advances made under the RSVP Facility and the FrontLine Facility hereafter, the "FrontLine Loans"). During March 2001, the Company increased the RSVP Commitment to \$110 million and as of March 31, 2002, approximately \$109.1 million had been funded through the RSVP Commitment, of which \$59.8 million represents investments by the Company in RSVP-controlled (REIT-qualified) joint ventures and \$49.3 million represents loans made to FrontLine under the RSVP Facility. As of March 31, 2002, interest accrued (net of reserves) under the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility was approximately \$ 19.6 million.

At June 30, 2001, the Company assessed the recoverability of the FrontLine Loans and reserved approximately \$3.5 million of the interest accrued during the three-month period then ended. In addition, the Company formed a committee of its Board of Directors, comprised solely of independent directors, to consider any actions to be taken by the Company in connection with the FrontLine Loans and its investments in joint ventures with RSVP. During the third quarter of 2001, the Company noted a significant deterioration in FrontLine's operations and financial condition and, based on its assessment of value and recoverability and considering the findings and recommendations of the committee and its financial advisor, the Company recorded a \$163 million valuation reserve charge, inclusive of anticipated costs, in its consolidated statements of operations relating to its investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint ventures with RSVP. The Company has discontinued the accrual of interest income with respect to the FrontLine Loans. The Company has also reserved against its share of GAAP equity in earnings from the RSVP controlled joint ventures funded through the RSVP Commitment until such income is realized through cash distributions.

At December 31, 2001, the Company, pursuant to Section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, charged off \$70 million of the aforementioned reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest. On February 14, 2002, the Company charged off an additional \$38 million of the reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest and \$47 million of the reserve directly related to the RSVP Facility, including accrued interest.

FrontLine is in default under the FrontLine Loans from the Operating Partnership, has insufficient cash reserves to continue operations for the next twelve months and has reported that it is currently in discussions with its creditors, including the Company, and that it may be required to seek protection from creditors under federal bankruptcy laws. FrontLine has reported that although negotiations are ongoing, it does not appear likely that a satisfactory restructuring of these obligations will be achieved. Accordingly, FrontLine has stated that it is currently considering its future options, including seeking protection from its creditors under the federal bankruptcy laws.

As a result of the foregoing, the net carrying value of the Company's investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint venture investments with RSVP, inclusive of the Company's share of previously accrued GAAP equity in earnings on those investments, is approximately \$65.0 million. Such amount has been reflected in investments in service companies and affiliate loans and joint ventures on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

Both the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility have a term of five years, are unsecured and advances under each are recourse obligations of FrontLine. Notwithstanding the valuation reserve, under the terms of the credit facilities, interest accrued on the FrontLine Loans at a rate equal to the greater of (a) the prime rate plus two percent and (b) 12% per annum, with the rate on amounts that were outstanding for more than one year increasing annually at a rate of

four percent of the prior year's rate. In March 2001, the credit facilities were amended to provide that (i) interest is payable only at maturity and (ii) the Company may transfer all or any portion of its rights or obligations under the credit facilities to its affiliates. The Company requested these changes as a result of changes in REIT tax laws. As a result of FrontLines default under the FrontLine Loans, interest on borrowings thereunder accrue interest at default interest rates ranging between 13% and 14.5% per annum.

In November 1999, the Company received 176,186 shares of the common stock of FrontLine as fees in connection with the FrontLine Loans. As a result of certain tax rule provisions included in the REIT Modernization Act, it was determined that the Company could no longer maintain any equity position in FrontLine. As part of a compensation program, the Company distributed these shares to certain non-executive employees subject to recourse loans. The loans were scheduled to be forgiven over time based on continued employment with the Company. Based on the current value of FrontLine's common stock the Company has established a valuation reserve charge relating to the outstanding balance of these loans in the amount of \$2.4 million.

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11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

HQ Global Workplaces, Inc., ("HQ") one of the largest providers of flexible officing solutions in the world and which is controlled by FrontLine currently operates eleven executive office centers in the Company's properties, three of which are held through joint ventures. The leases under which these office centers operate expire between 2008 and 2011, encompass approximately 225,000 square feet and have current contractual annual base rents of approximately \$6.7 million. On March 13, 2002, as a result of experiencing financial difficulties, HQ voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. As of March 31, 2002, HQ's leases with the Company were in default under their lease terms and further, HQ petitioned the Bankruptcy Court to reject two of their leases with the Company effective March 13, 2002. The two rejected leases aggregate approximately 23,900 square feet and provided for contractual base rents of approximately \$548,000 for the 2002 calendar year. In addition, commencing April 1, 2002 and pursuant to the bankruptcy filing, HQ has been paying current rental charges, other than the two leases which are being petitioned for rejection, under their leases with the Company. There can be no assurances as to whether HQ will affirm or reject the remaining leases with the Company or whether or not the Bankruptcy Court will grant HQ's petition to reject the two aforementioned leases. The Company reserved approximately \$500,000 (net of minority partners' interests and including the Company's share of unconsolidated joint venture interest), or 74%, of the amounts due from HQ as of March 31, 2002.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of Reckson Associates Realty Corp. (the "Company") and related notes thereto.

The Company considers certain statements set forth herein to be forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to the Company's expectations for future periods. Certain forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, statements relating to the timing and success of acquisitions and the completion of development or redevelopment of properties, the financing of the Company's operations, the ability to lease vacant space and the ability to renew or relet space under expiring leases, involve risks and uncertainties. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, the actual results may differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements and the Company can give no assurance that its expectation will be achieved. Among those risks, trends and uncertainties are: the general economic climate, including the conditions affecting industries in which our principal tenants compete; changes in the supply of and demand for office and industrial properties in the New York Tri-State area; changes in interest rate levels; downturns in rental rate levels in our markets and our ability to lease or release space in a timely manner at current or anticipated rental rate levels; the availability of financing to us or our tenants; changes in operating costs, including utility, security and insurance costs; repayment of debt owed to the Company by third parties (including FrontLine Capital Group); risks associated with joint ventures; and other risks associated with the development and acquisition of properties, including risks that development may not be completed on schedule, that the tenants will not take occupancy or pay rent, or that development or operating costs may be greater than anticipated. Consequently, such forward-looking statements should be regarded solely as reflections of the Company's current operating and development plans and estimates. These plans and estimates are subject to revisions from time to time as additional information becomes available, and actual results may differ from those indicated in the referenced statements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Company include accounts of the Company and all majority-owned subsidiaries. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported in the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes. In preparing these financial statements, management has utilized information available including its past history, industry standards and the current economic environment among other factors in forming its estimates and judgments of certain amounts included in the consolidated financial statements, giving due consideration to materiality. It is possible that the ultimate outcome as anticipated by management in formulating its estimates inherent in these financial statements may not materialize. However, application of the critical accounting policies below involves the exercise of judgment and use of assumptions as to future uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ from these estimates. In addition, other companies may utilize different estimates, which may impact comparability of the Company's results of operations to those of companies in similar businesses.

Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Rental revenue is recognized on a straight line basis, which averages minimum rents over the terms of the leases. The excess of rents recognized over amounts contractually due are included in deferred rents receivable on the Company's balance sheets. The leases also typically provide for tenant reimbursements of common area maintenance and other operating expenses and real estate taxes. Ancillary and other property related income is recognized in the period earned.

The Company makes estimates of the collectibility of its accounts receivables related to base rents, tenant escalations and reimbursements and other revenue or income. The Company specifically analyzes tenant receivables and analyzes historical bad debts, customer credit worthiness, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when evaluating the adequacy of its allowance for doubtful accounts. In addition, when tenants are in bankruptcy the Company makes estimates of the expected recovery of pre-petition administrative and damage claims. In some cases, the ultimate resolution of those claims can exceed beyond a year. These estimates have a direct impact on the Company's net income, because a higher bad debt reserve results in less net income.

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The Company records interest income on investments in mortgage notes and notes receivable on an accrual basis of accounting. The Company does not accrue interest on impaired loans where, in the judgment of management, collection of interest according to the contractual terms is considered doubtful. Among the factors the Company considers in making an evaluation of the collectibility of interest are: (i) the status of the loan, (ii) the value of the underlying collateral, (iii) the financial condition of the borrower and (iv) anticipated future events.

Gain on sales of real estate are recorded when title is conveyed to the buyer, subject to the buyer's financial commitment being sufficient to provide economic substance to the sale.

Real Estate

Land, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment are recorded at cost. Tenant improvements, which are included in buildings and improvements, are also stated at cost. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Renovations and/or replacements, which improve or extend the life of the asset are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of ten to thirty years for buildings and improvements and five to ten years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. Tenant improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the related leases.

The Company is required to make subjective assessments as to the useful lives of its properties for purposes of determining the amount of depreciation to reflect on an annual basis with respect to those properties. These assessments have a direct impact on the Company's net income. Should the Company lengthen the expected useful life of a particular asset, it would be depreciated over more years, and result in less depreciation expense and higher annual net income.

Assessment by the Company of certain other lease related costs must be made when the Company has a reason to believe that the tenant will not be able to execute under the term of the lease as originally expected.

Long Lived Assets

On a periodic basis, management assesses whether there are any indicators that the value of the real estate properties may be impaired. A property's value is impaired only if management's estimate of the aggregate future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) to be generated by the property are less than the carrying value of the property. Such cash flows consider factors such as expected future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of demand, competition and other factors. To the extent impairment has occurred, the loss will be measured as the excess of the carrying amount of the property over the fair value of the property.

The Company is required to make subjective assessments as to whether there are impairments in the value of its real estate properties and other investments. These assessments have a direct impact on the Company's net income, because taking an impairment results in an immediate negative adjustment to net income. In determining impairment, if any, the Company has adopted the use of Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long Lived Assets.

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OVERVIEW AND BACKGROUND

The Company is a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT") specializing in the acquisition, leasing, financing, management and development of office and industrial properties. The Company's growth strategy is focused on the real estate markets in and around the New York tri-state area (the "Tri-State Area").

The Company owns all of the interests in its real properties through Reckson Operating Partnership, L.P. (the "Operating Partnership"). As of March 31, 2002, the Company owned and operated 77 office properties (inclusive of eleven office properties which are owned through joint ventures) comprising approximately 13.8 million square feet, 102 industrial properties comprising approximately 6.8 million square feet and two retail properties comprising approximately 20,000 square feet located in the Tri-State Area.

The Company also owns approximately 254 acres of land in 12 separate parcels of which the Company can develop approximately two million square feet of office space and approximately 450,000 square feet of industrial space. On April 1, 2002, the Company paid approximately \$23.8 million to acquire an additional 52.7 acres of land located in Valhalla, NY on which the Company can develop approximately 875,000 square feet of office space. The Company financed this acquisition in part from the sales proceeds of an office property being held by a qualified intermediary for the purposes of an exchange of real property pursuant to Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and from an advance under the Credit Facility. In addition, the Company owns a 32 acre land

parcel in Rye Brook, NY which is under contract for sale for approximately \$22.3 million. The closing is scheduled to occur during 2002.

The Company also owns a 357,000 square foot office building in Orlando, Florida and has invested approximately \$17.0 million in a note receivable secured by a partnership interest in Omni Partners, L.P., owner of the Omni, a 575,000 square foot Class A office property located in Uniondale, NY and \$36.5 million under three notes which bear interest at rates ranging from 10.5% to 12% per annum and are secured by a minority partner's preferred unit interest in the Operating Partnership and certain real property.

As part of the Company's REIT structure it is provided management, leasing and construction related services through taxable REIT subsidiaries as defined by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. These services are currently provided by Reckson Management, Inc., RANY Management Group, Inc., and Reckson Construction Group, Inc. (collectively, the "Service Companies"). The Operating Partnership owns a 97% non-controlling interest in the Service Companies. An entity which is owned by certain executive officers of the Company owns a 3% controlling interest in the Service Companies.

During July 1998, the Company formed Metropolitan Partners, LLC ("Metropolitan") for the purpose of acquiring Class A office properties in New York City. Currently the Company owns, through Metropolitan, five Class A office properties aggregating approximately 3.5 million square feet.

During September 2000, the Company formed a joint venture (the "Tri-State JV") with Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association ("TIAA") and contributed eight Class A suburban office properties aggregating approximately 1.5 million square feet to the Tri-State JV for a 51% majority ownership interest. TIAA contributed approximately \$136 million for a 49% interest in the Tri-State JV which was then distributed to the Company. For purposes of its financial statements the Company consolidates this joint venture.

On December 21, 2001, the Company formed a joint venture with the New York State Teachers' Retirement Systems ("NYSTRS") whereby NYSTRS acquired a 49% indirect interest in the property located at 919 Third Avenue, New York, NY for \$220.5 million which included \$122.1 million of its proportionate share of secured mortgage debt and approximately \$98.4 million of cash which was then distributed to the Company. For purposes of its financial statements the Company consolidates this joint venture.

In addition, the Company has entered into a contract to sell, for approximately \$18.5 million, two Class A office properties located in Westchester County, NY aggregating approximately 157,000 square feet. The closing is scheduled to occur during the second quarter of 2002.

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The market capitalization of the Company at March 31, 2002 was approximately \$3.3 billion. The Company's market capitalization is based on the sum of (i) the market value of the Company's Class A common stock and common units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership ("OP Units") (assuming conversion) of \$24.66 per share/unit (based on the closing price of the Company's Class A common stock on March 28, 2002), (ii) the market value of the Company's Class B common stock of \$25.76 per share (based on the closing price

of the Company's Class B common stock on March 28, 2002), (iii) the liquidation preference value of the Company's Series A preferred and Series B preferred stock of \$25 per share, (iv) the liquidation preference value of the Operating Partnership's preferred units of \$1,000 per unit and (v) the approximately \$1.3 billion (including its share of joint venture debt and net of minority partners' interests share of joint venture debt) of debt outstanding at March 31, 2002. As a result, the Company's total debt to total market capitalization ratio at March 31, 2002 equaled approximately 39.0%.

During 1997, the Company formed FrontLine Capital Group, formerly Reckson Service Industries, Inc., ("FrontLine") and Reckson Strategic Venture Partners, LLC ("RSVP"). RSVP is a real estate venture capital fund which invests primarily in real estate and real estate operating companies outside the Company's core office and industrial focus and whose common equity is held indirectly by FrontLine. In connection with the formation and spin-off of FrontLine, the Operating Partnership established an unsecured credit facility with FrontLine (the "FrontLine Facility") in the amount of \$100 million for FrontLine to use in its investment activities, operations and other general corporate purposes. The Company has advanced approximately \$93.4 million under the FrontLine Facility. The Operating Partnership also approved the funding of investments of up to \$100 million relating to RSVP (the "RSVP Commitment"), through RSVP-controlled joint ventures (for REIT-qualified investments) or advances made to FrontLine under an unsecured loan facility (the "RSVP Facility") having terms similar to the FrontLine Facility (advances made under the RSVP Facility and the FrontLine Facility hereafter, the "FrontLine Loans"). During March 2001, the Company increased the RSVP Commitment to \$110 million and as of March 31, 2002, approximately \$109.1 million had been funded through the RSVP Commitment, of which \$59.8 million represents investments by the Company in RSVP-controlled (REIT-qualified) joint ventures and \$49.3 million represents loans made to FrontLine under the RSVP Facility. As of March 31, 2002, interest accrued (net of reserves) under the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility was approximately \$ 19.6 million.

At June 30, 2001, the Company assessed the recoverability of the FrontLine Loans and reserved approximately \$3.5 million of the interest accrued during the three-month period then ended. In addition, the Company formed a committee of its Board of Directors, comprised solely of independent directors, to consider any actions to be taken by the Company in connection with the FrontLine Loans and its investments in joint ventures with RSVP. During the third quarter of 2001, the Company noted a significant deterioration in FrontLine's operations and financial condition and, based on its assessment of value and recoverability and considering the findings and recommendations of the committee and its financial advisor, the Company recorded a \$163 million valuation reserve charge, inclusive of anticipated costs, in its consolidated statements of operations relating to its investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint ventures with RSVP. The Company has discontinued the accrual of interest income with respect to the FrontLine Loans. The Company has also reserved against its share of GAAP equity in earnings from the RSVP controlled joint ventures funded through the RSVP Commitment until such income is realized through cash distributions.

At December 31, 2001, the Company, pursuant to Section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, charged off \$70 million of the aforementioned reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest. On February 14, 2002, the Company charged off an additional \$38 million of the reserve directly related to the FrontLine Facility, including accrued interest and \$47 million of the reserve directly related to the RSVP Facility, including accrued interest.

FrontLine is in default under the FrontLine Loans from the Operating Partnership, has insufficient cash reserves to continue operations for the next twelve months and has reported that it is currently in discussions with its creditors, including the Company, and that it may be required to seek protection

from creditors under federal bankruptcy laws. FrontLine has reported that although negotiations are ongoing, it does not appear likely that a satisfactory restructuring of these obligations will be achieved. Accordingly, FrontLine has stated that it is currently considering its future options, including seeking protection from its creditors under the federal bankruptcy laws.

As a result of the foregoing, the net carrying value of the Company's investments in the FrontLine Loans and joint venture investments with RSVP, inclusive of the Company's share of previously accrued GAAP equity in earnings on those investments, is approximately \$65.0 million. Such amount has been reflected in investments in service companies and affiliate loans and joint ventures on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

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Both the FrontLine Facility and the RSVP Facility have a term of five years, are unsecured and advances under each are recourse obligations of FrontLine. Notwithstanding the valuation reserve, under the terms of the credit facilities, interest accrued on the FrontLine Loans at a rate equal to the greater of (a) the prime rate plus two percent and (b) 12% per annum, with the rate on amounts that were outstanding for more than one year increasing annually at a rate of four percent of the prior year's rate. In March 2001, the credit facilities were amended to provide that (i) interest is payable only at maturity and (ii) the Company may transfer all or any portion of its rights or obligations under the credit facilities to its affiliates. The Company requested these changes as a result of changes in REIT tax laws. As a result of FrontLines default under the FrontLine Loans, interest on borrowings thereunder accrue interest at default interest rates ranging between 13% and 14.5% per annum.

In November 1999, the Company received 176,186 shares of the common stock of FrontLine as fees in connection with the FrontLine Loans. As a result of certain tax rule provisions included in the REIT Modernization Act, it was determined that the Company could no longer maintain any equity position in FrontLine. As part of a compensation program, the Company distributed these shares to certain non-executive employees subject to recourse loans. The loans were scheduled to be forgiven over time based on continued employment with the Company. Based on the current value of FrontLine's common stock the Company has established a valuation reserve charge relating to the outstanding balance of these loans in the amount of \$2.4 million.

 ${\tt HQ}$ Global Workplaces, Inc., (" ${\tt HQ}$ ") one of the largest providers of flexible officing solutions in the world and which is controlled by FrontLine currently operates eleven executive office centers in the Company's properties, three of which are held through joint ventures. The leases under which these office centers operate expire between 2008 and 2011, encompass approximately 225,000 square feet and have current contractual annual base rents of approximately \$6.7 million. On March 13, 2002, as a result of experiencing financial difficulties, HQ voluntarily filed a petition for relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. As of March 31, 2002, HQ's leases with the Company were in default under their lease terms and further, HQ petitioned the Bankruptcy Court to reject two of their leases with the Company effective March 13, 2002. The two rejected leases aggregate approximately 23,900 square feet and provided for contractual base rents of approximately \$548,000 for the 2002 calendar year. In addition, commencing April 1, 2002 and pursuant to the bankruptcy filing, HQ has been paying current rental charges, other than the two leases which are being petitioned for rejection, under their leases with the Company. There can be no assurances as to whether HQ will affirm or reject the remaining leases with the

Company or whether or not the Bankruptcy Court will grant HQ's petition to reject the two aforementioned leases. The Company reserved approximately \$500,000 (net of minority partners' interests and including the Company's share of unconsolidated joint venture interest), or 74%, of the amounts due from HQ as of March 31, 2002.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2001.

The Company's total revenues decreased by \$5.4 million or 4.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. Property operating revenues, which include base rents and tenant escalations and reimbursements ("Property Operating Revenues") decreased by \$934,000 or .8% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The change in Property Operating Revenues is primarily attributable to increases in rental rates in our "same store" properties amounting to \$5.6 million. In addition, \$1.9 million of the increase was generated by lease up of newly developed and redeveloped properties. These increases in Property Operating Revenues were offset by \$4.2 million of revenue attributable to six properties that were sold in 2001. The Company's base rent reflects the positive impact of the straight-line rent adjustment of \$8.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to \$11.2 million for the 2001 period. Included in the \$8.7million straight-line rent adjustment is \$5.3 million attributable to 919 Third Avenue as compared to \$7.5 million for the 2001 period. This amount is primarily attributable to the free rent period, which was effective through February 28, 2002, contained in the lease of the largest tenant in the building. Other revenues (excluding Property Operating Revenues) decreased by \$4.5 million or 60.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This decrease is primarily attributable to \$4.6 million of interest income accrued on the FrontLine Loans during the 2001 period with no such comparable interest accrual for the 2002 period.

Property operating expenses, real estate taxes and ground rents ("Property Expenses") increased by \$1.2 million or 3.0% for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. This increase is primarily due to \$2.8 million of property operating expense increases of which \$1.5 million related to our "same-store" properties including \$0.9 million attributable to an increase in real estate taxes. These increases in Property Expenses were offset by \$1.6 million of expenses attributable to six properties that were sold in 2001.

Gross Operating Margins (defined as Property Operating Revenues less Property Expenses, taken as a percentage of Property Operating Revenues) for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 were 65.5% and 66.8%, respectively. The decrease in Gross Operating Margins is primarily attributable to decreases in average occupancy of the portfolio.

Marketing, general and administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$358,000 for 4.8% or the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The decrease in marketing, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to staff reduction and cost containment. Marketing, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of total revenues, were 5.7% for the

three month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

Interest expense decreased by approximately \$2.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to the 2001 period. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in interest expense on the Company's variable rate debt due to lower interest rates and a lower average balance outstanding on the Company's Credit Facility. The weighted average balance outstanding was \$205.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002 as compared to \$254.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 2002, the Company had a three year \$575 million unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") from The Chase Manhattan Bank, as administrative agent, UBS Warburg LLC as syndication agent and Deutsche Bank as documentation agent. The Credit Facility matures in September 2003 and borrowings under the Credit Facility are currently priced off LIBOR plus 105 basis points.

The Company utilizes the Credit Facility primarily to finance real estate investments, fund its real estate development activities and for working capital purposes. At March 31, 2002, the Company had availability under the Credit Facility to borrow an additional \$358.0 million (of which, approximately \$25.9 million has been allocated for outstanding undrawn letters of credit), subject to compliance with certain financial covenants.

During the three months ended March 31, 2002, approximately 11,303 Series B preferred units of limited partnership interest in the Operating Partnership, with a liquidation preference value of approximately \$11.3 million, were exchanged for 451,934 OP Units at a price of \$25.01 per OP Unit.

The Company has entered into a contract to sell, for approximately \$18.5 million, two Class A office properties located in Westchester County, NY aggregating approximately 157,000 square feet. The closing is scheduled to occur during the second quarter of 2002. In addition, the Company owns a 32 acre land parcel in Rye Brook, NY which is under contract for sale for approximately \$22.3 million. The closing is scheduled to occur during 2002.

The following table sets forth the Company's invested capital (before valuation reserves) in RSVP controlled (REIT-qualified) joint ventures and amounts which were advanced under the RSVP Commitment to FrontLine, for its investment in RSVP controlled investments (in thousands):

	RSVP controlled joint ventures	Amounts advanced	Total
Privatization	\$ 21,480	\$ 3 , 520	\$ 25,000

Student Housing	18,086	3,935	22,021
Medical Offices	20,185		20,185
Parking		9,091	9,091
Resorts		8,057	8,057
Net leased retail		3,180	3,180
Other assets and overhead		21,598	21,598
	\$ 59,751	\$ 49,381	\$109,132
	======	======	=======

Included in these investments is approximately \$17.9 million of cash that has been contributed to the respective RSVP controlled joint ventures or advanced under the RSVP Commitment to FrontLine and is being held, along with cash from the preferred investors.

The Company currently has issued and outstanding 10,283,513 shares of Class B Exchangeable Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Class B common stock"). The shares of Class B common stock currently receive an annual dividend of \$2.5968 per share, which is subject to adjustment annually based on a formula which measures increases or decreases in the Company's Funds From Operations ("FFO"), as defined, over a base year. Accordingly, to the extent FFO for the twelve month period ending June 30, 2002 is less than the FFO for same period ended June 30, 2001, the dividend rate on the Class B common stock will be reduced pursuant to the Articles Supplementary under which the Class B common stock was issued.

The shares of Class B common stock are exchangeable at any time, at the option of the holder, into an equal number of shares of Class A common stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Company subject to customary antidilution adjustments. The Company, at its option, may redeem any or all of the Class B common stock in exchange for an equal number of shares of the Company's Class A common stock at any time following November 23, 2003.

The Board of Directors of the Company has authorized the purchase of up to an additional five million shares of the Company's Class B common stock and/or its Class A common stock. Transactions conducted on the New York Stock Exchange will be effected in accordance with the safe harbor provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and may be terminated by the Company at any time. Previously, under the Company's prior stock buy-back program, the Company purchased and retired 1,410,804 shares of Class B common stock at an average price of \$21.48 per Class B share and 61,704 shares of Class A common stock at an average price of \$23.03 per Class A share for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$31.7 million. In addition, the Board of Directors of the Company has formed a pricing committee to consider purchases of the Company's outstanding preferred securities.

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The Company's indebtedness at March 31, 2002 totaled approximately \$1.3 billion (including its share of joint venture debt and net of minority partners' interests share of joint venture debt) and was comprised of \$217 million outstanding under the Credit Facility, approximately \$449.5 million of senior unsecured notes and approximately \$612.7 million of mortgage indebtedness. Based on the Company's total market capitalization of approximately \$3.3 billion at March 31, 2002 (calculated based on the sum of (i) the market value of the

Company's Class A common stock and OP Units, assuming conversion, (ii) the market value of the Company's Class B common stock, (iii) the liquidation preference value of the Company's preferred stock, (iv) the liquidation preference value of the Operating Partnership's preferred units and (v) the \$1.3 billion of debt), the Company's debt represented approximately 39.0% of its total market capitalization.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS

The following table sets forth the Company's significant debt obligations by scheduled principal cash flow payments and maturity date and its commercial commitments by scheduled maturity at March 31, 2002 (in thousands):

	MATURITY DATE									
	2002		2003		2004		2005		2006	
Mortgage notes payable(1)	\$	8 , 576	\$	12,300	\$	13,169	\$	14,167	\$	13,785
Mortgage notes payable(2) Senior unsecured notes						2,616 100,000		18 , 553 		129 , 920
Unsecured credit facility Land lease obligations		2,015		217,000 2,687		2,811		 2,814		2,795
Air rights lease obligations		276		369		379		379		379
	\$	10,867 ======	\$	232 , 356	\$	118 , 975	\$	35 , 913	\$	146,879

- (1) Scheduled principal amortization payments
- (2) Principal payments due at maturity

Certain of the mortgage notes payable are guaranteed by certain limited partners in the Operating Partnership and/or the Company. In addition, consistent with customary practices in non-recourse lending, certain non-recourse mortgages may be recourse to the Company under certain limited circumstances including environmental issues and breaches of material representations.

In addition, at March 31, 2002, the Company had approximately \$24.4 million and \$1.5 million in outstanding undrawn standby letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility which expire in 2002 and 2003, respectively.

Thirteen of the Company's office properties and two of the Company's industrial properties which were acquired by the issuance of OP Units are subject to agreements limiting the Company's ability to transfer them prior to agreed upon dates without the consent of the limited partner who transferred the respective property to the Company. In the event the Company transfers any of these properties prior to the expiration of these limitations, the Company may be required to make a payment relating to taxes incurred by the limited partner. The limitations on nine of the properties expire prior to June 30, 2003. The limitations on the remaining properties expire between 2007 and 2013.

Eleven of the Company's office properties are held in joint ventures which contain certain limitations on transfer. These limitations include requiring the consent of the joint venture partner to transfer a property prior to various

specified dates ranging from 2003 to 2005, rights of first offer, and buy/sell provisions.

Historically, rental revenue has been the principal source of funds to pay operating expenses, debt service and capital expenditures, excluding non-recurring capital expenditures of the Company. The Company expects to meet its short-term liquidity requirements generally through its net cash provided by operating activities along with the Credit Facility previously discussed. The Credit Facility contains several financial covenants with which the Company must be in compliance in order to borrow funds thereunder. The Company expects to meet certain of its financing requirements through long-term secured and unsecured borrowings and the issuance of debt and equity securities of the Company. In addition, the Company also believes that it will, from time to time, generate funds from the disposition of certain of its real estate properties or interests therein. The Company will refinance existing mortgage indebtedness or indebtedness under the Credit Facility at maturity or retire such debt through the issuance of additional debt securities or additional equity securities. The Company anticipates that the current balance of cash and cash equivalents and cash flows from operating activities, together with cash available from borrowings and equity offerings, will be adequate to meet the capital and liquidity requirements of the Company in both the short and long-term.

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As a result of current economic conditions, certain tenants have either not renewed their leases upon expiration or have paid the Company to terminate their leases. In addition, vacancy rates in our markets have been trending higher and in some instances our asking rents in our markets have been trending lower. Additionally, due to the events of September 11th, the Company anticipates higher operating expenses as they relate to certain insurance coverage and security measures.

In order to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, the Company is required to make distributions to its stockholders of at least 90% of REIT taxable income. The Company expects to use its cash flow from operating activities for distributions to stockholders and for payment of recurring, non-incremental revenue-generating expenditures. The Company intends to invest amounts accumulated for distribution in short-term investments.

INFLATION

The office leases generally provide for fixed base rent increases or indexed escalations. In addition, the office leases provide for separate escalations of real estate taxes, operating expenses and electric costs over a base amount. The industrial leases generally provide for fixed base rent increases, direct pass through of certain operating expenses and separate real estate tax escalations over a base amount. The Company believes that inflationary increases in expenses will be offset by contractual rent increases and expense escalations described above.

The Credit Facility bears interest at a variable rate, which will be influenced by changes in short-term interest rates, and is sensitive to inflation.

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FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

Management believes that funds from operations ("FFO") is an appropriate measure of performance of an equity REIT. FFO is defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") as net income or loss, excluding gains or losses from debt restructuring and sales of properties plus depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and is not indicative of cash available to fund cash needs. FFO should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of the Company's operating performance or as an alternative to cash flow as a measure of liquidity.

Since all companies and analysts do not calculate FFO in a similar fashion, the Company's calculation of FFO presented herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures as reported by other companies.

The following table presents the Company's FFO calculation (unaudited and in thousands, except per share/unit data):

	IHKE
	2002
Net income available to common shareholders	\$15 , 982
Add: Limited partners' minority interest in the operating partnership Real estate depreciation and amortization	1,934 25,321 5,120
Gain on sales of real estate	537 6 , 563
Basic Funds From Operations ("FFO")	41,257
Dividends and distributions on dilutive shares and units	5,948
Diluted FFO	\$47,205

THRE

Weighted average common shares outstanding

Weighted average units of limited partnership interest outstanding	7 , 507
Basic weighted average common shares and units outstanding	67,804
Add:	
Weighted average common stock equivalents	337
Weighted average shares of Series A Preferred Stock	8,060
Weighted average shares of Series B Preferred Stock	1,919
Weighted average shares of minority partners preferred interest	
Weighted average shares of preferred limited partnership interest	993
Dilutive FFO weighted average shares and units outstanding	79,113

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The primary market risk facing the Company is interest rate risk on its long term debt, mortgage notes and notes receivable. The Company will, when advantageous, hedge its interest rate risk using financial instruments. The Company is not subject to foreign currency risk.

The Company manages its exposure to interest rate risk on its variable rate indebtedness by borrowing on a short-term basis under its Credit Facility until such time as it is able to retire the short-term variable rate debt with either a long-term fixed rate debt offering, long term mortgage debt, equity offerings or through sales or partial sales of assets.

The Company will recognize all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. Derivatives that are not hedges will be adjusted to fair value through income. If a derivative is a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative will either be offset against the change in fair value of the hedged asset, liability, or firm commitment through earnings, or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value will be immediately recognized in earnings.

60,297

The fair market value ("FMV") of the Company's long term debt, mortgage notes and notes receivable is estimated based on discounting future cash flows at interest rates that management believes reflects the risks associated with long term debt, mortgage notes and notes receivable of similar risk and duration.

The following table sets forth the Company's long term debt obligations by scheduled principal cash flow payments and maturity date, weighted average interest rates and estimated FMV at March 31, 2002 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Year Ended December 31,									
	 2002	2003		2004		2005		2006	Th	ereaft
Long term debt: Fixed rate	\$ 8 , 576	\$ 12 , 300	\$ 1	115 , 785	\$	32 , 720	\$ 1	143 , 705	\$	885 , 5
Weighted average Interest rate	7.52%	7.51%		7.47%		6.92%	·	7.38%	-	7.
Variable rate Weighted average	\$ 	\$217,000	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Interest rate		3.05%								

(1) Includes unamortized issuance discounts of approximately \$516 on the 5 and 10-year senior unsecured notes issued on March 26, 1999 which are due at maturity.

In addition, a one percent increase in the LIBOR rate would have an approximate \$2.2 million annual increase in interest expense based on \$217.0 million of variable rate debt outstanding at March 31, 2002.

The following table sets forth the Company's mortgage notes and note receivables by scheduled maturity date, weighted average interest rates and estimated FMV at March 31, 2002 (dollars in thousands):

		For the Year Ended December 31,											
	2002	:	2003 		2004	20	05 		2006 	Th	ereaft		
Mortgage notes and notes receivable: Fixed rate Weighted average	\$ 1,161	\$		\$	36,500	Ş		\$		\$	16,9		
Interest rate	9.0%				10.23%						11.		

(1) Excludes interest receivables aggregating approximately \$1,059.

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NON-INCREMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, TENANT IMPROVEMENT COSTS AND LEASING COMMISSIONS

The following table summarizes the expenditures incurred for capital expenditures for the entire portfolio and tenant improvements and leasing commissions for space leased at the Company's office and industrial properties for the years 1998 through 2001 and the three months ended March 31, 2002.

NON-INCREMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING CAPITAL EX

	1998 	1999	2000	2001
Suburban Office Properties				
Total	\$2,004,976	\$2,298,899	\$3,289,116	\$4,606,06
Per Square Foot	0.23	0.23	0.33	
-				0.4
NYC Office Properties				
Total	N/A	N/A	\$946,718	\$1,584,50
Per Square Foot	N/A	N/A	0.38	
				0.4
Industrial Properties				
Total	\$1,205,266	\$1,048,688	\$813,431	\$711,66
Per Square Foot	0.12	0.11	0.11	
				0.1

NON-INCREMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING TENANT IMPROVEMENTAL REVENUE GENERATING TENANT GENERATING GENERATING

	1998	1999	2000	2001
1 1 000° - 5				
Long Island Office Properties				
Tenant Improvements	\$1,140,251	\$1,009,357	\$2,853,706	\$2 , 722
Per Square Foot Improved	3.98	4.73	6.99	
Leasing Commissions	\$418 , 191	\$551 , 762	\$2,208,604	\$1 , 444
Per Square Foot Leased	1.46	2.59	4.96	
Total Per Square Foot	\$5.44 =======	\$7.32	\$11.95	\$1 ======
Westchester Office Properties				
Tenant Improvements	\$711,160	\$1,316,611	\$1,860,027	\$2,584
Per Square Foot Improved	4.45	5.62	5.72	. ,
Leasing Commissions	\$286,150	\$457,730	\$412,226	\$1 , 263

Per Square Foot Leased	1.79	1.96	3.00	
Total Per Square Foot	\$6.24	\$7.58	\$8.72	\$
		=======	=======================================	=======
Connecticut Office Properties Tenant Improvements	\$202,880	\$179 , 043	\$385 , 531	\$213
Per Square Foot Improved	5.92	4.88	4.19	7213
Leasing Commissions	\$151,063	\$110 , 252	\$453,435	\$209
Per Square Foot Leased	4.41	3.00	4.92	
Total Per Square Foot	\$10.33	\$7.88	\$9.11	\$
N. J. J. G. G. C. B. G. G. C. B. G.				
New Jersey Office Properties Tenant Improvements	\$654 , 877	\$454,054	\$1,580,323	\$1 , 146
Per Square Foot Improved	3.78	2.29	6.71	ŸI , I40
Leasing Commissions	\$396,127	\$787,065	\$1,031,950	\$1 , 602
Per Square Foot Leased	2.08	3.96	4.44	+1 , 002
Total Per Square Foot	\$5.86	\$6.25	\$11.15	 \$
We work of the office December 1				
New York City Office Properties	NT / 7\	NT / 7\	¢65 067	¢700
Tenant Improvements Per Square Foot Improved	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	\$65,267 1.79	\$788 1
Leasing Commissions	N/A	N/A N/A	\$418,185	\$1 , 098
Per Square Foot Leased	N/A	N/A	11.50	2
Total Per Square Foot	N/A	N/A	\$13.29	\$3
Industrial Properties				
Industrial Properties Tenant Improvements	\$283,842	\$375 , 646	\$650 , 216	\$1 , 366
Per Square Foot Improved	0.76	0.25	0.95	Ÿ1 , 300
Leasing Commissions	\$200,154	\$835,108	\$436,506	\$354
Per Square Foot Leased	0.44	0.56	0.64	100
Total Per Square Foot	\$1.20 ====================================	\$0.81	\$1.59	 \$
	Average 1998-2001	1002	New	Renewa
Table 1 OSS' as December 1				
Long Island Office Properties Tenant Improvements	\$1,931,443	\$408 , 299	¢320 021	\$8
Per Square Foot Improved	6.04	6.34		÷ 0
Leasing Commissions	\$1,155,742	\$250,157		\$7
Per Square Foot Leased	3.38	3.88	7.54	Υ,
Total Per Square Foot	\$9.42	10.22	\$21.35	
	=======================================			=======
Westchester Office Properties	61 610 100	6740 050	¢ C 4 4 . E 1 5	<u> </u>
Tenant Improvements	\$1,618,132	\$740 , 852 7.61	\$644,517	\$9
Per Square Foot Improved Leasing Commissions	5.43 \$604,780		13.14 \$209,738	\$14
Per Square Foot Leased	2.41	3.69	4.27	γ ⊥4

\$7.84 ======	\$11.30	\$17.41 ====================================	
\$245 341	\$58 218	\$56 498	Ś
		· · ·	Ŷ
3.44	•	· · ·	
\$7.55 =======	\$12.32	\$18.11 ==================================	
\$958,910	\$216,839	\$66,674	\$15
		· ·	,
3.64	0.50	1.96	
\$7.57	,	,	
\$427.099	\$1.282.734	\$602.100	\$68
			4 0 0
			\$28
16.68	9.92	8.23	+20
\$25.42 =======	\$31.56	24.51 ====================================	\$
\$669.048	\$586.466	\$577.373	Ś
			т
	- • · •		\$4
0.52	0.85	1.82	Υ 1
\$1.42	\$2.55	5.99	
	\$245,341 4.11 \$231,018 3.44 	\$245,341 \$58,218 4.11 7.99 \$231,018 \$31,498 3.44 4.33 \$7.55 \$12.32 \$958,910 \$216,839 3.93 9.77 \$954,526 \$11,068 3.64 0.50 \$7.57 \$10.27 \$427,099 \$1,282,734 8.74 \$21.64 \$758,507 \$588,161 16.68 9.92 \$25.42 \$31.56 \$669,048 \$586,466 0.90 \$1.70 \$456,585 \$292,487 0.52 0.85	\$245,341 \$58,218 \$56,498 4.11 7.99 11.63 \$231,018 \$31,498 \$31,498 3.44 4.33 6.48 \$7.55 \$12.32 \$18.11 \$958,910 \$216,839 \$66,674 3.93 9.77 11.79 \$954,526 \$11,068 \$11,068 3.64 0.50 1.96 \$7.57 \$10.27 \$13.75 \$427,099 \$1,282,734 \$602,100 8.74 21.64 16.28 \$758,507 \$588,161 \$304,300 16.68 9.92 8.23 \$25.42 \$31.56 24.51 \$669,048 \$586,466 \$577,373 0.90 1.70 4.17 \$456,585 \$292,487 \$251,687 0.52 0.85 1.82

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LEASE EXPIRATIONS

The following table sets forth scheduled lease expirations for executed leases as of March 31, 2002:

LONG ISLAND OFFICE PROPERTIES (EXCLUDING OMNI):

	Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1)	Per Square Foot Rent (2)
2002		22	78,420	2.5%	\$23.82	\$26.06

2003	46	322,001	10.2%	\$24.32	\$26.83
2004	48	306,231	9.7%	\$23.23	\$24.46
2005	67	402,049	12.7%	\$25.14	\$28.04
2006	44	169,206	5.3%	\$26.40	\$28.69
2007		411,249	13.0%	\$24.57	\$30.45
2008 and thereafter	74 	1,477,312	46.6%	-	_
Total/Weighted Average	327	3,166,468 ======	100.0%	-	-

OMNI

Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1)	Per Square Foot Rent (2)
2002	2	33,890	6.3%	\$33.55	\$36.68
2003	3	49,793	9.3%	\$29.54	\$35.16
2004	5	113,793	21.2%	\$27.27	\$34.74
2005	6	59 , 115	11.0%	\$27.91	\$35.45
2006	0	_	0.0%	_	_
2007	2	59 , 722	11.1%	\$26.86	\$34.41
2008 and thereafter	9	220,105	41.1%	_	_
	_				
Total/Weighted Average	27	536,418	100.0%	_	-

WESTCHESTER OFFICE

Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Squar Feet Expiring	Per ce Square Foot S/L Rent (1)
2002	38	275,301	8.9%	\$21.76
2003	47	243,025	7.8%	\$22.22
2004	35	171,448	5.5%	\$21.40
2005	48	457,964	14.8%	\$22.94
2006	39	718,904	23.2%	\$22.69
2007	29	416,130	13.4%	\$24.85
2008 and thereafter	35	819,165	26.4%	-
Total/Weighted Average	271	3,101,937	100.0%	_
	===	=======	=====	

STAMFORD OFFICE

Year of Lease Expiration 	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring 	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1
2002	17	45 , 536	4.3%	\$24.67
2003	21	145,485	13.8%	\$30.85
2004	28	236,570	22.4%	\$21.92
2005	21	118,584	11.2%	\$26.63
2006	24	291,313	27.6%	\$24.17
2007	9	92,541	8.8%	\$31.92
2008 and thereafter	7 	125 , 617	11.9%	_
Total/Weighted Average	127	1,055,646	100.0%	-

NEW JERSEY OFFICE

Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1
2002	15	123,058	7.0%	\$20.08
2003	20	319,328	18.1%	\$27.16
2004	28	206,608	11.7%	\$23.08
2005	27	271 , 611	15.4%	\$23.78
2006	17	192,248	10.9%	\$24.40
2007	3	46,639	2.6%	\$20.89
2008 and thereafter	17 	602,282	34.3%	_
Total/Weighted Average	128 ===	1,761,774	100.0%	-

NEW YORK CITY OFFICE

	Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1
2002		16	161,496	4.7%	\$35.76
2003		7	114,987	3.4%	\$32.08
2004		20	223,677	6.6%	\$36.24

2005	33	449,384	13.2%	\$35.52
2006	52	341,686	10.0%	\$30.16
2007	9	117,577	3.4%	\$34.16
2008 and thereafter	84	2,003,577	58.7%	_
Total/Weighted Average	221	3,412,384	100.0%	-
	===	=========	=====	

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INDUSTRIAL

Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1
2002	1 4	192,055	3.8%	\$6.79
2003	22	578,712	11.3%	\$5.67
2004	34	561,670	11.0%	\$6.56
2005	25	461,741	9.1%	\$5.90
2006	38	859,320	16.8%	\$6.64
2007	20	220,266	4.3%	\$7.57
2008 and thereafter	45	2,231,320	43.7%	_
Total / Weighted Average	198	5,105,084	100.0%	_
	===		=====	

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT

Year of Lease Expiration	Number of Leases	Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	% of Total Rentable Square Feet Expiring	Per Square Foot S/L Rent (1
2002	1	4,620	0.4%	\$12.85
2003	5	91,938	8.2%	\$10.36
2004	9	99,218	8.9%	\$13.86
2005	7	457,440	40.9%	\$ 8.98
2006	6	83,061	7.4%	\$18.53
2007	4	85,444	7.6%	\$12.60
2008 and thereafter	14	298,015	26.6%	_
Total / Weighted Average	46	1,119,736	100.0%	_
	==		=====	

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not presently subject to any material litigation nor, to the Company's knowledge, is any litigation threatened against the Company, other than routine actions for negligence or other claims and administrative proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, some of which are expected to be covered by liability insurance and all of which collectively are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the liquidity, results of operations or business or financial condition of the Company.

On or about October 3, 2001, Burgess Services, LLC ("Burgess Services"), Dominion Venture Group, LLC ("Dominion Venture Group") and certain affiliated parties commenced an action in Oklahoma State Court against Reckson Strategic Venture Partners, LLC ("RSVP"), the Company, and RAP-Dominion LLC ("RAP-Dominion"), a joint venture through which the Company invested with RSVP in a venture with certain of the plaintiffs. On April 10, 2002, the litigation was settled without liability on the part of the Company or the defendant. In connection with the settlement, the joint venture will be terminated.

- Item 2. Changes in Securities and use of proceeds None
- Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities None
- Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Securities Holders None
- Item 5. Other information None
- Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
 - a) Exhibits None
 - b) During the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Registrant filed the following reports on Form 8-K:

On January 8, 2002, the Registrant submitted a report on Form 8-K under Item 5 thereof relating to the sale by a subsidiary of the Registrant of a 49% interest in the property located at 919 Third Avenue.

On March 7, 2002, the Registrant submitted a report on Form 8-K under Item 9 thereof in order to submit its fourth quarter presentation in satisfaction of the requirements of Regulation FD.

On March 7, 2002, the Registrant submitted a report on Form 8-K under Item 9 thereof in order to submit supplemental operating and financial data for the quarter ended December 31, 2001 in satisfaction of the requirements of Regulation FD.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

RECKSON ASSOCIATES REALTY CORP.

By: /s/ Scott H. Rechler

/s/ Michael Mat

Scott H. Rechler, Co-Chief Executive Officer

Michael Maturo, Executive Treasurer and Chief Fina

Date: May 2, 2002